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# CALCUTTA MONTHLY JOURNAL.

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# FROM THE GOVERNMENT GAZETTE,

JANUARY 30, 1817.

#### MILITARY.

SEVERAL ORDERS, BY BIS EXCITIONS WITH RIGH, HONORABLE ON STREET

#### FOR P WILLIAM : JANUARA 10, 1817

If His Excellency the Right Honorable the Governor General in Council having reason to believe, that the period to which the duration of Sadlery with the Cavalry, on this Establishment, is finisted, would admit of extension without any determent to the public service or unreasonable expectation from the Others drawing the established allowance for keeping the same in epair, is pleased to modify by Regulations on this subject and to direct, that the Sadlery of the Cocalry of this army shall be releved at the public expense, only one in Sivears, instead of once in Sivears, as directed by General Orders of 5th Auril, 1793.

2 The Sidlery at present in use with he army, will accordingly be expected to last, until the exputation of the former period, from the date of its having been received from store, and is to be kept intermediately a lastate of perfect repair, by Offi-

cers in charge of Troops

3 His Lordship in Council is pleased to extend the Regulations for the renewal of the Sadlery of the Cavalry, to the Gun Harness in use with the Horse Artiflery, and with the Gillopers attached to Regiments of Drugious of Civilry; but as Harness, from the nature of the service, is more liable to accidents than Sadlery, a new set of harless sill be furnished at the public expence, once in 6 years. The Saddles and Bridles however, with their respective appointments pertining to Gun larness, will be renewed only once in 8 years, as directed for the Civalry.

4 Saillery lost or destroyed in action or by maxidable actioner, during the course of the public service, will be replaced as neretotore from the public stores, and country Saillery or Historiess, which the energencies of service may occasionally require to be usued, are not to be considered as affected by the present gules, which are only applicable to diose descriptions of stores which are of English originate ture. Country Saillery or H ross will therefore be reaswed from the public stores, whenever it of comes unserviceable, which is to be a-certained by Committees of Sarvey, in the asual manner.

5. His Lordship in Council is further pleased to establish the following Legulations, for the supply and renewed of Buff Accoutrements, and of Pouches to the Regiments of Jufantry and

( avairy on this Establishmen)

1st. Complete sets of Buff Accouvrements, consisting of 1 Bayonet Belt, 1 Pouch Belt, and 1 Sing, in a set, for the European and Native Infantry, and the same for the Artillery, or 1 2 word Belt as the case may require, and 1 Pouch and Carbine Belt and 1 Sword Belt in a set for the Horse Artillery and Cavality, will be issued to Corps from the public stores, once in ten years, and a complete set of Pouches once in five years, (the wooden and tin boxes of the old ones being returned into store) the same being metric. diately maintained in an efficient and ser viceable state, on the illowance drawn by Officers in Command of Troop and Companion, or the repairs of Arms and Accountrements.

2d Accourtements unavoidably lost or destroyed in action, or by accidents of the public service, satisfactorily accounted for, will be replaced from the public stores, as heretofore.

- 3d. An allowance of one Europe Buff Hide per annum, will be made to each Troop or Company during the time the first set of Buff Accountement may be in wear; but on the issue of the 2d sit, this allowance will cease, and the old Buff Belts and Slings, are to be retained with Corps for occasional repairs. The Buff Accountements now in use, are to be considered subject to the foregoing Regulations, with reference to the period, when they were issued.
- 6. It will be the duty of all Officers in Command of Dissions and Stations, coot Corps of Artillery, Cavality and Infantry, under the Regulations now published, to ascertain by frequent and minute inspections, that the Sadlery harness equipments, and Accontrements of their respective Corps, are maintained in a perfectly efficient and serviceable state, by the Officers drawing the allowances for that purpose, and his Excellency the Right Honorable the Governor General in Council accordingly enjoins, on the part of all Commanding Officers, a particular attention to this most important duty.

J YOUNG.

Offig. Sec to Govt. Mil Dept-

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS ECHLLENCY THE RIGHT HUNORABLE THE GOVERNOR GETERAL INCOUNCIL.

#### FORT WILLIAM ; JANUARY 17, 1817. ac

The Right Honorable the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following Promotion

Ensign George Snow Blundell to be Lieutenant, vi Percival, struck off, date of rank 17th January, 1817.

Cornet Robert Lindsay Anstruther, of the 6th Regiment of Native Cavalry, on this Establishment, has been permitted by the Honorable the Court of Directors to return to his duty, without prejudice to his rank.

Captain Orrock of the 17th Regiment of Native Infantry, having forwarded a Medical Certificate from the Cape of Good Hope, the leave of absence greated to him in General Orders, bearing date the 23d February last, on account of his health, is extended to mx months beyond the time therein specified.

J. YOUNG, Offig. The Covt. Mil. Dept.

Y THE RIGHT HONORABLE GENERAL ORDERS BY HIS EXCEL FALL GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

#### FORT WILLIAM; JANLARY 17, 1817

His Excellency the Right Honorable the Governor General in Council directs, that the Principal Surgeon attached to the Nagpore Subsidiary Force, shall hereafter be designated Superintending Surgeon, and that his rank and functions shall in all respects be the same as those of the other Superintending Surgeons on this Establishment.

, J. YOUNG.

Offig Sec. to Govt Mil Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY MIS EXCELLIMENTHE BIGHT HONORABLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

#### FORT WILLIAM; JANUARY 17, 1917.

Doubts appearing to have been entertained of the right of Corps or Detachments encamped in the vicinity of a fixed Can, tonment to draw Extra Batta after the period of their arrivall altho' such Corps or Detachments have not appeared in Gener -Orders as appointed to occupy such Cantonnient; and as much inconvenience, if not detriment to the public service, might ensue on occasions of emergency from any demnr in the Pay Departigent to disburse such Extra Bafta and the authorized allowances to marching Establishments of Corps placed in such situation; His Excellency the Right Hosorable the Governor General in Council deems it expedient to direct, that in future, on any similar case occuring, the Pay Department shall in the first place discharge the Pay Abstracts, although containing Charges that may oppear doubtful, and afterwards refer such points for decision thro' the prescribed channel. J. YOUNG,

Offig. Sec to Govt. Mil. Depta

GENERAL OBDIRS, BY HIS CACHLENCY THE RIGHT HOSOMABLE

#### FORT WILLIAM #DJANUARY 17, 1817

The Head Quarters of the Presidency division hiving been fixed in Fort William, the Regulations of the Service, contained in Minutes of Conneil of the 12th August, 1795, which grants superior Batta to Officers Commanding two or more Battalion, or Corps, and, if such Officer be Commandant of a Battalion, which also gives the next senior Officer in thit Corps, a little to superior Batta, is extended to the Cantonment at Barrackpore; and to have effect from the 11th September 11st.

J YOUNG,

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS ENCILIFIED THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE GOVERNOR GLNIRAL IN COUNCIL.

#### FORT WILLIAM. JANUARY, 21, 1847.

The circumstances which prevented the immediate reduction of the Volunteer Battaltons, lately returned from Java, no longer existing; the Right Honorable the Governor General in Council is pleased to determine, that the 4th, 5th, 6th and Light Infantry Volunteer Battalions shall be reduced from the 1st Proximo, up to which date all arrears of Pay and Allowances due to the Officers and Men are to be discharged. The directions given in Government General Orders of the 1sth October last, respecting the European Officers rejoining their Corps by water, the granuty of one month's Pay and full Batta to the Native Officers and Men, the selection of Corps and the Jeave of absence, with the grant of half Batta during the authorized period of Furlough, are to be episidered as a plicable to the present occasion.

His Excellency the Commander in Chief will be pleased to be such firther Orders as may be necessary, to give effect to the arrangement

J YOUNG.

Offi Sec. to Govt, Mil Dept

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS FACILILIZED THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL

#### FORT WILLIAM; JANUARY 21, 181'

1. His Excellency the Right Honorable the Govern or General in Council, adverting to the frequency of Officers on leave or Furlough, taking their passage on Ships, which are not formally dispatched by an Agent on the part of Government; is pleased to direct, that the Eurloughs of Officersproceeding to Europe, shall in future be considered to commence from the date on which the Pilos quits the Ship on which they may have contacked.

3. This Regulation is to be equally applicable to all Ships, whether belonging to the Honorable Company, or to Private or Foreign Traders

J. YOUNG,

Offig. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCULENCY THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; JANUARY 21, 1817.

The Right Honorable the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointments: 100

Captain J. W. Taylor, of the 14th Vitive Infant-y, to be Secretary to the Board of Superir tender effor improving the Breed of Cattle, in the room of Captain W. R. Gilbert, resigned.

Capt un W. R. Gilbert, 15th Native Infantry, to be a Member of the Board of Superintendence for the improvement of the Breed of Cattle, in the room of Captain J. W. Taylor, appointed Secretary to that Board

J. YOUNG,

Offig. Sec. to Govt. Wil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE GOVERNOR GENERALS IN COUNCIL.

#### FORT WILLIAM, JAMUARY 21, 1817.

His Excellency the Right Honorable the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct, that Brevet Lieutenant Colonel Moust, of the Corps of Engineers, who, by General Orders of the 13th November 1813, was appointed to superintend the Repairs of the Fort at Fort Marlbro' shall be relieved from the command of the Troops at that Station by the next Senior Officer on the spot; and shall be permitted to rejoin his Corps in Bengal as 3000 as the works on which he is immediately, employed, shall have been completed.

J YOUNG.

'Offig. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT BOCKORABLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; JANUARY 21, 1817.

His Excellency the Right Honorable the Goyernor General in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. J. Sawers, to be a Presidency Surgeon, from the 16th ultime, in the room of Mr. Shoolbred, who has proceeded to Europe.

J. YOUNG.

Offig. Sec. to Govt. M.J. Dept

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT MONORABLE . . . THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; JANUARY 21, 1817.

1. Brevet Col George Hanbury Pine, of the Honorable Company's European Regiment on this Establishment, has been permitted by the Honorable Court of Directors, to return to his duty, without prejudice to his rank.

2. Captain John Staples Harriott, of the 2d Regiment of Native Intantry, having produced the prescribed Certificate from the Pay Department, is pemitted to return to Europe on furlough

on account of his private affairs.

- 3. Lieuterant ambligevet Captain James Paterson of the 4th Regiment of N. L. Cawlry, having forwarded a Medical Certificate from Canton, the lets and absence granted to him in General Orders of the 10th Ju. p. 1557, for seven mouths, is altered to a Furlough to Europe, for the benefit of his health, commencing from the date of the departure of the Honorable Company's Ship Castle Huntley, on which he has taken his passage from Canton
- 4. Cornet Frederick Perret, of the 3d Regiment of Native Cavalry, having furnished the prescribed Certificate from the Pay Department, is permitted to proceed to Java, on urgent private affairs, and to be absent from Bengal on that account for six months.
- 5. The leave of absence granted by General Orders of the 17th October, 1815, to Captain Wilkinson of the 9th Regiment of Native Infantry, is extended to five months beyond the time therein specified.

J YOUNG,

Offig. Sec to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT MONORABLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; JANUARY 24, 1817.

The Right Honorable the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following Promotion.

#### lith REGIMENT NATIVE INVANTRY.

Ensign Charles Thyune Thomas to be Lieutenant, from the

20th January 1817, vice Otto, dec.

His Lordship in Council wasplessed to appoint, in the Territorial Department, on the 10th instant, Lieutenant Thomas Young of the 1st Battahon 27th Regiment of Native Includes, to superintend the construction of a Cutchery, proposed to be creeted at Degrah.

J. YOUNG.

Offig & Sec. to Gov. Mi'. Del 1

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; JANUARY 21, 1817.

His Excellency the Right Hadorable the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Captain J. Bryant of the Honorable Company European Regiment to be Judge Advocate General, in the room of Lieut. Colonel C. Fagan, who has obtained permission to proceed to Europe on furlough, for the recovers of his health.

Captum Bryant's appointment is to have effect from the date of the final dispatch of the ship Lady Campbell, on which Lieutenant Colonel Fagan has taken his passagan.

th YOUNG.,
the post of the Lord of the Lor

#### GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATION.

Notice is hereby given, that before the loading on board of any Ship or Vessel, of any of the following Goods, Merchandizes and Commodities: namely SUGAR, TOBACCO, COTTON WOOL, INDIGO, GINGER, FUSTICK, or other DYING-WOOD, RICE. MOLASSES or COPPER-ORB, of the growth, production, or manufacture of any of the Provinces of Bengal, Behar and Orissa, or of any of the Provinces, Districts, or Places, which have been, and are annexed and made subject to the presidency of Fort William in Bengal, or any of His Majesty's British Plantations in Asia,—security will be received from the Master of such Ship or Vessel to His Excellency the Right Honorable the Governor General, by Bond, with two Sureties, being persons of known Residence and Ability, within the Town of Calcutta,-with condition (amongst other things,) that if any of the Goods. Merchandizes, or Commodities therein enumerated and described, shall be laden in, or on board the said Ship or Vessel, the said Ship or Vessel shall carry all such of the \_\_id Goods. Merchandizes and Commodities, as shall be so laden in and on board of the same, to the Ports (if in Asia,) for which she is originally bound, or to some one of His Majesty's British Plantations in Asia, within the limits of the Trade of the United Company of Merchants of England Trading to the East Indies, to which the same may be lawfully carried, and there unload, and put on shore the same; and if to a Port in Great Britain or Ireland, then to such Port or to some other Port in Great Britain, or Ireland, to which the same may be lawfully carried, and there unload and put on shore the same.

C. D'OYLY,

# To the Editor of the India Gazette.

SIR;

The interest naturally excited by the great navigation question now pending, a question so widely affecting the mercantile interests of this community, has led me to examine with some attention the several acts of parliament and legal decisions which have been considered to bear on it; and as it appears to me that in all which has been hitherto written ind published on the subject in this country, the main points on which the decision of the question in ust ultimately turn, have either been overlooked to the action of the question in ust ultimately turn, have either been overlooked to the actions. I shall be pardoned, becaute for offering such observations as have occurred to me all the course of my enquiries, though at the hazard of committing limiders, from which no unlearned writer who ventures to engage in a technical discussion can hope to be exempt

The provisions of the Act of the 12 Car 2 c 18 (commonly called the Navigation Act,) which substantially concern the plantation trade and the interests of the British possessions abroad, may be considered as mainly comprized in Sections 1st, 3d, 4th, 18th and 19th of that Statute.

Of these, the 1st, 18th and 19th are the only Sections, on which any question can well arise with reference to the commerce of this country. The 3d and 4th Sections unleed are properly speaking mere miniscipal regulations of Great Britain and her immediate dependencies. By the former, it is enacted, that no goods of the growth, production or manufacture of Africa, Asia or America, or any part thereof (whether the same be a British settlement or otherwise) shall be imported into Great Britain, I cland or Wafes, the islands of Guernsey and Jersey, or the Town, of Berwick upon Tweed, on any but protish-built ships, owned by British subjects, and whereof the Master and three-fourths of the Marmers are also British subjects; while by the latter, the importation of goods of foreign growth or manufacture on ships so built, owned and navorated. is prohibited, except only from the place or places of their said growth or manufacture, or from those ports where the saidcegoods only can or usually have been first shipped for transportation. By a subsequent provision of the same act, East-fidia commodities are specifically exempted from the full operation of the section last quoted, and are permitted to be imported from any of the usual places of lading to the southward and dastward of the Cape of Good Hope, although the same may not be the very places of their growth. But with this exception, and subject to such modifications as this part of the law may have undergone from subsement acts of the legislature,

has never, I believe been doubted, but that the restrictions apposed by these two sections (the 3d and 4th) of the Navigation act, equally apply to the importation of goods the growth or manufacture of the British territories in India, as to that of any other foreign produce.

The 1st Section of the Act is differently circumstanced, the same being for the express regulation of the trade to and from His Majesty's possessions abroad. By this section it is enacted, that "no goods or commodities whatsoever shall be imported into or exported out of any lunds, islands, plantations or ter-" retours to His Majesty belonging or in his possession, or " which may hereafter belong unto or he in the passession of "His Mojesty, his Heirs and Successors, in Asia Africa or "America," in any but British ships, or "Granvigated as above-mentioned. It is admitted on all the state of the practical relaxation of this part of the law in as far as it may be appled to the trade of foreign nations with the British territories in India, has prevailed for a long series of years; so much so indeed, that until the decision of Lord Kenyon in 1798, to which the Recorder of Bombay has referred in giving judgment in the case of the Ernaud, it appears to have been a matter of doubt, whether the clause in question applied to the East India Trade at all. It must however be acknowledged, that the terms of the act are in this part as comprehensive as can well be imagined. And after the decision in question, and the act of the 37 Geo 3, c. 117, which was passed in consequence, expressly repealing the 12 Car. 2, c. 18, in far as regard; the trade between foreign Countries and States in amity with his Majorty and the British possessions in India, and authorizing the Court of Directors to frame such regulations for the said trade as might appear to them most conducive to the interests and prosperity of the said possessions and of the British empite, it were presumptuous in me to argue, that the trade carried on in foreign ships to the British ports in India, or at least to those British ports to which the laws of England had in other respects been extended, was never a prohibited trade within the meaning of the Navigation Act

It is not however under the 1st Section of that Act, but under the 1sth and 19th Sections, that the ship Ernaud has been condenned. And it is by the novel and unexpected application of these two Sections to the trade carried on in British ships between nort and port to the eastward of the Cape, that so much uneasiness and alarm have been justly excited for the existing commercial interests of the country at large. By the first of these clauses it is enacted, that "no Sugara, Tobacco, Cotton "Wool, Indigoes, Ginger, Fustick or other Dying wood of the "growth, production or manufacture of any English plantations" in America, Asia or Africa, shall be shipped. carried, conveyed or transported from any of the said English plantations "to any land, Island, territory dominion, port or place, what

"i bever, other than to such English plantations as do belong to His Majesty, his heirs and successors, or to the Kingdom of England or lielard, or Principality of Wales, or Town of Berwick apon Tweed." The following section provides, that for every ship trading to or from any of the said English plantations, hond to the above effect shall be given, and subsequent statutes have extended the prohibition to other articles of commerce besides those above enumerated, but without in any way material altering or modifying the prohibition itself, the whole of which is substantially to be found in the clause which I have just quoted.

Now, there are two remarkable particulars, in which this part of our Navigation laws is distinguished from that which has hern adjunced by Hend to the British possessions in the East Indees. In the Sat ulace; the restriction of the priviledge of trade to ships Britisi - 10, 21, at d, oweed and navigated by British subjects, as declared to endresse all trade to or from any lands, family plantations or territories belonging to the Crown, in Asia, Africa or America; while the prohibition relative to the exportation of the goods enumerated in Sec. 18 of the Navigation act, restraining the conveyance of such goods to act, but a British port, applies exclusively to goods of the growth or manufacture of some English plantation, and shipped from some English plantation. - condit; the 1st Section of the Navigation act, as well as all other posseges of the Navigation laws, which have been bother to held applicable to the trade of this Country, have a prospective operation, being declared to extend, not only to all lands, islands, plantations and territories belonging to his Majesty at the time when such laws were passed, but to all " which may hereafter belong unto or be in " the possession of his Majerty, his hoirs or successers, ' while no such prospective operation is any where given to the restrict on with respect to the exportation of goods the growth or manufacture of the English plantations - Nor can it with any reason be contended, that these distinctions are merely formal or aceidental - They appear to me to be quite consonant with the general spirit of our navigation laws; and I have no doubt, but that they ware specifically intended and contemplated by the framers of the act of the 12 Car. 2, who may be presumed to have seen wid understood, that a system of monopoly, which might be sufficiently well adapted to the peculiar situation, wants and haracter of the only considerable English plantations then in being, (the plantations in North America and the West Indies.) might vet he wholly inapplicable to the circumstances of a great foreign country, ancient, wealthy and civilized, should any such by conquest or otherwise come into his Majesty's possession at any future period. The same distinctions accordingly pervade all the respective subsidiary statutes, which have been made, to amend, explain or enforce these two great brauches of our Navigation code.

From the above premises, I should conceive, I may pretty fairly be deduced; First, that although the British possessions in the East Indies may be? Lands, islands of territories to his Majesty belonging," within the meaning generally of the Navigation act, yet if they be not also "En. tish plantations," they do not come within the meaning of the 18th and 19th sections of that act; Secondly, that even admitting the said possessions to be now "English plantations" within the meaning generally of the Navigation act, yet they do not come within the meaning of those specific sections, unless they were English plantations in the year 1060, when the act of the 12 Car. 2 was passed.

On the first of these points, it were think he admitted, that every English territory abcome any not necessarily an English "niantation." In the absence of any legal definition, the meaning of the term " plantation" must be determined, I apprehend, by the common usage bi language; and, i need to that usage, hardly say, according the word has a specific signification, limited to countries. where there subsists a particular state of society. A plantation or colony is defined (and perhaps not improperly) by Littleton to be " a place where people are sent to dwell; or " a company of people transplanted from one place to another, " with an allowance of land for their tillage." An English plantation, according to this definition, is a place where English subjects are sent to dwell; or it may be more accurately described, as a Country colouised and planted by English subjects. This acceptation of the term I find pretty distinctly recognized in the pre mille to that part of the act of the 13. Car. 2 c. 7 which . celates to the plantation trade, and which may be considered indeed as afterfung a legal definition of that particular class of territories to which the issue of "plantation" is intended to be applied by the Navigation laws. It is as follows: " And in regard " his Majesty's plantations beyond the seas are inhabited and " people i by his subjects of this his Kingdom of England; for the " mainfaming a greater correspondence and kirdness between " them, and keeping them in a firmer dependence upon it, and " rendering them yet more advantageous unto it in the further employment and sucrease of English shipping and seamens vent of English woollen and other manufactures and com-" modities, rendering the navigation to and com the same " more cheap, and making this kingdom a suple, not only of " the commodities of those plantations, but also of the commo-" dities of other countries and places for the supplying of them; " and it being the usage of other nations to keep their planta-" tion trade to themselves:"- and so forth. From the above, as well as from the nature and spirit of all the prior and subsequent enactments relative to the plantation trade, it is obvious indeed, that the legislature had anincduately in view the regulation only of the Made of the West India and North American colonies, or of other societies sim orly constituted And, in further illustra-



tion of this position, I may observe, that the Statute of the 7 and 8 Gul. 3. c. 22, which was expressly enacted for the purpose of giving further effect to the Navigation act, is limited in its most important clauses, and particularly in its provision relative to the registry of ships built in the plantations, to "His Majesty's plantations in America" only.

If there be any person disposed to contend for a larger signification to the term "Plantation," than that, which I have assigned to it. I shall be glod to learn from him, to what precise extent and in what cases he considers the term to apply I it has a general word applicable to every territory which may at any time divolve to the common by conquest or cession then are the islands of Malta and Herceland, English plantations; and upon the same concupie, if the kingdom of France were to be conquered by the British arms and permanently annexed to the British empire, France also, I presume, would become forthwith an English plantation!

Rut if in any case there be a legitimate ground of distinction between "a territory belonging to His Majesty" and an "English plantation," that distinction must a fortiori be peculiarly applicable to the case of the British possessions in the East Indies, which are uniformly described as "territories" in all the acts of Parliament relating to the affairs of India, and to which the term "plantation" has in no instance, I believe, by those acts been applied, and which not only are not "inhabited and peopled by His Majesty's subjects of his kingdom of England," nor colonized or planted by such subjects, but to which English subjects are prohibited by law from resorting, except under the special licence, and during the sufferance of a chartered Company, which has been invested with certain exclusive priviledges of trade, and to which the internal government of the country has been entrusted by the legislature

Into the nature of the different tenures by which our several ternitorial possessions in this country have successively come under our dominion, it is not necessary to my present purpose to enquire. It is sufficient to know, that in acquiring the rights of sovereignty over them, we became masters of a great and populous country, inhabited and cultivated from time immemorial by various nations of men, attached to their own peculiar customs and laws, considerably advanced in wealth and civilization, and connected with the other neighbouring nations of Asia to the east and west by various commercial and other relations. That, unmediately on the right of sovereignty accruing to us, those relatious should have been inso facto extinguished, and extensive kingdoms and States, where there was not an English and-holder to be found, should have dwindled at once into an English plantation, subject to the whole system of restriction and monopoly which had been devised for that particular species of dependency, seems to be a proposition so monstrous, and so utterly at variance with the first principles of

justice and of public policy; that one is apt to wonder how it should ever have come even by implication to be entertained.

So much for the first point, on which the question relative to the applicability of the 18th and 19th Sections of the Navigation act to the trade of this country appears to me to turn. The second I shall dismiss very shortly. I have supposed, for the sake of argument, that the British possessions in India are at this moment English plantations within the meaning generally of the Navigation act: and, even after that point shall have been granted, I still contend, that they cannot be brought within the meaning of the 18th and 19th Sections of that act, unless they were English plantations at the trate when the act was passed. Now, how does the actistand; on this head? Navigation act was passed in the war 1660; at which time, I believe I am correct in asserting, that Great Britain had no territorial possessions whatever in the East Indies The first acquisition of the Crown in India was the settlement of Bombay, which was ceded to Charles the Second by his marriage treaty with the Infanta of Portugal on the 23d of June 1661, the year after that in which the Navigation act was passed. If the premises therefore with which I set out be correct; goods of the growth or manufacture of the British territories in India must on both grounds be without the meaning and operation of the 18th and 19th Sections of the Statute in question.

I am aware it has been said, that by a series of concurrent decisions of the Courts of Law in England since the year 1798 it has been settled, that the British possessions in India are " plantations" within the meaning of the Navigation act But this, I believe, will be found to be a mistake. I have looked with some attention into all the cases which have been kited; and I observe that, without any exception, the decisions in question proceed on the 1st Section of the act of the 12. Car. 2, or else on the 6th Section of the 15 Car. 2.\* the terms of which are equally comprehensive with those of the former. For the purpose of all these decisions it was quite sufficient, that the countries to which they applied should be " territories to his Majesty belonging." It was not necessary, either that they should have been English plantations in 1660, or that they should be English plantations at all. That point, if I be not greatly mistaken, has not only never been decided but has never even come into question, until the late judgment in the case of the Ernaud, by which the 18th and 19th Sections of the Navigation act have for the first time been held applicable to the trade of India. And as the Court at Bombay on that occation, if we may venture to rely on the published report of its proceedings, and

<sup>\*</sup>The only one of the decisions cited, which proceeds on this act, is that of Grey v. Lloyd in 1811, 4 Taunto 136; and as the question in that case three entirely on the state of the law at the Cape of Good Hope, it still remains at much as ever a point to be determined, whether the act of the 15 Car 2 extends to the territorial possessions of Great British it the Butt Indie.

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pears to have gone on the presumption that the law was already settled by the concurrent decisions of the Courts at Em land, without having its attention called to the particular points in which, as I have endeavoured to show, the 18th at d 10th rections of the Navigation act stand distinguish a troop the reher parts of our Navigation code, the same with coally attach to its decision which under other our anistances would undoubtedly have belonged to so respectible an anihomit

The above observation equally applies to the prescribes of the East India Ships Register Act and other Statistiss, which have been addited to destactory on the part of the legislature, of the applicability of the Navigation laws to the tride of this country: for all those preambles have reference exclusively to the provisions of the 1st Section of the 12 car 2 and have no reference, at all to those of the 1st or 19th Sections.

There is still however another point of view, in which the general question regarding the applicability of these clauses of the Navigation act to goods the produce of the Batish facilitations in India, may be considered. It is, I believe, an acknowledged principle of our law and one of may red application and with respect to conquest dor coded countries, that lowe already 6 laws of their own, the King may indeed change these laws: but " till be does actually change them, the anciest have of the " com by remarcia torce, and the law of Englied has no allow " ance or author to there." Now, it is certainly fine that 'ne tiwe of England has been stended by Charter to the three pair cipal Briti I factoric enthic continuer of India, and to british subsects in all parts of the Company's done constraint of may therefore follow, that the Navigation Net upply 8 to the leader of those to rome as I subjects, in spital is its ferms and provinces can be constraint to affect them. Basemethy by royal process mation of hymneract of the legislature, have the laws of Logland generally or the Navigation Action particular evaluation of soled to the territories without the limits of the three I ctories to question, or 13 the produce or Native population of these territories. Of the staples connegated in the 18th section of the Navigation Act, which are usually exported from Bengal, no part whatever, I believe, is grown or manufactare I within the bounds of the With the difch : and (the active of Indigo excepted no part is grown or manufactured by Britis's subjects, in any part of the conctra. The terms of the a takowever, have reference only to ta s if from which the several cummerated articles of produce are derived, and not to i'. persons (whether British subjects or otherwise) by whom these articles may have been grown or manufactured. Let me ask then, how goods of the growth and a unitacture of a territory to which the Navigation Act has never been extended, of a territory which is governed to this day by the ancient laws and usages of the people by whom it is inhabited and cultivated, can, consistently with the above principle of our law, be construed to be of the

regrowth and manufacture of an Eiglish plantation, within the meaning and subject to the restrictions of the Navigation Ages.

I shoul intresspass a great deal too much, and I am persuaded nance sor ly, on your pitience and that of your maders, were I to attempt extending this discussion to all the points arraing. out of the long series of statutes for the regulation of the adams of the East India Company, which have been considered to bear on the question now at issue. But the provisions of the 1st of the 54 Geo, 3. c. 34, commonly called the "Circuitous Trade Act," appear to me to be so utterly incompatible with those of 18th and 19th Sections of the Act of the 12 Car 2 c 186 supposing the latter to extend to India; and the nature and extent of this inconsistency appears, if I may judge from a public itiga to one of the newspapers of last week, to be so imperfectly understood, that I cannot regist the temptation of stying a few words on the subject. The act in question sets out with reciting the provisions of the Act of the 53 of the hing ( 155, whereby, among behas things, it "is permitted to any of the Muesty's subjects, in common with the East India Company to emport into Great Britain or Ireland, in ships navigate ed according to law, any goods the produce or manufacture of any of the countries within the limits of the Company's Charter, which could or might then or at any time or times thereafter. b. legally imported." The act then goes on to declare, among office things that it shall be lawful to trade, in any ship or vessel navigated as aforesaid, in any voyage from any ports or places within the limits of the said Company's Charter to the Frite i Kingdom, to and at any intermediate ports, places and rountines between such limits, and the said United Kingdom car'e. That and except the colonies or plantations of His Majesto be Ann. (Ca.) and at the Cape of Good Hope, and island of St. He in the requirer as by a previous clause of the sains and it had been permatted to such ships to trade at such ports and places on their outward voyage; that is, " to discharge " the whole or any pres f the cargo of any such ship or vessel " at any such intermediate parts, places or countries as afore-" sud, and in the prosecution of any such circuitous voyage, " to take on board any other goods," &c. which can be legally carried from such intermediate ports, &c. to the United Ting-Now, it will not, I presume, be denied, that " Sugars, To-" bacco. Cotton Wool, Indigoes, Ginger, Fustick and other dying " woods," or among the articles of merchandize which may be legally imported into the United Kingdom. How then is a person proceeding with a cargo composed of such articles from Calcults to the port of London, to avail himself of the priviledge conferred by this statute, and at the same time to conform to the provisions of the 18th and 19th Sections of the Navigation Act? By the latter, we are fold, he is required to give hond, that not a bale of him cargo shall be landed any where but in one of His Majesty's plantations, or in some part of England, Ireland or Wales, on at the Town of Berwick upon Tweed; while by the Cirsuftous Trade Act, he is exposally permitted to unload the whole of this very cargo at any intermediate port in the course of his voyage, except only his Majesty's plantations in America! He may thus violate the provisions of the Circuitous Trade. Act, while he is merely fulfilling the obligation expressed in his bond; and he cannot possibly take the benefit of those provisions in any one particular, without forfeiting this same hond!

In this examination. I have hitherto purposely kept out of the question, the provisions of the 6th Section of the Act of the 15. Car. 2. c. 7, which forms another distinct branch of our Navigation system. By this Statute it is enacted, that no commodity of the growth or manufacture of Europe shall be imported into any "land, island, plantation, colony, territory or place to his Majesty belonging, or which shall hereafter belong unto or be in the possession of his Majesty, his heirs am successors, in Acia, Africa or America," but what shall be apped in England, Wales or the town of Berwick upon Tweed, in English ships, navigated according to law, "and which shall be carried directly thence to the said lands, islands, plantations, colonies, territorice or places, and from no other place or places whatsoever."

The terms of the above clause, it will be observed, are as large as those which occur in the 1st Section of the Act of the 12 Car. 2. c. 18, or even if possible larger. And, absurd as the consequences would be with reference to the present circumstances of this country, it certainly did appear to me, when I first gave my attention to the statute in question, that a ship tak. ing in Europe goods at Calcutta (for instance,) and conveying them to Bombay, might come within the danger of the penalties therein enacted :- although the Circuitons Trade Act would have protected the same vessel in performing precisely the same vovage, if she had originally loaded the goods in England, and had not landed them in Calcutta ;- and although I am not aware, that any vessel belonging to a Native of this country could be made liable to forfeiture, for the conveyance of Europe goods from Chittagong (for instance) to Coringa, or from any one port of another without the jurisdiction of his Majesty's Courts.

I believe however, it is a received rule in the construction of all acts of Parliament, that, "the preamble of the act is, as it "wore, a key to the knowledge of it, and to open the intent of the makers of the act." The preamble to the 6th Section of the Act of the 15 Car. 2, I have already given at length; and, if the terms of the law itself are to be construed by that preamble, I should certainly say, that no "lands, islands, territories or "places" can be within its meaning, except such as, like his Majesty's plantations, "are inhabited and peopled by his subjects of his kingdom of England," and to whose siluation the objects of policy (et forth in that preamble have an apparent, and natural relation.

I shall take leave of this most important subject, by merely adverting to two other general rules, which it may not be amiss to hear in mind, in applying the Navigation laws to the class of cases under discussion.

One is; that " If an Act of Parliament is dubious, long usage " may be good to expound it by; and the meaning of things " spoken and written must be as hath been constantly received." The other is; that " If there arise out of any Act of Parliament collaterally, any absurd consequences, manifestly contradictory to common reason, the Judges are in decency to " conclude that these consequences were not fore seen by the Parliament, and the Act is, with regard to those collateral consequences, void."

I am, Sir,

HERMES.

The Eugenia, Capt. Tyrer, from Batavia the 26th of November, and Aleppe the 16th of December; and the Bombay Merchant, Capt. Rowe, from Penangthe 10th ultimo, have arrived in the river.

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The weather during the last week has undergone a very sudden change in the neighbourhood of Calcutta. Southerly winds have prevailed—the atmosphere has been cloudy—the temperature much warmer than heretofore—and on Saturday evening, after thunder and lightening, there was a considerable fall of rain.

On Monday last an elegant entertainment was given at Dum-Dum, by the Officers of the Artillery to a large party of Ladies and Gentlemen. We understand that several families from Calcutta were present on the occasion—and that dancing was kept up with as much spirit, as has been evinced at any of the Assemblies of the season.

Mr. Hastie's last Subscription Balt on Wednesday last was brilliantly attended; and we understand that the management and arrangement of these entertainments, have afforded so much satisfaction, that some of the principal Ladies of the Settlement have expressed a desire to premote a Subscription, for a ther Assembly, in the nature of a "Berefit Ball." Under their patronage, we learn, that Mr. HASTIE is about to circulate a Subscription paper, which we trust, will have the effect of rewarding those exertions, which he has manifested in his useful and well conducted department.

The Chouringhee Theatre will be again opened on Thursday the 15th instant. The "Old Maid" and "Killing no Murder" are in reheareal.

The case of the Vessel Dispatch, which has been seized for having on bog-I Sugar and other Articles the produce of Bengal, before the owner had entered into a Plantation Bond, in compliance with the 12 Car. 2d c. 18, is likely to be argued on the Instance Side of the Admiralty Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court on Tuesday next. One of our Contemporaries, following the example of a Bombay Journalist, has published several elaborate letters on this momentous question: but as the matter is likely to be discussed, and considered, in its proper place, we shall abstain from offering any observations on the subject. We are, however, glad to find, that the point, will so speedily be determined; for, if the judgement of the Supreme Court, shall be conformable with the recent decision at Bombay, it will afford an early opportunity to those who are interested in the Commercial prosperity of British India, to apply to the legisla--ture, for an immediate repeal or modification of les ... which must be productive of the most mischi as consequences to the local government as well as to individuals. In the interim, and to guard against the possibility of further seizure, the Supreme Government has issued a notification, that before the loading on board of any vessel, of any "Sugar, To-" bacco, Cotton Wool, Indigo, Ginger, Fustick, or "other Dying Wood, Rice, Molasses or Copper-"Ore," of the growth, production or danufacture of any of the Provinces, Districts or Places subject to the Presidency of Bengal or any of His Majesty's British Plantations in Asia, security must be given. in compliance with the Statutes in that behalf made and provided. A copy of this notification will be

found in the preceding pages. On this interesting and important subject, we shall only. add, that a Gentleman now at this Presidency, who formerly traded to the West Indies, when about to proceed on a voyage to this Country, applied at the proper office in London, and proposed to enter into the like Bond, which he had executed on previous occasions; when, he was informed, that such a Bond was not required from Ships proceeding to the East Indies. We are aware that this fact cannot be of much importance, if such a Bond, is required by Law; but we conceive that it tends to show, that according to the understanding which obtains in London, where the operation of the Navigation Laws, has been long familiarly known, the Plantation regulations do not extend to British India.

After the foregoing article had gone to press, we received a letter from a Correspondent which we shall publish. As the subject of this production appears to be ably treated, we are glad to have an opportunity of laying it before our readers; especially, as it is calculated to remove the impressions which may have been made by a letter which appeared in the Mirror of Wednesday last.

The 2d Grenadier Battalion is about to proceed from Shahjuanpore to Cawapore.

We copy the following Sporting Intelligence from the Calcutta Gazette.

"The next Calcutta meeting will take place on Monday the 10th proxime, and last during three days. Some good racing is expected.

"We hear that on the 3d Monday of February, another match precisely the same as that which excited so much interest at last races will be run between the English Mare symmetry and the English Colt Blood Royal. The former is now the property of Mr. Oakely."

We are purmaded that our readers' will derive as much gratification as ourselves from the perusal of the following letter addressed by Mr. Secretary Thorten to Captain Whathrall,—The handsome manner in which the meritorious conduct of Captain Whathrall and his Officers has been distinguished and rewarded, must be particularly satisfactory to the Officers and Men of the 78th Regiment; and we are

happy to learn that they are about to proceed to England on the Blucher, under the command of the Gentleman to whom the following, proud testimonial is addressed.

[PUBLIC DEPARTMENT.] To CAPTAIN WEATHRALL,

OF THE PRIVATE SHIP PRINCE BLUCKER,

SIR. The Right Honorable the Governor General in Council has received from His Excellency the Commander in Chief, Copy of a Dispatch from Lieutenant Colonel Forbes, of H. M. 78th Regt., and of its enclosure from Major Macl'herson, detailing the circumstances attending the loss of the Transport Frances Charlotte on the Preparis, and reporting the arrival at this Port, on the Prince Blucher, of a number of the Officers and Men of that Regiment, who had been wrecked on the Island. Copies of these papers and of the letter received with them from the Secretary to Its Excellency the Commander in Chief, I have the pleasure . to forward to you, for your information.

2. The Governor General in Council has perused with the highest satisfaction, the testimony borne by Major MacPherson to your humane, animated and meritorious exertions on this occasion. The efforts made by you to save the men wrecked on the Prepares, must be considered no less creditable to your professional abilities and knowledge, than honorable to your feelings; and while they must afford sincere satisfaction yourself, His Lordship in Council has no boubt that they will ever be remembered by the unfortunate sufferers themselves with sentiments of the most lively gratifude.

3. In festimony of the sense entertained by the Governor General in Council of your spirited conduct, his Lordonip in Council is pleased to present you with the sum of Sa. Rs. 5,000. His Excellency in Council has also directed that the undermenhoned sums be granted to the Officers and Crew of the Prince Blueir, and to Mr. Ramsay, Chief Mate of the Po, as a mark of the approhation of Government, of their exertions on the occa-

mon alluded to.

To the Clact Mate of the Bincher, -Sa. Rs. 1,500 Second ditto • • • • • • 1,200 Thud ditto,

To the other Officers and Crew of the Ship two months' Pay. To Mr. Ramsay, Chief Mate of the Po, who was left

b; toat ship at Preparis, and must consequently, it is und retood, have experienced loss of pay,

4. You are requested to grant a certificate to the Officers and cow of the Pringe Blucher, to enable the Marine Pay Master, by whom the suins awarded to them, will be paid, to indentify their persons.

I, am, Sir, b Your obedient Servant, A PROTTER. Act Sec. to the Govt.

FORT WILLIAM. ጊዜ ՉԵ"i Dec. 1816.∫ It is stated that when the Bombay Castle left Canton on the 4th of December, Lord Amherst, had not arrived at that place, and that no further accounts had been received respecting His Lordship's movements. A report has for some time prevailed, that His Lordship was likely to visit this Presidency; and it is said, that Government has adopted measures for an appropriate reception of His Lordship, in the event of his arrival. We, are, however, uninformed on this subject, and merely state the report on the authority of other Journals.

We are not aware that any further account of the Pindarees has been received at this Presidency, during the last week. The latest Bombay Journals are silent with respect to the body which committed depredations on the Mahratta Coast in that neighbourhood, and the Madras Papers to the 14th ultimo, contain no further information respecting the movements of the Marauders, who attacked, Ganjam and the adjacent country. Some additional particulars of the affair between Colonel WALKER's detachment and the Pindarees near the banks of the Nerbuddah, were published in the Hurkarn of Saturday; and it appears, that the unfortunate Lieutenant Bolton, of the Madras establishment, whose death we announced some time ago, was killed by a single Pindaree, who had lurked for some days in the vicinity of Colonel WALKER's camp, for the purpose of avenging the death of two of his brothers, who had been killed by the detachment. It is not stated that the Pindaree was afterwards taken, nor is it mentioned, by what nteans the narrator of this circumstance became informed of it; and it appears extraordinary, that a single horseman could have been concealed for some days in the vicinity of the Camp after he had made a solemn vow to revenge the death of his brothers!

Since writing the foregoing, the following article, which appeared in the *Calcutta Gazette Extraordina-*ry of Friday, has attracted our notice. We trust that the report alluded to, of a body of Pindarees

having been cut to pieces by the 6th Regiment of Madras Cavalry, may not prove to be the same affair; in which Major Lushington so gallantly commanded.

"We have just received letters from the camp of the 5th Native Cavalry at Kopal the 17th instants which intimate that this regiment was then proceeding by forced marches to Belhary, to intercept a body of Pindarces. Accounts had that morning reached camp, of a large party of these maratiders having been overtaken, and cut to pieces by the 6th regiment of Madras. Cavalry."

# SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

of the ten vesse andered to carry troops to England and St. Helenz, the control of friffiths, Dorah, and Blucher, have been taken up by Government. The Mary and Maria, has also been chartered.

The Agamemnon, had in consequence of springing a leak, been forced to put into Port Louis. The leak had not been discovered, and consequently the probable period of the vessel's detention was not ascertained.

The Claudene, J. Welsh, will sail for England about the middle of next month, touching at Bencoolen and Samarang.

Passengers per Menarch, from Batavia: Major Campbell, Captain Baine, Lieutenants. Swainston, and Clark, and Mr. Woolley, Assistant Surgeon.

Per Teignmouth: Mr. John McKingon.

Per Mysore: Captair Skitter, Country Service; Lieutenants Dairs and Exshaw, and a Detachment of 498 Men and followers of the 2d Battalion 20th Regiment.

Per Devaynes: Mrs. C.-L. Herbert, Mrs. Mary Pen-

ney, & Mr. James George Penney.

The following ressels from different ports of India, had safely reached England previous to the 5th of September. The Metcale and Baring, from Bengal; the Carmarthen, from Bombay; the Cumbrian, from Penaug; the George, Pilot and Admiral Gambier, from Batavia; and the Northumbrian, from China. The True Briton, Exmenth, and Portsea, had not arrived. The Baring after having

taken a pilot on board, off the Isle of Wight, succuntered such heavy gales as delayed her arrival for several days.

Extract from the report from the Ship Devaynes, from England the 17th August, 1816, direct.

"1st instant, spoke the country Ship Anne and Amelio, Captain Oakes, in Lat. 16. 16. North, Long. 84 40 East, (for the Isle of France).

"10th instant, spoke the Laurel, Captain Green, in Lat. 16. 31. North, Long. 90. 30. East, (for Amboyna). ....

"The Bombay Castle, we spoke the day before we got the pilot; and I suppose by this time she is at Sauger, she is from Chins, last from Penang the lat January.

ARRIVALS. Jan. 29. Devaynes, Brooks, from London the 17th Aug —Brig Ganges, Stewart, from Batavia the 4th November, and Penang the 16th December.

Do. 30. Bombay Castle, Cleland, from China the 4th December.

Do. 31. H. C. Ship Teignmonth, Walker, from Batavia the 15th December.—Mysore, Glass, from Penang the 10th Jan.

Feb. 1. Monarch, Gascoyre, from Batavia the 18th Nov. Malacca 26th December, and last from Penang the 7th January.

Do. Eugenia, Tyrer, from Batavia the 26th November and Aleppe the 18th December. Passenger: Captain B. W. D. Sealey, 9th Regiment Bengal Native Infantry.— Bentagy Merchant, Rowe, from Penang the 16th January. DEPARTURES. January 27. Arab Ship Abassy, Nacoda, for Muscat.

Do. 28. Alexander, Fenwick, for London.

MADRAS. Agaivans. Jan. 4. Brig Nancy, Captain Frachard, from the Isle of France 20th December; Ship Albion, Captain J. R. Oliver, from Calcutta 26th December.

Departures. Jan. 2. H. M. Ship Volage, Lieutenant Warde, on a Cruize.—5. Ship Eliza, Captain Cornish, for Philadelphia.

BOMBAY. Annivate. Jan. 6. H. C. Cruizer Psyche, Lieutonant F. Faithfull, from a Cruize.—7. H. C. Cruizer Sylph, Lieutenadt W. Rose, from a Cruize; Portuguese Grab Ship Lord Custle, Nacquda Ebram Dawood, from Demaun Ship Ruparell, Captain F. D. Briggs, from China. 8. H. C. Cruizer Artel, Lieutenant James Arthur, from Bushire.

DEPARTURES. Jan. 5. Brig Johnny, Captain R. Ballard, to Penang.—6. Grab Ship Shaw Allum, Captain T. P. Wadsworth, to Tellicherry.—9. Ship Hannah, Captain J. L. Reathorn, to Liverpool. Passengers: a Detachment of H. M. 56th Regiment, consisting of 14 Officers, 228 Men, 12 Women and 8 Children.

### ARRIVALS AT PORT LOUIS.

November 2, 4816 .- Ship Ganges, Danby, from Batavia; Brig Pettle Fille, Macquet, from Foulepoint; Schooner Genoise, Desnoues, from Heigo Gorcia; French Brig le Courier de l'Orient, Ville, Marseilles .- 3. American Ship North America, Erionis, Philadelphia .- 4, do. do. Murmion, Stone, (returned, the pump being Choaked.) Ship . Indymion, Taylor, from Cape of Good Hope .- 6. Brig Mauritius Packet, Cunst, from Madras .- 10. Brig Henry, Frevot de-la-Croix, from Madagascar; Schooner Elizabeth, Raphael, from St. Brandon; Grab Ship Edwir, Coutteron, from Tamatave .- 12. French Ship Helene, Bertram, from Madagascan .- 14. Schooner Heloise, Hedastelle, from Tamatave and Bourbon; French Brig Revenant, Eaj de Bealieu, from Bourbon:-5. Lugger Reenpaifunt, Laconfouque, do.; French Ship L'I speronce, Alguier, Bor-· deaux; Brig Juene Adolphes, Meacee, Madagascar .-- 17. Shooner Pettite Aimee, He Caize; do. do. Jeune Emilie, Eumolard, from do .- 18. French Brig Caroline, Ledo, from Bourbon; Ship Jessy, Landale, from Calcutta .- 19. Lugger St. Joseph, Planche, from Tamatave; Ship Laura, Ben lys, from Calcutta .- 20. French Schooner Felie, Martineau, from Bourbon; Ship Commerce, Dolge, from Madras and Pondichery .- 22. Lugger Chereby, Hullard. from Three Brothers Islands .- 23. Ship Princess Charlotte. Vaughan, from London and Cape; Brig Phabe, Dixon, from Mauilla .- 24. Ship Hoogly, Flemlug, Calcutta; Ship Argo, Humphreye, from Phio Penang .- 26. Ship Acteon, MacKay, from Mangalore; His Majesty's Sloop Musquito, Brine, from a cruize; French Ship Rosalie, Gueran. del, from Bourdeaux .- 27. Brig Clelie, Clorij, from Sechelles; Brig Java Packet, Jourdanet, from Madagascar; French Ship Bomemere, Chabrie, from Bou'deaux .-29. Ship Agamemnon, Jackson, from Calcutta; Ship Charlotte, Chowcher. do .- 29. Ship Union, Tweedy, do.; December 1, French Ship July Marthe, Bertrand, from

Nantz. Brig Dragon, Brady, from Calcutter 3. Schooner Barg, Pencaud, from Agailgo. 8. Brig Fanng, Beaufard, Tranquebar. 6. French Bouorbon Governor Schooner Lelevi, Viellelleuve, from Bourbon. 9. Brig Lil ie, Durocher, from An Gonsey and Boarbon. 11. Brig Griffin, Ricard, Bourbon.

## DEPARTURES FROM PORT LOUIS.

November 1, 1816.—American Ship Marmior, Stones, to Boston, Brig Jane, Court, to Bombay.—3. Slip Woodman, Bear, to Calcutta.-4. Schoner Serophine. Meregon, to Bodrigues; Ship Ganger, Danby, to London French Ship Ross, Goss, to Bourbon and Bourdeaux, His Majesty's Sloop Musquito. Brine. cruize; Ship Warrior, Leekepten, to Madagascar,-Schooner Emma, James, to do; French Brig Lecourier del Orient, Ville, to Bourbon .- 7. Schooner Magnet; Vior, to Calcutta; Ship Vesocifere, L'Ami, to Madagas. ear; Ketch Three Sisters, Nerac, to Bourbon and Madagascar .-- 10. American ship Marmion, Stones, to Boston; French Ship Telemaque, Desanhillaire, to Bourbon 5 Schooner Furcy, Venezud, to Ayaliga .- 12. His Majesfu's Sloop Icarus, Devon, to Cape of Good Hope; Brig Junon, Nolbrow, to Madagascar; Schooner Modeste, Boudet, to do ; Schooner Brig Carmello, Brochun, to Derego Garcia ; French Schooner Aniable Creole. Juds, to Bourbon .- 13. Brig. Huchesse D' Augoulome, Pascul, to Bourden vs; Brig : Petite Fille, Mocquety to Madagascar; Ship John Bull, Williams, to Colombe; Lugger L'Esperance, Lecamus, to Diene Garein .- 14. Brig Griffin, Ricard, to Bourbon ; Brig Hangy, Brevet de la Croix, to Mudagescar.-17. French Ship Celestine, Duholmard, to Bourbon and France:-18. Schooner Philomel, Flasse, to Bourbon. 20. American Brig Cannon, Delang, to New York .- 21. Brig Nanen. Frashard, to Madras .- 22. Brig Joune Adolphe, aMaces. to Bourbon .-- 24. Brig Sephyr, Pevin, to Coylon and Bombay .- 25, Schooner Elizabeth, Ruphael, to St. Braudote. -27. Schooner Bole, Marquay, to Madagascar .- December 1, French Schooner Zeile, Marteneau, to Bourbon; Ship Princers Charlotte, Vaughan, to Ceylon. 4: Ship Laura, Dennys, to Cape of Good Hope; Ship African, D'Auverny, to Bourbon : Brig Bragon, Brary, to Cape of Good Hope .- 8. French Schoener Deus Amie, Chammings.

to Bourbon; Brig Mauritius Packet, Cunah, to Coringe; Schooner Fly, Hautmont, to Madras.—10. Schooner Venus. Fromentin, to Seychelles; French Bourbon Government Schooner le Lys, Velteneuve, to Bourbon.

# MADRAS.

The following are among the Passengers proceeding from house on the Albion.

Major General A. Taylor, George Coleman, Esq. Senior Merchant; Lieut. Col. Lewis and Family.

The Free Tiader Eliza, touched here from Calcutta last week, and sailed again on Saturday: this Ship, we understand, proceeds to America vin the first instance, and from thence to Liverpool.

His Majesty's Ship Volage sailed for Trincomatie on Thursday last. [Govt. Gaz. Jan. 9.

The appearance of the weather has been very threatening for the last two or three days, and the wind has at times blown pretty fresh from the Northward. On Saturday there was a considerable swell in the Reads, with a heavy surf, and about noon a large Country Sleep drove from her anchorage. From the few hands on board of her at the time, it was found impossible to set sail upon her in time to prevent her driving into the surf, and she took the ground opposite the Justice's Office, on the Beach. She was soon knocked to pieces by the violence of the surf. The Indiamen appear to ride easy.

The Annual Madras Sporting Meeting, commences this week. The Race Dinner takes place at the Strand on Friday next, and is expected to be unusually well attended. The first day's running will be on Wednesday the 22d inst. Some first rate Horses are in training, and it may with considence be anticipated that superior Sport will be afforded.

On Saturday, the Honorable Sir Alexander Johnston, Chief Justice of Ceylon, paid a visit of ceremony to His Highness the Nabob at Chepark Parace, which was returned by His Highness yesterday. The customary salutes were fired on both these occasions.

The konseward-bound Indiamen have at leagth entered the roads, and are preparing to continue their voyage with all dispatch. The Marchiones of Ely. Captain Kay, came in from Calgatta direct, on Wednesday afternoon, and in the course of the following right, the Asia, Captain Tremenhere, and the Lord Keith, Captain Campbell, last from the Northern Ports, anchored in the roads.

The Batavia, Captain Mayne, anchored in the roads on Sunday, from Calcutta the 1st instant.

#### PASSENGERS.

Lady Chalmers, Mrs. Courtayne, Mrs. White, Mrs. Osborne, Miss Chalmers, Major-General Sir John Chalmers, K. C. B. Lieutenant Courtayne, H. M. 69th Regt. off Foot, Ensign Jenkins, Engineers, F. P., Graine, Esq.—Children: W. Chalmers, R. Osborne.

His Majesty's Ship Bacchus, also arrived on Sunday from . Ceylon.

The Free Trador Albion, Captain Oliver, whose arrival, we announced in our last, continued her voyage on Friday morning. She touches at Trancomalee and Colombo in order to take home about one hundred time expired Men of His Majesty's Regiment on Ceylon. The following is a correct list of her Passengers.

Major General and Mrs. Taylor, Colonel and Mrs. Lewis, Mrs. Griffiths, George Coleman and H. Bushby, Esqrs. of the Hon. Company's Civil Service,—Children: Misses Lydia Taylor, Eliza Taylor, Jane Taylor, and Ann Taylor,—Masters John Le Page, Henry Somerset Taylor, and Edward Lewis Griffiths, for England.

Major Cleaveland, of the Henorable Company's Coast Artiflery, and Eusign Davies, of H. M. 19th Regt. for Trincomalce.

On General Taylor's embarkation, a Salute of 13 guns was fired.

The Indiamen are expected, if the weather continue moderate, to be ready for ISea about Sunday next. Registers are now open at the Board. of Trade Office, and Ship Letter Packets, and Facket Mails at the General Post-Office to be conveyed by the above Ships.

We have received a letter from a friend at Tellicherry, an Extract from which may be interesting to many of our readers.

Extract of a Letter from Tellicherry, deted the 28th December. 1816.

Cobb, and Ann, Captain Masson, having completed their lading at this port, proceeded to-day on their voyage to English.

[Courier, Jan-14.

The following Extracts of Official Correspondence, relate to the movements of the basy of Horse which lately ientered the Northern Circars.

Extract of a letter from Lieutenant-Colonel Steels, Commanding in the Ganjam District, dated Berhampore, December 30, 1816.

"Inscripted about one in the morning of the 30th, a despatch from Lieutenant Borthwick, dated Goongoo, the 29th, in which he reports that in the morning fole lowing the defeat, the Pindarries again assembled on the Plain, where they had been surprized in great force, and obliged Lieutenant Borthwick to retire to a strong position in the neighbourhood, as well for safety, as

" to hide the disparity of numbers.

"Their I so proves to have been much more extensive than at first imagined, they having burned and buried about 30 bodies, and carried off a great number of wounded. Gholam Cawder, a Chief of 1,000, was killed, and his standard taken, his Elephant also has been since second, it having run off in the first intence to the Jungle.

Licurement Borthwick bestows great praise upon his men; the Makrattas enabled, (by the light of the surrounding Villages, set on fire for the purpose,) to discomer the small body, of assailants, repeatedly formed
will advanced upon them and were as often attacked and

" forced off the Field.

"On the march to Gongoe two Pindarries were come up with, some of them severely wounded, they informed Lieutenant B. that the party he had surprized amounted to 1600, and were the principal body well mounted and equipped, while the rabble which accompanied them, and who are in general dispersed over the country, might amount to twice that number.

"The Pindarries are in full retreat through Goomsoon.

Extract of a letter from Major General Rumley, Commanding the Northern Division of the Army, dated Vizaga-patem, 4th January 1817.

"I have received private information of Lieutenant Borthwick's having again come up with the main body fo the Pindarries on the night of the 30th. and having

" completely rapted them."

Que the 19th of December a body of Predatory Banditti, amounting to 6 or 7,000 horse, a terred the district of Ganjam, and advancing sapidly of the Town of Kanimedy, set fire to it in several places, we're montted great depredations there and in the extreme set country.

Extract of a Letter from Major Oliver, Commanding a Detachment of the 6th is mount of Native Infantry, dated Kommedy, 21st December, 1816.

"I have the honor to report that about 5 o'clock yesterday evening we were surprized by the Mahratta Horse entering this town,-having only Lieutenant Tullok with me I sent him to take post at the other end of it, " and from both our division paries were sent out to the different streets, to endeavour to keep them out of the Town. We had a continual skirmishing for about two f hours, and some mer and horses were killed in the " streets .-- & little after six, Lieutenant Tweedie who " had retreated upon my Detachment arrived, having of marched all night, and that day, having been surrounded 66 by them from 11 o'clock tile morning I found it imes possible to save the Town, as they gallope ( through and . set fire to it in several places. At 11 colock v. M. s Liquienant Jackson who had been statio and with his. fe Company about 16 miles off, arrived, wher considering " myself strong enough to give them au alert, Lleft Lieutea naat Tweedie with two Companies in a strong position " and having procured two Poons from Mr. Spottiswande, " who promised to shew me the road of their Camp, " about a mile of I put my self under their gustance, and "I am happy to say we such early beyond my expectation " we were actually in the mid? of their Camp, before they " discovered us, and we gav how run vollies from the " Companies within 10 yard the a did great execution; " and it caused such confusion among them that they fied " in every direction .- WS rraversed their Camp and kill'd " (I should imagine) from twenty to hirty of them, "they " left the greatest part of their baggage on the ground and of this morning there wer shout a hundred horse munbing

"Idose about the Town, and we have killed and takenanout seventy horse.—Lieutenant Tweedie when he
heard fine firing detached Lleutenant Tulloh with a
Company to take post on the bank of a Tank, for
which they appeared to be making; this was such an
unexpected mandatie that a party of them galloped up
close to Lieutenant Tulloh without discovering him when
he gave them a volley and killed some men and horses."

A Letter from Mr. Spottiswoode, the Magistrate and Collecter of Gunjam, dated Kemmedy the 22d December 1816. States that thro' the zeal and activity of his Assistant, Mr. Mason, he was enabled to protect the Rajah's. Family from anjury, and togreserve the public records.

This Bands of Marauders after being heat off from Kemmedy proceeded to the Northward and reached Ganjam on the 24th, which Town they pillaged on that day and 25th,

having committed great enormities on their route.

The rapidity of their movements has in general prevented the Troops from coming up with them; Lieut. Borthwick of the 2d Bat. 2d Regt. N. I. has however been successful in the pursuit. as appears by the following Copy of a Leiter from that Officer.

COPY.

To the Abjutant. 4
2d Battalion 2d-Regiment.

SIR.

I have the honor to acquaint you for the information of the Officer Commanding the Regiment, that after I left Borhampore I received information of 1000 Pindarree horse having been in the neighbourhood of Hautgur; I accordinally marched in that direction, and came oup with them about 11 o'clock, encamped in a Plain a little to the west of Boyeraniny, and succeeded beyond my most sanguine expectation in completely surprizing them, they fled in the utmost confusion, leaving behind 20 men, 50 horses, awards, spears, shields, and part of their heavy baggage, &c.

I have the honor, &c.

BOYERANNY, 2865 Dec. 1816. 6 A. M (Signed) A. Borthwick, Lieut. Comg. Detachment 2d Battalion 2d Regt.

TRUE COPY.
(Signed) W. ARMSTRONG,
Lieut, and Adjf. 2d Bat. 2d Regt.
[Govt. Gaz. Jan. 13.

The following Extracts from Official Correspondence annuance the complete expulsion from the Northern . Circags, of the body of Predatory horse who entered the Kimmedy district on the 19th Ultimo, which has been effected by the zeal and indefatigable exertions of Lieutenant A. Borthwick of the 2d Native Regiment and the Men under his command.

Copy of Letter from Lieutenant Colonel Steel, Commanding at Berhampore.

I have great satisfaction in forwarding for the inflationtion of Major General Rumley, Copy of a Report received

from Lieutenant Borthwick.

The zeal and ability displayed by that Officer is manifest, the action, speaks for itself, and any comment from me is unnecessary.

I have the honor to be,

Sir, Your most obedient servant.

BERHAMPORE, 2d January 1817. Signed) T. STEELE.
Lieut. Col. Comg.

A true Copy.

C. RUMLEY, M. G.

Extract of a Letter from & Lieutenant Borthwick. Commanding Detachment of 2d Battalian 2d Augs. N. L.

dated Colar, 30th Dec. 1816, 4 P. M.

The leave to acquaint you for the interestion of the Officer Commanding the Regiment, that vester as morning, before I left Goangoo, I ordered a Jenudar's Party of 40 Men, with a supply of ammunition from aska, to follow up, and to hand on the rear of the Pindarres, and in the event of my attacking them on the opposite side, to give me

every assistance.

Having calculated the time the party from Aska would take in being nearly up with them. I took a circuitous route by Colar and entered their Cifno about 1 this morning, situated in the open Paddy Fields, near Nowshom and about 2 coss South of this.—This surprize was equal, if not better than the first, for the Jemedar's Party arrived most opportunely, and commenced firing shortly after I had routed them, so soon as the party had joined me I fell back on Colar expecting that they would take that road about day-light; therefore at present I cannot say what loss they have met with, but from the well di-

rected re that was kept up whilst within winge, it must be considerable. I brought off 19 Horses and might have brought off a great many more, could I have spared hands

to seize them.

I have said that I retired to this place, and just when I was in the act of disposing of my little force to the best advantage, on the three roads less ing into it, they forced our guard and before I could so port it, about one half of them passed, and the other will I forced to retire, which they did immediately on seen a Men and I Horse killed on my arrival.

Had I had a sufficient force with he I am confident, that last night, it might have been dispersed of in such a manner as to prevent many of the specificity the Guard, with Ammuniton from Berhampore, joined me yesterday

before I left Goaugo. .

Notwithstanding the great privations the Men have undergone since I left Berhampore, they behaved remarkably well this morning, obeying every order with the gratest alarcrity.

Extract of a Letter dated 8th January 1817, from Major General Rumley, Commanding the Northern Division

of the Army.

I have much pleasure in transmitting, for His Excellency the Commander in Chief's information, Copy of a Reporfrom Lieutenant. Borthwick, dated the 1st Instant, from which it appears that the Ganjam District is now completely free from Pindarrics, the whole of them having retreated by very long marches towards the Bond District, in the Mahratta Territory.

I have the honor to be,

Sir.

Your most obedient servaut.

WALTAIR, Signed) C. RUMLEY, Sth Jan., 1817, Major General.

(A frue copy.)

E. J. JOHNSON,

A. A.ig. M. G.'s OFFICE.

Extract of a Letter from Liertenant Borthwick, 2d Battalion 2d Regiment, dated Colur, 1st January, 1817.

I beg leave to acquaint you for the information of the Officer Commanding, that I have just received information

that the body of Pindarries whom I forced to retreat on the 20th ultime, took the Bullapilly road (which lies a little to the West of this) at Nowgaum and joined the body that passed this place the same evening; at a place called Bodinghy seven coss North of this—so it is now all over, for from what they have experienced, they know better than to allow Infantry to come up with them again.

It is supposed by the people who brought me the above information, that at the rate at which they were travelling they must by this time time crossed the Duspilly Checi," consequently for me'to follow them up would be harassing all the men to no purpose. However I have sent in a Havildar and 12 men to hurry any stragglers who may have fallen on the rear out of the Company's Territory as fast as possible, but do not expect that they will come up with any; I received a letter last night from the Malikaar of Guillary, saying that they passed that place on the 30th ultimo, with the ptmost expedition, leaving behind two wounded Horses-and another letter from Belgoonta informs me, that the Peons of that place have caught in the jungle eight Pindarry Horses and that not a Pindarry was to be seen alive on the 31st ultimo, to the southward of this.

I have the onor to be,

Sir, "

Your most obedient Servant,

(Signed) A. BORTHWICK,

Coing. Det. 2d Bat. 2d Regt.

P. S.—Since the above Letter was written, the Havildar's Party mentioned in it, has returned from Boodinghy (not conceiving it necessary to go further) with information that the Pindarries after passing this, marched 16 coss without halting burning every village in their way.—The barricaded Pass at Boodinghy was little or no obstruction to them, that was soon cleared away and they proceeded by Chuckabas and Bankoch on towards Bonda.—This information the Havildar brought to me written by the Head Man, at Boodinghy, and I have every reason to believe it is correct.

Gort. Ext. Jan. 20.

# BOMBAY, VICE ADMIRATTY COURT.

# INSTANÇE SIDE.

# CASE OF THE ERNAAD.

On Saturday last the 4th instant this came on upon a citation on behalf of the promovents to attend to see the decree signed. On coming before the Judge, he stated that, since stating his opinion, it had been pointed out to him had r. Savely that he had over looked one expression in the statute of 22 and 23 C. 2 the word "Lading" heigh there added in the clause of forfeiture, and which had not been in the statute of 12 C. 2. and he sated that this would alter the effect of his judgement by causing a condemnation of the saltpetre that the decrees were so prepared, but if the council for the impugnant (the E. 1. Company) wished to be heard on the effect of the word Lading, he was ready to hear him.

Mr. Mackin for the impugnants contended that the word Lading only applied to the particular Lading which was the cause of the forfeiture. That a larger interpretation would be manifestly unjust as it would make the innocent shipper of other cargo suffer, and that at all events it could only affect the cargo the on board. The Judge said, that the words all at the commencement of the claim prevented all such argument, that the previous shippers of other cargo would have a better title to complain, as they put their goods on board a ship then innocent—but that none of the shippers could be supposed to lose for they shad their remedy over against the owners of the ship.

.Mr. Macking then produced the affidavit of a claimant of sugar stating his belief, that his sugar, although shipped in Bengal, was not the produce of any British plantation. Mr. Mackin insisted that he should be allowed a probatory term to prove the fact.

The Judge observed, that unless the claimants could prove all the segar to be foreign, the proof as to one parcel would be nugatory, as any one parcel of British plantation

sugar on board would condemn the whole.

Mr. Macklin stated his instructions to be, that the sugar exported from Calcutta is not produced in any of the British territories, but almost wholly in Oude, and what are called the Rajah's districts.

Mr. Stavely punted out the invoice of one parcel of sugar of Messre. Bluce, Fawcett and Co. called in the in-

voice Benares sugar, and stated, that the owners had submitted to a decree by consent for condemnation of this sugar.

In the course of the discussion, it being suggested that the libel had not distinctly stated the fact of those sugars being the produce of any British plantation. Mr. Staveley insisted that, by the decisions of the high court of admiralty, it appeared that these meeties were not expected to be attended to in the courts in the plantations. He relied for this point upon the case of the Friendslap in Robertson's reports, he admitted that as to the claims of the shippers of cargo as they had not yet out in their defences, they must have an opportunity of trying this part, but insisted that the Company were concluded, as the fact of sugar being on board without any bond howing been given, appeared in the evidence of their own officer the commander of the ship.

The Advocate General on the other side insisted that, that part was not in issue either against the Company or the other-claimants, and therefore that there could be no de-

cree against any of the parties.

The Judge thought the libel not sufficiently precise in defining the offence. He said that the only thing he could do was to allow the promovents to amend their libel, which he accordingly directed; and said that as all the defences threed upon one point, they ought all to be joined in the whole proceed ags.

11. Stavely assented and stated, that it had only been in the hope of saving expenses, that one claim alone had been at first brought forward.

[Courier, Jan. 11.

It was vesterday reported, (on good authority as we apprehend) that a body of the Guicanau's troops had stumbled upon some of the Pindarees as they were attempting to get up the Ghants, near Songhur and, killed a consequable number of them. It was indeed stated that a very successful attack had been made on them between Nawapoor and Eesarbarry; so much so that 75 of their horses had been taken, laden with plunder, and ten of their men. The Guicawar's croops lost it is said 6 or 7 of their companions, and the horse of their commander Nana was killed under him.

The influx into Surat of the poor people, who inhabited the villages of the Attaveesce has been particularly great. Very many also flew for safety to the sails to the costward, and it has been shrewdly suspected that the Pople.

darces will knowing they should find nothing in the villages, kept purposely in an eastern direction, by which they were enabled to intercept the villagers who were thus hurrying with their valuables to the upland country.

From all which has reached us we are rejuctantly compelled to dismiss from our minds the hope we had once entertained of a great part of the plunder being recovered.

The force of the Pindarces appears to have been strangely magnified, since we have strong grounds for believing they never exceeded 600 men.

The a diamen sailed from the Coast on the morning of the 28th altimo.

The news brought by the Volage from China is of a very unpleasant description, and we sincerely hope that the late untoward occurrence may not have originated from any intemperance on the part of our countrymen.

The Recorder's Court was occupied during Friday, Saturday and Monday last, in trying the travers of Joseph de Souza, and yesterday it was expected, (the Judge having only to sum up) that the verdict would be found, but unfortunately one of the Jury, Captain Blayd, was attacked on Monday night, after the sing of the Court with the paralytic stoke of which he has since died. The whole of the proceedings therefore must of more sity commence de novo.

Gazette, Jan. 15.

We learn that the Cumbrian, Captain Cooper, from "Peting, arrived in England in the beginning of September; the Appolo, Caimarthen and David Scott, had also agrived from this port.

The Wellington for this port was expected to sail about the 20th of September: she was to call to Ceylon. The Woodbridge, Captain Iames Smith, was also about to sail direct for this port. The Eowjee Family would get away in all September, and a free trader, the Oxford, was expected to leave London at the same time as the Wellington.

The Argo Capt. Livon, sailed for this port from Liver-pool on the Bork of August and she may therefore be looked for daily. When she left Liverpool, another ship, the Mary, was loading for Bombay, and it was expected she would sail in about six weeks after the Aigo.

[Courier, Jan. 11.

# VOL. XXX.] CALCUTA: FRB. 10, 1817. [No. -205

# FROM THE GOVERNMENT GAZETTE, FEBRUARY 6, 1817.

# MILITARY.

PENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS PECALIFICY THE RIGHT HOUSE.

FORT WILLIAM ; JANUARY 21, 1817.

His Royal Highness The Prince Regent having appointed Major Generals Donkin and Sir William G Keir, K. M. T. in the Staff of His Majesty's Forces serving in India, the services of Major General Need, who was temporarely appointed to the staff Major General Orders of the 9th August, 1816, become no longer necessary. Major Gen. Need being about to embark for Europe, and Major General Sir W. G. Kier being at present detained at Java, on important service of a political nature, all is Excellency the Right Honorable the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct, that Major General Need be considered as struck off the Staff, from the date of the dispatch of the Ship, on which he may have taken his passage.

J. YOUNG,

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GRYERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT MONORATES THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

# FORT WILLIAM: JERRARY 24, 1817.

Captain J Gabb of the 1st Regiment Native Infantry, who by General Orders of the 3d instant, obtained permission to proceed to Europe, on furlough, on account of his private affairs, having produced a Medical Certificate, by which it appears that his state of health is such as to render it necessary that he should proceed to Europe for the recovery of his health; His Excollency The Right Honorable the Governor General in Council is pleased to permit Captain Gabb to proceed to Europe, on furlough, for the recovery of his health, instead of on account of his brivate affairs,

J. YOUNG,

Offgi Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

SENERAL ROPES, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT HONOR LELE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; JANUARY 29. 1817.

The Right Honorable the Governor Genesal in Council, ir, communication with His Excellency the Commander in Charf, under whose immediate authority the administration of Military law is conducted, performs a gratifying part of his public duty, in recording the high sense entertained by the Government, of Lieutenant Colonel C. Fagan's eminent ment, and zealous services, during the period, that he has filled the distinguished office of Judge Advocate General in Bengal; and His Lordship in Council deeply regrets, that continued ill health should have compell. It he Lectenant Colonel to return to Europe, and to relinquish the honorable employment, which he has filled with so much credit to himself, and advantage to the state.

### J. YOUNG

Offg. Sec. to Govt Mil. Dept.

There was not any arrival in the River on Saturday. The Jessy and Lady Nugent have arrived at Calentta. The Nearchus, Phamx, John Shore, Georgiana, Harriet, Udny and Alice, and the Portuguese Ship Cedade de Demaun, all left Calcutta on Saturday.

The Teignmouth Cruiser has brought accounts from Batavia to the 13th of December. The transfer of the produce of the Island, had not then taken place; and other matters between the respective Public Authorities, continued to be unadjusted: it was therefore supposed that Mr. Fendall would not return to this Presidency, before the end of the month. The only British Troops which had not quitted Java, were a small detachment of H. M.'s 78th Regiment.

The third Bachelor's Ball on Wednesday last exhibited a display of every thing that can begule our cares or gratify our senses at this distance from the country, with which real pleasures are associated and although we can offer no adequate description of the entertainment, without borrowing the language of our contemporaries, so well and so freque thy applied; we cannot refrain from offering our tribute of

gratitude to the Gentlemen, who have so liberally contributed to promote the festivities of the season; and if it were not Treason against the Majesty of those, for whom such entertainments are thiefly designed, we could almost express a wish, that Calcutta may always boast of such public spirited Bachelors!

On Friday evening last, Mr. JOHN TROTTER gave an elegant entertainment to his friends, at the. house of his brother in Calcutta. About ten o'clock, the rooms were filled by an assemblage of the principal families at the Presidency; and dancing commenced, and was continued with a spirit unabated by the many assemblies of the Season. - The apartments were admirably arranged for the occasion; and a veranda was fitted up, so as to admit of a delightful promenade for those who were not engaged in the dance; and for the refreshment of such, as had threaded its mazes. Mrs. Archibald Thotter performed the female honors of the evening, in a manner, which made the guests feel perfectly "at home:" and we shall only add, that the supper was elegant, and accorded with every other arrangement of this pleasing and hospitable entertainment.

The Asiatic Society held a meeting on Wednesday last at its house in Chowringhee, when Mr. Harington took the Chair. The Society directed its attention to an Animal scut from Summatra by Mr. Stonovs, which resembles the Tapir & Buffon and is falled Tannoo by the Natives of Sumatra. It is also a native of the Pennsula of Malacca. The animal is described to be tame and gentle, but lazy in its habits, and much disposed to sleep in the day time. At this meeting of the Society, several additions were also made to the Museum, a number of Hindoo Idols, have been presented by Government.

The case of the King against the Cutter Dispatch, Philips, Master, was argued and determined on Tuesday last on the Instance Side of the Admiralty Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court of Judicature.

The John was crowded at an early hour, by a greater consciurse of georie, than we ever recollect to have scon in any Court of Justice in India, on any similar occasion and it may be asserted, that nearly every person in Calculta, connected with its external Commerce, was present in Court; awaiting with anxiety, the decision of the important question, which had so much agitated the public mind. In addition to the principal Agents and Merchants of Calcutta,-Europeans, Natives and Arabs, who were in Court, stance were hundreds of individuals, interested in the Shipping, then virtually under an embargo, writing in crowds, at the doors of the Court-house; evincing the atmost solicitude to learn the decision of a point, which few of them understood, otherwise than by its conse piences. The Judges took their seats about half past 10 o'clock, when the cause was .called on; and the Pleadings having been opened by the two Junior Counsel :- Mr. East on the part of the Crown, contended that the vessel was hable to condempation,—as well on the grounds which have already been before the public, in the reports of the recent decision at Bombay, in the case of the Ernaud; as for other reasons, which he most forcibly and ingemously submitted to the consideration of the Court. Mr. East was followed and ably supported by Mr. MACNAGHTEN: and, it may be fairly stated, that every statute, authority or argument that could apply to the case, was brought to the notice of the Court, and urged in support of the seizure. When the case of the Crown was concluded, the Advocate General Mr. FERGUSSON, addressed the Court on behalf of the Claimants; and with his usual clearness and ability, consended that the 18th and 19th Sections of the Act of the 12th Car. 2d c. 18. did not at any period, extend to the East Indies; -That from the time of Queen Elizabeth to the 9th and 10th of Wil-Issue and Mary, the trade to and from India was regulated by Charters, which he cited and Clustrated; and which demonstrated that the trade exclusively granted, was subject to special provisions; and must have been exempted from the operation of the Navigation Laws, so far as they applied to English Plantations. That by the Statute last mentioned,

passed two years after the Navigation laws had been reformed and confirmed, the East India Charters were adopted and sanctioned by the legislature : and especial provisions were made for obliging all pelsons trading to India, to take to England without breaking bulk, the whole of the commodities of India ;-That afterwards by the 6th of Anne, chap. Sd, the then East India Company, and all persons who might lawfully trade to India, were required to enter into a Bond, in the penalty of 2,500 g for every 100 ton of Shapping to be employed, conditioned Graine bringing to England, the whole of the Fast India Commodities, which might be shipped to the Eastward of the Cape of Good Hope: and that these enactments of the Legislature not only secured the interests of the mother Country, in respect of its revenue; but shewed that the Plantation Bond, required by the Navigation Acts, was neither applicable to India, nor calculated to secure what the Legislature contemplated, in respect of the commerce of this Country. The Advocate General also contended that by the 3"th Geo. 3d chap. 117. Foreign Ships are permitted to trade with our East India settlements, and may now lawfully come to the British Ports of India: and that if the Plantation Bonds, mentioned in the 19th Section of the Act, relied upon by the Counsel for the Crown, must be given by Ships who are permitted by law, to trade with our Ports; every Foreign vessel must enter into a Bond, conditioned to land the articles enumerated, in some port of Great, Britain, or in some of His Majesty's English Plantations! His Fragusson then referred to the 53d Geo. 3d chan 155 and to " The Circuitous trade Act;" and argued that if the British Ships now permitted to come to India under the authority of these acis, are compelled to enter into Plantation Bonds, they cannot, without a forfeiture of the bonds, carry the enumerated articles, to any places except to English Colonies and to Ports in Great Britain, -wilereas; by the Statute authorising the Circuitous trade; they are permitted to land their cargoes, including the enumerated article, at any intermediate Ports or places between the limits of the Company's Charter

and the United Kingdom, situate in North and South America, except His Majesty's Plantations in America. Mr. Fengusson also observed, that vessels. bound by the restrictions of Plantation Bonds, are permitted to take their cargoes to any other English Plantations; but by the Circuitous Trade Act, the vessels allowed to trade with India are probibited from taking their cargoes to any of " His Majesty's Colonies and Plantations in America," and that therefore the provisions of the 19th Section of the wither ar. 2d chap. 18th are repugnant from the enactments in the act, which regulates the circuitous trade with India. Mr. Comeron for the Clamants followed the Advocate General; and the learned Judges, serration, immediately delivered their judgem ut., pronouncing for the RELEASE ( ) THE VESSEL We would abmit to our readers a more detailed account of this, teresting case; but we are that a courser report of it, is preparing for the press, compiled from the notes of several gentlemen who attended at the trial. When this report shall be completed, we shall re-publish it for the perusal of our readers.

We have been favored with the perusal of a little tract on the subject of extending the advantages of education to the poorer classes of this Country. The policy of enlightening the native population, as an abstract proposition, has been questioned, but as the legislature by its recent enactments, has delermined that the blessings of knowledge shall be diffused among our fellow subjects in India, -the only remaining consideration, is, how the end proposed shall be most speedily and effectually attained? The institution of the Hindoo College, will doubtless produce considerable advantage, as well to those, who may prefit by its instruction, -as by the example which it exhibits to the inferior classes of the Native community; but, we apprehend that the march of knowledge will be very slow, unless schools can be established in the provinces and villages. The exnerin ente that have been made by Dogwor Cavey and his worthy associates at Serampore, by introducing the tystem of LANGASTER and BELL, so I referd, as to suit the condition of the natives, have afforded the most satisfactory results and we shall take an early opportunity of submitting to our readers, some interesting case as from the little book now before us, which demonstrates the practicability of conveying knowledge and meral instruction to the Natives, without alarming their prejudices, and at a comparatively trifling expence.

The report which for some days presailed thetebody of Pindarees, had been seen in the neighbourhood of Mirzapore; appears to have been quite unfounded.

The 1st and 2d divisions of the Field Artillery at Campore were under orders to march into the Doab. His Majesty's 14th and 87th Regiments, the 15th N. I and the Bocket Brigade, were also to quit Campore. A letter which we have received from an Officer of the 14th, states, that the destination of that Regiment, was not known? but that it was believed, it was to proceed on "Secret Service."

House in a tikhbars to the Sist of December state, that the Army bad become, so unavaily matmous, that the Bhaer was reditating her removal from Kunkeral.

The latest accounts from Jaypoor are dated the 9th altimot. Barothe Selectar and expected from thence, but in what direction, is not still Rankauth, a Jaypoor Sirdar, had march throm Gopaul Guitah with two strong detachments, and encamped at Jarroonud. There, he was opposed by the army of Rajah Behauder, who moved out for the purpose, from the Fortress of Canoovy, with a park of Artillery. A battle ensued, which compelled the Jaypoor Chieftain to retire. Montaus knaw had attacked Koshaul Guitah: but was repulsed by the Tevor of that place. Considerable loss was the consequence—on both sides.

RUNJIET STRUM was at Lahore on the 16th of December. The Moltan Ukhbars to the 31st of December, and accounts from Raolpundy to the 25th of that month, contain no intelligence worthy of notice.

We believe that no further accounts have been received at this Presidency of the affair between the oth Regiment of Madras Cavalry and the Pindarees, busine have much pleasure in extracting from the last Government Gazette a circumstantial account of the Chu tisement inflicted on these marauders by Captain Caulfield, of the 5th Native Cavalry, and Major Macrowall, Commanding a Detachment of Infantry and the Silhadaur Horse:—

We have now the pleasure to communicate to our readers that the body of Pindarees which escaped from Ganjain about the 30th of December, was intercepted, as we anticapated, by a detachment from the force under Colonel Adams on the 24th of last month. A dispatch was received in town by express on Monday night, detailing the particulars. Og the 23d in the morning Capt. Cauticld. commanding a equadron of the 5th Native Cavality, 10coved intelligence that the Pindarees were expected at Chandwar that evening or on the following day, and that they intended proceeding westward by the route of Chandealt Cowreeab, & ether, and Rampoor. Captain Caul held left his position on the morning of the 24th pushed on to Chandeah Cowreeah, and arrived at that place at 11 o'clock. He was there informed that they had my rehed by Chandeeah towards Belharee, and that then numbers amounted to about 4000. The squadron was immediately put in motion, and on reaching the village of Belliout, information was received of the Pindarees having passed through that place only three hours before. A march of 30 miles had, already been made, and the day was far advanced .- but Captain Caulfield was decermined to use every effort to overtake them, and accordingly the Cavalry set off at a long trot, which enabled them to come within sight of the enemy's camp a quarter of an hour before sun-set. Unfortunately however at the moment of charging, they discovered a deep nullah in advance, which could only be passed in single filed. The delay occasioned by this untoward interruption gave the nigroudely time to mount and though they were pursued and attacked with

great brovery, they nevertheless continued their flight in regular columns, keeping well together, and pinti icted in some measure by the darkness of the evening. The Cavalry followed them four miles beyond Conjeinh, when their progress was impeded by a second and more difficult nullah. The havock made amongst the Pindages was however considerable, 400 of them having been killed in the attack. Had the light lasted an hour longer, or had his force been greater, it is supposed that not a hundred men could have escaped. On our side one tooper and eight horses were wounded, and five horses missing About 400 horses, large and small, belorging to the tinemy, fell into the hands of the Cavairy, and planter to the value of about 5 or 6000 rupees. Jackets of an Officer and t to Subadars of the 22d Madra, N I the smails.

On the 26th Captain Caulfield received infinition that the last division of the Pindarees intended to march on the last division of the Pindarees intended to march on the day from a place post Schagpore, and was expected to arrive at Chandecah by the 28th He is to make every endeason to his power to intermed the hot in consequence of the long march on the dissimilated at 76 miles!—and the hours having hadron but had grass for some days, we was obliged to delay further operations till the arrival of the barg, we and provisions.

Colon I Adam had shreeted Major Clarke to advance from Belharee to Sohow, with the new of interrupting the remains of the party which escaped from Captain Caulfield, and on the 27th his pushed forward five Companies of the 1st Battalion 19th Native Infantry by forced marches to occupy and defend Belharee in the absence of Major Clarke and to be prepared to encounter the last division of the Pinchrees, who might, probably, on heaving of the previous action, strike off in that direction.

In addition to this successful enterprize, we have the pleasure to record another which was executed on the night of the 14th of January, to the southward of Crimula, by Major Macdowall, commanding a detachment of Infantry and the Silhadar horse. Having received information that a small party of Pindarees lad just plundered a vilagenear Ooming, he proceeded in that direction. The Bukshee of the Silhadar horse had picked up two wounded men on his march and sent them to the Major, to om on being promised a reward, they pointed, out the spot who a body of 2000 Padarees was at that time halting, and that another body of about 2000 were some mines in the rear-

The handment was immediately ordered to fall in at 9 s'clock that night, leaving an officer and 80 men in charge of the camp. The march commenced at half past 10. force consisted of 325 hielocks and 1000 of the Silladar horse. At 3 o'clock in the morning they reached the Pindaree encampment, which was completely taken by surprize. The detachment observed such strict order and silence during the night march, that it was within one yard of them before they were aware of its approach, and a fire or musquetry was instantly opened upon them. Roused from then sleep by this dreaful visitation, they sprung up ami fled .. th the greatest precipitation, leaving all their plunder behind them. The Silladar horse pursued them to a considerable distance and out off great number six bodies were found where the surprize took place When day broke, a strong band of them was discovered about a mile off, but they find on the approach of the Suitadas house, which after a successful pursuit of several miles counted 125 men killed and 60 wounded, besides about 1000 houses, 800 of which have been taken and are of the best description.

These parties of Pindarees appear to have there come manded by a Chief of the name of Bukico. After these destructive engagements they proceeded to the northward with the greatest expedition. Many are, destribed to be wounded, without times and clothing, and the entire to seize the blankets of the natives whose they chanced to pass in the fields. The villagers are and to have killed several men and horses, attacking the reor of their discoveral men and horses, attacking the reor of their discoveral men and horses, attacking the reor of their discoveral detailed is dated Pensanges, their board. It is not to the formal of the body of lindarees to the southward of the place.

Only lose on our side a stated to be two men of the Sillagae horse.

killed and twe wounded.

Having given the amove particulars we shall now trace, the west to which the Produces had followed, to evade the troops who is had been posted in several part of the Deceau to interest them. The party from Ganjam had kept to far to the cests at it, that they crossed the small branches on the Nerbuilda between Mundlah and Sohagpore, pushing still farther northward to the latter place, to avoid the detachments of our troops known to be on the south banks of the liver, and uninformed of the approach of the Tappore Subsidiary force under Coionel Adams. Belbiace, from whence Captain Caulfield was detached to Chandeesan

Cowrecah, is about forty miles to the N. N E) of Gurrah so the Neibudda, so that they intended to return to theil native hills in a line parallel with that river and at the disa tance of about 40 miles to the northward. But then views bave been fortunately and gallantly frustrated. The cente of the body of Produces encountered by Mijor Macdonall however shows in a still greater degree their diead of meeting with any military force, and the immense sweep of country they made to keep out of danger. In both cases they were arrested and ittacked, when they had nearly . accomply hed their purpose. From the accounts given to Mysi Mr dowell by one of his presoners, it was a that the party to which he helpiged, was the same that passed in front of M cjor Fair's post on in 12th of November, and amounted when it left the Normida to upwards of 2000 men. They advanced by the conte of Seony and Rander, leaving Nagpore on the right, and Ohandah on the left. It passed Endelshid, Indoor, and Bidor, and perestrated to the Kistna, leading Kilbergth on the right Moring up the left bank of the river, it took the direction of Punderpore, which it left to the westwird, passing south of Carmulla and Toolpapore, to the spot on which it vas so brayely attacked and routed by Major Macdo \* all

The defance traverses in this circuitous route from the Piertindda to Carmulli, curoof he less than 600 miles and from thence no, thward of mix he about 500 mine to their homes. They will return this her with little more thank a skeletost of their force, and deprived of the wealth and abunder which they had ac annihised in the early part of their career. The significantisement which they have experienced this s ason will we have no doubt, paraly a their resolution and damp their contage for any forme excensive depredation.

We have letters from Port Louis to the 17th December—They commonstate the particulars of a diep and extensive scheme of forgery, successfully practised during a considerable period, on the principal English and French merchiatsia the colony, For principal agent to this ne farious plot was we believe named La Cohe. He put in use his discolical arragainst almost every house in Port Louis, and so admirably did he counterfeit, that when the composary came to be suspected, the defrauded per some way anable to distinguish his forged signatures from their own; and had no other means of preving his guit;

than by profing that, there were in their books no entries corresponding to the notes sent in for payment. On discovery of his crimes, L. Cotte endeavoured to escape into the uncultivated interior; but was luckily secured, and confined to Port Louis jul 'We understand that the losses sustained by his well contrived villamy are of an enormous amount; and from a melincholy addition to the misfortunes of a meritorious class, who, of all others, suffered most heavily by the lite configration. We observe that in consequence of the pressing representations of the Chief Judge, His Excellency Covernor bargunar had taken upon himsen to extend the operation of the penal code to the stage conduction of the Maurithis and its dependencies; & measure which had become imperiously necessary it in the dreadful evels ansing out of the willul setting on line to buildings, and the inapplicability of the ancient jenai land by which alone slaves used to be tried to the due pumiliaent of such affences.

# SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The H. C. Ship Lady Cambell, is expected to be despected in a day or two, and the Lady Courington, in ten or twelve days.

The Eliza Cornishy touched she Midras on the 31sk

December, on her homeward bound voyage.

The post office packet, Harriel, may be expected in the

river, having left Midras mads on the 12th ultimo.

The Ship Georgiana, Emmot, for Midris, Cutter Den-'Yatch, Postlips, for Bombay, and Portuguese Ship Cedade, (late P. me.) J. P. V. de Almeida for Lisbon.

Pass gers per Experiment: W. G. Graham, Mr. J.

Grant & Kerr, & J. Horiges.

Per Laity Nugent: Captain Vincent, and 290 Troops,

20th Regiment.

Pest Prollippa: Colonel Shouldham, and Lieutenant Suppins, 20th Regiment: Lieut. Ledlie, European Regiment; J. Maughan, Esq.; Mr. Padlig, and 386 Troops and followers:

Per Admirul Drury: Mr. William Wren, Free-mariner.

Correct List of Passengers proceeding to Europe and Foit Maribro on board the Honorable Company & Extra

Ships Mangles, and Lady Campbell, and Private Incenced Ships Guildford, Dawson, Itlas and Aberdeen.

# By the Mangles, Captain Benjamin Bunn, to binger

Captain Charles Chepmell. of His Majesty's 23d Regiment of Foot: Lieutenant Skinner, of His Majesty's 24th Regiment of Light Dragoons, and Mr. James Neale, Children: Masters, Colin Dancin Campbell, John Bullock Campbell, Alexander Campbell; Miss Lincy Campbell.

#### 16 FORT MARLBRO'

Mrs. Jennings; W. R. Jennings, Esq. a Chil Servant on this Establishment; C. Halhell, Esq. a Civil Servant on the Bencoolen Establishment; Mr. William Brietzeke, and Mr. Loosey.

By the Lady Campbell, Capt. Thos. Marquis.

#### TO FUROPE.

Lieut, Col. Fagan, Judge Advocate General, Mr. Wilson, Superintending Surgeon. Children. Masters George H. Fagan, Christopher Fagan; Finneis Thomas Merk. Thomas Raxham Eates; and Charles William Blunt. Misses Eliza Fagen; Harrott Figur: Frances Fagan. John Sherwood Merk; Kate Eales; Emina Eales; Itza Van Blunt; Itab Ha. Nicholls. and Ehrabeth Plasser.

TO THE CAPPOR GOOD MORE. AND EVENTUALES TO REBORD A Lieutement Colonic Richardson, of the 14th Regiment of Native Infantity.

By the Guildford, Captain M. Johnson.

to FUROPE.

Captine Gabb, of the Lit Native Regional, rocal, Reymond, of the 28th Regiment of Native Infantry; Lieutenant Pearce, of the 5th Regiment of Native Infantry, Lieutenant Pearce, of the 10th Regiment of Native Infantry, Lieutenant Scott, of the Regiment of Artillery, Lieutenant Germann, of the 14th Regiment of Native Infantry; Lieuten Germannst, of Artillery; Mr. Alexander Taylor, and Mr. John W. Hallon, Surgeons of the Royal Nosy, Mr. James Innes, and Mr. Steward Innes.

By the Dawson, Captain Macdonald.

M. Phillips, T. Phillips, Esq. third Member of the Mode of Bound, Lien . R. Martin, 7th Regiment of No.

tive Infantry, Children: Masters Phillip Robert Crump, Ely Crump, Henry Clapton Barnard, Misses Mary Ann Crump; and Anna Barnard.

By the Atras, Captam J. Short.

TO TEROPE

Mis. Warien; Audiew Rid, Isq a Civil Servant on this Establishment.

By the Aberdeen, Captain J. Fen ick.

TO ILHOFE

Mis. Johnston, and Miss Napier Leuisa Johnston

ARRIVAIS. Feb. 3. Experiment. Ramsay, from Manilla 9th December and Penang the 7th January.

Do. 4. Lady Nazent, Robertson, from Majacca the 8th January.—Philippa, Nicholls, from Penang the 10th January.

Pos. 6. Arah Ship Mustapha, Hamet, from Muscat the

15th Saptember

Do. S. Birk Admiral Drury, Beneaut, from Bombay the 24th Nov. and Tellicherry the 7th December.-Portuguese Brig Configuea, De Barros, from Macoa the 12th December.

DEPARTURES. Feb. 2. Arab Ship Nadir Shah, Nacoda, for Muscat.

Do. 3. Windsor Castle, Hornblow, for London.

Do. 4. Nestor, Theaker, for Landon .- Mile, Short, for ditto.

Do. 6. French Fregate La Licorne, Le Conite De St. Simeon, for France. Sundanny, Nacoda Syed, for Cannance. —Curremone. Richard, for Bassorah.

Dords. R. C. whip Nearchus, Wilkinson, H. C. Yache Phienia, Jackson, and H. C. Snow John Shore. Campbell, all for Bencoolen and Java.—Georgiana. Emmut, for Madias.—Harrett. Roberts. to complete her cause for the Culpo.—Brig Udney, Ashmore, for Padrang.—Brig Aluce, Gracia, for the Coast and Madias.—Triuguese. Ship Cedale de Demann, De Almeida, for Lishon.

VERIL REMAINING AT DIAMOND HARMOUK Cornwalls.

Ar Redgirer.

AT THE NEW ASCHORAGE.

H. C. Ship Astell, H. C. Extra Shipser-die Car. ington. and Ship Devaynes.

H. C. Ship Lady Campbell.

BOMBAY. ARRIVALS. January 14. Ship Sire Evan Nepean. Captain John Boogl from China; American Ship Saco. Nathaniel Haskell. Commander, from Boston; Breg Countess of Loudon. Captain William Johnstone, from Tappaneoly.—16. H. C. Ship Kernard, Commander Licutement D. Jones, from China. Passengers: Licutement McDonnell; Mrs. McDonnell. Captain Anderson; Mr. Vaupell, and Mr. Dobinson; Ship Helen. Captain Andrew Crawford, from China. Passengers: Mr. Purnell, Assistant Surgeon H. C. S.; Mrs. Purnell. Child and servants, H. C. Cruizer Prince of Wales, Lieurement B. Dominicott, from Mangalote; Ship Shaia Byramgore. Captain George Hammett, from Manilla; Ship Lovely hish, Nacquidah Esmatice Ehrim, from Bengal.—17. Ship Asia Felix, Captain J. A. Cowden, from Bengal.

PENANG ARRIVALS, Dec. 28. Ship Bombay Merchart, G. Cowe, from Calentia, 14th Dec. Passengers: Lieux, and Mis. Bunbury, and Family, Rev. J. R. Henderson, C. Blake, Esq.—29. Ship Mysore, A. Glass, from Calcutta, 14th ditto. Passengers: Colonel and Mis. Loveday, and Family, Lieux. Burney -- 30. Brig Manyock, Mayhong, from Malacca, 20th ditto. Passengers: 20. Natives.

Jau. 2 Ship laibella, P. C. Poster, from ditto, 24th ditto. Passenger: Capte Pearson.—3. Ship John Munro, Miduliannin, from Calentia, 15th octors Ship Lep exment; S. Bensey, from Manilla, 9th ditto. Passenger: Captain Graham.

Dipartinger Dec. 28. Ship Humayoon Shah, Was, Richindson, for Bombay. Passengery: Caprain and Mrs. Nixon, with an infant Daighter; Ship Huggitta, 5. F. da Silva, for Goa, Passenger: Colonel Frostes, Mijor Pereira, and J. T. de Aquino.—30 Birg Christiana, J. Scott, for Calcutra.—21. Ship Bombay Castle, Was, Cieland, for Bombay; Ship Nassary, Sayd Abdullah, for Jeddi, Brig Pattahalvalim, Sayd Codultinan, for Nagore.

Jan. 2. Shio Po. Wm. Knox, for Madias; Brig. Mcunor, P. Phissel, for Peru

# BOMBAY.

On Wednesday last the Helen, Capt. A. Clawford arrived herestroe china the 3d Dec. At it e time that Captain Crawford left Canton no authentor accounts had reached that city of the conact of Lord Amberse's embassy? the cut-

rent report however still continued that it had failed, and that his Lordship was on his return to Canton, where he was expected to arrive early in December. The affair of the exchange of shots between the Chinese forts and the British men of war is totally unrounceted with the results of the embassy. It appears that his majesty's frigate Alcoste and sloop of war Lyra on their return from the Yellow sea anchored at Chuempie, and on requiring a pilot to go thio' the Bocca were told, that they should have one or a chop arriving from Canton, which was also promised to be more. disch furnished : several days passed the chop being witheld, on one pretence or other Captain Maxwell, we understand, finding that the delay was a trick, declared his intention of passing the Borca without either thop or pilot if they were not furnished in eight and forty hours; the thou not arriving in that time, the Alceste and Lyra got under weigh, and at midnight in passing the Bocco were fired at from the fort on shore without shot, which was returned in like manner, the Chinese then recommenced firing shot, some of which stricking the frigate, she gave them two or three broadsides and passed up to the second bar where she archored. Representation was made of the affair to the Viceroy at Canton, but he disasowed having sanctioned the transaction, said it had originated in mistake and declared his intention of punishing the Chinese officers at the forts, on the bages for their reproper and unanthorised conduct on this occusion.

When the Helen of China the Hon, C.'s Ship Wexford and Elphrastone had not arrived. The Mulford of this port after A. t Whampoa late in November. We are only to Jeann that the Ship Counters of London from Bengal for China had been totally wrecked on the coast of Palwan, the optain, officers and crew of her were on board the Sasan. The H. C's Ship Balanrias and Buckinghamship to London China on the 1st. Dec. and the Hermason street of London China on the 1st. Dec. and the Hermason appears of and for this port, about the 6th. The Americans appears of hive carried on a very extensive trade this season in China.

The P. Stidge, Captain Anderson from this port arrived at the Case on the 29th Sept. and sailed again too the 3d October, she was put under quarantine for one day.

The Samiring, Captain Gover from this port army deat 50. Her has on the 23d August, after was operating a very

severe gale on the 30th July uning which she was struck by lightning; the following extracts from Captain Gover's letter and his log will give our leaders the best account of the situation of the ship.

St. Helena, 24th August, 1816.

SIRA.

I beg leave to upform you of our arrival here on the 23d August, my letter of the 11th July would inform you be on; leaving the Mauritins on that day. On the 30th we were overtaken by a violent storm, at the conclusion of which we were struck by lightning, inclosed I send you a copy from the log book. During the gale, the ship made viv good weather of it, and I have not the least apprehension that any of our eargo is damaged. From the log you will see, it was my intention to have put back to the Monortees to repair our damages, but after rigging our jury main must I found the ship to gail so well that I immedrives determined to proceed on our revage. After accid at we had one gile before we got round, the Cape, and the wind continuing at N and N E, prevented my getting in there. Our passage from the latitude of the Cape, to Stillelene was tacked days, our of which we had four days light northerly sands, we are now rigged with a more top most for a middingst, five ditto for mizen, with our top gatting, royal ingestion neighbore them, and I am haven to say that the ship sails remarkably well noder them, rounding the stage we have had one run of 24) onless and these days one of 200 miles. Our water is no some of site land I shall sail this afternoon, I have on been aute to get any throchere, I expect the boat my ite. pool by the 10th of October. The Cambrian, passed this on the 28th of June.

I remain, &c. &c. &c.

(Signed) J. GOVEP-

Copy of the Samarang's log on the 31st July 1915.— First part of these 24 hours, Hard gates with a houry sea, dark of had arising from the N. W. with severy squalls of had and rain, attended by thunder and forked lightning. Slip lying to under the main and mizen storm stay sails. At I P. M. after an unful loud clap of thunder, the main-mixt was struck by lightning in two separate places about his for 5 high, which cutting the iron hoops around the mast, entered the upper dock about a foot about

it. At the same moment aithick smoke was observed to issue from the main, after and companion hatchways and the fire having been communicated by the main-mast, which was at this time burning and shattered in such away as to tender its standing utterly impossible, it was considered advise ble to cut it away and accordingly it went over the side carrying with it the mizen-mast, which went by the heard at the same time. Threw the gun-powder overboard and after clearing away the wieck, which was attended with much difficulty, the re-sel rolling deep and shipping heavy seas, opened the gratings of the after hatchway and ascertained that the lightness had passed through the be im abaft the main-mast and setting on fire in its progress two cases of bi cuits, entered a cask of water which was staved and shattered immediately under them, no other sign being here observable, it was concluded that the injury extended no further, more particularly as the smoke had by this time nearly subsided and the smell of fire became scarcely distinguishable. Being thus relieved from our greatest apprehension, proceeded to examine the state of the ship, which was happily found to have sustained little injury, the main-mast in falling having only store the jolly boar and carried away the bulwarks on the larboard side. Threw the boat over board to clear the decks and the following articles which had been removed to ascertain the tue's progress (viz.) 1 Box addressed William Bell, Fsq - 2 bags musters of Carrangel cotton, a quantity of provisions, &c .- At this moment the hatchways being open, ship lab using violently and shipping heavy seas, a quantity . Sugarge was received between decks which it was hoped, would exting ush any sparks of fire, our search might have overtool, A At 5 P. M mustered the ship's company, providentially all safe and unbert, and the weather being comparatively moderate set the fore-sail, close reefed, hadred it mine sible to proceed at this season in our present mustion, having previously consulted my officers who joine in this opinion, wore ship and stood for the Manners to repair our damages. At mid-night moderate with heavy sea, out 4 and 3 reef of the foretop sail, got up a main top gillant-mast for a jury-mast and set the norm-top gallant sail on it. At 8 A M. saw a ship to the S. E. standing towards us. At 11 A. M. spoke the stranger which sent her boat on board with an offer a my assistance in her power to give, she proved to se the Caroline, a French ship from the Mauritius, which she left on the

Noth June, bound to Nantz and commanded by Captain De Joura-At noon cloudy, sea still high and reling heavily at times, employed opening the lower hatchways and getting up part of the cardo to ascertain if the light-hing had penetrated the lower fleck—found al., safe.

Latitude cbs. ,35° 41 S. Long. per Chro. 21° 50 E.

# PENANG.

Colonel Loveday, Commanding the Troops serving far this Presidency, landed from the Mysore, on Sunday last, under the salute due to his lank.

On Monday the 30th ultimo, John Macalister, Esq. was sworn in a Member of Council at this Presidence, under the usual Salute from the Fort, and afterwards took his Seat as one of the Puisne Judges in the Court of Judicature.

On Thursday morning, the Court of Judicatine assembled pursuant to the notice of adjournment on the 2d instant, and again adjourned to the 16th of the month

[Gas Jin. 1.

# CALCUTTA MONTHLY JOURNAL. /

Vo . XXX.] CALCUTTA; Fre 17, 1817. (No. 208,

# FROM THE GOVERNMENT GAZETTE, FEBRUARY 13, 1817.

# MILITARY.

THE GOVERNOR GIVEN, IN COUNCIL.

# " FORT"WILLIAM, JANIARY 21, 1817

His Excellency the Right Honorable the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Capt. George Hunter, of the 1-r Regiment of Native Infanty, to the situation of second Assista to the Secretary to the Military Board, and first Assistant in the Debartment of Accounts, in the room of Capt Joreanah Bryant, appointed Judgs Advocate General

J. YOUNG,

Ollg. See to Gove Mil Dept-

OF STRAIL ORDERS BY OUR LECTION OF THE BYLANG HONOL VOILE

FORT WALLIAM, JANUARY A. 1817.

Resolved. If I the following Payographs of C. and Fotters, received from the Homo, the the Constant Directors, in the Military Oppium int, and indirectors the 3d 10th and Title July, 1816, be published in General Orders.

# General Letter, Art of 3d July, 1816.

Page 5 to Vicinity peculibration following Onliners, belongmention appet to blottomout, to resome in focused my the departure of the last ships of next season, viz.

There mant to do di the server Cape on Potes, Lewis (2011).

Associat Surgeon Wen Suppon Welsh."

A SECT have permitted Cornet Robert Lands by Austruther, and Facution of Chomas Noton, both Officers belonging to your I stablishment to return 10 their duly

Conered Letter, dated the 10th July, 181

9. We have permitted Mr. Charles Riansby Francis, to proceed to your Presidency to practise as a Surgeon, and we accept that he do succeed as an Assistant Surgeon—The rap! of Mr. Francis will be retiled at a future period.

3. " Lieutenant Col. George Raban C B. has received our permissioAto remain in England, till the departure of the last Ships of next season, without projudice to his returng from the service, should be then desire it

 4 "Captain William Collyer belonging to your Establish. ment, has received our permission to remain in England, till the

departure of the first Ships of ne It sees in 5 2 Licutenaut Robert Graydon of the 9th Native Infantry on your Establishment, who came to England on Furlough, died the 1st September, 1814"

### General Letter, dated 17th July, 1816

2 "We have resolved to permit brevet Col. George Hinbar Pine, to return with his rank to your Presidency, bring satisfied that his return has been prevented by movitable accident. Our resolution to this fleet has received the approbation and conenvence of the Right Honorable, the Board of Commissioners for the office of India, igreeably to the Act of the 33d of his present Majesty, Cap. 5? Sec. 70.

J. YOUNG,

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GLYDRAD ORDERS, BY HIS PROLLE NOT THE RIGHT HONORSPIE THE GOVERNOR GITTERL IN COLVER

### FORT WILLIAM, JANUARY 31, 1817.

His Excellence the Legal Honorable yee Governor General in Connect is aleased to access in General Orders, that the Crothing of the Army will be future to propared and so a corps, so as to be ready for assurt one or as soon after the feeeach year, as practicable, for the year precising, communing with the Clothing for the year 1817.

This Excellency the Right Honorable the Community in the

is requested to assue such Subantiary Orders for giving office to the deve Regulation, as may appear to His Executioner persons 9 41 5

J., 10120 "

Offg. Sec. to Gest. Mil Dept

CINERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELENCE THE RIGHT HONORAGER PHE GOVERNOR OF VERAL IN COUNCIL.

# FORT WILLIAM; Franciscs 10, 1817.

His Excellency the Right Honorable the Governor General in Conneil rapleased to permit Captain 'enty, of the 'fli Regimer's of Native Infantry on the Lombay Establishment, to proceed to harope on Fullough, on account of his private affairs,

J YOUNG,

Offg. Sec. to G ovt' Mil. Depl.

SCHERAL ORDERS. BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT HONORIBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM - JANUARY 31, 1817.

Some minute errors having clept into the Tables published in General Orders, under date the 3d instant, exhibiting the daily rations of Provisions, to be serfed out to Native Troops, while on shore, on foreign service, and the rates at which each cricle is to be paid for by the man, His Excellency the Right Honorable the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct, that the following corrected Tables be substituted, in her of those above-mentioned.

No. 1.

Table of weekly Rations of Provisions, &c. authorized to be served out to European Troop, while on board of Sing, by order of His Licellency the Right Ho iorable the Governor General in Conacil, as communicated in Vi. Secretary Gardiner's letter, No. 445, dated 15th Nov. 1516.

Busenit, 7 lbs; Rice, 3½ lbs; Flour, 1 lb; Raisins or Suet, 4 oz; Vects, 1½ prats; Sugar, 12 oz; Fea, 2 oz; Black Pepper, 2 oz; \*Spirits, 2 \*Drains per diem, or 24-5 pints per week; hingar, ½ pint; Mustaid Seed, 2 oz; Beef, t ountry, 2½ lbs; Pork, 2 lbs; Firewood, 28 lbs; Water 7 gallons.

25 quarts of Line Juice, for every hundred men, for one

monta

One Horn Lanthorn, and one Waz Candle, per night, for each

Ship.

The proportions of 'Rice and Biscott depend so much upon local considerations, and the facility, or otherwise of preparing the latter, that it is difficult to prescribe any rule for intuit occasions; Biscott being however considered as most interfities and being generally most acceptable, it is advisable that as large a proportion (not exceeding the quantity above-mentioned) should be given of it, as circumstances may warrant.

\* 10 per Cent. below London proof.

t 40 prams to a Gallon-Wine measure.

No 9.

Table of Baily Rations of Provisions, &c. authorized to be served out to Native Troops, while on board of Ship, by the orders of His Excellency the Right Honorable the Gavernor General in Connect, as communicated in Mr. Secretary Girduner's a rice, No. 1800, dated 15th November 1816.

HIVDOOS WHO LO NOT COOK ON ROARD BIP

Flour Coz.; Choorah, 120%; Gram, 10 ov.; Ghee, 2 ov.; San, 1 ova; Tohacco, 2 ov.; Beetlenuts, 2. Paunicases, 2; Coulam, 1 ov.; Khut, 1 ov.; Sugar, 4 ov.; Tamarind 1 ov.; mater, 1 guina, Firewood, 1 lb.t; Oil per week, 8 ov.

\* | For Lating and | for Smoaking

t in the use of those Hinddos, that doess their Plant in

PATIVE CHRISTIAN', MAHONEDA 16, AND OTHER NATIVES WHO COOK ON 16 THE P. . .

Dil per weck, 8 oz; Rice, 13 lb; Dholl, 1 oz.; Gram, 2 oz.; Ghee, 2 oz.; Salt, 1 oz, Tcp. cc, 2 oz.;\* Chillies, 14 oz.; Black Pepper, 3 oz; Garlick 4 oz; Omons, 3 oz.; Beetler huts, 2; Paunleaves, 10; Chumam, 3 oz.; Khut, 3 oz; Turmerick, 3 oz.; Sugar, 4 oz.; Tamurind, 4 oz; Firewood, 2 lb.; Water, 1 gallon.

Fifty quarts of Lime Juice and I chest of Tea, for every 200 men, during the S. W. Monsoon, when the voyage exceeds two months, I Horn Lanthorn, and I Wax Candle per night, for

No. 3.

each Ship.

Table of Daily Rations of Provisions to be served out to Native Troops, while on Shore on Foreign Service, and it becomes necessary to supply them from the Public Stores, together with the rates at which each article is to be paid to: by the men, authorized by the Orders of His Excellency the Right Honorable the Governor General in Council of the 15th November, 1818; and Mr. Secretary Gardiner's letter, No. 485, to the Secretary to the Military Board of that date.

Dairy trations for each. Rate at which to be man, of whitever rank. pout for

411	lbs			
Wheat-p	y 4	, ,	32 lbs for one	
hace J		• * .	10 165 32 165	ditto
bace J Daoile e	0 4	Ó	se los	ditto
Callet	() 2	(1	4 1bs	artto
Anhaero	0 2	. 0	10 lbs	dilto
Tremerick	1) (	ı s	16 lbs	ditto
Sail	0 6	16	n lbs	dillo

Wheat Clour where procheable, to be preferred to Rice.

J. YOUNG,

Offg Sec to Govt. Mil Dept.

CINERAL ORDERS, BY HIS PACIFIED Y THE RIGHT ACTURAL BLEZIER GOALRACH GENERALIA COLYCIA.

### FORT WILLIAM; JANEARY 31. 1817

The Right Honorable the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the optioning appointments, in the Ordanice Delytiment, to supply gasisting vacancies in that branch of the service.

John Bennet, Garrison Serjeant at Agra, to be Conductor of Ordnance, from 15th July, 1810, vice Supth. deceased

Jora Oldknow, Serjeint of Artillery, to be Conductor of Or larger from 9th Aggust, 1916 vice Barling, deceased

Johannes Section Serience of Artillety, to be Confinctor of

Ordnames, from 1st November 1818, vice Sutherland, my iloded C. McDonald, Segmant, Major of the Light Infantry Volumeer Batt dion, to be Conductor of Ordnance, from the 15th November, 1816, vice Boyd, deceased.

Lieutenant Peter Jerenne, of the 2d Regiment of Native Infantry, having produced the prescribed certaic ites from the Medical and Pay Departments is permitted to refurn to Europe of

factough, on account of his he dth.

Captain T. J. Thoner, of the 11th Regiment of Native Infintry. having forwarded a Medical Celtificate, from the Isle of France, The large of absence grayted to this in General Orders of the 3d of May, 1816, to be absent from Pengal, for ten months, for the benefit of his health, is alloted to a furlough to Eucope, on the smac account, complending from the 1st uttimo.

The auditional Others having respectively furnished the pre-critical certificates from the Medic datad. Pay. Departments, are permitted to proceed, the former to the Isle of Tronce, and the latter to Sea, for the benefit of their health, and to be absent

on that account for sex months.

facut mont J. Watkins, Interpreter and Quarter Master, 1st

Battahore 14th Regiment of Nitive Infantiv.

Corner W. Mactier, of the 4th Regiment of Native Cavalry, Mr. Assistant Surgeon Renry Petrie Sannders, having forwinded a Medical Cectificate from the Isle of France, the have of absence granted to him in General Orders of the 18th and 2 mg of May last to proceed thither for the benefit of he health, 14 extended for six months beyond the sair therein specified

Jo YOUNG.

One See to Govt Mil Deja,

CALB from a second talk and exemply academy recent thousards THE GOVERNOR GOVERNO IN COUNTRY

# FORE WILLIAM. JANUARY 31 1817

to order to avoid the embarrassment and trouble in the Public Offices their must arise from the adjustment of minute claims to, - ken periods, without any conneasurate benefit to in arrands the Right Honorable the Governor to well in Council is placed a declare that, with respect to Clothing and Claims of the Office oning Rand or other similar questions of a general affice one reduction of the 4th, 5th, and oth Light let i es Volunte, e Bittalions, as directed in General Orders of the 21 demonstrate of to med as if it had taken effect from the Islandanuary, telli.

J. YOUNG, Offg. Sec to Govi. Mir. Dept. CENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCILIENCE THE RIGHT HOSORABLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; FEDICARY 4, 1813.

Captain G. H. Gall, commanding the Right Honorable the Covernor General's Rody Guard, having furnished the requisite Pay and Medical Certificates, is permitted to proceed to Sea, for the recovery of his health, and to be absent on that account, for six months.

J. YOUNG, Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

It is with great concern we amounce the loss of the Achion, Captain Oliver, on the 12th ultimo, in Trincomallie Harbour.—The particulars of this misfortune will be seen in the following Madras Gazette Extraordinary.

# Madras Gazette Extraordinary, JANUARY 29, 1817.

This morning arrived His Majesty's Ship Magicienne, Captain Purvis, from Trincomallie, having on board, the whole of the Passengers which lately embacked on the homeward bound Sup Album, Euptain Oliver, for England.

This Ship was totally lost on Sunday night the 12th Instant, in Trancomallie hardour, by striking on a rock, we are happy, however, to be enabled to add, that not a single life was lost on this melancholy occasion, the Ship did not go, we understand, to pieces for two days after she struck, which enabled the Passengers and Crew to be landed at Trincomallie, but the whole of the Carge and Baggage are lost. The Packet, we hear, is saved.

His Excellency the Admiral after rendering every assistance in his power to the wreak, dispatched his flag Ship with the passengers to this port, where they and those who originally embarked from Bengal arrived early this morning.

Knowing the anxiety that must prevail on this operation, we hasten to lay those particulars before the oblic -- on which every dependance may safely be placed.

The following are the pursungers that embarked from

this ace and are arrived on the Magicienne.

M. General and Mrs. Taylor, Colonel and Mrs. Lewis, Ms. Griffiths, Geo. Coleman and H. Bushba, Esqrs. of the Honorable Company's Civil Service,—Chili-

and Ann Taylor. - Master, J. hn Le Page, Henry Somerset Taylor. and Edward Levels Griffiths.

Captain Convolund of the Coast Artillery, and Lusgon Davies of H. M. 19th Regiment, landed shortly before the accident occurred, but lost the whole of their baggage.

The Governor General and part of his suite, returned to Calcutta on Tuesday evening last. The funting excursion was not so successful as had been expected; but a Tyger, and several Buffaloes were killed.

Lady Exercise wat home" on Friday evening to a numerous party of her friends. Lond Morna was present at the one stamment.

The last Ball of the Season, so far as we are in the secret, will be holden at the Assembly Rooms on Tuesday next, for the benefit of Mr. Hastin: and we sincerely hope, that the Subscription will amply reward the person, who has so well, in his particular sphere, deserved the patronage of the public.

It is said that an attempt was recently made to set five to the Upton Castle but that the five was immediately extinguished. An enquity has been instituted; and some of the crew, are on their way up the fiver to have their conduct investigated. A particular report of the case will hereafter be published to general information; but we have been assured, their there is reason to conclude that the five was the effect of accident.

We have much preasure in giving publicity to the billion of inveresting experiments of the effect produces have Congreve Rockets

FEBRUARY 1' -17.

On the constant six of the larger size were fired, viz. 32 Com does, you witch were Carcass Rockets and 3 Shell Book

or On a tridity the 1st instant, a most interesting experiment with the Congresse Rockets tool place on the plains of Janje mown in Campore under the management of the Commanding Chaer of the Rocket Troop, Captain Wissin

ets; the first was fired on the ground, and produced a range of little more than 1000 yards—skimming the surface in majerical style, with occasional deviation a few varies to the left, the 3d round was fired from the Bombarding Frame, with an elevation of 35 degrees; its flight was regular and very fine—it grazed at 1500 yards, made a deviation to the right from the graze of about 30 yards, and pursued its course, completing a range of 2000 yards.

- The 4th, a Shell Rocket, was fired along the ground- the direction was good, but at about 1200 yards, the Shell seperated from the Rocket, she course of the Rocket however, was not obstructed, and it produced a range of 1000 yard.
- The 6th round was a Shell Rocket tired at in clevition of 35 degrees—its course extremely regular and by initially grand—it ranged a distance of 3000 yards, the Shell burstine in the air, added to the awild spleislour of its discharge, and greatly increased the admiration of the Spectator.
- The aid and 5th rounds were experiments to discretifing the effect at less elevations—it was evident however, the Bocket does not acquire sufficient force when find at low ingles or by a uton the recover from the dip towards the horizon, they dimake, soon after leaving the home and both the Rock is med, at the elevation of to degrees fell to the ground of covere distance from the frame they were discharged from
- For this part of the experion art a transposars, purposars consisted a the original Bombardius from the original dimition, of lower angles than 35 degree. The number of specifies a thorough was extremely numerous foot this necesses those consistent was extremely numerous foot this necesses that the excited universal administration and surprise.

The force about to assemble in the Domb is to consist of H. M. 8th and 24th Laght Diagram and 4th and 87th Regiments of Foot. It is Company of Artillery with 18 and 24 pounders and 10 and 8 inch mortals; and several battahous of Sative 19 fantry. Major-General Mansayt is marched in a Campore on the 1st instant, with the 24th Diagroups. Among the Corps of Native Information by Iv to be employed, the following are manifold. Ist Bat, 1st Regt.: 2d Bat, 19th Regt.; 1st Bat, 2ath, and 2d Bat, 19th

Accounts from Agra neutron that Major-Cene, al Donkes having taken the command of his division on the 26th ultimo: had preceded from Agra to Muttra.

We have received Ukhbars from Hotkan's Camp, near Kurkeral, to the 'th ultimo, Balaram Seri was yet in disgrace—and to his intrigues, the encreased mutiny of the army was imputed. Letters received by the Bhaee from Outen, mentioned that Amajer, a Sirdar in the service of Scindiah, was encamped with a considerable force, within three coss of that place; and that a skirmish was immediately expected, between the army of Holkan and 'The troop- under Amajer. The camps were within four coss of each other.

Our latest intelligence from Jaypoor is dated the 16th ultime. Americkings had been at Jaypoor, endeavouring to citract had a lac of rupees from the Rajak of that place. Twenty thousand rupees having been obtained, the Khas advanced near to the Jaypoor Capital. Mongreys Khas was at Kunkurrah:—he had effectually plundered Kodia, and had peremptority directed the Isalagam of Kurkurah to repair the Foct without delas.

RUNDERT ST on on the 23d of December was at Lahore. The had obtained from the widow of the Lite Journ Strom, a sword of the value of one let of rupees. The time and ortillers were under orders to march towards Molton. Let had also sent threatening me sages to the Chréttims of the Kohistan Country, requiring the manedate payment of all arrears of tribute. Myhowin Shwh arrived at Peshoar on the 212 and December.

The apprehension entertained at Madias, of a visit from the 1 indurers appears to have somewhat subsided, although the Crovernment had thought hit to inject that Martial Law should be proclaimed in such this iteration the Pindurees, might enter. We trust however, that the severe chastisement inflicted on the seleral bodies, whose progress had been traced, will produce a salutary effect. The success of Capcin Carling in La against 8 party of Pindurees, at Billant has already been communicated to our readers and we are now in possession of the Official setail of the enterprise of Major Machowall, com-

manding a Detachment to the Westward of Beedar in the Deckan, which has been published in the Madras Government Gazette, and which will be found in our subsequent pages. The Bombay Papers, do not convey any information respecting the Pindarrees, which had made their appearance in the Mahratta shore; but while we consider this silence to be favorable, we understand that letters from Poona complain of considerable depredations having been committed in the dominions of the Pershwah.

The Indromeda has brought intelligence from China to the 3d of January. We understand that Lord Amners: had reached Canton, before her departure; but we have not been able to ascertain any particulars respecting the success or the failure of the Embassy. The commercial accounts from Canton, are not essentially different from those which have been published.

From New South Wates, we have received intelligence by the Elizabeth to the 2d of November It appears that some bands of Convicts have succeeded in earlying off two yessels; and the success which has followed these attempts will, we fear, induce many others to make sim Aar efforts to obtain then libera-Unless means can be adopted by the Government to prevent a recurrence of these evils, it will be dangerous for Vessels to hold any intercourse with the settlement. The Kangareo, one of the Majesty's Brigs, commanded by Lieutenant Jeffery, is stated to have been carried off by these desperadoes; and it is very possible, that if they are enabled to navigate this vessel, they will in her, commence a life of Pnacy, which may be productive of great serious mischief. The particulars of the loss Sine Betsey on the North Coast of New Zealand are also published in the journals be fore us; Int we do not think the details sufficiently interesting to be republished : we are concerned, however, to state that all who were on board of this ill-fated ship have perished, except Thomas Robgers, Thomas Hung, and four lascirs, wito survived the greatest hardships. It is stated that Governor Macquarie has strictly entorced orders recently received from the Government
in England, which prohibit the Servants of the local
Government from engaging in commercial speculations. Such persons, however, as preteried the pursuits in which they were engaged, to the employment
of government, were permitted to make their election. An order was promulgated declaring that any
persons, holding public offices efter the first of Janusary 1817, found to be concerned in mercantile transactions, would be dismissed from their situations. A
new Judga Advocate had arrived from England and
had commenced the duties of his Office.

We have re-published from the last Calcutta Gastette a detailed account of what passed at the last Bachelors' Ball: the perusal of which, will ve trast, prove gratifying to our readers:—

In noticing the celebration of the last Bachelors' Ball on the 5th instant, we should have wished to express the grateful sense which we are sure all who had the lamentable, and (to borrow the stile of the Morning Post) never-toc-soon-to-be-got-rid-of, distinction of promoting those assemblies, entertain, of the kind indulgencewith which their humble edocts have been honored by the Ladies of the settlement. We are deterred however from undertaking this task in consequence of our having had the good fortune to carry away the address of the Honorable Centicularities of presided on proposing the healths of the fair victors.

We are so suble that in attempting to add to what that Gentleman has said, we should only degrads the form and lustre of the gem, by the climismess and

-tulness of the setting.

It was the wish of the Stewards to have given variety to this extertainment by the admission of Masks; but every one appears to have laboured under a panick fear of being the only Mask in the agom. The consequence was that only four appeared "Of these, a Spinster, dressed in the very height of the faction, afforded great amisement by her bold, attacks on the hearts of some of the most "determined" Dachelors of

the commonity. The other characters were an Or an vewo nan a fine Gentleman, and a Chinese: and fr . . . . . at! ation which they attracted, we have no I the project been more generally carriet and ef t, it would have been completely suc-We never always indeed and ned purselves particulars, partial to the species of entertainment, which, wante it sets free the powers of humour and finey from the estraint of timidity, would never, we are in in the perety of this settlement, relax that old core : An apprehension--we cannot but think over-crimito. -on this read, deprived the conclude and brilliant attractions ing bill of some 6. was 's bill graced the to ocmer Other lummaath brawn from our ries the leg been altogether splitte, will there absence appeared to have left some of the har see there took a gloom. Notwitl standing this sabtraction of Agactions however the evening affected generally the samest gratification, and the consciousness, how soon the season of sociability would pass a vay, see not to give a more deeplyseated, though parhols, a less exhimating feeling of pleasure to the emovment of the hour

After support the Marble Mr. Seton, who presided at the table, cyled upon the Gentlemen to fill a biraner, in Laddresse I himself to the Ladies in the following terms:

#### 4 LADILES

In endersouring to expose to you or the part of mo hiother closs it is and any own to expose as it englit to be expressed; as we all feel to be grateful some of your goodness, on marking by this minimions and brillian assemblace your kind, your exceining it appreciation of our attempt to contribute to your amoust ment. I most be soquent indeed, could 1 do instee to the indust story. Besponing, however, of that, I shall not movel with issuant your that are goodness his not being the away. —that it has been exceeded and valued as it together be, with the feel of according to sour bond.

"It was intended, in order to give variety to the extent orment of this evening, that it should differ, in some is posts, from those that wend before it, and that, in direct but harmless opposition to the good old sering, which dop is ites the approach of an old friend with a new tace," you should have been accessed by some existing admices in face not their over such was our plan, and such our wishs. The result, you halves, have

witness. I. It miv truly be said, that result his been singular; since, for a long time, our plus was only rescued from complete failine, by the appearance of a single, solitive fruiterer.—But though we have been thus forly din an attempt which has exhibited a fresh proof of the 'Vinity of humin wishes,'—we are persuaded, our fur friends will kindly take the will for the deed,—ind that they will rest assured that whatever change may take place in our faces, our hearts, has public of change, must full remain the same—still devoted to them

and With the mosting of this evening the present emiption, in the pussint of hearts, will close. But, when its effects will close, we know not they get community hearts. May they be fortunite. May the tension gallantey of the evening lay the found drop of some of these perminent arrangements of domestic of heavy, to which, some or 10 m, 150 ne of us, 100 late.) we all look forward.

4 Gentle near .- "he Lad is who grace the present entertain neat with their company"

Surely we need not say that the toast was ple lged with enthusiasm.

The President then rose and said,

" LADIES AND GENELEWEY.

"I rise to propose the health of the noble and eminent personage, who is at the head of our society, whose presence, as we well recollect, diffused idditional pleasure and animation over our late meetings and whose absence we have now to lament

"On those of easiers I found trys of emburiosed and, as it were, tongue-fied, in given out, the toost which has now been announced. True ment as ever distres, I and disgusted at hening its own praise. The effect, therefore, of His Lordship's presence, was, to check the expression of the sensations which it excited indig cordemn to me silence, in so far as attempt at panegyrick was concerned.

"On the present occasion that difficulty does not indeed exist. But in a consciousness of my own inadequacy to do justice to the theme, another difficulty, no less great, is found. The ments of the Parl of Moira, far exceed the most animated pa-

serick that my feelbe voice can pronounce. Still, however, a short outline, in allusion to what might he said on a subject so iterresting, may not perhaps be deemed an unscassinable introduction to His Lordship's health, when given in his absence.

"It is well known, that from his very earliest years, the life of the Earl of Morra, has been a public life. Eather in the cabinet or in the field, it has been devoted,—zealously and successfully devoted,—to the service of his country. But, of His Lord ship's public merits, I mean not now to speak. The megaon of them will be found in the public annals of the div. Neither do I now allude to him as Governor General South to be understood to mentifuln as a friend,—as a friend of us all,—as a

friend to man;— dor such in truthline is in the noblest and most powerful sense of the term. Generous, charitable, munificent,—his benevolence—his more than benevolence, his relieving beneficiare is almost co-extensive with the existence of unserv. It reaches the unfortunate of all matrons, in all conotries. From the exiled monarch in distress, to the insolvent debtor, sorrowing in prison, his bonuty has been shared by all ranks and conditions of men.

" Of him, how traly may it be said, that he hi

- " A tear to pity, and whand, " Open as day, for melinag charity."

or The Earl of Moira has exhibited a striking and a pleasing proof, that the virtue of a foreign individual may soften, though they may not subdus the asperity of national rancour. At a moreout when to at the frenzied state of the pulsar mond, the name of Britan was almost universally detested in France, his name was never mentioned in that country. But with a feeling of respect and very item 1 a gratitude for the rehel administered by him to the French in England, the French in France half forgot that he was a Briton. In Laid Moiry, we find all those generous sympathies and indeed teelings which administe all adoin the Irish character, happily combined with that steady, firm, vigorous energy, which morks the Englishman, and gives him a proud pre-enimence among the nations of Europe

Of the gentler, milder virtues, which belong to the domestic character of Lord Mann, I say nothing, because I need say nothing. The frequent interes arse which those to whom I am now addressing myself have hed with the Lordship will enable them, in that is spect to judge to themselves.

of Comot conclude without adding an expression of regret, that this feeble attempt to sketch an outline of the character of the personage whose he dth I advabout to propose, dut not devolve upon abler hands

" Par Exer of Motey"

This toast was drank, with even louder expression of applause than usually accompany it.

After a short interval, the President again called upon the Company to fill an overflowing bumper, and prefac d the toast which he had to give out, with the following most appropriate speech:

LAMISSANI GINLLINEN.

1 have to propose the health of an annihile and illustrious Lidy, now absent, but who, not long some, wish the heal of the Penide Society of British hidre—in amounting this health, o very interesting to us all, if has jou former occasions, here used to introduce it with an endeavour to give monthline of the annihile and its retire quadries, which constitute the superior excellence of the Cullities of Landonia and Morri 1 c indially contess however, that, on those we issons, I have get to been so described.

satisfied with my manner of discharging that duty, at o co pleasing and ardons, that I am now discouraged from venturing on a repetition of the attempt. Even with those who have the happimes to be gifted with command of speech, the feeling inspired Es the contemplation of excellence, far exceeds the power of expressing that feeling. What, then, and how great must be any modequacy! In lamenting his inadequacy, I have sometimes been half inclined to murinur at the structure of the human frame,—and partly to ascende to that, as a defect, the difficulty of which I now complain. If the beart, the seat of feeling, were endued with the means or expressing that feeling, -or if the lips which express passessed the power of jeeling also, - then would the anomation of expression rise to the glow of feeling-then would feeling and expression be one! But, as it is, how vast, how chilling the distance from this, [pointing to his heart] to these! [pointing to his lips] Would it were otherwise! Could this fanciful idea but be realized, then indied might the sketch above allusted to be attempted with some prospect of success. Then might we pretrace this annuable and highly accomplished. Lidy, paparents grace, dignity, and usefullness to every advation,from the do wing room, where she tempered the becoming diginto of high rank, with that gentle, attractive affability, which constitutes the charm of social life, to the Charity School, where she personally attended to the morals, instruction, and comfort of the children Hence, we might follow her Ladyship to the poor, who inhalut the cottiges in the vicinity of Barrackpoor, and there find her surrounded by the objects of her bounts. The active the benchcent, the relieving interference of Lady Loudoun on those occasions, has been witnessed by him who his now the hoaor to address you. What he says, is, therefore, not an aftern t to paint functed or ideal excellence. It is the simple description of the real ments of one, who at the present moment, is probably in the inidst of the poor cottagers in the neighbourhood of Loudon Castle religying their wants at this severe season of the year, and rendering herself a blessing to all around her. Such, Ladies and Gentlemen, is the noble Lady whose health I now have the honor to propose

" THE COUNTESS OF LOUDOL N AND MO MA"

When the cheering, which followed this toast, had subsided. Capt. Vaughan, Aide-de-Camp to the Right Honorable the Governor General, 10se, and thus addressed the President:

"At sulted as I have the honor to be to His Lordship's personal stalling teel that I should be guilty of great mattention, were I not to other my thanks for the very kind manner in which the two last toasts have been received

I rom the warmth with which His Lordship so tately expressed his sentiments of regard towards the Society at Calcutta, he most assuredly will feel regret at being absent on the present occasion, but this regret will, I imagine, be lessened, should he taid that his advice and recommendation to mystrother Bache-

lors has been attended to, by receiving on his return to the Presidency, applications from many of them, for permission to change that situation, which his Lordship was pleased to call so solitary and lamentable, for that which no doubt is a much hape pier one.

Again, Sir, permit me to offer you my thanks for the very kind expression with which you prefaced the two list toasts, and the Company, for the manner in which they were received."

We cannot better conclude than by aiding with our feeble voice, the wish expressed in the preceding speech—that the distinguished person alluded to, may, now he has returned, have manifold proofs that his most seasonable advice was not thrown away, upon an unheoding or intractable multitude."

M&\*\*\*\*\*

On Thursday last, the release of the Dispatch cutter, from the custody of the Admirity Court, was celebrated with every demonstration of joy.

This event took place about one in the afternoon, and was announced by the silute of 19 guns from the little vessel on the rehoisting of her flag—which was returned by a continued feu de joie for nearly 20 minutes from the shipping; some vessels were gaily decked out with colonis—others displayed flags bearing appropriate label—such as a Indian Trade rescued—British Laws undicated—No Bondage—Free trade and Seamen's rights.

These celebrations aftoat seemed to revive on shore the sensations which the relief afforded by the decision of the Supreme Court, had the day before diffused all over this great City of Merchants,—Hindoos, Moosulmans, Armemans, Jews. Christians and Parsees, appeared congretulating each other anew on the deliverance of their trade.

In short, from the deep interest universally excited by this important question when under discussion, and the joy that persaded the whole Community on the decision being announced, we may judge of the vast dismay and tensive injury that would have been experienced that the grounds alledged for the seizure of the Disperted been deeplated to be legal.

We understand that on Friday, at a general meeting of the Merchants of Calcusta, it was unanimously voted, thee, as a memorial of their important, services, golden viscobearing tempopriate inscriptions, should be presented and the Advocate General and Mr. Compton, the learned to able Counsel who so successfully defended the rights of the Ladian Merchants,—add that a specialid entertainment should also be given to these gentlemen, at the Lewis Hall, which is tight for Saturday the 22d instant. All the principal individuals in the settlement will be present on this occasion.—(Cal. Cal.)

# SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The H. C's Ship Lady Campbell, sailed out on the 11th instant, and the Neb Sanh, on the 12th.

The Cutter Disputch, Phollins, went down on Wednes-

day, in prosecution of her voyige to Bombiy,

The Ship Richard, Captain J. McCline, for England, and the Brig Mine vol. Captain J. Russell, for Penang and Malacea, will sail in a day or two.

ARRIVALS February 12. American Ship George, West, from Humburgh the 24th September.

10. 14 Portuguese Ship Suo Mignel, Lopez, from China 24th November, and Penang the 24th January.

DEPARTURES, Feb. 10 Brig How by Latchines, Nacoda, for Bombay, Arab Shin Rohomany, Mulia Smilly, for Museut - Ditto Fulful Coverem, Mylicamed Hassey, for ditto, Ship Lucy Marin, Burday, for Medicas and England

Do. 11. S hooner Warnet, Vinc. for the Isle of France,Ship Coronaudel, Robison, for Ceylor

Do. 12 Arch Ship Futtal Mere, Nacoda for Muse of

Do. 15. Telinga Brig Sa., vs. Serring Cand in., for Corringa and Madras. -Ship Fo los. Basden, for Covien.

VESTES REMAINING AT DIAMOND HARROUP.

#### Garrealles.

### AT STOGERET.

Colade de Doman-Conder Bux-Lord, Fo bes-

#### AT THE NEW ANCHORAGE

H. C. Ship Astell, Ditto Extra Ship Laty Guringto, and Private Ship Devayres.

#### AT SHOOK,

Windsor Castle-Upton Castle and Harriet. - .

BOMBAY. ARRIVAL Jun 18. H. M. Skip I green, William Hill, Esq. Capt. from Trincomallee.

Commander, to Columbo —20 Big Ariel, Mr. J. C. Bitia, Commander, to Columbo —20 Big Ariel, Mr. J. C. Bitia, Commander, to ditto.—21. Brig St. Barbara. Mr. C. V. Blaukingberg, Commander, to ditto.—22. Honorable Company's Cruizer Psyche, Licutenant Thomas Fanner, to Persian Gulph.

PENANG. Assivats, Jan. 3. Slop Warnell, William Gascoyne, from Batavia, 17th November and Break Pasengers: Major Campbell, and Troops . 4. Brig Coda Bux, Como Lebby, from Atheen 6th December, Pas 1 sengers: 30 Natives. -6. Bog Confirmer, J. J. Parros. from Macao 12th duto. Passenger 33 Chaose - 7 Rag Mesahel, Sayd Matara, from Pellosamov 20th November. -10. B or Hydross, Sharek Abdullah Joom Malreya 25th Decimber Passengers; 10 Natives 43 H M Ship Car w. J. Reynolds, bog from Princomator Prison with Leoneman Purvis: Ship Manland, W. Kingey, from C. cutta 28th December. Passengers: Mr. Will , too Mis. Squarts and T. Hutton, E-q - 14. Bug Here, John Man terro, from Malacca 2d January Paysongers, 9 Nations: Ship Belgarro, F. J. Marcal, from dicto dirio. Possesgers: 135 Chinese, and 6 Portuguese - 16 Reig He read John Kidd, from Catentia Alst D cember 21 Bay Ica. A. T. Winderhold, from Malacca, 10 in Jane Parch 1777 4 Natives; Ship Mansour, J. King and from ditto 11th ditto. Passengers: 4 Natives 22 Sino Teden or and A. V Cortella, from Micao and Milacca 13th dies. Passengers: 90 Chinese, and 2 Portugue et Ship Silve Migue, C.J. Lopes, from ditto and ditto 2alle being

Departures. Jan. 5. Ship Mondar, Device, for Moders, Passengers: Mr. Harris, Mr. Harley, Mr. Justimano and Master George Woodford. 7. Ship Experiment, S. Romsay, for Calcutta; Shin Monarch, William Grascovec, for ditto. Passengers. Major Campbell, and Process. 8. 2019 Fattyhometh, J. B. Gabriel, for Raw coon, Ship of the William Scott, for Lavi.—9. Ship Isale the P. 27. Foster, William Scott, Passenger: W. Anderson, Esq. 410. Ship Mysore, A. Glass, for ditto. Passengers: Lacutement Davies, Licutement Exshaw, and Detachment of 24 Battisliou 20th Regiment Bengal/Native Infantry; Ship Bombury Merchant, G. Rowe, for ditto; Passengers: Licutement Crooke, and Detachment of 2d Battalion 20th Regiment Bengal Native Infantry, and G. Blake, Msq.—12, B. 13.

Conjunça, J. J. Barros, for Calcutta.—14. Brig Fatulacarim, J. Racon, for Soosoo.—15. Ship Helen, H. Humphreys, for Clangoon.—16. Ship Montland, W. Kinsey, for China. Passenger: Mrs. Watts; Brig Carremaun, Bappo Malim, for Portonovo.—18. H. M. Ship Conway. J. Reve Bolds, Esq. Captain, for Malacca; Brig Haldane, John Ridd, for ditto—19. Brig Saleyor, Savd Mahomed, for ditto—20.—Ship Fortana deep, S. 3 1 Hissim, tor Padang; Brig Hydross, Amard, for Malacca—21. Ship Belizario, E. J. Murch, for Calcutta.—23. Brig Tyd ebane, Hussin, for Padang; Brig Sallina Ful ah, Ahmad, for ditto.

# MADKAS.

#### REVENUE APPOINTMENTS.

Mr Ber von Droz, Second Assistant to the Collector and Masist, as of the Northern Division of Arcot.

Mr. Ferdinard De Mierre, Second Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Bellary.

Mr. Nat amel W. Kindersly, Second assistant to the Collector and Argistrate of Combarote.

The weather lately, has been borsterous for the season; and the swell in the Roads and the Surf also unusually high; a small Country Vessel ported from her anchors on Saturday and drifted into the Surf, where she grounded and soon went to pieces—we are happy to learn no lives were lost by this unfortunate accident.

His Mijesty's 80th Regiment of foot, about to embark for Enrope, arrived at the mount on Wednesday last, where, they at present remain encomped—Most of the Privates of this Corps have volunteered into other Regiments in India.

On Stypic cy last, being the auniversary of the Birth of Hen Miles, y the Queen, Royal Salutes were fired at Noon from the Fort Saluting Battery, and from Chepauk Palace; and at one c'clock the same ceremony was observed by His Majesty's Ship Bacchus.

On Wednesday list, the Right Honosette the Governor gave a barge dinner Party at the Binqueting Rooms of the Government Gardens. Nearly a hundred Gentlemen sat down to Dinner in this clegant apartment.

11

His Majesty's Ship Bacchie Captain Parker, will sait

again to-morrow to join the idmiral.

The Honorable Company's Ship Asia, Cap In I's menhere, is nearly ready for sea. She is expected to ong time her voyage on Thursday next. The Lord K. ith and Batavia, will follow her on or about Sumlay, but the Marchioness of Ely, we believe, will be detained until the 2d proximo. No notice has yet been given of the closure of any of the Packets but we believe those for the Asia will be closed at 4 o'clock v. m. to-mericay.

The George, howeward-hound Free Trider, his not; t arrived, but she may be expected before the end of the

month.

We have received letters from Trincontalie of the 2d instant, which inform us of the following arringements of the Squadron, since the breaking up of the Court's Martial which have been sitting at the Port for some time. His Majesty's Sloop Conseay sailed for Pening on the 22d ultimo, to look after the Voluge, shour which Versal some apprehensions had been felt. They will ere this have been relieved by her arrival.

The Favorite sailed for Figured on the 28th ultimo. Commissioner Johnstone, has proceeded from in her on account of ill health which will not illow him to remain at Trincomillie "Captain Stewart, late of the Towns who was dismissed his Ship by sentency of Center Martial,

also proceeded home to her.

Captain Hill, has been posted into the Towny, in Captain Stewart's vacancy. The Towns suited on the Meridiano, for the Persian Gulph. The Flog Launterent, -- Parker, Esq was made Commander in the Bacchus Sloep, vice Captain, Hill. The Magazienne, Orlan o, and Iphagem r Frigures are to remain at Trincomatic for some trace.

The Port has been extremely gay during the time the various Ships of the Squidton were there. Bails and Din-

ners succeeded each other in great regulity.

The different works necessary to render the Port complete are proceeding with extraordinary dispatch, and
will in a short time render it a most delightfol deput.—
Nearly two thousand men are employed on the works.

The Monsoon has been unusually say in this year on the Eastern coast of Ceylon. Some braverales is any amed by fremindous rain had been experienced dates the months of November and December. It carries Jun 21. The day the several Palsoners convicted at the Session of Over. Terminer and General Goal Delivery, were near that up had the purpose of receiving judgement.

The hist prisoners placed in the dock were Vencataram and C edumbrian found Guilty of the wilful murder of Named Pillix or Rosaporam—on whom his Loudship the Cher Justice, in most feeling language, passed Sentence of D on in the usual twint worlds.

Petron regulary was part place.

Ferrors ugarlone was next placed at the Bar, he having from convicted with felomously and norghinously break-ine and entering the dividing house, of the late Veneral-ki that Woodelly, and steading thereout sandry gold and sulver Josefs. In this man's case it appeared on the trial, that severitacts of violence, had been committed—to when in Ford hip alling don't be course of passing sentence, who hower that of Death.

Cause Prully item, Chinatomby, Roo Jrapen, Nellaum, Perus at Roodiappen, Nellaum, Perus at Roodiappen, Nellaum, Perus at Roodiappen, Nellaum, Perus at Roodiappen, Nellaum, Perus at Sanchie of death, bothus for Isam huminels, during bassing seneace, instituted in a after the example ing Court had no a obligiod transfer of the convict beforement med, and their enimes not being attended with any arts of personal violence, it was the attention of the Court to extend to them the benefit of the Vec, which allows a transcontinuous of punishment is a recursied that a long pressment from this contractions.

More Critic, Applasawmy's hipsy. Vectasamy and Syed More in terror yets of tomac property, knowing it to have envision, were sentenced to transportation for 14 years to Prince of Wafes' 1 land.

blick Meeting, Caropen, Cheliv and Veetisawmy to be trousposeer on 7 vers to the same place.

to a very sentence de to three months imprisonment

R ) are conserved very endoughed to be imprisoned for three matrixs or  $(\phi)$  , adone, in the pillory during his confine-matrix  $\infty$ 

Once Boss of for an assault of a Native was sentenced to one very unarronment and to stand once in the pillory, block to taken for forgoing the name of Mr. Wills was

Social colors mounts targets cament

The Post Opinic Native Warres.

Specified Vinera Rich Lyah, Goordo Moorthy, Vensambor of Phras. National Salamy, Campa Philips, Divid Kita Vado ngunth disaman, Nurseroyin and Ramsoonia, Victoria and Ramsoonia.

The Hono able the Chief Justife in his address to the Prisoners mentioned that, although they had only been tried for a compuiracy to defraud and that evidence had only been given of one fraud on the Vellore Post, yet he had been informed that the loss in the Pest Office department ar counted to upwards of two lacs of Pagodas to their employers-that no return from Calculta, Bombay or Ceylon had been received—that the prisoners had been for years engaged in these infarious transactions (we believe it was proved on the trial to have been traced as far back as 1810) and that, he help been indicted in England, they must have paid the forfit of their lives for these transactions—the Court, under every considerations of the case. had determined on passing on thera the severest sentence the Law would allow-the sentence of the Court therefore was-That they be confined for the space of three years, and that they be placed in and upon the Pillory for the space of one hous at two several times during their imprisenment-and that at the expiration thereof they do each enter into a Bond for their good behaviour, themselves in two hundred and lifty Pagodas and two sureties in one hundred and twenty-five Pagodas each -- and that they be faither impaisoned until such security be given.

| Gazelle, Jan. 25.

The following Extract of a Letter from Major Maedowall. Commanding a Betachment to the Westward of Beeder in the Deckhan, amounce the success of an attack made by that Officer on a body of Predatory Hoise, in the vicinity of Moorullee, on the morning of the 15th Instant

Extract of a Letter from Major R. Macdowell, of the 24th Regiment N 4 Commanding a Detachment, dated Pent Sanger, 18th January 1817.

On the 14th I apprized you of my intention to move in the direction of Alloor that afterngon, which I accordingly did, and reached. Comoons, a distance of ico miles about sunsset; on the murch I received information hat a small body of Pindatries had plundered a Village within a short distance of Comoons which consinced me of their entire ignorance of our approach, and on my army, fat the ground, expecting to obtain further michligence of them, I suddered the Detachment to be prepared to march within two hours; and within an hour after, the Buckshee of the Siliadar Morse sent me two Villagers, with one wounded man whom the flunkers had picked upon the march, in-

forming me at the sam time that they could give me intallingence of a body of sindarries. On being questioned, they said that about 1,000 had taken up their ground, at the village of Moornliee, about eight miles distant that afternoon, and that a body of 2,000 were some miles in their rear. They said, on being promised a reward, that they would conduct the Detachment to the place, and it was therefore ordered to fall in at nine o'clock that right, leaving an Officer and about 80, men behind in charge of the Camp, I moved at half past 10 with 325 Firelocks and 1000 of the Sillarar Horse and reached the Pindarrie encampment about 3 o'clock next morning, they were taken so completely by surprize, that we were within one yard of them before they discovered us, and our fire was instantly given, on which they immediately fled, leaving every thing in our hands. It is impossible to ascertain their loss, twenty-six holies were counted dead on the ground, and we have got five prisoners, three of them wounded, but a great number of wounded got away and many were killed by the Silladar Horse, whom I ordered to disperse in search of them as soon as the firing ceased.

At day-break I discovered a considerable body of them at the village, about half a mile off, and immediately ordered the Silladar Horse to attack them, but they did not await the attack and were pursued several miles, losing by the report of the Bukshee 125 men-killed and 60 wounded.

It is now ascertained that, the whole Body under the command of Bucksop was collected on the spot and amounted to between two and three thousand men.—Nearly 1000 horses of all descriptions may be the least computed loss; fifteen were left dead and the number of wounded must be great, besides those taken are calculated at eight hundred, one half of which are of the better kind.

The principal Body, which when collected may have been one thousand, with Bucksoo, and at first took a North East direction, afterwards turned found and passed this place yesterday about three o'clock in the greatest haste, going directly North and enquiring for the Guing; many are described to be wounded and without arms or clothing, and only stopt to seize the Cumlies of the Natives whom they chanced to pass in the fields. And I am informed that the villagers have killed and taken both men and horses as they fled, as described, in the greatest consternation.

I have great pleasure in reporting that I was much satisfied with the order and silence observed by the Officers and men of the Detachment during the night march, to which must be in a great measure ascribed the success in completely surprizing the Enemy; and I beg leave to mention that I am greatly indebted to Captain Williams of the 15th N. I. and Lieutenant Haultain of the 9.4th N. I. who have been acting Staff to me since leaving Hyderabad, for their great exertions." [Govt. Gaz. Ext. Jan. 28.

The Mary Ann, Coptain Arbuthnot, is the only Shipping arrived of the week. She sailed from Calcutta on the 8th instant.

The Packets for the Howorable Company's Ship Asia, Captain Tremenhere, and Marchioness of Ely, Captain Kay, were not closed until yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock. These together with the dispatches were sent on board last night; the Passengers were all on board, and the Ships are expected to get under weigh at day light this morning. The following are lists of their Passengers from this Port, in addition to those which arrived from Calcutta, and which appeared in a former Paper.

Asia.—Mrs. Garrow, with an infant Child, Miss Coleman, Miss Eliza Thompson, Henry Gahagan, Esq. J. S. Savory, Esq. S. M. Brevet Major Andrews, Lieut. D. H. Mackenzie, Artiflery, and Capt. Dale, H. M. 84th

Regt.

MARCHONESS OF ELY. -Lieut. Col. Syms, H. M. 69th Regt. Mrs. Syms, Miss Hope, Mrs. Knowles, Master W. Knowles, Capt. C. Randall, H. M. 22d Dragoons, Miss L. Lichizary. Mr. J. Beaumont, Mrs. Beaumont, Master W. Garrand, Mrs. Emily Garrand, Mr. C. Pernon, Lieut. G. Sharp, 1st. Bat. 10th Regt. Mr. J. Aitkin, Assistant Sargeon, 2d Bat. 9th Regt. Lieut. F. Parmeter, 1st Lat. 12th R. gt. and Capt. Blundell, H. M. 22d. L. D.

The Lord Keith and Batavia, we understand, will not

sail before Sunday next.

# PASSENGERS:

BATAVIA.-Ineut. J. Newall, 20th N. I. and Master Blair.

LORD KEITH.—Mrs. (C. Munns, Miss E. Goldie, Lieut. E. P. Samuel, 2d R. C. Lieut. E. Cadagan, 2d Rt N. I. Lt. H. Strong, 16th R. N. I. Mr Surgeon Paterson, H. M. 25th L. D. Lieut. W. Kelso, 13th R. N. I. Lieut. Fire-

worker J. Lowe, 1st B. Arfillett, Contain Lane H. M. 84th Rt.—Masters R. Johnson, and Geo. To very Johnson. [Course. Jan 28.

His Majestys's Ship Magicienne, Captain Purvis, and all in the Roads yesterday from Trincomalie, whence site sailed the 20th instant. His Excellency the Admiration mained at Trincomalie, and was expected shortly to pro-

ceed to Bombay.

We hear nothing of the Minden after the attack of Algiers: it is probably however, she will be obliged to proceed to England to refix. From letters received in Calcutta, it appears, that the Honorable John E. Elliot and Family enbarked on the Minden for this Country, towards the end of July; but the Ship having been ordered to proceed on the expedition to Algiers, her passengers and Stores for India, were landed at Gibraltar.

On Tuesday, the Honorable Sir Alexander Johnston, Chief Justice of Ceylon, left the Presidency for Columbo, under a Salute of 17 Guns from the Fort Battery.

[Govt. Gazette, Jan. 3C.

# BOMBAY.

# CIVIL APPOINTMENTS. 8th January, 1817.

Mr. John Andrew Dunlop, to be Collector at Knira Mr. Vicessmus Hale, to be Resident at Malwan.

Another alarming fire, broke out on the morning of Saturday the 18th instant within a few yards of the spot where the one which we noticed in our last had laged. It began directly opposite the Musjid Bunder between twelve and one o'clock in the morning and lasted till near sunrise. The great activity of the fire engine department, with detachments of the Artillery and Marine Battalion under Lieutenants Black and Miller, aided by the Police Magistrates, however, checked the progress of the flames before two o'clock. This fire has been more destructive in its effects than the last, having burnt down nine or ten

houses and destroyed a considerable quantity of coir, oil, dammer and copra in godowns and in the back yarts of the We are sorry to state that there are grounds for supposing that these calamities have been the effect of deliberate villainy, for on Thursday morning last a strong smell of burning was observed to proceed from a warehouse nearly opposite to the Music Bunder. The door was instantly burst open by the police and a lighted oiled rope with a parcel of old cloth containing copal was discovered. In a few minutes the fire must have been conmunicated to a large warehouse, of mats and other combustible matter. The proprietor, who had locked the door on leaving the warehouse, was taken into custody, the suspicion being the stronger against him from the circumstance that the first fire at Musjid Bunder had broken out in his shop. On a very careful investigation, it has however appeared satisfactorily that the fire must have been introduced long after the owner left his warekouse, and a loosened board has been discovered in an adjoining staircase, under which the combustibles were undoutedly introduced. Investigations are still going forward and it is sincerely to be hoped that the incendiaries will be dragged · [Courser, Jan. 25. to light.

We are desirous of correcting a mistake we hastily made in our last paper, when we stated, that the Tay, Captain Roberts had arrived in England from South America. Instead of in England, we ought to have written at Jamaica; Gazettes from which Island, extending down to the 14th of July, had been received in London

# CALCUTTA MONTHLY JOURNAL.

Vol. XXX, CALCUTTA; FEB. 24, 1817. [No. 268.

## FROM THE GOVERNMENT GAZETTE.

FEBRUARY 20, 1817.

## MILITARY,

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCRELIFIED THE RIGHT HONOR-ABLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FOR I WILLIAM: FEBRUARY 7, 1817.

En ign Dakin of the 26th Regiment Native Infantry, having furnished the prescribed certificate from the Pay Department, is permitted to resign the Honorable Company's service at his own request, from the date of department of the Licensed Ship Windsor Castle.

J. YOUNG,

Ofly, Sec to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY SHE RIGHT HONOR-ABLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; PEBRUARY 7, 1817.

Compensation in lieu of Clothing for the year 1815-16 having been already issued to the Moorshedabad Provincial Battalion, His Excellency the Right Honorable the Governor General in Coupeil is pleased, in consequence, to rescind the General Order of 12th July last, authorizing Captain Canning to furnish that Corps with Clothing for that year, according to the former system.

J. YOUNG,

Offg. Sec to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL "ABBRS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT HONOR-ABLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL

FORT WILLIAM; JANUARY 31, 1817.

The Right Honorable the Governor General on Council is pleased to direct, that the following Statement of the Proportion of Off-reckonings of the year 1816, payable in advance on the

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ist January 1817, to Colonels of Regiments and other Officers in India, whose accounts are to be adjusted with the General Lund, be published in General Orders.

STATEMEN'T of the Proportion of Off-reckonings, payable in a trance, on account of the year 1816, to Colonels of Regiments, &c. &c.

Rank. Names & Periods for which duc. ... Sa. Rs. Lieut. Gen. George Russell (removed to the Senior List) to the 3d of March 1816, on ١.... l'urlo', O 0 O Sir I wen Baillie, on Furlough, .... 0 0 Sir John Macdonald,' for the full year, 6000 0 Wm. Palmer, from the 1st January to the 20th May 1816, ... 2311 James Dunn, on Furlough, 0 0 James Dickson, ditto, ... George Hardyman, do ... 20 0 0 0 Hugh Stafford, for the full year, 6000 0 0 6000 **0** Percgrine Powell, on Furlough, 0 0 Robert Phillips, ditto,. 0 0 0 Major Gen. Sir Robert Blair, for the full year, ... 6000 0 O John McIntyre, on Furlough, 0 Henry Decastro, ditto, 0 0 6000 Bennet Marley, for the full year, 0 Thos. Hawkshaw, on Furlough, Dyson Marshall, for the full year, ... 6000 0 Daniel Coningham, on Furlough. .... 0 Samuel Bradshaw, ditto, 0 0 Sir George Wood, for the full year, 6000 0 John Haynes, on Furlough, 0 0 Nicholas Carnegie, do 0 0 0 Sir John Horstord, for the full year, 6000 0 John Gordon, ditto. 6000 D Thomas S. Bateman, on Furlough, 0 Sir Henry White, on Furlough, ... n 0 n Sn Gabriel Martindell, full year, 6000 0 O Sir G. S. Browne, on Furlough, O W. D. Fawcett, ditto, n 0 0 George Prole, ditto, 0 0 n Archibald Fergusson, ditto, ... U D Charles Stuart, for the full year, 6000 U ٥ Wm. McCulloch, on Furlough, 0 0 0 St. George Ashe, for the full year, 0.000 Ser David Ochterlony, for the full year, 6000 0 0 0 0 H F. Calcraft, on Farlough, 0

E S. Broughton, ditto, ,...

John Eales, ditto.

Colonel * Robert Haldang, from the 4th of to the 31st December 1916, vice Russell, to the Senior List. on Rur-Hough,  * Thomas Hawkins from the 21st of May to the 32st December 1816, vice Palmer, deceased, Furlough,	0	0	9
Vote—Colonels Haldane and Hawkins receing the second secon	annum period le latte	to r tr	the the ora
Commanding Officers of Independent Corps, as General Orders by the Governor General in Council 1816.  (Captain Gilbert (the General Or-	7, 1st .! St.	la r	in ch,
Captain S S Hay, from 1st January 1818, ary 1816, to the 14th March, St			
Golsundauze Captain Fright, from the 15th  March to 31st Dec 1816,  1581	1000		
Bamghur Battalion, Major Roughsedge, for the		U	
whole year, Mirzapore ditto, Major Rose, from 1st January to	1916	0	0
30th April, 1816, Rungpore ditto, Captain B. R. Latter, for the	631	O	q
whole year,	1916	n	U
Champarun Light Infantry, Captain Hay, ditto, Patna Provincial Battalion, Captain Charles Peach,	1916	0	0
ditto, Burdwan Provincial ditto, Lieut W C Webber,	1719	0	ŋ
ditto, Dacca ditto, Lieutenant Colonel Burton (not to	1700	0	0
have operation till 1st January, 1818,1 Chittagong ditto, Capt. J. George, for the whole	0	0	0
Year, whose desired and whole	1518	0	0
Moorshedabad Ditto, Captain J Canning, ditto,	1518	0	0
Purnea ditto, Captain J. L. Gale, ditto,	1 4 40	0	0
Campore detto, Lieutenant Colonel Morell, ditto, Captain Bishop to the 31st May	1254	0	ŗ
Seharunpore Maj. Playdel from 1st June to Maj. Playdel from 1st June 230			
31st Dec. 1816, 732	1254	d n	•
Furruckabad ditto, Licutenant Colonel Cuppage,			3
for the whole year	1254	0	

Benares ditto, Lieutenaut Colonel E. Voyle, from		_	
Benares ditto, Lieutenant Colonel E. Voyle, from 1st April to 31st December 1816.	944	0	Q
Barelly ditto, Licutenant Colonel B. Stewart, for		_	
the whole year,	1254	0	,0
the whole year, Goruckpore ditto, Capt A. Stone-ham, for ditto, 1st Battalion of Native Tuvalids, Lieutenant	H7 1	0	0
Colonel Featherstone, ditto,	1595	0	0
2d Battalion of Native Invalide, Lieutenant		Ū	•
Colonel J Williams, to 31st July, 1816, Sonat			
Rupees 981 Ditto ditto, Licrygnant Colonel L Grant,			
Dillo ditto, Lieutenant Colonel L. Grant,			
from ditto to the 31st December, 1816, 665			
` , <del></del>	1596	0	0
1st Nusserce Battalion, Lieutenant R. Ross, for			
the whole year,,	1554	0	Ò,
the whole year, 2d ditto ditto, Lieut. J McHarg, ditto,	1554	0	0
Sirmoon ditto, Lieut. F. Young, ditto, Kemboon ditto, Lieut. Sir R. Colquboun, ditto,	1554	0	0
Kemagon ditto, Lieut Sir B. Colonhoun, ditto.	1554	Ò	0
Pioneer Corps, Captain Swinton, ditto,	1333	Ô	.o
rd Volunteer Dettaling Contament Colonal Trimes	1000	"	•
ad Volunteer Battalion, Lieutenant Colonel James		_	_
Dewar, to 31st of March, 1516,	323	(1	0
Capt. Colt, to the 1st Reb 1816.			
St Rs 108			
St Rs 108 4th ditto. Capt Jas Clarke, from ditto to			
31st Dec 1816, 1186			
	1294	.0	0
5th ditto. Major Griffiths, for the whole year,	1291	0	0
6th ditto, Capt Poole, for the woole year,	1294	ō	Ō
7th ditto of Light Infantry ditto, Major Dalton,		.,	
ditto data	791	0	0
ditto ditto,	,,,	"	.,
ist trensmer Battation, Major Agnew, to the	250	_	
31st March, 1916,	259	0	0
2d ditto ditto, Ware Lamb, for the whole year,	1036	0	0
3d ditto ditto, Capt. H. Bowen, to the 30th Ap-			
11l, 1816,	345	0	U
4th ditto ditto, Major D. McPherson, to the 20th			
Dec. 1816,	479	0	0
5th ditto (6 Comps.) ditto, Major H Monley, to			
the 30th April, 1816,	\$15	0	0
6th Grenadier Battalion (6 Comps.) ditto, Capt W			
P. Price, to the 31st May, 1816,	131	0	0
7th ditto ditto, Major A. Richards, to the 31st Oc-	• • •	-	•
taken las	862	0	0
toher, ditto,	ana	٠	٠
8th ditto ditto, Major J B Scaley, to the 30th		_	**
April, 1816,	315	0	· U
Lieut Col Lattlejohn, to			
the fell barre agent a			
Re 255			
Hill Rangers / Major W. Mathews, from			
l detto to 31st Dec			
lx16, est			
1816, 931	186	0	
١.			-

Commanding Officer of the Escort, at the Court			
of Scindiah, the whole year,	785	.0	C
Commanding Officer of the Escort at the Court			
of Nagpore, the whole year,	735	0	0
Ditto of ditto at Hydrabal, not to have effect till			
1st January, 1818,	0	0	(;
Ditto of detto at Poonah, do. ditto,	0	U	()
Gorruckpore Hill Battalion, Major Comyn, from			
the 1st Jan. to the 10th May, 1816,	525	O	Ċ
Total, Sonat Panees	450.sñ	O	0

or Sicca Rupees 43142 10

Add amourt due to the Colonels 80311 0

Total aintoupt due in advance, Sa. Rs. 123453 10 3

Resolved, that an order on the General Treasury, for Sicra Rupees 123455 103, be issued in favor of the Pay Muster at the Previdency, to enable him to discharge the shares abovementioned.

J. YOUNG,

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept,

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT HOYORABLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM. FEBRUARY 7, 1817.

The Right Honorable the Governor General in Council was pleased, in the Territorial Department, under date the 31st ultimo, to appoint Lightenant Joseph Taylor of the Corps of Engineers, to supern tend the alteration in to Suzzool building at Agra, denominated Nobaruck Munzil, to be converted to the use of the Collector of Government Customs at that Station.

J. YOUNG,

Offg Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept

SENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS ETCELLENCY THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; FEBRUARY 7, 1817.

The Right Honorable the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following Adjustment of Rank. 9th Regiment of Native Infantry.

Lieutenant Brough Malthy to rank from the 1st of September, 1814, vice Graydon, deceased

Lieutenant John Hall to rank from the 21st September, 1811 vice Ward, promoted.

· Lieutenant Neil Campbell to rank from the 1st October, 1914.

vice Maling, promoted.

Major William Croxton of the 28d Regiment of 1 it is Infantry, having furnished the prescribed certificate from the Medical Deportment, and an engagement from his Age is, Messrs. Palmer and Co. to be answerable for any demands that may be brought against him by Government, in hen of the usual Pay cert ficete, is permitted to return to Europe on Furlough, on account of his health.

The following Officer having furnished the prescribed certificates from the Pay Department, are permitted to return to

Europe on Furlough; an account of their private affairs.

Captain S. E. Richards of the 11th Regiment of Native Infantry
Mr. Surgeon II. Moscrop of the 1st Regiment of Nativa Ca-

Lieutenant McDonnell of the 23d Regiment of Native Infantry, having for vaided a Medical certificate from New South Wales, the extention to his leave of absence, on account of his nealth, which was grunt d to him by General Orders of the 5th of July lest, is further prolonged for six months beyond the time therein specified.

J. YOUNG,

Offg. Sec. to Govt Mil. Dept

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT HOWORABLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM, FEBRUARY 7, 1817.

The 1st Paragraph of the 9th Article of the Appendix to the Medical Regulations, being found to be in some respect inconvenient in its operation. His Excelle by the Right. Honorable the Governor General in Council is deaved to rescind that Paragraph, and to direct that the following may be substituted in its room.

The Hospital Registers are to prepared according to the " Form, 2, annexed to the Appendix, and copies of them are " to be transmitted in the first week of each month for the " month preceding, by the Medical Staff in charge of sick to "Supermicuding Surgeons of Divisions. The Medical Dia-"ries or Journals are to be prepared, according to the Form, S, "waich is likewise annexed to the Appendix, and the several. " cases as they may terms de, are to be carefully arranged, " and preserved, by Medic 1 tiff respectively, according to the " directions laid down on des subject. Superintending Sur-" geons of Divisions will pont out such particular or im-" portant cases of Disease, as they think it expedient to have " transcribed and transmitted to them monthly; and copies of " such cases will be prepared and furnished accordingly, by " the Medical Staff in charge of Hospitals. The Original

" inaries or Journals in their complete state are always to " be preserved in readiness, and to be transmitted to Superin-

" tending Surgeons, whenever they may be called for, or re-

" quired by those Officers."

J. YOUNG,

Offg. Sec. to Gov t. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT HONOR-ABLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL FORT WILLIAM; FEBRUART 17, 1817.

The Transport ship Bluche: having been reported to be in readiness to receive His Majestr's 78th Regiment on board, on Wednesday morning the 19th it stant, His Excellency the Commander in Chief will be pleased to issue the necessary orders for their embarkation accordingly.

J. YOUNG.

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil Dept.

CENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENG THE RIGHT HONORS ABLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM: FEBRUARY 11, 1817.

The Right Honofable the Governor General in Council adverting to the frequent instances which occur, of damage and loss in flects of Store Boats proceeding to the subordinate Magazines from the Arsenal, under charge of Natives, has deemed it expedient to establish a new Class of Annance Warrant Officers, under the title of Sub-Conductors of Ordnance Stores, the number of whom is for the present fixed at twelve.

By the institution of this class of Ordnance Officers, His Excellency in Council does not merely contemplate extension of a seasonable relief to the insufficient number of Conductors as at present established; His Lordship has in view the application of an adequate remedy to a defect in the present system of providing Conductors of Ordnance, under which these important situation of trust, requiring considerable skill and experience in the details of Magazine duty, and the management of Ordnance Stores, are committed to Non-commissioned Officers. of every Arm, without reference to previous qualification for the duties to be performed.

3. As it would be highly undesirable to exclude from rewards, which ought to be open to all who serve the Honorable Company zealously, any individual merely on account ofhis not having had experience in the particular duty, the Governor General in Council endeavours to reconcile the Publicinterest and the just claims of the deserving Soldier, by this Institution: His Excellency in Council accordingly intimates, that while deserving Soldiers of every branch shall be eligible to

the situation of Sub-Conductors, no person shall be reafter be appointed a Conductor, who shall not have previously served in

the subordinate this now established

1 Promotion to the superior Class as a general rule, will take place according to somerity, where claims are in other respects equal, but His Excellency distinctly notifies the intention of General to reward particular merits and services by primotion ont of the strict has of semiority, nor will any Sub-Conductors obtain advincement for the future, if his pretensions be not subsorted by the favorable recommendation of the Orliner on Odicas under whom he may have served

5 The Governor General in Council fixes the allowance of Sun-t'o iductors according to the following Scale, relatively

to the situations at which they may be serving.

#### .11 the Presidency.

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6. The Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointments, to have effect from this date.

## To be Sub-Conauctors of Ordnance.

Sericant William Chapman, of Artillery.

Gun Corporal William Hooper, 1st Regiment Native Cavalry. Serjeant Madole, Horse Artillery

Privite Richard Hannah, Artillery

Serjeant William Hunt, Serjeant John Barclay, (from III) Majesty's, 78th

Private George Octan, Artillery.
Secreant Foster, recently transferred from His Majesty's 17th
Loof

Sorjeant William Mackenzie. Serje ad Jone Logan, Recently transcribed at to the Honorable Company to rece from the Agresty's 78th

Sergeant Cour & Reck. Artiflers Sergeant Humphrys. From the Commissariat.

> J. YOUNG, Offg. See to Govi. Mil. Dept

PROM THE GOVE GAZETTE EXTRAORDINARY, FLBRUARY 17, 1817.

GINERAL ORDERS, BY HIN EXCEPTION OF THE RIGHT HONORABIL THE COVERNOR GENERAL IN COLUCII.

FORT WILLIAM: FIBRUARY 17, 1817.

The Governor G need in Council having received from the Resident at Naggere, the melancholy intelligence of the demose, or the 1st instant, of the Highness Mahnajah Plassor, k Brooslan, Rajah of Nagdor, this Lordship in Council directs, that Minute Guis, to the miniber of Thirty-nine, corresponding with the years of the deceased, be fired from the Ramparts of Fort William, at a mark of respect for the memory of his late Highness.

By Command of His Excellency the Right Honorable the Go-

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vernor General in Council,

J ADAM.

Acts (hief Sec to Govt.

The Extra Report from the Bankshall yesterday announced the arrival of the Ship Su. James Henry Craig, Captain B. Browne, from England 10th October, and from St. Jago 14th November. Her Packets were landed yesterday morning, and the letters delivered.

Passengers per Sir J. H. Craig: Mrs. Col. Shouldam and Daughter.

The Waterloo. Captain Moore, from England 18th September also arrived.

The Lady Elliott, Capt. S. Abbott, from New South Wales 12th Sept. and Java 27th Dec. and the Pembroke, Capt. B. Roottas, from Bombay 17th Dec. and Allepee 8th Jan. have also arrived in the river.

Passenger per Lady Liliott: Lieut. Lester, N. I. The Lady Elliott spoke the Eliza, from London,

for Bengal, Lat. 9 N. Lon. 90 E.

The Success, F. Pagarek, from Bombay the 224 Dec. and from Vizagapatan the 18th Feb has also arrived in the river.

Passengers per Success. Mrs. Mary Ann Hungerford; Miss Ellen H. Hungerford, Miss Mury And Hungerford; Master Towsend Hungerford, and Lieutenant J. D. Fearon, H. M. Son Light D. 1900n.

We are concerned to state that the rumous all luded to in our last, of two ships baring in each of the coast of Ceylon, have been partly connument. Accounts have been received of the total loss of the Brig Henry, Captain Cocyana, on the 256 intimo, off Ceylon, but we are happy to add, that the crew were enabled to swims on shore, and were saved

-44 (1)22 -

By the Merchanics of Hesteley, we learn that the Lankins from Madras had reached the Cape of Good Hope before the 10th of December. We have not learnt any particulars of her vevage, but a letter has been received from Sia. Thomas Strayous Lite Chief Justice of Madras, who is a possenger on the Larkins.

Minute gues to the number of therty-nic, coisponding with the years of His-Highness Mail, right Plessoria. Bhoost Ad, late Rajah of Nagpore, were fired from the ramparts of Fort William, as a mark of respect for the memory of the deceased.

On Ash-Wednesday Divine Service was portormed at St. John's Cathedral and prayers will be read every Wednesday and Finlay during Lent.

Mr. HASTIE's benefit Ball on Tuesday last was numerously attended; and afforded general satisfaction.

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The gay and fashionable world of Calcutta, will be gratified this Evening, by the enjoyment of an annisement, which is usually demed to us at this Season of the year; but for which, the present weather seems to be particularly proportions. My AV ILLIAM HALL. has invited a large party of historiends to a Ball and Supper; where, we are persuaded, every thing will be found that can conduce to the comfort and happiness of his guests.

#### DREADFUL CATASTROPHE.

On Thursday last, the 20th instant, between the hours of 4 and 5 in the afternoon, a most dicadint shock of thunder was experienced at Sci mapore, and the lightning struck at the premises of We Sachas -unfortunately the family were at dinners when a oor woman, an aval, who was at the time attending e Governor. Mr. KRILETING's Child. on covering sove stairs, was killed. The rapidity and violence with which the electric fluid passed, were such as to cause the greatest concus ion maginable and whilst the Ladies acre remeved to an inner aportment, in a state of stup faction, the attention of the Gentlemen who were present, was of course devoted to them, and nobody discovered the unfortunate accident, till six or eight minutes if had taken place Medical assistance was immediately called for, but it was too late. Indeed the goodness of the Almighty was such, that the little boy, who was never a misment without his avaluations at that time in the arms of Mrs. Sherin, and the distance from the dinner table towards this fatal spot, was not more than three yards .- After the strictest examination, we have not yet been able to find exactly from what direction the lightning came, but it has left sufficient traces to warn us of the trailty of haman nature!

The field preparations which we formerly announced, are said to be intended for the reduction of Hatrass, a fortress about 18 miles from Cocl, surrounded by a very wide and deep ditch, and defended by an excellent glacis. Hatrass is stated to be a fortress of no great strength: and as likely to full from the effect of bombardment. It is said, that notwithstanding the immense warlike preparation for the reduction of this fortress, Dyaram, the possessor of it, has determined on its defence; and that he had sent off all the women from the town and fortress of Hatrass, and filled up all the wells within three miles of the place. The following particulars respecting the troops about to be employed in this service, we have taken from the Hurkaru of Saturday last:

" Our troops and warlike stores will soon be in sight of Hatrass-General Marshall with the 24th Dragoous and 4 Bittinons with their 6 pounders, and Captain Roberts' Corps of irecgular Horse. Also the Meerut troops consisting of 2 troops of Horse Artillery, commanded by Major Brook and Capture Bostone, under Major Pennington, H. M. 8th L. D. Lione Mutter Majors General. Dankin and Brown, with the 3d and 7th Regiments N. C. and 15 Companies N. L. 500 of Captain Comingh on's pricipalar Horse - will arrive and take ground before the Lona and fort of flate is on the morning of the 18th instto Traops march on the morning of the 16th. Mr. I. Shokspeire, superint advitef police, ascompanies General Marshall's division from Mynpoory and will it is supposed officials as the agend of Government Captain H. Clamyth and Lagutenant Taylor of Engineers proceed from Igra to Muttra to accompany that division. General Dookin and Suite were at Agra on the 7th as lit was intended the Lidos should remain there. The term from Company and not in such till the 5th, and would not reach Hitrass for some days after the other froops. The Agra trina converging of 1894 and 6 18-portadors, and 29 mortifies of Appoint calibraciscarted by a companies of the 12th will much on the 12th or 13th Sir J. Hopeford is said to be so unwell that his accomp ving the transfrom Camppore is doubtful. It is said Dyarum has modest me Shrappells, which pesser well

We are into our that on the application of to. Raph of Butnote 25 armed men with 100 married had been allowed to play through the Agra district, for the purpose of bringing away

from Hatrass 25 cover d hackeries "

The Hurkain of Saturday last, notices the indisposition of Major Gen. Sir J., Housround being so severe, as likely to prevent his proceeding with the Field Army from Campore: we can, however, and do with pleasure remove that approbension, and a sure our readers, that Sir John not only marched with the Army, but was at Goorsah-Gunge on the 11th;—and had found hencut from the exercise of travelling and change of air; and we trust that the service on the present important occasion, will not lose the abilities and energies of this able Officer.

The Ukhbars to the 15th January from Moltan, mention that a peace has been concluded between Hartz Aumbo Khaws and Amur. Sameo Khaws, the conditions of which, are, that Khaws Behadur, the brother of the latter; is to join the former with two hundred horsemen. In the event of the approach of Russum Singh, it has been resolved, that the families of Hartz Ahmed and of Abdur Samonshall be sent to Mobarek Gurith. If the king of his Vizier shall errive before Russum Singh, Andur Samons pledged not to meet either of them, without the consent of Hartz Ahmed; and the families of the enemies of the other!

RUNABUR SINGH was on the 30th of December at Lecture, disputching his army and artiflery towards No ustan

The Ukhbars from Holkan's Camp are dated the 14th ultimo. A letter had been received by the Buard from Ambajee 'complaining that a detachment of Holkan's army had plundered the countries subject to Scindian: and adding, that because this detachment had been checked for its misconduct, for ther hostility was threatened.—The letter assured the Bhair, that the interests of Holkan and of Scindian wore identified, and that the latter entertained no hosticontention. About the same time, a letter had been received at Kunkeral from America Khawa, assuring the Baard, that with her permission, he would should settle the differences with Scindian. It is not stated, whether or not the offer of the Khawa has been accepted.

While AMPLE KILLES was "ring his services to the Brace, he was not however reglecting his interests at Jaypool—Accounts from that capital,

dated the 23d ultimo, mention, that another threatening letter had been received by Manger. Doss from the Khawn, directing the promised tribute to be immediately sent, otherwise he the knawn would proceed forthwith to the capital.

Letters received at Holk 4 a's Camp from Poonah, are full of complaints of the depredations committed by the Pindarces in the Peishwa's ter-

ritories.

It is with unfeigned concern we mention the total destruction of the Upton Castle by fire. Onr year ders may remember, that there was some reason to suspect, that an unsuccessful attempt had been made to set fire to this ship a few days ago; and we mentioned in our last, that the matter was likely to undergo investigation. Before, however, the orders could reach the Ship for sending up the necessary parties, who were to be examined, the Vessel was totally consumed. The whole of the Crew, are we understand detained for the purpose of being exammed, as to the cause of the fire, before the Judge and Moustrate of the Twenty-four Pergumahs; and as many of them are Bombay Lascars, who are not likely to have conspired with the Lascars of this Port, to: a purpose so diabolical -and as means have been adopted to seperate the respective gaings from each other, there is great reason to hope, that it the Caron Castle, has been wilfully destroyed, the perpetrators of the attrocious act will be discovered The details of this mistortime, have been published at some length in the Calcutta Garette, from which we have taken the following article --

On Morelay, an express reached flows, conveying the distressing into mitton of the total destruction by fire of the Opton Castle, whilst lying in Sangor roads preparatory to saying for Bombay. The tollowing are the only particulars of this packacholy event which have vet come to light. About a quarter past eight o'olock of the evening of the 16th smoke was observed to issue from the forehold. I pon examination, fire was discovered considerably forward from the fatchway. Numerous attempts were in vain made to cut negarsh it by water and other means. The fire gained ground, and so in bin sting into a flame, involved the whole of the vessel in one blave. The conflagration was general before much o'clock, and e'e morning she had

burned to the water's edge. The officers, pilot, and crew took refuge on board the Sea Horse schooner. The latter are now on their way up, and will probably reach town to day. Three of their number have been put in irons on suspecion of having valifully set fire to the vessel. There is every reason to suspecion, that the fire did not take place accidentally. Every precaution against fire had been taken in consequence of a suspected at tempt to destroy her whilst off town. There had been no light in the forehold for several days.

"The second officer, the last person who was down below on the day of the accident, states positively that there was then no light in the forehold. How then could the fire, without design, break forth forward, at a considerable distance from the hitchway, the only opening through which lighted combastibles could possibly fall by accident. On the other hand, several circomstances make it inconcervable how the crew should have imagined or executed the netarious design. For, the greater part of them were in arrears. Mory were flowbay lasears working their way homewards from China. Again, offer the discovery of the fire, no backwirdness was displayed when they were called on to get it under. All appeared anxious to save the vessel, and careless of their individual property Not a mm seenred his clothes or chest. This is very unlike what occurred on recent occasions of a similar nature. When the Wernington, Wellington and Peren were burnt, no soom r had the alarm been given, than the seacounies, and lascars skulked from their duty. and thought of nothing but escaping with their bundles; which had been in many instances previously got ready for the occasion -The Upton Castle was a very beautiful ship. Her block and Cargo were insured at Bombay Luckily the most valuable part of the latter had not reached Sangor when she was consumed

The fortunate holder of the fiftieth drawn Ticket in the last Calcutta Lottery, entitled to the prize of a Lac of Rupees, is, we understand; Lieutenant Richard Burney, of the 8th Bengal Native Intantry, No. 2804, a prize of 20,000, is said to be the property of H. Maslerk, Esq. of Jungypore.

A grea number of WATERLOO MEDALS have been recently received at the Commander in Chief's office from England, for the Officers and men of the 3d Battahon of the 14th Regiment, who were present at, and survived the battle of Waterloo. The 3d Battalion having been reduced on the restoration of Peace, many of the Officers and men were sent out to the 1st Battalion of that Regiment now in the Upper Provinces, and to whom the medals in ques-

tion are to be distributed. They were forwarded to Cawnpore on Saturday last. They are made of silver, and exceedingly well executed. On one side is a head of the Prince surrounded by the words Garage P. Regent. On the other side a winged figure is represented sitting, with branches of olive and laurel in her hands. Above is written "Liberton" and beneath "Waterroo 18th of June 1815." On the outer edge of the medal, which is very thick, the name of the Officer or Private, to whom it is awarded, is deeply cut. The Medal is about the size of a half-crown piece, and is to be suspended from a red ribbon fastened on the left breast.—(Gov. Gazette.)

#### SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS. February 18. Ship Nontune, Sheepely, from Buenos Ayres the 19th October.

Do. 20. Ship Aurora, Sartonus, from Chittagong the 11th February.—Brig Vestal, Octon, from ditto the 10th ditto. Do. 22. Ship Lady Ethott, Abbert, from New South Wiles 12th September, and Jiva the 27th December. Passenger: Lieut. Lester, N. I.—Pemproke, Rogers, from Bembay the 19th Dec. and Aleppee the 8th January

DEI ATURE, Feb. 22. Ship Lord Cathcart, Talbert, for London.

Correct list of Passengers proceeding to Europe and the Cape of Good Hope, on board the Honorable Company's Ship Astell, and Extra Ship Lady Carrington.

By the Lady Carrington, Capt. D. McDougall.

Mrs. Colonel Muller; Mrs. Featherstone; Dr. Featherstone; Captain Tritton, H. M. 24th Regiment R. D; William Stewart, Esq. and Captain William Dunlop, Country Servicy. Children: Misses Mary Featherstone, Jaunet Featherstone, Ann Stewart, Elizabeth Young, Mary Mitchell, Ellen Mazwell, Mary Ann Maxwell, Frances Maxwell, Eliza Carige, and Mary Dick, Masters W. L. M. Toone, Edward Muller, J. H. Young, Charles

Recher. George Nugent, Edmund Nugent, Henry Nugent, Charles Nugent, Charles Leslie. William Perkins, J. C. Smith. A. J. Smith, C R. Smith, and William Alexander McArthur.

By the Astell, Captain Cresswell.

#### TO ELROPE.

Mrs. Fembelle: Mrs. Bayley; Mrs. Shakespear; Mrs. Templeton; John Fombelle, Esq. Henry Stone, Esq. George Monckton, Esq. and Robert Parry Nesbit, Esq. Civil Servants on this Establishment: Mr. Alexander Russell. Esq. Superintending Surgeon: Mr. Pollock, Assistant Surgeon of H. M. 53d Regiment of Foot: Captain; Clark, of the 4th Regiment of Native Infantry. and Lieutenant F. J. Baynham, of H. M. 67th Regt. of Foot. Children: Masters Charles Welland Edmonstone, W. Bayley, and Murison Blake; Misses Hariet Shakespear, H. Tempiston, C. Templeton, M. S. Wood, and Ann Blake.

TO THE CAPE OF GOOD HOPE AND EVENTUALLY TO EUROPE.

Captain Hiatt, of the 14th Regiment of Native Infantry.

BOMBAY. ARRIVALS. Jan. 25. Ship Commodore Hayes, Captain A. Pelly. from Calcutta.—25. Ship Sophia. Captain W. L. Jenkins, from Bushire.—29. Ship Hamon Shaw, Captain, William Richardson, from China.—31. Ship Argo, Captain Samuel'C. Lihyon, from Liverpool.

Departures. Jan. 22. H. C. Ciuizer Psyche. Lieutenant Thomas Tanner, to the Persian Gulph; Grab Ship Futtee Dawood, Captain William Richardson, for Mangalore and the Persian Gulph.—28. Grab Ship Futtay Alvadood, Nacquelah Abdula, to Mangalore; Grab Ship Sallany Savy. Nacquelah Cheraz Wally, to the Manifius.—29. H. M. Ship Towey, William Hill, Esq. Captain, to the Persian Gulph; H. C. Ship Prince of Wales, Lieutenant B. Dominicitie, to the Gulph of Cutch; Brig Sylph, Lieutenant W. Guy, to ditte ditte.

The E/12a, Captain Surac, from London the 29th August, and Cape of Good Hope the 30th November, is arrived in the river.

Passengers per Eliza: - Mrs. Dwyer, Mrs. Cowan; Miss Shutter; Captain Kemm, 25th Regt. N. I.; Mrs.

Culloden; Mr. Culloden, Mr. Delcambree, Merchants; and four Masters Finch—From the Cape: Major Gordon, Adjutant General.

· The Action, Mackay, from the Isle of France the 25th of December, is also arrived.

# MADRAS GAZETTE, -FEB. 10, 1817.

Yesterday morning arrived the General Graham, Capt. Weatherhead, and Marquis of Wellington, Captain Nichols, from England—the former left the 30th of August, and the latter on the 16th of September.

#### PASSBNGERS.

Marquis of Wellington: Mr. P Sentleger.

General Gruhim: Mr. W. R. Selby, Mr. H. T. Owen, Mr. D. G. Calocouson, Mr. T. D. Pearson, Mr. W. H. Medhuist.

The I ord Castler cagh, and Princess Charlotte of Wales, Captain Craig; His Majesty's Ships Hecate and Acorn, had arrived in England.

In addition to the Packets of Rusope letters acceived on Saturday last from Bengal by the Ship George, a Packet has been received by the General Graham. The Marquis of Wellington has no letters for Madras.

# BOMBAY.

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To the Editor of the Bombay Courier. Sir,

The following statement will show the extent to which the export trade from Bombay is liable to be affected by the operation of those provisions, of the navigation laws, which have lately been adjudged to extend to India.

It appears from official documents, that the total value of all kinds of merchandize, (except treasure and horses), exported from the port of Bombay during three years, ending the 30th April, 1815, was Rupees 45.235,443.

The exportation of European Articles to other British settlements in India during the same period was suppres 5,469,1523—and the exportation of the enumerated articles, the production, growth and manufacture of the British settlements in India, to ports and places belonging to foreign, native and European powers within the limits of

the Company's trade, was rupees 11,477,960; making a total of European and Colonial articles exported as above to the amount of rupees 16,947,112.

From this statement it should seem that by the operation of these laws the export trade of Bombay, would be

diminished upwards of one third.

I am Sir,
Your's Obedient,
MERCATOR METUENS

Jan. 30, 1817.

On Monday last in the Recorder's Court, Mr. Morley was heard, at a very considerable length, in support of a demurrer to the indictioent against Joseph De Souza, for receiving more under folse pretences from the Duffedars of the Poonen substitute force. The Honorable the Recorder, after hearing Mr. Woodhouse in answer, allowed the demurrer. Joseph De Souza was however bound over to appear at the next session to any other indictment which might be found against them.

The Commodore Hayes, we understand, will sail from this port direct for Calcutta, about the 15th Instant.

We have the pleasure to announce the arrival of the long expected ship Argo, Capt: J. C. Lyon, from Liverpool; which port she left on the 1st Suptember. She has touched no where, and brings, we understand, no intelligence of importance. A large parcel of letters have here landed from her and are now distributing from the post-office. There are no passengers by her. We have not yet received our regular files of news-papers; when we do, should they contain any interesting matter, we shall lose no time in communicating it to our readers.

# POSTSCRIPT.

Our private setters mention that the contest for Wotton Bassett, was the severest ever known there; the poll lasted three days, at the close of which, it stood for

W. T. Money, Esq.... 118

Horace Twiss, Esq.... 113

Majority for Mr. Money.... 5

[Cour. Feb. 1.

# MARRIAGES. BIRTHS AND DEATHS,

ANNOUNCED STRUE OUR LAST PUBLICATION.

#### MARRIAGES.

JANUARY.

2. At Masulipatam, Lieutenant H. Smith, Fort Adjutant, to Miss Frances Wat-

4. At Quilon, by the Rev. Doctor Hutchinson, Lieut. Henry R. King, 2d Battaling Native Lufantry, to Miss Mirry Anne King.

11. At Madras, George Stratton, Esq. to Miss Anne

Lewis.

15. Mr. J. S. Nyss. to Miss Lydia Smith Johnson. Mr. Noah Chick, to Mass Caroline Pereira.

19. At the Black Town Chapel, James Manuing, and Battalion Artillery, to Hon. Miss Mary D. Rocquetort, only survivia, Daughter of L. C. A. Count De Rocquesfort.

21. At Bombay, by the Rev N Wade, James Dennis De Vitte, Esq of the Hourable Comminy's Civil Scruce, to Miss Doroth.a Moore.

21. At Allighur, the Reverend Mr. Evans, George Bayley, Esq. Assistant Surgeon, 29th N. I. to Miss McLeod.

25. Mr. John Mills, to Miss Catherine Stampter.

17. Mr. George Rowland, to Miss Caroline Collings.

At Madras, by the Revd. E. Vaughau, Senior Chaplain, Captain John Mayne, of the Honorable Company's Ship Batavia, to Mrs White Widow of the 'tate' Captum John White of the Honorable Company's Service.

28. t Mutra, by the Revi. Mr. Frans, Lieuteuant R. W. Wilson, of the 1st Bittalien 29th Regiment Native Infantry, to Miss Eliza Gibson.

29. Gabriel Vrignon, Esq. to Miss Elizabeth Smith.

FEBRUARY.

3. At Shakjehanpore, by the Revd. Mr. Evans Lieutenant Charles Rogers, of the Ramgur Battalion, to Miss Charlotte Wright, only Daughter of Alexander Wright, Esq. of the Civil Service.

4. At Dhooly, Tithoot, by the R. vd. Mr. Vincent, John Morrison, Esq. Surgeon, Moozuff rpore, to Miss Ann Sloane.

7. Mr. Joseph D'Mello, to Miss Elizabeth Froyer.

15. Mr. John Greenway, to Miss S. Drix.

18. At Sevampore, at the house of C. Sheliu, Esq. B. F. M. Solmenthae, of Chandernagore, to Miss Cecilia Olivia Bie, daughter of the late Col. Bie, Governor of Sorampore.

Lately at Quilon, by the Revg. Doctor Hutchison, Capt. Hargrave, of the IS. Battalion 4th Regiment N. I. to Miss Nixon, Daughter of Major Nixon, of Artillery.

### BIRTHS.

DECYMBER 1816.

9. At Delhi, Mis. Mary Overage, of a Nou.

20. at Bombay, the Lady of Mr. John Hart, of a

23. At the Residence. Poons, the Lacy Captain Woonhouse, of the 7th Madras Native Cavairy, of a Son.

27. At Vellore, the Lady of Captain C. A. Walke, of the 8th N. I. of .. Daugha

At Colombo, the Lady of Lieut. Connell, of H. M. 73d Regiment of a Son.

JANUARY 1817.

1. At Seroor, the Lady of R. Wallace, Esq Medical Store keeper, of a Son.

2. In Camp, near Eltichpoor, the Right Monorable Lady Annahella Macleod, of a Daughter.

5. At Prince of Wales's Island, the Lady of Brigade Major H. I. Gilbert Conp. er. of a Daughter.

6. At Cannanore, the Lady of James Wyse, Esq. of

a Daughter.

8. At Nellore, the Lady of Major George Keates, of a Son.

At Seringapatam, the Lady of Major E. P. Stevenson, of the 25th N. I. of a Daughter

9. At Bombay, the Lady of Captain Carter, of a Son.

14. t Madras, the Lady of Capt. Rundall, Deputy Military Auditor General, of a Son.

13. At Nellore, Mrs. Lord, of a Daughter,

16. At Kilpauk, the Lady of (apt. Ornisby, of a Daughter.

17. At Sylhet, Mrs. J.

Stark of a Son.

18. Mrs. J. McArthur, of a Son.

19. At the Mount, the Lad, of William Scott, of a Daughter.

24. Mrs. Sheriff, of a

Daughter.

25. At Juanpore, the Lady of Robert Davies, Esq of a

Mrs. M. D'Rozario, Senior, of a Daughter.

28. At Cawnpore, the Lady of Lieut. D. Thomas, of the 7th Regiment N. I. of a Daughter.

29. Mrs. M. Cockburn,

of a Daughter.

#### FEBRUARY.

3. At Dinapore, Mrs. J. Bairow, of a Daughter.

The Lady of H. Tyler, Esq. of a Daughter.

5. Mis. R. E. Jones, of a

At Gazeepore, Mrs. Meyrac, was safely delivered of a Daughter.

At Mozufferpore, the Lady of Philip York Lindsay, Esq. of the Civivil Service, of a Daughter.

At Pertaubgher, the Lady of Major J. R. Lumley,

of a Daughtel.

6. The Lady of Capt. B. Latters, commanding at Titalya, of a Sou.

- 7. At Benares, the Lady of Lieut. Thomas, Interpreter and Quarter Master 2d Battalion 9th Regiment of a Son.
- 9. The Lady of Nathaniel Wallich, Esq. M. D. of a Daughter.

11. At Chunar, the |Lady of Elijah Impey, .Esq. Surgeon, of a Son.

13. At Tannan, the Lady of Gapt. Stokoe, of a Son.

22. The Lady of R. H. Tulloh, Esq. of the Civil Service, of a bon.

#### DEATHS.

DECEMBER, 1816. 18. At Barswarrak near Condapilly, Major C. Saltwell, lately commanding at Nicoles Cavau. that Station, -aged 35 years. J

25. At Kurnaul, Cornet H. S. White, of the 2d Na-

tive Cavalry.

26. At Bangalore, Lieutenant Colonel Robins, commanding His Majesty's 69th

Regiment.

At Delhi, Mrs. Mary Ovenger, the wife of Conductor Ovenger; and recently on the river two of his children Jeremy and Sarah Oveuger.

29. At Tangalle, Captain Roberts, of H. M. 2d Ceylon Regt. Commandant of Hambantotte; whose loss will be generally lamented by the public and deeply felt by his numerous family.

JANUARY, 1817.

5. At Madras, Mrs. Paulina Charlotte Nixon, Lady of Major Nixon, of Artillery.

Αt Pondicherry, Charles Faure. E-q. in the

59th year of his age.

9. At Madras, Mrs. Theodora Virginia De Urilla, Wife of John De Urilla, Esq.—aged 17 years and 25 days.

14. At Madras, Mrs. Justin Quickly, the eldest Daughter of the late Doctor

16. 'A Lord Clive's Canal, (Madras,) Nucholas Adam,

-aged 55 years.

18. At Futtyghur, in the 22d year of her age, Mrs. E. Percival.

At Canuanore, the Infant Daughter of James Wyse,

Esq.

23. At the same. place, Mrs. Martha Porter, widow of the late James. Fean Porter, formerly Clerk of St. Mary's Church-aged 0.5 years.

· At Chinsurah, the Reverend Fie Manoel do Rezario, sincerely regretted by all who had the pleasure of

knowing him.

25. At Meetut, the Lady of Major N. Brutton, of his Majesty's 8th Laght Dragoons.

28. At Bombay, Mr. Sa-

muel Rans, Printer.

29. Miss Jane Muffin, &-

ged 10 years.

31. At Kytah, in Bundiscund, cut off in the prime of life by a malignant fever, Alexander Tod, Captain in the 26th Rogiment Bengel

Native Infantry; sincerely and deeply lamented by his numerous friends.

numerous irienos.

R. D. Cabell, Esq. Assistant in the Mint, aged 26-years.

Master Vincent Gonsal-

ves, aged 9 years.

5. At Penang. Mr. Jo. Seph Edill. Chief Officer of the Brig Christiana.

7. Miss Maria Reide-

aged 21 years.

8. Mr. Francisco Rebello, senior,— aged 80 years and 11days.

13 At Seiumpore, Lieut. H. F. Macfailane, 2d Battalion 3d Regt. N. I. of the Pension Establishment.

15. Mrs. Nancy Kennedy, aged 17 years, sincerely regretted by her affectionate Husband and Relations.

Lately at Madras, Deputy Commissary Barlow, of the Rocket Brigade.

Lately on board the Prince of Orange, on his passage to England, Mr. Philip Hunt, late of Calcutta.

Lately at the Upper Provinces. Lout. Win. Otto, of the 1st Batt. 11th Regt. of Native Infant.y.

# CALCUTTA CURRENT VALUE OF GO VERNMENT SECURITIES.

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FEBRUARY, 1817.—Tr	enty-eight Days.
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# CALCUTTA MONTHLY JOURNAL,

MARCH, 1817.

Vol. XXX.] CALCUTEA: MARCH 3, 1817 [No. 269.

# FROM THE GOVERNMENT GAZETTE,

FEBRUARY, 27, 1817.

#### MILITARY.

SEVERAL ORDERS BY MIT EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT MONORABLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL

### FORT WILLIAM: FERRUARY 91, 1817

His Excellency the Right Honorable the Governor General in Council is pleused to appoint Mr. Assistant Surgeon W. Watson, to perform the Medical duties of the Civil Station of Beerbhoom, in the room of Mr. Assistant "Surgeon Laucaster, removed to Fort Maribro"

Offg Sec to Govt. Mil Dept

GENERAL ORDERS BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT MONORABLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

#### FORT WILLIAM; FEBRUARY, 14 1817.

His Excellency the Right Honorable the Governor General in Council considering it expedient that the Dromedary Corps should be rendered efficient in every respect, is pleased, with a view to secure Medical and to that Corps, to appoint Mr J Reneck to act as an Assistant Surgeon, will local and temporary Rank, and to perform the Medical duties of the Dromedary Corps

Mr. Reneck's appointment to have effect from the 1st instant to His Excellency the Right Honorable the Governor General in Council is plaused to authorize the following allowances to be drawn by the Officers and Staff appointment to do daty with the Dromedary Roips, which are to be considered as consolidated allowances, and to be in lieu of claims whatsoever, viz.

> J'YOUNG, Off Sec. to Govt, Mil. Dept.

Mundol-Athenon. CALCUST BRAL GROERS BYRRIS. EXCELLENGY THE RIGHT HONGRABLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; FEBRUARY 14, 1817.

His Excellency the Bight Honorable the Governor General in Council is pleased to notify in General Orders, that the Ruics by which the supply of Clothing, or grant of compensation in lieu of Clothing, from the Off reckoning Fund to Recruits entertained to fill up vacancies are regulated, are to be considered equally in force with respect to new levies receiving Bounty Clothing, at the expence of Government, and are to be considered applicablegto all outstanding accounts or unadjusted claims against the Off-reckoning Fund.

J. YOUNG.

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept-

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS ENCELLENCY THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM: FEBRUARY 14. 1817.

His Excellency the Right Honorable the Governor General in Council adverting to the duties that will necessarily devolve on the Commanding Officers and Staff of the Volunteer Battalions lately reduced at Barrackpore, in adjusting the accounts and preparing the very numerous Papers required consequent to the reduction of these Corps, is pleased to permit the Com-manding Officers, the Adjutants, the Quarter Masters, with the European Non-Commissioned Officers, and Pay Havildars of Companies, to draw the allowances of their respective situations up to the end of the current month.

J. YOUNG.

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept-

BUNGRAL OUDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; FEBRUARY 14, 1817.

The Right Honorable the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following Promotions.

26th Regiment of Native Infantry

Captain Lieutenant William Dunlop ] to be Captain of a Company. Lieut. George Hawes to be Capt.

Lieutenant

Kusiga Philemon Bavenport Pownell to be Lieutenant.

Cornet Thornton of the 1st Regiment of Native Cavairy, have ing furnished a Pay Certificate and the security of h

FOR MARCH, 18

and Co. stated by the Pay Master at the Presidency of the food of it, supermitted to return to Europe on Furlough, on secount

of his private affairs.

Licutement M. C. Paul of the 8th Regulerat of Native Infantry, having furnished the prescribed Pertificates from the Medical and Phy Departments, is permitted to make a voyage to, Sea, for the recovery of his health, and to be absent on that account, for my months.

Mr. Assistant Surgeon Compton of the Pension Establishment, having furnished the prescribed Pay Certificate, is perinited to make a voyage to Sea for 8 months, on account of his health.

J. YOUNG,

Diffg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GETERAL ORDERS BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT HONORABLE.
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

#### FOR'T WILLIAM; FRERUARY 19, 1817.

Lieutenant J. Hamilton of the 2d Battalion 4th Regiment of Native Infantry having furnished the prescribed Certificates from the Medical and Pay Departments, is permitted to proceed to New South Wales, for the benefit of his health, and to be absent on that account for 10 months from the 18th instant.

· J. Young,

Offg. Sea. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

## FORT WILLIAM; FEBRUARY 21, 1917.

The embarkation of the 78th Regiment for Europe calls upon the Governor General in Council to bear testimony to the conduct of that distinguished Corps during its service in every part of India. It is most gratifying to this Government to pay to the Regiment a tribute of unqualified applial se; the zeal and gallantry so conspicuously manifested by the Corps at Assaye, and so uniformly maintained throughout all its, subsequent exactions in the Field, not having been more exemplary than its admirable regularity and discipline on every other occasion. Such behaviour, while it must be reflected upon by themselves with conscious pride, cannot fail to procure for the Officers. Non-Commissioned Officers and Soldiers of the 78th Regiment, the high reward of their Sovereigns approbation.

J. YOUNG,

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

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drden, BY RECELLENCY THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE COVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; FRERUARY 21, 1817.

Captain W. C. Faithful of the 5th Regiment of Native Infantry having furnished the prescribed Certificate from the Medical Department, also the security of Messrs. Palmer and Co. as stated by the Paymaster at the Presidency, to be answerable for any demands against that Officer, is permitted to proceed to New South Wales on account of his health, and to be absent on that account for 10 months from the date of the dispatch of the ship Mary

J. YOUNG.

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Detp

# COURT MARTIAL.

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#### GENERAL ORDERS.

HEAD QUARTERS, Calcutta; February, 1817.

At a General Court Martial held at Fort St. George, on the 13th day of January, in the year of Our Lord One Thousand Right Hundred and Seventeen, Lieutenant John Winnow, of His Majesty's 50th Regiment of Foot, was arraigned upon the undermentioned Obstrge, viz.

For shameful and unofficerlike conduct in appearing on the " General Parade of the 1st Battalion of 'His Majesty's 30th " Regiment, in a state of intoxication, on the evening of the " 30th December, 1816."

Upon which Charge the Court came to the following decision.

" The Court finds the Prisoner, Lieutenant Winrow, Guilty " of irregular, and improper conduct in appearing on the " General Parade of the Buttalion the evening of the 30th of "December last, when not perfectly free from the effects of liquor, but acquit him of shameful conduct in appearing there " in a state of intoxication as set forth in the Charge."

"The Court having found Lieutenant Winrow Guilty, as " above stated. do, by virtue of the Articles of War, esta-blished for the better Government of all His Majesty's Forces, " adjudge and sentence him to lose two steps, by being placed " immediately below the two Lieutenants, who at present stand " next to him in the list of Officers of the 30th Regiment."

Which Sentence was approved and confirmed by His Excellency Lieutenant General Sir Thomas Hislop, Bart. Commander in Chief at Madras; and is to have effect from the 25th ultimo.

FOR MANUEL STA

The Right Honorable the Commanded to Chiefan India-directs, that the foregoing Charge, exhibited against Lieutenaut John Winrow, of His Majesty's 30th Foot, together with the Sent tence of the Court, shall be entered in the General Older Book, and read at the Head of every Regiment in His Majesty's service in India.

By Order of the Right Honorable the Commander in Chief.

-444**(34**44-

T. M'MAHON.

Col Adjt. Gen.

The conduct of the crew of the Upton Castle has undergone several investigations during the last week; but although much has transpired to strengthen the suspicion previously entertained, that the ship was wilfully destroyed, the examination has not yet terminated. Falsehood and prevarication have been abundantly exhibited by the suspected persons, but we understand that the Magistrates have not been satisfied of the positive guilt of any individual.

On Saturday last the Second Term and Session of Oyer and Terminer of the present, year commenced,-The Judges took their Seats at the usual hour, and after, the ordinary proclamations, the Grand Jury were sworn and received their charge from the Honorable Sir, FRANCIS MACNAGHTEN. His Lordship observed that notwithstanding the Calendar did not exhibit many offences, he had reason to think that the commission of robbery was never so frequent, and the insecurity of property never so great in Calcutta, as at the present period. That his Lordship had conversed with the Magistrates on the subject, who had admitted the evils alluded to; but that the activity of these Gentlemen, who were confined to the performance of their functions at the Police Office, he that activity ever so great-or so commendable, was not enflicient to controul the thievish part of the Inhabitancy. That the system which prevailed, was had, and admitted to be so; and that regulations of a different nature from any ither oframed, were required. That differences of opinion might exist, respecting the regulations that should be adopted, but, that all agreed in

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thinking that some regulations more efficient than those which now exist, are indispensably necessary, His Lardship observed that in noticing this subject, he meant to intinuite that the present system of plunder was known to the Justices; and that they had expressed themselves well disposed to remedy the evil.

The Calendar, Sir Francis added, might under some circumstances be considered as a matter of constatulation, because it contained few offences. That this state of the Calendar, however, might either beimputed to the real diminution of offences,or to the fact, that offend is had not been brought to Justice. The latter. His Lordship said, appeared

to have been the case.

Sir Francis next observed, that he had heard that some offences of a worse nature than any which appeared in the Calendar, were to be brought before the Grand Jury: but that having this from rumour only, and not knowing any of the facts. it would, of course, be improper to say any thing relating to them. That all the cases which appeared in the Calendar, were of ordinary occurrence; and none of them required any particular notice. That, however, it might be proper to mention one, from its being the slightest in the list. One of two persons had been apprehended under gircumstances which led to a suspicion that they meditated a Robbery. His Lordship said, he did not see from the Depositions, how this could be made out a crime at law; but, that if it could, he was of opinion that it would have been much better to have left it unprosecuted. If it proved to be a crime in law, the sentence would be only a short imprisonment, which would be but little punishment to the part, committed. It would have been better to have proceeded in such a case more summarily-or if a summary proceeding could not have been had, it would have been better, not to have proceeded at all.

His Lordship then recommended the Grand July to commence the investigation of such cases as might be laid before them; intimating, that if they felt any difficulties in matter of law, the Court would be

ready to render them assistance.

We omitted to notice in a former pullication that JAMES WEIR Hook. Esq. Barrater at law, list neen appointed one of the Magistrates of Calcutta; and took the usual oaths of Office, on the last day of the Sittings after the last Term.

We are happy in contributing to the publicity of a most princely and munificent act of humanity, performed by His Highness Amrut Rao, whose liberality has released all the prisoners who were confined for debt at Benares.—The particulars of this truly noble proceeding, will be read in the following documents, published by the directions of the Supreme Government.

Extract from the Proceedings of The Right Honorable the Governor General in Council, in the Judicial Department, under date the 21st February, 1817.

Extract of a letter from the Judge of the City of Benarcs, dated the 31st January 1817.

Par. 1 I have sincere pleasure in bringing to the notice of the Right Honorable the Governor General in Council, an act of munificent benevolence on the part of his Highness Amout Rao, that reflects great credit upon his own character, and will

be highly satisfactory to Government.

- A few days ago His Hignness sent to me to say, that he wished, before he took his final departure from the City of Benares, to procure the release of every person confined at this station, for debt, and that he was disposed to come forward with the amount required, for this purpose, provided it should not exceed the sum of 18,000 Rupees. I of course lost no time in promoting, to the utmost of my power, so desuable an object, the sum for which the whole of the debtors, 68 in number, were confined, amounted to Rs 26,500. I assembled their creditors, and after looking into each respective case, succeeded in effecting an arrangement to the satisfaction of both parties, by which the amount required, for the purpose in question was reduced to Rupees 17,910. This being done the Prisoners were, at His Highness's request, conducted to him, escorted by a Guard of Sepoys; the Guard returned with the Money, and His Highpeis had the gratification of seeing the Prisoners set at liberty, at bis own door.
- 3. At the moment in which I write, there is not an individual in the Jai', under my charge, confined for debt.

To W. W. BIRD, Esq.

Judge of the City of Benares.

Judl. 3. I am directed by the Right. Honorable the Governor Dopt. I General in Council, to acknowledge the receipt of your

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Letter of the 31st ultimo, reporting that His Highness Anothe Rao, previously to his departure from the City of Benares, had at his own expense, liberated 68 Individuals, being the whole of the Debtors confined in the Civil Jail of the City of Benares, and that Ilis Highness had disbursed for that purpose, the consi-

derable sum of 17,910 Rapecs.

2. The Governor General in Council will have great satisfication in immediately communicating to Amrut Rao, the series which he entertains of this act of munificent benevolence, on the part of His Highness; and with the view of making the circumstance as public as possible. His Lordship proposes on the occasion of the next Public Durbar, to invest the Vakeel of Amrut Rao, with an honorary dress, and to direct the publication in the Government and Calcutta Gazettes, of an Extract from your Letter, together with a copy of this reply.

Y. I am, &c. (Signed) W. B. BAYLEY,

Secy. to Government

(A TRUE EXTRACT,)
W. B. BAYLEY.

Secy. to the Govt.

Council Chamber; The 21st Feb. 1817.

A report was prevalent in Calcutta on Thursday that Dyaram had agreed to surrender the fortress of Hatrass to the powerful Army by which it has been invested: but subsequent rumours assert, that either this report was unfounded, or that the Chieftain had departed from his agreement. Whenever the receipt of authentic information shall enable us to relieve the anxiety of our readers on this subject, we shall endeavor to do so. The only letters that we have received from the neighbourhood of Allyghur state an expectation, that DYARAM would not submit without resistance: and that he had so completely earthed his partisans, that they had little to apprehend from Bombardment-One of our correspondents also mentions that "Eta and Moorsawn are " also to be attacked."

The letters brought by the Emma from Ching, afford but little information respecting the Embassy of Lord AMMERST. His Lordship had not arrived at Canton when this vessel was dispatched; but was

Jou tre how common thing, demands from the expressions of graphted, who all could want language to convey important as the course undoubtedly was to the increantide interests of this country, and difficult is the tisk most certainly proved to boundary, to make isomorbe compass the trained the learning which applied to this subject, that tisk may performed won accompanion cases by the misters hand of my hand that do Missing a convenience of the decouption of the document of the court was a large many many trained.

" to do the last an in home associated with Monte one of and proclass for so, even be not decided by the objects of some some bise se en el un materia (se per 1910) and a contract of served with time on the order in lists a sold have being to suffice at claim to both to idease of small of the degree decides and cord the received one bloke, my of the care at the fill mento Maring a son, to a limit that a masser a god have existent in the minds of the form of the by a commoder form of the body of the order of the body of the second of the secon rights also done added to made to ending the Catapater of removed to the power bland present the engineering to the content of the one by which the months of and depot more of as societ. We can be as a common special common in the control of the con in more above them with additioning the second administration of meteral limited of the compact of the contract of the contra orway that aplanne in verthe so the spiriture of the following the follo A the Calegity but we are constrained in a concentration the Collect about the converse constraints to a section of the converse of the A british the ristory had her returned ing nex P. L. sould be at this are ment copies a solver provide at the which I had but classed and so much an in the garaganess of

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remoletely allocated that we have all maps of attention completely allocated the month of the continuous of the continuo

shall reflect with satisfaction on the honour this night shown to nie, as long as memory shall hold her seat."

This address excited a vivid expression of approba-

tion.

The President now successively proposed, and the company drank with enthusiasm, the subjoined public toasts:

TOAST 3. King, Toxes God save the King' Soldier's Joy.

To ser 4. Queen and Royal Family, - Funes - Indian Queen.'
"Woo'd and Married and a."

Town 5. Prince Regent, Towns Prince Regent's March.'

Town 6. Duke of Clarence and the Navy, Tunes Rule Britannia. 'Hearts of Oak.'

To sr 7. Duke of York and the Army, Tunes - 'Duke of York's March.' Neil Gow's 14 ifc.'

TOAST S. Gavernor General, - Tones -- Lord Moira's Welcome to India.' Lady Loudon's Reel.'

When the cheering which accompanied the preceding torst, subsided, Col. Doyle stood up and spoke nearly thus:

"I rise to return thanks on the part of my Lord Moira for the honor which you have done him by drinking his health. We have often met in this Hall to celebrate the triumps of our Armies, and the triumphs of our Vavies. We are on this evening asset that to celebrate the triumphs of our Laws, defended by able the vocates, and expoduded by Common Sense. I shall conclude by giving you a toast, because I am convinced that my Lord Moira, were he present, would give it, and I propose the health of—

. Mr. Colvin, & the Commercial body of Calcutta.

Which being acknowledged by the Chairman, was succeeded by

Toast 9. Sir H. East and the Bench, Tuyos - 'The tight little Island.' 'Erin go Bragh.'

Toast 10. Prosperity to the Trade of India, ... Tunes ... 'Merry' may we a' be.' 'Money in both Pockets.'

Toset 11. The Civil and Military establishments of the East India Company at the several Presidences of Bengal, Madras, Bombay and Prince of Wales' Island,— Funcy— The Battle of Assaye.' Grand Bugle March.'

It was long before the applause which marked this very comprehensive toast, allowed Mr. Seton to

acknowledge in words, of which the following are nearly the substance, the honor which had been done, more particularly to that branch of the service, to which he belonged.

in I have waited thus long, Sir, in the hope, that some one of my honorable friends now present, some gentleman better qualified to in myself, would rise to acknowledge the compliment which you have been pleased to pay to the Civil and Military establishments of India, and it is only from the disappointment of that hope, that I venture to undertake the duty; thicking it better, that it should be imperfectly executed, than it should be left entirely unattenapted.

" In praise or the gallant Officers who belong to the Military establishments of the Indian Presidencies, what, Sir, might not be said! So comprehensive and so interesting as the theme, that I sink under the contemplation of its magnitude, and must refram from attempting either an outline of the achievement of the Indian armies, or a description of the meritorious exertions of our brave countrymen, in the ardnous course of accomplishing those achievements. This, however, I the 1ess regret, because I confidently hope, that the duty will be undertaken by a highly valued Military friend\* now in my eye, who is a credit to the honorable profession to which he belongs .- and who, on a late occasion, still frem in our recollection, acknowledged, in a strain of powerful eloquence, the well earned tribute of praise paid to the gallant army, of which he is a part, Leaving, therefore, that part of the duty in the hands of that honorable gentleman, I shall content myself with expressing my admiration of the patience, fortitude, and alacrity with which (in addition to the usual hardships of war) difficulties and privations of a new, and, to common minds, of an appalling nature, have been bravely encountered, and nobiy surmounted, by the armies of the East India Company; - and though, in later times, it has indeed been in glorious co-operation with their heroic fellow-subjects and brotuers in arms, who belong to an army, not strictly speaking an 'Indian establishment,' —that conquests have been achieved, which have given to the British Empire in Asia an extent that will be the wonder (perhaps the disbelief) of after-ages ;--- yet, let it never be forgotten, that the foundation of that mighty empire was, in a great measure, laid by the exertion of the Indian armies properly so called—that is, the Military-Establishments of the East I dia Company. While treating this part of the subject, let me be allowed to indurge in the proud gratification of remarking. that, among the track Officers of those Military establishments. and among those with whom it is my good fortune and my boast to be connected by the ties of friendship, we possess, in hir David Ochterlony, a gallant veteran-who would be an honor to any

country—whom, on a former occasion of a public nature, my honorable and learned friend on my left handt happily and emphatically denominated the Wellingson of the East.

"With respect to the branch of Indian service, to which I have the honor and the good fortune to be attached, it might not perhaps be becoming in me to tay much. I trust, however, I may be permitted to declare, that such is my conviction of the virtues, the talents, and the h sense of principle and honor to be found amongst the Civil Servants of the tast India Company, that I feel a sentiment of just and allowable pride in reflecting, that I belong to that respectable body; and that I am proud tims publicly to acknowledge that sentiment. More, I cannot say;—and less, I will not.

"With regard to the occasion of the present meeting, I shall only say, on the part of my honorable friends and myself, that, pending the discussion of the momentous question which, for some time part, has been the subject of the reflection of every thinking member of the community, we all shared the anxiety which then agitated the public mind,—and that we now cordially particip, te in the feeling of general joy, produced by the happy result."

Captain Bryant in like manner energetically returned thanks on behalf of the Army; but we regret that our great distance from that Gentleman prevented us from carrying away the substance of his speech.

The Reverend Dr. Bryce next rose, and after apologising for the presumption which he felt, might be attached to any ayowal of his sentiments on a subject of this nature, as far as we could collect, observed, that the opinions which he had entertained, forced upon him the sentiment which it was now his wish to offer to the company. He confessed that until he heard the eloquent and convincing preadings of the learned Gentleman, he had entertained doubts. These doubts were indeed then entirely removed. But if the legislature of England had paid a due attention to the concerns of this country, no such doubts could possibly have existed, and above all, no such decision as that from the effects of which we have

f Mr. Fergusson, the Advocate General. The occasion illuded to was, we believe, the entertainment given on St. Andrew's day, at which that gentieman presided.

hourly expected. The rumours of the day at Canton, asserted; that all the presents offered, had been refused; and that the Ambassador had not succeeded in gaining any of the objects of his mission: but it is stated, that no letter had been received from Lord Aurerst, or from any member of the mission. These rumours therefore, although probable, may prove to be unfounded.

Ever since the Town Hall was built, this settlement, whether it be a British Plantation or not, has abundantly shewn its true British origin, buzzealous. ly observing the laudable old English practice, of making every public concern the occasion of a dm-We are well pleased with this custom both in our professional and our private character, and are always glad of the opportunities which it affords us of combining our gratification with the discharge of our duty. On some occasions however, we hope to have credit for a more serious and a higher feeling. The entertainment given on Saturday last by the Mercantile body of Calcutta to the Advocate General and Mr. Compton, as an acknowledgement of their services in conducting the great commercial cause lately decided in the Supreme Court, was eminently one of these. The anxiety and alarm occasioned by the doubt, which had been thrown over the question at issue in that cause were quite unparalled; and it was natural and becoming, that the commercial community should take every possible means of testifying their sense of the talents and zeal, which had been exerted to rescue their vital interests from immirain. Independently also of the propriety this demonstration of public gratitude for individual services, it was judicious, we think, to give every possible publicity to the general feeling on this question, as a means of rousing the attention of those in Europe, by whom it may yet have to be considered, to the magnitude of the interests which it involves. We need hardly say, that the entertainment was in a style of magnificence suitable to the spirit which has always characterized the merchants of Calcutta; and we observed with pleasure, as an evidence of the

cordial sentiments which unite all classes of the community, that the numerous guests who had no direct interest in the triumph which they were invited to celebrate, fully participated in the exultation and enthusiasm of the hosts. It was amongst the happy circumstances of the meeting that the Chairs were filled by two such men as Mr. Colvin and Mr. Palmer, of whom it would be idle in us to speak in the language of panegyrick.

After dinner, the Chairmain rose and introduced the health of the Advocate General in nearly the following terms:

...

" GENTLEMEN,

"It is scarcely possible to suppose an object of greater magnitude or importance than the cause of the present meeting, whether considered politically or commercially. To the clear and comprehensive view of the subject, the able and impressive mainer in which it was brought before the Court, are we chiefly indebted for the very satisfactory, unanimous, degree, passed by the learned Judges of the Supreme Court, releasing the Dispatch, detained and libelled for adjudication for trading contrary to Law.

"The sensation of joy which was caused by this decision amongst all classes of the mercantile population of this city, is the best proof of the consequences that were to be apprehended from a contrary passe; which would have involved in ruin thousands of industrious men; of all ranks and persuasions, engaged in the wide extended trade of India, and broken the chain of connexion betwixt the different nations engaged in it.

"These disastious consequences have been happily averted; confidence, and security restored by the energy and zeal of the

Gentleman whose health I now beg to propose-

#### " R. C. FERGUSSON."

When the enthusiastic cheering, which followed this toast, had ceased, Mr. Fergusson rose and returned thanks to the meeting in an address to nearly the following effect:

" GENTLEMEN.

"I feel most sensibly the honor which your worthy President and you have just done me, in drinking my health; and I should be devoid of all feeling, if I did not entertain a deep sense of the flattering and distinguished manner in which the Commercial body of this city-have been pleased to notice, what filey term my exertions on a late occasion.—It was indeed an occasion of the last importance to the Commerce of India; but neither I nor my learned friend, whose valuable assistance I had in the case lately

decided, can boast of any merit in the bare fulfilment of a proressional duty; a duty too, however anxious from the great interests which were involved in the question at issue, not of sifficult discharge on the side on which it fell to our lot to argue it. For myself, I never entertained a doubt of the ments of that question; but respect was due to the decision of a Judge, who had condemned also without doubt, and without hesitation, in a "case exactly circumstanced as the case of the Dispatch. question has now been fully canvassed before the three Judges of the Vice-Admiralty Court of this, the Chief Presidency of India. It was most ably argued on behalf of the Promovent, and I will say, that that side of the question has not hitherto to my knowledge had the advantage of the same talent or the same industry shewn in its support as was shewn upon that occasion. The arguments were most ably put, and no aid which learning or ingenuity could furnish were wanting; but the three Judges of the Vice-Admiralty Court of Bengal upon the fullest discussion . and consideration of the subject in all its bearings, unanimously decided, that the 15th and 19th sections of the Navigation 1ct had no application to this country. They decided that Plantation Bonds were not required in the Trade of India, or in other words, that the Trade of India was not at an end. I will venture to predict, Gentlemen, that that judgment will never be impugned. It is a sound judgment, it ever there was one. It is founded in Reason and in Law; nor did the Judges disdain to call to their aid upon the occasion, that excellent "ixpounder of all Law-Common Sense-Common Sense it has always appraised to me was sufficient in itself to decide the question. Common Sense must have told you all, Gentlemen, that those Planstion Bonds, never could have had reference to the trade of this conntry. The condition of them is perfect nonsense as as plied to it. At the time of the enactment too which required them, there was no subject matter in this country, on which that enactment could operate. Parliament has therefore never legislated on the point for this country, and to have decided that these Bonds were necessary would have been to legislate for the Parli ment, not to judge under its enactments.—But there is an end I trust and believe of the question. The Plantation Bonds are dead and buried. And will probe bly never be heard of more. That a great calamity has been averted from this country, is beyond all doubt. Had it been suffered to fall, upon you, it would have been the more severely felt and the less patiently endured, that inferior only to the calamities of pestilence and famine, it would not have been like these the visitation of God but of Man. I do not exaggerate, at least to my own mind, when I say, that if that had been law, which has been said to be law elsewhere, the total ruin and subversion of the commerce of India must inevitably have followed, and must have drawn along with it the rum of the furtures and hopes of perhaps of the most of those who now her men Let us be thankful that the evil has been averted, and let us hope, that it is so for ever.

"I have already detained you, Gentlemen, perhaps too long, but I hope I may still be indulged in a few words, although in

what I am to add, I must say something of myself, not unseemingly nowever I hope, since it is to speak of the obligation I am under to many who have thus honored me. I have now lived long among you, Gratlemen, nearly ten years. I have found here, and in no small degree from the partiality and, favor of the more ... the community of this city, that independence which I quitied my native country to seek in this distant land-I have acquired it, I hope, without reproach.- I have acquired it by a person ving exercise of the laborious duties of an honorable profession.—If I have sought with anxiety independence in fortune, it is that I may not become, or have the temptation to become. dependent in spirit in my later years-If I shall ever part with the independence of mind, which has never yet, in any fortune, forsaken me. I shall be without excuse: but if I know myself at all, Gentlemen, I think I may safely pledge to you my word, that if circumstances should ever lead me, or if I should ever consider myself equal to take a part in public life, I shall not forget the obligation I am under to the commercial body of this city. In me they will find a zealous if not a powerful advocate, in every case in which their interests may be involved. The interests of the merchants of India, and the interests of those, whom I feel proud and honored in serving, do not, when weil understood, differ from each other-they are, as I view them, one and the same, and both are essentially and vitally connected with the interests, prosperity, and glory of the British Empire.

Gentlemen, I will trospass upon your indulgance no longer, than again to thank you with the warmost feelings of my heart,

and to drink to the health and welfare of you all."

When the applause which followed this eloquent and manly appeal had subsided, 'the Chair nan again rose, and thus prefixed the health of Mr. Fergusson's able colleague in this important cause:

" GENTLEVEN,

"I have already mentioned the very great importance of the question before the Court, the immediate cause of this meeting, and I have end-avoured to show the feeling of obligation we

eatertain of the Advocate General's exertions

If it with great satisfaction that I acknowledge no loss obligation to the very abla manner in which he was followed and any acted, and to the zeal and intelligence displayed in the chiefation of the important question before the Court, by Mr. Compton, whose he it is tropose."

This toast too having been received with distinguished marks of approbation, Mr. Compton expressed his sense of the compliment, in nearly the following terms:

" Grattemen,

"The flattering manner in which you have been pleased to notice my humble exertions in the cause, the success of which

gow, he trusted, being measuring anne been passed.

The weight conclude with pressure till at the toast,

A stage these who could be be be the stage of the Commence, which is on on the first property to the commence, which is not on the stage of the commence, which is not on the stage of the commence, which is not one of the stage of the stage

This tocat was received in a mainer which shewed that the company fully participated in the sentiments

which it conveyed.

Mr. Forgusson now rolle to propose a toast, which, he said, he was sure would be greeted with the same acclamations at those which had so naturally and so justly followed the giving of the health of their worthy President, whose long life of benevolence and virtue passed among them, had , endeared him to all present. The adminercial body of Calcutta might be metly proud of two such men, as those who presided at that meeting. Mr. Fergusson said he was sure he spoke the sense of every individual of that meeting and of the community at large, when he said, that the integrity, high honor, spirit and generosity of the British merchant, were never more perfectly characterized, than in, the person of him whose health he was about to propose-JOHN PALMER."

This toast being halled with the liveliest demonstrations of joy, Mr. Palmer rose and said, that wholly unable as he felt himself to express his gratitude on occasion of an honor, for which he was quite unprepared, he could only wish to all present every earthly good, and conclude with dinking, their healths.

The regular series of toasts being concluded thus:

Toar 12. Sir Richard King and the Navy in India, -Tune -- Britain's Strike Home. - The Arcthusa.

Toase 13. Duko of Wellington, First Conquering Hero.' British Grenadiers.'

Toker 14. Marginis Wellesley, - Sprig of Shilelagh.' St Patrick's Day in the Morning.'

The President again stood up and called the attention of the Company to the meritorious conduct of a gallant Naval Officer.

" GESTLEMEN.

"A circumstance has just come to my knowledge, which particularly calls for the attention of this meeting. Considerable apprehensions were enter thinks beneath the County of the property of the county of th

## (Appleion.)

Next came

## . The Mostury of Lord Corporation.

"Mr. Ferguson then rote and said he half 'perists sion from the Chair to give one touck more. They had drunk with onthusiasm the health of the Pretident and Vice President of the meeting. They well deserved the appleuse which had been given to them; and were worthy of the eminence which ther had attained in the mercantile community of this ca ty. That body itself would not, he westured to say, suffer in the comparison with any body of British merchants in any city in the world. Mr. Fergusson said that during a professional life of nearly ten years he had had better opportunities than most persons of judging of the character of that hody, and he would stay, that he believed the good faith, integrity, and honor of the British Merchant; are no where more universally displayed than in the conduct and dealings of the mercantile community of this city. They eminently upheld the high name which the British Merchant had attained in every quarter of the Globe. It was with a feeling of peculiar satisfac-

" The Brille Merchants of Calcute."

Every guest present, in the warmest manner, testified his concurrence in the justice of the suregoing encountries.

The President nav. proposed --- .

"The Honorable Mr. Island, and the utter Members of the Supreme Connect," which gave occasion to the following abstracted of depreparate acknowledgements.

" Bin,

"After the brilli int offusions of animated eloquence with which we have been delighted arring the collect of this memor-

th. and to express di in which it has been received by apphly, that I now offer myself to your no-Job these gratiemen present to speak for themselves, the findgradent would be more worthy of your acceptance, the latiguage now used, by inadequate to the ottokion. I on will do me the justice to believe, that much more than There the hower to express, remains here unexpressed.

1 "To have my name associated with those of my Collectives. would, under any circumstances, and on any occasion, be gentifying to me in the extreme, but to be thus honored on an occasion like the present,—so important to the commercial interests of our Country—so honorable to the splendid talents that adorn the bar of Caleutta,—so creditable to the gratiful liberality of the British Merchants of that metempolis of British Asia : to be, Sur thus distinguished upon such an occasion, must excite in every feeling mind, a sensation of proper pride, superadded to that of gratitude.

" Such is the impression under which I beg to return my sincerest and most respectful thanks to you, Sir, and to the present company."

Next followed the health of the Countess or LOUDON, the illustrious and amiable consort of His

Excellency the Governor General.

The health of Mr. CALDER, to whose stremous efforts in bringing forward the cause, was the late great decision in no inconsiderable degree owner.

was also drupk with much joy-

Here Mr Fergusson again addressed the Company, and said that altho' they had already drank the healths of many individuals connected with the occasion of the meeting, there yet remained one person of whom it might be said that no manie exertions had been more useful in promoting the cause. He would propose the health of ohe, whose eminent talents

<sup>\*</sup> Pointing to his heart.

known to all, and whose pur had in the present case done more than could be scennplished by the tongue of others. Mr. FOLLARTON."

. (Loud Applanet.)

In reply to which, Mr. Fullarton declared, that in rising to return his acknowledgements for the honor which had just been done him, he trusted it was unnecessary for him to assure the President and Gentlemen present, that he felt as he ought, the distinction of being in any way, however undeservedly, 'associated with the occasion of the present meeting. He concluded by begging permission to avail himself of the opportunity given to him to propose a toast, in which he should probably only anticipate the Chair, and in which he was persuaded all who heard him would cordially concur. They had already borne steglimony to the value of those services which had they were that night her to teleprite by unbinking the healths of Mr. Fergusson and Mr. Compton. He would now beg to propose a toast to the health and prosperity of the professional duty to which their respective guests belonged; to:

# THE BAR OF "CALCUTTA."

Need we say that this toast was favorably received; or that it was appropriately acknowledged by Mr. Fergusson, who during the absence of his younger brethren, passed an elegant eulogium on their independence, learning, and eloquence !

All the toasts immediately connected with the objects of the meeting being now disposed of, the Company gave way to the sweets of friendly intercourse; and with the aid of excellent wines of every description, and of some admirable singing, prolonged their

sitting to a very late hour.

# ---SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

We understand that the Wellington, Captain Austice, will not be able toldrop down before Tuesday. The fol lowing is a list of the passengers.

Mrs. Lisberge Needy Mrs. Col. Robertson, wife of Colonel Robertson; Edginesis; General S. Need; Captain J. S. Harristi, Sci. Native Inflating!; Captain W. B. D. Scaley, Bombay Establishment; Captain Rand, Madras Richards, 18th Native Inflating; Captain Rand, Madras Establishment; Cornell, Bombay Marine Establishment. Childrens Mitting Caroline Anna Need, Watson, and Elica Scaley; Maning Need, Pessengton Grant Noed, Johnson Need, Irwin Maling, — Watson, William Hole Nicholetts, and Gilbert Alfred Nicholetts,—To the Cape of Good Hope; R. Chase, Esq. Civil Service.

The Ship Mandarine, Captain J. T. Rickets, arrived at Panang, on the 4th February, having on board the Honorable the Recorder of Prince of Wales Island and

Family, from Bengal.

It is stated on the authority of a letter from Penang, dated the 3d instant, per Emma, that serious apprehensions are entertained for the safety of the Barossa and Susan.

The Evene, arrived at Penang on the 30th January, from China,—the Hyder Ally, from Bengal on the 27th, and the Fattalmabarack, on the 1st instant.

The Honorable Company's Ships Actell and Lady

Carrington, left their pilots on the 22d instant.

The following Shaps will sail for their different destinations shortly.

Passengers per Marchioness of Wellesley, from London: Mr. James Beane, and Mr. J. Lloyd. From the Cape: Charles Smyth, Esq. Civil Service.

Passengers per Emma, from Renang: Mr. Cracroft, Civil Service; Mr. Cyder, and Mr. Carapiet, Armenians.

Passengers per Bilica, from Europe: Mrs. Dwyer; Mrs. Cowen; Miss Shutter; Captain Kemm, 25th Regiment N. I.; Mrs. Calloden; Mr. Culloden and Mr. Delcambrae, Merchants, and four Masters Finch. From the Cape: Major Gordon, Adjutant Gen.

ARRIVALS. February 24. Ship Durable, Guthrie, from Bombay 5th December, and Point de Galle the 1st January.

Do. 196, Elms, Sprift, field aligned Mile and cand Lape int Good, Maps the Mile Wenner of Moses, Markey, from the late of Transa the dock December. Do. 27. Brig Hiller sing thatkinsony from Bolibay 16th and Gochin ithe 29th Questoll . A it. DEPARTURES, Feb. 14th Wayele Code, Stantoneon; for inkouden -- Arabi Shipathah Allem, blink i Hussen for Tegue .... Dute Lades Couries, discode for Baddalin. Do. 25. And Ship Solomon Sody, Nacoda 'Ribi,' for the 1 1 . Isle of France. . 1 Blitchers (Weathrail, fon Bugland .-L Do. 26. Prince Racehorse, Howard, for Pennag .- Brig Mikeron, Rivesolt for Renging and Milanca. M 14 Do. 27. Isabella, restrell, for the Ospen-Brig Christina. Licano for Batavia.—Lian, Camerano for Madras.

D Bangal, Fayter, for Liverpool 44-burss, Golds-

HOMBAY ARRIVETS February 4. Ship 'Banner man, Commander George Ross. from Surat — 6. Cutter Gurtrutta, Air' B Passey, Commander, from Columbo; Brig Sepliyf, Commander Robert B. Pavin, from Mauritius.

Departure. Feb. 2 Turkish Ship of War Seralkier. Captain Hamud to Surat and Suit; Polarca of War Abric. Captain Mahomed, to ditto; Ship Atic Oate Rahiman, (formerly the Mary.) Captain Husson, to ditto—4 Ship Juli, Syrang Husson, to Bhownugar.—5 American Ship Mulabar, Commander Joseph Orne, to Boston.

# MADRAS.

The Honorable Company's Ship Asis. Captain Tremenhere, and Marchioness of Ely, Capt. Brook Kay, left the Roads on Tuesday last, for Columbo, for the purpose of taking on heard "pice at that Island, for England.

Passengere or in Madras, -Per Assat Mrs. Garrow with an first it Child, Miss Coleman, Miss Eliza Thompson, Henry Gahagan, Esq J. S. Savory, Esq. S. M. Bravet Major Andrews, Lieutenant D. H. Mackensie, Artiflery, Cap-

tain Dale, H. M. 84th Regiment.

Marchioness of Ely.—Mrs. Syms, Mrs. Knowles, Mrs. Behument. Miss Hope, Miss L. Lichtgary, Lieutenant Cil. Syms, iH. M. 69th Regiment, Capt. C. Randall, H. M. 22d Dragoous, Capt. Blundell, H. M. 23d Light Dragoons. Lieut. G. Sharp, 1st Battalion 10th Regiment, Lieut. I'

Parallel Complete Com

Pernon.

The Extra Ships Leve Katth Kapt. Campbell, and Battevia. Capt. Mayne, are expected to leave this Port in the
course of the eathing week for England direct.

Light and Mayne, Per Lord Keith: Met.
Restance and Children, Bight Homorable Ludy Elizabeth Richardson, F. Richardson, Esq. of the Civil Service, and Family, Lord Molesworth, Mrs. C. Munns, Miss E. Goldie, Lieut. E. P. Samuel, 2d Regiment Cavalry, Lieut. E. Gadegan, 2d Regiment N. I. Lieut. H. Strong, 16th Regiment N. I. Mr. Surgeon Paterion, H. M. 25th Light Dragoons, Lieut. W. Ketso, 13th Regiment N. I. Lieut. Fireworker J. Lower, 1st Battalion Artillery, Capt. Lane, H. M. 84th Regiment, Masters R. Johnson, and G. Trayers Johnson.

Per Halavia. Mrs. Gurnell, Miss Selina Flower,
Lieut. J. Newell, 20th N. I. and Mr. Blair.

Mrs. Purvis, Lady of Capt. Purvis of the Royal Navy. arrived on the Magicienne, on Wednesday last from frincomallie.

His Majesty's Ship Iphigenia, had left Trincomallie, print to the sailing of the Magicienne, for Bombay-Lieute-nant Bell proceeded on this Ship in order to join the Artil-

lery of His Highness the Nizam.

His Majesty's Ship Tyne, Captain Curran, appears to have been particularly fortunate. in seizing Vessels engaged in the Slave trade-uo less than three are advertised in one Mauritius Gazette for Sale, under condemnation by the Vico Admiralty Court at that Island. Gazette Feb. 1.

Yesterday at noon the Officers of the Supreme Court of Judicature at Madras, met in the Chambers of the Honorable the Chief Justice, and paid their respects to their Lordships the Judges, according to custom on the first day of Term. Shortly after the Judges proceeded in their Robe to the Court, and the first Law Term for the year 1817. was commenced with due form. The number of practising Barristers in this Court will shortly receive an addition of two. Mr. Stavely who has been practising at Bombay, may he expected before the end of Term. He arrived at

Mangalore on the 23d ult, and was to proceed thence overland. We observe also by the English Papers, that a Mr. Menry Bryne had been permitted by the Court of Directers to join the Profession, at Madras.

This morning the awful Sentence of the Law will be carried into effect, against Vencataram and Chedumbarum, the two unfortunate malefactors who were convicted of murden at the last Sessions.

An American Ship came to anchor in the Roads from the Northward, just as our Paper was going to the Press. She is the Star, Captain R. Cooke, from Calcutta.

Our letters from Bombay, mention that the Pirates have again become formidable in the Red Sea, and one account from Bussorah states, that four Vessels had been cut off by them, and that great outrages had been committed by their Ships—Cargoes of the value of eighteen lacs of Rupees are said to have been captured by them. A Company's Cruizer her been dispatched by the Bombay Government, to put a stop to the depredations of the Pirates, and we understand His Excellency the Admiral intends shortly to proceed to Bombay for the purpose of fitting out an expedition to destroy the haunts and lurking holes of these depredators upon Commerce. The Iphigenia sailed for Bombay on the 16th ultimo. The Towey Sloop had arrived at that Port on the 20th ultimo.

[Courier, Feb. 4.

The Packets by the Monorable C.'s Ship Lord Keith, and Batavia were closed on Tuesday afternoon; and the Shine see under weigh the next marries.

Ships got under weigh the next morning.

The Ship Prince of Orange, Capt. Silk, arrived at Galle on the 13th ult. from Calcutta, on the way to England; having touched there it is understood, for the purpose of landing # Lady Passenger, whose Husband (Mr. Hunt,) had died a few days after the Ship left Bengal.

Some apprehensions were entertained for the safety of the Ceylon Government Brig Kandyan, with General Jackson and Family on board, proceeding from Galle to Trincomalie. It appears, that after having been out twenty days, attempting to reach the latter place, blowing a gale of wind the whole time, unable to take an observation for 12 days out of the twedty, the provisious dearly expended and the crew exhausted by fatigue, it was deemed advisable to bear up and return to Galle, which they fortunately reached of the 16th ultima. Goot. Gaz. Feb. 6.

# BOMBAY.

The Argo, arrived on Friday evening last, having left Liverpool on the 1st of September, but as our Francfort Journals, received by the Asiel, extended down to the List of that month, she of course has, only brought us stale intelligence.

The Lowjee Family and Woodbridge may be expected to arrive in the course of the present month; the former ship had been dispatened from the river on the 10 the Sept. the latter ship was to sail with her; no accounts have however been received here of their having finally left England for this port.

We observe in the Times of the 19th August an address from W. T. Money, Esq. to the proprietors of the East Iudia Stock; offering himself for the direction.

[Courier, Feb 8.

# CALCUTTA MONTHLY JOURNA 11

Vol. XXX.] CALCUTTA; MARCH 10, 1817. [No. 261

# FROM THE GOVERNMENT GAZETTE, MARCH 6, 1817.

# CIVIL APPOINTMENTS.

# TERREFORIAL DEPARTMENT,

: FFBRUARY 21, 1817.

Mr C. PHILLIPS, Assistant to the Secretary to the Board of Revenue.

## POLITICAL DEPARTMENT,

FEBRUARY 22, 1817.

Mr. John Moncaron, Agent of the Governor General at Monrshedabad.

Mr. George Switten, Persian Secretary to the Government.
Mr. Charles Arthur, Molony, Deputy Secretary in the Secrect, Political and Foreign Department.

Mr. HENRY CHASTENAY, Deputy Persian Secretary to the

Government.

Mr. Geonge Eren Law, first Assistant in the Secret, Political and Foreign Department.

## MILITARY.

GENER'L ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLEYCY THE RIGHT HOYOR-ABLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; FEBRUARY 14, 1817.

His Excellency the Right Honorable the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. John Gilman, Senior Superintending Surgeon, to be 3d Member of the Medical Board, from the 30th último, in the room of Mr. Surgeon Phillips, who has proceeded to Europe on Furlough.

J. YOUNG, Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept. GÉTÉRES ORBRÉS, BY 'MÉ 'BEĞÊĞÉ ÉTET' TRU, RIQUA, HONOR-ABLE THE GOVERNOL GENERAL IN 'COUNCIL.'

# FORT WILLIAM : Finished 25, 1817.

The Governor General in Council was pleased, in the Indicials Department, under date the 14th Instant, to appoint Lieutenant James Manson of the 8th Regiment of Native Infantry, to superintend the erection of the house authorized by Government for the Judges of Circuit at Mirzapoor and of other public works at that station, in the room of Lieutenant Jerenne, who has relinquished the charge of those works on account of midisposition.

Mr. Assistant Surgeon John Vicoli, attached to the Civil Station of Zillah Bundlecund, is transferred at his own request from the Civil to the Military branch of the Medical Service.

Captain II. E Page of the Invalid Establishment, his ing furnished the prescribed Certificates from the Mulical and Pay Departments, is permitted to proceed to the Cape of Good Hope for the benefit of his health, and to be absent on that account for ten Months from the date of the dispatch of the Vessel in which he may sail.

Lieutenant S Watson of the 28th Regiment of Native Infantry, having produced the prescribed Certificate from the Pay Department, is permitted to proceed to Fork St George od account of his private affairs, and to be absent for thit purpose for six months from the date of sailing of the Shap an which he may embark.

The leave of absence granted to Lieutenant Purvis of the 30th Regiment of Native Infinity, in General Orders bearing date the 30th of August last, to proched to Ceylon on account of his private affirs, is extended to one mouth beyond the time therein specified.

J. YOUNG,

Offg. Sec to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GÉVERAL O'EDER<sup>®</sup>, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT HONOR-ABLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; ESSRUARY 21, 1817.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to notify for the general information of the Army, the following Provisions of Statutes 1 and 2 of Chapter 5 of the College of Fort William, enacted by the Right Honorable the Governor Genera in Council on the 16th of November 1815, and ordered to be in force from that date.

- 1. "Such part of Statute-XXIII, of the fourth Chapter, enacted on the 3d June 1814, as directs that a prize of 1,800 Sicca Rupees be awarded at the Public Examinations, to every Student, who may appear to have made such high proficiency in any of the languages taught in the College as shall entitle him to a degree of honor, is hereby rescinded."
- 2. "The Council of the College shall in future award, at the Public Examinations, to every Student, Civil of Militury, who may have attended the lectures of any of the Professor or Assistant Professors in the College; and may appear from the Report of the Examiners to have attained such high proficiency in any of the Oriental language taught in the College, as shall entitle him to a Degree of honor in such language, or languages; a Degree of honor, and a Gold Medal, for each language, with a Prize of Oriental Rooks, equal in value to the Medal, or Medals, adjudged for high proficiency, to be selected, as far as practicable, from the Books in the College Library."

J. YOUNG,

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL QRDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT HONOR-ABLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; FEBRUARY. 21, 1817.

Resolved, that the following Paragraph of a General Letter from the Honorable the Court of Directors, in the Military Department, under date the 12th of June 1816, he published in General Orders.

Para. 4. The following Military Officers bolonging to your Establishment, have received our permission to retire from the Service, from the undermentioned dates; viz.

Names.

Date of retirement.

Captain Chas M. Roberts, Cavalry, 15th September, 1815.
Lieutenant Colonel George Constable, Artillery,
Captain Norman Shairp, 22d May, 1816.

Brevet Major Wm Richards, Ar- 29th December, 1815, tillery, J. YOUNG,

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

APPERAL ORDERS. BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT HONOR-ABLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; FEBRUARY 21, 1817

Resolved, that the following Extracts from General Letters addressed by the Honorable the Court of Directors, to the Governments of Fort St. George and Bomb 19, under dates the

16th June and 3d November 1816, and 18th March 1816, which are equally applicable to the Brenidency of Fort William, be middished in General Orders. published in General Orders.

Extract Milliary Letter to Fort St. Gebige, dateg: 18th -

Jung, 1813,

Letter from dated 1714 Oct. 1812. 140 and 141 Redetermine, whether the amount of sub- 1 val at the Presidens cy to which they be-

Para. 54. " Having taken the suggestion systemes and passage contained in these Paragraphs into our money to Mr Cudet consideration, we have resolved that when Cadets on their passage from England shall shall proceeded to be detained by extreme sickness at an Indian. Riverge on sick Cartificate, is to be return to England, previously to their arcome chargeable to rival at the particular Presidency to which the Company, or they belong, they shall be entitled to the that Gouleman; all same advantages of rank, standing pay, al-so, that a Regulation of lowances, and passage money as their actual the issue of Pay arrival at their own Establishment would the issue of Pay arrival at their own Establishment would and and another stablishment would from Officers and Cadels, the time at which they would under other the time at which they would under other who may unavoidate the time at which they would under other by he detained by indisposition at a place of their destination.

nother port, presidually to their arrivals to their destination.

58. A similar indulgence may also be extended under sund ir circumstances to Officers returning from Fprlough, and to Othcers. of His Majesty's service preceeding to join their Corps in pndia.

Extract Military Letter to Fort St. George, dated 3d November, 1815.

Litter from . dated ) 5th March, 1813. 138 Question regirding the allow-Majesty's Service. sideration.

95. From the documents referred to in this Paragraph, it appears that when an Officer belonging to one of His Majesty's Caylon Regiments has been transferred to one of His Majesty's Regiments serving on the Coast, able by the Govern. Majesty's Regiments serving on the Coast, ments of Fort N. ii his allowances of every description have teerse and Ceylon. Mr. been charged retrospectively to the account to the recount to the coast, of your Presidency, from the date of the " of your Presidency, from the date of the order for his transfer, although for the one establishment on another, submit-ted to Courts con-serving in Ceylon," but that when an Officer

belonging to one of His Majesty's Regiments, serving under your Presidency, has been transferred to a Regiment at Ceylon,

such Officer has been permitted to draw his allowances from

you, up to the date of his actually going to Ceylon. 96. "The injustice of the principle here established is ober vious, and we have no hesitation in asying, that no allowances whitever ought to be paid to any Officer transferred from one of His Majesty's Regiment as Ceylon, to one of His Majesty's Regiments serving on the Continent of India, until the arrival of such Officer at some place, subject to your authority; and we desire that all future cases of this nature may be regulated by this decision."

Extract Military Letter to Bombey, dated 15th March; 1816.

Para. 102. "With a view to establish a more rigid check on " the usue of Wine, Beer, Fresh Provisions, or other extra are tiches for the use of the Sick or the Troops, who may be in future embarked on our Ships for India; we have directed that the Surgeons do invariably enter on their journals the cases of the Sick, who may require Wine or other extra Comforts, together with the quantities consumed by each person daily, specifring the prevailing Maladies and their mode of treatment, that on the arrival of the Ships at any of our Presidencies at which the Troops may be landed, these journals be produced, for the examination of the Medical Board, and that no charge on account of the issue of Wine or other articles for the use of the Sick Recruits be admitted, until that Board shall have certified their opinion of the propriety of the issue of the articles, for which such claims may be made."

. J. YOUNG.

Offg. See. to Govt. Mil. Dept

SENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE REGHT HONOR-

ABLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM: FEBRUARY 21, 1817.

His Excellency the Right Honorable the Governor General in Council is pleased, in the Political Department, to appoint Licutenant F. G. C. Weston, Adjutant of the Rungpore Local Battalion, to survey the Districts ceded by the Nepalese to the eastward of the Micrchie, or the usual allowances authorized

for a land Surveyor.

Licutenant Weston's appointment to have effect from the" 24th December last.

J. YOUNG.

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dopt.

\* BENERAL ORDERS, BY MIS EXCELLENCY THE BIONE HONDS.

ABLE THE COTERNO GENERAL TH COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM FEREBARY 22, 1817.

The Right Honorable the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following. Appointments and Promotions.

#### MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Acting Superintending Surgeon John Hamilton to be Superintending Surgeon, from the 30th January 1817, vice Gillman, appointed a Member of the Medical Board.

Mr. Alexander Ogilyie, Superintending Surgeon at the Moluccas, to be Superintending Surgeon on the Regular Establishment, vice Wilson, who has obtained leave to proceed to Europe on furlough, from the date of district of the Ship Lady Campbell, on which the latter Officer proceeds on furlough to Europe.

Mr. Roger Keys, Superintending Surgeon at Java, to be Superintending Surgeon on the Regular Establishment, vice Russell, from the date of dispatch of the Honorable Company's Slip Astell, on which the latter Officer proceeds on furlough to Eu-

rope. Mr. John Dyer, Garrison Surgeon at Agra, is appointed Superintending Surgeon, during the absence of Mr. Alexander Ogilvie on dury at the Moluccas from Bengal.

\*\* Assistant Surgeon George Gunning Campbell, to be Surgeon from the 30th of January 1817, vice Hamilton, promoted.

Assistant Surgeon Samuel Ludlow to be Surgeon, vice Ogil-

Assistant Surgeon Samuel Ludlow to be Surgeon, vice Ogilvie, promoted; date of Rank to be signed thereafter.

Assistant Surgeon John Bunce to be Surgeon, vice Keys, promoted, date of Rank to be adjusted bereafter.

J. YOUNG,

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

No trial of sufficient importance, to deserve a particular report, has occurred during the last week of the Sessions: In consequence of the absence or non-arrival of witnesses, necessary in certain cases,—the Grand Jury adjourned their proceedings until this day, when it is expected that some Bills, containing effences of a very serious nature, will be laid before them. The Court on Friday was engaged the whole day in trying a Conspiracy, in which as many of the Defendants as were taken, were convicted. On Saturday the trial of other Conspirators commenced before the Honorable Sir Francis Macnaghten, but the case of the prosecution was not finished.

We have been obligingly favored with the following observations on the experiment recently made with a Triving a sea, constructed by Me. Rover, and to which some of our Contemporarie, have already alluded. We congratulate the public on this successful attempt to introduce into this country, the benefit of a seniore, which has been productive of infinite convenience to Europe, and which may hereafter: ford facilities of communication through out. British India, the advantages of which, to use the language of our Correspondent, may be incaltibilities.—

" On Her Majesty's Birth-day to experiment of Mr. Boye & hal a soft took place softween Calcuffa, Duckensors, and Bueachpore, between the Hight Honorable the Governor General and state, when His Excellency expressed himself, much pleased ob its general principles, and more especially with its very Report speaks very highly of Mr Boyce's telegraph and of the Telegraphic Dictionary which he has composed, and it is confidently said, that for expedition, misplicity, heapness, and comprehensiveness, and all the other characto story of overllence which have been so long looked for and desired in this of resting science, Mr Rayce's I slegraph has no profiled. If this be the case, as has been asserted by those who souler tind the principles of Mr. Hover's discovery the Indian I dillie mas be congratulated upon the propert of the intrbelieve donn or that good or need end dials must be not such in this Country; and from the establishment of which the all santage to the affors of Government and the Mercauthe or terest of the construment be nealentable. It is neather of sin new test the infroductives of each an establishment beto fodis his not tiken place before, as it should socia that its eneourage not it and support would have been moductive of general b orbit to the Country. It is send that the expense of a dahlaham and in antiquing it upon ever to wide a scale is but mail, compaced with its just importance and probable advantages, and trathe experiment which has taken place, has proved beyond the presents of doubt two positions, which oppear to have been gen also doubted namely, that the present Pelegraph con be riches be unitaried of the lowest description, just as well as by Free, e. c., and that it can be established in any country, h case in flat or jungly, without any extraordinary energy. or de manther of stations."

It is remotted that the Eliza and the Doman have been cut off by Puster, in the Persian Culph; but is no official accounts have been received of their extraction of its hoped, that the report may prove to be

Extract of a letter, dated Cawapore, 26th Febru-

ary, 1817 :-

We have had an immense quantity of rain this month, but which does not appear to have injured the Barley and Wheat Crops, but would rather tend to fill the ears of the grain, if the fair weather should now, as seems to be the case, set in. We have also been troubled with Calcutta foggy mornings, an unusual appearance at this time, in these provinces.

We have accounts from the army to the 21st instant, which say that seige is laid to the Pettah of the Fort of Hattras, and that the Rajah Dyaram is resolved to die in his Fort. Three strong Batteries have been crected—one 6 18-pounders, one 4 24-

pounder, and one 151-inch Howitz."

It is reported that accounts have reached Calcutta, mentioning, that our beseiging force at Hatrass obtained possession of the Kuttera, the enemy having retired from it, during the night of the 23d uitimo. The Batteries opened on this portion of the fortifications on the morning of the 22d,--and a considerable impression was made on the West and North West angles of the work during the day. The kuttera, it seems, was not defended by cannon,-all the guns having been previously withdrawn to strengthen the principal fortification; and the fire kept up by DYARAM's men, from small arms, had not done any mischief to the beseiging force. It is possible, that the success which has put us in possession of this important out-post, without any loss, may induce DEARAM to surrender: but all accounts concur in stating, that his resistance is more the effect of the conduct of others, than of any determination of his own. It is said, that his Son, a spirited young man, at the head of a considerable body of the besieged :- and encouraged by the Thakooranné, has opposed the resolutions of DYARAM to surrender. The force before Hatrass has been formed into divisions and brigades as follows :-

The Artillery, Harse and Foot, under the general commant of Major General and J. Morsford. The Horse Artillery to wh.

all the gullopers are attached to be commanded by Major Pennington.

The Foot Artillery by Major Mason.

.The Cavalry to be commanded by Major General Brown, and to be formed into two divisions, viz. 1st division. Colonel. Newbury to command—to be formed of H. M.'s 8th Dragoons, 3d Native Cavalry, 1st Robillah Horse. 2d division, Lieut. Colonel Philpot to command—to be formed of H. M.'s 24th Dragoons, 7th Native Cavalry, 2d Robillah Horse.

Major Gen. Donkin to command the Infantry.

1st Division Colonel Watson, H. M.'s 14th Foot, to command—to be formed of H. M.'. 14th Foot, 2d Grenadier Battalion and 2d Battalion 11th Regt. Native Infantry.

2d Division Lieux. Colonel Vanrenon, to command—to be formed of H. M.'s 87th Foot, 2d Battalions of the 12th and

15th N. I.

3d Division Licut. Colonel Cooper to command—to be founded of the 2d Battalion 1st, and 1st Battalions of the 25th and 29th Regiments N. l.

. The Miners and Pioneers under the direction of Major An-

bury, Chief Engineer.

Since writing the foregoing paragraph we have been favored with the following account of the effect produced by the Congreve Rockets at the seige of latrass. It is dated the 22d February:—

"We are glad to announce that the first assay made with the Congreve Rockets by a British force in this country, has been attended with very com-

plete success.

"A favorable position having been taken before this fortress for the construction of a Rocket battery, within 300 yards of the Pettah and 1.500 yards on the same line from the Fort. A battery was completed in about two hours, without the least molestation from the enemy; and on the 22d, soon after midday, a discharge of Carcass Rockets commenced; the effect of the first two rounds was very successful, and in less than an hour the conflagration was extensively spread over the whole Pettah.

"The number of Rockets fired was about eighty, all Carcass,—nearly one half-lodged in the Pettali; one third in the Fort, and about one sixth passed

over all.

Both men and Officers of this newly formed corps were in the highest spirits, at the evident

success of their first operations; but all lamenting that the limited scale on which this new ammunition. has been sent out from Europe, flore not allow them, as recommended by Sir WILLIAM CONGREVE, to fire thousands, where they can only be allowed to fire hundreds.

" The enemy fired incessantly during the night of the 20th, some of their guns of large calibre 6 and 7 inches,—they remained silent the next night, and

during the 22d not a shot fired from the Fort.'

Moltan Ukhbars to the 25th of January state, that the Nabob Suferiaz Khawn was at Moltan. Vakeel from RUNJEET SING had arrived at Bhergur, and demanded from HAFIZ AHMED KHAWN 5 guns, 4 horses, and 50,000 rupees. Noor Mano-MED KHAWN had returned from Ahmed Shahee, at Derah Gauzee Khawn, and had brought with him 700 horseman.

Peshour Ukhbars to the 25th of January mention, that FUTTER KHAWN was at Peshour. The time of the King was chiefly occupied in hunting and similar sports. A letter had been received from Prince HADJEE FEEROEDLIEEN, dated at Herraut, saying, that he had previously informed the King of the victory of Prince KASUM over the army of CACHAR; and that since that event CACHAR HODJEE TELACE, with 15,000 horse and a train of artillery, had arrived at Aruz Mukudush : - and that Prince MAHOMED ALLY with another division, had proceeded towards Khorasaun. FEBROZULDEEN represented, that it was therefore necessary that His Majesty should forthwith proceed to SHAHEE. The King had accordingly given orders for the necessary preparations to, proceed thither; but the Vizier had objected to the measure.

The Ukhbars from Jaypoor from the 26th Januar ary to the 2d February, contain no intelligence of

importance.

The Amretsir Ukhbars from the 7th to the 13th January state, that Runjeer Singh was at Lahore. A letter had been received from Attock, stating that

the Vizier Futten Khawn was assembling an army. Rajah Bhag Singh had arrived at Lahore, Runjeet received him with great respect. The artillery of Koar Lhung Singh had been dispatched towards Moltan.

HOLKAR'S Court on the 21st January was in the Fort of Kunkeral. BALARAM SEIT was in great disgrace, being suspected of encouraging the discontents of the army. He had effected his escape from the Camp.

# SHIPPING ÍNTELLIGENCE.

The Hope, Elliott, left the Cape for Bengal on the 20th December; and on the 22d of that month, the Java, from this port, reached the Cape.

The Harriet, for the Persian Gulf, and the Lucy Maria, for England, put to sea on the 27th ultimo, and the Prince Blucher, also for England, on the following

day.

On Monday last, the Ship Action, Captain Mackie, from the Isle of France on her way to town, was run aground in Garden Reach, where she lay for some hours in a very dangerous situation, but by assistance from the Master Attendanc's department, she was got off without much injury.

Letters from St. Helenauntimate the arrival at that place of the Honorable Company's Ship Surrey, Captain Bradle, on the 19th October, after a pleasant run of 48 days from Batavia. She was to sail again in prosecution of her voyage to England, in company with the Thomas

Genville and the Union.

On Monday last, a' Ship of 210 tons, was launched from the yard of Mr. Montgomery, at Howrah. She was named the Edward Strettell.—On the following day, Mr. Mathew Smith, launched a Ship of 550 tons burthen, afrom his yard, at Howrah, and was named the Boyne.—And on Thursday last, at 5 p. m. another launch took place at the yard of Messrs. John Breen and Co. in Clive Street. This Ship was named by Mr. William Patrick, of the firm of Messrs. James Scott and Co. the Heroine, and is of the burthen of 560 tons.

Pessengers per Phanix: Mr. Alexander Thompson, Assistant Surgeon, and Lady, and Mr. Henry Whittle, Free-mariner.

Passengers per Robarts: Mrs. Brown, Mrs. Arrow, Miss Wilson, Lieutenant Arrow, J. Frazer, Esq. Civil Servant, H. S. Oldfield, Esq. ditto, Mr. J. Bush, Merchant, and A. Bramend. Frace-mariner. From the Cape: Mrs. Russell and Son, and Claud Russell.

Russell and Son, and Claud Russell, Esq.

Passengers per General Gruham, from England: Mr. H. S. Owen, Writer, and Mr. T. D. Pearson, ditto. From Madras: Captain Oliver, late of the Albion, Lieutenant McPherson, H. M. 53d Regiment, Lieutenant G. Budgeon, R. N. and Mr. Sheppard.

. Passenger per Admiral Moore: Mrs. Shultz.

ARRIVALS. March 3. Phænix, Thompson, from London the 20th October.

Do. 4. General Graham, Weatherhead, from London the 30th August, Madeira 1st October, and Madras the 20th Sept.

Do. 5. Bark Admiral Moore, Bresley, from Rangoon the 15th February.

Do. Governor Petric, Peters, from Penange the 14th December.

DEPARTURES. March 4. Lord Wellington, Anstice, for Cape and England.—Commerce, Dolge, for Madras. Do. 6. French Ship La Felicie, Baudin, for St. Malo.—Harriett, Bean, Ceylon.

VESSELS REMAINING AT DIAMOND HARBOUR.

Sir J. H. Craig, and Robarts.

NEW ANCHORAGE.

Devaynes, and Don Jose Premeiro.

MADRAS. The Ship Sir Stephen Lushington, Captain Chivers, was expected to sail for this place, from England the beginning of October.

The American Ship Star, Capt. R. Cooke, sailed for

Baltimere on the 9th inst.

Additional Passengers by H. C.'s Ships Lord Reith, and Balavia.

Per 1 ord Keith: Mrs. Campbell; Capt. Smith; H. M. 22d L. D. Lieut. T. T. Paske, Artillery; Mr. Charles Reed; and Mr. William May.

Per Batavia; Mrs. Woodcock; Mrs. Mayne; Mrs. Munt; Mrs. Ternan; Mrs. Leslie; George Coleman, Esq. Senior Merchant; James C'Imour. Esq. Supg. Surgeon; Capt. Schuat. H. M. 53d Regt.: H. Kyd, H. M. E. R.; Lieut. R. E. Ternan; Lieut. R. Waters, 1st Bat. 8th Regiment; Lieutenant S. Hughs, 2d Bat. 20th Regiment N. I.; Asst. Surgeon R. Wilson, 3d N. V. B.; and Mr. J. M. Blair; — Children: Miss Woodcock; Miss C. Munt; Miss J. Munt; Masters Woodcock; John W. Chalmers; Alex. Read Ternan; Richard R. Ternan; and five children of Mr. Gilmour.

ARRIVALS. Feb. 5. Ship Mary Ann. Capt. J. R. Arbuthnot, from Pondickerry 4th Feb .-- 7. Ship George, Captain M. Arle, from Calcutta 19th January .- 8. Brig Futfainlam, Nacoda Shaik Abdull Rahiman, from Penang 31st December and Cochin 22d January .- do. Schooner Floriean (F.), Captain J. Winter, from Coringa 27th, and Misulipatam 29th January .- 9. Ship Marquis Wellington, Captain J. Nichol, from London 16th Sept .- do. Ship General Graham, Capt. Weatherhead, from London 30th August and Madeira 1st October .- 10. Cutter Howrah Capt. V. Cornel. from Calcutta 8th, and Masulapatam 26th January .- 13. Ship Mary Ann, Capt. J. T. Anderson, from Minilla 11th and Malacca 27th January: Passengers: Mr. J S. Fairley, Mr. Dance, Mr. Herbot, Mr. Zacharia, Mr. Sam, Jun. Mr. Simon Mackertoom. Mr. Mackertich Satour, Mr. Machads, Mr. Peiera, and Mr. Zacharia, Jun -do. Ship Luchima, Nursemmoloo, Syrang Gungoloo, from Vizagapatam 5th Feb.: Passengers. Mr. Joseph Griffin, and Mr. William Thomson -14. H. M. Ship Conway, Captain John Reynolds, from Penang; Bug Prosper. Capt. B. S. Vas. from Chittagong the 25th Jan. -15. II. M. Store-Ship Retiunce, Captain Pike, from Trincomaliee .- 16. Brig (udero Boxa, Captain T. Davis, from Maiacca left ist Reb. and Penang left 4th Feb.

DYPLATURES. Fcb. 8. Brig Victoria, Captain M. Gonsalves. for Trincomalie, -9. Ship Star (American.) Capt. R. Cooke, for Baltimore; H. M. Ship Magicienne, Capt. J. B. Purvis. on a Cruize; Ship Po, Capt. W. Knox, for Pondicherry.—16. Ship George, Capt. Arle, for London M. H.; Ship Conway. on a Cruize; Jane Ketch, Captain Dalby: Passengers; Mrs. Sheridan and family, for Calinga patam. and the Rev. Mr, Lee, and family, for Vizagapatam.

BOMBAY. ARRIVALS. For 15. Bar Caylon Merchant, Mr L. Verelayn, Commander, from Colombo.

DEPARTURES. Feb. 12. American Ship Unicorn. Commander Asa Manchester, to Baltimorc.; H. M. Ship. Ernaad, Lieut. D. Jones, to Calcutta.

## MADRAS.

The long-expected Spip General Graham. Captain Weatherhead, arrived at this Port on Sunday evening. She sailed from Deal on the spip of September, and from Madeira on the 1st of October. The following Passengers arrived in her. She has brought the Packets of August, which were landed on Sunday evening, and the letters are now in course of delivery. She has also on hoard the Bengal Packets for the same month.

Mr. W. R. Selby, Mr. H. T. Owen, Mr. D. C. Colebronson, Mr. T. D. Pearson, and Mr. W. H. Medhurst.

We announced the arrival of the Fice Trader Marquis of Mellington, Captain John Nicholls, in an Extra paper yesterday morning She did not intend to have touched at this Port, but having been becalined off Ceylon, she was obliged to put in for want of water. She sailed from England on the 16th of September. We understand, it is uncertain, whether she continues her voyage, or discharges her Cargo at this Port.

Early on Friday morning. the Ship George, Captain Arle,

arrived from Calcutta, on her homeward voyage.

We understand that the Free Trader George, will sail on or about Thursday next. A Packet is opened at the Post Office for the transmission of letters by that Vessel to England and the Cape of Good Hippe. We hear that her accommodations are mostly engaged.

The Honorable Company's Ship Lord Keith and Batavia got under weigh early on Wednesday morning, to proceed on their voyage to England. Owing to South Easterly winds they were still in sight at the close of the day.

His Majesty's Ship Magicienne, Captain Purvis, sailed

on Saturday evening, for the Eastward.

[Courier, Feb. 11.

Collah Singanah Chitty, a wealthy Inhabitant of this Settlement, having built several Choultries and lodged a sum of mency in the Pressury of the Honorable Company, the Interest of which is to be applied in perpetuity to keeping these in repute.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council, has presented him in the name of the East India Company with a handsome Palanqueen and a Medal of Gold, containing the Company's Arms, with a suitable Inscription

for his public spirit and Charitable Institutions.

To commemorate which, a grand public Nautch has been given at his house in the Black Town for several successive evenings, to many of the principal Families at the Settlement. In addition to the tisual presentations of Flowers, Rose Water, &c. Single he Chitty has liberally supplied his Visitors with Cakes and Wines, of the most expensive quality—the Champagne is highly spoken of—and the Glass was circulated with a princely liberally to all, who honored him with their Company.

We are concrened to announce a melancholy accident which occurred in Colombo harbour on the 27th ultimo, hy the upsetting of one of the boats belonging to His Majesty's Ship Iphigenia - From the account received, it appears, that a party of Officers belonging to His Majesty's 73d Regiment had proceeded on board the Iphigenia on that day to dine with the Officers of the Ship, and that on their return in the evening the bort unfortunately upset. by which distressing occurrence no less than seven lives were lost-Ensigns Campbell, Coane and Hanwell, of His Majesty's 73d Regiment, and Lieutenant Sanders of His Majesty's Ship Iphigenia, two Seamen and one boy were drowned, the remaining seven got safe on shore—the less of these valuable young men are stated in letters from Columbo—as having caused a most melancholy sensation in that Garrison. We have not heard from what cause the accident happened.

Private letters mention, that the Charles Mills, had sailed for this Country, prior to the departure of the General Graham—Colonel Sir John Malcolm had embarked on the Charles Mills—which has most probably passed on to Bengal—The Sir Stephen Lushington was expected to leave England early in October, for this Presidency.

[Gazette, Yeb, 15.

The Ship Letter Packet by the George, homeward - bound Free Trader, closed on Saturday afternoon, and

The Benefit Committee Control of Anter Montanana

Captala A land and the Marine Batlation is accordingly appropriately campaigned by Troops in Adjan

Bonker Station 34 Retracts, 1817

Licutement Macdonalls, Pariety is furious by greated to thin, wider disercition is directed to resume his stall situation of Tannah from the date of his return.

Bembay Cartier Oth February

In consequence of Captain Lightenant This nomination to the situation of Commissary Stores with the Poona Subsidiary Perce, the following appointment is ordered to take place.

## Brigade of Horse Artillery.

Lieutenant E. H. Willock to be Adjutant and Quarte, Master, vice Griffith, date of appointment, 25th January, 1817.

By Order of the Right Honorable that Governor in Council, \*

. W. NEWNHAM,

## CIVIL APPOINT MENT.

DATED 30TH JANUARY, 1817.

Mr. Thomas Williamson, to be assistant to the Collector of Kaira.

[Gazet Feb. 12

- We are informed that H. M. 74 gupship Melville, new building here, will be floated out of the Dock on Manday night. WONTHLY JOURNAL.

Vol. XXX.7 CALCUTTA C. Masch 17, 1817. [No. 269.

## FROM THE GOVERNMENT CAZETTE, MARCH. 13, 1817.

## MILITARY.

DERS, BY HIS EXCPLIENCY THE RIGHT HONORABLE

The leave of shapice granted to Licutenaut Lister of the 26th Regiment of States and Sta

stant. word the period therein mentioned.

Serjeant Major John Cochrane of the 2nd Battalion 18th Regiment of Native Infantry, having produced satisfactory testimomale of his claim to the pension established by Minutes of Council of the 11th January, 1797, is accordingly admitted to the bea nefits of that Institution and permitted to reside at Campore.

Serieant John Richie of the pension establishment, is permitted of his own request to reside and draw his Stipend at

Berhampore, instead of at Dinapore.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to transfer to the Commissiriat Bepartment, the repairs of the Barrack, and Hospital Cots, when necessary.

J YOUNG, Offig Sec. to Govt Mil Dept.

CINERAL ORDERS, BY HIS IXO HUNCY THE RIGHT HONORABLE

THE COVERNOR GLAIMAL IN COUNCIL. FORT WILLIAM. FEBRUARY 28, 1817.

Resolved, that the following Paragraphs of a General Letter from the Honorable the Court of Directors, in the Military Dcpartment, under date the 25th of August, 1816, be published in General Orders

'Para. 4. " We have permitted Brevet Colonel and Lieutenant Colonel Alexander Hond, and Licutenant Alexander Kenry Johnstone, Officers belonging to your establishment, to remain till the departure of the last Ships of next season."

3. " We have permitted Captain William Henry Kemm, be-

longing, to your establishment, to return to his duty "

6. We have permitted Mr. William Hogg, an Assistant Surgeorgie your establishment, to return to his duty, without piejudice to his rank.

J. YOUNG, Govt Mil. Dept.

OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; Francary, 28, 1817. His Excellency the Right Honorable the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. Surgeon G. G. Campbell of the 8th Regiment of Native Cavaliv, acting Garrison Surgeon at Agra, and to the charge of the Medical Depot, at that Garrison,

during the absence of Mr. Surgeon Dyer, appointed to act as

Superintending Surgeon, or until further orders.

2. His Excellency the Right Honership the Governor General in Council is pleased, for the purpose of sectiving the services of one Native Doctor with the Fort Marlbro Division of the 20th, or Marine Regiment, and of two with the Head Quanties of the Battalion, on Island duty at Prince of Wales, islands to authorize an additional Native Doctor for the Regiment.

On the Relief of the Hand-Quarters of the Regiment at Prioce of Wales' Island, one of the Native Doctors with it, if to be transferred to the Relieving Division of the Regiment, were being taken to make the transfers, so as to give each of the Native Doctors an equal period of service, beyond Sea.

Difg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY ARE RIGHT HOSOR-ABLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL. FORT WILLIAM : FEBRUARY 28; 1817.

The Right Honorable the Governor General in Council is pleased to publish the following Supplementary, Statement of Compensation, due to certain men of the Herse, Artillery Corps, in lieu of certain articles of Equipment.

Supplementary State of Compensation in lieu of certain Articles of Equipment, allowed by the Clothing Board to men of the Horse Artillery Regiment of this Establishment, being in continuation of the Statement datal 30th March 1815, transmitted to the Assistant Adjutant General, with a letter from the President of the former Off-recking Committee, of the same date.

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William Williams	Serie- }	13	4	31	9	3	1 "	ł	4s.r.	
John Chapman	Trum- }	0	0	o	4.5	\$	·ř	<b>20</b> .√	o r	. ` k ·
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To Gert. Mil. Dept.

CLINERAL ORDERS, BY RIS TAGELLENCY THE RIGHT HOROX-ABLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM , Mason William

The leave of absence granted to Major To Later of the Army, in General Orders of the 22th Probasery 1815, to proceed to sea for the benefit of his health, and which was subsequently extended in those of the 22d many and Managers 1816, is further prolonged to the date of his relation Bengal.

date of his result to Dengal.

• Major Gondon being arrived at the Presidency, is directed by the Governor General in Council to resume the duties of his Office. .. 4. . . .

\* J. YOUNG,

of Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

"General orbital, by, his excelleners que right honor-ABGE WHE GOVERNOR DENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WIELAM: PERCARY 28, 1817.

\*I. Colonel James Managegor of the Invalid Establishment, baving notified his acceptance of the condition on which the Honorable the Court of Directors were pleased to direct his restoration to the effective branch of the service, as specified in the 15th paragraph of their General Letter of the 20th of September, 1815, and published in General Olders of this Government, under date the 13th of April, 18403. His Excellency the Right Honorable the Governor Council in Council accordingly restores Colomb MacGregar to the effective branch of the service, from the 3d of April to

2. Colonel MacGregor will take rouk in the Cavalry, from the latter date, and remain a Supermimerary Colonel until a vacancy shall occur for his being brought on the regular Establishment, as Colonel of a Brigade of Cavalry, until which time he will not be entitled to any share in the Off-eckoning

3. His Lordship in Conneil is pleased to publish the following Extract of Brevel Princetions, by His Royal Vighness the Prince

Hegent, in the army in India.

His Hoyal Highness the Prince Regent, in the more and on sche behalf, of His Majesty, has much the following Promotion. The Tollowing Officer of the Honorable East Indua Company's Service, from his standing in the army, and pursuant to the late Regulations, has been promoted by Brevet. Colonel James MacGregor to be Major General in the Fast indies only, 4th June, 1818

(Signed) C. J. DOYLE,

Military Secretary.

J. YOUNG.

Offg. Sec. to Govt Mil. Dest.

SENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY, THE RIGHT HOME ABLE THE GOVERNOR SENERAL IN COUNCIL.

#### FORT WILLIAM MARCH 7, 1817.

The Right Honorable the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following Promotions, and adjustment of Rank.

Cavalty. Senior Major and Brevet Lieutenant Colone John Nuthall to be Lieutenant Colonel Transfer Soth May 1878, vice Rose, retired in Europe.

Senior Lieutenant Colonel and Brevet Colonel Francis Rusledge to be Colonel of a Regiment, from the 22d June 1810 vice Daniel Coningham, deceased.

Senior Major William Croxton to be Lieutenant Colonel vice Rutledge, promoted, with rank from the 19th September

1816, vice Mainwaring deceased.

Major James Rutherford Lumley to be Licutenant Colonel, vice Samuel Wood, retired in Europe, with rank from the 20th of September 1818, vice Drummond, invalided.

#### 3d Remiment Native Cavalry.

Senior Captain Charles Stuart to be Major. Captain Lieutenant Nathaniel - Hodges to be Captain of a Treep.

Senior Lieutenant Patrick Dunbar to be Captain Lieutenant.

Senior Cornet Prederick Petet in Lieuteuant.

4th Regiment Native Lavality. Senior Cornet Charles Prager , King to he Lieutenant vice Apsley, deceased, with rank from the 19th September 1816, vice Lumsdaine. decensed.

8th Regiment Native Infanted. Senior Captain and Brevet Major Stephen Nation to be Major from the 20th September 1816, vice limitey, promoted

Capt. Lieutonant Andrew O'Shea, to Be

Captain of a Company, Senior Lieutenant Wiltiara Davidson

Playfair, to be Captum Lieutemant, Senior Eusiga William Henry Verrancau to be Lieutenant.

#### oth Regiment Native Infantry,

Senior Ensign George Frederick Fignk Vincent to Ma. Lieutenant spice Norris, retired in Enjoye, with rank from the 5th June 1816, vice Broughton, promoted.

4 150

#### 23d Regiment Native Infantry.

Sculor Captain Alfred Richards to be Major. Captain Licutenant Thomas Worsley to be Captain of a Company Sentor Licutenant and Brevet Captain Charles Patrick Dant to be Captain Licutenant.

Senior Ensign Mark Grigg to be Lieute-

From the 3 Septem 1816, in crassion Croston, moted.

27th Regiment Native Infantry.

Senior Eusign France John Bellevitone Licutebant from the 29th November 1816, vice Lappin, decased.

#### · Medical Department.

Senior Assistant Surgeon Thomas Tweedie to Be full Surgeon, the Francis Buchanar. fetired in Europe, date of Rank to be sufficient hereafter.

## Adjustment of Acank.

Lieutenant Kender Mason to rank from the 28th April 1814; sice Goldfrap, struck off

Lieuten int Kenneth Cruickshank to rack from the 1st August 1814, vice Donald McLeod, promoted

#### Infantry.

Lieutenant Colonel William Casement, C. B. to rank from the 23d June. 1 14, vice Rutledge, promoted.

Lieuteaunt Colonel Francis Drummond, (Invalid.) to rank

from the 5th August 1816, vice Wood, retired.

Lieutenant Colonel James Garner to" rank from the 9th August 1816, vice Rotten, invalided.

Licuteuant Colonel Martin White to rank from the 10th August 1816, sice Featherston, invalided.

#### 4th Regiment Native Cavalry.

Lieutenant Charles, Bridgeman Neild to rank from the 31st July 1816, vice Apsley, deceased.

#### 4th Regiment Native Infantry.

Major Alexander Capbell, Captain Francis Sellon White, Captain Licutenant William Costley, Lieutenant William Buttantiaw.

To rant from the 22d June 1816, in succession to Casement, gro-moted.

## 8th Regiment Native Infantry.

Captain Alexander Black, Captain Lieutenant Andrew O'Shea, Lieufenn Charles Field, To ran's from the 20th Sept., 1918, in succession to Lum-ley, promoted.

#### 9th Regiment Native Infantly.

Licutenant John Rodway Stock to rank om the 21st Februs acy 1816, vice Norris, retired in Europe.

11th Regiment Native Infantry.

Major Patrick Byers.
Captain Thomas Joseph Turner.
Captain Lientenant Henry Nicholson
Lielltenant John Walker.

To rank from the 5th August 1816, in successsion to Prymmond, promot-

#### 15th Regiment Native Infantry.

Major William Burgh, Captain Hugh Davidson, Captain Lieutenant William Pickersgill, Lieutenant Malcolm Nicolson. To rank from the 9th August >1516, in nuccession to Garner promoted.

th Regiment Native Infantry.

Major Edmund Cartwright, Captain Thomas Dundss, Captain Lieutenant Philip Brewer, Lieutenant David Sherriff, To rank from the 10th August > 1816, insuccession to White, promoted.

J. YOUNG,

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

LECTRAL ORDITS, BY HIS LICEMETTICY THE RIGHT HOSOR-ABIL THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

### FORT WILLIAM; Manen 7, 1817.

Captain W. If Kennin of the 25th Regiment of Native Intantry on this Establishment, has been permitted by the Honorable the Court of Directors to return to his duty without prejudice to his Rank.

2. Mr. John Smith Sloper, having produced satisfactory testimonials in evidence of his appointment as in Assistant Surgeon on this Establishment, by the Honorable the Court of Directors, as stated in their General Letter dated the 8th May 1816, an extract from which was published in General Orders of the 20th September last, and the Medical Board histing reported him perfectly qualified, he is admitted to the service accordingly.

3. The undermontioned Officers having respectively produced the prescribed Certificates from the Mistical and Pay Departments, are permitted to return to Europe on furlough, for the

benefit of their health.

Lieutenant Sydney Walker of the 4th Regiment Native Infants v.

"Lientenant Thomas Trist of the 5th Regiment Native Infan-

4. Lieutenant and paintaint Reywolds of the 2d Regiment of Native Infantry, having furnished, the prescribed Certificates from the Medical and Pay Repartments, is permitted to make a voyage to Sca, for the benefit of his health, and to be absent on that account for Ten Months.

5. His Lordship in Council was pleased on the 92d ultimo, in the Political Department, to permit Mr. Samuel Ludlow to remain in Medical Charge of the Residency at Delhy, notwithstanding his promotion to the rank of Surgeon.

J. YOUNG.

Offg. Sec. to Gavt. Mil. Dept-

GENERAL ORDERS. BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE STEEK HONORS ABIE THE GOVERNOR CENERAL IN COMMENCE

## ' FORT WILLIAM; MARCH 10, BILL

The Right Honorable the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointments. ? .

Major J. Nicol, Deputy Adjutant General to be Adjutant General of the Army, with the Official Rank of Lieutenant Colonel, vice Fagan, who has proceeded to Europe.

Major C. Stuert, Assistant Adjutant General, to be Deputy

Adjutant General, vice Nicol.

Captain J. Vaughan of the 21st Regiment of Native Infantry, to bo, Assistant Adjutant General, vice Stuart.

1 YOUNG.

Qilly are to Govt. Mil Dept.

#### MEMORANDUM.

FRRATUM 19 GENERAL ORDERS OF THE 21ST PERRUARY, 1817. For " Mr. W. Watson," of the 13th Regunerit of Native t dontry, read " Mr A. D. Walson," attached to the 18th Regiment of Native Infantry: J. YOUNG.

Offg Sie to Govt. Mil. Dept.

The Ganges from England the 4th of November was spoken by the American Ship Bengal off the Cape-de-verd Islands. The former was to touch at the Isle of France; but may be shortly expected at this Port.

The Inspection of the Artiflery at Dum Dum . which had been twice proposed in consequence of

the damp state of the ground, took place last Thurst day afternoon. We understand that the practice was truly scientific and excellent, and reflected the greatest credit on the highly disciplined corps, whose character has been so long established.

The Sons of SAINT PATRICE will dine together this Evening at the Town Hall. A numerous party has been invited, and the anniversary of the Saint will be duly honored. The Honorable Sir Francis Machaghten will take the chair and Colonel Dov-LE will be Vice Presidents.

That our readers, who are interested in the exportation of Indigo, may not be misled by some reports which have prevailed; we publish the following extract of a letter from one of the most intelligent merchants in America, to a respectable house of hysiness in Calcutta.

"Our accounts from the Continent for Indigo' are very bad. Some of the shipments from this country of time qualities did pretty well—but it is difficult to effect sales; and of the ordinary qualities, there is each an abundance that they bave no value—On the 9000 maunds imported from Bengal last year into the United States, I im guno that the loss exampt be least

" New York, 28th September, 1816.

than 50 to 70 Rupees per maund."

The latest accounts from Canton, afford reason to believe that our Embassy, was not treated with the respect which we had been assured, had been shown to the representative of the British nation. It is said that Lord American was permitted to remain, but a few hours at Pekin; and that during his route to Cannot ton, he experienced considerable mertification. And Imperial Edict, couched in the language of the "Cannot be lestial Dynasty" has been received at Cannot which, we understand the embassy to particular, noticed.

We have received accounts from the Administration of the Coast hat the Gulf-pirates have extended their core of ditions beyond their own seas. They have be ditto i stercept the Arab tradition the western side of India. An Arab ship was lately taken by these covers hears.

CANCELLA MONTHLY JOURNAL.

Talicut, and every one on board put to death, except three men who happening to be aloft at the time, contrived to leap into the sea, and swim to a Patamar, at which they arrived at Cochin.

The occupation of Hatrass by our Troops and the flight of Drange were announced on Thursday, last to the Inhabitants of Calcutta and its vicinity; and our access, on this occasion, has happily been unattended by any loss. The enemy, it appears, suffered considerably, before the explosion, which occasioned the abandonment of the Fortress. Most of the details of the siege are already before the public; but the following letter from an Officer, who held a very distinguished situation, will be perused with interest. We are in possession of a correct plan of the Fort—the kuttra and the adjacent ground, whereaux Butteries were serected; but it reached us too last to admit of our having it engraved in time for our pre but publication.

" Camp before Hatrass, March 8, 1817.

On the 12th of last mouth we arrived here. From the 12th to the 21st we were employed in reconnocionee and preparing materials; and the Civil Agent in regognation with Dynram, who more than once deceived us. When the train arrived, and active operations were determined on, during the might we then up three Batteries—one for three 24-10 anders on the first to destroy a corner batton of his Kutters, to the S. W.; and the center to destroy the girtain and gate on the standard of the center to destroy the girtain and gate on the standard of the standard of

south-east Bastion commenced an approach or parallel towards the Fort, and constructed a 24-pounder battery for six gunse a mortar battery, six 8-inch mortars, six bi-inch mortars, and further on in the parallel, a battery of sixteen 54 anch mortars in a broken ground or excavation, from which earth had been dug to make hicks. On the right and in advance of this, another a battery for six 18-pounders, and our trepches pushed up to within fifty-four paces of the crest of the gracis. Our operations were delayed from a want of fuzes for our shells, and we were unable to open our hatteries until yesterday, when we commenced by a general salvo from alk. The signal given from a Rocket battery of three frames to tho left of il-the effect and sight was beautiful, and only excelled by a spectacle which took place about 5 in the evening. While I was in the batters watching the flight of a shell, it had scarcely touched the ground before an explosion took place, the most grand and awfall ever beheld. It was the firing of Dyaram's powder maga-It is hardly possible to give you an accurate description of it.—fashion to yourself an immense column of red smoke, forming itself like an enormous Chatter, in soils continually changing form as it ascended to an incredible height, "I can only compare it to a Chatter formed sponge, of a bright sandy red colour. Several frigments fell in the trenches and hurt peveral of the people. The shock threw me off my legs, and when I got up the scene was grand and magnificent beyond expression, it was nearly a quarter of an hour ere I could see the Fort, and the general idea formed, was, that the whole was destroyed A Mut Dyacam was building, the scaffelding of which was not taken down, has been shaken and is now out of its perpendicular; and the whole of the bamboos blown away. It is reported that 200 people are burned in the rums, and upwards of so horses. During the night the alarm was given, and not-withstanding every effort, Dyaram escaped with about 18 (some say 80) Lorse. He was pursued by the 8th Dragoons, but his people surrounded him devotedly and secured his escape; they followed to the gates of Marsaun. I am just come from tho Fort, which we took possession of last night or rather this The effect of our shells morning about half past 12 o'clock and the ruins they have occasioned is in liscribable; the house of Dyaram and his Zenanah is a complete riddle; shot and shellholes in every direction through and through. The mortality is great, men and horses laving in the gateway and entrance to the works, and towards Dyaram's palace. It is singular that another rougazine on the Rowney or outworks, penetrated by a shell, did not explode. The Fort like the Kuttra is a miserable hole and in total ruins I trust we shall get some prize money, as they say they have information of 30 facs of Rupees. Nothing alue has yet been found, but lots of grain, and traps belonging to his Sirdars, and people who have escaped. The westher is here delightful."

We republish the following information respecting the occupation of Hatrass and the surrender of Moor-Plan from the Government Gasette Extraordinary of Saturday last.

" The Dawk of the 3d instant from Hatrass has furnished us with some, further perfeculars relative to the capture of the Fort,

which we lose no time in laying before our readers.

"About 5 o'clock do the 2d, the ground sucrounding the Fort. was dreadfully shaken by the tremendous explosion of the enemy's magazine, said to contain several thousand maunds of gunpowder; blowing into the air 200 men, 80 horse, and a great number of buildings. The clouds of dust and smoke intercepted the sight for south minutes,—yet notwithstanding the occurrence of this dreadful event, the people in the Fort continued to fire. The mortars kept up an incessant bombardment, the trenches being carried within about 50 paces of the crest of the ditch. It was 12 o'clock at night, when Dyanan, with a few cho sa horsemen, sallied out from the Fort, without intimating his resolution to the Garrison. In his flight he was opposed by the 8th Dragoons, and the enemy fought with such fury and desperation, that in the skirmish, one of our men was killed, one Officer, and several Privates wounded. In the mean time, our Sepoys stormed the gate, and many of DYARAM's people were killed, in attempting to force their way through our troops. The absence of Dyanaw, had proved a signal to the garrison, to plunder the wealth and property of the Chief, and they had loaded themselves with about 50,000 Rupees, which were taken from the Prisoners, on our getting possession. The scenes which the Fort presented the following morning, are stated to be of the most dreadful description. The ground was covered with the dying and the dead. -dissevered limbs of horses and men were found sticking through the ruined heaps, which had been occasioned by the explosion of the magazine. There was not a building in the fort, that had not been perforated by the Another magazine had been struck, but did not explode. It is said that 2000 rounds of shells were fixed 'during the homburdment, which lasted 15 hours. The manner in which it was conducted, is said to reflect the highest credit on our Engineer Officers. No money had yet been found in the Fort, probably the whole had been buried. There was gun-powder, and also gram in abundance.

" The Fort in considered to be stronger than that of Bhurtpore; the explosion has done very little damage to the outworks Dewin has been taken prisoner; and according to his account, there were on the morning of the 2d, not more than 1,450 persons in the Fort, all of whom, with the exception of 109, were fighting men. Dyaraw, his two sons, and about 40 of the horsemen, who e-caped with him, were so completely clothed in armour, that our troops could make no impression on them. The Thekoor was defended with the most resolute valour and intrepidity by his goard, against two squadrons of Dragoons, who

pursued them to the neighbourhood of Moorsan. It is supposed that they intended crossing the Jumna, and taking refuge mid-Lihorb. During the whole of the operations, we have lost in halled only 6 Sepoys and 2 Lascars.

"This informing intelligence was received by Governmente,"
the surrender of Moorsan, and the complete submission of
Brugwart Sing, the proprietor of that Fort."

We have received Moltan Uhhars to the 5th of February. FIRFERAUZ KHAWY was then at Moltan; and accounts had been received from Hyderabad, the capital of Sinde, stating that an epidemic disorder had produced a great mortality in that quarter—This, we presume, is the same disorder of which we have read in the Bombay Papers.

Accounts from Raolpundy to the 5th ultimo state, that the two Seik Chiefs Hokma Singh and Nund Singh had adjusted their differences. Two messengers had passed towards Lahore, with answers to letters addressed by Rundur Singh to the Vizier Futten Khawn. A great scarcity of grain

prevailed at Peshour and Raolpundy.

The Ukhbars from Holkar's Court dated the 28th of January mention the departure of the Bhalk from Kunkeral to Annoop. Thence she wrote to Ander Khawn complaining that the army encouraged by Gufoor Khawn, had entirely cast off its allegiance. The latest report states that this body was about to proceed to Anelk Khawn at Bhaolpore.—Scindar had issued orders to Jean Baptiste to assist Holkar's Chiefs in reducing the mutinous army to obedience. A report had arrived at Annoop that two Battalions of the British Army had pursued the Pindarees across the Nurbudda. This rumour, we suppose, relates to one of the attacks on the Pindarees which have been long known to our readers.

The Jaypoor Ukhbars which reach to the 7th of

February, contain nothing of importance.

On the 20th January RUNJEET SINGH was encamped at Lahore,—the Vakcels from Moltan requested that he would not send an army against that country, assuring him that the tribute should be Settled RUNJEET rather uncourteously replied, that if the Nabob of Moran was a liar," and that unless he army went to plunder his country; no inoney would be obtained.

## LOSS OF THE UNION.

Accounts have at length been received of the fate of the long missing ship Gaton. Captain Barker, and her crew. Solomon, a native of Batavia, and seaman of the fore-top, having escaped from the Island of Engano, where the survivors remain, has given the following account of the unhappy situation of Captain Barker, and his men.

"Solomon, is a native of Batavia, states, that he has been at sea upwards of ten years, partly on board English men of war, and partly in country ships; and that about 16 months ago, he sailed in the Union. Captain Barker, from Calcutta, for Batavia. About a month after going to sea, the ship which was laden with cotton, struck at 7 o'clock in the evening, on a reef, about 7 miles distant from an Island. Nearly fifty of the crew reached the shore, when they were mm diately seized by the natives, and stripped quite naked. The boats were detained and broken up, which prevented any farther intercourse with the people on the wreck. After five days when all that had remained on board, had perished, the natives went off to the wreck for the purpose of saving the iron of the vessel.

4. The persons sived were, he states, the Captain, three officers, two gunners, one European passenger, and a considerable number of the crew. They were divided by the natives into different gangs, and Solomon was with the captain, havildar, and one chalashie in the hills, employed in weeding grass, and in the evening in cutting fire-wood. They had only three plantains allowed daily for their food. The captain, however, had a piece of pork daily. When they did not work, the natives used to pinch their eves, ears, and faces; and at night he was separated from his three companious. Having been unwell, with a bad face, Solomon states, that he heard the natives. who were talking together, say that they would throw him into the sea, (such being their practice towards their captives:) and about ten o'clock, on the same night, when all had retired to rest, he ran towards the beach, which he reached about midnight. He then called up two of the crew, who were sleeping in a small but, and seizing upon two

small sampans, they lashed them togethes, put to sea, and steered for the east, (where the sun rises); the Captain having informed Solomon, that they would in one day, reach the (Sumatra) shore. They were at sea five days when they reached Bellembang, having had no provisious, except five coccounts, and nothing to dritk but the rain, which fell at night during the whole ting.

"Solomon states, that, the native go quite naked; hute that they make a very fine thread. Their only weapons are spears, and they have no kind of money. They eat cats, snakes, and rats; there is no rice on the island.

"The men wear their hair cut short; that of the women is long, and they bore their ears. The flowers are all built of a round form, raised from the ground, and boarded. Solomon saw a great quantity of cannon shot, which they had procured from a ship, wrecked off the island, some time before. Two boats arrived at the island, from Batavia, during his stay, having touched on their passage

at Bellembang."

ANOTH ER ACCOUNT.

Extract of a letter from Croee, dated 13th January, 1817. " About two days ago three people arrived here from the Southward, who prored to be lascars belonging to the ship Union, Captain Barker. This ressel sailed from Calcutta about a year and a half ago with a cargo of cotton, bound for Java and from thence to China, but very unfortunately indeed on passing Poolow Burtallanjong she struck upon a Reef of Rocks; this happened about 14 months ago at 8 o'clock in the morning, and about 4 in the afternoon of the same day she sunk : a pinnace and jully boat got on shore with the Captain. the Chief Officer (named Davies) and about 50 men altogether, but as soon as they reached the shore the natives soized them, and plundered them ! I every thing they had, (consisting of a small hox of money and a writing desk), even the very clothes of their backs fell a prey to them; the two poats they broke up, the remaining crew. (nearly 50 in number) were seen on a raft attempting to make the shore which they could not effect, and have never been heard of since. The Captain and the Chief Officer with about 40 Lascars are still on that Island, (perfectly naked) dispersed in dimerent places and are used as slaves by the natives to work at their Oobee (or Yam) Plantations (no Rice being at that place,) and these people declare, that should any of them prove to he sould as to be incapable of working, their hands and feet are tied with large stones hung to them, after which they

re thrown into the Sea and drowned. The above three people will be proceeding to Marlbre' in a few days hence.
Poolow Burtallanjong, is the Malay name for Engano,
which lays a little to the Southward of Bencoolen."

#### ANOTHER ACCOUNT.

" FORT MARLERO', Jan. 30, 1817.

"Three men have recently arrived at Fort Marlbio', who give the following account. They say that they were sailors on board the Union, Captain Barker, which sailed from Calcutta about fifteen Months ago, bound for Batavia and England. That after they had been about a mouth at sea, they found themselves, early one morning, at a distance of seven miles from an island, and at seven o'clock A. M. the ship struck on rocks. She could not be got 6. 'again, and was beginning to go to pieces, when the boats were got out, and the Captain, three Officers (one named Davies, and one since dead) an European passenger, a gunner and his mate, both Europeans, with about fifty lascars, proceeded to the island. The Captain and Officers meant to come back to bring away the rest of the crew, but as soon as they, reached the shore the natives came down in a body, hauled up the boats and broke them to pieces, so that the whole of these mentioned were made prisoners. The natives stripped them of all their clothes, separated them into parties of, three and four, and in the mornings drove them to the plantations, which they were obliged to weed and clean; in the evenings they were made to cut fire-wood and carry it house. Their daily allowance of food was three plantains to each person, but the Europeans had some pork given to them. [The three men escaped are Mussulmen, so perhaps they will not acknowledge that they partook of this food | There was no rice, ever seen on the island. The men were quite naked, carried species, and cut their hair short. The women were fair, wore leaves round their waists, and had long hair. If any of the unfortunate captives were too ill to work, the nauves tied their hands together and threw them into the sea : several lascars had perished in this manner. Captain Barker was once very ill, and they incestened to cast him into the sea. One of those who have escaped, says, that he was very ill for some days, and one night heard the wives say they would throw him into the sea next morning : he resolved to attempt to escape, and contrived to communicate his intention to Captain Barker, who desired

him. If he discorded, is there for the flying sun, when he winded soon reach land. The part of fills his installed were sleeping, got to the semination were kept; he want them and together they contribed to bind two very look but very narrow cances to each other; they produced be few cocoanuts and making a sort of sail as well as the could, they put out to sea. In five days the current and wind drave them ashore at Bellembing Bay, near this southern extreme of Sumatra: Then they went to Croes, and the gentleman stationed these forwarded them in a boat to Maribro. As the people all want without clather, they called the Island, Pgolo, Telongang, which signifies naked; the most intelligent of the three who have escaped is a Javanese, and speaks English he says he was maked top-boy, and that he has beved on board the Illustrations, the Psuche, and others of his Majority's ships.

"There can be little doubt that the island is Engano; and if so, it is now clearly proved that its inhabitants are not cannibals. The Acting Resident is about to send a Civil Servant, with a Surgeon and a party of Troops to Rogano, on the Ship Good Hope, in the hope of accomplishing the liberation of our wretched fellow greatures, thus long detained in savage slavery, by prevailing on the natives to give them up in exchange for a variety of articles, which have been collected for this parpose: the use ofmoney is quite unknown on the island. It is fortunate that any vessel happened to be in pore at the time when this intelligence was received as the miserable sufferers are stated to be reduced by despair and sickness to such a condition, as to render it likely that none but the most prompt assist-

## SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ance would have been in time to save them."

Advices by the Susan state, that the British Embassy had sailed for England, without having accomplished the object of the misson.

The Ships Agrord, Spliana and Westerd, were seen in the offing by the Suean, as the was gianding out of the Macao, roads; no mention is made of the Baragea, but no apprehensions need be entertained fit her affect, as she sailed in company with some of the apprehension remains a state of the safety, as she sailed in company with some of the apprehension remains remains from Malacca.

Cotton continued at the prises of out last advices; Opium was rather improving it is britished at dollars 1310 per chest.

4 1 V On Sunday the 9th instrut, the American Ship Jachem, Mying off town. was discovered to be on fire, and apprehensions were entertained for the Shipping; the fire, however, was soon extinguished by the exertions of the crew, with the assistance afforded from other quarters.

The Randuloll Day spoke the following Ships on her passage :- On the 20th December, the Charles Mills, from Portsmouth 28th October, for Calcutta, touching at the

Cape.

The American Sing Bengal, spoke the Ganges, from London, for Carcutta, on the 24th November, off the Canada Verd Islands—20 days from the Downs.

The French Ship handerragore, will drop down in a

few days for France

Extract from the report of the Ship David Clark, from

Bencoolen.

" The Good Hope was despatched on the 31st January, on a mission by the government of Bencoplen, to the island of Engano, to restore Captain Barker, officers and crew of the Union, who were upfortunately cast away on that island, about 16 months ago, on his passage from Calcutta to Java, and have been slaves ever since, stark naked."

The ship. Tyne. C. Bell, for London, will drop down two or three days.

The Pembroke, is loading for Bombay, and will sail inall this month.

The Benson, G. Betham, for England, touching at Madras, will leave town in a few days.

On the 8th, Brig Minerya, J. Russell, put back.

Passengers per Portsea: Misses J. M. Hodgkinson, and C. M. Hodgkinson.

Passenger per Susan: Mr. W. Davidson, of the firm of

Davidson and Co. Canton.

Passengers per David Clark: Mrs. Skardon; Mrs. Frushard: Miss Skardon; Lieutenant Skardon, and a Detachment of the 2d Battalion 20th Regiment Native Infantry.

Passengers per Charles Mills, to the Cape: Mrs. Hill; General Hill, and Captain Thornton. To Calcutta: The two Miss Priests; Sir John Malcolm; Captain Blair; Mr.

Brece, and Mr. Baird.

Correct list of Passengers proceeding to Europe and the Cape of Good Hope, on board the Private Licensed Ships Lord Wellington and Bengal.

By the Lord Wellington, Captain Anstice.

TO EUROPE. Mrs, Need; Mrs. Robertson; Major General Need; Captain Elarriott, of the 2d Regiment of Native Infantry; Captain Richards, of the 11th Regiment of Native Infantry; Captain Sealy, of the Establishment of Bombay; Captain J. C. W. Rand, of the 4th Regiment of Native Infantry, on the Establishment of Fort St. George, and Cornet George Thornton, of the 1st Regiment of Native Cavalry. Children: Masters Lewis Thackeray Watson, Walter Wardel Need, Pennington Grant Need, Johnson Need, Irwin Maling, William Hamilton Nicholetts, And Gilbert Alfred Nicholetts. Misses Emily Watson, Caroline Anna Need, and Elizabeth Sealy.

TO THE CAPP OF GOOD HOPE.

Richard Chase, Esq. a Civil Servant on this Establishment.

By the Bengal, Captain R. I. Fayrer.

#### TO EUROPE.

Captain Collis, of His Majesty's 24th Regiment of Foot, and Licutenant Fraser, of His Majesty's 8th Regiment of Light Dragoons.

ARRIVALS. March 10. Hilliam Savery, (American)
Bardins, from Philadelphia the 1st November Bengal,
Denuis, from Salem the 20th October. John Bult,

Williams, from Ceylon the 23d February.

Do. 11. H. C. Ship Minto, Heather, from Vizzgapatam.

— Hope, Elliott, from London the 16th September.

Atlas, Mercer, from Batavia the 18th January.— David Clark, Miller, from Bencoolon the 6th Feb. — Brig Orient, (American) Meik, from Marblehead the 8th February.—Brig Penang Packet, Robinson, from Vizagapatam the 23d February.

Do. 12. Ramdolell Day, (American,) from New York

the 4th October.

Do. 13. Portson, Nicholls, from Liverpool the 27th October.

DEPARTURES. March 9. Clauding, Welsh, for Java and Liverpool. -1. ady Nugent, Swanston, for Bombay. -- Schooner Dervent, Carr, for Madras and Mauritius.

Do. 12. Brig Minerva, Russell, for Penang and Malacca Do. 13. Isubella, Foster, for Penang.—Amelia, (Dutch.) for Rotterdam.—Tyne, Bell, for England.

Do. 15. Resitution, (American.) Massery, for Boston. --Benson, Betham, for London.

## CALCUTTA MONTHLY JOURNAL

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FROM THE GOVERNMENT GAZETTE,
MARON 20, 1817.

## MILITARY.

CANADAL ORDERS, BY HIS RECELLENCY THE RIGHT HONOR-ABLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM & MARCH 7, 1817.

The Governor Geteral in Council was pleased to appoint, in the Territorial Department, under date the 21st ultimo, Lieute-nant Ludesay of the Corps of Engineers, to the duty of completing the plans of the several projected improvements at the Custom House, and of preparing the estimates of the expence are nding their execution.

J. YOUNG,

. Offg. Sec. to Govi Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT HONOR-ABLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; MARCH 7, 1817.

The Right Honorable the Governor General in Council is pleased to resolve that, in order to place the Apothecaries, and Sub-Conductors of the army, on the same footing of espectability with corresponding classes, warrants shall be gouten to those Officers; and His Eordship in Council southing the following rates of fees to be levied on the warrants of Apothecaries and Sub-Conductors, respectively, viz.

On an Apothecary's warrant, 20 St. Rs. being the rate for a

Conductor or Riding Master.

On a Sub-Conductor's warrant, 15 St. Rs.

J YOUNG,

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL OFFICE BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT HONOR-ASSE THE GOVEROR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; Manch 12, 1817.

1. The Right Honorable the Governor General in Council is pleased to esacel such parts of the General Orders of Government, bearing date the 31st of January last, as relate to advances of the proportion of Off-reckonings of the year 1816, to Officers Commanding Extra, Provincial, or Local Corps, and to author

gize such Officers to present their Bills, der the allowances prescribed for each by the General Ordens of Government under date the 1st of March 1816, to the Cluthing Board for adjustment, in the same manner as all other charges against the General Off-reckoning Fund are brought forward.

2. His Lordship in Council is further pleased to direct that all Statements regarding advances, appropriations, final adjustments or other matters connected with the management of the Off. reckoning fund, are in future to be prepared in the office of the Clothing Board.

J YOUNG, Offg. Sec to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY, THE RIGHT MONOR. ABLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL,

#### FORT WILLIAM; MARCH 14, 1817.

1. Ensign Davidson of Engineers, is appointed to superintend the repairs of the Buildings in the Governor General's Park at Barrackpore, in the room of Major Anburev, appointed Gairison Engineer and Executive Officer at Delhi.

2. Ensign Davidson's appointment to have effect retrospec-

tively from the 8th January, 1817.

J. YOUNG.

Offg. Sec. to Gover Mil. Dept.

LENERAL ORDERS BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT HONOR-ABLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL,

#### FORT WILLIAMS MARCH 14, 1817,

The appointments in the Department of the Adjutant General, published in General Orders of the 10th instant, are to have iffect retrospectively as follows.

Lieut Col. Nichol and Major Stuart, as Adjutant General and

Deputy, from the 13th November 1816. Capt. Vaughan, as assistant, from the 23d February 1817.

J YOUNG,

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLIPTED THE RIGHT HONOR-ABLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

#### FORT WILLIAM: MARCH 14, 1817.

1. His Excellency the Right Honorable the Governor General in Council is pleased, with a view to provide for the efficient discharge of the duties of the Ordnance Dapartment at Agra, to direct a permanent addition to the existing Ordnance Establishment of one Deputy Commissary, and accordingly promotes Mr. Conductor James Whale, to be a Deputy Commissary

of Ordnance from this date.

2. The Governor Governal in Council is further pleased, in consideration of the limitted number of Deputy Commissaries, which does not admit of any Officers of that rank being uon-effective, to promote Mr. Conductor Brian O'Loughlin, to be a Supernumerary Deputy Commissary of Ordnance from this date, to supply the Vacancy occasioned by the absence on Furlough of Mr. Deputy Commissary Cormack.

J YOUNG, Offg. Sec. to Govi Mil. Dept

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT HONOR-ARLE THE GOVERNOR GLYGRAL IN COUNCIL.

#### ' FORT WILLIAM; MARCH 11, 1817.

The Right Honorable the Governor General in Conneil in pleased to direct, that the following supplementary statement of the proportion of Off-reckonings payable in advance on account of the year 1816, to a Colonel succeeding to a Regiment, by the decease of Major General Daniel Conyugham in Europe, be published in General Orders.

Colonel Francis Rutlege, from the 23d of June Sa Rs to the 31st of December 1816, vice Couyng-hum, deceased.

Calculated at the rate of £543 15s, per annum, vice Hawkins, who becomes entitled to the higher rate, from the 23d of June 1816, vice Corryngham, deceased.

Total, Sa. Rs. 1,459 11 7

Resolved, that an Order on the General Treasury for Sicca Rapees 1,459-11-7 be issued in favour of the Pay-Master at the Presidency, to enable him to discharge the above-mentioned Share.

J. YOUNG, Offg Sec. to Govt. Mil Dept

SENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS ETCKLLEVEY THE RIGHT HONOR-ABLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

#### FORT WILLIAM; MARCH 17, 1817

1. His Majesty's 66th Regiment of Foot having arrived at the Presidency, is directed to hold itself in readiness to embark on Saturday the 22d instant, on board of aloops which will be provided by the Town Major of Fort William, for its conveyance to the Transports engaged to carry that Regiment to Saint Helena.

2. His Excellency the Cummander in Chief is requested to issue such subsidiary Orders as may be necessary to give effect to this resolution.

J. YOUNG, Offg Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLERGY THE ALGUT KONOR-ABLI THY GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; MARCE 18, 1817.

1. His Excellence the Right Monorable the Governds. General in Council observing that the actual strength of the Medical Staff of the 66th Regiment does not admit of one Surgeon of Assistant to each of the 3 Tr insports of which the Regiment is to be embarked, and considering it independed that one Medical Officer at least should proceed in charge of each Division of the Regiment, appoints Assistant G. O. Jacob of the late 5th Volunteer Battalion, who in Government General Orders of the 3d Jacuary last, obtained leave to return to Europe on Purlo' on his privite affairs, to do duty with the 1st Battalion 66th Regiment, and to proceed with it to Saint Helena.

2. Mr. Jacob's Furlo' is to be calculated from the date of his departure for Europe from Saint Helena, or, in the event of his being sent from that Island to England on duty, with the relieved Troops, from the d te of his arrival in the latter Country.

J. YOUNG,

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

The Weat'.e: during the last week has continued to be quite insensonable. Rain has fallen in considerable quantities, accompanied by thunder and lightening, and on Fuday evening, a hail-storm was experienced.

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We have much pleasure in re-publishing the Division Orders, issued by Major-General J. S. Wood, on the occasion of the Inspection of the Artillery on the 15th instant.

## MARCH 15, 1817.

Dirision Orders, by Major General J. S. Wood.

"Major General Wood derived great pleasure from the inspection of the Artiflers at Dumdum under the command of Colonel Hardwicke; on the 15th instant. The accuracy with which the shells and shrapuells were thrown could not be exceeded. The dress and a pointments of the Corps vers in the unmost state of neatness and uniformity. The Major General has reported the above sentiments in the strongest terms to this Excellency the Right Henerable the Commander in Chief.'

On Monday last a fire in the Jaun Bazar consumed a great number of huts, and occasioned

considerable damage. This, we fear, is but the commencement of this kind of evil, to which the poorer classes of native inhabitants are annually subjected in Calcutta; and we regret exceedingly that no plan has yet been adopted for securing the City from the distressing effects of this destructive element. While the Native Poor who reside in huts. are permitted to construct them of the same materials as heretofore, they must be constantly subject to fires, from acciden, and from negligence; and if confingration commences in any one of the cluster of these hovels, during a windy day or night, the whole must be destroyed before any engine can be brought to operate with any effect. It may be, as is stated, that the men who work the engines are not so skilful as European firemen; but we are persuread, that the mischief will never be prevented, until means shall be taken to build the houses of les combustible materials. We ventured, last year, to suggest, that some association should be formed for the purpose of enabling the unfortutheir habitations with mud and tiles, if not, in a more durable manner: and we are fully persuaded, that ranges of small buildings might be erected at a comparatively small expence,—the occupiers of where houses, would be enabled to pay annually or recording to them, in proportion to the sum expend-bill and the ground rent; and the amount would be with less than the sum they are now compelled in pays afficient consulty in reconstructing the misera-The butter If this made should be considered objecinnables a sufficient sum might be advanced to any person who would engage to build his house, with sufficient materials, agreeable to a prescribed plan ; able who would mortgage the building for securing the payment of the sum auranced. The saving which the payment of the sum auranced. The saving which the desirable possess in a few years, would enable the occupie to redesse the mortgage. The salubrity and appearance is presented of the poor would be usuinfied, and have good certainly be less frequent and machine could certainly be less frequent and machine could certainly be

It appears that the decision of the Supreme Court at this Presidency in the case of the Cutter Disputch, had excited considerable rejoicing at Boinbay; and that the Ships in the Harbour there were decorated, after the example which had been exhibited at this Port. Private letters, however, intimate that the Luci Judgement which will be delivered in the case of the Ermand, is not likely to be varied in consequence of the determination of the Supreme Court. We can scarcely persuade ourselves that the writers of these letters, can possibly know, what the final Judgement of the Court of Bombay will be, until that Judgement shall be pronounced, and even if their anticipation shall chance to be well founded, it will not follow, that the precautionary measure, which they have recommended, ought to be adopted. As it has been solemily determined, that no Plantation Bond, is by law required to be entered into, in this Country; and that there is no Officer, within the Company's he Imits of trade, who can take a Plantation Bond or granta Certificate. -- w. ne at a loss to comprehend. why any such precantionary measure, as has been suggested in the lett is from Bombay, can be deemed necessary? The S preme Government in consequence of the decision of the Court at Bombay, and before the determination in the case of the Dispatch, took Bonds from those interested in the immediate departure of Ships ready for sea; and this was a fit and necessary measure of precaution: but since another. Court of competent Jurisdiction, has declared, that these Bonds cannot lawfully be required, we cannot perceive how the mercantile community are again in a dilemma, as has been suggested. It is true, that the decision of the Supreme Court cannot reverse or vary the Judgement of the Court at Bombay; -nor was such a consequence ever contemplated, by any person who understood nature of the Jurisdiction of the respective Courts: but we are persuaded, that when a correct report of the proceedings and judgement in the case of the Dispatch, shall be generally known and attentively perused: the fears of the mid

few who are now anxious to adopt precautionary measures, will be entirely dissipated. Of this, also, we are convinced, that the Officers of His Majesty's Navy, will manifest that deference to the decision of the Supreme Court, however it may conflict with the Judgement of the Court at Bombay, that they will never interrupt a trade that has been quied parsaged toya Century and a half: and which has been deliberately pronounced to be LAWFU!

In our subsequent pages will be found the details which have reached this Presidency of the uncourteous reception of Lord Annuar at the Chinest Capital, and of the proceedings of the Embassy, "som that period until its arrival at Canton. Imperial range, to which we alluced in our last publication, will be perused with the feelings which such a document, from such a quarter, is calculated to excite and we presume that it will occasion no great degree of mination. If the representative of our Country had experienced similar treatment from the Gove ment of any state which might be fairly considered within the pale of civilization, the national honor would have been insulted, and must have been redressed but when we reflect on the character of the people,-the Policy which they have almost identific with their political existence, and which is investrate and unchangeable,—and their perfeet gnorance of the power and resources of other ce males; we can norther feel surprise nor indignation at what has occurred. We regret exceedingly that it was dremed necessary to mear so much expense in sending out an embassy, which from tormer experience, could scarcely expect success: and it is to be lamented that our Ambassador and his softe should have been placed in situations, in which they were taught "to meet the senseless arrogance of barbarism with the calm forbearance of civi-" lized digmty." We are persuaded that their demeanor throughout their painful trial, will reflect credit on themselves and convey to their countrymen the only gratification which can be exchacted from the

ensuccessful termination of this mission. The expectations of its projectors have been disappointed, but the character of our country has not been prostrated to the pride or to the folly of the Chinese Government. The details which we have published, have been taken from the last Calvatta Gazette.—as they are more circumstantial than those which are have been enabled to collect.

Peshour Ukhbars to the 10th of January state, that the King Manmoor Shan, and his Vivier FUTTER KHAWN were then at Peshour, diverting themselves in hunting excursions. Accounts from Anne Shank mention, that Forther Ally Shan CACHAR, had dispatched his son toward, Knorasann. Prince Mosnup had proceeded to Tehraun. ISMAEL KHAWN TELAEE, with 15,000 Horse and Artillery, had arrived at Mushud, and Prince Mo-LUCK CASUM with his Khawns and followers had re-The King Managon Sam turned to Herraut. had consulted the Vizier about proceeding wards Anned Shahe, upon which, the Vizier stated Athat Cashmere. Moltan and Kutchee were in immediate expectation of being invaded by RUNJELT Sixon; and that it would therefore be advisable, that His Majesty and the Court-should proceed to AHMED SHARE, and permit him the VIZIER to deal with RUNJERT SINGH; and that he would manage to give His Majesty Ten Lacs of Rupees, The Vakeel of Scinde had pleaded mability to pay the full amount of the tribute of that State, in consequence of the large disbur ements, which had been occasioned in the Campaign, when the British army invaded Cutch: -in consequence of this statement. the tribute was reduced 51,200 Rupees.

Intelligence from Scinde, announced that 10 British Ships with an Army and Artillery had anchored in the Port of Kulajee,\* in consequence of which the Fort had been strengthened with 10,000 horsemen; upon which, the British armament with-

<sup>\*</sup> Our Translator writes " porhaps Kucan."—The whole of this statement seems unmaelligible.

drew. Agreat dearth of grain prevailed at Pesh-

our-7 seers of wheat sells for a Rupee.

Moltaun Ukhbar, to the 10th ult. state, that Ser-FERAUZ KHAWN remained at Moltaun. It was reported that 200 Seik horsemen had arrived at Ahmedpore-Salaun, whereupon Serferauz Khawn despatched 200 Infantry and some gun-powder to the fort of Feeroze Kote.

Raolpundy I khbars to the 12th February state, that a gang of Afgans instigated by Hubers Khawn of Berhaun, had assembled at Sreekote, and had begun to plunder at Hussenabdal; but that they were soon checked by the Seik Chief Nund Sing.

Hot KAR's Camp was on the 5th February at John. A letter had been received from AMEER KHAWN. stating his approbation of the punishment inflicted on BALARAM SFIT, " who had turned an" infidel," a d recommending, that if Gufoor Khawn should suspected that he also should be dismissed, when Ameer Knawn would send a proper person in his place. Another letter had been received from Rajhun Pindaree, stating, that having been twice deleated by the British Army, with the lost of 2000 Pindarces (in killed and wounded,) he waencamped at Bhoopaultaul.—and that understanding the mutinous conduct of Holker's Army, he was ready to render his services to the Buarr. An answer was written, "that if need be, he would be -, called." The Prshwa's Vakeel had reported, that the Pesny's had fallen from his horse, and was considerably hurt in his arms.

Amretsir Ukhbars to the 27th January state, that RUNDERT SINGH was then at Labore, preparing for

the invasion of Cashmere.

We have not this week received the regular Jayroor Ukhbars, but the Dillon Ukhbars mention,
that Ameer Khawn had marched towards Jaypoor,
—the troops of the Jaypoor Rajah watching his
movements. Bapoojee Scindia had moved his
encampment to Bhulwar. Colonel Montaus
Khawn was encamped five coss distant from Hindoor,
and was pressed by his Army for their arrears of
pay.

## THE ANNIVERSARY OF ST. PATRICK'S DAY. .

A Meeting of the Sons of St. Patrick was held at the Town Hall, on Wednesday the 12th instant, when the following gentlemen were chosen to superintend the Anniversary honors due to their Guardian Saint, on the 17th.

PRESIDENT.

The Honorable Sir Francis Machaghten.

VICE PRESIDENT.

Colonel Doyle.

STEWARDS.

Colonel Shaw, H. M 59th Regiment.

Colonel McMahon, A. J. Macan, Esq.

J W Fulton, Esq.

J. W. Hogg, and

A. G Caulfield, Esqra-

Accordingly on Monday evening, nearly two hundred gentlemen sat down to dinner, at the Town Hall, where every thing was sumptuously provided, that the season could afford. The numerous toasts selected for the occasion were well calculated to rouse, and give an interesting energy to the feelings of patriotism, and a vivid recollection of the charms of home. The Honorable President kept up the spirit of the party by the adthrough and social character were drank. The Honorable the Linef Justice, the Monorable Mr. Seton and the Honorable Sir Authory Buller were present - All was life and enjoyment, and there was not a moment to spare for the indulgence of any ustrusive feeling inconsistent with the full harmony of the evening. The toasts were happily introduced in a neat and apposite manner by Sir Francis Macnaghten, and they were received with uniform delight and acclamation. We regret that we are unable to offer a more complete report of some of the appropriate and energetic speeches that were addressed to the company in the course of this grand entertainment, then will be found in the following sketch.

It is hardly necessary to say that the renowned Saint was rapturously honored by all present when the first toast was announced—and the others on the list, which we do not recollect in their precise order, were received with the same feelings of approbation and pleasure which they are accustomed to excite.

In rising to give "The Earl of Morra," the President said, "Gentlemen, at a meeting like the present, and when on the eve of proposing a toast which is always drank with enthusiasm, it would be an unpardonable omission were I not to advert to the resent success of our aims in the upper provinces—Gentlemen, I know little of the policy of this country, or thank

God, the policy of any other; but throughout my life I have been in the habits of tobserving the influence and the course of justice, and no one who looks over the grounds which led to the expulsion of the rebellious chief of Hatrass, can for a moment doubt that the punishment he has received was the punishment of justice. (\*tpplause\*\*,) He had given provocation and insult, where we might have expected allegiance and gratitude. Gentlemen, I congratulate the illustrious nobleman under whose direction this victory has been achieved,—I congratulate you all on an event so important to the interests of the State. The great personage at the head of this Government stands in need of no culcium from me. In all the relations of life, both public and private he is too well known to the world to require my feeble applause. To an Irishman, to you all, it is sufficient that I propose the health of the Earl or Moira."

The toast was drank with enthusiastic appliance. Several national toasts succeeded in a tunnit of joy and acclamation. It was impossible however to be confined to the printed list of toasts, and accordingly considerations of private friendship and attichment mixed with public esteem, brought forward several highly respected fames to share in the honors of the evening.

In recommending the health of Sir Edward East, the Honorable President said that he would not on this occasion consider him as a public character,—for in hearing testimony to his ealightened judgment, he might be accused of partiality—especially as he himself had coincided in opinion with him on questions of great and public importance. He therefore preferred announcing him as a private character, in which point of view he could not fail to be universally respected and admired The applique of the company gave a pleasing corroboration of these just expressions of regard.

or I now rise, said the President, to propose the health of a gentleman whom you all personally know,—whom every hody knows. He has fequested me not to bring him into Court!—but from the polish of his manners and the suavity of his disposition you might suppose that he had passed the whole of his life at Court. (\*fpplause.) I therefore have no historian in proposing the health of this worthy son of St Andrew—need I say that it is my friend the honorable Mr. Saron?" The toist was welcomed with plaudits of approbation. Mr. Saron then rose and addressed the company in nearly the following terms.

#### " Gentlemen!

"In endeavouring to express the feeling excited by the flattering distinction, no less unmerited than unexpected, with which your too great partiality habe in pleased to honor me,—I hardly know whether to dwell most upon the pride which ereters into that feeling, or upon the delt. It. He who would receive so high an honor, without being proud, must be altogether unworthy to be so distinguished. But Gentlemen, on the present occasion, the high and animated emotion of pride, is softened by the delight proceeding from the pleasing reflection that a proposal so honorable to me, originated with an old and a greatly valued friend, and was so generously received and supported by this numerous and respectable assembly, the members of which, long since in possession of my sincerest regard and esteem, are now entitled to my gratitude From my very boyish years, I have honored and admired the Sons of Erin, as a nation: - I have loved and esteemed them as individuals. It has been my good fortune to be connected with many of them, by the ties of friendship; and to few is it better known than to myself, how justly they are famed for the possession of those ardent, generous, gallant feelings, which, as incentives no less to deeds of noble, bold, and patriotic daring, than to the gentler exercise of acts of kindness and benevolence, are the glory of the nature of man.

" Impressed with this high sense of the character and conduct, national and individual, of the Sons of Erin, I have looked forward to the return of their national anniversary with a feeling of interest which can only be surpassed by the sensation excited by the approach of St Andrew's day; -and I am persuaded, Gentlemen, that this shade of distinction, this little tinge of preference, will be not only affered, but aplauded by the liberality of the Sons of St. Patrick. When thational partiality does not degenerate into national prejudice, it rather tends to expand, than to narrow the mind therefore, with real gratification that I witness the spirit, the cordiality, and the animation, with which national anniversaries are commemorated in this distant region, where from its remoteness from the mother-country, it is peculiarly desirable to cherish and foster those patriotic feelings which, while they give rise to such meetings as the present, face confirmed and improved by them. They serve to bring together, in the most pleasing, cordial manner, the Sons of St. Patrick, St. George and St. Andrew,—and to evince, that, though "rivals in renown," they are brothers in affection!

"Gentlemen! This is the last time that I shall be able to enjoy the gratification of seeing my Indian friends of the Green Isle assembled on their national day. But, in whatever part of the globe, its future anniversaries may find me, believe me, Gentlemen, I shall ever consider them as interesting and memorable days,—as days, which the honor that I have this day received, will render dearer than ever to my recollection.

" Sons of Erin! Once again I thank, you with my whole heart, and I have the honor to drink, -most correlally to drink,

-to the prosperity of the Green Isle, and to the happiness of her Sous."

This address was delivered with great feeling, and was frequently interrupted by bursts of applause.

The healths of Sir'Anthony Buller and the President were drank in the most gratifying manner.

One of the guests having recommended to the Chair the health of an Englishman, Colonel Doyle, which was drank with every demonstration of pleasure: Colonel Doyle rose and said, Mr. President and Gentlemen, " I rise under considerable embarrassment-not embarrassment from the want of words to express the gratitude I feel for the honor you have just conferred upon me; but embarrassment at being taken for an Englishman while I fill this Chair ' The worthy guest who proposed my health was guilty of what in some countries is termed a jue d'esprit, but which it indulged in by an Irishman is called a Bull, and has thereby produced evidence sufficient to entitle him to a place among the Sons of Erin, (at least for this evening). I have however to thank him forgiving me an opportunity of delivering a communication to our President and the Sons of Erin. the Noble Lord whose health was drank some time since. It was my intention in returning you thanks on his part on that occasion to address you on the subject, but at that time, as our Chairman, justly observed, the fire was as hot as that which was experienced at Hatrass, and I had not an opportunity. I shall not detain you long, but I am anxious to give you a proof of the solicitude evinced by his Lordship, for the weltare of every institution which can remove or alleviate the sufferings of our fellow countrymen. And gentlemen, when I tell you that the rough outline of this charity was sketched at the suggestion of a man who was the pride of Ireland,whom England admired, and whom Scotia esteemed,-a man as celebrated for the patriotism of his public life, as for conviviality in his private circle ;- a man distinguished in the highest classes of the literature of his country : I mean the late Richard Brinsley Sheridan, (applause.) I am confident that I cannot recommend it more strongly to your notice. The simple appeal to your feelings contained in the few pages, I hold in my hand, will give a clearer insight into the objects of the Charity, than I should be able to do were I to speak for an hour. I shall, therefore, with your permission, hand the books to our President, requesting him to distribute them to the Stewards. A subscription paper will be left with Mr. Hastice

and I apped not tell you gentlemen, that any individual by mobscribing even a trule, will perform an action worthy of an Irishman.

The President having proposed and drank the health of the learned and element Advocate General. Mr. Fergusson rose by employen the festings with, which he was impressed. He began by thunking the Passident and company for the henor tirey had stone him, which was angrestifying as it was unexpected, and he felt despite, the kindness of the Francisco, who had impoduce a his health in farms so fatfering and strong. He said the know the little farms so fatfering and strong. He said the know the little that he had associated with frashmen, and could count among them some of his best and dearest friends. He intimately knew with what a brave, and generous, and gallant spirit, they were animated. He would not, he said, return the honor that had been done to him by proposing the health of the worth? President, who was deserving of all the health of the worth? President, who was deserving of all the health of the worth? President, who was deserving at all the health of the world, with the could bestow upon him, for his health had already been drank three bases with acclaustions, but he would, with, permays-

<sup>&</sup>quot;The following short antract from the pumphist will show the benevolent object of the charaty. The Prince Regent is the Patron, and as the first General Meeting held in Followay 1817. That Bank of Merna was in the chair.

factions, to create a Fund for the Ratical of those page. Natives of Ireland, who have not acquired a right to any particular provision in England, who, by disease, equality, old age, ac. are unable to earn alivelihood, or who, withing to return to their own Country, are destitute of the results. That such an Establishment has been so very long neglected is the more extraordinary, as at the early period of 1666 a Security for the Relect of the poor Scote. People in England Innouning under simple privations and ellicitiens, was increased in the such a standard by the same of the Scoting Country, and the same of the Scoting Country in the same of the sa

To entered the proposed of the proposed of the proposed Charty the published at the proposed Charty the published of the street, at the moment, he acceptanty. I want to be present the proposed of the first the street of the published of the published of the proposed of

#### · CALCUTTA MONTHEY TOURNAL,

on, give the memory of an Ifishman, who united in his character all the virtue, all the gallantry, high independence, honor, sympathy, and generosity, which distinguish the Irish name. He had known him from his infancy he had been the companion of his boyish days, his youth and his manhooded but it had pleased providence; to deprive him of his driendship in his declining age. He had falted in the defence of his country, in a blaze of glory. It do interpropose; Gentlemen, that his memory snould be drank in siteties but that it should be drank with joy and transport; he was an honor to his country, and a more noble, a more disinterested and valuant character never followed the profession of arms. Sentlemen, he was an Irishman! I give you the memory of Rolls Gillespie!

Every heart beat in unison with this energetic appeal.

The toast of the Duke of Wellington was welcomed and hailed with the usual honors; but the pledges were so quick and numer, us, that it would be distincted to remainder the whole distinctly. An excellent Military band, and the pipes of Jerry Galugan, with some admirable rouge, by several of the gentlemen present, varied the pleasures of the catestainment. It was nearly three o'clock in the infining before the President left the chair, and we understand that several joint spirits, sons of the Green Isle, remained at the table till they saw? the morn faint glegning in the capital cast."

We last week hinted at the failure of Lord Amberst's mission. The following particulars of the train of unfortunate circumstances leading to that event, having been chiefly drawn from the communication of persons who accompanied the Embassy; their general accuracy may, we believe, he depended The grand point then, on which the miscarriage turned was the Ambassador's refusal to comply with the abject and debasing ceremonies of the Chinese Court. The Embassador was all along told to look upon the act of prostration before the Emperor as a stree qua non to the success of his undertaking: and from the period of his taking to his boats until the hour of his departure from the house occupied by him near Pekin, his time was wholly occupied in fruities attempts to evade, or soften down the more offensive part of the ceremony. Every proposition to this effect was at once rejected by the Mandarine : who far from shewing a disposition to treat the matter lightly as a mere point of form and etiquette, took pains to impress his Lordship with an idea of its absolute necessity; as a token of subjection to the celestial hemisphere; from which even the King of England himself would not be exempt under similar circumstances. Lord Amherst too well-aware of the duty which he dwed to his sovereign and his Country, to submit to such degradition, during every part of the discussion, steadily kept to-bis determination of not complying with the observance. Finding all their endeavours to subdue his independence to fail, the

Mindarines formed a resolution to digrage the Embassy. The stethed upon which they fell to effect their purpose was the following They pretended that the Emperor was extremely anxious to receive it. A day-was appointed for the interview; and as Lord Amherat's residence was at some diviance from Pekin, and he might be fatigued by the length of his wurney thither, it was agreed that he should travel during the night, pass next day at an intermediate house not far from the palace. and obtain an audience; on the following morning. An officer high in rank, the brother-in-law, we believe of the Emperor, was appointed to accompany him, with an immense retinue. They travelled in litters by torch light. The crowd was very great, and materially impeded their progress. Whether hy accident or design, part of his Lordship's suite, was separated from the main hody of the procession, and afterwards unable to rejoin it. Shortly after sumise, after a tedious journey of little more than twenty miles in fifteen hours, they approached the capital. The Mandarines now put their scheme in execution. Instead of taking his Lordship to the appointed house, they hurried him directly to the palace, and told him that he must immediately prepare to appear before the Emperor. Aware of the artifice attempted to be practiced upon him, Lord Amherst represented the impossibility of his accepting that honour. wearied, and undrest as he was, and without the Prince Regent's letter and other necessary erodentials. The mandarines at first would not listen to these remonstrances, and it is said would have even proceeded to use violence in order to effect their purpose, had not Lord Amherst laid his hand upon his sword, and intimated to them the danger of touching his person. Finding remonstrances and menaces equally meffectual in shoking his Lord. ship sresolution, they next reported him sick to the Emperor; who desired that he should, after being visited by the imperial Physicians, be conducted to the house allotted for his recention. The nature of the Physicans': bulletin in nuknown; but only a few hours had elapsed, when the house was surrounded by a cavalcade, and a herald proclaimed his Majesty's displeasure by sound of trumpet, and ordered the embassy to refurn forthwith to the place whence it came. They were accordingly forced to retrace their steps, and undergo another night journey. without baying had, a single moment's rest. They saw nothing more of Pekin or of the selectial palace of Yuen Min I uen. There is reason to suspect, that either the Emperor had discovered the imposition that had been prectised on him, or that the Mandarines began to fear that they had gone too far in their igmoninious treatment of the Ambassador, and to dread the resentment of the British nation. For an edict was spromulgated within a few days, in which it was stated that the Emperor had been deceived by his Ministers, and that three of them had been punished by degration. At the same time the Embassador received some presents for the King, and was instructed to send a few articles, all of little value, in return. The embassy was now directed to return to Canton. It proceeded by water. The journey lasted four months; and but for the unpleasant cirounstances which preceded it, and the presence of the Mandarines and imperial commissioner, would not have proved altogether unpleasant. The gentlement of the mission were allowed to leave their boats and go on shore when they liked, but debarred from all intercourse with the natives. They represent the country as neither prosperous nor very populous. Lord Amhort reached Canton on the list January; and found a letter from the Emperor to the King of England awaiting his arrival. The annexed extraordinary Edict had reached that city many days previously, and long before any thing was known regarding the fate of the mission.

#### TRANSLATION

OF AN IMPERIAL EDICT, DATE THE 15TH DAY OF THE 17TH MOON 21ST YEAR (6TH SEFTEMBER 1816) OF THE RING, ADDRESSED TO THE KING EYAN, AND THE THE YORK, TUNG OF CANTON, AND RECEIVED THE 5TH OF THE STE MOON (25TH SEFTEMBER).

The English Embassador upon their arrival at Tein Sing. have no observed the laws of Politeness, in return for the invitation" of the Emperer, Kia-thung Tung-chow. Four leagues from the Court they gave assurances of readiness to perform the prostration and genunections, required by the laws of good manners of the country, and arrived at the Imperial House (& a league from Court): And when we were upon the point of repairing to the Hall, to receive the Embussy, the first, as well as the second Embassadors, under pretence of ill health, would not appear. We in consequence presed & decree. that they should be sent away upon their return. We however reflecting that (altho' the said Embassadors were blameable for not observing the laws of politedess) towards the Sovereign of their Country, who from an immense distance, and over various Seas, had sent to offer us presents, and to present with respect his letter, indicating a wish to show us due consideration and obedience. contempt was improper, and against the maxim, to shew lenity to our inferiors; in consequence from amongst the presents of the said King, we chose the most trifling and insignificant. which are four Maps, two Portraits, ninety-four Eugravings; and in order to gratify him, have accepted them. We in return give as a reward to the said King, a yeo-yeot, a string of rare stones, two pair of large purses, and four pair of small purses; and we order the Embassadors to receive these gifts, and to return to their Kingdom, having so enacted in observance of the maxim (of Confucius), " give much-receive little." When the Fanbassadors received the gifts, they became exceedingly glad, and evinced their repentance. They have already quitted Tung Cow, upon their arrival at Canton. You Kis king and Tong will

t Insignia of honor presented to high Mandarines, and to foreign Embassadors.

<sup>. \*</sup> Previously to coming to table the guest makes a profound inclination of the body, in actual prestration.

invice them to an entertainment, in compliance with good man-

ners; and you will make the following speech to them:

Your good fortune has been small. You arrived at the Gates of the Imperial House, and were unable to lift your eyes to the four of Heaven (the Emperor). The Great Emperor reflected that your King signed after happiness (Chova) and acted with sincerity. He therefore accepted some present, and gifted your King with various precious articles. You must return thanks to the Emperor for his benefits, and return with speed to your king. dom, that your King may feel a respectful gratitude for these acts of kindness. Take care to embark; the rest of the presents with safety, that they may not be lost or destroyed." After this lecture, should the Embassador supplicate you to receive the rest of the presents, answer in one word-A Decree has passed; we cannot therefore present troublesome petitions; and with decision, you will rid yourself of them. His Lordship's stay at Canton was twenty days. On the-day of his arrival, he was magnificently entertained by the British factory. On this occasion, Mr. Henry Ellis spoke the following address on his health being drank. It is worthy of preservation, as it evinces the feelings of the gentlemen of the mission regarding the treatment which they had experienced.

" GENTLEMEN, "The honor that has now been done me, was as little deserved as anticipated; for the share which I have borne in the late transactions has been but trifling, and contingent too upon a circumstance that by depriving the Embassy of the well tried abilities and experience of your late distinguished President, was necessarily matter of serious regret. But gentlemen, I should falsify my feelings, if I did not evince my deep sense of the honor and gratification I have derived from this fortuitous association. From this association, and from the nearer view I have thereby been enabled to take of the examples set me, I trust I shall have learnt to meet the useless arrogance of harbarism, with the calm forbearance of civilized dignity, and to sacrifice every consideration of private convenience, and every just personal indignation to the higher motives of public duty.

" Gentlemen, those of us who after a short residence in the country are returning to England, will carry with them the pleasing reflection, that amongst a nation where the object is to subdue all that is honourable, and all that is independent, the British name and British interests are entrusted to the charge of the Members of this Factory. Our partial experience will enable us more fully to appreciate the difficulty of the task you have accomplished that of uniting the successful management a commercial concern of the first magnitude, with the maintenance of the English character and English principles, against the daily attacks of pride, corruption, and power. Gentlemen, this a. it is probably the last, will ever be the proudest moment of my public life. I have by the influence of my feelings already taxed your patience more than I intended, and have only to add my sincere, though humble wishes, for the continued prosperity, both public and private, of every Member of the British Factery al Canton."

Lord Amherst visited Macao hefore; spiling in, the Alceste. It is said that the posilianimous authorities on that, island, fear-fisk of affending their powerful neighbours, did, not receive him with the respect becoming his rank and situation. The commissioners originally nominated to assist Lord Amherst in the acquication were the Honorable Mr. Elphiustone and Sir George Staunton; but in consequence of the departure of the former gentleman for England, Mr. Henry Ellis was substituted in his room.

We have no room for comment on the unsuccessful termination of this Embassy. It is however to be hoped that we shall have no more attempts of the kind; and that if England must seek redress, she will do it by the only means likely to come home to those self-conceited and ignerant barbarians—by the dint of her arms.

# SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

#### - depole

ARRIVALS. March 17. Marquis Wellington, Nichole, from England 16th September, and Madras 3d March.—
Brig Adventure, Beason, from Bombay 30th November, and Point-de-Galle 20th Jan.

Do. 18. Galatea, (American) Toune. from Leghorn 12th October and Gibrattar 11th November.

Do. 19. Juliana, Ogilvie, from Batavia.

DEPARTURES. March 16. Brig Alert. Brodie, for the Isle of France and Port Jackson.—Chandernagone. (French) for Havie-de-Grace.—Suchem, (American) Holmes, for Boston.

Do. 17. Nam Aurora, (Portuguese) Silva, for Pernambuco-Frances, (American) Tuebner, for Madras and New York.—Cyrus. Haggerty, for London.—Edmon-

stone, Laird, for Madras.

Do. 20. Moira, Galloway, for England.—Dorah, Edward, for England.—Catherine Griffithi, Hamilton, for England.—New Garmo, (Portuguese) Limas, for Macao.

Do. 21. Brig Dolphin, Rogers, for the Isle of France.—
Hope, Kidd, to complete her Cargo for China.

Patsengers per Ship Juliana, from Batavia: Mrs. Keys; Dr. Keys; Captain Shaw, Artillery; Captain Rutter, H. M. 59th Regiment; Ensign Coventry, and a Detachment of H. M. 78th Regiment.

The motion ? BIADRAS. ARRIVALLE Concuent 24. Brig Futteral Careem, Captain J. Bacon, from Peyang the 15th January and Acheen the 14th ultime .- 25. Brig Fairy, Syrang Ramodos -28. Ship Thetie, Captain Robinson, from Calcutta the 19th ultimo.

March 1: Brly Nelly, Captain Ingram, from Calcutta the 24th January and Vizagapatam the 19th ultimo. Pass sengers : Raverend J. Gordon, and two Children .- 2. Brig Mouritius Pucket, Captain Canat, from Mauritius, Test 8th December, Vizzganatam 18th February and Corid. ga 25th February .- 3' Ship Houghy, Captain Pleming. from Isle of France, luit 26th December ; Ship Georgiane. Captain Hammott. from Calcutta, left 16th February.

DEPARTURES. February 27. Brig Covelong, Captain Joseph Leoga, to Rangoon.—28. H. M. Store-Ship Reliunice, Captain Pick, for Trincomalee; Ship Thetis; Cap-

tain Robinson, for Bombay:

BOMBAY. ARRIVALS. February 19. Grab Ship He. meady, Nacqudah Cooty Coja, from Calcutta and Cannanore .- 21. Schooner Cadrie, Syrang Fackeer Miran. from Cochin.

DEPARTURE. February 24. Ship Duncan, Captain James

Burd, to Muscat, Bushire and Bussolah.

# MADRAS. APPOINTMENTS.

Mr. John Hanburry, Collector of Cuddepah.

Mr. A. D. Campbell, Secretary to the Board of Revenue.

Mr. J. W. Russell, Deputy Secretary to the Board of

Mr. E. Uhthoff, Head Assistant to the Collector of Tunnevelly.

Mr. Thomas Daniel, Commissioner of the Court of Requests and Sitting Magistrate.

Mr. A. J. Drummond, Deputy Commercial Resident at Ramnad.

Letters from Colembo mention that the Honorable Company's Ships Asia and Marchioness of Biy, arrived on the 4th and having taken on board their Spices, sailed on their homeward-bound voyage, all well, on the 8th current.

The extra Shipi Lord Reith and Batavia, which left this port on the offi thetein, parted a few days after sailing, the Capitain of the Batavia deeming it prudent to proceed to Trincomalife for the purpose of ascertaining the cause of a leak, which had been discovered—but having missed that port, the Batavia, it appears, had been in considerable danger off false Point, near that part, where the Alkien was lost—some of the Passengers had landed for a day on the Island, the cause of the leak having been discovered, they re-embarked, and the Batavia, we are happy to learn, had proceeded on her voyage.

Entract of a Letter from a Passenger on the Honorabe Company's Extra Ship Batavia, dated from Trancomaltie, the 10th February.

"I have this moment received a letter to go on board—the lear has been discovered as having proceeded from a Bolt hole in the upper works—which has been stopped and the Ship will not come into this harbour—We sail immediately for old England.

His Majesty's Ship Volume and the private Ship Princess Charlotte, are expected to leave Ceylon for England, early in the next month—The latter Ship takes hame the time expired men, which were to have been sent on the Albion.

The Army Livi for September mentions, that orders have been given for dishanding the following Regiments.

The 3d Ceylon Regiment—I'he Cape Regiment—4th Royal Veteran Battaliou—Nova Scotia Fencibles—Canadian Fencibles—The Royal Corsican Rangers.

Gazette, Feb. 22.

In addition to the wrecks on the Coast of Ceylon we have lately had to record; we have now to add another, in the loss of the Shunnon Brig, off Batticaloa. She was wrecked on her passage from Trincomallee to Galle, whither she was conveying one of the Officers and part of the Crew of the late Ship Albion. We believe they were all saved.

His Majesty's Ship Volume, was also a short time aground on her passage from this port, but was got off again without sustaining much damage. She has been thoroughly repaired and is now going how a quite a new ship. She was to sail on the 1st current, and is to touch at the Cape and St. Helena.

The H. C. ship Batavia got the the Court, but she left behind her at Faise Point, an area cable and anchor.

Our letters from Trincomalies mention, that the beat was beginning to be severely felt, and sickness was in consequence on the increase. There are one hundred and eighty patients in hospital.

His Excellency the Admiral was preparing to proceed to Bombay in H. M. frigate Orlando. She will sail im-

mediately after the departure of the Volage.

The Sloop of War Bacchus has sailed upon a cruize in the Gulph of Persia to look after the Pirates, which have lately again infested those seas.

The Arrogant, Guard-ship, is to be brought round to Triucomallee by the Iphigeniu frigate, which has sailed,

for Bombay with that object.

The Squadron in the Indian Seas is now very small, consisting of only three Frigates of 36 guns, two 20 Guns.

ships, and two Brigs.

Trincomallee continued to be very, gay up to the departure of the Squadron. The Comedy of "The Poor Gentleman," was performed on board the Orlands by the, Officers of that Ship, and we hear the acting was admirable. At the conclusion of the performance, Admiral Sin Richard King gave a spleudid Ball and Supper.

A brilliant subscription Entertainment was to take place at Colombo on the 18th aircras in Egnor of the first un-

niversary of the Capture of the late King of Kandy.

Courier, March 4.

### BOMBAY.

On Monday evening was floated out of the Duncan dock; the !clville of seventy four guns, built for the service of His Majesty. The ceremony of naming this ship was performed by Lady Nightingall, on which occasion were present the Right Honorable the Governor, His Excellency the Commander in Chief, and several other persons of distinction.

The Melville is the first ship built at Bombay on the plan of binding or attaching the beams with wooden checks and iron plate knees, thereby avoiding a great expenditure of crusked timber.

Considering the quality of the material, and that this ship has been constructed under the unremitting superin-

tendence of that very spice officer Mr. Seton, the King's naval architect, and the work executed under the immediate eye of the head builder and his assistants, we think the Melville may be pronounced one of the fraest ships of her class in the universe.

It may not be uninteresting to shew the number of vessels that have been built at this presidency for the service of the crown, viz.

	Guns !	Guns
Minden,	74 Zohin, Birg, .	18
Corewallic	71 Sphynx Do.	10
Wellestry,	71 amelio, Do	
Melvule,	74 , beside, the tcbur,	,6
Salvette,	36 and Cesto.	28
Doris,	6   tiam eren from the	· Hou-
Aupattrite,	58   16. Company to G	-1 2 1Vs
Victor, hig,	13   ment.	

This list exhibits a little navy of itself, and when it is contemp ated, that the whole of these vessels were constituted by the Honorable Company's very respectible head builder Jamseijee Bomanjee, it is not too main to say, this venerable Asiatic his contributed largely to the prospecity of the British empire.

Immediately on the Melvile being floated into the harbour, the head of another seventy-four, to be usued the Malabar, was lowered into the upper Durcin dock and we succeed hope, the same worthy architect will not only see the completion of this ship, but of many others that may follow.

The last Calcutta Government Gazette contains an official notice from the custom house of that presidency, that, before any sugar, tobacco, cotton, wood, indigo, ginger, fusice, or other dying wood, rice, incluses a copport of of the growth, production or manufacture of Lengal, Behar or Orissa, or any places surject to the presidency of Fort William, or of any of flis Mijesty's British plantations in Asia, be loaded on board any ship, security will be received by His Excellency the Right Housine the Governor General, from the master, with two sufficient sureties, to carry all the said goods to the ports, if in Asia, for which she is bound or to some one of his Majesty's plantations in Asia, within the limits of the trade of the United Company or to Great British, and there to put the same on shore.

The law points moored in the vice adm raity account here in the case of the alternand, are to be brought und r the consideration of the Supreme Court at Calcutta; a small

versel, the Dispatch, laden with European goods, and the even mated articles for which bond is required to be given to the plantations, having been proceeded against in the a initialty court there. Whatever may be the decision of that Court we apprehend that nothing short of a legislacty enactment at home can set the question properly at rest, and that the attention of the British parliament will be immediately directed to the framing of new provisions regulating the navigation acts in regard to their applicability to that a The subject from the first appeared to us of the highest importance and we were at considerable pains to give one tenters the earliest reports of the opinious delivered by the tearned judge here.

We learn with pleasure from the Madras papers, received this we k, that the Dutch gentlemen belonging to the special jusy of the province of Colombo, in consequence of the monom-adation of the Honorable Sir Alexander Johnston, and chief justice of Ceylon, on his submitting to them the 8th and 9th reports of the African institution, at a meeting held on the 14th July last, unanimously resolved to consider free, every child, born of any of their slaves from an i after the 12th day of a ugust 1816. This humane and laudable example has also been followed by several classes of native persons at Columbo and by the Dutch jurors

at Galle and Jaffaa.

Courier, Feb. 22.

The Pindaries we understand have again descended the Ghouts, in force, to consequence whereof a considerable detachment has marched, from the Deckan, in pursuit of them. The Peishwa's force is also said to be on the look out.

[Gazette, Feb. 26.

A singular but melancholy accident happened on board the Grab Hamoody. Nacqudah Cooty Coya, in the course of her voyage from Calcutta to this port. When off Ceylon about two months ago, on sounding the pumps, it was observed that the ship had made more water than usual, upon which a man went down into the well to ascertain the state of it, not immediately returning nor giving any answer when called to, his brother went down after him as he also did not return nor give any answer, the serang of the ship went down but he likewise returned no answer, a man than descended with a lauthorn

and it was observed hat when he had reached the bottom. the lanthorn dropped out of his hand and the man himselffeil down; the main hatches were then opened and a passage made to the place by unstowing part of the cargo of rice; the four men were found lying senseless round the pump, but with some appearance of life remaining, they were immediately removed, but we regret to state that they all died in the course of an hour or two afterwards. The cause of this unfortunate accident has arisen with-"but doubt from the well of the pump having been filled with an aerial gas destructive to life, most probably carbonic acid gas, which being considerably heavier than atmospheric air would remain at the bottom of the well. This gas is most abundantly diffused throughout nature: It is found in mines, caverns and cellars, and causes instant death to any animal that inhales it undiluted. The acciden, may have been occasioned by nitrogen gas, which forms a component part of atmospheric air, but which when deprived of the other component part oxygen, is highly destructive of life. This decomposition of atmospheric air is very likely to occur in the hold of a ship.

One of the two gases has no doubt occasioned the fatal accident, woth gases are enually destructive to animal life and both instantly extinguish the flame of a candle when immersed in them. The latter circumstance furnishes and easy test of the air, for if a lighted candle, after being let down jute a ceher, the hold of a ship or wherever there may be reason to suspect the presence of noxious gas, continues to burn at the bottom, the air is fit for resputation, although even in this case, if the place has been long shut up, the precaution of admitting fresh air and throwing wate into it, should not be omitted. We are informed by our professional friends that persons suffocated from foul air seldom recover, unless instantly removed into the open air. If the removal be effected in time, it is generally of itself sufficient, but it too frequently fails from the very active and destructive, nature of the poison. Frictions over the whole body, throwing cold water over or . spunging it with water and vinegar should be also employed.

The ball and supper given by the amateurs of the turf, at Lowjee Castle on Monday last was very numerously attended and kept up with great spirit until a late hour.

The whole of the spacious manifold being thrown open for the purpose by its liberal proprietor, a new room was, chosen for the ball, combining the advantages of greater length, more elastic floor, and exposure to the four quarters; while the old room below was appropriated to the support.

The sides of the path leading from the, Parell road up to the house were lighted by torches; the front of the railed wall that encloses the garden was illuminated by ten thousand small lamps, disposed in triple arches; and the avenue from the outer steps to the lower hall, which was covered with yellow cloth on the gravel walk, was one blaze of light from variegated lamps.

At the end of this walk, and occupying the central arch of the principal portice was a painting of L'Allegro, represented by a light and airy female figure in Grecian costume, dancing, and playing on a tambourine, with

the appropriate lines of Milton beneath,

" Come, and trip it as you go "On the light fantastic toe."

The company began to assemble soon after eight, and some few carriages had arrived even before the appointed hour. The fair visitors were received at the outer gate by the stewards, and welcomed by the music of the Artillery band stationed for that purpose near the avenue of the garden.

The hall-room soon filled, and the donce was led off hy Lady Nightingall with the senior Reward, followed by the latest bride of the settlement with another of the managers. There being upwards of two hundred persons in the room, the dance was afterwards divided into two sets, and these were both so yell filled as to be each of them of the usual length

The Gentlemen have seldom been superior in numbers or respectability than they were observed to be at this Turf fete: and the youth and beauty of the more attractive portion of the assembly have seldom shone with more brilliancy or been displayed with more animation than they were on this gay occasion.

The decorations of the ball-room were in unison with the living elegance with which it was crowded.—By means of arched-ranes, a vaulted ceiling of azure blue was thrown across the roof, panelled with a dark-broad moulding and crossed with smaller line of the same color.

Along the center of this arched ceiling were suspended a line of heautiful lustres, esteemed the finest spe-

cimens of European teste and skill in works of this kind that have been seen in ladia. Four candelabras of equal beauty were disposed in the renter of the four sides of the coom, standing or tripods of exquisite workmansh p and classic design, presenting the lyre of Apollo in the frost of the pedes tal and bearing their lights on the capital et mauted Countking column supported by four dolumns, all highly wrought in gold.

Immediately above the cand debra, which stood at the head of the room, was placed, or a stand erected on purpose, one of the six Turf Cops, value 100 guantas, given by the magnificent patron of the Bombay Turf, Charles Fothes, Esq. The design of this was of the form of an Etruscan wase, and the taste and execution of its ornaments, the te and characteristic.

At the fiort in of the room was erected an orchestra supported by a to re coloniade of eight pillars, with a concave or returns sentercle in front. The columns were one entire so for of gold, and the richitrave and frieze were traced with the mouldings, triglypts, and metopes proporto the order, in black upon a gold ground. In the centre of the concave semicircle of the coloniade stood a candelabra on its triped, facing the one at the head of the room. B neath the orchestra and within the coloniade, was placed the sid-poord of refreshment and the service in waiting here, as well as the musicious above, were of bold is Orientals, with turbans and sashes of colors to harmonize with the diamety of the room.

The critica, was of a zure blue and panelled, the arches of the end walls were tilled by rays diverging from a centre to represent the segment of a circle irradiated by the rising at setting sun. The interior frieze of the room was to resented simply by a line of dark blue and silver, and from this bung a full drapery of glowing pink, drawn a silver accept window, and its edges of opening bound with silver fringe.

The curvains of the orchestral were of the same color, to corcespond with the drapers of the walls, but fringed with gold, to not with the frieze of the colornade; and the couches were all covered with light blue and silver to harmonize with the azure of the vaulted roof, above. The toutensemble produced the happing effect, and was generally addired as a display of chaste and classic elegance of design.

It was past midnight before the company retired to sur-per, when nearly two hundred persons sat down to recruit fresh spirits for the dance at an ample and a social board. The toasts which crowned the feast succeeded in the following order.

1. The Bombay Turt.

#### AIR-" La Chasse."

2. Charles Forbes, the giver of the Cup.

#### AIR-" Bobbery Huut."

3 May the animated spirit of our native cline never de generate beneath a warmer ann.

#### AIR- ' Rule Britannia."

4 Frequent renewats of mome or like here.

AIR - ' Should auld acqu in ance be forgot,"

5. The honor that is done us.

AlR - " Polez vous dancer Made moiselle"

This last question, breathed by music in its most enlivening strains, was answered to the affirmative, as if by one general impluse of kindred feeling when the feir syling of the dance ectived from the less fasemating it said the table to prepare tely mazes for highly and home usa sign to the ball room. They had hardly yet retired before, in a burst of implatient joy, they were pledged in flowing bumpers, and the roof it sounded with acultius, theirs of three times three.

Dancing continued after this with all the spirit of the fir-t set until nearly three o'clock and even then, several parties who were retaing suffered themselves to be prevailed on to return, even from the door- of their carriage. to close the shall with Sir Roger de Coverley, which was joined in by almost every one in the room, and kept up

until four.

When the ladies and all settred, the choice sat down to a second supper, and pledger, them in ancether bumper; songs followed, some of which were sang in excellent stile, others with great comic talent, and adthat delightful flankness if good humour, which constitutes the very soul of social pleasures

The glowing east still saw the party numerous and happy when its light perped through the windows of the hall with brighter blush than usual as if to greet the meet-

FORT WILLIAM; MARCH 15, 1817. In directing the publication of the following Official Direction patches, regarding the late Military operations against Hatrass, the Covernor Conersi in Council deems it proper to state for gouital information, the circumstances which led to the employ-

ment of a Military force against that place.

By the Freaty of Peace concuded with Dowlut Row Scindigh, on the 30th of December, 1803, pertain territories to the Doonk and on the right hank of the river Junius, which had tiven conquered by the British Arms, were ceded to the Honorable the Rast India Company, in full sovereignty; the Fort of Hatrass and certain lands so its viginity included within those erritories; were at that period in the possession of Thakour Dynram. The relations which subsisted between that Taloukdar and the Government of Dowlut Row Scindinh, differed in no respect from those of the o her Landholders in the territorice ceded to the British Government, and the conditions or stipulations were made, either with Dyaram himself, or with the former Government of the country, which could operate to telax the ties of allegiance due from Dyaisin to the B hish Go. vernment, or to entitle him to claim any ex inplied from the general laws enacted for the Government of the territories in question.

Actuated however by considerations connec ed with the former behits and prejudices of Dyaram Government for hore to exercise its in doubted right of cosmon, on the finite diate deprogram of the For of Harrass, and on the ordine ion of the

large Military catablishment maintained by it is

It was naturally expected that Dyaram it dong himself forly protected be the Buttish power agains the danger of freign severno, and secured by the administration of just laws from any violation of his page e rights, would cease to feel any adequate motive for retaining a Military to ce, and would of himself gradually disband his as med retainers and allow his

Fort to go to decay.

simpler considerations induced Government to sanction an adjustment of the sevenue of Dyaram's estate on the most inberal and fave rable terms, and to per pone the introduction into his estate of the system of preventive police, which was adopted generally to other parts of the country. It was hoped, that these acts of special indulgence, combined with the forhearmice and consideration uniformly maurfested to bun by the Pub-Lie Officers, would by degrees conciliate his attachment to Goversional, and secure his prompt obedience to the local authoriliës.

The just and reasonable expectations which Government had entertained on this subject, hive been, entirely disappointed.

Dyainm has persued a gourse of proceeding systematically directed o the aggrandizement of his personal power-and influence, by evading and contumacionally reasoning the orders of the constituted suthprines, as well as by assuming and exercising powers entirely inconsistent with his relative situation as a subfect of the British Government.

The commission of heinous crimes perpetrated by the servants of Dysram, or by persons residing on his estate, has been purposely withheld from the Enowledge of the Magistrates follows, therefores, and other petersons friminals have been skreened and protected by him from the putatit of justices he has no creed an illegal authority in countries in the Fort of House, and in arbitrarity purefling individuals at his own distrations he has contemptionary resisted and rendered autigations the insocution of Justice. The Officers of Government have been denied access to the Fort and Guige of Hatrass, and many subjects of the British Government have been thus deprived of the protection to which they were entitled; comes have been napunitied, and Civil injurfles and edvessed.

The repeated warnings and admonitious addressed to Dynam by the tocal Officers and by Government itself, have failed to produce any permanent effect; and some recent instances of gives more odne, and insolent contunacy on the part of Dynam, competed the Government to adopt the resolution of faroducing regular Police establishments within his estate, if the sisting in the debandment of the large Military force entertained by him, and on the demolition of the fortifications of Hatrass.

On the 27th of December last, instructions were accordingly issued to M. Shakespear, the superintendent of Police in the western provinces, to carry the resolutions above alinded to into official in with a view of discouraging and of eventually overcoming any presistance to the measures in question, arranging a wire at the same time adopted for assembling an adequate mulitary force in the immediate present; sof Hairass.

Thekone Draram does not appear to thave been apprized of the desimation of the Troops, until the evening of the 10th February, when he immediately commenced preparations for the defence of the Fort and Gunge of Hatrass.

On the 11th of February, Mr. Shakespear under the instructions which he had received from Government, directed Dysrum to send an authorized agent for the purpose of learning the intentions of Government.

The Fort of Hittass was invested by the Troops of Government on the morning of the 12th, at which time two agents on the part of Dyarsin attended Mr. Shakespear.

To those persons Mr. Snakespear fully, explained the causes which had led to the assemblage of the troops, and delivered to them a written memorandum to the same effect, as the verbal communication.

In this communication Dyaram was informed, that Government had deemed it indispensably necessary, to introduce regular Police establishments throughout his estate. To make on the effectual demolition of the defences of the Fort and Gungo of Hatrass, and on the disbandment of the large Military force entertained by him.

The hopelessuess of any attempt on his part to resist the execution of these measures was a sopointed out to him, and he was informed that he such resistance he would place himself in the situation of a rebet to Govingent, and would expose himself and his adherents to he penalties of the law, including the less of his estate and the fortesture of all claim to pardou.

Byman was ar the same time informed that if he immediate. by submitted to the measures prescribed by Government, it was not intended to make any alteration in the liberal terms on which he then beld his Zemindaice, nor to resume his Jageor. nor to enquire into his past inigenduct; that he would be permitted to retain possession of his private property, and to occupy the houses and buildings in the interior of the Fort; that he would receive from Government a reasonable compensation for the Military Stores, aunon and other Arms in his possession, and that Government would be disposed to permit him to retain such a number of aimed men, as might on consideration be deer ad sufficient for his personal convenience and for other legitimate purposes; and finally, that if his future conduct should be consistent with the established laws, and if he should manifest the obedience to the local Officers, he would be treated with that courters and consideration, which Government is always disposed to show to persons in his situation.

The replies to this and subrequent communications contained general assurances, that Dya and would not result the authority of Government; and on the evening of the 18 h Dyaram sent by the hands of his Vakeers, the keys of the Fort; with an intimation that he was prepared to suitender it. In compliance with his agreeze uest, and at the suggestion of his Vakeels, a small party of Seposs was at 10 o'clock at hight sent to take possession of the gate'to the Fort, and the Vaker is engaged that the firstsh Troops should be put in possession of the whole of

the works'on the cusning morning

Instead however of furthing this engagement, the party of Sep ys which had been sent to take possession of the gate, was detained on the outside of the Fort the whole night, a Buttalion of Dyamin's Troops with guns, was drawn upon each side of the way to the gate, and hostile preparations were in the

mean time actively carried on in the Fort.

The party of Sepoje was in consequence squalled on the morning of the 44 h, and Dynam was informed, that if he did not surrender the Fort within 48 hours, or by 42 o'clock, on the 16 h, no to ther communication would be received from him, and that he would be responsible for the consequences of his rebellion.

During this interval, every practicable attempt was made to induce Dyaram to comply with the orders of Government, but without success; and the whole tener of the commitmential from Dyaram clearly showed, that he was merely endeavouring to gain time for a more effectual defence.

Under these circumstances, a shot was fired at the Fort about 10 o'clock on the 16th, 19 order to mark the explication of theperiod above specified. The estate of Dysfam was placed

under attachment, and martial law was proclaimed.

The successful progress and result of the Military operations. against the Gunge and Fert of Hatrass, will be gufficiently naderstood from the following capies and extracts of letters from Major-General Marshall.

Copy of a Letter from Mujor-General D. Marshall to Major J. Nicol, Acting Adjutant General, dated 12th February, 1817.

I have the honor to report to you, for the information of His Excellency the Bight Honorable the Commander in Chief, that I'vesterday reached Secundra, after a murch of 20 miles, with the Campore Division of Troops, as detailed in my letter of the 4th mutant; and from Secondra I marched at ten o'clock the same evening and arrived in front of Hairses at 9 this morning, after a fatiguing march of 28 miles. Here I had the pleasure of learning that my pretructions to the other columns had been punctually executed; as I found the Meerut Troops under Colone: Westenra on the ground allotted, and immediately after Mojor-General Doukin reported his arrival on the oppoatte aide of the Fort.

Orders for sucamping the several Divisions separately, in the best mode that occurred to me, from what I could then observe, were immediately issued. The hazidess of the weather prevented me from making such observations at the time, as to satisfy myself that I had selected the most origible positions: I shall however change them, it necessary, whenever I have obtained a more confect idea of the nature of the carrie as of the olace.

It is with much satisfaction I hav to acquaint you, that wo succeeded beyond our most ranguine hopes, in managing to arrive before Hatrass without the Thakour knowing, till very lately, the object of our preparations and movements. It has been satisfactorily ascertained, that he knew for the first time, the jutention of the Meerut and Muttra columns to invest his place on the evening of the 10 h, and of my proceedings he had the first intrination only yesterday morning.

A Vakeel has arrived in Camp, and is in altendance on Mr.

Slickenpear, the Superintendent of Police; but I have not yet

heard the result.

The remainder of the Infantry, with the Train under Major-General bir J hn Horsford, was to be at Meerun-ke Seray on the 10th, and I may resoonably expect their arrival in about a weck.

Copy of a letter from Major-General D. Marshall to \_ Mayord. Nicol, Acting Adjutant General, dated 15th February, 1817.

On the 12th instact I did myself the honor of reporting, that he three Divisions of the suverting force had taken up their positions before Matrass bu that morning.

I have now to beg the favor of your acquainting His Excellency the Right Honorable the Commander in Chief, that on the 12 h, Mr. Stakespoor, the Superintendent of Police, received a very pacific and satisfactory cepty from Thukore Dyaram, agreeing a most of the propositions tendered to him? But earlies to gging that his kort might be spared. On the 13th, the communications from the Thukone were still move satisfactory; and in the evening he went through the ceremony of sending out the keys of the Fort; requesing that a simil party of tro psinight be sent down to take possession, and occupy the gaves, and in insting that we might send a Detree ment of a complete of Companies, and some Pigneers to commence the work of dismartify the Fort at nine the next morning.

A's not party was accordingly sent down with the Vakeels, who had been introduced to me; and by whom I took the opportunity of conveying to the Thakour the expression of my satisfaction at the readiness with which he had agreed to obey the orders of Government, together with such compliments

and pentrances is the occasion seemed to require.

On the moint g, the 14th, my people brought me word that the party had beer kept outside of the works all night, during a heavy rate, a diffict their repealed endeavours to communicate with the Vakee's, whom they had accompanied and who had generaside with a promise of returning immediately to conduct them in, were truitiess, and that there was evely appearance of decertion the part of Dynam.

Having waited for some time in the vain expectations, the mate s would soo come to an amicable conclusion, (for it had also been reported that the traops within would not agree to receive non-coacts or to quick the place, till they were paid up 12 months acreais,) it is and myself under the necessity of withdrawing the party 4 and tearnit that the prevailing connects

we had the Fo I were decidedly hostile to our views.

As twelves, 'click yesterdas, the final sommons was sent in by Mr. Snakespear, giving Dyaram 48 hours to consider and to c manusate his final inswer to our terms; with an intimation, that we would, after that period had empged, consider him

as in a state of hostility to our Government.

Dury these negociations, I did not releat in any of the measures net assay for preserving a strict blockade of the place, and have for this purpose moved my camp about a mile to the West of my former position, and nearer to the Fort and Kaura. General Donkin preserves his original ground, this ving out the Li R hills Horse about a mile on his left; and Major-General Browne in command of the Meerut Divigion, conford by fou Resiallahs of the 3d Mohila. Cavalry, is three miles off on my left, in a Direction North East of the Fort.

On the 13th, I dispatched an express to Agra, disenting Col-Frith to fo ward the Artiflery detachment with the Ordinace and Stores in my Camp, escorted by 5 Companies of the 2d Battanon 12th Native Infantry; to this I have received the Coloner's reply, dated yesterday, at 1 P. M. and my latest communication from Sir John Horsford informed me of his arrivat a miles North of Myapores on the 13.h. and of his intention to be at Sukkert this morning. I trust therefore that by the while of the Artillery, and remainder of my Isfantry; and in the nean time, I have directed the Proveer sto be employed in collecting materials for batteries, &c.

Extract of a Letter from Major-General D. Marshall to Major James Nicol, Acting Adjust General, dated the 17th of February, 1817.

In continuation of the details which I had the honor of communicating to you in my letter of the 15th, for the information of His Excellency the Right Honorable the commander in Chief, I have now to request you will report to his Lorship, that the period of 48 hours, which was allowed to Thekoor Distant, to consider the liberal terms, offered to him, expired yesterday at noon without his accepting then; and appearing that whilst he kept up the hear of his nog Vakeels in our Camp treating for a surrender, he was busy in miking every preparation for a defence, and was cotting embrasines in various parts of his works; I complied with she requisition of Mr. Shakespear, at half after one of unnouncing that all further discussion on the terms formerly proposed to Dyaram was closed, and the same was accordingly done by firing a 6-ponder from a convenient spot in frost of my position at the wals of the Fort.

Lafterwards learnt from thy spies, that so far from any preparatious to sacrender the Roit, every me was at his post, and on the signal being heard, the gates were closed, the waits mained, and every measure instantly taken by the garrison usual in a place beseiged.

Thow wait for the arrival of the Artillery and Ordinace-from Campiers and Agra, to commence operations.—Major General Sir John Borstord with the Campiers Division, and Major McLod with the Agra Division of the Train, will both arrive here at the same time, viz on the maring of the 19th in the interim, milectias are collecting in great abundance, and the Engineers are employed in preparing them.

Copy of a Letter from Mojor-General D. Morshall to M jor J. Nicol, Acting Adjutant General, duted 23d February, 1817.

Right Honorable the Commander in Chief, that the Agra Division of the Battering Train, escorted by a wing of the 2d Battalion 12th White in antry; and devered by a troop of the 3ds and the whole of the 7th Cavalry, Lined inc on the 19th instact is noon; but such was the secrety of the weather and state of the roads, that the store hackeries were not able to come up. This day—and Bris or General Sr. John Corriord with the Campore Division of the Prain, His Majesty's 14th and 87th Regiments of Prain and '2d Buttalion' 15th Native Infantry, were obligated halt at Beejey Gurh.

The the 20th, in the afternoon, I moved my Camp nearer to the intraded scene of our first operations, against the Kuttra or lowe of Hatrass, and the Camppore Division joined stells the evening of that day on my present ground; it was not till the evening of the 21st that the whole of the Engineer, and Arullery Stores arrived.

The Proneers had been all along employed in making up materials and on the evening of the 21st, measures who put in train for creeting the following breaching and mortar batteries, which were finished by ten o'clock yesterday morning.

One battery against the bastion at the South-west corner of the Kuttra, shoul 300 yards from it, so front of a village which. gives an admirable shelter for our troops, covering the operation on this aids.—This battery contains three 24 palanders.

A second battery of three 18 pounders to breach the North-west corner basion of the Kuttra from the West, and a third of three 18-pounders to breach the same button from the North, at the same time producing an enfiading five along the North and West faces of the Kuttra-These are situated about 350 yards from the bastion breached.

A morter battery was also propared during the afternoon of the 20st, in front of the genter of the Western face of the Kuttra, but such has been the effect of the we and damp weather we have experienced, that it was impossible to open the morture hefore this morning.

The breaching batteries opened their fire at clause o'clock yesteaday, and continued till dark. The strength of the works however is such, that I apprehend the breaches will not be practicable before this night.

The small party of the Hocket Troop which accompanied the Train from Gampage, were also stationed in a village midway between the two hatteries, playing on the North-West bastion, and occasionally discharged rockets, which several times set the houses on fire, but owing t presume to the watness of the choppers and wordwerk in the houses, the fires were quickly extinguished. Some of the rockets went over the Kuttra into the Forts.

During the day the Fort fired on our batteries from 5 or 6 guns, but without effect; some of their shot were of 32-pour.

der calibre; a few guns from 6 to 8 and 9 pounders, were also used by them to the Kuttra, but I am happy to add, without injuring us. The only casualty being that of an European Artifleryman in the centre battery, who was wounded by a matchlock shot, and died this morning.

The firing was renewed early this morning against both points of attack, and a storming party and covering party are held in readiness, to move down whenever the breaches are reported to me as practicable.

The Cavalry under General Browne, are placed in positions of investment round the Fort, connecting their chain of communication with each flank of my line.

Copy of a Letter from Major-General D. Marshall to Major James Nicol, Acting Adjutant General, dated 24th February, 1817.

I have much pleasure in reporting that the Kultra of Batrass was evacuated early this morning, and is now occupied by two Battalions of Native Infantry.

This fortunate event was accelerated by the operations of yesterday in the batteries, as we found that the breach in the Northwest bastion had been made practicable, and that of the South west angle was nearly so; the effect with mortar battery also, which continued to play incessabily on the town from 7 o'clock yesterday morning. If the moment of our occupying it, was adequate to our utmost expectations. I have the greatest gratification in subjoining to this report of our success, that it has been obtained with very little loss, viz. one European Artilleryman killed, one Pioneer wounded, supposed mortally, one Sepoy and one Gun Lascar, badly wounded.

Copy of a Letter from Major-General D. Marshall to Major J. Nicol, Acting Adjutant General, dated the 1st March, 1817, with its enclosure.

On the 24th instant, I did myself the honor of reporting to you, for the information of His Excellency the Right Honorable the Commander in Chief, the evacuation of the Kutterest Herrers, and of my having occupied it that morning with two Battalions of Infantry.

During the night of the 24th, batteries were prepared on the Eastern works of the Kuttra, viz. one for three more 24pounders on the Northemat basison, and one on the curtain to its right for three moral?4 pounders, also one immediately at the right of the center geteway, for one 18-pounder; three guns appeared on the works of the Fort in the afternoon, and the fire was renewed next morning, and has been partially kept up since, with a view of des roving the attences of the energy a work, and dismounting his a unit. Mortae bacteries were also prepared in troot of the Rastern's are plained by degrous of waiting motify the effects of a convent of homeoffers all the mortaes could be treed, a term such sonly ware also up as extend the matter could be treed, a term such sonly ware also up as extend the matter could be treed, a term such sonly

On the night of the 16th, the Angeneers broke ground; and he the moon gape after was faithful, commencing from the brochests oger from Father, and carried on to a linguish of some receive into South of the Fort, and die int thou 3th sail of a receive on the rearp ---inc length of this, properly in the 18th or 800 vards and the work very well perforage.

whose on sudened and finished, and last night the approach a residenced and finished, and last night the approach a residenced on 200 saids forther, a id shotter for all the fields whose is not odd the said were taken in and point their flow saids the morning as at the detences of the South face of the county's works.

The balleries indipreparations for bambardment to the attacked in the meaning will be finded this alone. A distance of the adviced it is adjusted as a non-as trade, as the beken up with signor. I have the most sangines expected it is a summer, and in order to recess it ends in our success of this measure, and in order to recess its in our withing the Fort and obtaining the remaining the same ground, and thickets to the night during the bembardments inches a Arthlery and 5 Companies of Schiel Infants have been posted at the Visage of Gunnare, or Ginnowly Churry, and a batters for 12 guils has been prepared for the purp so of lacturing the space to the North, and straitening the enging in hat quarter.

Desertion are frequent from the Post, but I have not been able to bring over any of D man's Herna, of which the numbers prove to be far less than was at first supposed. On the night of the 23d, a party of the energy energing from the Fort, were met by a Patrole of the fat stock flap Cavalry, a renconstruction, and 40 or 50 of their man wars cut down, in Duiladars and 17 than being woughed on our sides.

I am happy, when closing these details, in stating that; although the garrison has been very active in fiting on our working parties, and into the Knitra, since it has been in our possesssion, our loss has been trifling. A return of casualties is herewith evolved.

Report of Killed and Wounded in the Army before Hantruss, from the 22d to the 28th February, inclusive.

CAMP BEFORE HATRASE; 1st March, 1817.

22d February, r Matross, wounded, since dead.

23d February, x Proneer, wounded, since dead.

\_\_\_\_ r Lescar, ditto, ditto.

24th February, 1 Sepoy, 2d Batt. 1st N. I. wounded, 2 Lascars, ditto-and 1 Golundanze, killed.

25th February, & Ordinance Driver, wounded.

26th Pebruary, 1 Naick, 2d Gr. Batt. killed-r Sepoy, 1st Balt. 25th, wounded.

gath February, I Gun Lascar, wounded.

28th Pebruary, 1 Matrois and 1 Bildar, wounded.

Tozak.-5 killed-8 wounded.

Provi. Asuet. Adit. Geni

Martract of a Letter from Major-General D. Marshall to Major Nicol, Acting Adjutant General, dated the 3d March, 1817.

With the utmost satisfaction I beg to acquaint you, fogine information of His Excellency the Right Ecnorable the Commander in Chief, that the Fort of Hairass has fallen, and that our troops obtained possession of it, at eleven o'clock last night.

In my last report I noticed that the preparations for bombardment were nearly completed. The mortars and rockets opened on the Rort at eight o'clock yesterday, morning with great effect, and continued till the moment Dyaram with his homestallied out and left the Fort. The troops in the trenches immediately pushed for the gateways, and established themaevies with little apposition from the few who remained. **286** 

The practice in our batteries was admirable throughout, and at five in the evening a lucky shell blew up one of the enemy's magazines, with an explosion too awful and terrific for description enveloping the whole Fort in smoke and rule. To this circumstance, and to the fire and destruction carried into the place by the encreasing discharge of the mortars, the whole of which 42 in number, were brought into use, we owe the fortunate event of our being in possession of the formidable Fort of Batrass so coon, and with to little loss.

The Cavalry are on the alert after the fugitives, and I am in expectation of hearing some good account of their proceedings.

· Published by order of the Right Honorable the Gavernor General in Council.

W. B. BAYLEY.

Sec. to Govt. Judi. Dept. [Govt. Gaz.

## CALCUTTA MONTHLY JOURNAL

Vol. XXX.] CALCUTTA; MARCH 31. 1817. [No. 259

### FROM THE GOVERNMENT GAZETTE, March 27, 1817.

MILITARY.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIT THE SEERCY THE RIGHT BONOR-ABLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; MARCH 10, 1817.

The Right Honorable the Governor General in Council having recently had under his consideration, the Constitution of the Clothing Board, and the existing circumstances under the operation of which the number of its actual members stands reduced to two, of whom neither is Colonel of & Regiment, considers it expedient on general principles, as well as likely to be very satisfactory to the Colonels residing in Europe, that some of their own class should take an active part in the proceedings of that Board, which is the constituted Guardian of their property. His Lordship in Council with a view of effecting this desirable object, is pleased to resolve, that all General Officers of the Honorable Company's Service, being Colonels of Regiments, who may at any time resort to the Presidency, shall benceforth be considered as Members of the Clothing Board, in addition to the permanent Members ex-officio, (the Commander of Artillery, and the Military Auditor General.) and further that the Sanior Officer present shall be considered as Presidency of the Board for the time being.

J. YOUNG; ... Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

JENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT MONOR-

FORT WILLIAM: MARCH 14, 1817.

Licutenant Peter Lawrie Pew of the Regiment of Artillery, having produced the prescribed certificates from the Medical and Pay Departments, is permitted to proceed to Europe on Furlo' for the recovery of his health.

2. Lieutenant J. steuart of the 17th Regiment of Native Infantry, having furnished the prescribed certificates from the Medical and Pay Department. is permitted to make a voyage to Sea for the benefit of his health, and to be absent on that account for Six Months, from the 1st Proximo.

3. The leave of absence granted to Lieutenant Hodge of the 5th Regiment of N. 1. by General Orders of Government un-

der date the 3d of Jan. last, to proceed to the Cape of Good Hope for the recovery of his health, is cancelled at the request of that Officer.

4. His Excellency the Right Honorable the Governor General in Council has been pleased to appoint Mr. Assistant Surgeon R. Tytler to discharge the Medical Duties of the Civil Station of Jessore.

J. YOUNG,

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

#### FORT WILLIAM-; MARCH'14, 1817.

1. The Right Honorable the Governor General in Council is pleased to resolve, agreeably to the spirit of the General Letter from the Honorable the Court of Directors, dated the 23d August 1815, that the Rule therein laid down for granting the Brevet Rank of Captain to all unpromoted Lieutenants after 15 years service, shall be considered as general and prospective in its application.

2. In conformity to the above Resolution, the following List of Officers in the Honorable Company's Army, who are Subalterns of 15 years standing, and who had not attained the Rank of Captain on the 8th of January 1817, is published for general information, and these Officers are premoted to the Brevet

Rank of Captain accordingly.

Season	of Appoint- ment.	Rank and Names.	Corps.
	. ,	LIEUTENANIS.	
	.1902	Henry Cock,	4th N. I.
	1802	Wm. Broome Sal-	
			18th Ditto do.
		William Kennedy,	4th Ditto do.
	1802	Rich Baycott Jen-	
		kins,	
	1202	Walter Alex. Yates.	18th Ditto do.
	1502	Thomas Wheeler	
		Broadbent,	2d Difte do.
	1803	Chas Halcot Glov-	
		er,	17th Ditto do.
	1802	Patric Martin Hay, [	28th Ditto do.
	1802	Charles Corner	∫ European
		Smith	Regiment,
	1802	James Hales,	eist N. T
	1805	Alexander Spiers, -	28d Ditto do.

J. YOUNG,

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept:

SENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT HONOR-ABLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

#### FORT WILLIAM; MARCH 14, 1817.

Y. The Regulations at present in force on the subject of the Table allowance granted to the Commanders of the Honorable Company's or of thired Transports, on account of Officers in the Military Service who may proceed on Public duty on board of such ships from Port to Port, containing no provision for the amount of Passage Money to be allowed to the Commanders of Private Ships, for the accommodation and Table Expenses of Officers entitled to a passage at the Public Ex-pense; His Excellency the Right Honorable the Governor General in Council, with a view to fix a reasonable limit to the expense to be incurred by Government for Passage Money on such orcasions, is pleased to notify, that in future the sum of a Sicca Rupees per diem shall be granted to Commanders of Private ships who may convey Officers proceeding on public duty from port to port, whereof 6 Rupees shall be ultimately charged to the State and 2 Rupees to the Individual, according to the existing Regulations on the subject of Table allowance.

2. The Governor General in Council intimates his just expectation, that Communders of Private Ships belonging or resorting to the Ports within the territories subject to the Honorable East India Company, will conform to the equitable rate of Passage

Money thus established.

J. YOUNG,

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

MENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS BACKLERRY THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN

FORT WILLIAM; MARCH 21, 1817.

The Governor General in Council cannot witness the embarkation of His Majesty's fifth, Regiment, without expressing the approbation which the zeal and discipline of that valuable Corps have so justly deserved. The Regiment, in addition to this testimony borne to its exemplary conduct, carries with it the best wishes of Government for its prosperous voyage.

J. YOUNG.

Cfig. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

OLDI RAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT MONORABLE THE COVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; March 21, 1817.

1. His Exerilency the Right Henorable the Governor General in Council is ideased to appoint Lieutendat Colonel Doyle to be President of the loaded of superintendence for inproving the Breed of Cattle, in the room of Lieutenant Colonet G. H. Fagan, who has proceeded to Europe from the Capp

of Good Hope.

2. The Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Mr Surgeon J. Sawers to be a Member of the Board of Superintendence, in the roum of Lieutenant Colonel Doyle, appointed President.

J. YOUNG,

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept

We have great pleasure in republishing the following Field Army Orders, issued by Major-General Marehall, previously to the breaking up of the Camp before Hatrass.

FIRED 'ARMY ORDERS, BY 'MAJOR GENERAL MARVITALL, COM-MANDING.

" Camp before Hattrass, March 6, 1817

"Major General Marshall, congratulates the army, he has the honor to Command, on the successful termination of its services, against the Fortress and Town of Hattrass; which event has led to the surrender of Moorsaun, and eleven other Forts.

"To Major Generals Donkin, Sir J. Horsford, and Brown, and Major Auburey, General Marshall feels extremely indebted for the judgment, zeal, promptitude, and energy, which they invariably displayed in carrying into effect the operations devolving upon the several branches of the service to which they were attached

" The science and skill, displayed by the Engineer and Artillery departments, were emmently conspicuous, and the hom bardment and explosion of the enemy's principal magazine, which, without derogating from the ments of others, must be allowed, to have given us almost immediate possession of the place, will long be regarded as the most memorable an ong the brilliant events of the last fortught; and as demonstrative of the catent and semidness of that judgment and penetration. which, in the avowed auticipation of these very consequences enabled incarmy, by the provision of adequate means, to insure there. The practice of the Artillery has answered the expectations of that high authority, to which the Major General has ventured to allude, in the foregoing observations. Another motive for them, is to bring forward, and infustrate the fact, more closely—that where the means are equal to the science and unictical knowledge known to pervade every branch of the Army, the results must invariably he rapid and successful. even against such strong and is midatic forts as Hattriss ! . . proved to be.

"The liftantia and Cavalry on this occasion, had abort to, to opportunities of shewing their brower al, and devotion to

the service

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" On one occasion particularly, the Major General was highly pleased with the alacrity and eagerness displayed by the Infantry, who were formed in columns ready to storm the works of the Town, holding out every expectation of success from men, who eyu.ced such resolution and deare of being led on. .

" The duties of investing the Fort latterly devolved on the Cavalry; and their vigilance and constancy in maintaining the blockade entitle them to the Major General's highest consideration-The loss sustained by the exemy in making their retreat from the Port reflects great credit on the two squadrons of His Majerty's 8th Light Dragoons, the 7th Native Cavalry, and part of the 1st Robilia Cavalry, who entered --- and routed them.

"The Proneer Corps has given another proof to it's many already on record of their coolness in the most trying situations, and or their extraordin my skill and dispatch in the labors which

belong to them in this partie viar species of verfare, ... He was thus noticed his high approved of the conduct of every heuch of the Army, Major General Marshall desires, that the several Officers employed on the General Staff of the Army will accept his warmer thanks for the alle manner in which their wifer latures were conducted.

· The Magor General's personal Staff, consisting of Captain Jones. And s-de-Camp, Major Cartwright and Lieutenent Sneyd. of the Quarter Muster General's department, who both votun-teered their services on this accasion and acted as Aides-de-Camp, are entitled to his best thanks for their ready assistance on all occasions

" The Commissariat Department under Lieutenant Colorel Stevenson and Captain Conditie, Ensuered the high expectations

tormed of it from pastic perience.

" Lieutenant Aplin's exertions as Acting Assistant Quarter Master General, marked the zeal, intelligence, and ability of this deserving and promising officer. Captain Wiction, Provincial Assistant Adjutant General, and Brigade Maior Gough, had important and laborious details to conduct, waren they preformed to the entire satisfiction of the Mago. General."

H. M. Sloop Lyra, Captain B. HALL has arrived at this Port from China, Manida and Penang. understand that while the Chinese Embassy were employed on shore, the Alceste Frigate, Captain MURRAY MAXWELL, and the Lyra, Captain Basic Hall were engaged in surveying the West Coast of Corea, never before visited by Europeans; and subsequently the Great Lieon Kieou Island, of which

<sup>\*</sup> Here a word or two, on the site of the wafer have been under y there by a scription observe of one ferior consting the order

very little was known. We hear that an account of both these interesting countries will shortly be given to the world by Captain B. HALL whose scientific qualifications are well known; and whose pen is well able to delineate the interesting discoveries made by him and his coadjutor. Lieut. H. J. CLIFFORD, R. N. accompanied the expedition as an Ama-teur, and the knowledge he acquired of the languages of the Islands visited, will open a new and interesting field.

The Cawnpore division of the Troops which served before Hatrass, was expected to be at Cawnpore on the 24th instant.

THE RESERVE

We have been obligingly favored with the following extract of a letter, dated Sultanpore the 21st in stant.

"We have had some fighting and fort-taking in our vicinity, but none of our Baltalion has been employed. Major Nation commands the detachment and has got some credit for his determination and spirit. On the 16th he captured after many hours hard fighting, a mud Fort called Dhowra and put most of the Garrison to the sword—they resisted to the last, sallied out upon the guns, and what is still more unusual, attempted during the night, with a reinforcement to retake their Fort—they were easily repulsed, but still continue in force in the surrounding Jungle, determined to revenge their fellow comrades. Our loss v is about 50 or 60 men killed and wounded, including several Artillerymen, no Officer touched. Biggs commanded the Artillery I believe, and breached in 6 or 7 hours with 3 18-pounders; they talk of sending out five Company's from this Post.

The last Bombay Courier contains an account of the recent depredations of the Pirates, to which we alluded in a former publication. We understand that measures are likely to be adopted, effectually to prevent a recurrence of these evils, and to protect the navigation of the Persian Gulph. It will be

seen by the extract from the Bombay Journal, that these Water-Pindarries, have had the temerity to capture an armed Pattamar carrying the colours of the Company.

The supplies which lest this Fort for the Mauritius, immediately after the dreadful calamity at Port Louis was known in Calcutta;—have produced the most beneficial effects. Rice was so plentiful that its value was below the average market price. To protect the interests of those who had come forward in averting the threatened distress of the Islanders, the Governor had issued the following Proclamation:—

#### GOVERNMENT ORDER.

The arrival at this Port of the Ships laden with grain, forwarded from India, with such unparalled promptitude, by the orders of His Excellency the Governor General in Council, having relieved the Colony from the apprehension of famine, which must, otherwise, have resulted from the conflagration of our magazines, succeeded by the total failure of the grain crops, from a drought hitherto, without example at that season,—His Excellency thus assured of the subsistance of the inhabitants until the change of the monsoon, conceives it a duty incumbent on him, to prevent, as far as in him lies, the evils which might arise from a superabundance of prospects in the market, not only to the Colony as distressing its agriculture, but to those merchants of India, and the surrounding establishments who have come forward with unequalled zeal and disinterestedness to the succour of the sufferers here.

It is therefore hereby directed that on the 10th instant and every succeeding Monday, there shall be delivered to every Shop-keeper of the 1st Class of Licences, 100 bags of Bengal Rice—those of the second Class, 59 bags, and to those of the third Class, 10 bags, at 3 Dollars the bag, and to other individuals, not Shop-keepers, five bags at 3 Dollars the bag, payable in three, and six months, agreeable to the Provisions and and Regulations, contained in the Proclamation, under date the 12th December, 1816.

By order of His Excellency the Governor,

(Signed) G. A. BARRY,

PORT LOUIS; MAURI-] 'TIUS, Feb. 3, 1817.

Chief Sec. to Gort.

Before our last regular publication, we had heard rumours from Batavia of a most unpleasant nature : but not being fully informed of the particulars, and being doubtful of the truth of the reports, which had reached us, we were unwilling to publish, what might have proved enfounded. There is however. too much feason to believe that the Dutch Covernment at Java has commenced its career, in a manher, which may lead to consequences of the most serious description. Causes which are not very particularly explained, led to an insurrection, which was speedily overcome; and many of the insurgents were slain, while they resisted the force which was sent to reduce them to obedience-With this part of the affair, we must not quarrel; for admitting that oppre sion may have occasioned the commotion. the Government was justified in opposing force against those, who had resorted to arms to redress their grievances; but the inhuman conduct stated to have been exercised against the unfortunate wretches, who had been overcome and imprisoned, is such, that we hope the account has been exaggerate.l. We shall republish the details of this melancholy transaction, as they have appeared on the last Government Gazette: and we shall be happy to learn by the next accounts from Jave, that the perpetrators of the cruelty, of committed, have suffered the punishment of their crimes. Let us, however, abstain from too readily imputing to a friendly state, a charge so serious, as the report in question conveys; for we may recollect, that not long ago, an accusation almost as horrible, was preferred against our own countrymen by the American Prisoners; but the charge on investigation, proved to be false and infamous. It is possible that the recollection of what passed at Amborna, may have disposed us to give too ready credence to the alledged treatment of the Javanese Insurgents '--

the estate of a very considerable Butch land-holder, which threatened to assume a most alarming character, and to be dinger out to those who uphout the tental system that has been imprudently re-established [The Inhabitants are said to have been exposed to a veries of operations—the men had been com-

helled to labour like slates but the grounds at Batavia; removed from their families, and is a clouded which proved fatal to a great part of them. Wearied with a life to repugnant an indicate appetations and disposition, they joined their families. The south measurement in other parts of the country. The propulator of the estate who had lost, their services endeavored by his own personal influence; and the sid of different chiefs, to induce them to ceture, and he in a great measure succeeded -but they found no change, and at length, with a view of effecting their deliverance, resorted to arms. We are informed that they i're the same people; who bravely repelled the Chinese and Dutch in 1810, and whose Chief, Bagus Rangin, died in prison after being defeated by our, troops shortly after the conquest. On the present occasion they ordered supplies to he ready for them in different parts of the country, marched peaceably through it, committed no depredations, but expressed their resolution to mantain their rights. They sent to the English overseer of a contiguous estate to inform him that they would do him no harm, but requested to be furnished with supplies. The whole Eastern Division of the Dutch Army soon marched against them; and having concerted a plan of operations to cut off their retreat, they attacked them, and after a stout resistance, a hundred, and sixty are said to have been killed, and five hundred taken prisoners; who were immediately marched to a prison at indramavo. The place of confinement was so limited that they had hardly room to breathe. They endeavored to procure fresh air by removing the tiles, and being resisted, they rose by a simultaneous movement upon their guard, defenceless as they were; and aboutewo hundred of them were bayoneted on the spot. The rest were secured, put into boats, where some died of their wounds, a great many jumped overboard, and a few miserable victims are all that survive this awful catastrophe. These facts are derived from private information, but we trust for the credit of humanity that subsequent accounts may prove that the darker shades of the statement are erroneous, or at least that the Dutch Officers may stand acquitted of any participation in a measure so hostile to the feelings which usually guide the civilized part of mankind."

During the period of inactivity at Canton, while the ships which brought the Embassy to China, were awaiting His Excellency Lord Amhurst's return, a newspaper appeared in Manuscript on board the Alceste Frigate, a copy of which we regret exceedingly, we have not been able to procure. When that paper was discontinued, another sprung up on board H. M. Ship. Lyra. edited, we believe, by Mr. Gilland, Clerk of that sloop. We have endeavoured to obtain a sight of this journal in order to lay any

extracts which might seem interesting, before the public: but find ourselves anticipated in the two first numbers. From the remaining three, we hope, however, to cull something worthy of the perusal of our readers. The poetry we have heard is entirely by the Editor.

Accounts from Herraut mention that Manouer KHAWN AKAGE CAHAR, and the son of IBRAHIM Knawn; had surrounded the Fort of Mahmoodabad, with five thousand horse, and several pieces of ordnance. They were however successfully attacked by the son of Ashak Khaws, who with three thousand horse, assisted by a body of twelve hundred Infantry which sallied from the Fort, gained a complete victory. Two thousand and five hundred men ai a stated to have been killed on the part of the ranguished Manoner Khan, after his defeat, had fled to the mountains: - and the Prince Funoze un Dinn, had directed the joyful news to be announced by all the cannon at Herrant. The rejoicing was general, and the people greatly clated. A great number of prisoners were taken, and only seventy horsemen accompanied the fugitive chieftain.

The Candahar Ukhbars state, that Prince Syrun MULICE had written from Kerah to Prince KAMRUY for an immediate reinforcement of three thousand Cavalry, for that the son of FUTTY ALLY SHAM CACHAR, and a large force had arrived at Mushud. In the mean time IBRAHIM PHAWN, MUSTAPHA KHAWN, and ISSEUL KHAN had proceeded with all the disposable troops of Kerah to watch the morement: of the enemy, and keep them in check, until the reinforcements should arrive. Private accounts state that the army of the Cachar amounted to twenty thousand fighting men and that the Chief demanded the immediate release of every prisoner of the Cachar cast-threatening, that otherwise he would carry into captivity, one hundred inhabitants of Mushud for every Cachar detained.

The Moltan Ukhbars state, that on the 20th of February, Sirkenauz Khawn was at Moltan. Two persons who had arrived there on the behalf of

Mr. WILLIAM FRASER, to purchase Camels, had been kindly received, and sent forward to Liah and Bhugur, escorted by five horsemen. SIRFERAUZ had sent to RUNJEET SINGH a hoondy for 60,000 rupees. with an assurance that other 40,000 should be paid in twenty days. Intelligence had been received from Sinde Hyderabad, that Roy BEHAR, had applied to "the British Chiefs" for assistance in obtaining possession of the Forts and Countries of which he had been treacherously dispossessed; -and that he had stipulated to pay fourteen lacs of rupees. It is added that a British force had forthwith captured the Fort of Kutch Bhoic, whereupon the Fort of Hyder surrendered, and several other Forts followed the example; all of which were delivered to Roy Behar. The Fort of Kutch Phoje is stated to have been occupied by a British detachment, whereupon the remainder of the force retired. This fort is described to be within ninety coss of the capital of Sinde. The Chiefs of Sinde have recently constructed a Fort in the Mountains distant about thirty coss from Hyderabad, at an expense of twenty lass of rupees; which is represented to be impregnable. \*

The Ukhhars from Raolpundy reach to the 19th ultimo. A caravan of Merchants proceeding from Bhugly to Duntoor has been plundered by Mudoo Khawn, the Son of Rajah Mahomed Ally Khawn, and a body of free booters. Nund Singh and Rajah Shadhaa khawn with a large force, proceeded to Bhurwannah, with an intent, as our news writer states, "to murder Rajah Futteh Ally Khawn." The latter was however prepared for their reception, and rapelled the attack, with considerable slaughter. Nund Singh had thereupon

retired to Raolpundy.

HOLKAR'S Camp on the 12th ultimo was at Jaun. Scindian was marching to the assistance of the Bhaee, and the mutinous army, commanded by Guroon Khawn, was proceeding towards Rampore, plundering, as usual, during its progress.

We have no news worthy of notice! from Jaypoor or Amretsir. RUNJEET SINGH was at Lahore

on the 3d ultimo.

## SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The following Ships had reached the Isle of France by the 5th of February; several of them had encountered severe gales, which had damaged their cargoes. Sales are reported to be ery dull from the want of money and credit.

On the 18th January, Hayston Luckn Billas and Brothers, Schoomer -20. Lord Minto. -25. Mermaid, Industry and Star. Cutter. -26. Daphne. -28. Hercules. -30. Gade. Feb. 3. East Indian. -5. Fanny, Catherine and Cyclops.

The Frederick and Maria, Friendship and Tropic

Bird, had not arrived.

Passengers per Chinler Mills.—Landed at the Cape of Good Hone: Sir Join, Malcolm. K. C. B. who proceeded to Madras in H. M. Ship Mind. n; General Hall; Mrs. Hall, and Captain Freemen, Aide-de-Camp to General Hall. Linded at Madras. Henry Byrne, Esq. Barrister. For Benga': Honorable John Elliott; Honorable Mrs. Elliott; Miss Amelia Elliott; Miss Anna Elliott; Misser Edmund Elliott; Miss Julia Sage; Robert Becher, Esq.; Captain Fielding; 8th N. C.; Lieutenant H. Dwyer, H. M. 22d Regiment, Mr. John Neave, Writer, Mr. Robert Frith; Mr. Richard Frith; Mr. George Becher; Jana Bell: Mary Duck; Elizabeth We, servant to the Honorable Mrs. John Elliott, and Richard Edward, ditto ditto. Passengeriper Theresa: Mr. J. M. Wilson, Surgeon, Bengal Est. blishment.

Passenger per Tiered: Captain R. Jote, Mariner.

Passengers per Brilliant, from England: Mr. Heyther, Free-mariner. From Madras: Mrs. Cooper. and Child, Captain Cooper, Town Adjutant, and Lieu, mant Rouald, Artillery.

Passenger per Guide: Mr. W. Thacker, Surgeon.

ARRIVALS. March 24. Therezo, (Portuguese,) De Sas, from Mua. 2d February, Malacca 15th ditto, and last from Penang the 3d March.—Brig Tweed, Eddis, from the Isle of Franch 1st, and Ceylon the 26th February. Do. 25. Schooner Two Sisters, Shedden, from Port Louis the 6th February.

Do. 26. Bridiant. Fenn. from London 27th October, and Marking the 18th March.—Brig Guide, Garnock, from Bombay 23d February, Madras the 16th March.

Do. 28. H. M. Brig Lyra, Hall, from China the 28th January.

DEPARTURES. March 24. Andromeda, (Portuguese,) Cartella, for Penang and Macao.

Do. 25. Conficianca, (Pertuguese,) Barross for Macao. Do. 26. Grao Cruz de Aviz, (Portuguese,) Roiz, for

Do. 26. Grao Cruz de Aviz, (Portuguese,) Roiz, fo Rio de Janeiro.

Do. 27. Lady Banks, Walker, for London.

BOMBAY. DEPARTURES. Feb. 26. Brig Counters of Loudon, Captain W. Johnston, to the Coromanuel Coast and the West Coast of Sumarra

March 1. Grab Brig Good Fortune, Captain F. Monesse, to Mocha.—2. Aran Snow Edvoony, Nacquda Syed Amud, to Mocha.

CEYLON. ARRIVALS. Jan. 31. Shin Fattalmubarack, G. C. Liudsay, from Calcutta 14th Jan. Passéngers: 29 Natives.

Feb. 1. H. M. Ship Conway. J Reynolds, Esq. Captain, from Malacca.—3. Ship Mandarine. J. J. Rickets, from Calcutta 12th Jan. Passengers: Sir George Cooper, Lady Cooper, and Daughter Thomas Stackhouse, Esq; Brig Hope, A. Black, from Jaffnapatam 13th Oct.—4. Haldane, John Kidd, from Malacca 31st January.—11 Brig John, R. Rager, from Acheen 1st Feb.—23. Ship Thereia, Augustinho de Sa, from China and Malacca 15th Feb.—24. Brig Frowday. Noq. Varries, from Chinagong 16th Jan.: Brig Naraina, Noq. 125s, from ditto '6th January.—27. American Ship Bainbridge, Charles Barthug, from Philadeiphia 15th September.

DEPARTURES. Feb. 2. Ship Huder Ally. Robert Scott, for West Coast of Sumatra.—5. H. M. Ship Conney. John Reynolds, Esq. Captain, for Midras; Ship Mandacine, J. J. "Rickets, for Amboyna.—6. Ship Fattatumbarack, G. C. Lindsay, for Malacca and Eastward; Ship Fmma, W. Baumgardt for Calcutta. Passenger: W. S. Cinctoft, Esq. Cons. Service.—7. Ship Hanssor. J. Kingsmill, for Malacca:—8. American Ship Atlas. Joines Girdon, for Philadelphia. Pa-senger: Captain Heyland, H. M. 14th Regiment of Foot.—9. Brig Hydross. Sand Abdulah, for Malacca; Brig Huldane, J. Kidd, for West Coast and Isle of France.—11. Ship John Munro. Abdulraman, for Mauritius.—24. Brig Mayden Bux, Cadder Mayden, for Cuddaiole; Brig Coda Bux, Cauder Shaw, for Pondicherry.

## 300

## BOMBAY,

We are sorry to state, that accounts have been received here, that the Joassinee Pirates from Tasel Kima have made their appearance in considerable force 'and have been committing depredations without the "Gulph of Persia and on this coast, and have succeeded in capturing one of the Honorable Company's armed Pattamars, the Deria Dowlut. This vessel was proceeding towards Porebunder, and on the morning of the 5th or 6th of January when off Dwarka, being about 14 day's sail from Porebunder, in 12 fathoms water, no land in sight, the weather being extremely bazy, she observed a large Bugla (an Arabian' boat) close under her lee, within musquet shot with her sail lowered; the Bugla on perceiving the Pattamar immediately hoisted sail and came close under her stern. On the l'attamar's shewing the company's colors, the Bugla fired a shot which went over her and then a second and a third at her, upon which the Syrang of the Derm Dowlat, concerving he could heat her off, returned the fire and the action continued with considerable briskness on both sides; but when the haze had somewhat cleared away, two more large publical versels were observed to be bearing down, being only about one mile distant. The only chance of escape now being in flight, all sail was made and a running fight kept up for near three hours till about eight o'clock, when the Syring of the Pattamar received a severe nound and was was obliged to be carried below: in about half an hour after, his Tindal, on whom the command devolved, was killed by a musquet shot in the stomach; the two other Buglas having at this time closed, all three boarded the Patlamai and by force of numbers overpowered her brave but small erew some jumped into the hold and others were forced to throw themselves overheard, those who remained on deck were instantly massacred, and those who had jumped overboard were specied as they clong to the sides of the versels. Out of a small crew of thirty three men, seventeen were murdered, eight have been carried prisoners to Racel Kimi, and eight, being the neuroded and sick, were put on shore on the coast of Much an and his some arrived have. The largest of pirate visition described to be of about low to 400 candies burden, carrying six carriage guns, apparently nine pounders, the other two vessels were but little inferior; they were full of men, have ing from 100 to 200 each, armed with swords, spears and Credtes.

The Deria Dowlut only mounted two twelve pounders and three two-pound iron guns. The commander of the largest hoat or chief of that squadron was styled the Sultan of Ras el Kune. After the Pirates had obtained possession of the Deria Dowlut, they scuttled her, having first taken out her ordnance and stores, and then continued to cruise off and on the Coast of Guzerat and the entrange of the Gulph of Cutch for many days, during which time they fell in with a large Arab Bugla, or Dow,

of about 400 candies, from Surat bound to Muscat or the Coast of Arabia, whom they captured after an obstinate defence on the part of the Arab, in which she had 5 men killed. She had a rahuble cargo of cloths, rice and joary. The Pirates now put about and sailed towards Scind, they were subsequently joined by another fleet of smaller piratical vessels belonging to Ras el Kima, which had with them six merchants boats that they had captured in the inner part of the Gulph of Cutch. This last first after communicating with the chief or Sultan, sailed away with their prizes for Rasel Kima. The three Buglas in about four days afterwards quitted their station and on or about the 8th of February, 31 days after the capture of the Deria Dowlut, anchored on the coast of Muckran, (south coast of Persia) about 20 miles east of Cape Guadel. Here they landed the wounded Serang and 5 siphanees and 2 lascars, who were sickly, together with the Porebunder pilot. They then stood off shore. s eering as it was conjectured, for Ras el Kima, and carrying with them 2 siphauces and 6 lascars belonging to the Deria Powlat

From the following extract of a letter, received here, it would seem that the Joassmees had pushed their daring cruise down this coast for a considerable way to the southward. We thisknowever, from the circumstance of no intelli, gence of this last capture, which appears to have taken place in January or early in February, having reached this presidency till the beginning of this week, that it is probable there is some mistake tespecting the place off which the vessel is said to have been captured.

Cochin, 14th February, 1817.

An alarming account has been reported here by three Arabs who arrived a few days ago, saying that they had made their escape from a ship, name unknown, from Pulo Penang, after she was taken possession of by five Dows of the Whahaby Pirates, near Pigeon Island, that they tanislered the whole of the crew and pilgrim passengers and afterwards stood out to sea, this they say happened about a fortnight ago. I fear it is but too true, and may have had consequences

P S. The capture ship was under English colours, from Pulo Penang, belonging to Sayed Hussen at Pulo Penang, last

from the Malay Coast bound to Meka with pilgrims."

[ (ourser March 8.

### PENANG.

## LAW REPORT.

COURT OF JUDICATURE.
SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 8, 1817.

This day, at 11 o'Clock A. M. the Honokabee the Governor, accompanied by Sir George Cooper, Recorder. J. J. Ersking and J. Macalister, Esqrs. and attended by R. 12-

SETTON Esq. High Sheriff, &c. &c. repaired in procession to the Court-House, and took their Seats on the Bench, when the Sessions commensed by swearing in the Grand Jury, composed of the following Gentlemen.

#### L BROWY Esq. Foreman.

J Anderson.	J. M'Intyre,
J Carnegy,	J. L Phipps,
P Caruegy,	D. Powel,
T. Hawkins,	J. Reid,
F. Hutton,	W Sartorius,
T. Hutton,	G. Walker, and
A. D Maingy,	C W. H. Wright, E-q

The Learned Judge then opened the busines of the Court by addressing the Grand Jury in the tollowing appropriate speech, to which we for that the maccuracy of our report will not enable us to do adequate justice.

#### tentlemen of the Grand Jury'

"For the rest time I have at longth the honor of addressing you as the conder of this Court, and it affords me particular pleasure to meet on the occasion so respectable a body of Gensule to meet on the occasion so respectable a body of Gensule me of the Court to though indeed the very short period which has thosed since my arrival on the Island, necessarily prevents me from heaving the pleasure of personally knowing you, yet I have been informed from high authority of the respectability of the Continues whom I have now the ronor to address, and of their competency to the discharge of their duties as Grandjarymon. Their were or grantly I understand seventeen of you; you are now reduced, since the adjournment of the Sessions, to fitch a but even this number is flattening to the object of the object of the important duties of a Grand July, and I hope that on every future occasion I may much you with a fully after the.

place it so the give cases of murder, and fouc of burglary, british, and robbery. I attribute this, however, to drout scenable the Sessions, in consequence of my not need able the arrive here sooner, after the vacanes made not departure of Su Engago Sessions. But I trust that in touch, virtually the unual interval appears between one Sessions.

in respect to the articles of your enquiry, you will reflect that he crime of birglary is defined to consist in the four particular facts of breaking and entering a dwelling house, in the biglit; and as lifting a latch is held in England to a breaking, it must follow from the same principle that the cutting of a string, or opening a venetion for the purpose of drawing a bolt, more fully establishes a burglary in this Country. Two of these cases are to a very serious amount,

and perpetrated by natives on the property of European Gentlemen of great respectability, for which reasons the seall for the more exemplary punishment; for though God formal Bot the Law or the Judg' should make any distinction between it h a d poor, yet if, in this bettermant, these remous evils are not folibly checked in their progress, there would be an end to our security, our property, and our existence as a Colony, Under the head of murder, you will only have to consider two particulars. first, whether the persons charged in the Indictment actually did the deed, and secondly, whether they did it with malice prepense; for if they did it in heart of blood, or in a hasty quarrel, it would then fall short of murder, and be mercifully considered in law as homicide or manslaughter. With respect to the case of the married woman, charged with stealing in the Sepoy Lines, it is necessary to, remark, that if a wife be present with her husband when larceny is committed, the Law acquitted her on the humane consideration that she acted under his influence, but if she alone committed the deed, even though by his order, she would then be held personally responsible.

"Before I dismiss you, Gentlemen, to the important duties of your trust, I have but two additional observations to make! The one repects myself as Recorder of this Court, in which Office I desire to assure you, that it will be my most auxious endeavour to exert all the skill and judgment I poisess, and to give all the attention in my power to every case, both in the civil and criminal branches of the Liw, which may present themselves before one; and of this intention, I trust the solemn outh I have so lately taken on this Bench will be a full sufficient pledge.

"The other remark I have to offer regards yourselves: for whatever may be the talent, zeal, or industry of a judge, you must feel with me, how little they will avail, unless secondent and supported by the co-operation and assistance of the Grand Jury, which assistance, Gentlemen, in the execution of your important duties. I trust I shall ever receive at your hands.

I cannot conclude without offering you my sincere congratulations at meeting you in this time of universal P ace both in Europe, and in this Country, after a war at home, which has raised the Mother Country to a higher pitch of glory than she ever before reached. Peace cannot but be attended with the most beneficial effects to the commerce of India in general; and the arrangements made in the Treaty of Peace (I allude more particularly—as being more intimately connected with ourselves—to the cession of Java and its Dependencies to the Dutch,) cannot fail, I think, of tending, and I carnestly hope, will tend to promote the wealth and prosperity of this commercial and flourishing Settlement.

The Grand Jury then retired to decide upon the several Bills brought before them;—after which, Mr Stackhouse came into Court, when the customary oaths 2s a July authorized

Attories, Solicitor, and Notary Public were administered to him by the Registrar, and the Court adjourned to Monday morning at 11 o'clock.

#### MONDAY,-FFB. 10.

The Court having this day re-assembled with the usual formalities, the Grand Jury came into Court, when David Brown, Bsq. Foreman, delivered the following congratulatory Address in their name:—

#### " My LORD!

"The Gentlemen of the Grand Jury have requested me as their Foreman, to offer to your Lordship their most sincere, cordial, and respectful congratulations on your safe arrival, to fill the dignified and important station of Recondence at this Presidency.

"The appointment of a person so eminently qualified as your Lordship to discharge the duties of that Office, is a great and peculiar satisfaction to the Grand Jury and the Settlement secause from your Lordship's character, they feel assured.

that Justice will be fairly and impartially administered.

"I am also directed by my fellow Jurors, to convey to your Lordship their warmest thanks for the very eloquent and luminous Address delivered to them by your Lordship on the opening of the present Sessions—as explanatory of the several cases of Indictment which have been presented for their consideration; and at the same time to express to your Lordship, the high gratification they have derived, not only from the Sentiments which you have been pleased to express on that occasion—as well of the Grand and Petit Juries—as for the general prosperity and happiness of the Island;—but also from the assurance on the part of your Lordship, that you will ever exert yourself most anxiously and unremittingly, that Justice, Civil and Crimsnal, may be constantly, correctly, and uprightly administered.

"The Grand Jury, my Lord, on their part have desired me to say—that they rely with the most perfect confidence on the zeal, judgment, and honor of your Lordship; and to assure your Lordship, that each of the Gentlemen composing the present Grand Jury will, on all occasions and at all times, feel much pride and happiness in heartily co-operating with your Lordship and this Honorable Court, that Right and Justice may be done;—and in any measures which your Lordship and this Honorable Court may propose, for your carrying into effect the wise and

benevolent laws of our Mother Gountry.

"The period of your arrival, as your Lordship observed, is ranked by the happy circumstance of a General Cession of Warfare in Europe and India,—and the Grand Jury indulge the hope, that this state of Peace and Amity, combined with the happy administration of Government by our present Honorable and respected Governor, and his respected Colleagues, and the upright administration of Justice by this Honorable Court, may

greatly benefit our small and infant Settlement; by promoting the prosperity, welfare, and industry—and improving the mo-

ral conduct and character of the Inhabitants.

"Having thus endeavoured, in obedience to the commands of the Grand Jury, to convey to your Lordship their Sentiments, though I fear very imperfectly, I now beg to report to the Court, their decision on the several cases of Indictment presented to their Consideration."

To this Address the Honorable the Reconner was pleased to reply in terms conveying his high sense of the gratifying expressions, which the Grand Jury had used towards him, and of the handsome manner in which they had been communicated

by their Foreman.

The Grand Jury then presented true Bills against some of the Prisoners mentioned in the Calendar, and having retired to consider the rest of the business before them, the Court proceeds of to the trial of Him, a Chinese, for Burglary, and Hussain, a Ma'ay, for breaking into a house in the day time, both of whom were found Guilsy.

[Gazette, Feb. 15.

## MARRIAGES, BIRTHS AND DEATHS,

ANNOUNCED SINCE OUR LAST PUBLICATION.

#### MARRIAGES.

FEBRUARY.

10. At Madras, at St. George's Church, Robert Carke, Bsq. of the Civil Service, to Henrietta Frances, Williams, the only Daughter of the late Robert Williams, R q.

10, 4t the same place, by the Vicar General of St. Thome, Henry De Fries, Esq.

to Miss De Vienne.

11. At the same place, at the Capuchine Church, Madri Dai by the Rev. Fra Joza Da Grassa, Bishop of St. Thome, Mr. Logrence Gonsalvez, to Miss Josephina Palsina Herry, the only Daughter of Mr. John Herry.

17. At Negapatam, Mr. Mollien, Freuch Agent at Curricaul, to Mis Ferron, widow

of the late Mr. Ferron.

At Penang, by the Rev. J. Henderson, 4. M. Roht. Ibberson, 8sq. of the Civil Service, and High Sheriff, to Mrs. Harriet Georgianna Hutchings Binnett, willow of the late William Beniett, 8sq. of the the Civil Establishment of that Is and

23 By the Rev. Mr Hotch, ings W. Roberts, Esq. to Mis. Doolar, winow of the late Lieutenant Doolan, of H. M.

24th Regiment

24 Av St. John's Cathedral, by the Rev Mr Butchings, Captain William George Grahim to Miss Bliga Sophia. Horn. Lately at Madras, at the new Romish Chapel of St. John, by the Rev. Parson Staque, Senhoro Joza Anthony Da Almeda, of Biazil, to Dona Maria Angelica Selina Do Castalo, of Spain.

#### MARCH.

3 At the Scotch Church, by the Rev. Dr Bryce, William Simpson, of Belliceuche, Esq. to Elizabeth, youngest Daughter of the Inte James Bryant, Esq.

10. At Purneal, by the Rev. Eather Julius Caesar, Viçar of Patna, Mr. William Nouey, the Son of Mr Anthony Nuney, an oldslyligo Planter in that district, to Miss Kmelia Thomas only Daugher of the late Mr. George Thomas, Indigo Planter of the same place.

13. At Cawnpore, Captain H. Carmichael Smyth, of the Bugineers, to Mis. Thackersy.

17. At the Cathedial, by the Rev J Parson, Mr W. R. Davies, of Scott and Davies' Academy, to Miss Matida Smart.

21 Mr. Charles Sivrac, Commander of the ship Eliza, to Mrs Arrabella Dwyer.

22 Mr James K ating, to Moss Mary Burnett.

Mr. William Milocr B. own, mariner, to Miss Hariet Ful-

28 Mr. Henry Palmer, to Miss Isabella Williamson.

#### BIRTHS.

#### JANUARY.

10. At Madras, at her Pather's House, Rdward Pelling, Baq Mrs. Aurora Tesbury, of a Daughter.

FEBRUARY.

7. At P. dicherry, the Lady of H. Chamier, Esq. of the H. C. Civil Service, of a Daughter.

Lade of R. S. Cahul, Baq. of

a Dinghter.

13. At Cawapore, Mrs. James Walters, of Daughter, being her tantee ith Child.

19 At Sumore, Tuhoat, the Lad, of Thomas Sherman,

Raq of a Danghter.

Mary Kelly, of a Daughter 20. the Lady of M jer

Puthfull, of Artillery, of a

Daughter.

22. 4. W Hej had, the Lads of Googe Bailto, Esq. Superintending Strogeon, Crune Division of the Army, of a Paughter.

#### MARCH.

1. At the house of her frther, Mr. s. Rowland Ma. B. Vanderb rg. of a Daughter.

4. M s. J. Milchell, of De

ga Funi. fa 5

The Lady out Henry Lewis Waite, of the 18.0 Regiment N. L. of M. de

Service, of a Daught .
9. The Lady of Beter Men

des, Req. of a Son-

The Lady of Captain P.

Phipps, of a Son.

M . H. Martindell, of a Daughter.

14 At Howrsh, Mrs P. Pos er, of a Son,

17. A. Misac ell di F. ctor, near Keshingur, Mrs 5 R 5, of a Son.

Mrs. R. F Or worf a Son. 21. Mrs. H ghes of a Son. 22. At Country he.

Lady et Win, Bustow, Eq. of a Sou.

27 The wife of Mr. L. Cooper, of a Son and Hen.

#### DEATHS.

FEBRUARY

6. At Gui de Cottage, Lieut.
Co. J ha Rdwards, of His
Miger significationnent.

7 At Madras, Mrs. Silvia Gree, after a long and painful filteres, which sie bore with Christian to t ude, leaving e.g. t. Daughters and fifter a young filteted Grend Daughters who most si citely feel and bewait the severe loss they have sustained by her

death.

8. A Prince of Wal s Island, Mr. To mus Jeffs, Deputy Commiss ty of Ord mance, Beng d Establishment, aged 44 years,

26 After much patient endinance and mary years seekness, the Luly of Thomas Ross Dent, Esq. a-rone of Calcutta

28. Anastasi is John, Req. a Greck Merchant; aged 55

3 08 4.

, so Madice, at the Gordon R use of Major Vaca Aguew, Deputy of the Lor Colored Lewis, of the Madias Light Cavalry.

Lately at Madras, Liver, Borthwick, of the 2d Rigiment Native Infantry, after a short illiess of three days. Licut. Buttawick's merits as an Officer are too well known in his successful attack on the predatory Bandiui, which lately infested the Northern Circars, to need any eulogium from our pen; but we may be permitted to add, that few have left this world more universally beloved and esteemed by the Officers of his Regiment, and the profession at large.

Lately at the same place, at Chinthom, at her Gardens, the Rose Bower, Mrs. Seminanns Johnson, aged 99 years, sincerely lamented by her twenty one Grand Children.

Action of the last of the last

Lately at the same place, at the Red Hills, Master Benjimine Balfore, aged 15 years and 2 months, much regretted by his family and friends.

1. Captain Augustus Henry, aged 75; late an Officer in the Marhatta Service.

2. Mrs. Hunter, wife of Mr. Hunter, Conductor of Ordnance.

14. Master Roderick.

18. Miss Mary Gillespie.

21. Mr. Henry Ware.

22. The infant Son of C. B. Eweler, Esq. aged 7 months and 5 days.

### CALCUTTA CURRENT VALUE OF GO-VERNMENT SECURITIES.

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1			Saturday, March 15, 1817.		1
	0	3	New 6 per Cents. Discount.	0	6
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# MARCH, 1817.—Thirty-one Days.

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## CALCUTTA MONTHLY JOURNAL,

FOR APRIL, 1817.

Vol. XXX.] CALCUTTA; APRIL 7, 1817. [No. 270.

# FROM THE GOVERNMENT GAZETTE, April 3, 1817.

#### CIVIL APPOINTMENTS.

#### JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT,

Merch 7, 1817.

Mr. CLAUD RUSSELL, Second Judge of the Provincial Court of Appeal and Court of Circuit for the Division of Benares.

Mr. George Oswald, Third Judge of ditto ditto.

#### Manch 28, 1817.

Mr. William Blunt, Fourth Judge of the Provincial Court of Appeal and Court of Circuit for the Division of Benares.

Mr. Walter Ewra, Superintendent of Police in the Divisions of Calcutta, Dacca, Moorshedabad and Patna.

#### TEBRITORIAL DEPARTMENT, MARCH' 28, 1817.

Mr. JAMES FRASER, Assistant to the Collector of Mymunsing. Mr. W. D. Kenn, 2d Assistant to the Collector of Government Customs and Town Duties at Calcutta.

MARCH 29, 1817.

Mr. EDWARD BARNETT, Commercial Resident at Rungpore.

## MILITARY.

GETERAL ORDERS, BY HIS FOCKLERCY THE RIGHT MONORARLE THE GOVERNG, GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM | MARCH 21, 1817.

The leave of absence grante to Lieutenant Frederick Perret of the 3d Regiment of Native Cavalry, in General Orders of the 21st January last, to proceed to Java, on urgent private affairs is to commence from the date of the sailing of the Honorable Company's Yacht Phanix, on which he has taken his passage.

2. The leave of abscirce granted in general Orders of the 14th ultimo, to Mr. Assistant Surgeon Compton, of the Pension Establishment, to make a voyage to Sea, for the benefit of his health, is to have effect from the date of the dispatch of the private Ship Frederick, on which he has taken his provide.

J. YOUNG,

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM, MARCH 28, 1817.

The Right Honorable the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following Promotions.

### Regiment of Artillered.

Ca tain Lieutenant John Rodber to be Captain of a Company from the 5th October 1816, vice Hay, deceased in Europe.

5. 1

Senior Lieutenant James Tennant to be Captain Lieuteuant from the same date, vice Rodber, promoted.

Senior Licutenant Fireworker John Rawlings to be Licute-

nant from the same date, vice Tennant, promoted.

Mr. Cadet Giles Emily to be Lieutenant Fire worker from the 24th March 1817, vice Rawlings, promoted.

#### Medical Department.

Senior Assistant Surgeon George Playfair to be full Surgeon, in the room of Mr Surgeon Ludlow, permitted to, continue in Medical Charge of the Dehly Residency, date of rank to be adjusted hereafter.

His Lordship in Council was pleased to appoint, in the Judicial Department, under date the 7th instant, Captain Tod of the 30th Regiment of Native Infantry, to superintend the construction of the Hospital for Insane persons already authorized to be erected at Moorshedabad, as well as the repairs and construction of other Civil buildings at that station, which may bereafter be authorized.

J. YOUNG,

Offg, Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT BONDR. ABLETHE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

#### FORT WILLIAM; Mencir 28, 1817.

Resolved; that the following Paragraphs of a General Letter from the Honorable the Court of Directors, in the Military Department, under date the 11th of October, 1816, he pub lished in General Orders.

Pars. 3. We have permitted Doctor Francis Buchman; Surgeon, and Lieutenant Colonel Samuel Wood of your Establishment, to retire from the service.

4. We have permitted Captain W. G. A Feilding, and Assistant Surgeon William Adamson of your Establishment, to return to their duty.

5. We have permitted Brevet Colonel and Lieutenant Colonel John Cuninghame of your Establishment, to remain in

England uptil the last ships of next season.

P. We have permitted Mr. Thomas Butter; and Mr. William Duff, to proceed to your Presidency to practice as Surgeons, and we direct that they do succeed as Assistant Surgeons. The ranks of these Gentlemen will be settled at a future period.

J. YOUNG,

Offg, Ser to Govt Mil. Dept. .

GENERAL, OUDERS, BY HIS EXCEPTENCY THE RIGHT HONOR-ABLE THE GOVEROR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

### FORT WILLIAM; MARCH 29, 1817.

The Right Honorable the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointment.

Mr. Conductor Sperrin to the dulies of the Di dinance De ort ment at Prince of Wales's Island, in the room of Mr. Co. ductor Morgan, who lately returned to Bengal on leave of absence from that Presidency.

Major Weston of the 20th Regiment of Native Infinity, having forwarded a Medical Certificate from the Cape of Good Hope, the leave of absence granted to him in General Orless of Government under date the 18th of April, 1816, is extended for six Months beyond the expiration of the period therein

specified.

J. YOUNG,

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNT

#### FORT WILLIAM; MARCH 31, 1817.

The Governor General in Council, adverting to the advanced period of the season, and to the importance of completing the survey of the boundary of the territories of the Honor oble Company and of the state of Napaul, with the least practicable delay, was pleased to appoint, in the Political Department, under date the 29th instant, Lieutenant J. P. Boileau, Commeding the Escort of the Boundary Resident at Catmandhoo, to the survey boundary on the Frontier of Tirhoot.

J. YOUNG.

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

General orders by the connendes hoat cutes.

Head Quarters, Calcula, 31st March

The Commander in Chief was much gratificilery until the ance and performance of the Regiment of Artis this module the Command of Colonel Hardwicke, at the Reviewere effected. The several movements and changes of position after in the with the requisite celerity and precision, while themation that battery was sustained with a vigor, activity and an at the commanding influence which the just direction of this poworld. It must always produce on the operations of the fit is personant was however in the more scientific parts of the morning comformance, that His Lordship found most ample room for specimendation; the curtain and mortar practice exhibited at Lordship has seldom if ever seen surpassed, and which this recent in connection with the effects they produced on a very cecasion of actual service, afforded His Lordship a very higher pre-

After the sentiments above expressed, it is almost such ficke fluous to add that His Lordship considers Colonel Hardw, and the Officers and men of Artillery stationed at Dum Dum, be entitled to his warm praise, for the attention which they have evidently paid to their important duties. Extra Batta to have served to the Regiment of Artillery on this occasion.

JA Gan. of the Army.

We are happy to say that the apprehension long entertained respecting the *Indus* has been dissipated. She arrived at St. Helena on the 12th of December—and the passengers from this place to the Cape, had proceeded thither from St. Helena.

446 Daba-

Yesterday the Lord Bishop of Calcutta delivered an excellent discourse at the Cathedral. The congregation was numerous, and a liberal collection was made for the usual charitable purposes.

An Oratorio will be performed at the Cathedral on Friday next; and a proportion of the expected proceeds will be appropriated for the support of the Free School. It appears from the public advertisements that many musical amateurs of the City have

promised to contribute to this laudable performance; and that the music will be conducted by the Organist of the Cathedral.

Our Commercial readers, will peruse with satisfaction a paragraph extracted from a Bomhav Journal, which notices the liberal conduct of Cap. tain Brynges of the Royal Navy, who, notwithstanding the decision at Bombay in the case of the Ernaud, declined selzing the Ship Alexander, a Vessel, which, it is stated, "was in every respect as " good a capture as the Ernaud." This conduct of Captain Brynges, in addition to an instance, already known to the public, must effectually relieve the Mercantile body on the other side of India, from the apprehensions said to have been there entertained; and here we believe, assurance was not required, except by those, who without having any real interests at stake, have endeavoured to persuade themselves. that Asia is a Plantation. We shall not be surprised to find some person, whose controversial talents, must not be allowed to remain long quiescent, endeavouring to prove that St. Helena is a Continent: because it is now the residence of an Emperor—or for some other reason, equally sagacious!

Major-General DONKIN was expected to leave Dethi on the 18th ultime, to take the command of the Meerut division of the Army.

Letters from Colonel Adam's Camp state that the Madras Troops, were to march from Hurdah towards Elichpoor, on the 11th instant. Intelligence had been received that a body of I indarees was expected to pass about forty inites to the South-westward of Hurdah; and in consequence Captain Caulfield with a squadron of the 5th Native Cavalry had been detached to look out for the Marauders. Should the Pindarees not be aware of this preparation for their interception, we expect that this enterprising Officer, will add to the fame which he has already so deservedly acquired.

It appears that the rolief of the Nagpore force. has been attended by great festivity. Four successive days of the last month were taken up in entertainments given by the Corps of the Bengal establishment; in which, the Const Troops are stated to have witnessed the splendid manifestations of Bengal hospitality "the style of which" after a long and fatiguoing march "was incredible." We hope that Colonel Walken and his gallant Comrades, will have shewn that the Coast Army of the present day, has improved in the Culinary Art; and that a Madras least, it not so splendid as a Bengal entertainment, can exhibit viands more substantial than, Mullagy Tahny.

Our latest Peshour Ukhbars are dated the 13th of February. The King and the Vizier were then at Peshour. Applications had been received from the Shirts at Moltan, Bhawolpore and Bhughr for immediate assistance in repelling the expected attack of the Seik Army. The King had given them assurances of immediate aid.

Accounts from Moltaun to the 2d ultimo, state that SIRFERAUZ KHAWN, in consequence of the advance of the Sciks, had retired from Teliah and Scraee Sudhoo. The Seiks had advanced to Bhawolpore and had commenced their usual system of plunder in the Countries subject to Moltaun. Nabob is represented to be in the greatest distress. He can neither provide the means of soothing RUNJEER SINGH nor pay his troops to fight with him. His applications, to which we have already al-Inded, have procured no assistance from Peshour ;and in this state of distress and distraction, he has appointed the brother of SIRFERAUZ KHAWN. to be Deputy to the Soobah of Multaun, and NEYMBEM KHAWN to be his Dewan. The former Dewan as been dismissed.

RUNJEET STRGH had dispatched a Vakeel to the Nabob SAADUK KHAWN to demand the like tribute which was prid last year;—and a body of troops to cooperate with the Army of the Singh, in levying con-

tributions on the States, which he intended to Plunder. SAADUK KHAN, desirous of avoiding measures which might ultimately embroil him with MAHMOOD SHAH, had sent Runjert all the money that could be collected, entreating that he might be permitted to preserve his neutrality: The father of SIRFERAUZ KHAN had lent his son Seventy Thousand Rupees, which had been remitted to RUNJEET SINGH; but notwithstanding this sacrifice to preserve the country, a body of three thousand Seiks, was actually encamped at Moltaun.

The Raolpundy Ukhbars state that a dispute had arisen between the Commandant of the Fort of Attok and the subjects of Ferroze Khan. The latter had been plundered of grain, which they endeavoured to reclaim, when a battle ensued. The troops of Attok were successful, whereupon the men of Ferroze Khan retired into the Fort of Khairabad, and thence commenced a cannonade on Attok, which was returned by the latter Fortress.

HOLKAR'S camp on the 19th of February was at Bhooja Gurrah. He solutions Army had extended its depredations ever all their Master's Country. Scindian and America Anawn had each written to assure the Bharn of their support, but nothing had been done to subdue the Mutiny. Gurook Khan at the head of the Metineers, had offered submission, if the Bhark would agree to pay the Army, half the sum in the Treasury; but no arrangement had taken place.

The Delhi I khbars mention that the lady of Jean Baptiste, has purchased the submission of the Fort of Seopoor, by paying 2.000 Rupees to the Garrison. This measure appears to have been resorted to by Mrs. Baptiste, after her husband's arguments had tailed. The place had been for some time beseiged.

The Afgans in the Service of AMEER KHAN were sitting in Dhurna: and the KHAN was not possessed of the means of satisfying his troops. They were still in the Jaypoor Territory.

#### SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

His Majesty's Ship Thais, from the Isle of France, arrived at Portamouth, on the 14th November.

His Maj and Brig Philomel, at Portsmouth, on the

The Potton and Ellergill, arrived at Deal, on the 15th November; and the Elizabeth and Mary, Anne, early in that month.

His Majesty's Ship Leda. Captain Sayer, from Trinco-malie, reached Postsmouth, on the 17th November.

The Indus. from this Port. arrived at St. Helena, on the 12th of December. The Passengers for the Cape, after remaining on the Island a short time, proceeded to that place.

The Auspicious, spoke the Lowjee Family, and the Ship Oxford, for Bombay, all well, Latitude, 39, 36., S. Lougistude 33, 30. E. The Sheeburne and Gene at Stewart for Carcutta were to leave England on the 22d November.

The Ganges. Falconer, left England on the 5th of No ember, with Mails for the Isle of France and Calcutta.

No ember, with Mails for the Isle of France and Calcutta.

Mis indicated the Million, by a Sain from Canton, which communicated the melancholy information, of the total destruction of the Honorable Company's Ship Fort William, by hire. We have not learnt the date of the occurrence; but understand that one half of her cargo was on board, and that

she expected to sail for England in a few days.

On Wednesday last, was launched from the yard of Mr. Smith, at Howrah, a Ship of the burthen of 450 tons. She was named the Hushmee, and is to be commanded by Captain Cowan.

The Action, Captain J. Mackay, is expected to sail for the Isle of France, in a day or two.

ARRIVALS. March 31. Auspicious, Neish, from London the 22d November.—Seaflower, Leigh, from St. Helens 1st and Cape of Good Hope the 27th January.

April 3. Caledonia, Gillies, from Grenock the 3d Novem-

DEPARTURES. March 31. Belizario, (Portuguese,)
Marcale, for Macao Marquis de Anjega; (ditta)

Santos, for Lisbon. -- Argonnut, (American,) Obear, for America — Frederick Williams, for Batavia. — Jes-cie, Williams, for the Isle of France.

April I. Pallers, (American,) Paddock, for Madras and Baltimore.

Do. 4. H. C. C. Teigam outh, G. Walker, for Bombay. Do. 5. Mercury, Graham, for the Isle of France.

# VESSELS REMAINING AT DIAMOND MARBOUR. Sir James Henry Craig and Roberts.

#### AT THE NEW ANCHORAGE.

H. M. Brig Lyra—Ships Devaynes—Don Joze Premeiro—Chundernagore—Carmo, and Hope.

BOMBAY. ARRIVALS. MARCH 3. Ship Juliana, Caotain D. Ogilvie, from Batavia 4th January.—4. Ship Brilliant, Captain B. Fenn, from London 20th Oct. and Capter of Good Hope 7th Jan.—5. H. C. Brig Guide, Captain T. Garnock, from Benihay 22d Dec. and Quilon 11th Jan. Pussengers: Thacker, and 20 Military Pensioners.

Departures. March 1. Brig Victoria, Captain M. Gonsalves, to Trincomallie.—1 Ship Murquis of Wellington, Captain J. Nicholls, to Calcutta.—6. Ship Mary Anne. Captain J. T. Anderson, for Goringa; Ship Juliana, Captain D. Ogilvie, for Calcutta.

# MADRAS!

TO THE EDITOR OF THE MADRAS COURIER, Dear Sir.

You will oblige me by inserting in your Paper the following paragraph:—

On Wednesday the 26th of Feb. as three young Gentlemen were shooting near Killanour, (Killanour is 10 miles from Pondicherry on the Tindevenum road), a villager informed them that a woman had been torn about two hours before by a Tiger, and said he would shew them the Jungle to which he had returned—they accordingly went with him. Several villagers followed with tom-toms; they were not long in finding the remains of the Woman's cloths with a basket and some grass which she had been gathering. The villagers soon roused him, in passing from one past of the Jungle to another, he caught one of them

and tore him very severely, the great noise made at the time, caused him to let go his hold and retire to a large bush on the hedge of a tank. The Gentlemen then surrounded the place. but not supposing he was there, from his being so quiet, one of them went to lock in, when he rose from the middle of a bush with a dreadful roar, leapt upon a villager, and threw him a considerable distancewhile in the act of leaping, he received a ball in his hinder quarters, which laid him on his back, but he still kept hold of the man; in this position, he got another in his shoulder which made him futious, the third Gentleman then run up and sent a charge of shot thro' him, a spear shacklest him to the ground, while the villagers (one or two, for the others had made the best use of their legs) th mped his head with large sticks, which soon put au end to his existence .- He was more than seven feet from his nose to the tip of his tail, to judge from the condition he was in, he must have made great depredations in this neighbourhood.

The man who was last caught, had his arm so very much shaltered, that Isam afraid he will never be able to use it, the animal having the greatest part of his arm with part of

his side in his mouth at the same time.

AN EYE-WITNESS.

## Tindevenum, 27th Feb. 1817.

The Heywood may be hourly expected, as she arrived at Point de Galle, on the 18th ultimo, no letters have been received from her.

The Ship Milford, from I onden, for Bombay, pass d Galle on the 20th ultimo. Passenger F. W. Russel, Esq.

Bengal Civil Service.

The P cket. Brig We lington. from England. and the Brig Packet. from Gibraltar, have arrived at Columbo.

The following Passengers have reached Ceylon by these

opportunities.

Major Vallence, Captain Owen, Lieut. Maclaine, and Ensign Ledwell, of IL M. 73d Regt. and Lieut. Downing, of 2d Ceylon Regt.

The French Transport, La Licorne, has arrived at Pon-

dicherry, and will shortly sail for Rochefort.

The H. C. Extra Ship Lady Campbell. Gapt. Marquis, anchored in the Roads from Calcutta and the Northern Ports, on Thursday morning.—She is completing her lading with all dispatch, and is expected to proceed to sea about Sunday next.

The Free Trader Java. which our readers will recollect. was blown out of these Roads on the night of the 25th of Oct. reached the Cape of Good Hope on the 22d of December, without having sustained any material accident. On the night above mentioned it was very stormy, and it appears that she was compelled to stand out to Sea in consequence of losing an auchor, and that after making several ineffectual attempts to regain her station, she was necessitated from adverse winds and the strength of the current to abandon the intention, and on the 5th of November she bore away for the Cape of Good Hope.

# BOMBAY.

Our brother Editor having reported the details connected with the capture of the Company's armed boat the Deriah Dowlut, we consider it to be our duty to promulgate information in respect to the mode said to be practised by the Joasmee Pirates in their attack of vessels, where depends solely in boarding; with the Best mode of effecting which they are acquainted, and for which purpose they approach the stern of vessels, and, if not opposed by guns in that quarter, and by boarding nets, they heard and over-power the vessel by numbers of men. The best precautious therefore which can be used by our Merchant vessels, are stern chasers loaded with grape shot, boarding pets, and musquetry, which, in addition to its own charge, should receive two or three pistol balls over the ball cartridge.

These mercifess freebooters, we understand, enquired with a savage anxiety, if there were any Europeans on board the Deriah Dowlut, whom they would immediately have massacred; and the manner in which they murdered the crew of that vessel, was by placing the necks of the unfortunate men, over the gunnel of their vessels, whom they required to repeat the leading verse of the Koraun, and as soon as they came to the part which differed from the tenets of the Wahabee sect, it was the signal fore xecution, and the head was instantly severed from the body. The mode of defence above suggested, would, we should hope, prove effectual in most instances of attack by the Joasmee Pirates.

Letters, from the Cruiph, mention that the condemnation of the Bruand had created a very consulerable

agitation among the Persian Merchants, who calculated on the stoppage of many Ships, expected from Bengal. We have however very great gratification in stating, that Captain Brydges, with that consideration which is due to our Merchants, when they are not intentionally and injuriously trading against the interest of their country, and with a spirit that becomes a protector of the fair Merchant, declined to stop the Alexander, who was in every respect as good a capture as the Ernaad; a conduct which had tended very considerably to relieve the fears of the Merschants in the Persian Gulph.

[Gazette, March 12.

Two vessels have arrived during the last week from the Gulph, but they have not added any thing to our stock of European intelligence. We hear that the Joasme's live nearly forty sail of pressels of one description or other cruising about the Gulph, alis Majesty's Ship Towey and the Ho''d' Company's Cruiser Tercury were to leave Muscat on the 2d Murch and would give convoy to the Volunteer of Calcuta bound to Bushire and Bussora. The Hon'ble Company's Cruiser Vessel would give The Washing and would sail on the 2d of 3d March. The Alexander was at Bushire on the 16th February and the Wilham Petrie at Bussorah, coming to this port. The Hon'ble Company's Cruiser Photis at Bushire.

Letters have been received from Persia, which mention that the Russian Embassy to the Court of Persia, was on it's way and was very numerously and splendidly attended. Letters from

Cabriz, dated 24th November 1816, mention that

"Mirza Abdul Hussen Khan, the Persian Ambaisador, arrived there the day before on his way to Tehrin, that he left the Russian General Germaloff at Tiffus, who was expected at Tibriz in February. His embassy, it is stated, will be extendely magnificent; a staff of forty five officers (most of high lik) with suitable attendants are to form part of it, a full bind of crusic, &c. The General is a most intelligent man and a great involve of the Emperor Alexander, having distinguished himself a several battles. General Germaloff commanded all the Russian artillery during the last campaign and is son to the favourite of his name."

We are afraid that our brother Editor must wait for information via England for any certain accounts respecting the outlet on the Niger; as far as our information goes we are induced there that there is no very creditable account respecting right and course of the valious livers that disembogue oscives on the castern coast of Africa. That the Niger if find its outlet on the castern coast, is one amongst the speculations that have been hazarded respecting this

celebrated river; and in the spring of the year 1811, Mr. Duncan, then Governor of Bombay, sent two Cruisers, the Ternate, Captain Smee, and the Sylph, Lieutenant Hardy, for the express purpose of endeavouring to ascertain, if any river existed there of a magnitude sufficient to render probable such speculation, and of procuring as much information as possible respecting it. We conceive that the author of the letter from Surat alludes to one of the rivers described by Capt. Since and Lieut. Hardy; we are not aware of any subsequent or better information than what those officers have conveyed, but if the author of the letter is in possession of any, we shall feel happy in being allowed to give it publicity.

From the descriptions given by Messrs. Since and Hardy, it appears that, between the latitudes of about 3° north and about 15° south on the east coast of Africa, upwards of twenty six rivers fall into the Indian ocean and some of them of considerable magnitude. These accounts were all however chiefly obtained from native traders and are consequently vague relations

on which little reliance can be placed.

The first river that is described is one called Duro or Du-awro which falls in to the porthward of Magadoxa and runs in the country in a serpentine direction about a month's journey, The river is small, only admitting of flat bottomed boats next river is one that falls in near Brava in N. I. To, it is large, full of shoals and dangers, and navigable only by boats two days' journey up. 'It extends however three months' journey up to a town called Gunana and beyond that further than any one knew. The third river described is called Govind, Juba and Foombo (also Rogues river by Captain Bissee) it is large, but the extent was not known to any one the officers met with; the mouth of it was situated in 13. S. Lat. Three days journey up is a large mussulman town called Sad The ancient city of Melinda is still to be seen at the entrance of a river of the same name, navigable by small vessels for three or four days' journey and by hoats for 23 days' journey: it has its source under-neath a large hill 25 days' journey in the interior Queliffe is the next river, in Lat. 3 26 S. abroad, clear stream, one quarter of a mile wide at it's month and having it's source 38 days' journey up. Then follows the river Mombas, giving it's name to the town situated on it's banks. It is said to extend direct into the interior one month and a half's journey. Two days tourney to the south of the last river is one called the Soom-ga-lans-ze, which runs up direct 15 days' journey. Six hours' journey to the southward of the Soomgalansze is the Whoseene, having it's source also about fifteen day's journey in the interior, and navigable up it's stream by boats for ? days. One day's sail south of Whoseene, or three days' journey by land, is the Tonger, extending also 150 days' journey into the interior, and having the same source as the Tongaster, which falls in about six hours' journey south of it, the mouth of each is about & a cable's length in breadth. The Pengarmee river, which extends in a serpentine form the Gazetco 30 days' journey

into the interior, falls in about 10 hours' journey south of the Torgarter in a rapid stream; beyond Gazetee this river becomes so thick with bushes and wood that it's source is unknown. Kessoumba river is 10 hours' journey or 15 miles south from Pengarme, there is a large town situated on it's south bank of the same name, it winds up 15 days' journey into the interior, it is about one eighth of a mile broad at it's entrance and is deep, navigable by hoats for 10 days up. Twenty miles south of it, or one day's journey, is the River Beneunnee, exfunding directuland for 10 days' journey and another ten day's in a serpentine direction. One day's journey from Beueninee is the river Sardan bearing about W. N. W. from Zanzibar, a large river, having it's source 30 days' journey up, at a place called Seccone; the stream is rapid and boats on that account can only navigate up for six days' journey, it is one eighth of a mile wide at it's mouth. Who thado is the name of a river 16 miles or ten and half hours' journey south of Surdah, it ex-tends ut for a journey of two months and aineteen days, but it's source cannot be traced from the thick woods and weeds that intest it. It's mouth bears nearly W & S. from Zanzibar and about seven days' journey up it's banks there is a branch from it called Zugo, which empties itself into the sea about 12 -willes to the southward of it, and further southward still is another branch from the Zugo called Whindo, and about & a point South of the branch Whindo is the river Mutch-er-fi-ne extending inland 95 days is money in a serpentine form and navig-able for boats four days up. The next is the river Luffee, it's mouth situated in about S. Lat. 6'. 30 and Lieutenant Hardy. from the best information he could collect, supposed that this might possibly he the one giving vent to the waters of the Niger. it is said to run II days journey inland in a serpentine direction and three months and 15 days' further direct inlind in a north westerly direction; it runs up to a lake in which there is a high rocky hill-called Zn war-hah, the lake is nearly a days' journey round, and from it issues mother branch of the river tending to the westward about two months' journey, and afterwards in a more southerly direction, but the informant had not heard that it extended so far as the western coast of Africa. The Luffe overflows the country during the rainy months, (April, May and June ! It is navigable for hoats 25 days' journey inland, but afterwards the stream becomes so rapid that no boats can stem it. The river is said to be only one eighth of a mile broad at it's mouth and its greatest breadth in any part is three miles; numerous towns are situated along it's hanks, subabited by various tribes. The western branch of this river or rather the river flowing westward from the lake. It called Condoher, and it is said to be four or five month's journey to it's source (Query, mouth) One mouth's journey from the hill or lake, there is town on it'sbanks colled Mar-ro-rer, and another called Suggest about two months' distance from the hill; the tribes inhibiting this westers branch are called Condo-hee. About 28 days journey from the hill there was also a

place called Wan-ga-rah, apparently an island, from the man's description of it, formed by two channels of the fiver. One of Lieutenaut Hardy's informers, an old man and a native of that country, recollected that about 20 years before, there was a white man travelling along or near this river, and it was from these circumstances that it was conjectured this river was that which gave vent to the waters of the Niger.

About three days' journey from Luffee are the small rivers Mu-garrah and Mut cherleuee, eight hours' journey from Mungarrah is another small river Mesasannee, and one days' journey further is Buioa-mar-jee, these rivers only extend a few d ys into the interior.

Shingebana is a river two days' journey south of Biromarjee, and winding up a nonth's journey, to a place called Minnagautwar. The stream is rapid, but canoes can go up ten days' journey. One days' journey from Shingalance, is the river Kasemeter, one eighth of a mile broad at it's entrance and baving it's source inland about 20 days' journey. San ga is about 1½ day's journey from Kasemeter, it is two miles broad at it's mouth, is navigable by boats for 15 day's journey and extends in a serpentine form 27 days' journey up the country. Piteen days' journey south of Sanega is the river Mutfando, which has it's source at a place called Dingeeron 20 days' journey inland. One day's journey from Muttando the river Tangueira empties itself by a mouth which is two miles'wide, and on the backs of which is situated a town of the same name; the source of this extens 20 days' journey inland at a place called Matoonaba. The last river mentioned in the account is Ne ars-ser, situated 16 days' journey southward of Tangueira, disemboguing itself at a place called Ming-gore, where there is a harbour and town of the same name. This river is said to extend itself to the opposite coast, and althor

<sup>\*</sup> Mr Pinkerton in vol 3 of his modern history, in speaking of the accounts of Africa as given by Ptolemy and the Arabian authors, says. " His (Ptolemy's) Panagra, between the Ger and the Niger, may be the Wangara of the Araby" And further on, "it will appear, from an accurate examination of Adiisi, that while his Nile of the Negroes, which be says anns to the W. has been mistaken for the Niger, he really knows nothing of that river, and his Nile of the Negroes is the Gir of Ptolemy, terminating in an inland lake, in which was the island of Util, one days' sail from the mouth of the river; and in which island another Arabian geographer places the capital city of all Soud in Beyond this lake and island, Edrissi appears to have had no knowledge of central Afrua, all the regions and towns he mentions seem to belong to the Gir, his Nile of N groces, running to the N W and from his account it would appear that Wangara is the Delta of the Gir.

narrow at it's mouth, becomes two days' sail for a boat across it in most parts higher up; there is a very high swell and generally strong wind blowing down it particularly in April, May and June Forty-live days' journey up this river, the black mountains commence, and they are said to be in the form of a Pyramid and very distant from each other, only one is reported to be very high. There are two islands in this river not har above it's entrance, and it abounds in Hippopotaniuses and Allig itors, as do indeed all the large rivers on this side of Africa. The mud or said at the bottom is red and the witer is also said to be red. The entrance is described to be close to the island of Mozambique

The original account, so far as relates to the internal navigation of the rivers, from which we have extracted the foregoing, was founded on information given by three different people, traders on the African coast, and was put down, at the time, as he received it, without alteration or addition by Lt Hardy. It rest therefore solely on the credit due to them, and we think our readers will agree with us that very considerable doubts must be entertained of the accuracy of their report, waen they are informed, that in mentioning the animals of the country, these people state that "there are black Snakes up in the man or described to be 15 and 16 fathoms long, about 40 feet circumference, have long heads and large teeth about 1 foot long, and when they seize their prey creet themselves right up and dart on the head of it. That they eat men, women and children, cattle of all descriptions and wild beasts of any kind. There are a larger kind, all black snakes, and they are said to swallow their prey whole, and that afterwards they entwine themselves round a large tree and break the bones of the large animals they have swallowed, they are also said to entwine them elves round small villages, when they smash the whole and eat the inhabitants and cattle!

The French settlement of Malee was restored to the French authorities on the 23d of last month.

#### CALCUTTA MONTHLY JOURNAL.

Vol. XXX.] CALCUTTA; APRIL 14, 1817. [No. 279.

## FROM THE GOVERNMENT GAZETTE, April 10, 1817.

## MILITARY.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS DECELLENCY THE RIGHT HONOR-ARLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

#### FORT WILLIAM: APRIL 5, 1817.

Lieutenant H. Dwyer of His Majesty's 22d Light Dragoons, is appointed an Extra Aid-de-Camp to His Excellency the Right Honorable the Governor General and Commander in Chief, from the 17th March last, being the day of Lieutenant Dwyer's landing at Fort St. George, on his return from Europe.

J. YOUNG.

Offg. Sec. to Govt Mil. Dent

GENERAL ORDIRS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT HONOR-ABLE THE GOVERNOR GENERALIN COUNCIL.

#### FORT WILLIAM; APRIL 5, 1817.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Captain W. H. R siney of the 4th Regiment of Native Cavilry, to the temporary charge of the Body Guard, during the absence of Captain Gall.

Mr. Thomas Butter, having produced a Counterpart Covenant of his appointment as an Assistant Surgeon on this Establishment, dated 4th September 1816, is admitted to the service accordingly.

Captain Orrok of the 17th Regiment of Native Infantry, having forwarded a Medical Certificate from the Cape of Good Hope, is permitted to proceed thence to Europe on Furlough, on account of his health.

Cornet Stedman of the 7th Regiment of Native Cavalry, having forwarded a Medical Certificate from the Cape of Good Hope, the leave of absence granted to him, is extended for six months from the 22d January last.

A further extension of two months leave of absence is granted to Lieutenant Earle of the 1st Battalion 8th Regiment of Native Infantry, beyond the time specified in General Orders of Government, under date the 15th November 1816.

The leave of absence granted by General Orders of the 31st January last, to Cornet Mactier of the 4th Regiment of Native Cavalry, to proceed to sea for the benefit of his health, is cancelled at the request of that Officer.

' J. YOUNG, Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept. GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS FREELLEVEY THE RIGHT HOYOR ABLE THE GOVERNOR GEVERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; APRIL 5, 1817.

His Excellency the Right Honorable the Governor General in Council is pleased to justificate the appointment of a Provost Serjeant with the Nagpore-Significant Force, on the usual allowances attached to that situation.

J YOUNG,

Offg. Sec. to Govt Mil Dept

The Kedgeree report of Saturday announces the arrival of the Rug Monritus Packet, from Madras the 26th ultimo;—and the Shaw Allion from Alepee the 17th, and Columbo the 20th ultimo. The H. C. S. Ernaad and the Resource arrived on Saturday off Calcutta.

On Saturday last the Asiatic Society hold a meeting at which the Right Honorable the President was in the Chair, and the Members present were numerous. A paper was read from Lieutenant Boileau, descriptive of a great variety of Images collected at Nepaul, and presented to the Museum. Another letter was read from Lieutenant TAYLOR. containing an account of a curious Stone Collin, onclosing a disjointed skeleton, which was discovered near Busheer. The Coffin has also been sent to the Museum. A communication from Captain WEBB, was also read, containing many particulars of his survey of some of the Urmalagu Mountains. A letter from the Secretary of the Royal Secrety of Science, at Copenhagen, accompanied by a present of their transactions and charts, was communicated: and another letter was read from the Secretary of a Interary Society established at Penang, offering and requesting a correspondence between the two Mr. Sipport of Bencoolen; and another Gentleman whose name we cannot ascertain, were elected Members. Professor PLAYFAIR of Edinburgh was proposed by the Right Honorable the President to become an honorary member; and Captain BASIL HALL, R N. Messes. YELD, J. ROBINSOS and CALDEB were respectively proposed by Dr. WALLICH to become Members of the Society.

A considerable number of curiosities were presented to the Museum, which we understand is exceedingly progressive, and promises to exceed the most sanguine expectations: and under the superintendance of 'r. Wallich, whose zeal cannot be surpassed, and whose science is only exceeded by his zeal, we may hope that the museum will ultimately rival similar collections in Europe.

On Thursday last the sittings of the Supreme Court terminated: and the Sessions were opened pursuant to adjournment—whereupon the Court pronounced Judgement against two Natives, convicted during the last Session of Conspiracy. Another Native Prisoner, against whom no Bill had been found, in consequence of a witness having absconded, was discharged by Proclamation. The Sessions were then adjourned until Monday the 21st instant.

Letters from Cawnpore mention that the force at Kytah, commanded by Colonel D'AUVERGNE, was under orders to march at the shortest notice; and a small detachment had actually moved towards Chatterpoor. The irregular horse under Captain Roberts, have been ordered to Bundlecund. The hot winds had already set in at Cawnpore.

The expectations which we expressed in our last publication, respecting the body of Pindarries, in quest of which Capt. Caulfield had been detached, have been fully realized. That gallant officer, having received information of the position near Hindiah, in which the Marauders were encamped under the command of Shaik Dollah, proceeded to the spot with two Companies of the 10th Regiment of Native Infantry, and a Squadron of Native Cavalry. The approach of Captain Caulfield's little party, was not perceived, until it was in the midst of the Plundering force: which being too much alarmed to attempt resistance, plunged into the Nerbudda, and endeavoured to cross that river. Many were drowned and several cut to pieces;

and it is supposed that SHAIK DOLEAH lost his life on the occasion. The repeated chastisements which the Pindarries have lately experienced, has we trust so thinned their numbers, that they will not hereafter venture to pursue their abominable system of devastation: in all events, the successes of our brave troops, must have impressed the surviving Pindarree Chiefs with a due sense of what they may expect,—and has in a great degree relieved the provinces of the British Government and its Allies, from the terror which these marauders had occasioned by their attrocities.

Since writing the foregoing, we have been favored wit' the following extract of a letter dated the 25th of March.

"Captain CAULFIELD left us with a Squadron a few days ago, and while posted at a place called Charwar, heard of the approach of Shaik Dulloo, within six coss of him, with about 100 of the best class of Pindarees.—He instantly dash'd at them, and drove them all the way to Hindeah Ghaut, a distance of 35 miles,—there the Shaik found a party of Infantry, and forthwith turned round, but, being immediately met by Captain Caulfield's Force, thought the river the least evil of the two, and so attempted it—the result is known."

The Ukhbars of the week are totally destitute of intelligence of any unportance. Mahomed Shah and his Vizier on the 1st ultimo continued at Peshour, but the former was preparing to proceed to Ahmed Shahé. Two Hurkarus had passed through Raolpundy, charged with dispatches from Runjeet Singhto the Vizier Futteh Ally Khan. Runjeet was at Lahore, but his Dewan Bhowanee Doss on the 12th of March, was encamped at Kote Kumaliah and the Seik army at Sirdarpore. Sirferauz Khan was at Moltaun, but had not been able to conclude any amigable arrangement with Runjeet's Dewan.

Holkan's Head-Quarters on the 26th of February was at Bhoojah Gurlah: and his mutinous army

under Guffoor Khawn were at Bhauporah, subsisting by plunder. Nothing is said about the promised efforts of Schullah and Ameer Khawn to reduce the mutineers to obedience.

According to the Delhi Ukhbars the Chieftains of the Jaypoor Rajah have been carrying on offensive warfare. Ashruf Khan and Gunish Narrain, after plundering Hindoon, took prisoner the confidential agent of Mohtaub Khan; and on their return with their booty, being intercepted, gave battle to Mohtaub Khan and defeated him with considerable loss. And Khan was encamped within twelve coss of Jaypoor.

We republish from the last Government Gazette the following account of a disturbance that recently occurred at Cuttack, in which the life of Lieutenant Faris has been lost to his country. We have not received any further information respecting this insurrection: and therefore presume it has been suppressed:—

"Guttack, 30th March, 1817

"On the 20th ultimo, intelligence was received here that a body of insurgents from Goomsur had entered the district of Khoordah, where they were joined by all the Pikes and Dullbearahs in that quarter; they burned the town of Khoordah, drove away the Darogah and Tehsildar, helped themselves to the public treasure, said to be about 15,000 rupees; killed one Burkundaus, carried off another, and destroyed several

villages in the neighbourhood

"A letter from Jaggernaut states their number to be about 1200; they are daily increasing, and their avowed object is to expel the public Officers from the Rajah's state. Their Chief is a man of the name of Jughundoo, who was formerly the sirdar of the Pikes, and the other-leaders are Reedcadhur and Bhomunbur Roy; some reports state their numbers to be about 5000, and the whole districts is in a state of alarm and dismay. Yesterday afternoon Colonel O'Halloran sent off two detachments, one to Khoordah, consisting of 115 men, under Lieutenant Prideaux, and the other about 140, to Jaggernaut, under Captain Wallington, to move wherever the insurgents may be, and to chastise them, which by forced marches it is expected they will be able to accomplish."

The immediate cause of this disturbance appears to have been the irruption of a party of Marauders, supposed from the Mahratta frontier, which had entered the Cuttack district, through Groomsir, and being joined by a multitude of vagabonds.

from the purgannah of Khoordah, the insurrection soon assumgd in all ming character. The town of Khoordah having been taken by them, the gathering rabble, armed with spears, and matchlocks, proceeded to Piply, situated und-way between the town of Cuttick and Jagernath, with the view of cutting off the communication between those places, and particularly of securing the person of the Rajah of Khoordah, who is the High Project of the tempte, and heriditary sweeper to the great Idol. Having got possession of Piply a party of them was despatched to Jaggernath, where the Rajan resides, but in the mean time Capt. Wallington with the detachniest under his command had arrived there, and post d in neaf in the town, to trust to the object of the usurgents. Letters have been reters a of the 5th instant, but no rencontre had I ken place between them at that period. We regret to observe that an offi-. r. Lieuten int Fairs, in charge of a reinforce nent of troops, had been kinled in attempting to cut his way through the rebel party A desichment of the Body Guard, and clarge re-inforcen ent of infinity, are said to be under orders to proceed to Cuttack inanchiatety.

### Sampling intelligence.

ARRIVALS. April 9. Commodore Hoges, Pells, from Bombay the 17th F brusty, and Ceylon 25th March.—Cutter Mermaid. Chicae, from the Isle of France 9th February, Point a Gaile 23d March, and Madias the 1st April.

Do. 10. H. C. Ship Ernaud. Jones, from Bombay 13th Remary, and Mangalore 20th dicto.—Resource, Jordan, from Bombay 28th December, and Point de Galle 20th F bruny.—Brig Jane. Dyer, from Aleppee the 18th

Lebruary and Point de Galie 17th March.

Do. 13 Venzenty. (Portuguese) Rimonde, from Macao

tue 10th February

Do. 14. Brig Mauritius Packet, Current, from Madras the 20th Mirch - Shih Allum, Wodsworth, from Aleppee 17th and Columbo 20th March.

DEPARTURES. April 7 Elizabeth, Aster, for London. Do. 8. S. Mignac, (Portuguese) Lopes, for Macao. — Endravour, (Araerican) Bryant, for Salem.—Acteon, Mackay, for the Mauritius.

D. 9. Woodman. Bear, for Liverpool.

Passengers per Commodore Hayes: Mrs. Kharly Mrs. Carey and Chird; Lieutenant Morgan, and Corner Kharly, Madras Est. Lieutenant Ritghte, Navy Officer, Senhor Francis. Cat: olic Bishop.

Per Mermana: Captain G. Greig, late Commander of

the Ship Mac circs.

### BOMBAY.

ARRIVALS. March 12. Ship Facet Kurim, Captair J. F. Longlands, from Bussovah; Arrived Boat Figilant, Syrang Doss Mahomed, from Surat.

DEPARTURE. Murch 17. Armed Boat Vigilant, Syrang Doss Mahomed, to Surat.

## MADRAS.

Letters containing an account of the progress of the Larkins, to the 22d of November, trave reached the Presidency of that date they were non-the Cape, and expected to be round in two days; they had experienced squally weather and latterly gales, but were all will. It would appear from accounts which have reached Catcutta, that the Larkins and fourhed at the Cape.

At the direct our latest accounts from England, it was not known who was to be appointed to the juntor Puisne Judgeship vacant on this Bench.

A Correspondent has favored us with the following piece of information which will be interesting to many or our Mintery Readers, and to winch we have much satisfaction in giving publicity.

" Charles Street, 1. IF estminerer, I andon,

22d October, 1816

" SIR.

"Two Dividends have been already issued both for the Isla of France and the Isla of Java, the particulars of which I annex, both Payments of the Isla of France, have been pind over to Chelsea Hospital,—The first Dividend for Java has also been paid over to that institution, but the 2d Dividend will not for some fine to come, as the period allowed by act of Parliament to the general distributing Agent for issuing the money, has not yet expired.

"No distribution has intherto taken place for Bourbon, vet "I am hopeful that a Dividend will soon be issued and in softi"cient time to send you a Statement thereof, along with those "for France and Java."

(Signed) JOHN CAMPBELL.

### ISLE OF FRANCE

1st Dividend.			• 2d Bividend		
		Commander in Chief	₹243)	17	b
4094 12	ų,	Gendrat Officers,	. 1416	18	4
		Field Officer-,			
		Ciptains,			
		Subulterns,		J	118
		Serjeunts		Ju	i <u>i</u>
4, 13	Ü	Crobs. Drumry & Pries	U	18	4

#### ISLE OF JAVA.

1st Dividend.		2d Div	ide	ad
£21,513 6 0	Commander in Chief.	£14,248	16	8
10.756 19 0	General Officers	7,124	•	1
2.204 11 1	Field Officets	1,494	19	
	Captains,			
124 2 Q	Subalterns,	77		
89 17 6	Serjeants	58	7	
	Corpla Drumis & Privi	. 5	3	

But all the above terms are liable to deductions for Agency and Expences.

(Signed) G. B. ROSE.

[Courier, March 18,

Yesterday being the auniversary of St. Andrew, a grand Dinner was given by the Highland Society of Madras, in honor of the day.

Yesterday being the first day of Term, Mr. Stavely and Mr. Byrne, took the usual oaths and were admitted Barristers in the Supreme Court of Judicature at this Presidency.

A Salute of 19 Guns from the Garrison of Fort St. George, announced on Saturday last, the arrival of Major General Browne, Commanding the Centre Division of the Army.

His Majesty's 80th Regiment of Foot, commanded by Colonel Sturt, embarked on Thursday morning on board the Transport, Lucy Maria, Captain Barclay for England. This Ship is expected to sail in the course of the evening for her destination.

Passenger proceeding to England on board the H. C. Ship Lady Campbell.

### Lieutenant Fireworker Benn, Artillery.

Private Ship Lucy Maria,—Captain T. Ramsey, H. M. 89th Regiment, Lieutenant L. Maclune, H. M. Royal Scots, Lieutenaut W. H. Hamilton, H. M. 31th Regiment—Children: Miss Femmy Balmain, Masters Robert Dashwood, E. B. Gordon and J. M. Gordon.

An after Packet to be forwarded by the Honorable Company's extra ship Lady Campbell, Captain Marquis, remains open at the General Post Office.

On Wednesday Evoning, in consequence of the Horses in a Curricle taking fright and running taway, from the drive on the Beach, Lieutenant Barnard of His Majesty's 86th Regiment, had the misfortune to break his leg. Immediate assistance having been procured, we are happy to add, that Mr. Bernard is in a fair way of recovery.

### CALCUTTA MONTHLY JOURNAL.

Vol. XXX.] CALCUTTA; April 21, 1817. [No. 270.

### FROM THE GOVERNMENT GAZETTE,

APRIL 17, 1817.

## CIVIL APPOINTMENTS.

### FORT WILLIAM.

Public Department ; April 19, 1817.

Mr. EDWARD MAJORIBANKS, Commercial Resident at Santi-

### MILITARY.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; APRIL 5, 1817.

His Excellency the Right Honorable the Governor General in Council is pleased to fix the Monthly Allowance to be drawn by the Commanding Officer of the Dromedary Corps, for Stationary and the repair of the Arms and Accountements of that Corps at 120 St. Rs. out of which sum of the Commanding Officer is to defray every expence of Artificers, &c.

2 The Establishment of Artificers authorized for the Dromedary Corps, on General Orders of the 24th of November, 1-15, is accordingly to be discontinued from the 1st proximo, from which date the foregoing Monthly Allowance is authorized

to he drawn.

J. An Allowance for keeping in repair the Saddles and Furniture of the Dromedary Corps, will be hereafter fixed and notified in General Orders, until which time the Officer Commanding that Corps is to charge the actual expense of keeping those articles in repair, in Mouthly Contingent Bills.

4. His Excellency the Right Honorable the Governor General in Council directs, that the feeding of the Camels attached to the Dromedary Corps, and the supplying themswith Mussalahs, Medicines, &c., shall be transferred to the Commissariat Department, from the 1st Proximo, from which date all allowances or Establishments, at present drawn by the Commanding Officer to the purposes, are to cease.

. J. YOUNG,

CENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

### FORT WILLIAM : APRIL 5, 1817.

His Excellency the Right Honorable the Governor General in Council is pleased to authorize the following monthly Salaries and Establishments to be drawn by the undermentioned Staff Officers attached to the Nagpore Subsidiary Force, in addition to the full Field Allowances of their respective Registrated ranks: viz.

1. Assistant Adjutant General,	
Staff Salary, Sonat Rs.	400
For Writers and Stationery,	100
Office Tent,	40
Caudles, Wax, Tape, &c	<b>SO</b>
Horse Allowance,	60
•	

Total, St. Rs. 650

2. Deputy Assistant-Quarter Master General to draw the Allowances to which he is 'entitled by his station in the Quarter Master General's Department, under General Orders 1st January 1817.

3. Cantonment Staff and Quarter Master's Staff Salary (including Establishments, Stationery and all Contingencies.) St

Rs. 275.

4. Commissary of Stores, the Staff Salary of a Commissary of Ordnance, with an Allowance of 200 St. Rs. for Writers and Stationery and Office Contingencies.

5. Secretary and Persian Interprete	Interpreter.	
Staff Salary, St. Rs.	300	
For a Moonshee,	40	
·' —		
	. 340	

6. Deputy Paymaster to draw the personal Salary, &c. of a Deputy Paymaster and the following Office Establishment.

1 Head Sarkar, Sa. Rs.	100
2 Sarkars, at 20 each,	40
2 Bengally Writers, at 20 each, -	40
1 Cash Reeper,	50
2 Shroffs, at 15 cach,	30
2 Native Writers, at 50 each,	100
1 Ditto ditto,	40
For Thread, Wax Cloth, Cooly and Hackery Hire, Treasure Chest, Candies, Duffrles and every other incidental charge of Office. except Stationery.	150

Or Sonat Rapeds 574 19 4
Add Office Rent (in lieu of Regimental Tentage,)
90

Sonat Rupees 664 12 4

7. Deputy Post Master,
Staff Salary,
Writers, Stationery and Contingencies,
40

St. Rs. 240

8. Superintending Surgeon, as a Superintending Surgeon in the Field.

9. Medical Store Keepers, Staff St. Rs. 200

J. YOUNG,

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

The mercantile accounts received from Port Louis, by the Hercules, are gloomy and unpromising. The Market was glutted with goods of all descriptions, particularly with the produce of this Country: and from the non-arrival of several Vessels, whose names will be found in our Shipping list, considerable apprehensions are entertained for their safety. A severe Hurricane had been experienced on the 12th of February at the Island, which had injuced several vessels in the harbour of Port Louis. Further particulars one this head will be seen in the nautical article.

It is said that the devotee who performed the diabolical ceremony of swinging, in the Mullunga division of Calcutta, during the last Churruck Pooja, fell from the hook by which he was suspended, pitched upon his head—and expired on the spot!

of the Union, Captain BARKER, on the Island of Engano; and stated that a vessel had been dispatched from Bencoolen, to endeavour to remove from that inhospitable spot, the unfortunate persons who had survived the wreck. It appears that the Ship Good Hope had returned to Fort Marlborough,

on the 20th of February, with thirty of the crew of the Union, who were all that had outlived the inhuman treatment of the Islanders, Captain BAR-KER, it was ascertained, had been ordered by the person, to whom he had been allotted as a captive, to ascend a lofty cocoa-nut tree, in order to bring down toddy; and having fallen from the top of the tree, and sustained so much injury, that he was untit for further labour, he was sewn up in a mat, and thrown into the woods, where he had perished about ten days before the arrival of the Good Hope at the Islands! One officer had died before the escape of the three persons, from whom the particulars of the wreck bad been ascertained; -and another had been speared, while in the act of drinking toddy; for which act of cruelty, no cause had been assigned. The European Gunner had been killed on the day he had landed from the wreck, for having resisted an aftempt to strip him, but no intelligence could be obtained of the fate of a third Officer or of the Captain's Clerk. We regret exceedingly that the names of the unfortunate persons who are missing have not been furnished; for their fate will excite auxiety in the minds of many who have relatives in the Country Service, and who may not be apprised of the Vessels to which they belong.

The natives of Engano are described to be but little, if at all removed from a state of savage nature: and of their brutality, the fate of Capt. BARKER and his Officers affords a most metancholy proof. We are glad to find that a chart of the Island is likely to be made public for the henefit of future navigators; and we sincerely hope that some means will be adopted to tame and civilize these inhuman barbarians.

The 4th Regiment of Native Cavalry are to proceed from Keitah to Pertaubghur when relieved by the corps of linegular Horse under Captain Roserts.

سخلتو الا يعمدن

Ukhbars from Holka 's head-quarters dated at Bhogagurry the 6th ultimo tate, that AMERA Khawa had solemnly protested that he had not directly or indirectly instigated the late revolt of Guffor Khawn and the army; and that to prove his sincerity, he Ameer Khawn had resolved to murder the rehel, the first opportunity. It does not appear what accusation had led to this declaration of the Khawn's innocence, but the Bharr had declared that she was perfectly convinced of his integrity, and that her principal confidence was reposed in him; especially as she had been entrusted to his care and protection by the late Harra.

RUNJEET SINGH continued at Lahore on the 24th of February. He had received reports from Dyal of their progress to Sirdaurpore and Rungpore; and had transmitted positive orders that if the Nahob of Moltan did not immediately pay his tribute, the whole Country should be laid waste.

The Delhi Ukhbars state, that ASHRUF KHAWN was incamped at Muhwu, and that he had been joined by about two hundred and fifty of DYARAM'S Cavalry who had escaped from Hatrass. ASHRUF had enlisted them, and promised them a share in the plundor which he contemplated—where, is not stated. The Jaypoor Ministers have distributed some money to the troops, and JUMSHED KHAWN had divided his forces and posted them in four seperate places, in which they might more easily obtain subsistence. They were dispatched to Shahpore, Gobend Gurrah, Rum Gurrah and Thana Beem. The Ukhbars of the week contain no other intelligence worthy of being noticed.

From the last Government Gazette we transcribe the following account of the proceedings of the insurgents in Cuttack, to whose acts of violence we alluded in our last publication. We have not received any information of what has happened in that quarter, subsequently to the period referred to in the following article; but we presume, that the efficient force which has proceeded under Captain La

FEVER against the rioters, and the troops moving to his support, will before long reduce the insurgents to obedience and restore tranquility:—

"We are happy to learn that the insurgents in Cuttack had abandoned their intention of proceeding to Jaggernaut to secure the person of the Rajah; for although no apprehension could he entertained regarding the issue of their operations, a rencontre might have been the occasion of much bloodshed. They had however been surprizingly active in obstructing the passes, by a sort of stockade, in the wooded and hilly part of the district in which they had assembled, and the detachments that had been sent out to check their progress found great difficults in their attempts to reach them, and were obliged to return for want of supplies,-those that were sent after them, togetherwith the tents and baggage having been cut off by the enemy. It was in an effort to forage with a small party for the detachment under Lieut. Prideaux in a village, not supposed to be in the occupation of the insurgents, that Lieut. Paris met with his lamented fate. He, and a Soubadar, at the head of about 56. men are said to have been shot by some, rebels who were skulking behind a walt. The body of the unfortunate officer was instantly placed in his palankeen, but while the hearers were carrying it off, one of them was killed, and the remainder, unable to proceed, fled from the scene of action. The village, where this unhappy circumstance occurred, is called Gongparah, and is about a koss from Khoordah. As the party retreated from the jungle they fired two vollies upon the rioters, by which several were killed and wounded,

" Lieut Prideaux, having no grain, retired upon Piply and arrived there in the night, after fighting the whole day, and having in his progress forced eleven stockades. The Magistrate, anxious to inquire into the cause of the revolt; had taken an escort of 64 men, but hearing that Lieutenapt Prideaux had gone to Piply, Lieut. Travis, the officer in command, forced his way to Balcattee, killing and wounding several of the insurgents, who attempted to obstruct his march. On hearing of the retreat of Lieutenant Prideaux, Colonel O'Holloran sent the first Battalion of the 18th Regiment; with guns, under Captain Le Fevre, who proceeded to Umrough, where he remained two days, but unable to procure the necessary surplies he was obliged to return, and encamped on the west bank of the river Cotjurah. Our letters of the 10th state, that with great exertion and activity grain sufficiently for fifteen days and three hundred bullocks, had been collected, and that Captain Le Fevre advanced on Khoordah that day. Jugbundoo appears to retain the command of the rehels, and continues sending parties from Khoordah in different directions to plunder the houses of the Daroghas and Tehsildars. They had burnt and destroyed the greater part of Piply, and then retired within the Purguanah, which is said to be in universal agitation and revolt. Their wanton and barbarous circlifes happile promise to be of ahort duration, for the moment that a regular force enters Khoordah

we trust that the bond of union, which at present holds them together, will fall to pieces, and the ring-leaders of the disturbance be secured. The only thing likely to delay the restoration of tranquility is—the insurgents may fly to the inaccessible parts of the purgunnah, and amidst jungle and under wood elude for a time the activity of the troops. The confederates from Goomsur and the Mahratta frontier are still at Khoordah.

"We understand that five companies of the 11th Regiment have marched from Midnapore, where the detachment of the Body Guard will remain to wait the orders of Colonel O'Halloran. Five companies of the 30th have also proceeded from

Barrackpore."

### SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

Letters have been received by the Hercules, from the Isle of France of the 26th February. They contain intelligence of a severe gale of wind, or rather hurricane, which had occurred about the 12th, and done very considerable damage to several vessels. The Hayst n, Captain Cox, of Calcutta, had left Port Louis two days before the gale came on, to which place she returned on the 20th, having sustained the most material damage to her masts and rigging. We regret to say, that Captain Cox, in the act of cutting away the wreck the Jib-boom, which hung under the ship's bows, was carried off by a heavy sea, and every attempt to save him proved ineffectual.

The Harbour of Port Laurs is said to be full of ships, mostly foreigners. Vessels from France with Claret, and all kinds of French Merchandize, were daily arriving. The Etiza, Frederick and Maria, Tropic Bird. and Friendship, from Calcutta had not reached Port Louis on the 26th of February. The Anna Amelia, was going to Bombay with her Cargo, being unable to sell at the Isle of France, where the market is overstocked with Price, and Cash very scarce. The Fame. Captain Brown, of this port, had been driven out to Sea, with the loss of her anchors; but had returned to Port Louis, and was to

sail on the 10th March, for Calcutta.

ARRIVALS. April 17. Hercules, Henderson, from the Isle of France 1st March, and Madras 11th April. Do. 18. Forbes, Basden, from Columbo 29th March. DEPARTURES. April 14. Pembroke, Rogers, for Bombay.—Harriett, D'Peyster, for England.

Do. 16. Waterleo, Moor, for London. Derothes, (American, ) Harman, for Philadelphia. Do. 19. Brig Ganges, stuart, for Penang.

Passengers per Heroules, From Mauritius? Mrs. Henderson and Child, and Captain Henderson, late of the Country Service. From Madras: Mrs. Lockett, Captair Lockett, of the Bengal Establishment, and Lieutenan Barnett, ditto.

BOMBAY. ARRIVALS. March 20. H. M. Sloop Challenger, P. H. Bridges, Esq. Captain, from the Persian Gulph; Ship Sammang, Captain John Gover, from Liverpool.—21. Ship Eliza, Captain John Pringle, from Bussorth; H. M. Sloop Bacchus. F. P. Parker, Esq. Captain, from Trincomalie.—22. Ship Milford, Captain M. Boles, from China; Brig IVellington, Captain George Lyons, from London.—23. American Ship Packet of Providence, Captain Dan S. Cook, from Gibraltar.

DEPARTURES. March 19, Brig Zephyr, Capt. W. L. Alford, to Port Louis.—21. Schooner Cadrie, Syrang Fuckeer Mieran, to Cochin.—23. H. C. Cruizer Ariel, Lieutenant J. Arthur, to the Persian Gulph; H. C. Cruizer Sylph, Lieutenant J. W. Guy, to Mangalore and Malabar Coast.—24. Schooner La Maria, Mr. J. Correya, Captain, to Cochin.—25. Brig Minerva, Captain F. Jolieffe, to Goa and Dele Goa.

PFN ANG. ARRIVALS. March 8. H. M. Sloop Lyra's: Hall. Esq. Captain, from China and Manilla.—11' Brig Eleanor, P. Thissel, from Pera 3d March; Ship Gloucester. W. Rankin, from Malacca 3d ditto. Passengers: 4 Women and Children; Ship Viagante, R. N. Viena, from Macao 16th Feb. Passengers: 113 Chinese.

DEPARTURES. March 8. Brig Passangan. Ornameah, for Portonovo. -13. H. M. Sloop Lyra, B. Hall, Esq. Captain, for Calcutta.

# MADRAS.

His Excellency the Admiral left Triucomallie, in His Majesty's Ship Orlando. Captain Chavel, for Bombay on the 14th Instant-- and was expected to return in May next, when His Excellency will hoist his fing on board the Minden, Captain Paterson, who sailed for the former port on Thursday last.

[Gazette, March 29.]

## CILCUTTA MONTHLY JOURNAL.

Vol. XXX.] CALCUTTA: April 28, 1817. [No. 270]

## FROM THE GOVERNMENT GAZETTE,

APRIL 21, 1817.

### CIVIL APPOINTMENT.

## TERRITORIAL DEPARTMENT, APRIL 18, 1817.

Mr. H. W. Money, Collector of Dinagepore.

## . MILITARY.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT HONOR-ABLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

### FORT WILLIAM; APRIL 5, 1817.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to authorize four Hand Behesties, or one to each Troop, to be attached to the Dromedary Corps on its present Establishment.

J. YOUNG,

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

SEVERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

### FORT WILLIAM; APRIL 11, 1817.

His Excellency the Right Honorable the Governor General in Conneil, adverting to the considerable losses which the Public has suffered, by the decease of Officers who had drawn advances of cash on account of past, or in anticipation of future allowances, to an extent greatly exceeding the amount of arrears actually due to the parties at the time of their demise, has judged sit expedient to prevent the recurrence of similar losses, by establishing the following rules for future advances of Cash, on account of Pay and Allowances to Officers of the Army.

1. Officers of H. M. service arriving in Behgal, to join Regiments on this Establishment, or appointed to Staff situations here, and Officers also of the Honorable Company's Bengal Army teturning from furlough, will be permitted to draw their Regimental Pay, and (if entitled thereto.) Company's Allowances to the end of the month in which they may quit Calcutta, to join, together with one Month's Pay and Allowances in advances upon Bills to be midited before Payment, accompanied by Certificates

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sof last Pay and Allowances. If proceeding to any post or station Lelow Plahabad, they will be entitled to draw a Month's Allowances from the Dinapare Pey Office, and if to any Station above Allahabad, noay obtain another similar advance from the Offices at Cawapore, or Muttre, together with all arrays, up to the end of the month in which they shall have arrived at either of those Stations; the dide of arrival to be certified by the Major of Bigade, or other Public Staff Officer present, which document is to accompany the Bills when presented, to ficers proceeding to posts in Outa Bandle-kund, or in Betar, are in like manner to draw one. Month's Allowances from the Phy Office at Dray and to Souther advance at Benazes, exclusive of their Arrays up to the ed of the current Month, certified a above directed.

Officers belonging to His Mejesty's or the Honorable Company's News were guader the Presidencies of Fort Saint George and Bombay, or tovernment of Ceylon, or Officers appointed to Staff situations and proceeding to join from Europe, will be permitted built at Fort William to draw King's Pay and Company's (or (classical flowences as the case may be, if entitled thereto) us to the mot of the Month in which they may quit this Provide the me with one Month's Pay and Allowances in adv c. a. on Ed's to be audited before Payment, accompinied De Carrille de Last Pay and Allowances. Officers arriving at 1 . " sack acree, or otherwise from other Presidenwals, if not about to return to Europe, will be the ight regularly to draw the allowances sancto e ' ' and officious of their respective Presidencies or Go-al a but Pre and Allowences, a Certificate of the and a fort William from the Fort Major, or Major d Cod on the first shoops, to be ticked to the first Bill, together with a rentherate sted Copy of the General Order graating leave of it sent

to the indicating to His Majosty's or the Honorable Company and case on this Establishment, resorting to the Preyou have, will be entitled, on departing to recom their Company to the analysis of culgences in regard to Payand Adowances

as are authorized in the first Article of this Regulation.

4. It is to be dispectly understood, that in all the foregoing cases the Flowances now authorized to individuals are to be draw to separate Monthly Bills, accompanied by the prescribed Vonchers—The Bills thus drawn by Officers of His Majesty's service attriched to Corps serving in Bengal, or holding Staff situations under this Presidency, the amount of which shall have been discharged by the Deputy Pay Masters of Stations, are to be forwarded by them without delay to the Paysmaster of the King's Troops, for eventual audit and adjustment.

5. In consequence of the present Regulation, by the operation of which individual Officers of H. M. service are authorized to draw their Pay and Allowances falling due antecedent to joining their Corps. Regimental Pay Musters will in future not inchief in their estimates or abstracts any Officers absent from the Regiment, and when such Officers shill have actually joined, will include them only upon ascertaining from the Pay Certificates to be delivered by the parties (which are invariably to accompany the pay estimates or Abstracts, the exact dates to which they shall have already received, individually, subsistence and Company's offormaces. Bills drawn by Officers of His Majesty's or the Honorable Company's Service serving under the Presidencies of Fort St. C. orga and Borgary and Congruent of Ceylon, are to be regularly transmatted by the Accountant in Beneal for adjustment to the department of necounts at those Presidency respectively, and to the Presidency for adjustment of the practical affects of torse for advances of Cash on account of Pay and tillement of otherwise made to Individuals in the Milator formation.

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GIVER'S ORDERS, BY HIS EYENDERS'S THE TEST OF SECTION O

### TORT WILLIAM: Again Hall' ..

The Right Honorable the Governor General Council is observed to make the following promotions and the break of Runk.

18th Romment el Vallee Infant .

Senior Facin Sidney Swarey to be Lieutennat from Secol of April 1817, vice Faris killed in action.

### Ordnance Pepartment.

Conductor of Ordensee John Till virils to his Permin Comin survey centeria, decreased, with rank from the 14th of Morch 1817. for the automentation

Sub-Conductor William Chapman to be Conductor of Ordnince, vice Edwards, promoted, with rank from the 17th February 1817, vice While, promoted

Sub-Conductor William Slooper to be Conductor of Cransuce from the 14th of March 1817, vice O'Loughlie, 12 imeted.

Sub-Conductor Madole to be Conductor of ordnance from the 14th of March 1817, vice Edwards, promoted.

### Adjustment of Rant

Deputy Commissary Whale to rank from the 10th Pebruary 1817, vice Jeffs, deceased.

His Lordship in Council is pleased to cancel the promotion of Captain Lieutenant Dans, in the 23d Regiment of Native Infinity, as announced in the Government General Orders of the 9th March last (authentic information basing been received of that Officer's previous decease,) and to direct the substitution of the following in its stead.

### 23d Regiment of Native Infantry. . .

Brevet Captain and Senior Lieutenant Alexander Spiers to be Captain Lieutenant from the 19th September 1816, in succession to Worsley, promoted.

Senior Ensign Mark Gregg to be Lieutenant from the same

date, vice spiers, promoted.

Ensign William Johnson Farley to be Licutenant, vice Dana,

deceased, date of Rank to be adjusted hereafter.

Lieutenant Field of the 4th Regiment of Native Infantry, having furnished the prescribed Certificates from the Medical and Pay Departments, is perimited to proceed to Prince of Wales' island for the recovery of his halfu, and to be absent on that account for sux months, from the date of his embarkation on board of the Ship on which he may take his pass ge.

Lieutenant Weinyss McLeod of the 21st Regiment of Native Infantry, having furnished the prescribed Certificates from the Medical Department, together with an engagement from Messrs. Mackintosh, Fulton & Co to be responsible for any claims that may be brought against him by the Pay Department, is permitted to make a voyage to sea for the benefit of his health, and to

be absent on that account for six months.

Lieutenant J. Stuart of the 17th Regiment of Native Infinity, is permitted at his own request to make a voyage to New South Wales for the benefit of his health, and to be absent on that account for ten months, in lieu of the permission granted to him in General Orders of Government under date the 14th ultimo.

The same \* Establishment that was sanctioned for the vanited Cavalry Buildings at the station of Muttra, by General Orders of Government bearing date the 22d July last, is also authorized for those at Kurnaul from the 1st ultimo, and upon the same rates of Pay.

J. YOUNG,

Offg Sec. to Gogt. Mil Dept.

MENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT HONOR-ABLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

### FORT WILLIAM; APRIL 18, 1817.

1. Lieutenant Colonel George H. Fagnn, late Adjutant General of the Army, having furnished a Medical Certificate from the Cape of Good Hope, the leave granted to hum conditionally in General Orders of the 29th December, 1815, to proceed to sea for ten Months, for the benefit of his health, and confirmed in General Orders of the 12th Jan. 1816, is altered to a Farlo' to Europe on the same account, commencing from the 14th of November last, the date of his quitting the Cape.

<sup>&</sup>quot; . Vis 1 Bk. Serjeant with the usual Staff Salary.

<sup>2</sup> Masons at 8 St. Re. per mouth each.

I Bheesty, at 8 8do.

I Lallah, at 15 do.

2. While the Governor General in Council indulges his regret! at what the service has sufficient in the relinquishment of the situation of Adjutant General by Lieutenant Colonel George Ragau, His Excellency must endeavour to diminish the effect of that loss by rendering the memory of Lieutenant Colonel Faguu's official exertions, an example and incitement to the Army.

3. The universal tribute of acknowledgement paid to the ability and indefatigable real of Lieutenant Coloud Fagan, ought to stimulate every Officer to aim at attaining a similar character. This however, is not to be acquired by ardour alone recollection of the note of Lieutenant Colonel Fagan's professional energy should impress this conclusion on every one disposed to surve for 'equal' reputations: -That no talents, not even such as Lieutenant Colonel Pagan possessed, will carry an individual to proud distinction, unless he join to them habits of application and a judicious direction of his genius.

4. It is to the combination of these qualities, that Licutenant Colonel Fagan has owed the high estimation in which he is held, and the sorrow now expressed that the service has

ceased to benefit by them.

J. YOUNG,

Offg. Sec to Govt. Mil. Dept,

--(6119>--Several vessels have arrived since our last regular publication, but we have not received any intelligence from Europe later than that which we previously possessed. The Sherburne left England on the same day with the Auspicious, and the Beverly from Boston the 21st of December, has not added to our stock of news from North America.—The only article of intelligence from South America, of which we have heard, announces the capture, by a British. ship of war of the vessel commanded by Brown, the Independent Admiral. From this circumstance, we may infer that some change has taken place in our policy towards the Spanish Patriots, unless, indeed, Brown had committed some aggression, against our maritime regulations. If he has been, Bucaniering, as we think was suggested in some former journals, he perhaps may have rendered himself a lawful prize. His vessel is said to be valued at 500,000 dollars. The American Sh.p. Trident, from Gibraltar the 11th of January, has not brought any intelligence, that we can learn. It; appears that on the day when she left the Rock, a packet had arrived from England, which had sailed

the first day of the year: but no news of importance had transpired. The voyage made by the Tridem, may reasonably lead us to expect, that the next arrival from England, will bring us all the intelligence of December.

Yesterday, and the preceding Sunday, Divine . Service was performed by the Reverend Mr. GREENwoon, a Minister of the Church of England, attached to the Church Missionary establishment. It commenced at 7 o'Clock in the morning at his house near the New Road leading from Kidderpore to Garden Reach. The congregation on either day, was not so numerous as raight have been expected from the numerous families who reside in the neighbourhood; but the service was performed in a very solemn and impressive paraner; and the sermons were excellent and well deinvered. We sincerely hope, that this laudable attempt to establish a place of Worship, near to the houses of those, who reside so far from Calcutta, will be duly appreciated and properly encouraged,

The disturbances in Cuttack to which we alluded in our last two publications, have unfortunately continued much longer than we expected; but we hope, that before our next, tranquillity will be restored. For the following details, we are sindebted to the last Government Guzette; and we are happy to learn that the detachment under Captain Le Feyne completely routed the insurgents on the 18th instant, in the neighbourhood of Juggernaut. They were drawn up, it is said, in a strong position, but almost immediately fled. Several have been killed and taken; but the leader Jughungoo' effected his escape. The Raja waited on Captain Le Feyne immediately after this affair.

We understand that General MAUTINDELL is to command in Cuttack, and that on the 10th instant, a Battalion of Native Infantry was preparing to embark at Madras for the Northward.—This force is

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doubtless to co-operate in the reduction of the disaffected to obedience.

The 1st Battalio cof the 18th Regiment which marched from 1 ullock on the 10th to Khoordah, under Captain Le Fevre; won dome its progress pass through Gongpaiah, where Lieut, I take was killed, and we trust that the conduct of the inhabitants on that inhappy occasion will not escape unpunished. The Magistrate has practained martial law in Khoordah. Every thing pasquet at roorce on the 10th, the murch of Captain Le Fevre in this drawn the insurgents from that neighbourhood. The disturbance does not extend beyond Khoordah, Lamba'ee and Teordy'se Letters of the 14th mention that 6 companies and two guos were expected from Midnapore, and a detachment of Roballa horse had been directed to march to assist in quelling the insurrection and establishing tranquility.

"We have already observed that the Rajah of Khoordah. Mukaoad Deo, is the High Priest of the temple of Jaggernauth; he is also the keeper of the wardrobe of the idol. We understand that soon after the consuest of Cuttack the pergunnah of khoordah was remarkable for its disaffection and hostility to tic British Government, and fell into such a state of revolt and confusion that it was found necessary for the purpose of securing tranquillity at the time to tak charge of the person of 'e Rajah, then a young man, and r. . i. hi n in custody at Mids pore j-his name and influence havour, while he was at large. served to forter and increase the resist need of his people. After ad opposition had been subdued, and on the email pation of the Rajah from restraint, the liberality of Government was strongly shown in restoring him to his hereditary functions in the temple, -but as there might have been great danger in recommitting to him the management and control of the pergniwith of Khoordah, so recently the scene of timenal and disaffection, he was allowed a Mulica n of 24 per c 1, which is more to a ride where the amount give the ordinary cases, and further tra-tify the consideration and ladiage confliction of the was permitted to hold the Tolook of Lombic. I the next transections the multitude seem to have been hereing outly revenue, and the expect giors of resestablishing the Rajah in his ancient rights, as private property does a poor to have been touched. ch s or Tehsildars has been But it is said the fone of the P . Raj modoo, the principal en proclamed, and a reward Mundered of about 49,000 ru leader in the insures on h Bakshee of Khoordah under offered for his person 11 .... the Rejah during the M him oil government, and vainly imagines that his rebelieve a ovenerits will terminate in the restoration of the old agains in which he and his followers had cerived, and would again derive the greatest advantage.

Since the above was written we have received further accounts from Cuttack to the 16th. It appears Captain Wallington had fortified Mr. Busby's bungalow at Jaggerusth, and had sufrounded his little camp by a mud wall about 7 feet high.

lie had thrown out wickets on every side, and was well prepared against attack. The party, including civil servants, police offiand they had with them about 50,000 rupees of public Treasure. On the 13th, meral columns of the insurgents rushed forward to attack Fort Ihisby, but they nere scon obliged to retire with tout closs. They however made another attempt, led on by the son of the Device of the Fhoordah Rajah, armed with two large Jinjais, mitchlocks, hows and arrows, and hamboos. In this recoutre, having lost 17 in killed and about 100 wounded, they again precipitately retired and were pursued by Lieutenant Patterson to the skirt, of the town. Six were taken prisoners, from whose depositions it would appear that the Rajah is the main spring of the disturbance. The carriages of the jinjals were left behind. Captain Le Fevre, in command of the Batta-Hen had been fired upon in Khoordah. He had burnt the village of Gongparah which had been deserted, to the ground. The mantgents avoided coming to an engagement, but kept hang-

ing upon his rear. Jugbundoo being informed of the discomfiture of the parties which had proceeded against Captain Wallington's force, immedualery pushed on to Jaggernauth at the head of thousands of insurgents. It appears that a great quantity of arms had been concealed at Poorce which were now distributed to the rabble, who having surrounded Fort Busby and placed picquets in every direction, began to erect a battery with two great guns. The during leader. flushed with his success, had taken possession of the Collector's Cutchery and was levying contributions on the pilgrims! Captain Wallington believing it impossible, with his small force, to make any impression on so numerous and formidable a multitude, thought it prudent to retire with the treasure under his charge. He murched off in the middle of the night, luckily got clear of the town to the sea side, without being observed, and reached Cuttack on the 16th: Mr. Becher, Mr. Kuig, and the other gentlemen had also arrived in safety. Tuey were however frequently fired at in their progress, but fortunately no casualty had occured. Two of our sepoys who undertook to go to Pooree as spies had been betrayed. One was instantly killed, and the other spiked, and thrown into a hade in the sand, supposed to be dead, but he happily recovered and snecessled in getting back to the camp.

"The advance of insurgents to the sea-coast appears to be a circumstance invorable to our troops as they will be the better able, seascount of the openness of the country, to effect their finaloverthrow. Khoordah, it is said, is full of deep and thick jumple, and the Buttalion under Captain Le Fevre, though frewithin night of the rebels, could not succeed in doing fourth execution, for the moment a shut was fired they rushed among, the trees, where it was impossible to follow and overtake Letters of the 18th state that the force from Midnapore, was daily expected, and we understand that a detachment of regular Cavalry, and two Battalions of lofantry were in full stages from Ganjam, to reinforce Colonel O'Halforan."

A letter from the Camp at Hassergabad, dated the 12th instant mentions that the Pindarees in that neighbourhood were quiet; and the whole body in considerable apprehension that the force would cross the Nerbudda to attack them. Their loss had been very great in men and followers; and they had not only been disappointed in their general plunder, but had been prevented from collecting their necessary supply of grain for the rainy season.

The Ukhbars of the week are as usual nearly destitute of intelligence: The affairs of Holkar continued to be almost desperate. The main army under Gurroon Khan plundering the provinces;—The domestic troops setting in dhurna, and Scindia and Amera Khan amusing the Bhare with un-

meaning promises.

RUNJERT Single on the 31st ultimo was at Lahore. DEWAN CHUND with a body of chosen troops was near Noorpoor. His progress had been unsuccessfully opposed by MULUCK MAHOMED KHAN the Zemindar of Bavannah. About 70 men of the Seik Army were killed and wounded, a few Seik horsemen had approached Moltan, but were repulsed with considerable loss. Repeated applications had been made by the Nabob of Moltan to the King, for assistance in repelling the Seik invasion, but His Majesty and his Vizier, had not attended to the solicitations. In the mean time Moltan was suffering all the miseries of indiscriminate plunder. An Army of Belooches had attacked and defeated Nabob ABDUL SUMUD KHAWN the Governor of Derah GAUZEE KHAWN, with considerable loss.

The accounts from Jaypore are not worthy of

notice.

We have taken from the Government Gazette Extraordinary, the following particulars of a serious affair with a body of Pindarees. The success of our gallant men, has been sadly clouded by the death of Capt. Howorm whose conduct on the occasion deserves the utnost praise. It is, however, to be lamented, that under the circumstances of

his health, his ardour was not repressed: for it may be presumed, that his sickness alone, placed him at the mercy of the wretches, by whom he was destroyed. If these details may be depended upon, the numbers of the Pindarees have increased Hydralike, by their slaughter.

"We are happy to have it in our power to communicate to our readers the following interesting documents, connected with the recent gallant affair with the Pindaries.

BENERAL ORDER BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE COMMANDER IN CHIEF.

Head-Quarters, Calcutta; April 26th, 1817.

The Commander in Chief has directed that the following report from Captain Ridge, of the 4th Native Cavalry, to his immediate Commanding Officer, shall be published in General Orders, not only with the view of giving publicity to the applause which His Excellency bestows on Captain Ridge's conduct, but as furnishing a most encouraging example to the Army.

This affair, and the gallant action antecedently performed by Captain Cauffield of the 5th Native Cavalry, evince what incalculable superiority is possessed by troops, who have a just confidence on their own discipline, while both instances shew, how much may be achieved by the determined bravery of even a handful of men. The disproportion on this latter occasion was so enormous, that an opportunity could not have been more completely fashioned by fortune, for displaying the judicions and intrepid decision of the leader, as well as the admirable courage of the Hon'ble Company's Troops, nor should the perseverance of the squadron in the effort to overtake the Pindaries be put out of view by the more brilliant circumstances of the final contest. An exertion continued for 69 miles at this season, is a proof of both ardor and patience, best to be appreciated, by the lamented event of its having actually eatised the death of that most valuable Officer, Captain Howorth.

In expressing his praise of the zeal and energy manifested by Captain Radge and Captain Caulfield, the Commander in Chief desires them to communicate to the Officers and men whom they commanded, His Excellency's warm approbation of their distinguished behaviour.

To Major Alldin; Commanding, &c. &c.

SIR,

Agreeable to your instructions on the 11th instant, I have the honor to report to you that I left Camp about 1 past 2 p. m. and after marching about 16 miles at a trot and gallop the whole way, I came in sight of three goles of Pindaries, I should conteive of about 1500 each to whom I immediately gave pursue, on which they separated and took different directions; but I am happy to say, after a chase of about 8 miles I had the good fortune to come up with a body of them, of whom about 250

were killed. The engagement occurred about & past 4 p. m. the number of wounded it was impossible to assertain. I had no sooner driven this body across the Bearmer Riven, when another gole was observed advancing on my right, those I pirraced, but from the number of obstacles, such as deep ravines and brokenground, could not come up with the main body, but about 50 or 60 stragglers were shot in the jungles, where they had taken refuge. This body fled across the Bearmer; at this time my horses were so fatigued,-having been mounted from half past 8 the preceding evening, until half past 7 the following evening, during which time we had marched 45 miles, and since having gone more than 24 miles in more little than two hours,--I deemed it adviscable to discontinue my pursuit, and halt for a short time to refresh my men and horses. During this time the third body was observed, advancing in my rear; -these I kept off for a short time with my skirmishers, when I deterred to make a third attack, which the enemy perceiving,

ak flight, in the direction the two abovementuoned bodies and gone. At this time my horses were so much fatigued, that I could not have proceeded two miles with any prospect of success. I have particularly to regret the smallness of my force, for had I had 500 instead of 190 men, I have not the smallest hesitation to assert, that of the enemy, which I conceived to amount to about 5000, the greatest part would have been destroyed, as it will be perceived, that it was impossible, from my small force, to detach any part to intercept their retreat.

I am sorry to say my loss has been severe, particularly in horses. This attribute to the dreadful had ground we had to pass over, not only in pursuit, but before we came in sight of the enemy. The whole of the fugitives, after being driven across

the Bearmer, appeared to take the direction of linttah.

I beg leave to express my satisfaction at the assistance I received from Lieut. King, in keeping the men together, as I had a great many recruits, who had never before seen a shot fired, but whose cageiness to attack the enemy singly, frequently caused them to guit the ranks. The conduct of the Native Commissioned, Non-Commissioned Officers and Privates, afforded me the highest satisfaction; every individual is cutilled to my warmest thanks for their gallant conduct in the afternoon of the 11th. I beg leave to inform you that Captain Kennedy, 5th Regiment N. C. who was waiting for an escort to enable him to join his Regiment with the Nagpore force, volunt ered his services with the Squadron, and did see the bonce of accompanying me throughout the afternoon of the 11th in pursuit of the Pindaries. I feel the greatest pleasure in offering Captain Kennedy my warmest thanks for the assistance I received from his presence, and I shall ever remember the flattering compliment he paid the squadron I have the honor to command, in accompanying it as a Volunteer.

I have now to perform the most painful spart of my duty in reporting to you the melancholy fate of my lamented thiend Capt. H. Howorth of the 6th Regiment N. C. whose zeal for the

service induced him to valunteer to serve with the Equadron under my command, notwith-tanding the very had state of health, in which he then was. After accompanying me in pursuit of the Pindaries for some distance, he became so completely exhausted, that he fell from his horse and expired on the spot in the arms of one of my Troopers.

in the arms of one of my Troopers.

I have now only to add that I hope the conduct of the European and Native Commissioned, Non-Commissioned Officers and Privates belonging to the Squadron of the 4th Regi-

ment Native Cavalry, has merited your approbation.

I have the honor to be,

SIR,

Your most obedient humble Servant,

(Signed) C. I. RIDGE, Capt.-Lieut. Comdg. Squadron 4th Regt. (avalry."

"We understand that on the morning of the 14th Mojor Alldin was joined by a detachment of 120 men from the 6th Regiment of Native Cavalry under the command of Lieutenant H. Warde of that Regiment, which had been dispatched as a reinforcement by Lieutenant Col. R. Gahan, commanding at Belharee, in consequence of Mojor Alldin having suggested the advantage of a rapid and forward movement from Belharee to Katsh on the hanks of the Bearmer River. It appears that Lieutenant Warde accomplished this extraordinary long and fatiguing march of upwards of 70 iailes in less than 26 hours. The last account state that the Bindarees were near Nursingah on the morning of the 13th, and it was expected that they would continue their march that day in further progress to Saugor. Major Alldin was well prepared to pursue them, whatever direction they might take."

### POSTSCRIPT."

We are happy to learn that accounts from Cuttack to the 22d instant mention that Juggernaut continued in our possession, and that there—at Balasore, and in the vicinity of Cuttack, the public tranquillity was undistuited. Ten six-pounders, with ammunition, and a detachment of Artillery, with their usual complement of Officers embarked yesterday morning on a Government Agent Vessel to proceed forthwith to Ganjam; and we again repeat our trust and persuasion that in a few days, we shall hear, that the misguided men, who have occasioned these exertions on the part of Government, will be brought to a due genge of their duty and their interest.

# SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The Catherine, spoke the Ganges. Falcouer, from the Isle of France, for Madras and Calcutta, in Latitude 1. Deg. 50. mm South, Longitude 83 Deg. East. on the 30th of March. The Ganges was under jury masts, having lost her fore and main masts, and bowsprit, in a gale of wind off the Isle of France, on the 14th February.

The Ca herine, also spoke the American Ship Pekin,

on the 2d instant, for Madras, and Calcutta.

The Mauritius Gazette of the 8th of March, notices the following arrivals.

1st March, Mars, Georgeson, from Calcutta 16th

January.

3d, Friendship, Wise, from ditto the 31st December, 4th, Madras Packet. Mahon, from Calcutta the 29th December.

No intelligence of the other missing Ships.

The Walton, for Calcutta, left Port Louis on the 5th of

March, and the Brig Jane, Court, on the 4th.

In Lat. 4. 10. North, Long. 24. 50. East, the Sherburne spoke the Brig Mary, (American,) Thorndske, from Cauton, bound to London and Amsterdam; she also spoke the Leres, Goldsbury, on the 30th March last, in Let. 0 5. South, Long. 86. 30. East, from Calcutta, for the Isle of France,—all well.

# MADRAS.

REPORT OF A CAR OF HYDROPHOBIA SUCCESSFULLY TREATED BY RECOD-LETTING, BY ASSISTANT SURGEON GIBSON, H. M. 69TH RECOMPAN.

ISABEL, the wife of Sarjeant M'Daniel, of his Vajesto's 80th Regiment, aged 22, was taken ill this evening (19th September,) about five o'clock. Complaining of head ache and pain at the Scrobiculis Cordia,—about an hour afterwards, refused to take her ten and shewed a degree of horror at the sight of it: her husband then offered her sone spirits and water, which she also refused, and looked at it with dread; was immediately seized with a violent convulsive fit, in consequence of which I was sent for, and found her labouring under strong muscular spasmodic action of the whole body,—her; countenance expressive of a degree of furor. I had never before witnessed, her eye-balls

were turgid and glistened with a vacant stare, attempt. ing to bite the attendants and every, thing that came in her way. While she was in this state, some officious person threw a cup-full of cold water in her face, which, aggravated the spasms very much, and increased thy suspicion. of the disease being Hydrophobia. This fit continued about an hour; when she became a little quiet, I desired, some water to be offered her, at which she shuddered, yet attempted to swallow and succeeded, with great difficulty in taking about a table apponful, which produced a repetition of the spasmodic fit considerably, more violent than the former, and att uded with a most dreanful sense of suffication; during this paroxysm the saliva collected in increased quantities and was discharged. As the violence of the muscular action subsided, she cried loudly in a peculiar tone of voice, sighed deeply and applied her hand, to her breast expressive of severe pain. Pulse one hundred and twelve in a minute and small. Having now at thorough conviction of the real nature of the disease, and having predetermined in the event of a case of Hydrophobia ever coming under my charge to follow the practice successfully adopted by Mr. Tymon, of the 22d Light Draguons, and afterwards by Dr. Shoolbred of Calcutta; I opened a vein in the right arm which I allowed to bleed until the pulse at the wrist ceased, the strong convulsive muscular, action also ceased, her countenance became placed and the turgidity of her eye balls diminished. Forty-eight, ounces of blood were extracted, no deliquium appearenedthe Patient being kept in the horizontal position; the blood was extracted from a large orifice, but it exhibited no. buffy coat nor was, it cupped. Pulse shortly after the bleeding ninety-six. R. Tinct Opii. gtt. L. Aq. Menth. Pipp. Di; mix; to be taken immediately.

19th, 10 p. m.—Succeeded in swallowing the draught, and shortly afterwards at her own request had two cups full of tea, which she swallowed with avidity and without much difficulty, has great aversion to strangers and in her placed intervals does not recognise those she formerly knew, has also great aversion to the admission of light into

the chamber.

11 p. m.—Has taken, with a great effort another two cups full of tea, which brought on a slight spasmodic action of the muscles of the throat and was succeeded by vomiting. Pulse eighty. Adplecet. Emp: Mel: Visicat cervice. Being now sensible, has informed her husband that she was

bitten by a dog supposed to be mad, about ten weeks age at St. Thomas's Mount, Anodyne to be repeated.

20th, 6 A. M.—Has not had a return of the convulsive paroxysm during the night, drank water twice but vomited immediately afterwards; is now much dejected and meli-neboly, is extremely sensible to all external impressions, sighs frequently and appeals to the scrobiculus cordis as the year of great pain.

10 A. M—It being necessary to raise her in bed, Syncope was induced until she was again put in the horizontal position; still expresses the greatest dread of water, and can take her drink only from a tea pot (the sight of it producing a recurrence of the spasms) succeeded at each time by vomiting, &c. slight return of the convuisive muscular action of the throat, her eyes are slightly turged, but her countenance is still placed. Pulse one hundred in a minute. Sumant. Extract: Opiners, ii.

7 P. M.—Since my last visit has had occasioned slight returns of the spasmodic fits, brought on by the least exciting cause, particularly by seeing some of her relations and children; has swallowed tea in the same manner and with the same difficulty, as before, but was not followed by vomiting. Has had rather a severe fit since I entered the room, caused by seeing some water accidently. Pulse seventy-two, skin moist, no stool since yesterday morning. Sumat Pill Calomel ges. VIII. Reptr: Extract Opil ges. ij.

21st,10 A. M.—Mr. Steddy, garrison surgeon, whose absence from the cantonment these two days, I very much regretted, visited the Patient with me at this hour, and coincided with me in opinion with respect to the nature of the disease and approved of the plan of treatment adopted. She has enjoyed good rest during the night, but is still extremely irritable, has the greatest aversion to the right of a mirror and shuddered at the idea of drinking water, the sight of which produced a recurrence of the spasms. Pulse one hundred, heat of surface increased, tongue white. No alvine evacuation since she has been taken ill. Habt: Stat. Enema com. et. Capt: Pill: Alæ: Comp: No: ij.

12 A. M.—The spasms have been frequent and severe since last report, excited by her repeated attempts to satiate her thirst; in consultation with Mr. 6teddy, it was determined to repeat the bleeding. I accordingly opened another vein and extracted twenty four ounces of blood. Pulse

immediately after the bleeding ninety-six, she became extremely week, her eye balls less turged, and her features assumed a morefavourable expression: has altogreuer rerained the enoma.

b P. M. -- Has not had a return of spasms since the last bleeding. No alvine 'Evatuation. Repetant. Pilule et

Enema, com.

3. P. m. - Has had a very severe fit, caused by the administration of the Clyster, but is again perfectly sensibie and calm. Pulse zeventy-two. R. Extract. Opii. gr. ij. Gum. Camph. 31. M ft. Bolus Stat. Sumendus.

1) P. M.-No return of the paroxysm, is at present in

a sound sleep. Pulse and heat of surface natural.

221. 6 A. M .- Has enjoyed good rest-she has drank freely out 'of a tea cup, and can look at a mirror without experiencing any disagreeable sensations; the turgidity of he'r eves entirely gone and het countenance is calm. One copious evacuation from the Clyster. Pulse and heat of on ther natural, quietness to be observed and all itritations removed.

· 12'At M - No return of the spasms, altho' she has drank tea out of a cup twice, pain at the scrobilus cordis much hirated the extreme sensibility which has marked the disease throughout very much diminished—She having now no dreadful apprehensions of her fate, aversion to strangers, on the admission of light! has even no dread of water which I brought to her. But said it was still disagreeable to immerse her hand in it,

9. P M -- Continues tranquil -- no alvine evacuation since the operation of the Clyster-Pulse and heat of surface

continue natural-Rept. Pil Aloe. Comp. No. ij.

23d. 10 A. M.—Had troublesome dreams during the first part of the night, towards morning enjoyed good rest Has had her hands washed in water this morning withour any reluctance; the other symptoms of the disease have entirely yielded; leaving her very much debilitated.

24. 10 A. M - A mendm-at progressive.

25 .- Discontinued my attendance: having the pleasure of observing my Patient, recovering her strength rapidly, "Remarks. I think there cannot exist a single doubt of this being a well marked instance of Hydrophobia; and that the happy result is to be attributed to the early and cold use of the lancet, seem's equally doubtless. When the subject of it was apprehensive of instant death, she informed her husband that she was bitten by a dog supposed to be mad, as stated in the report communicated at my third visit: I think it proper however to mention that for reasons which I cannot define, she now, after her perfect recovery says, she does not recollect that the dog bit her, but that it leaped on her, worried her and tore the bottom part of her gown.—She had several small sores on her leg at the time, and on examination I have discovered a scratch on her left heel which she cannot account for: it is slightly swelled and inflamed. I have to regret the want of professional evidence from the commencement of the disease; yet I think the concurring opinion of Mr. Steddy who witnessed every symptom of Hydrophobia in this case, should strengthen that of a much younger and less experienced Surgeon.

JAMES GIBSON, Assist. Surg. His Majesty's 69th Regt.

Poonamallie, 26th Sept. 1816.

# MARRIAGES, BIRTHS AND DEATHS, ANNOUNCED BIRCH OUR LAST PUBLICATION.

### MARRIAGES.

MARCH.

13. At Allahabad, by the Bev. E. Brodie, Captain Henry Eyer Pitman, of H. M. 59th Regt. to Miss Donothy Hannah Harriot.

21. t St. Mary's Church, by the Rev. E. Vaughan, M. A. Senior Chaplain Revd. W. A. Theating, M. A. Charlain to the Garrison of Fort St. George, to Margaret Wray, third Daughter of Thomas Lewis, Eug. of Dean Lodge, Ealing Middlesex.

27. At Quilon, by the Rev. J. Hutchison, Lieute-nant and Adjutant B. Blake, of the 2d Battalion 25th Regiment N. 1. to Miss C. Selway, daughter of H. Selway, Esq. of H. M. 89th

Regiment.

APRIL.

2. At Bhauglepore, by the Rev. J. P. Nugent, James Hirington, Esq of the Civil Service, to Miss Sophia Steer.

7. At the Cathedral of St. John, by the Rev. H. Shepherd, Mr. Christopher Maclean, to Miss Elizabeth Whitehouse.

10. Mr. Edward Fraser, to Miss Eliza Grant.

12. At St. John's Cathedral, by the Rev. Mr. Shepherd, Licutenant Frederick Austice, of the 17th Regiment Native Infintry, to Miss Catharine Harvey, second Daughter of Mr. Francis Harvey.

19. At St. John's Cathedral, by the Revd. Mr. Parson, Capt T. Thompson, of the Ship Hebs, to Miss Eli-

za Sweeney.

Lately at Bundlecund, by the Reval. Mr. Vincent, Captain Edward H. Simpson, of the 8th Native Infantry, to Miss C. Boyd .-At Madras, Lieut. Achesun French, H. M. 80th Regiment, to Miss Maria Aradosa Bower, youngest daughter of Mr.? P. Bower, of St. Thome. - At the Cape of Good Hope, John William Brown, Esq. Assistant Surgeon in His M-jesty's 88th Regiment of Foot, to Miss Susanna Frederica Lehman.

### BIRTHS.

JANUARY.

8. At Jaffuspatum, the Lidy of Captain Truler, & Commundant at that Station, of a Daughter.

#### FEBRUARY.

15. At Bangalore, the Lady of Lieutenaut and Adjutant Kitson, of a Son, 25. 14 Seroor, the Lady of Captain T. Smyth, 14th Regiment N. I. of a Son and Heir.

27. At the same place, Mrs. Jarret, of a Son.

MARCII.

8. \*t Cochin, the Lady of Captain H. C. Harvey, of the 2d Battalion 19th Regiment, of a Son.

of Major Dickson, C. B. 6th Regiment Light Cavalry, of a Son.

13. At Sercer, Mrs. Cook,

of a Son.

21. At Madras, the Lady of John Douglas White, Esq. of a Drughter.

27. At Jungvpore, the Ladv of Henry C R. Wil-

son, Esq. of a Son.

29. At Gaurppore, the La of Go Indelt, Deputy Judgo Advocate Goneral, of a Son.

At Boglepoie, Mrs. J. I..

Tarner, of a Son.

30. At gra, the Lady of Captain Fraser, of attillery, of a Son.

The Wife of Captur W. T. Bennet, of the Country Service, of a Daughter.

DEATHS.,

FIBRUARY.

to t Chicacole, after a few days illness, the Lady of Captain T. Chambers, 1st Battilion 6th Regiment N. I most deservedly and succeed victorial by all who had the pleasure of her acquaintance.

APRIL.

4. Mrs. W. D'M. Sigaes, of a Sou.

7. At Burdwan, the Lady of C. R. Martin, Esq. of a Son.

9. Mrs. A. Lackersteen, of a Son.

10. Mrs. A. G. Balfour,

of a Daughter.

12. The Lady of Joseph Ephraim, Esq. of a Daughter.

14. 't Mirzapore, the Lady of Major H. Manley,

of a Sun.

15. At Barrackpore, the Lidy of George Webb, Esq. Assistant Surgeon, 1st Bat. 9th Ragr. N. I. of a Daughter.

17. At the house of her mother. Mrs. Booth, Mrs. Sirth Dunn, of a Sou.

Mis. Ann Nicholia, of a Son

21. The Lidy of James Ewing, Esq. of the Civit Service, of a Daughter

25. Mr. James Oliver

Jere, of a Son.

Litely at Sydney, New Spath Wales, the Lidy of Edward Riley, Esq. of a Daughter and Herress.

25. At Quilea. Lieutenant Armstrong, H M 89th Regiment

At Nellore, George Morris, E-q. Veterinary Surgeon of H. M. 25th Regiment of Dragoons, sincerely and deeply regretted by his Bro ther Omeers.

### MARCH.

2. At Poonamallie, Lieutenant Henry Stodard, of H. M. 80th Regiment.

9. Mr. John Barretto. aged 31 years, leaving a Widow, with two small Children to lament their irreparable loss

At Madras, Mrs. Maria Jane Goad, the Lady of Samuel Thomas Goad, Risq. one of the Commissioners for settling the Debts of the Nahob of Arcot.

18. At the Presidency, George Hay, Esq. of the Hours of Messrs. Hunter, Hay and Co. much regiet-

21. At Madrass, cut off in the prime life, in Camp at Feegaum Tockley Berar, Capt. Aigus MacLach. lan, of H. M 2d Baftalion 1st (or Royal Scots) Regiment of Foot, sincerely recretted by his Brother Ofticers.

22. At Madras, Eliza Hariett, the infant dankate, of Lieutenant Darling, of H. M. 30th Regument, aged 7 months and 12 days

Dacca, of the 26 At Hooping ( ugh. Arthur, third son of John Pattenson, Eg of the Civil Service, aged 23 months and 21 days.

· rRIL DeRoza,l. Mrs. A.

aged 70 years.

2. Mrs. Stanley, wife of Lieutenant J. Stanley, of the Invairus.

Killed by the Insurgents of Khoordah, Lieut. Thos. Faris, of the 1st Batt. 18th Regiment N. I. by which the service has lost a very promising young Officer, and his Brother Officers a worthy Member of Society. Mrs. Edward Broadbrooke.

3. At Serampore, Miss Margaret Bony, daughter of the late H. C. Bony, Esq. aged 3 years.

6 The Infant Son of Mr. Joseph Trely, of the H. C.'s Marine, -aged 2 mouths &

2 days.

11. At Chowringhee the Ladv of H. W. Money, Esq. of a Son.

Killed in action with a body of Pindarees, near Lohaigong, Humprey Howarth, B-q Captain in the 6th Re-Native Cavalry. distinguished and respected avan Officer; beloved and lamented as a man.

12. At Chinsurah, Mr. Louis Echardy, eldest son of Mr. A. A. Ethardy .-Reed 23 years.

Of the small Pox, Mr John DeCosta.

13. Of the small pox, Mis Louisa Augustin Rigordy,-aged 29 years.

14. The Lady W. ωſ Moir, Esq. Paymaster of His Majesty's 2d Cevlon Regiment -- aged 31 year.

Mrs. Evans Ede. of the Harbour Master's Departa ment.

15. John Yates, Esq.-aged 48 years.

16. At Amdangah Factory, Jessore, Mr. Wm. Gib-

son, Indige Planter.

21. At Diamond Harbour, on his passage to England, on board the ship Waterloo, Lieut. Col. J. F. Desbaires, C. B. His Majesty's 87th Regt. of Foot,-a brave and meritorious Officer, who served his Country with equal zeal and reputation in numerous and brilliant Campaigns. His gallantry in the held and contempt of danger ever distinguished him, and his private virtues eudear his remembrance to

many friends by whom he is seneerely and deserved by lamented.

24. At Chinsurah, Miss E. C. Hoff, daughter of Mr. J. J. Hoff, Sen. of Fultuh Farm, her loss is deeply regietted by her father, relations and friends,—a.z.d 11 years, 4 months and 26 days.

Lately after a severe illness, which she bore with Christian fortitude and resignation, Mrs. Caroline Carr, wife of Mr. Robert Carr, sincerely regretted by her relations and friends.— At Ganjam, Mr. 'ssistant Surgeon Rule, of the Medical Establishment.

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CALCUTTA CURRENT VALUE OF GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Bu	Y.	Saturday, April 5, 1817.	SELT.
0	5	New 6 per Cents. Discount	0 10
		Saturday, April 12, 1817.	
0	2	New 6 per Cents. Discount.	0 6
		Saturday, April 19, 1817.	
0	2	New 6 per Cents. Discount	0 6
	İ	Saturday, April 25, 1817.	
0	8	New 6 per Cents. Discount	1 0

# APRIL, 1817.—Thirty Days.

I LAST QUART NEW MOON FIRST QUART ENTERS 8			9 2 8 9 D 1	22	AF AF	TE:	RNO	N. NO NO NO NO			
HIAD ENG. HOLID	AYS, REMARKS, &c.		SUK RISE		STR SETS	U.'S ACE.	 	RN	-	G.	
23 3 Thu Rich Bit Good Fri 5 Sat. Good Fri 7 Mon Easter M Pue. 7 Mon Easter M Pue. 7 Mon Easter M 112 Sat. 1. odney 2 13 Sun. 1" Sunda 14 Mon 4 15 Tue. 5 16 Wed 6 17 Thu 7 18 Fri. 8 19 Sat. Alphege. 9 20 Sun. 24 Sunda 10 21 Mod 11 22 Tue. Rohilla: 12 23 Wed St. Geoi 13 24 Thu	onday.  of Thoulouse, 1814  Victory, 1782.—  yafter East*—Low  Sunday.  y after Easter.  sat Lo'l Dong, 1771. ge.—Bat. with the [born 1776  .—Princess Mary	555555555555555555555555555555555	50 49 48 48 47 46 45 45 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	9 10 10 11 12 13 13 14 14 14 15 16	16 17 19 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17	4567890111121223345678891011	M. 8 1 5 6 5 5 5 5 9 4 2 2 1 5 6 4 5 5 5 5 9 4 2 2 1 5 6 4 5 6 5 4 5 6 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	456789101121122344567891011121	20 18 17 16 18 18 18 40 28 44 48 48	がある。 これでは、 100mmのでは、 00mmのでは、100mmのでは、 100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、1

## CALCUTTA

## MONTHLY JOURNAL,

FOR

## MAY, 1817.

Vot. XXX.] CALCUTTA; May 5, 1817. [No. 271

## FROM THE GOVERNMENT GAZETTE, MAY 1, 1817.

## CIVIL APPOINTMENT.

## TERRITORIAL DEPARTMENT.

APRIL 25, 1817.

Mr. A. F. Lind, 1st Assistant in the Office of the Board of Regenue.

## MILITARY.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT MONORABLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

## FORT WILLIAM; APRIL 13, 1817.

1. Lieutenant II. E. Peach of the 10th Regiment of Native Intanky, and Assistant Commissary General, having furnished the prescribed Certificates from the Medical and Pay Departments, is permitted to make a voyage to Chana, and eventually to the Cape of Good Hope, for the recovery of his health, and to be absent on that account for ten months.

2. Captain Fogo, of the Ponsion Establishment, is permitted to proceed to Europe on furlough, subject to the pleasure of the Honorable the Court of Directors regarding the payment of his

pension in England.

3. The arrangement for the provision of Match for the Corps of Irregular Cavalry, directed by General Orders of the 29th of November last, is extended to the Agra and Dehly Nujceb Battaions.

J. YOUNG,

Offge Sec. to Goyt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY MIS RECEILERCY THE RIGHT MONORABLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

## FORT WILLIAM, APRIL 18, 1817.

The Right Honorable the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct, that the following Supplementary Statement of the Off-reckonings, payable in advance for the year 1816, to the Officers who severally held the Command of the 4th Grenadier Battalion, be published in General Orders.

Amount due from the 1st January to the 26th of December 1816, agreeably to the annual proportion authorized for Grenadier Battalions, by G. O. G. G. a Council of the 1st March 1816.

TI 1016.				
St Rs.	1,533	6	6	
To be divided as follows			_	
Major McPherson of the 10th			1	
Regiment Native Infantry,			i	
from the 1st January to the		i i	İ	
29th of May 1816, Squat			1	
Rupees,	63 /	8	5	
Captain W. C. Faithful of the	}			
4th Regiment Kative In-	i		ľ	
fantry, from the 30th of				
May to the 26th of De-				
cember, 1816, Sonat Rupees	893	4	1	
Total Amount to be divid-			_	
ed, Sonat Rupres	1,533	ď	,	
	· J	. YO	UNG	

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

CENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCEPLENCY THE RIGHT HUNGRABLE ... THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM, APRIL 25, 1817.

The Right Honorable the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following promotions:

6th Regiment of Native Capalry.

Captain Lieutenant Harry Thomson to be Captain of a Troop.

Senior Lieutenant and Brevet Captain William Dicks to be Captain Lieutenant. Senior Cornet Robert Lindsay Anstruther, to be Lieutenant. From the Esth
of April 1837, in
succession to
Fuworth, died or
fatigue, in action

## ORDANANCE DEPARTMENT.

The following Non-Commissioned Officers to be Sub-Conductors of Ordnance, from the dates expressed opposite to their names.

Serjeant Major Unifow Foy of the 1st Battalion 10th Regiment of Native Infantry, from the 10th February 1817. Serjeant Louie of Artillery, Ditto 14th March 1817.

Serjeant Major George Harding of the 3d Regiment of Naw

tive Cavalry, from the 14th March 1817.

His Lordship in Council was pleased to appoint in the Judicial Department under date the 11th instant, Lieutenant James Stemart, Adjutant of the Provincial Battalion at Burdward, to superntend the construction of a new Hospital to the Jail at Burdward.

Mr. William Adamson, Assistant Surgeon on this Establishament, has been permitted by the Honorable the Court of Disrectors to return to his duty, without prejudice to his rank.

Ensign John Cheape of the Engineer Corps, having furnished the prescribed Certificates from the Medical and Pay Departments, is permitted to make a voyage to sea, for the recovery of bis health, and to be absent from Bengal on that account for six months.

J. YOUNG.

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

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GENERAL ORDERS, BY MIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT HONO'R]
ABLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

### FORT WILLIAM , APAIL 25, 1817.

1. His Excellency the Right Honorable the Governor General to Council is pleased to direct, that suitable accommodation shall be set apart in every European Hospital, for the European women belonging to Corps, and that these persons shall be received into Hospital under sickness, and be put on the same footing as to medical treatment and diet as the men of the Regiment.

2 A stoppage of one anna per diem is to be made from all European woman when in Hospital, and appropriated in the same manner as directed for the stoppages of the men.

J. YOUNG,

Oilg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCEPLENCY THE RIGHT MONOR-ABLE THE GOVERNOR, GERERAL INCOUNCIL.

## FORT WILLIAM; APRIL 28, 1917.

His Excellency the Right Honorable the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Major General Sic Gebriel Martiadell, K. C. B. to be Military Commissioner in

Critisch, with the Command of the Troops stationed in that P.o. vince, upon the following monthly allowances in additions to his Pay and Batta as Colonel, Viz.

Staff Allowance, Sonaut Rupees. 1506
Allowance for Camp Equipage and Horses, 300
Ditto Writers, Staffonery, Peons, &c. 150

2. The Military Commissioner in Cuttack will exercise his Command, independent of the General Officer, Commanding the Presidency station, and will report direct to Head-Quester

through the channel of the Adjutant General.

3. His Excellency the Right Honorable the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct, that a Brigade Major shall be attached to the Troops serving in Cuttack, under the Command of the Military Commissioner, on the present arrangement, and to nominate Lieutenant R. C Faithful of the 10th Regiment Native Infantry, to that situation.

-446 [] 33+-

J. YOUNG.

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Depts.

A letter from Fultah Farm, dated the 1st instant, mentions, that considerable mischief has been done in that neighbourhood by two Tygers. A party consisting of two Europeans, and a few native Servants, proceeded from the Farm in quest of these Animals, and found one of them about a mile off, concealed in a ravine covered with short jungle. A shot was fired which struck the animal in the neck, when, he made a violent leap, and took shelter in another part of the Jungle. An attempt was made to dislodge him without effect, and the few natives, who ventured near to him, are stated to have suffered severely. Our correspondent says that two men have since died of their wounds, and that seven others have been injured. When our letter was dispatched. these ferocious animals, were laying near the Fultah Creek, and had been seen there, by some men who were fishing near the spot.

The season having returned for the annual visit of the Alligators, several of them have made their appearance in the river, nearly opposite to the Cenotaph at the Botanical Garden. One, of an enormous size is generally to be seen during the afternoon, near to the Southern bank of the river.

Five packets of letters, which were to have been conveyed to India on the Ganges, from some untoward circumstance, were not received on board: and have been returned to the General Post Office. It is probable, that thuse letters will be detained in England, until some other Vessel shall be created a Packet; and we may, perhaps, receive them, about the time that replies to them might have reached home, if the channel of correspondence with India had not been impeded by the enactments, of which we have, the most serious reason to complain. We earnestly hope, that the Petitions from the different Presidencies of India, will be properly supported in England: and if the Act shall not be repealed, that some means will be adopted to obviate the vexatious inconvenience and delay which is now experienced. If we are to pay nearly quadruple the sum, for which we formerly purchased our communications with friends and relatives,—the persons in England who execute the provisions of the Act, are bound to find neans, to transmit our letters with all practicable \_safety and expedition.

Major Angurer has been appointed Principal Field Engineer attached to the Field Command.

An intelligent friend has kindly pointed out to us an inaccuracy which occurred in our last publication, and which was occasioned by the following circumstance. We had in the first instance selected from the Bengal • Hurkaru the particulars of the affair between Capt. Ridge and the Pindarries; in which, the death of the lamented Capt. Howorrs, was stated to have been occasioned by the spears of a band of Pindarries, who attacked him while he was laying on the ground; in an exhausted and defenceless condition, and intending to republish the article from the Harkaru, and with reference to it our paragraph was written. The Government Gazette, having afterwards published an official account of the affair, we laubstituted the official document for the other article, without adverting to the difference in the statement, respecting the death of the gallant Capt. blowours: -and were thus betrayed into the error.

A Government Gazette Extraordinary has officially armounced the occupation, in His Majesty's name of the Islands of Tristan de Cunha, as dependencies of the Government at the Cape of Good Hope; and the enotification is accompanied by a well executed sketch delineating the new settlement and the nature and situation of the anchorage. It appears that this establishment has been formed, in pursuance of instructions from His Majesty's Government at homeand we presume, that it is a part of that system of precaution, which has been adopted to guard against . the escape of BUONAFARTE. Captain CLOETE of His Majesty's 21st Light Dragoons, and a detachment from the Cape, are at present in the actual occupation of the Islands; and it appears from the sketch brinded to, that Batteries, and a Fortification called 'Fort Malcolm, have been constructed. The official notification gives the Latitude and Longitude, and mentions, that there is good convenience for watering at the principal Island.

The Ukhbars of the week contain few articles of i telligence. The troops of UNJEET SINGH continued in the neighbourhood of Moltan. Mohtan Kalund was wounded by a cannon ball from the Fort of Sukerali. The najah of Joudapore has put to death Gohnan Singh, his tavorite minister who some time ago was appointed to negotiate with Ameer Khan.

We are much gratified in re-publishing from the Bingal Markara the following paragraph, which ably describes the impressive and instructive eloquence of the Reverend Mr. Townley—a Gentleman whose character and talents have procured for him in England the esteem and regard of numerous and most respectable persons: and whose worldly sacrifices, afford the most incontrovertible pledge of his sincerity and earnestness, in assuming the spiritual functions which he seems so eminently qualified to perform.

"According to the notice previously given by advertisement, Divine Service was on Wednesday evening performed at the place of worship of the Kirk of Scotland, when a most eloquent discourse was delivered by the Roy M. Townley. While conscious

of our inability to convey any idea of the coquence of the Preser's.

e., we trust it may be permitted to us to express our unfelgued admiration in listening to the words of the Gospel from one so highly gifted. We never had the fortune to hear any Preacher or Public Speaker who to such eloquence joined a manner more impressive, or who carried more completely with him the sympathies of an audience. Our apology for presuming to offer any remarks on a subject so far above us must be found in our aniety to bring to the notice of our readers the opportunity which presents itself of hearing the words and the procepts of the Gospel unfolded and enforced in so eloquent a manner."

On Thursday last, a Sepoy having been warned from a certain part of the giaut of the River by a Peon of the Police Establishment some words ensuel, when the Sepoy scized the sword of the Peon and attacking him, wounded him so severely that his life is stated to be in danger. After this the Sepoy appears to have run a muck—he attacked a Bearer whom he met on the road, and severely wounded a Subadar of the Body Guard, before it was found possible to secure and disarm him.

Our information of the proceedings against the insurgents at Cuttack, is, entirely derived from the Government Gazette and the Bengal Hurkaru; and from these papers we republish the following particulars which have already appeared in print.

"The subjoined is an Extract from a letter, dated Kothra, April 6th, which gives some account of the present situation to

the predatory forces to the north of the Nerbunda-

" The Chicis of the Pindarees have quarrelled among themselves, and some of them have made proposals to submit to the British Government, and declare that they only wish for our protection and countenance to attack their breinren, who will not give up their predatory mode of lite.-Jey Sing, thiel of Ragoghur, has sent a Vakeel to Colonel Adams, and requests to be protected from the vengenace of a higher power (Senid ah, it is supposed) promising to destroy Sector and als partisins. This Sectoo appears to be much district and feared by the less powerful Pindaree Chieftains. One of them names Kurreem Khan has made a solemn vow. (so say our Hirkarah-sto, destro, Seetoo, or to secrifice his own life in the attempt; he has actually marched against him, with a considerable torce, of which five hundred men are his kinsmen, and wholly devoted to his cause. Section some time ago got the family of hursen khan, into his pessession, who is said to have divested homself of all the feelings

of humanity, having attired himself in saffron robes, symbolical of eternal hate! Section has left his cantonments at Sutwars and has betaken himself to the jungles supposed to be from dread.

of the fury of the exasperated Kurreem Khan.

" From every thing that is going on among the Pindarees, it appears, that a little management will gause the confederacy, which has been so long the scourge of the adjacent countries, to f li to the ground. It will be long, however, before the inhabitants return to peaceful habits. The subjects of the Becar Raja, along the banks of the Nerbudda, are to the full as hostile to the return of tranquillity, as the Pindarees themselves,—and the Raja's troops are perhaps more dissatisfied than either.— When a Lubbur (plundering party) crossed the Nerbudda, to make an excursion to the Company's territories, the inhabitants on this side soon increased its numbers by joining it,—in this way a party, the original strength of which did not exceed five hundred men, on its arrival at the grand scene of action, has been encreased to as many thousands, being generally joined by those whom they have plundered in their progress to the southward. Formerly the people on this side, who were inimical to the Pindarces, used frequently to cut up parties, returning laden with plunder, which they of course appropriated. But the Raja's Troops being badly paid, and finding it the safer method of making themselves master of the loot, take it from the villagers in the name of the Sovereign, who agreeably to ancient usage, receives, or ought to receive, the larger share. No sooner do the unhabitants of a village, overcome any small body of Pindarees, than they receive a visit of congratulation from the nearest of the Sircar's troops, who very politicly request to be paid the Raja's share of the booty they have gained—and it is lucky if the unfortunate villagers retain their own property by graing up all which they had risked their lives to acquire. fisherman told me, that the people of his village had once succeeded in surprising a party (which had just returned from near Mirzapore)-from which they took a good deal of plunder. They in consequence received a congrutulatory visit, and those who had been so fortunate as to get a sword in the spoil, lost that, and their own to boot. The poor-fisherman, having taken some pieces of cloth, was in consequence robbed by the troops of every garment he had formerly possessed! We expect to be at Hooshuugabad on the 15th of the present mouth, to canton for the rains."

"Our last contained intelligence from Cuttack to the \$\frac{2}{2}\text{st.} It appears that when the force under Captain Le Fevre had dispersed the insurgents on the 18th, that officer immediately pushed for Poorce, in the view of affording relief to the force he concluded was stationed there. The communication had been so completely intercepted that this officer had not gained intelligence of the par ty having previously retired from Poorce to Cuttack.

By the accounts of the 26th, Jugbundoo is stated to be at Bhanpore in the district of Goomser is not far from it, and with but

few followers It is added that he would be off with what he has got, but that having an account to settle with his followers they will not allow him. Captain Armstrong with 3 companies of the 3d Battalion 18th Native Intantry, together with the detachment of the 1st Battalion under Captain Wallington, (to rejoin the head quarters of that Battalion,) marched from the station of Cuttack on the 23d, on intelligence being received that the insurgents were assembling, under the Son of the late Deewan of the Rajah, at Dillan and Ronas, which places are between Peepled and Khoorda, a little to the South. The detachment from Midnapore arrived on the 23d at Cuttack, the guns not till the 26th, i.e. they came in accompanied by a detachment of the Body Guard. The force would move from Cuttack on the 28th.

"By accounts from Cuttack of the 28th, it appears that the remaining Companies of the 2d Battalion 18th Native Infantry, with a Brigade of Guns, crossed the Cajoora that morning and on the evening would march towards Potrie, which it was expected they would reach on the 1st, and where the force under Captain be Fevie would wait their arrival Captain Armstrong with 3 companies of the 1st Batt had taken post at Peeplee, having ascertained that the country about Dilhan and Ranas was free from any body of the insurgents. Martial Law had been extended to Poorie, Peeplee and the Purgunnals of Lemba and Khoordies.

"No further accounts had been received of Jugbundoo, but it was considered probable he would be given up. The tributary R jahs in the direction which he must take to effect his escape a evil to have given assurances, that they would intercept him—a consummation most devoutly wished by our friends in Cuttack."—Hurk.

## 

## SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The Ship Diana. was tost the day after she left Malacca Roads—her commander Captain A. Lyall, a most worthy upright man, his servant and a lascar, were the only persons who disfortunately perished. Captain Lyall remained by the ship to the last, and before the beats which saved the test of the crew could return, she went down, and with her, the three persons already noticed.

Letters dated the 12th March, from the Maurities, we are sorry to say, still express very scrious apprehensions for the safety of the Eliza, Mars, Frederick and Marza, and the Tropic Bird, which vessels left this Port in December last.

ARRIVALS. April 29. Schooner Brothers, Gordon, from Bourbon.

Dc. 30. Jane. Maughan, from Batavia 6th February and Malacea 22d March.—Ruby. Dennison, from Mauritius

12th February and Madras 23d April.

May\* 1. Juliana. (Portuguese) Hudson, from Macao 13th March and Malacca 1st April. Passengers: Messrs. Crichton, and McGregor. Officers of the late Ship Diana.—Lady Sophia, Dennis, from Rangoon 2d April.—Cutter Howroh. Carnet, from Madras 23d April. Passengers: Captain William Snoball, Country Service, Mr. William of they and Master Snoball.

Do. ?. General Brown, Kilpstrick, from the Mauritius

14th March.

DEPARTURES. April 28. H. C. Ship Minto, Heather, for Pattamoondy and Gaujam.—General Palmer, O'Brien. for China.—Sunbury, Tosh. for Bombay.—Gentradis, (Spanish) for Manilia.—Experiment, Mee, for Trincomalee.—Schooner Emma, Taylor, for the Isle of France.

Do. 29. Cornwallis, Browne, for Madras and England.— Portsea, Nicholl, for England.—Hebe, Thomson, for England.—Flora, Hammon, for Manilia.

Do. 30. Ceres. Brown, for Liverpeol .- H. C. Bark Son-

hia. Captain W. Maxfield, for Balaspre.

May 1 Brig Adornture. James, for Masulipatam.—Lady Flora, Balston, to complete her Cargo at the New Anchorage for China.—John Tobin, Fonnon, for Liver-pool.—Edward Strettell, Balston, for Madras.

Do. 3. Brig O. ient, (American) Meek, for Marbiehead.

BOMBAY. ARRIVALS. March 22. Ship Milford, Cantain M Boles from China; Brig Wellington. Captain George Lyons. from London.—23. American Ship Pucket of Providence, Commander Daniel St. Cooke, from Gibraltar.—26. Ship Ann. Captain Robert Dickie, from Bengal; Grab Brig Ramaney, Naqudah Amote, from Penang..

Departures. March 21. Schooner Cadree, Syrang Fuckeer Meran, to China; H. C. Gruizer Ariel, Lieutenant J. Arther, to the Persian Gulph; Do. Sylph, Lieutenant J. W. Grey, to Mangalore and Melabar Coast.—24. Schooner La Maria. Mr. J. Correya, Commander. to Cochin.—25 Brig Minerva, Captain F. Jolliffe, to Goa

and Delagoa Bay.

## MADRAS,

The Ship Cutharine, Captain Morice, arrived from the Isle of Francelast week. The Captain reports that on the 29th ultimo, they spoke the Ganges. Captain Falconer, in Latitude 1 deg. S. and Longitude 88 deg. East, completely dismasted; this unfortunate accurrence took place near the Mauritius on the 15th of February. The Ganges is from England bound to Calcutta, having sailed in Nowvember. The Cath arine, also in Latitude 1 deg. 30m. N. spoke the American Ship Pekin, Captain Dexter, from Boston, the beginning of November, and bound to this place. The Pekin anchored in the roads on Monday last, having touched at Trincomalie. Mr. Munro was not sidered as certain of being elected President of the United States.

The Ship Wellington. from Bombay is also said to have been dismasted off the Isle of France, where a violent hurricane is stated to have taken place; which there was reason to apprehend had been productive of serious consequences—some of the vessels bound to Port Louis, were considerably out of time. The Brig June, arrived from the Mauritius on Sunday: The Ship Two Brothers, from Pegue the 21st ultimo, anchored in the roads on Monday.

His Majesty's Ship Conway, Capt. Digby Dent, arrived in the roads on Tuesday last, from Trincomalie. Commissioner Puget, R. N. and William Pitt, Esq. came by this opportunity.

[Gazetts, April 24.

## MADRAS; APRIL 18, 1817.

## CEYLONGASETTE.

We subjoin an Extract of a letter from the Callector of Batycalon, giving an account of a Vessel which has foundered off Panichankany in that District. There can, we think, be tittle doubt that the Ship is the Mauritius, the phandonment of which by her crew on the coast of that part of the Island was mentioned in our Paper of the 15th Instant.

"BATICALOA, 12TH MARCH, 1817.

"I received on the 10th instant, a feport from the Conicoply of Corlepattoe, with the intelligence, "that a Vessisel whose size or description could not be appertained,

was lying off Panichankany (about 38 miles to the " North West of Batticaloa) and that from all appearance the Vessel was wrecked, as she continued in the same 6 position for two days, and that four oars, five broken 4- empty Boxes, three water Casks, and a Box with part of a Sea Compass, had been washed on shore, that how-" ever from the great distance the Vessel was from the 46 beach, and no boats except Candes being in that part of . the Country, they were unable to go out, and conse-46 quently could not positively ascertain the nature of the " case, but that no person either alive, or dead had come " on shore." Immediately upon receipt of this intelligence, I determined to start for the spot, and having got ready my Boat proceeded with the view of afterding every assistance to the unfortunate sufferers or of rescuing as much of the property as possible, from destruction of pilfer .- I reached Panichenkany yesterday morning, about dawn, and upon the break of day, described about 12 miles in a direct line to Seaward, a bare must or pole, just visible at the edge of the horizon.—The land wind then blowing fresh. we were enabled to reach the object about 7 A. M and melancholy to add, discovered it to be a large Ship, apparently six or seven, hundred tons butthen, which by some accident had foundered and that the object visible above the water was the main top gallant mast. As the sun at first shope obliquely upon the water, it was impossible to discover exactly the nature of the circumstance, the sails. yards and hull presenting the appearance under water, of an irregular rock: when however the sun reached the meridian, every part of the Ship's sails and rigging then distinctly appeared, the bottom was clear sand, and appeared to be about thirteen fathoms, the Ship lay upon her Starboard beam ends, her mainsail, Driver, Gilis, and Top sails appeared set, just as if the vessel was under way, the fore top mast studding Sails also appeared set, indeed every bit of Canvas was apparently stretched, upon close inspection however, we ascertained. that the Mizen top mast, and fore top mast had been carnied away close to the Caps, and the wreck of the spars and sails, were hanging on by the shrouds and stays. to the lower masts, the Sea being about 12 o'clock perfect-ly serene, both myself and Mr. Robinson an Officer of His Majesty's 19th Roge, who accompanied me, distinctly discerned the deck, which appeared strewed over confusedly with Ropes, the larboard anchor was a-bow, the three Hatchways on the man Deck were open, and so distinctwas every object, that the Gang way, and the steps up the Ship's side were perfectly discernable, we could not however perceive any dead bodies, indeed any thing of, that kind would in all probability have floated or rolled away by the current, which we found setting very strong to the Northward. Having now laid the particulars of this melancholy case before His Excellency, it is with much regret that I have to add, that no person belonging to the Ship has been heard of, or known to come on shore in this district. If however still indulge a hope, that the Crow of this ill fated onto may have landed on the Trincomalie District, or made for that Port, in the Ship's Boats.

What the Ship contains. I am unable to conjecture, whatever 's may be, howeve, there is no chance of any thing coming on shore till she becake up, or the bettom falls out, as the flatches of the orlop deck are of course battened down, and the breaking us of the Hull I am inclined to beheve, will not take there for many months, perhaps years, as the Ship lies it as moca sand bed, as easy as if in Dock, upon a full view of this case, I hope. His Excellency will approve of the steps I have taken, and trust it will be believed, that had it been possible to afford any relief or assistance, every exertion should have been made by myself, as well as by the inhabitants of this District, in rescuing and assisting the unfortunate Seamen."

N. B.—The Ship's nasts and yards are painted white, her how sprit half black, half white, the Hull a black ground with white streaks, no guns or Port holes visible, believed her to have a poop from the mizeu mast with quarter Galleries aft, but from the shadow of the main sail falling on the quarter Deck, and optical deception owing to the depth of water, could not positively ascertain this circumstance, some conjecture the Ship from her sharp

stern, to be a large Arab, but this is very uncertain.—No paper or other information has been obtained by which to trace her name or destination—she appears about 6 or 700 Tons burthen.

TOWN BALLMAN

## CALCUTTA MONTHLY JOURNAL.

## Vol. XXX.] CAL CUITA; MAY 12, 1817. [No.271

#### CIVIL APPOINTMENTS.

#### JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT, April 25, 1817.

Mr. W. Wright, Judge and Magistrate of Rajeshahy. Mr. M Bruce, Register of the Zillah Court at Furr uckabad.

#### MILITARY.

GT: "712 ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT MONORABLE 1RD GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

TORT WILLIAM, APRIL 11, 1817.

The Right Honorable the Governor General in Council was pleas at to appoint Lieutenant G. Everest, of the Regiment of Artillers. (in the Territorial Department under date the 21st ult) to vanime and remove the obstructions existing in the Navigation of the Issamutty, Matabhangah and Choornee Rivers.

J. YOUNG, Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS. BY BIS EXCEPTIONCY THE R'GHT HONORABLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; APRIL 18, 1817,

His Excellency the Right Honorable the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct, that the following Statements, Nos. 1 to 9, prepared by the Military Auditor General, of the Surplus Off-reckonings for the year 1811, and of the distribution of them among the Officers of the Presidencies of Fort William Fort St. George and Bombay, who are entitled to share in the General Fund of that year, shall be published in General Orders, for the information of the Armies of the three Presidencies.

#### No. 1.

Statement of the Surplus Off-eckonings of the Presidencies of Fort William, Fort Nt. George and Bombay, for the year 1811, shewing the Stipends payable to the Officers on the retired List, and the amount remaining to be divided among the Colonels of the three iresidencies.

#### FORT WILLIAM.

	•		
Ditto ditto of one-third propor- tion of the sum of Sonaut Ru- pecs 32,854 1 6, laying at the Debit of the General Fund, con- nected with the years 1811, 1812 and 1813, for Equipments fun- nished to the Horse Artillery and to the Non-Commissioned Officers of the Native Cavalry Regiments, St. Rs. 10,951 5 10 or Sicca Rupees	10,479	5	¥
Net Surplus, arising from the Off- reckonings of the Bengal Esta- blishment,			
FORT ST. GEORGE.			
Amount of the Surplus Off-reckonings of the year 1811, as per Statement received with Mr Secretary Gardiner's Letter of the 29th November last, Star Pagodas 72,438 34 15, or Sicca Rupees	<b>33,3</b> 00	0	0
BOMBAY.			
Amount of the Surplus Off-rec- konings of the year 181 is as per Statement received with Mr Secretary Gardiner's Letter of the 31st October 1812, Bom- bay Rupees 69,480 3 34, or Sicca Rupees	• 66,185		
Net Surplus appertaining to Boinbay, Sicca Rupees	49,535	15	
Grand Total of the consolidated disposable of Surplus of the three Présidencies, Sicca Ru- pees	.00,615	11	6

#### ABSTRACT OF SHARES.

General Officers and Colonels of the Presidency of Fort William,	
Ditto ditto ditto of Fort St.George,	31
Ditto ditto ditto of Fort St. George,	30
Ditto ditto Bombay,	11
•	
Total Number of Shares.	78

Statement shewing the Names of the Officers of the three Presidencies who are entitled to share in the remaining surplus off-reckonings for the year 1811, and the Amount results to each individual.

### FORT WILLIAM. MAJOR GENERAL.

Thos. Nicholls (the late) full Share,	6495	3	Ż
LIEUTENANT GENERA	LS.		
George Russell, ditto,	6495	1	*
Su Even Baillie, ditto,	6495	-	2
Sir John McDonald, ditto,	6495		2
William Palmer, (the late,) ditto,	6494	-	2
MAJOR GENERAL		-	-
Edward Clarke, (the late,) ditto,	6495	ì	2
LIEUTENANT GENERA			
James Dunn, ditto,		1	2
James Dickson, diffo.	6495	i	ž
Samuel Watson, (the late,) ditto,	6495		2
MAJOR GENERAL.	1		_
Richard Macan, (the late,) ditto,	8105		2
LIEUTENANT GENERA		•	Z
	-		
George Hardyman, ditto,	6495	1	2
Hugh Stafford, ditto,	6495	_	2
James Morris, ditto,	6495		2
Peregrine Powell, ditto	6495	-	2
Robert Phillips, ditto,	6495	ŀ	8
MAJOR GENERALS.			
Robert Bruce, (the late), ditto,	6495	1	9
H. C. Palmer, the late			-
from the 1st Jan			
to the 24th August 4199 8 9			
MAJOR GËNERAL.	6495	1	9
Sir Gabl Martindell,			-
from the 25th Aug.			
to the 31st Dec. 2259 8 5			

MAJOR GENERALS.			
Sir Robert Blair, for the whole year			
William Kirkpatrick, ditto,	6495 6183	1	2
John McIntyre, dill',	6;0;	l l	2
John Gardiner, (the late), ditto,	6495	i	ž
Henry De Castre, d 11,	6102	ì	õ
Bennet Marley, ditto,	6475		2
William Burne, (the late), ditto	6495	1	23
Thomas Hawkshaw, ditto, Dyson Marshall, ditto, Pamel Convugham, (the late), do.	6493	1	2
Dyson Marshall, ditto,	6495	1	2
Pamel Convugham, (the late), do.	6495	1	2
Samuel Bradshaw, ditto,	6495	1	3
	-25	3	\$
John Haynes, ditto, Nicholas Carnegie, ditto, John Horstord, ditto, John Gordon, ditto, T. S. Bateman, ditto, Henry White, ditto,	6495	1	8
Alchoras Carnegie, ditto,	6495	l 3	2
Toba Gordon dette	6495 6495	í	2
T S Rateman ditto	6195	_	2
Heney White, ditto	6495		2
Henry White, ditto, The Clothing Agent of the 1st Divi-	(7200	•	~
sion, Lieut, Col Ainslie, ditto	6495	1	2
sion, Lieut. Col Ainslie. ditto Ditto ditto of 2d Division, Major		_	_
Browne, ditto,	6495	1	2
Proportion payable to the Bengal			
Officers 21	0,317	11	
TART CRARCE	,		
FORT ST. GEORGI	Ç		
COLONELS.			
COLONELS. Keith M'Allister, for the whole year	6495	-	2
COLONELS. Keith M'Allister, for the whole year Thomas Dallas, ditto,	6495 6495	-	2
COLONELS.  Keith M'Allister, for the whole year Thomas Dallas, ditto,	6495 6495	1	2
COLONELS.  Keith M'Allister, for the whole year Thomas Dallas, ditto,	6495 6495	1	\$
COLONELS.  Keith M'Allister, for the whole year Thomas Dallas, ditto,	6495 6495	1	\$
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Charles Corner, for the whole year,	6495	1	2
John Richardson, ditto,	6495	1	2
John James Durand, ditto,	6495	1	9
Francis Gowdie, ditto,	6495	1	2
MAJOR GENERALS.			
George Roberts, ditte,	6495	1	2
Urban Nigars, ditto	6495	1	2
Archibald Brown, ditto,	6495	ī	2
David Campbell, ditto,	6195	1	2
COLONELS.			
	6495	1	2
Aldwell Taylor, ditto, John Chalmers Mitto,	6495	i	2
MAJOR GENERALS.	0100	•	~
Francis Torrens, datto,	6495	1	
Cases Islanda ditto	649a 6495	i	2
Pores Class dista	6495	1	2
D / Agram detta	6495	i	2
Dobast Makey ditto	6495	_	2
Cabriel Dovator ditto	6495	í	2
Carcy Lalande, ditto, Barry Close, ditto, P. A Agnew, ditto, Robert Mackay, ditto, Gabriel Doveton, ditto, Hector McLean, ditto,	6495	_	2.
Action McDean, ditto,	0155	-	
Amount payable to the Madras Offi-			- •
cers, Sicca Rupees 1,9	4,852	3	C
			-
вомвач.			
MAJOR GENERAL'S.			
Richard Jones, for the whole year, .	6995	ì	2
Kenneth McPherson, ditto.	6495	1	8
James Kerr, ditto,	6495	1	2
Richard Gore, ditto,	6495	ì	2
John Wiseman, ditto,	6495	1	22
James Kerr, ditto,	6495	1	2
Thomas Marshall, ditto, Charles Reynolds, ditto,	6195	1	٤,
Charles Reynolds, ditto,	6195	1	3
COLONELS.			
Andrew Anderson, dreto	6495	i	3
Millian trader ton, title	_		2
Charles Box 6, ditto,	6495	ı	
Charles Boxé, ditto,	_	1	2
Charles Boy &, ditto,	6495 6495	-	2
Charles Boyé, ditto,	6495 6495	1	_
Charles Boy 6, ditto, Malcolm Grant, ditto,  Amount pavable to the Bombay Officers, Sa. Rs. 7	6495 6495	1	_ 10
Charles Boyé, ditto,	6495 6495	1	_
Charles Bos & ditto, Malcolm Grant, ditto, Malcolm Grant, ditto, Manual pavable to the Bombay Officers, Sa. Rs. 7:  Lost by Fractions,	6495 6495	1	_ 10
Charles Boy 6, ditto, Malcolm Grant, ditto,  Amount pavable to the Bombay Officers, Sa. Rs. 7	6495 6495 1,445 1	3	10

## No. 3.

Statement of the balance of shares of Off-reckonings for the year 1811, payable to Colonvin of the presidency of Fort William,

who are in India, or to the Heirs, Administrators or Assigns of such as have died in India.

LIEUTENANT GENERAL	s.		
Sir John McDonald, amount			
of his share, 6195 1 2			
Deduct the amount received			
in advance, 6000 0 0			
_	495	ı	*
William Palmer (the late) as Macdon-			
ald,	495	1	Ž
ald,	495	1	Ż
MAJOR GENERAL.			
Richard Mason, ditto ditto,	495	1	2
LIEUTENANT GENERALS			
Hugh Stafford ditta	405	1	2
Hugh Stafford, ditto,	495	i	9
	400	•	"
MAJOR GENÉRALS.			
H. C. Palmer (the late) to the			
24th August 1811, 4199 8 9			
Deduct received in advance, 3879 6 5			
	320		4
Sir Robert Blair, as Macdonald,	495		Z
Bennet Marley, ditto, -	195		Ż
Dyson Marshal, ditto	195		1
Sir George Wood, ditto, - Sir John Horsford, ditto,	495		å
Sir John Horsford, ditto, - ,	495		-
John Gordon,	495	ı	2
ir Gabriel Martindell, 25th			
August to 31st Dec. 1411, 2295 9 5			
Deduct the amount receiv-			
ed in advance, 2100 9 7	174		
	1 / 12		U
LIEUTENANT COLONEL.			
Ainslie, agent for the 1st			
Clothing Division, full			
share as Colonel. 6495 1 2  Deduct the amount receiv-			
ed in advance, 4500 @ 0			
tu iii auvanec,	995	j	4
•		٠	•
MAJOR.			
M W. Browne, agent for the 2d Division, full share			
as Colonel, 6495 1 2			
Deduct the amount receiv-			
ed in advance, 6000 0 0	495	ı	2
Amount remaining to be	<b>~</b> -	•	~
paid to Bengal Officers			
in India, Sicca Rupées 8	926	1	6
the accounty first account to		-	-

#### No. 4.

Secure to the shares lin the Off-reckening Fund of the year 1811, payable to Colonels of the Presidency of Fort William, who are in Europe, or who have died in Europe.

### MAJOR GENERALS.

Thomas Nicholls, alias Broadhurst,			
(the late,) full year,	6495	1	2
LIEUTENANT GENERA	LS.		
George Russe l, full year,	6495	1	8
Sir Even Baillie, ditto,	6495	1	3
MAJOR GENERAL.			
Edward Clarke, (the late,) ditto,	6495	i	8
LIEUTENANT GENERA	LS.		
James Dunn, ditto, James Dixon ditto	6495	1	2
James Dixon ditto	6495	1	2
	6495	1	2
Perigrine Powel, ditto,	6495	_	-2
Robert Phillips, ditto,	6495	-	2
Robert Bruce (the late) ditto,	6495	1	2
MAJOR GENERALS	š.		
Wm Kirkpatrick, (the late) ditto,	6495	1	2
John McIntyer ditto,	6495	1	2
John Gardiner, (the late) ditto,	6495	1	2
Henry DeCastro, ditto,	6495	l	3
William Burn, (the late) ditto,	6495	ı	2
Thomas Hawkshaw, ditto,	6495	1	2
Dan. Conyngham, (the late) ditto,	6495	ı	2
Samuel Bradshaw, ditto, John Haynes, ditto,	6495	1	8
John Haynes, ditto,	6495	I	8
Nicholas Carnegic, ditto,	6495	1	2
T S. Bateman, ditto,	6195	1	2
Henry White, ditto,	6495	1	\$
Off-reckonings to be adjusted in			
Europe on account of Bengal	A	_	_
officers, Sicca Rupees 1,	168'21	9	8

#### No. 5.

Statement of the balance of shares of Off-reckonings for the year 1811, psyable to Officers of the Presidency of Fort St. George, who are in India, or to the Heirs, Administrators or Assigns, of such as have died in India.

#### LIEUTENANT GENERAL.

J. Pater, amount of his share, 6495 1 2
Deduct the amount received
in advance, ... 5741 6 1

### MAJOR GENERALS.

R. Bell,		а	s Pater,	759 11	I
A. Taylor,	****			753 11	ı
A. CRAHMOIS'-		•	ditto,	753, 11	Ł
LIE	UTÉNAI	(T G	<b>ENERA</b> I	. <b>s</b> . :	
R. Croker,			ditto,	758 11	ı
F. Torrens,			ditto,	753 11	1
C. Lalande,		245	ditto.	753 11	1
	354 700	A 1131	W 73 4 W		

### MAJOR GENERAL

J. J. Durand, ..., ditto, 758 11 g

## R. M. Strange, to the 29th

P. November 1811, .... 5925 1 2 Deduct the amount received

in advance, 5741 6 1

183 11 1

Amount payable in India to Madras Officers, Sicca Rupees 6213 3 9

#### NO. 6.

Statement of the shares in the Off-reckoning Aund of the year 1811, payable to Officers of like Presidency of Fort St. George, who are in Europe, or who have died in Europe, and shewing the sums to be deducted from the shares of such as have received advances in India.

#### COLONELS.

Keith Macallister, for the ful	l year,	6495	1	3
Thomas Dalla,	litto,	6195	i	2
. MAJOR GEN	ERAL.			
	ditto,	6495	ı	2
LIEUT, COLO	NEL.			
	fitto,	6195	ı	2
COLONEI	s.			
D. McNeil,	litto,	6495	1	2
William Kinsey,	litto,	6495	1	9
T. Bowser,	iitto,	6495	l	2
A. Cuppage,	litto,	6 195	1	2
	litto,	6495	ı	
J. Cuppage, from the 30th N	oven-	•		
ber to the 31st December, d		6495	1	Ž
C. Comer, for the full		6495	l	2
J. Richardson, d	itto.	6495	1	2
MAJOR GENE	RALS.	,•		•
	litto,	6495	1	2
	fifto,	6 195	f	2
W. Vigors,	litto,	6495	1	

A. Brown,	diffo,	6495	1	2
D, Campbell,	ditto,	6495	1	2
COLO	nels:			·
B. Close,	ditto,	6495	1	2
P. A. Agnew,	ditto,	6495	ì	2
R. Mackay,	ditto,	6495	1	2
G. Doveton,	ditto,	6495	1	ફ
H. Maclean,	ditto,	6495	1	2
Amount payable to Mad	ras Offi			
cers in Europe, Sa. R.	s 1	<b>3</b> 6,965	15	6
	_			

#### No. 7.

Statement of shares in the Off-reckoning Fund of the year 1811, due to Colonels of the Bombay Establishment, who are in India, or who have died in India, and shewing the sums to be deducted from the shares of each, or account of advances made at that Presidency.

#### MAJOR GENERAL.

Kenneth McPherson, amount of his share, 6495 1 2 Deductamount received in advance, - 3827 9 5

Sa. Rs. - - --

#### COLQNEL.

Charles Bowie, amount
of his share, - - 6495 1 2

Deduct amount received in advance, - 3827 9 5

Amount payable in India
to Bombay Officers,

#### No. 8.

2 - 5334 15

Statement of shares in the Off-reckoning Fund of the year 1811, payable to the Colonels of the Presidency of Bombay, who are in Europe, or who have died in Europe.

MAJOR GENERALS.

MAJORGI	PIL PIPUTO				
Richard Jones, for f	ull year,	6495	1	2	
James Kerr,	ditto,	6495	1	2	
Richard Gore,	ditto,	6495	1	2	
John Wiseman,	ditto,	6495	1	2	
Henry Oakes,	ditto,	6495	1	3	
Thomas Marshall,	ditto.	6495	1	2	
Charles Reynolds,	ditto.	6495	1	.2	
Andrew Anderson,	ditto.	6495	1	2	
Malcolm Grant,	ditto,	6495	. 1	2	
Amount due to Bombay					
in Europe,	Sa. Rs.	58,455	10	6	
				-	

#### No. 9.

Statement of the Surplus Off-reckonings due to Officers Coma manding Independent Corps for the year 1811.

1st Battalion Native Invalid.

Gross amount of Offreckonings for 1811 11,155 Total Charge against the Fund, including the advance made to Capt. Dick, Sa. Rs. 7,812 12 10

Balance payable to Capt. Wm. Dick, Sicca Rupses, 3349 11 4 2d Battalion Native Invalid.

Gross amount of Offreckonings, for 1811 Sicca Rupecs, - - 9,909 9 11 Total Charges against the Fund, including the Advance made to Lieut. Col. Forbes. 7385 5

Balance payable to Licut. Col. Richard Forbes, Sa. Rs. - - 2524 4 4 4

Corps of Hill Rangers.

Gross Amount of Offreckonings, for 1811 9215 2 8 Sicra Rupees, - -= = Total Charges against the Fund, including the Advancemade to - 2720 11 7 Major Littlejohn, Balauce payable to Ma-

jor (now Lieut. Col.) Sa Rupees, 494 7 1 Littlejohn, -Corps of Pioneers.

Gross Amount of Offreckonings for 1811, Sicca Rupees, - - 5712 10 9

Total Charges against the fund including the Advances made to Captain Swinton,

Sicca Rupees, - - 4278 5

Balance payable to Capt. John. Swinton, - Sicen Rs. 1484 5 3 Corps of Golundaure.

Gross Amount of Off . . reckonings for 1811, Sa. Rs. 7446

Total Charges against

the Fund, including the Advance made to

Captain S. S. Hay.

Sa. Rs.

6682 0

Balance payable to Cap-

Sicca Rupees tain S. S. Hay. 764

Ramghur Battalion.

Gross Amount of Off reckonings for 1811, 8910 9 11

Sa. Rs.

Total Charges against the Fund, including the Advance made to

Capt. Roughsedge. 7212 7 3

Balance payable to Captain Roughsedge, --

Sa. Rs. 1698

Total payable to Commanding Officers of independent Corps,

Sa. Rs. 10,258 7 3

The Accountant to the Military Department will take the necessary measures for the payment of the Balances of Shares of the Off-reckoning Funds to the Officers of the Bengal Establishment for the year 1811, as contained in Statements. Nos. 3 and 9.

J. YOUNG,

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept

GENERAL CREEKS, BY KIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT HONOR, ABLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL,

#### FORT WILLIAM! APRIL 25, 1817.

1. His Excellency the Right Honorable the Governor General in Council, considering it indispensible to the due eff. ciency of the Army in the Field Provinces, that an Engineer Officer of rank and experience should be permanently attached and exclusively employed on the duties of his Department incident to that Command, is pleased to appoint Broket Major Thomas Andurey to be Principal Field Buginger attached to the Field Command, with a Salary of 600 St. Rupees, and an Establishment for Writers, Stationery, &c. of 60 St. Rupees per mensem.

2. Major Anburey's Appointment is to have retrospective effect from the date of his being appointed Garrison Engineer and Executive Officer at Delhi, videligit, the 6th of December 1815.

J. YOUNG,

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

BENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT HONOR-ABLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

## FORT WILLIAM; APRIL 25, 1817.

1. His Excellency the Right Honorable the Governor General in Council, having considered it expedient to change the mode of paying the stipends of the Native Pensioners residing in the district of Allahabad, is pleased to direct, that this duty shall from the 1st of June next be performed by the Adjutant of Native Invalids at Allahabad, who for this additional trouble and responsibility, is authorized to draw the following monthly allowances, viz.

- 11. . .

Sonat Rupees 200

2. The Payments of the Pensioners to take place twice every year, viz. on the 1st May for the preceding six months, and again on the 1st of November, when the claumants are to appear personally with their original descriptive Rolls, whereon is to be carefully noted, at every Payment, the period to which the didividual has received his allowances.

• 3. From these documents, a general descriptive Roll is to be framed, distinguishing the rank of the parties, the monthly sum respectively authorized, and the amount paid to each.

4. To preclude the necessity of separate receipts, the individual is to affix his signature or mark against the sum he has received after the manner of an acquittance Roll.

5. As soon after each balf yearly payment as practicable, the General Roll is to be forwarded to the Office of Audit, and the Adjutant will take oredit for the amount actually admitted thereon.

thereon.

The Arrears due to deceased Pensioners are to be paid to the legal representatives, upon their producing the original descriptive Rolls, and proving by affidavit, and to the entire satis-faction of the Adjutant, the date of casualty and their titles is lawful heirs.

7. The name of the deceased is to be entered in the General Roll, and that casualty and date of occurrence to be noted in

red lak, for the information of the Military Auditor General, to whom also the original descriptive Roll bearing the attidaviti is to be transmitted.

- 8. Individuals failing to attend at two successive have yearly Payments, will be considered as having forfeited all claim to their respective stepends, and their names are to be struck off the lists accordingly, nor will any pension thus lapsed be in any case restored, without the express authority of Governmeut.
- The Adjutant of Native Invalids at Allahabad, will duly furnish the Accountant in the Military Department with a half yearly estimate of the probable amount of cash, which will be required by him to discharge the stipends of the Native Pensioners, in order to his being furnished with a draft on the collector of that district for a corresponding amount, and will conform to such instructions regarding the settlement of his accounts; as he may at any time receive from the Accountant in the Military Department.

J. YOUNG.

Offg. Sec. to Govt: Mil. Depti

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN

## FORT WILLIAM; MAT 2, 1917.

The Right Honorable the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following Premotions in the Regiment of Artillery.

Brevet Colonel and Licutenant Colonel Thomas Hardwicke to be Colonel of a Battalion; Major Thomas Hill to be Licutenant Colonel; Brevet Major and Captain Clements Brown to be Major; Captain Lieutenaut W. H. L. Frith to be Captain; Lieutenant Isaac Pereira to be Captain Licutenant; Lieutenant Fireworker Hugh C. Baker to be Lieutenant; Gentleman Cadet Alexander Thomson to be Lieutenant Fireworker; from the 21st April 1817, in succession to Major General and Colonel Sir J. Horsford, K. C. B. deceased.

2. The Governor General in Council cannot direct the succession in the Regiment of Artillery, without expressing his deep concern at the loss which the Honorable Company's Service has suffered by the death of Major General Sir John Horsford, K. C. B. The ardent spirit, the science and the generous zeal of that admirable Officer, were in no less degree an advantage to the Public interest than an honor to himself; it is consolatory to think, that when sinking under the malady, which so early deprived his country of an energy, incessantly devoted to her glory, he had the consciousness of having just displayed with signal triumph the skill and superiority of the Corps. which he had so materially contributed to fashion and perfect.

J. YOUNG, Off, Sec. to Gest, Mil. Dest. GRAEBAL ORDERS, HY HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT MONOBABLE . THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

### FORT WILLIAM; May 2, 1817;

Lieutenant F. W. Morgan of the Corps of Pioneers on the Est tablishment of Fort St. George, having furnished the prescribed Medical and Pay Certificates, is permitted to proceed to Europe on Furlough for the recovery of his health.

J. YOUNG, Offg. Sec. to Govi. Mil. Dept.

The Laura, Captain Dennis, from the Cape of Good Hope the 25th of January, from the Isle of France the 28th of March, and last from Madras, arrived in the river on Saturday. A list of her passengers will be found under our Shipping head.

A fire broke out lately at Mirzspore in a boat filled with hamboes. This boat drifted among cotton boats, laying at the Ghauts; and the flames having been communicated to the cotton, were encreased by a strong westerly wind, and shortly set on fire several houses contiguous to the ghaut. Before the conflagration could be arrested, a great part of the town of Mirzapore and upwards of thirty thousand maunds of cotton were destroyed!

Accounts from Allahabad state, that about the end of the last month, the troops at that station were remarkably unhealthy. From 15 to 20 men, were daily added to the Hospital list; and the disorder was common to Europeans and Natives.

We are indebted to a correspondent for the following circumstantial narrative of the proceedings of the detachment under Captain Le Fevne, from the 3d ultimo until the 1st instant; and although many of the details have been already published, we trust the article will prove interesting to our Military friends:

The 1st Battalion 18th Regiment N. P. under Captain LE FEVRE, marched on the evening of the 3d April to Undersoon,—he was fired on during the night, but a few rounds from the guns kept the insurgents at a respectable distance from his line of march. The Battalion arrived at Undersoon at day-break

on the morning of the 4th, where Lieutenant Griffiths with s detachment of 60 men, (having been surrounded by the insurgents during the whole of the preceding night, joined, and the whole marched back on Cuttack on the 15th, as they had moved from that place without supplies, and none were procurable at Undergoah. The Battalion (with the Light-Company 2d Battalion) again marched on the 10th, twesty miles to Balkotta, halted on the 11th for the remainder of the supplies. On the 12th the Rear Guard being fired on from Kosslepersaud, (a Pyke village) it was burnt, and the Light Infantry were detached in pursuit of the rebels in the jungle. On the 13th, the village of Gongpaurah (near which Lieut. Faris was killed) was burnt. On the morning of the 14th, the road to Khoorda having been recond noitered, and the entrance found to be strongly intrench'd and stockaded, defended by Matchlockmen and Archers, the Battalion moved down to the attack, and after a few rounds from the guns, the Light Infantry under Lieut. Herring gain'd possession of this position without a single casualty. During the remainder of the march (which lay through a thick bamboo jungle) a succession of unoccupied stockades presented themselver. At noon the Battalion encamped near the old lines at Khoorda, which village was found deserted; the rehels having burnt the houses belonging to the Darogali and other Officers of

" Captain Le Ferre not meeting with any of the rebels at Khoorda proceeded on the 16th through the Noasing pass (the road still more impeded with stockades than the Gongpaurah pass) to Bajepore, which village had fired on Lieut. Prideaux's detachment during his retreat, and was consequently burnt by Capt. Le Fevre agrecably to his instructions. He also burnt the Pyke village of Cuddillabaury near a stockade, contiguous to which he found and burried the remains of the late Lieur. Faris. Having at Bajepore received creditable information that Jugbundoo's forces had gone to Juggernauth, and not having received any letters since his march from Cuttack, Captam Le Fevre promeded the next morning (the 17th) to Kenos; marched erain in the afternoon, and at sun-set on his arrival at the Naggun Nullah, it was so much affected by the tide as to render it necessary to unload the tumbrils, &c .- The troops having bivouacked during the night, again moved forward at day-break tthe 18th.) and, at 9 o'clock, the rebels were perceiv'd drawn un in our front to the number of about 1000, and occupying a strong position on the bunds of the Bhargubby Nullah, near the village of Dobunda On the advance, and after a few shells which no doubt did much execution, the rebels perceiving our intentions of turning their flanks, fled in confusion,—they had several ilitgals but no guns. In the pursuit many were secured, and Marties Law having been proclaimed several have been brought to trial before a Court Martial.

"The Battalion without sustaining a single casualty from the period of its first march, reached Juggernauth at 2 in the after-

boon of the 18th, when Captain Le Fevre was informed of the retreat of the Detachment under Capt. Wallington, which took blace on the night of the 14th, after having for several days occupied the compound of Mr. Busby's house near the beach :that on the 13th, all the Bungalows were burnt and plundered, and much money extorted from the Officers of Government and Bengal Sircurs, to whom Jughandoo appears to have a great antipathy; That Khuisna Churdra Bediadhum, (son to the late Dewan,) with a part of the Rebel Army, had left Juggernanth on the 17th on hearing of our approach; and the same night Jugbundoo, with the remainder of the insurgents, left the town and proceeded to Dobunda, whence he was present in the

morning strack.

"As soon as Captain Le Fevre had pitch'd his Camp,
Muckoond Deo, the Khoorda Rajah, waited on him with assuran ces that he knew his own interest too well to follow the fortunes, or be in any manner concerned with Jugbundoo, that tunes, or no in any manner concerned when suggestions, that twenty palanquins had been collected by the insurgents (and at that time at the sate of his residence) for the removal of himself and family to Khoorda, but that he had declined all their solicitations. There is, however, little doubt, but, the unexpected arrival of the Battalion prevented the Rajah's removal, the

preparations not being completed.

"In searching for the plunder that had been taken and buried by the insurgents above five thousand rupees of the public money, was found on the 29th buried in the house of Lokenath Bullian Sing, a noted rebel, who holds a chief command under Jugbundoo.

"Captain Le Fevre re-established the Native Officers of Government in their respective situations; and the day after his arrival, the town was full, and the inhabitants resuming their

several occupations.

" On the 1st of May the 1st Battalion 18th Regiment still continued at Juggernauth, waiting the arrival of Major Hamilton with the 2d Battalion of the Regt., when Captain Le Fevre is ordered to return to the Khoorda District. The Collector and Mr. Busby were daily expected at Juggernauth.

" The main body of the Insurgents is near Bajeepore."

The following account of the movements of the detachment under Major Hamilton, we re-publish from the last Bengal Hurkaru:

"The intended movements, mentioned in our last, by the troops from Cuttack, after crossing the Cajoora on the 28th. were suspended, in consequence of intelligence being received that a body of insurgents were assembled in the neighbourhood of Serunghur, with the design of attempting to burn the town of Cuttack, as soon as the detachment should advance for Poorie. The movement was therefore deferred and Major Hamilton was ordered to dislodge them. He accordingly marched with 4 companies, the guns, and detachment of the Body Guard, be-

tween 8 and 9 o'clock that night, and proceeding on the Une deroos road, fell in with their stockades in approaching the vill he of Darootung, where the jungle begins to thicken and is continued enwards. As the detachment advanced they found the stockades very numerous and some of them very well constructed; composed of mud walls with loop holes besides a fence of Bamboo. The best of the stockades the enemy attempted to defend, but he was quickly driven from them and followed up, and thus the detachment opened its way as far as Undergoa, which they reached about 9 in the morning; burnt that place as they had done Dorootung and some other villages, where stockades had been erected. After resting for an hour they set off on their return to camp, where they arrived about 9 o'clock on the night of the 29th, all much fatigued. In turning one of the stockades, Lientenant White had an arrow, shot through his thigh and 3 Sepoys in all slightly wounded—two, of them by arrows. The arrow indeed appears to be their chief weapon. It is said few of the insurgents have matchlocks and that they are still worse off for anununtion. They did not on this occasion appear to be assembled in any considerable numbers. In consequence of this business the force did not move for Poorie till the night of the 1st. On the night of the 2d it arrived at Peeple and would not reach Poorie until the night of the 4th. The heat of the weather had become severe. It was understood the 2d Regiment Madras Cavalry had arrived at Romba on the lake, and that the Madras troops in that quarter had been reinforced by two Battalions. In which case one Battalion with the Cavale ry would probably advance, and then there would be abundance of troops for every purpose."

The Ukhbars from Peshour to the 1st of April state, that Mailmood Shah was about to proceed towards Cabul, and thence to Ahmud Shahee. The Vizier Futteh Khawn intended to remain at Peshour, to co-operate with Manomed Auzeem Khawn in the defence of Cashmere against the menaced attack of Runjeet Singh.

HOLKAR'S Camp on the 26th ultimo was at Bhojagurry. AMALEE, a commander in the service of
Scindiah, had communicated to the Bhaee his arrival within twelve coss of Rampoorah, where Guffoor
Khawn and the mulinous army were encamped; with
an intention of reducing them to obedience. Ameen
Khan, who a short time ago, had assured the Bhaee
that he was determined with his own hands, to slawGuffoor Khawn for his treason; had of a sudden,
treeome a mediator for him and his mulinous troops.
The Khan besought the Braee not to allow her

men to be coerced by Scindian's troops: but rather to conciliate her own army by giving them part of their arrears of pay. However the latter conduct of the Khan may seem inconsistent with his former Hectoring, it would appear, that his late advice has been politic: for, if the Chiefs of Scindian are allowed to reduce or disperse the army of Holkar,—consequences which the short-sighted policy of the Bhaer, may not perceive, are very likely to ensue. The only other article of importance in the Ukhbars from Holkar's Head-quarters, informs the Asiatic Newsmongers, that Mr. William Fraser, Assistant to the Resident at Delhi, has employed some celebrated artist, to paint a picture of "an old Tatan Wo-" man, with a long beard!"

Our accounts from Amretsir reach to the 13th April. The camp of RUNJEET SINGH had moved from Shahderah towards the Fort of Govind Gurrah.

The Chief of Moltan on the 7th ult. had not been able to satisfy the demands of the Seik army, which was burning and pillaging the Moltan villages. The mother of Shoojah-ul-Muluck, at his request, had proceeded from Moltan to Ludhianna.

We have no news from Jaypoor.

## SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

H 6 00-

-VS. SVS---

The Ship Lady Melville, from Europe, has arrived at Madravials the Menson, from this port.

Intelligence per St. Antonio from the Isle of France, Point de Galle, Madras and Ganjam.

The Frederick and Maria, Eliza and Tropic Bird, had not arrived at Mauritins, on the 27th March.

The Price of Rice improving.

The General Stewari, from England, sailed from Point de Galle on the 27th April, for Calcutta, also the Welton, from England and the Isle of France.

The Kiza, Captain Pringle, with Horses from the Gulph, was to sail from Point de Galle on the 28th April, for Madras and Calcutta.

The Perseverance, Captain Brown, sailed from the Isle of

France on the 27th March, for Calcutta.

The Ann, Captain Dickie, from Bombay, and the Laura, Captain Dennis, from the Cape and Isle of France, were at Madras on their return to Calcutta.

The Lord Melville, arrived at Madras on the 1st instant, from England bound to Calentta.

The Junerthan, Captain Laird, arrived at Madras on the

2d instant.

ARRIVALS. May 5. Brig Salamanca, Smith, from Rangoon the 7th April.

Do. 7. Brig Nelly, Ingram, from Madras 6th April, Masulipatam, and Vizagapatam the 1st May.—Crerie, (American)

Humphreys, from New York 20th December.

Do. 9. Ajax, Somes, from England 19th December, and Trincomalce 28th April. Passengers: Mr. James Peare, Mr. Nicholas Cradock, and Mr. Harriott Lane, Free-mariners. From Trincomalce: Mrs. Lockyer and five Children, and Captain Lockyer, H. M. 19th Regiment.—St. Antonio, Edward, from the Isle of France 27th April, Madras and Ganjam 5th May.—Brig Dragon, Brady, from the Cape of Good Hope 1st March.

Do. 10. Ann, Dickie, from Bombay 11th April.

Do. 11. Laura, Dennis, from the Cape of Good Hope 25th January, Isle of France 28th March, and last from Madras.

Passengers from the Cape: Lieutenant Hart, N. I. From these Isle of France: Lieutenant Foster, II. M. 50th and Captain Duncan, of the Country Service. From Madras: Cornet Alexander, H. M. 24th Dragoons, and Mr. Turner.

DEPARTURES. May 5. Brig Two Sisters, Scongall, for Madres and Ceylon.—Indian Packet, (Danish) Bruhn, for Copenhagen.

Do. 8. Bengal, (American) Dennis, for Salem.

MADRAS. ARRIVALS. 21. American Ship Penkin. Captain C. Dexter, from Boston 9th Nov. and Trincomalee 29th April.—22. H. M. Ship Conway, Captain Digby Dent, from Trincomallie. Passengers: Commissioner Puget, and Mr. W. Pitt; American Ship Cordelia, Captain C. E. Magee, from Boston 9th December.—26. Ship Fair Trial, Captain Wyatt, from Trincomalee.—27. Ship Fame, from Mauritius left 18th March; Ship Ennore Transit, Captain Greig, from the Isle of France 15th Jan. and Colombo 11th instant; Ship Clara, Captain William Gibson, from Sumatra left 25th March, and Negapatam 26th April.—28, Ship-Benson, Captain G. Betham, from Calcutta 8th April; Brig Helen, Captain S. Teisccera, from Chittagong 22d January and Pondicherry 27th April.

DEPARTURES. April 18. Ship Catherine, Captain George Mearns, to Calcutta.—22d. Brig June, Captain T. R. Court, to Calcutta; Ship Ruby, Captain R. Dennison, to Calcutta.—23. Cutter Howrah, Captain N. Cornet, to Calcutta.—27. Ship

Fame, Captain J. B. Brown, for Bengal.

BOMBAY. ARRIVALS. March 29. Ship Pascoa, Captain James

Nicoll, from Calcutta.

April 1. Free-trader Ship Mulgrave Castle, Captain James Ralph, from Loudon, Rig Janeiro and Cape of Good Hope.—2. Armed Boat Vigitant, Syrang Doss Mahamud, from Surat; Ship Lougies Family, Captain George Seton; from London and Rio Janeiro.—2. Free-trader Ship Oxford, Captain John Lamb, from London and Rio Janeiro.—13. H. C. Cruizer Sylph, Lieutenant J. W. Göy, from Mangalore; Schooner Williams, J. Stoffenberg, Commander, from Madras—14. H. M. Ship Orlando, John Clavell, Esq. Captain from Columbo bearing the Flag of His Excellency Rear Admiral Sir Richard King, B-ronet, K. C. B. Commander in Chief, in the Indian Scas.—16. Ship Cabrase, Nacqudah Hajee Natha, from Bengal; Ship Swallow, Free-tradec Captain John Faith, from London and Mauritius.—17. Ship Friendship, Captain William Black, from Mauritius.

DEPARTURES. March 31. Grab Ship Hamoody, Nacquidah Cooty Coy, to Cannahore; His 'Majesty's Sloop of War Bacchus

John, P. Parkin, Esq. Captain, to Mocha.

April 3. Ship Sir Evan Nepean, Captain John Boog, to Suez; Armed Roat Vigilant, Syrang Doss Mahomed, to Surat; Ship

Eliza. Captain John Pringle, to Bengal.

Passengers per Lowjee Family, from England: Mrs. Forbes; Mrs. Graham; Miss Canac; Michie Forbes, Esq.: Major Bentley, Engineers; Mr. Oakes, C. S.: Mr Graham, Artist; Mr. Thomas Dent: Mr. Archibald Inglis; Mr. Peter Simpson, and Mr. Jerves Skeene.

Per Oxford, from the Coast: Charles Walter, Esq. H. M. 22d

and Hill Morgan, Esq. M. D. Boml ay Establishment.

Per Muigrave Castle: Edward Grant, Esq.; Mrs. Grant; Mr. Brown; Mrs. Brown; Mrs. Baynes, and Lieutenant An-

thony.

Per Pascos: C. K. Robinson, Esq. Free-merchant; Lieutenant Pemberton, 26th Bengal Infantry; and Mr. A. V. Caldes.—12. Portuguese Grab Ship Rainhs dos Anjos, Commander Ludivins da Encarnacao, Macao.—13. Brig Prime, Commander William Lewes, to Pondecherry and other Port.—14. Portuguese Ship Prince Regent, Commander F. C. Dos Santos, to China; Ship Charlotte, Captain James. Stevenson, to China; H. C. Cruizer Sylph, Lieutenant J. W. Guy, to the Malabar Coast.

## MADRAS.

### SUPREME COURT.

In the trial of Mootiah and his accomplices on the first indictment, it appeared, that Raumah Rajah Sastry had been led to believe, he would be put in possession of the lands and property of the late Rajah of Vettom, by the aid of the Prisoners, and through the influence of certain Persons at Madas, whom J. Eberhardie was employed by the conspirators to personate; and that he actually, at various times, did appear three different characters before Rajah Sastry; that at one of these meetings, the latter gave him a Diamond Raja and two Shawls; that Rajah Sastry was also induced to advance about 4,800 Pagedas to the conspirators, for the purpose as he thought of bunging the negociation to a favorable close; the European Actor in this most extraordinary drama, having received the reward for his part of the performance, retired upon the country out of the way—where he remained more than a twelve-month—when he again a me down to the Presidency: In the mean time Rajanah Rajah Sastry had died of grief and vexation, it was thought, at the failure of the scheme, and the loss of his property; and his Executor desirous of discovering how he had been detrauded of this property, was brought by one of Moutah's accomplices to J. Eherhardie, who laid open the whole of the conspiracy.

The evidence against the Prisoners was perfectly clear; and

the Jury found them guilty.

Adootab, the principal Actor in this infamons conginacy, was a common Servant; the other matives belonged to no higher class; while J. Eberhardie, is of Dutch extraction, born in the country, and appears to have engaged in this plot, principally from a love of Brandy; we cannot help expressing our astomythment at the foily and credulity of Rajah Sastry and those about nim, in allowing themselves to be so grossly duped by a set of men like these-nothing indeed could more fully prove their extreme ignorance of the character of the British Authorities here; as well as of the manner and appearance of

the higher c'ass of Europeans.

On Saturday Mootish and his accomplices were put to the Bar muon the second indictment-for conspiring to poison and destroy the Emopean J. Eberhardie. It appeared by the evidence, that the conspirators finding Eberhardie had become acquainted with the Executor of Rajah Sastry, and was probably discovering their infamous plot, administered prison to him at two separate times; which though it fieled in the effect they interded was sufficiently powerful to undermine his constitue tion; having been failed in their plan to destroy him, they resolved upon enother attempt, which from the preparation made, they appeared to consider ay not likely to feil; and under the pretence of giving him a sum of inquey to leave Madras, they invited him to a house in the Black Town, which they had taken f: their diabolical purpose, and where the assassians assembled in the evening, they were to meet Eberhardie, who repaired to the house according to appointment;—they had not only prepared the instruments of death, but had dug a grave for their victim in one of the rooms, fortunately an accomplice (Tandroyen) discovered the plot to Rauh Sastry's Executor, as well as to Eberhardie; and Police Officers were on the watch, when the latter entered the house; into which, after a interval they rushed, and seized the wratches, before they had com. Dieted their murdereus purpose,

The Juty found the Prisoners Mootiah, Andyapen, Cunda-

pen, and Mootooswamy, Guilty.

On the subject of conspirações in general, and of these in particular, the learned Judge in addressing the Grand Jury, stated in substance. That he viewed conspiracy, as the most dangerous offence in society—bue, from which no persons whatever his rank or station in life-his circumspection or prudence, could guard against ; the old Law marked it with peculiar odium ; a judgement of great severity, called the Fillainous Judgement, was appropriate to this offence and to no other; it might be defined a combination of persons to injure or defr. ud the publict or individuals; and was as various, as the objects of mischief, which deprayed minds; could eagender: it was not necessary to prove the actual fact of conspiring, that might he collected from collateral circumstances, the offence did not consist of a specific act, but was a combination of acts, tending to one common e di and the object of a conspiracy in most eases, could only be judged, as one would judge of the plan and objects of a hostile Army by the concurrent acts, motives, and conduct of the parties engaged, andacting for one common purpose. Accomplices in conspiracies were competent witresair, and have been co-sidered so in all ages ; upon the printurle of necessity-and of public policy-as such deeds of darkness could setdom be discovered by any other testimony; and because it was bicor sequence to show persons who engage in them, that the greatest risk of discovery, was from the treacherry of line town confederates: there was a peculiarly in the daw of evidence in eases of conspiracy, founded in great wisdom s the principle of which, applied not only in treasunable conspiracies, but in mistemeautrs-all who take any share in the guilt are considered principals - 4 and the acts and willings and proceedings of each person engaged and acting in the same common design is evidence against all the others enis gaged with him." A compracy to marder or poison was in this country only a high misdemeanor; Lord Elleuborough's Act, which made the offence of administering prison with the intent to kill, a capital crime, did not extend to this Country; the offence also of conspiring to cheat and defraud, was only nhigh misdemeanor, punishable by fine and imprisonment, by corporal punishment, or pillory—unless it could be made to belong to the class of cases, which proved an original preconcerted plan in the parties to steal the property-which amounts in point of law to a felony; personating another at the Bank to transfer Stock or in a Court of Record was a capital offencebut the case in question did not come within the limits of these at the. The learned Judge considered the come tacies about to be brought before the Jury, as the most flagitious and minuitons, in the history either of ancient or impdern delimptency; whether the base objects they had in view were considered, the artful and wicked means by which such objects we e to be effected, or the consequences, which might have resulted from the base artifices and wicked intrigues that were resorted to. He

was very happy that these cases were bought forward; and were to undergo a strict and unbiassed scrutiny, both on accon t of the high and honorable characters which this kubt of miscreauts had with so much audacity introduced into their plan, as well as because he hoped it would afford a good moral lesson to Natives, and Europeans in subordinate situations—it would also remain a lasting inemento to the Natives of the dangers they expose themselves to, by indulging the corrupt and delusive no lon-, that the Authorities in this country can be approached or moved by such base and cordid aris-the unfortunate man Hajab Sastry had become the dupe of his folly and credulity, and had tallen a sucrefice to his own corrupt practice. A lesson would also he affo ded to low Europeans, of the hazards they run, in becoming instruments in such iniquitous enterprizes; by which they disgraced the name and character of an European; an extraordinary interposition of Providence had saved the European, J. Eberhardie, from private assassination, in order that he might stand forth, and reveal those wicked and mysterious conspiracies which Moutiah and his accomplices. had resolved should be for ever concea ed-they had been concealed for some time, like the conspiracy to poison Sir Thomas Overbury, in the Tower, in the Reign of James the 1st, which was shrouded in darkness for years; until the Apothecary's Apprentice who has been employed to mix the poisons. and who was sort out of the way to Rushing, was discovered in his retreat; and the criminals who had lived thus long in security, and thought all was forgotten, were astonished at the evidence thus suddenly b ought forth to convict them.

A Bil having been found against Barker Hossain, and Abdul Rahvim, charged with compiring to poison Javar Hoossain K an with intent to kill him; the Prisoners were put upon their trial on Monday last; but were acquitted. And the Pro-

secutor committed for trial.

On Tuesday and resterday, the Court was occupied in the trial of Veerasawmy and others servants in the Master Attendant's Department for conspiring to obtain the removal of Lieutenant Betham, Acting Master Attendant. The trial was going on when this Paper was prepared for the Press, [Gazette, May 1.

We are as destitute of any news by Sea, as we have already observed we are by Tappals from Bengal.

On Tursday evening, His Majerty's Sloop Conway, Capt. Digby Dent, arrived in the roads from Trincomalee. She brings no news. Passengers, Commissioner Puget, and William Pitt. Esq for the recovery of his health.

On the same evening, sailed the Ruby, Captain Dennison, for Bengal, having on board Colonel Sir John Malcolm, K. C. B. and

Cap'ain Fitzclarence.

The Ship Fane, from Port Louis the 18th ultimo, came in o Sunday, but she does not being any intelligence of so late a date so that we gave in our late

The Fame brings no news, but reports that the Frederic and iMaria, and Trapic Bird, had not arrived at the French island and were supposed to have been lost; or greatly driven but of their track by the late Gale.

The Ennore Transit, Captain Greig, also arrivedon Sunday last from Cotombo, whence she sailed on the 12th instant. She

brings no news.

The Eminie Transit has had a very long Passage from being very unfortunate in respect to wind and currents.—She did not suffer in any of the gales off the Mauritius, but when she got note the Longitude of the Maldivil Islands, a succession of calms and currents ensued that in the first place carried her to the Coast of Africa, and for opwards of two months buffled every attempt to get her into any Port whatever.—She was carried at one time near the entrance in o the Red Sea; and she endeavoured to make Bombay in order to stock and water, being in great distress for the latter; but the total failure of wird sufficient to effect this object, prevented it.—Shortly after a breeze at last povi estially sprung up, that enabled her to teach Colombo, when she procured the long desired supplies.

We are happy to amount e the arrival of the Free Trader Benson, Captain Bet am, she will convey a Mail from this Piccideacy to England The following is a list of her Passengers.

Mis. Betham, Miss Laing, Mr. J. R. Lang, Captain Page, Capt. East, Mr. Reywood, MR Trist, Mr. Shephard, Mr. Patiby, and Mr. Agenoe.

We are at I it ble to furnish any fufther particulars of the loss of the Honorable Company's Ship Elphinstone, but there

can be no doubt of the truth of this melancholy story.

#### REVENUE APPOINTMENTS.

Mr W. Shefheld, First Head Assistant to the Collector of

Mr. W. Mason, Second Head Assistant to the Collector of Mulab r. [Courier, April 29. .

# BOMBAY.

Another vessel was launched on Wednesday the 2d of this month from the Mazagon slip for the pilot service at Cilcutta She glided into her element under the name of The Henry Mariton; the ceremony of christening her having been performed by Alexander Bell, Esq. with a consideration most justly merited by the respectable character whose name she bears, and under whose superintendency this and the other vessels for the same service have been recently constructed at this port. If nautical skill, knowledge, and intrepidity, if a life bied in the

scafaring line, and a zeal devoted to the profession, constitute a claim to public notice on such an occasion, we may be allowed to assert that this vessel could not have been impre appropriately designated.

Sir Pulteney Malcolm left the Cape in the Newcastle, for St. Helena in December.

The Lowjee Family. Capt. J. Seton, and the Orford, Capt. John Lamb entered this harbour on Wednesday the 2d in fant, they left Portsmouth the 27th October, and Rio Janeiro the 24th December; they have brought no news.

[Courier, April 5.

We were rather surprized while perusing a paragragh in the Calcutta Gazette asserting, on the authority of a letter from New York, " that by an Act of the 20th of June, all 44 American vessels are permitted to import. into India, "British manufactures or arricles, the produce or manu-" facture of any foreign state, at the same duties, to whick " they would be, subject if imported in a British bottom", We have had reference to the zers connected with this maportant privilege, and find that the correspondent to question has not taken a very correct view of the intentions of the British Legislature. The 56th of the King Chap. 15, being an act to carry into effect a convention of commerce, concluded between His Majesty and the United States, provides, that upon the importation into any port of the United Kingdom of American goods, in American vessels, no higher duties shall be paid than if import din a British Ship; and that upon the experiation from the United Kingdom of any European goods in American bottoms, iro higher duties shall be paid than if exported in British vessels.

As however the act in question did not contain any provision for permitting vessels of the United States of America to clear out from the ports of England to the British Settlements in the East Indies, another act was passed in the same Session, on the 20th June 1816, to amend the former one, which permits vessels built in the United States, &c. to clear out from any Port of the United Kingdom to the principal settlements of the British Dominions, in this country, with any goods which may be legally exported in British built vessels; "subject to the like

Et rules, regulations. restrictions, penalties and forfeitures as are now by law ampend upon the experiation of such goods to the said settlements in British-built Ships:"?

The act being entirely silent in respect to the rates of duty and charges to which the trade in American bottoms is to be subject, the terms of the convention of commerce must regulate that point; that instrument will be found to place the Americans, in that respect, only on the same footing as the most favored European nations, and as no foreign trades is placed, in legard to duties and charges on an equality with a British, it follows that the Americans cannot claim that indulgence; the most favoured nation is liable to the payment of double the duties imposed on the British trader. The American therefore must also be subject to double duties. [Gazette, April 2.

The Orlando Frigate arrived on Monday evening, having on board His Excellency the Admiral; to whom, when landing, the accustomed honors were paid.

[Guzette, April 16.

We have heard from undonlied authority that H. M. Ship Minden, when proceeding to Gibraltar, was one of the fastest sailing ships in the squadron under Lord Exmonth; and in the action at Algiers, a tho' warmly ergaged, see suffered less from the enemies' batter es than any other ship, it consequence of the shot not spinitering her sides; and we understand that, in private letters from his Lordship bimself to his free ds at Bombay, he desires, with that anxiety for the credit of the old builder, which he has at all times mainfested, that the good conduct of the Monden might be communicated to Jamseties, and his congritulations offeled to him at the result of so severe a test of the character of that ship.

The Houble Company's vessels Silph and Mosquito arrived here on Sanday last with treasure from Mengalore. On the 1th April they passed a fleet of vessels under Arab colors standing to the N. W. consis ing of one ship, two brigs and four dark, the sup was without a main formast and foretogral and man, and on the 9th they passed another Arab ship at anchor, without a mizen top most. From the as pearance of the vessels it was supported the mas's had, been carried away.

We noders and that the Orlando frigate spoke with the Desparch cuties, from Calcarta, bound for this post on the cossi in want of water, with which she supplied her [Courier, April 19. CASCUITA MONTHLY JOURNAL,

## CEYLON.

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Church within the Fort was struck by lightning. One of the ornaments which surmounted the Building at the South end caught the flash and was shattered to pieces, the tiles of the roof have been considerably broken, but no injury done within except that part of the back boarding of the seats fronting the principal entrance being injured. This lefty Building having attracted the lightning, we must consider as a fortunate circumstance for the House of the Commandant which immediately adjoins it; and at a moment when a Church was empty, a few hours more, and a large number of persons would have been assembled there to celebrate Easter Day.

[Goot. Guz. April 12.

# CALCUITA MONTHEY JOURNAUS

# Vol. XXX.) CALCUPEA ; Mex 19, 1817. [No. 271]

#### FROM THE GOVT. GAZETTE,-MAY 13, 1817:

#### MILITARY.

GUNERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCEPTION THE RIGHT HOVORING THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COLNCIL.

#### FORT WILLIAM; MAY 2, 1817.

1. The Right Honorable the Governor General in Council was pleased, in the Judicial Department, under date 18th ultimo, to a point Captaiu William Blake of the 18th Regiment of Native Infantry, to survey and mark out the line of the proposed road from Beneres to Scharunpore, and to place that Officer under the orders of the Superintendent of Police in the Western Province, in the execution of the above Survey, or of any other works or estimates connected with the same.

2. Licutenant E. Jeffreys of the 22d Regiment of Native Infantry, having furnished the prescribed Certificates from the Medical and Pay Departments, is permitted to proceed to Europe

on furlough, for the recovery of his health.

J. YOUNG,

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept-

"THIRAL ORDERS, BY HIS PACELLIFICY THE RIGHT HONORS ABLE" THE COVERNOR MENERAL IN COUNCIL.

#### FORT WILLIAM : MAY 2, 1817.

His Excellency the Right Honorable the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the pravision of the 6th Article 1st Section Medical, Regulations, shall be considered applicable to the European Troops at Prince of Wales's Island and Bencoolen, whether amounting to or falling below 24 men; and to concel the arrangement specified in 6th Article 2d Section, as far as regards those Settlements.

J. YOUNG,

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

BALERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT HOVOR-

#### FORT WILLIAM : MAY 9, 1817.

His Excellency the Right Honorable the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. Assistant Surgeon W.

Adamson, to perform the Medical duties of the Civil station of thangapare, and Mr. Assistant Surgeot John Henderson, to perform the Medical duties of the Civil station of Culpec.

J. YOUNG,

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

#### FORT WILLIAM, MAY 16, 1817.

The Governoe contral in Council is pleased to direct the publication of the following Extract from the London Gazelie of the 7th of the couler, 1816, amounting the advancement in the Poeri security has Royal Highness the Parker Regent, in the man, or con the behalf of this Maresty, has been graciously the or to conter on the Governoe, General.

WHITEHALL Droemagn 5, 1816,

His al lighness the Priver Recent has been pleased in the name and on the behalf of Hrs Majesty, to grant the Dignities of Viscourt, Earl, and Marquess of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland into Francis, Earl, or Morra, Governor-General of India, Knight of the Most hobbe Order of the Garter, and General of His Majesty's Forces, and to the Heirs male of his holy lawfully begotten, by the names, styles, and titles of Viscourt Loudque, Earl of Raydon, and Marquess of Hastings."

Officers, Civil and Military, are in consequence to take notice, that all acts requiring the signature of the Governor General, or the Commander in Chief, will henceforth be at-

tested by the Title of HASTINGS.

By Command of His Excellency the Most Noble the Gogenuor General in Council,

J. ADAM,

Acting Chief Secretary
to the Government.

Several respectable individuals at this Presidency, have formed themselves into a Society for the truly laudable purpose of providing suitable books of instruction in the Asiatic and European languages, for the use of native schools; with a view, to the enlargement of the understanding—and the improvement of the character of the rising generation of our native fellow subjects.

We are happy to find that this Institution which is to be denominated the Calcutta School Book Society, has avowed, that it is no part of its design to

furnish religious books. The restriction howevery will not preclude the supply of moral tracts, or works of a moral tendency, which may improve the mind without interfering with the religious sentiments of the natives: and, indeed, the association of the resepectable Native Gentlemen who have become Members of the Provisional Committee, will convince the most scrupulous individuals of the native community, that the objects of this institution are the improvement of morals and the diffusion of knowledge.

While we are on this subject, we cannot help suggesting to the Reverend Clentlemen who have been so indefatigable in their exertions to introduce into British India, the principles of the Lancasterian system of education; and whose exertions have already been so successful:—that it will be advisable to keep in mind the principle, which seems to have formed the corner one of the School Book Society. The Taol spreaded to be exhibited to the youth, who are expecter to attend the Native schools, should be so concured, that no possible alarm may be given to their fare: it -: and although the Tables may contain simple a tions and perspicuous sentences relative to astronomy, geography, and the principal phenomena of nature; we think; that in giving the native children a compendium of history and chronology, so as to make them acquainted with the state of the world in past ages—the nature of man—the call of ABRAHAN—and the gradual revelation of the scriptures;-too much care cannot be manifested in guarding against consequences which would seem to be obvious. It will be readily admitted that the eye which has been long accustomed to the privation of light; may be injured rather than benefited, by being too suddenly exposed to the full influence of the solarray: and that a person long accustomed to darkness, will perceive objects with more distinctness, if gradually introduced to the enjoyment of the GREATEST HUMAN BLESSING!

It is stated in the Hurkaru of Saturday, that the Governor General will probably proceed to the Western Provinces in the month of July—and that

Colonel Sir John Malcolm will embark this day on a Pilot Schooner to the Southward.

We have been favoured with the perusal of a letter, dated Hussingabad the 1st instant; from which we collect that the force at that place was preparing for the rainy season, which was expected to commenre about the latter end of this month. The cantonments are described to be pleasantly situated on the banks of the Nerbuddah; but as the country is low, and covered with jungle, and in the vicinity of high hills, some apprehension is entertained rest pecting the health of the Troups during the expectel rains: The second Battalion of the 10th, the first Dattallon of the 19th and 22th Regiments ? The Light Buttalion: the 5th Native Cavalry and the Artillery, are to be Cantoned or Hutted at Hussin-Labad. The first Battalion of the 23d Regiment at Sallangpure; the first Battalion of the 10th at Gurwarah; the second Battalion of the 23d and the Robilla Cavalry at Jubbalpore and Belbarce; the three latter stations are represented to be well situated in a beautiful country: Two detachments of the 5th Regiment of Native Cavalry under the command of Major Chrane and Lieut. Buckley, had failen in with two parties of Pindarees near Llendrice—the killed, wounded, and prisoners of the maratiders amounted to about 280-No casualties are mentioned to have happened in either detachment.

Accounts from Cuttack state, that Captain Le Prene had opened a communication with Ganjam. Major General Runder was encamped near Berhampore with two Battalions and six Companies of Infantry, and six hundred Cavalry; and it is hoped that the disturbances in the district of Ganjam before this time, have been subdued. The body of insurgents under Judnuknoc, which at the time of our last accounts encamped near Khoorda. Some reports state that he attempted to make his escape from the district of Cuttack; but that the Pikes prevented his departure: and other runnous assert

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that he has endeavoured to cheer the spirits of his followers, by assuring them of a speedy re-inforcement of two thousand Mahratta Cavalry. The Detachment of Artillery which left Calcutta some time ago in the Minto has returned; not having been able to effect a landing, by reason of the state of the coast, and the want of proper boats, in the neighbourhood of Balasore.

The Rajah of Poorie is to be removed under a strong escort to this Presidency. Major General Martingell and his Staff arrived at Cuttack on

the 6th instant.

Since writing the foregoing paragraph, the following Postcript to the Hurkaru has been published:—

" At sun-rise on the morning of the 10th, a body of about 2,500 of the Insurgents paid a visit to the post of Peeply in two bodies. The force stationed there remained for some time under arms in expectation of the enemy coming within range of their shot. Finding however that they would not, our party advanced, fired wolley, when the Insurgents took to their heels and were pursued for about 4 miles. Nineteen of them were killed near to Peeply and many more must have fallen in the pursuit. It is supposed from eighty to one hundred were wounded. A few Matchlocks and Swords, were taken. Among the killed was a Sirdar of some note, who had done much mischief in that neighbourhood. Another Sirdar was wounded but carried off by his adherents. The only casualties on our side were-one Scapov wounded by a Matchlock ball, another slightly by an arrow. No Cavalry was with the detachment, otherwise the enemy must have been entirely cut up. Captain Le Fevre with the 1st Battalion 18th marched from Peeply on the 9th, with the Rajah and Suite."

We have also been informed that a Legion, to consist of Cavalry and Infantry, is forthwith to be raised at Cuttack for Provincial duties; and is to be under the charge of Capt. Simon Frash who lately Commanded the Javanese Corps.

Intelligence from HOLKAR's Camput Bhooja Gurrah, dated the 29th of March states, that the mutinous army under Guffoon Kitawn had resolved to measure its strength with the troops of Amares, and that an attack would speedily be made by the muineers.

It appears from the Moltan and Amretsir Ukhbars that the Nabob of Moltan has prevailed on Runjeet Sing to withdraw his army. Sixty thousand Rupees are to be paid forthwith and the remainder by instalments.

AMEER KHAWN was actively employed in the siege of Madhorajpoorah. The place was completely invested: but the Kelaudar had found means to remove his Women to Lawah. Mohtaub Khawn

was at Hindoon.

A Sale of Landed Property took place on Saturday last, at Messrs. Gould and Campbell's, the result of which, demonstrated the degree of estimation in which the Houses was built by Mr. Samuel Middleton, are considered by the public. We have been informed that five of these Houses sold for One Lac, Ninety-nine Thousand and Nine Hundred Rupees.

We also learn that seven other Houses in Chowringhee, the property of the same gentleman, are shortly to be disposed of by Messrs. Gould and

Campbell.

Extract of a Letter from Kedgeree:

"Some Tigers having made their appearance in this neighbourhood, men were sent out to discover their haunt, and their place of abode was discovered. The old ones had gone in quest of prey but three young Cubs were taken away in triumph, and are now doing well. The old ones have not since been seen or heard of."

Extract of another letter received from Kedge-

ree, dated the 16th instant.

"There are two large Tigers in the vicinity of this place, which I suppose are the mother and father of the three young cubs we took several days ago.—On the 13th and 14th instant, they killed two large bullocks, one at the Kedgeree village, the other near the Flag Staff. The Dawk-boats cannot lay in the creek for fear of loosing the men. It is to be

hoped that some measures will be adopted to get them destroyed, as it is very dangerous for any person to move out at night."

We understand that it is in contemplation to establish a sort of Conversazione at the Town-Hall every Wednesday evening, during the hot season, where a room will be provided with card tables, chess boards, port-folios of prints, caricatures, pamphlets, and newspapers. Each gentleman's ticket to admit all the ladies of his family. The particulars of the scheme have not yet been decided upon.—

#### SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVAIN. May 12. Brig Alice, Gracia, from Mad. as 1st and Vizagapatam 7th May. Passengers from Madras: Mr. J. King. Purser of the Harriett. Messrs. W. Tuttello and H. Whitecomb, Officers H. M. Navy, and Mr. C. Rutledge,

Do. 13. Dutchess of Argyle, Campbell, from Chittagong 5th May-Brig Cyclops, Poulson, from Madras 6th May.

Do. 14. Barrossa, Garrick, from China 15th March, and Malacca 9th April. Passengers from China: Mr. Charles Cutter, Merchant; from Malacca: Lieutenant Fletcher, and Mrs. Short and Child—Earl Kellie, Hamilton, from Mauritius 2d April, and last from Madras—Charlotte, Coucher, from the Cape 18th February, and Madras 7th May.

Do. 16. India, (American) Tomkins, from Tenerisse 19th January, and Tristan da Cahna 10th March.

Do. 18. Albion, (American) Conway, from Boston 22d December.

DEPARTURES. May 10. Schooner Brothers, Gordon, for Okhotsk.

Do. 11. Eliza, Oliver, for London-Cutter Mermaid, Schally, for New Holland.

Do. 14 George, (American) West, for Salem—Nymphen, (Danish) Kierulpe, for Copenhageu Emma, Mitchell, for the Isle of France.

Do. 15. Phillippo, Nicholls, to complete her lading for China—Phanix, Thompson, for London.

Do. 16. Viagente. (Portuguese) Vieira, for China-Mustapha, (Arab) Mahomed, for Rangoon.

BOMBAY. ARRIVALS. April 18. Brig Ralph. Captain F. Leclerc du Rouvray, from the Mauritius.—19. Portuguese Ship Glorious, Syrang Merjee Dowjee, from Demaun.—20. Ship Anne and Amelia, Captain Edward Oakes, from the Isle of France; Armed Boat Vigilant, Syrang Doss Mahomed, from Surat.—25. Ship Timanda, Free-trader from London, Captain John Cattanick. Passenger: Mr. H. B. Nelson.

DEFARTURES. April 19. H. M. Sheer Hulk Arrogant, John Thimble, Lieutenant, in charge, to Trincomalie; H. M. Sloop Challenger. P. H. Bridges. Esq. Captain, to Trincomalie.—20. Ship Shaw Byramgore. Captain G. Hammmets, to China.—21. American Ship Saco, P. Haskell. Commander, to Boston.—22. Ship Helen, Captain Andrew Crawford, to China; The Henry Meriton, Pilot Brig, to Calcutta, Mr. A. Barths, Commander.—23. Armed Boat Vigilant, Syrang Doss Mahomed, to

Broach and Cambay.

# MADRAS.

The Criminal Session has not yet terminated, but we believe the proceedings will be completed this day. This Session has been remarkable for some of the most important and singular trials which perhaps bave ever engaged the attention of the luhabitants of this Presidency .- But we trust that the numerous convictions which have taken place. will at least have the effect of preventing the recurrence of the high crimes and misdemeanors which have disgraced the present Criminal Session, and that henceforth the Calendar will be stained with charges of a comparatively light and insignificant nature, and with the names only of persons of the lowest description. In our last, we published the important trial of Mootiah and others, for the most atrocious and diabolical Conspiracy which ever entered into the human heart to perpetrate. We have now to record the conviction of Conspirators equally dangerous to the Community in general, though perhaps not so fatal to the objects of their malicious designs.

We here allude to the trial of Veeragaway Ramasusmus, Davoinaigum, and Sevacunkarun, servants in the Master Attendant's Departments, for a Conspiracy to procure

the dismissal of Lieutenant Bernam, Acting Deputy Master Attendant of this Port, from that appointment. The investigation of this important case occupied the Court daring the whole of the week, and only termine and on Saturday afternoon. It was our intention to hear through motage of this trial, which had so greatly write the maker training fest, but the evidence was of that we make the content of the sisting principally of public documents from Trade, and the most minute details of the Might, Area dan's Department, that we have found it quite , in in this instance to fulfil our intention to meet the wise the Public. On Tuesday, Mr. Stavely a ununced that case till Thursday evening. On Friday, the "Advocate General addressed the Jury on behalf of the Defendants. in an able and argumentative appeal, and the examination of the witnesses for the defence consumed the remainder of the day. On Saturday, Mr. Stavely replied, and the Chief Justice immediately proceeded to sum up the evidence with great clearness and ability, shortly commenting as he went on upon the nature of the testimonies which had been adduced, and concluded with expressing his confidence in leaving the case to the intelligent and justly discriminating minds which characterise the Madras Juries. Mr. Justice STANLEY followed at very considerable length. remarking upon the important nature of the charge, and selecting from the whole of the voluminous evidence in this case, such passages, as he conceived, clearly demonstrated the existence of the conspiracy, and the guilt of the Prisoners. The Jury immediately returned a Verdict of GUILTY.

The Court was greatly crowded throughout this interest-

ing Trial.

Yesterday the investigation of a case of Conspirincy to Cheat by fabricating a Bond and producing evidence of its having been executed by the pretended obligor, occupied the Court. The Trial had not concluded at a late hour of the day.

The Chief Justice and family will leave the Presidency this evening or to-morrow for Bangalore, t. pass the ensuing vacation.

The Shipping arrivals at this Port during the last week have been more numerous than we' ever recoilect in the same period of time: but we have not benefited by this

circumstance, as no news has been received by them. Most of the arrivals have been from the Mauritius, from whence they sailed nearly at the same period. The date of the latest paper we have seen from Port Louis is the 29th of March, and it contains nothing worth extracting, except a few Shipping notices, which will be found in their proper place. The Markets at Port Louis are very bad. Trade is at a stand and money was extremely scarce.

The Packet Renson. Captain Betham, it is thought, will sail about the end of the week, but no notice has yet-been given of the time for closing the Packets.

The American Ship Frances, sailed for Boston yester-

day.

Passengers. Mrs. Cleaveland, Mrs. Dowden, Lieutenant Dowden, N. I. and Master Gibson.

Hi. Majesty's Sloop Conway, sailed for Trincomalee on

Saturday evening.

The Ship Charlotte, arrived in the Roads on Sunday, from the Cape, whence she sailed on the 17th of February. We had hoped to have gained by this arrival some further intelligence relative to the Imperial Prisoner at St. Helena, but we have been disappointed, and have learned up particulars in addition to those we received by the Laura, which it will be recollected brought us Cape Papers of the 1st of February. We have merely heard that a Trunsport arrived at the Cape from St. Helena, a few days before the departure of the Charlotte from Table Bay, which reported that the Ex-Emperor was well, but that he continued to get fat, and was sullen, and out of humour with every body.

The Eliza, has arrived from the Gulph, but has brought no overland intelligence, neither can we learn from her

any thing relative to the Joassme Pirates.

[Courier, May 6.

On Sunday last arrived the Cutter Mermaid, Captain Chiene, from Mauritius the 9th of Feb. By this conveyance we have received Gazettes from that Island to the 8th, from which we have made several Extracts for this day's Paper—and are happy to observe that from the prompt and decisive measures adopted by the Supreme Government, all apprehensions of scarcity from the late destructive conflagration and the succeeding draught had been completely obviated.—The Proclamation of His Excellency the Governor will be found in a preceeding column.

It appears, from the report of Dr. High, that the Cinhumon tree was thriving on the Island.—The latest arrival at the Mauritius from England, was the Ganges. Captain Falconar, which left the Downs on the 4th of November, bound to Bengal.

#### PORT LOUIS.

After the doubts which have been raised and propagated, concerning the Cinnamon trees heretofore introduced into this Colony, the planters and inhabitants of this Island will hear with pleasure that Doctor High, the superintendant and taster of Cinnamon, at Ceylon, for a great many years, has, on examination of the Cinnamon trees of the King's Botanic garden, at Pamplemouses, declared, that they are of the true species, and of an excellent quality: Doctor High prepared some of the Cinnamon from these trees, himself, and a specimen of those who desire it, at the Office of the printers of this Gazette.

## MAURITIUS PROCLAMATION.

Article 1st.—The Proclamation of the twenty-seventh of September one thousand eight hundred and fifteen is repeated.

Article 2d .- Mr. Barbe de Marbois is reinstated in

his situation of President of the Court of Appeal.

Article 3d.—The situation of Vice President of the Court of Appeal is re-established, and Mr. Martin Meizeroi is again called to fill it.

Article 4th.-Mr. Devience is reinstated in his situation

of Chief Registrar of the said Court.

Article 5th.—The Judges of the Court of Appeal shall sit, and take their rank according to the following order, viz. Messrs. Martin, Pigeot St. Vallery, De suc, De la Chenardere, May, Mallac, Martin St. Geniez.

Mr. Barbes shall continue in his situation of Substitute

due Procureur General

Article 6th.—The present Proclamation to be read and entered upon the records of the Courts and Tribunals, and an Office copy of the same to be forthwith addressed to His Honor the Chief Judge and Commissary of Justice.

[Mauritius Gazette, Jan. 21.

# BOMBAY:

# CIVIL APPOINTMENTS.

Mr. Wedderburn, to be Accountant General and Accountant in all the other branches of the Departments and Civit Auditor, in succession to Mr. Kaye.

Mr. Best to be Sub-Treasurer and Civil and Marine

Pay Masters, in succession to Mr. Wedderburn.

Mr. Doveton, to be Deputy Accountant General, Deputy Revenue Accountant and Deputy Civil, Auditor, in succession to Mr. Best.

Mr. Cherry, to be Deputy Military Accountant, in successoin to Mr. Doveton.

Mr.) Bruce, to he Assistant to the Sub-Treasurer, in succession to Mr. Cherry.

Mr. Boutchier, to be Second Assistant to the Commer-cial Agent in Malabar.

By private information received here, we learn that a large body of freehooting horse, whether Piudaries or not we are ignorant, who were encamped on the banks of the Peira about eleven miles north west of Sonee Ramaney. were surprised in their camp by a detachment of the Madras army under the command of Major Smith. account states, that two companies of the 1st of the 3d. two of the 1st of the 2d and the flank companies of the 14th, Madras native infantry, marched from the banks of the Berma 45 miles south east of the Seroor, in pursuit of a body of hore, ; they continued the chase with astonishing exertion and perseverance for four days and five nights. and at day break of the fifth day (the 17th April), surprised their encampment, just as they were preparing for a march. The nature of the ground prevented the infantry immediately forming line, they poured a volley into the camp and then broke into divisions of two companies and marched through the camp. The freebooters got on their horses with uncommon rapidity, and formed beyond their camp, leaving behind them several of their saddles and a great quantity of baggage. as the infantpy had got' through the camp, Major Smith concentrated his detechment, and a body of the best mounted and equipped of the horse exchanged a few shot with the infantry and then made off, leaving about sixty men and many more horses dead on the field. This body of

been driven from the ne ight purified of soon, which been driven from the ne ight purified of Maha Dew by Continued Smith, and were on the march towards Cassarbary, and the report was that they had been fallen in with on the banks of the Godavery by the brigade under Colonel Milmoss and had been still more severely haudied. We regret to state that in their march they had met with Lieutenant Warre of the Madras Artillery, who was proceeding with a small party from Seroor towards Sonce Ramaney, and had murdered him with two or three of his seapoys, Lieut. Warre's remains were buried at Sonce Ramaney on the 18th instant.

We understand that the Oxford, free- trader, will sail

hence for London on the 30th instant.

The Timandra, Captain J. Cattannick, from London, anchored in this harbour yesterday afternoon; she left Gravesend the 7th November, has not brought any letter nor news.—Passenger, Mr. H. R. Nelson.

Courier, April 26.

# · CALCUTTA MONTHLY JOURNARY

Wel. XXX.] CALCUTTA; MAY 10, 1817. [No. 271

From the GOVERNMENT TREETE, MAY TO.

#### CIVIL APPOINTMENTS.

# JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

MAY 76, 1817.

Mr W Cowell, Second Judge of the Provincial Court of Appeal and Court of Circuit for the Division of Benarce, Mr J. Amagny, Third Judge of the Provincial Court of Appeal and Court of Circuit for the Division of Modrahedabad. Mr W. Wright, Judge and Magnetrate of Cawapore. Mr C Dawes, ditto ditto of Rajeshahy.

#### MILITARY.

w

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS ESCELLERCY THE RIGHT HOTOR-ABLE THE GOVERYUS GETERAL IN COL-SCIL.

#### FORT WILLIAM, MAY 2, 1817.

It having been represented to Government that the efficiency of the Commissariat would be considerably improved by ait is hing to it permanently a Class of Warrant Officers, to be currented with Employments and Charges of a higher nature than can judiciously be confided to Non-Commissioned Officers, the Right Honorable the Governor General in Council is pleased to add four Warrant Officers to the existing establishment of that Department.

His Lordship in Council following the principles which recently guided the proceedings of Government in the institution of a secondary Class of Conductors of Ordnance, deems it necessage to divide the Commissariat Warrant Officers into two second Classes of Conductors and Sub-Conductors, who are to be placed in all respects on the footing of the Corresponding officers in the Ordnance Department—The Conductors and Bub-Conductors of the Commissariat Penartment are however

to form a list entirely distinct.

His Lordship in Equipoli, with a view to encourage zeal and availably ground the Company of Warrant Officers, declares that premotion from the intelligence to depend on the control of the superior Class shall be applied to depend on the matter. The not on seniority alone.

J. YOUNG.

Offg. Sec. to Govt Mil. Dept.

PRINT HER YOUTHERS ASSESSED HER HARMAN.

BORT WINLING, MAY 9, 1811

The Governor General in Council is pleased to make the fullowing promotion.

#### 20th Regiment of Nutive Infantry

Ensign Charles, Marriott, from the 7th Regiment of Natro-, Infantry, Senior Ensign of the Army, to be Lieutenaut from the

27th of March 1817, vice Short, deceased.

The General-Clothing Accounts of the Army, and of the Offreckoung Fund for the years 1818 and 1814, being now under examination, preparatory to being finally adjusted and closed, the Geverage General in Council notifies to the Army, that no claim or demand for Clothing or Equipments, or Compensation of any description whatever, on account of those years, can be received, which shall not reach the Clothing Board Office on or before the 1st August next.

J YOUNG, Offg Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELTENCY THE RIGHT RONDES ABLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL LY-COUNCIL,

#### FORT WILLIAM, MAY 9, 1817

His Excellency the Right ifonorable the Governor General in Council is passed to sutherize the following Establishment, being attached to the Rocket Troop, viz

1 Mutsuddy, at. - St. Rs. 5 per Month; 2 Weighmen, at - - St. Rs. 3 each, - 6

. . 3"

Potal, St. Rs. 11

The above Establishment to be mustered and drawn for 14, the prescribed manner,

J. YOUNG, Offg. Sec. to Goyt. Mil. Dept.

oug, see, to doye hair sept.

ABLETHOLOGIES BY TOTALIST AND THE SERVICE OF THE CONTRACTOR OF THE THE CONTRACTOR OF

#### Port William; Max, 9, 1817.,

Lieutenant Anderson of the 14th Regiment of N. I. having forwarded a Medical Certificate from Fort St. George; the leave of absence granted to him in the General Orders of Government under date the 16th of August last, the proceed to Sea, for the benefit of his health, as extended for three months beyond the period therein specified.

J YOUNG, Offg. See, to Gove Mil. Dept. CHARLE COURSE BY MIS EXCELLERGY THE MIGHT MOROPO.

FORT WILLIAMS MAY 9, 1817.

His Excellency the Might Monorchie the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. Surgeon J. McWhirter, M. D. to the situation of Apoliterary to the Honorchie Company at this Presidency, in the room of Dr. J. Campbell, deceased. This appointment to have effect from the 5th instant.

J. YOUNG,

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

CEPERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLERGY THE RIGHT MONOR. ABLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

#### FORT WILLIAM; MAY 16, 1917.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to make the fotlowing Promotion.

Engineers,

Caret William Naira Forbes, to, be Ensign from the 25th of April 1817, vice Wilton, deceased.

· Medical Department.

Senior Assistant Surgeon Thomas, Rutherford to, be full Surgeon, from the 5th of May 1817, vice James Campbell, deceased. Captain R. P. Field of the Pension Establishment, having furnished the prescribed Pay Certificate, is permitted to proceed to Europe on Furlough, subject to the pleasure of the Ronorable the Court of Directors, regarding the payment of his Pension in England.

Captain Lieutenant J. Delziel of the 4th Regiment of Native Infantry on the Establishment of Fort Saint George, on leave of absence at this Presidency, having furnished the prescribed Certificate from the Medical Department, is permissed to proceed

to Europe on Purlough, on account of his health.

Serjeant William Lufflin, who by the General Orders of Gorerannent, bearing date the 7th of October 1815, was admitted to the Pension established by Minutes of Council of the 11th January 1797, is permitted at his own request to reside and draw his stipped at the Presidency.

L Young,

Off. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

REMERAL ORDERS BY MIS PROBLET THE MOST MOBILE THE GOVERNOR ORSELLS IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAMS MAY-16, 1817.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to determine, that a Losal Corps of the description and strength hereafter

なる
\$

# OALGUTTA HOTTEN VILLE NEW

Tindell,
6 Laycara,
C Behaffich

To the Community Officer for Iron,

breel, Chescost, &c. per mensem, - 150

The Cablishments of Artificers, Sicel, Grasscutters, Bildars.

&c. will be beseafter specified.

The Pay and Off-reckonings of this Corps, are to be same as the corresponding ranks in the Rumghur Battalion, with the additional Pay to the mount d Native Commissioned, Non Commissioned Officers and Privates, as follows.

#### In addition to the

Cevelry	Infantry Pay.		Total:	
Subadars,	-	10	-	40-
Jemadars,	~	10	5-	25
Havildars,	-	2	~	12
Naicka,		2	-	10
Trumpeter,	-	0	_	9.
Privates,	- 5	i	-	6
Farrier	_ '	0		8

His Excellency the Commander in Chief is requested to issuethe necessary orders for carrying the foregoing resolution into immediate effect

The Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint (aptenns France of the 6th Regiment of Native Infantry, to the Command of the Cuttack Legions

J. YOUNG,

Offg. Sec to Govt. Mil Dept

#### GENERAL ORDERS BY THE CONVANDER IN CHIPF

#### Head-Quarters, Calcutta; 15th May, 1817

Extract from the Proceedings of an European General Court Martial assembled at Barcilly, on Friday, the 25th day of April, 1817, by order and in virtue of a Warrant under the Hand and Seal of His Excelency the Rarlor Moira, K G Commander in Chief of all the Forces in India, for the trul of Major 1 Campbell, 1st Battalion 4th Regiment Native Infantry, and all other persons who thay be brought before it

President- Migor General St George Athe

It my ludge Advocate General—Captain D B CRAICIT, 1st

D.v 10 , Field Arm , conducting the trial

M J ALEXANDER CARREST OF the 1st Battalion 4th Regiment Native Infantry, placed in arrest by Order of His Excelle us the Right Honorable the Commander in Chief, for conduct subversive of Mil tary discipline and subordination

duct subversive of Miftary discipline and subordination let a In having between the 27th of November 1816, and the 4th of Pebruary 1817, written to Lieutenant Colonel Lyona,

Commanding the 1st Battalion 4th Regiment, his immediate Commanding Officer, several letters containing disrespectful and offensive expressions towards Licutenant Colonel Expressions groundless and injurious imputations of neglect and oppressions in the discharge of his duty as Commanding Officer.

2d Also in having written a letter dated the 3d of February 1817, addressed to Major General Sir John Horson, K. C. B. Commanding 1st Division, Field Army, wherein he unwargantably and injuriously comments on the conduct of his immediate Commanding Officer, Lieutenant Colonel Lyons.

— By Order of the Right Honorable the Commander in Chief-

(Signed) JAS. NICOL,

Adj. Genl. of the Army.

Adjulant General's Office, Presidency of Fort William, 21st March, 1817.

SENTENCE.—The Court having maturely considered the Evidence for and against the Prisoner, together with what he has urged in his defouce, is of opinion that he is guilty of the whole of the Charges preferred against him, which being in breach of the Articles of War, they do sentence him the safe Major Alexander Canrisell, ist Battalion 4th Regiment Native Infantry, to forfeit the whole of his Army, and Regimental Rank and to area in the Army and in his Regiment from this Twenty-ninth day of April 1917.

(Signed) Sr GEO ASHE,

Major General and Prendent.

(Signed) E B CRAIGIE, (aptain, D J A G 1st Division, Field Army, conducting the Irial

Approved and Confirmed,

(Signed) MOIRA.

#### REMARKS BY THE COMMANDER IN CHIEF

There is a want of precision in the terms of the above Sentence Because the words would in rigorous acceptation bear, that the meaning of the Court was to reduce Major Campfell to the situation of lowest Commissioned Officer in the Regiment to which hie helongs, whereas the Commander in Chief rather suspects that the purpose of the Court was to reduce Major Campbell in his rank of Major to the date of the twenty-muth of April 1817. As the Commander in Chief, however, would not have conceived a Sentence of absolute diaminal too severe for the froward, litegious, and indefensible mismbordination proved against Major Alexander Campbell, His Excellence, can have ro difficulty in accepting and appropriag the Sentence of the Court in its most extensive latitude. His ving thus sanctioned and

confirmed a verdict which will be enflicient: for the just purposes of example; the Commander in Chief feels himself justified in considering the long services of Major Alexander Campsbell, and the surcumstance of that Officer's having been thrice wounded: In consequence of which His Excellency repleased to remut the Penalty of effecting regarded by him as most just and salutary; and he directs Major Alexander Campbell to be restored to bladuty.

Major Alexander Campbell is, to be released from his arrest

and to return to his duty.

The Court Martial is to be dissolved, should there be no further duty for it to perform.

JAS. NICOL,

Adj. Gen. of the Army

It is mentioned in one of the Madras journals that the ship Lord Melville, is to return from Madras to England: we are authorised to state that letters from Madras of the 11th instant, mention, that she was to sail for Bengal, in two or three days, from that date.

Extract of a letter dated Canton, 12th March, 1817. "The Aurora, has been sold to Capt. Heaviside, late of the H.C. Ship Llphinstone, which was burnt here the beginning of last month. The wreck and every thing belonging to him, private and public, sold for 20,000 Dollars to a Chinaman. The Aurora is taken up in place of the Elphinstone to go home with Teas, and with the H. C. Ship Wexford, will sail about the 25th of this month for England. The only other Ships here are the Bombay Ship Asia for Calcutta, Good Success, Madras and Calcutta, Castlereagh, Calcutta, and the Barossa, Calcutta; and several Yankees.—Cotton, the first Ship's cargo will fetch 13 Tales,—Opium is as low as 1,000 Dollars, and rot saleable at that; the China crop of Cotton failed last year."

Accounts received by the Lord Castlereagh, from China to the 20th of March, state, that the only vessels then remaining at Whampoa, were the H C Ship Wexford and the Aurora. When the Castlereagh left Macao, the Matland had not arrived.

Opium had risen to 1300 Dollars, and Cotton was selling at 13 T 4 per Pickul. About 30,000 bales, continued unsold. No ship had passed for China this year, when the Custlerough touched at Malacca, and it was uncertain when the Dutch would take possession of that place. Several Europeaus and Natives of India had been ordered to quit Cinton, and were about to proceed to Manilla for a short time: when it was expected, they would be primitted to return. The Good Success left Malacca before the Castlerough arrived there, bound for Madras and this Port.

We are enabled to lay before our readers the following extracts of a letter from an Officer, dated Camp at Rutteehguth, the 17th instant, and which contains the latest information that we have received of the proceedings against the Insurgents. For further information, we refer our readers to an article that we have taken from the last Hyrkanu.—

All the distributive perfectly equipped with ten day's supplies; ich indiplenty in depot to replenish as may be accessive. The following is the order of movement—I believe simultaneous so as to rendezvous at Khwordah about the 20th, when I should suppose Sir G will determine on his final arrangements for the section.

' Lieut Colonel O'Hilloran, with 9 Companies of the 1st Bitt 19th Regiment, a Brigade of Guns, and the detachment of the Body Guard, accompanied by the General and Staff, moved on the morning of the 15th, and making a westerly circuit, will penetrate Khoordah from the North Colonel Greene with & Companies of the Dth, moves on the morning of the 15th from Cuttack ducet on Khoordah by Sarangurh Major Carter with 6 Companies and a Brigide of Guns mirched on the morning of the 14th, proceeds south on the Juggern outh road as fir as Bilcottee and thence wheels East for the same point Ciptain Armstrong with 5 Companies and a Brigide of Guns leaves Per plee, where he commuded, and tilling down below Pooree (Juggernauth) thence penetrates through the pass from that quarter. These are judicious dispositions—and if General Rum ky shall co-operate by a forward movement from the lake, nothing can serve Jugoo and save his adherents, -as it is, he will no doubt fly the door being open into Goodisir, and no doubt take refuge there of the Mahratta states. It is the general opinion that not a shot will be fired, and that the Pikes and Villagers will be happy to return to then homes,- 1 Proclimation of amnesty is issued, and will do much.

"This is our third march along the North Bank of the Mahamiddee and its refreshing stream, we are almost 23 miles west it Cuttack, and 18 N. of Khoordah, on which we insline tomorrow more direct. On the 15th we encomped at Berh impore, after a disagreeable trip over the heaviest sands of the river and

broken grounds for nearly 7 miles.

The 16th reached Kunderpore belonging to the Athguesh Rajah—Country interesting—Hills close and low, the irregular jumble, if I may say so, of them with rocks, mangoe and bamboo chumps, forest and occasionally villages made it a pleasing scene to the eye of a lowland Bengallee. A little before coming to our ground we traversed a stockade creeted in a pass formed by the projection of a hill to the steep Back of the river, it was made of upright beams well secured in the ground, 7 or 8 feet high with a door in the centre—I am told it was raised by the Ath Rajah for the purpose of checking the rebels, but on the ollier hand it is rumbured that he and all the Girjant Chiefs answered Jughumbooh's application to join him,—' We can have no communication with you until Cut tack is taken !!"

2 17th. Fook up our present ground on the bank of the myer

M. which we cross to morrow morning

"The richness of this days scenery is not to be described by me-suffice it to say our road a very good one, would thro's some of the most populous villages, luxurient and beautiful topes, skuts of wood of the finest trees—over a flectision of gentle ascents and descents, cultivation all round, hilfs adjacent, numerous population and every appearance that indicates peace and happiness. It belongs to the Bankee Raja who is also a Gurjant

The Ukhbars of the week, are, as usual, scarcely deserving of notice; and if it were not, that our Contemporaries, deem it necessary to communicate to the public, the scanty and unsatisfactory gleanings of the News-writers at the Native Courts, we should be disposed to abandon a custom, which now seems to be unworthy of observance. The excellent work of Mr. Eleminscone has excited a considers able interest respecting the vast tract of country between Persia and Hindoostan; and it would be extronely desirable, if the Ukhbars from Peshawur, Raolpund . Moltan and Amretsir would furnish us with information calculated to keep that interest alive. The intelligence, however, which we receive in general is so meagre and uninteresting, that it scarcely invites a perusal. We were lately, induced to glance over the Ukhbars of the last year, as published in one of the numbers of the Asiatic Journal; and

their contents so strongly resembled the intelligence which we now receive, that we might almost venture to re-publish the occurrences of the last year, as equally applicable to the present. The mutinous condition of Holkar's army, and the embarrassed state of his finances :- the occupations and predatory excursions of the Punjaub Chieftain and his maraud-'ing Seiks :--the journeys and pursuits of Manyoon SHAH and his Vizier, with the state of the Alghan provinces;—and the lamentable prostration of the Countries, which have been so long devoured by the locusts of Auger Knawn; are all very much the same as they respectively were during the last year: and probably the same description will be equally applicable to the occurrences hereafter to be expected. To these general observations we shall only add, that Russner Sevon has withdrawn the Serk Army from Moltan ;- That heavy falls of hall in the wheat countries have destroyed the corp, and wendered all kinds of grain excessively dear :-- That Prince KAMRUN bad marched from Candahar towards Cabul, and that the King MARINOOD SHAIL had proceeded from Peshawur in the same direction; - That AMLER KHAWN was still occupied with the siege of Madhoorajporah-and that HOLKAR had promised his rebel chieftain GUFFOOR KHAY, that he, or the mutinous army, should not be attacked, by Scindini's troops, under Ambablic.

The Postscript to our last paper communicated the particuhas of the unsuccessful attempt made by the insurgents in Cuitack on the post of Peoply. Of this affair nothing farther remained to be told. In the interval which has since clapsed no event of consequence has occurred in that quarter; but the troops are every where in motion, and we trust in our next we shall have the pleasure to abnounce the entire suppression of these disturbances, which we doubt not will move the result of the movements now making on Khoorda. Colonel Green with 5 companies of the 30th acreed at Cuttack on the 15th, and on the same day the Maon General marched for Khoorda by the right of Govinghur, taking with bim the 1st Battalion 18th. Major Carter with Companies of the 30th and one company of the 11th, crossed the Cajaora on the morning of the 13th; on the 14th went to Balcottie, and on the 16th would take the route of Gongpara to Khoorda. Captain Armstrong had been re-inforced at Peeply by 2 companies. Taking wit

hom 4 Companies of the 2d Battalion 18th and leaving one at Peoply he marched for Poorie where he arrived on the morning of the 16th: Being joined by the Light Company, and carrying with him a brigade of guns, he was to proceed on the tith for Khoorda by the Mohurbung pass. The several detuchments were expected to unite at Khoorda by the morning of the 20th. Colonel Colebrooke with two squadrons of Madras Cavairy had advanced as far as Rhomba, but appears to have been recalled towards Ganiam. We learn that when the order of Government was communicated to the Rajah for his removal to Cuttack, no objection whatever was stated on his part. He is said to have been under considerable agitation during the conference, and perhaps his apprehensions were allayed by this communication. He said he was ready to obey every Hookum of the Secur, and got ready to move without creating difficulty or delay. He is represented as exceedingly weak as to personal character and of dangerous influence or authority merely as the tool of others.

Extract of a Letter from Cultack, dated 19th May, 1817. " On the afternoon of the 16th, Major General Sir G. Martindell joined the 1st Battalion 18th Native Infantry, which had crossed the Mahanuddy on the morning of that day. On the 17th, the Battalion marched to Aut.Gurb, distant from Cuttack? miles in a westerly direction. Sir G. Martiedell encamped the following day with the 18th the 1st Battalion Native Infantry-at Banky, having recrossed the Mahanuddy river between Aut Gurh and the last mentioned place. The presence of the General with the Battalion has bad the effect of bringing the few petty Rajahs of that neighbourhood into our Camp, with an unequivocal declaration of their allegiance—the Rajahs of Aut Gurh, Damparrah, Banky and other places have personally disclaimed, the slightest participation in the cause of the insurgents. The progress of the 1st Battalion 18th Native Infantry was considerably impeded by occasional stockades, but were evacuated as the Battalion proceeded; but which from their particular strength it is conjectured would have occasioned some loss on our side, had the insurgents attempted a defence of them. It is honed that Jugbundoo will not be enabled to secure a retreat for himself from the several detachments of our troops that are now in progress towards Khoordah, where Jughandoo still contimes by the latest accounts, with an assemblage of some thousands, armed and unarmed followers: The arrangements concerted by General Martindell are of a nature best calculated to custice to us an opportunity of getting at some one of the principal hodies of the insurgents. The 20th is to be the day of trial. On the morning of that day, three detachments are to enter Khoordan by the three principal passess lending to the place. 6 companies of the 2d battalion 18th under Captain Armstrong with a brigade of 6 pounders to enter by the Nowa Sing Pass S. k, of Khoordah. General Martindell with the 1st battalion 18th and two 6 pounders by the N. West pays and Col. Greene with

five companies of the 50th Native Infantry, joined by Major: Carter's detachment of the same corps to enter by the Gungpara pass, which is due East of Khoordah. In all probability the insurgents perceiving our intentions will disperse and betake themselves in small parties to the thickest recesses of the Jungles, which in thickness and extent are not exceeded by those of any other part of India. Jughundoo having succeeded in carrving a great portion of the property which fell into his hands at Juggernant and other places, has evinced a disposition to secure his own retreat into the Marhatta territories, his intentions in this respect have hitherto been frustrated by some of the principal insurgents about his person, who must probably as a security to themselves will retain fast hold of him in hopes of obtaining a pardon by delivering up the leader of the insurrection to our Government. It is to be hoped that matters will furn out so. We have heard this morning continued reports of guns in the directions of Underrooa, and General Martindell's position, which is only 4 or 5 miles disant from Underrooa. At the last mentioned place, Major Carter's and Colonel Green's detachments were this morning to have formed a junction, and it is probable that they have been opposed by some of the enemy's stockades, or that they have alighted on a considerable body of the energy. I am of opinion that matters will soon come to a termination. One or two of the principal abettors of Jughandao have sea, in to say, that on a promise of parden they would submit with all their followers. This indicates the disposition of the discontented to return to their allegrance "

## SHIPPING · INTELLIGENCE.

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ARRIVAIS. May 20, II. C. P. Vessel Henry Merriton, Bartho, from Bombay the 22d April.

Pr. 21. Phenix. Brown, from Rangoon the 20th April. - Faiendship. Black, from Bombay the 26th April. Do 22. Triumsho. (Portuguese) By Cobo, from Liston the 23d December.

Do. 23. Bramin. (American) McGregor. from Boston 19th December. and Cape of Good Hope the 14th March.—Brig Uday, Ashmore, from Annolobo the 27th April.

Do. 26. Lord Castlereagh. Durant, from China 26th March, and Malacca the 20th April. Passengers from China: H. Manniac, Esq. and Captain Vent. late of the Aurora.—Bombay Merchant, Rowe, from Rangoon the 5th May.—Belle Altiance, Mackenzie, from Chittagong the 17th May and last from the 1sle of France.—Brig Frances Anne, Thomson, from Madras the 14th May.

DEPARTURES. May 19. Governor Petrie, Greenway, for Rangoon -- Mysore, Glass for China. Do. 21. Brig Vestal, Skitter, for Penang.

MADRAS. ARRIVERS. May 3. Ship Commerce, Captain W. Dolge, from Calingapatam 18th April.-8. H. M. Sloop Lyra, Caotain Basil Hall, from Calcutta, left the Pilot on the 19th April - 11. Ship Little-Mary Ann, Captain J. G. Anderson, from Coringa, left 21st April; Ship Frances Anne. Captain Thomson, from Magritius, and 15st from Trincomallie .- 12. Ship Pallas Bullimore. Captain Gosham Paddock, from Calcutta and Sand Heads, left 21st April Passenger : John Watts, Esq.

May 4. Bug Greyhound, Captain W. Departures Semple, for Calcutta; Ship Anne, Captain R. Dickie, for Calcuta; Ship Laura, Captain F. P. Denniss, for 5. Boy Cyclors, Captain J. Paulson, for Cal-Ship (no lotte, Captain H. Cowcher, for 6 Calcutta. 7 Ship Earl Kellie, Captain F. Hamilton.

orgCalcutta.

## -55.6.55-MADRAS.

The Packets for the Benson, did not close yesterday, in consequence of greater delay having taken place in getting her cargo on board than was expected. It is now supposed the Packets will remain open till the end of the week.

The weather has been extremely sultry lately, although the hot winds have not yet set in, but from the appearance of the atmosphere their approach may be considered at hand. A northerly word prevailed for two or three days - last work, which at this time of the year is a very uncom-The extraordinary Eclipse of the Sun mon occurrence. which will take place on Friday, has doubtless a considerable followace on the season. We have given a description of the Eclipse according to the calculation of the native Astronomers of Madras, but it is to be observed that b. the European calculation the Digits Eclipsed are only ah. 10m. whilstefrom the Plate it appears 9-10ths of the Disc will be celipsed, and accordingly if this calculation be correct, almost total darkness will prevail during a Pomla V de la very to the

The Session of Over and Terminer and General Goal Delivery concluded on Tuesday last, by Ilis Lordship dies Chief Justice, passing Sentence on the several Prisoners convicted during this ardunus Session.

William Shaw, convicted of the Murder of a Nature, 5 being put to the Bar, his Lordship the Chief Justice in a most feeling and impressive manner pronounced Sentence of Death upon the unhappy prisoner.

The same Sentence was passed upon Veerasaway, con-

victed of the Murder of Moony siam the

Mootiah, Andyappen and Theagaroven for the conspiracy to defraud Raumah Rajah Sastry, were sentenced after a severe lecture, each to be imprisoned five years; to be once publickly whipped; and once to stand in the Pillory, with a Label describing their offence. Mootiah to pay a fine of five thousand Pagodas. Theagaroyen to give security for his good behaviour for two vears; himself in two hundred Pagodas, and two sureries in one hundred

Pagodas each.

The same Mootiah, the same Andyappen, with Kundap. pen and Moottoosawmy, convicted of a conspiracy to poison John Eberhardie, were sentenged, each to be imprisoned seven years : Mootiah's and Andyappen's term of imprisonment to commence at the expiration of the period of their confinement for the former offence. The Prisoners to be once publickly whipped, and once to stand in the Pillory, with a Label affixed to them, describing them as Poisoners. After the period of their imprisonment shall have expired, each of them to find security for his good behaviour-Mootiah in the sum of 500 Pagedas, and two sureties in the sum of 250 Pagodas each: Andyappen in the sum of 200 Pagodas, and two sureties in 100 Pagodas each : and Kundappen and Moottoosawmy in the sum of 100 Pagodas, and two surcties in 50 Pagodas cach.

Vceraswamy, Ramaswamy, Sevasunkarun, and Devainargum, convicted of conspiring to obtain the removal of Lieutenant Betham, received sontence -- the first, to pay a fine of two hundred Pagodas: to be imprisoned one year, and to find sureties for his good behaviour. Each of the other three, to pay a fine of one hundred Pagodas, to be imprisoned one year, and at the expiration of the term to find sureties for their good behaviour, and the Chief Justice made some appropriate remarks upon the hemous na-

ture of their offence.

Saravoo, convicted of feloniously stealing, received sontence of transportation for seven years.

CALCUTTA HONTEDY, STREET

Foine Bratty, convicted of the same office, was also

"From Kundappen, Pedro, Royappers and Suntiagon, convicted of Barglary, Scutence of Death was passed, but the punishment was commuted so transportation for four-teen years.

Chinapyens convicted of a Burglary, and Govindor of receiving the property knowing it to have been stolen, relegived sentence, the former of death, which was commuted to remember to be transported to Prince of

Wales' Island for seven years.

John Howes and Joseph Stewart, the former convicted of columns, and the latter of uttering counterfest Rupees, received Sentence—Howes to be transported for seven years; and Stewart to be imprisoned aix months,

Francisco, Mallyappen, Perix Parasociamen, Chinna Parasociamen, A reolappen. Royappen, and Choury Mon-too. Boutmen, convicted of feloniously stealing sundry articles the property of General Su John Chalmers, were sentenced to hard labour for six months, and to be publickly whipped, Meerah Pillay and Sheik Furreed, convicted of receiving part of the saul articles, were sentenced to be transported to Prince of Wales' Island for seven years.

Peter Stevens, Royappen, and Meer Ahmed 'lly, conyield of receiving articles knowing them to be stolen, peterved Sentence—Royappen, (a notorious receiver of stolen good) of Fransportation for fourteen years, and Meer Ahmed Ally for seven years. Peter Stevens, an consequence of the recommendation of the Jury, and of his former good character, was sentenced only to one mouth's imprisonment, and to find security for his good behaviour during two years

Thomas Miles, convicted of counterfeiting Rupees, to be

transported to New South Wales for seven years.

The Honorable the Chief Justice in passing Sentence upon the Prisoners convicted of Burglary, desired it might be publickly understood, that it was the intention of the Court to cause some most severe examples to be made of persons, (particularly of any servant found guilty of aiding and breaking into and plundering his master's house, I who might at a future period, be convicted of this crime—that the law should be allowed to take it's course—and the pathishment of death be inflicted.

">Upon Thomas Miles, I seph Stewart and John Howes, who word convicted of coming Rupees and one of them for uttering, which by the Act of 52 they, S.c. 163, sec. 116

and 117, is made a transportable effence in the Coiner, and imprisonment for 6 months in the Utterer. The Chief Justice passed the specific sentences directed by the Act.

The punishment of Moo ish and his accomplices in the diabolical attempt to poison John Libernardie, is not so severe as could be wished—it is however as a large a measure of punishment as a conviction for the a emperour warrant course a sone counted to near from the British that it ition of treese Lordships the Judges to recommend, that the States, making such an air more it England a copital offence, should be extended to this country.

The awful protence of the Law upon Virtual Shaw and Vectasamy, the two universey criminals convicted of Munder, will be carried into elect this menting. The former dies truly pointent and his expressed the greatest somewhere the regularities which had brought kind to his

shameful end.

On the 12th ultimo, the French Settlement of Yangs was delivered ove, by the British Commissioner to M. J. Course, appointed by His Most Christian Majerty to receive energy of the same.

The packet Benson, Captain Betham, is expected to sail in prosecution of her cowage to England on sunday next. She touches at the Cape and St. Helera, for which places

one has Packets.

The toilowing Passengers will proceed to Europe by

this opportunoy.

Mrc. Wol h, Miss Bellina Sophia Wolch. Miss Mittle da ann Wolch. Miss Miria Wolch. Miss Saigh Wolch, Mister Wolfdam's Welsh - Master C. J. Elphrasione. Lint. J. P. James, 2d R. it. N. I. May. Jimes Lemond, Articlery, and Lieut. A. Cowan, 17th Rogt. N. J.

Wounderstand, the blue troud Meterille, will take in her homeword Cargo at this Port, and sail from hence direct

for England.

We are in daily expectation of being enable ! to arrow too the arrival of the Sir Stephen Lushington, Maffin. Coneral Stewart, and other Free Traders, which esiled from the Downs in the month of December.

The Brig Frances Anne, Capt. Thompson, from Port Louis, and last from Trincomalite has announced the near approach of the General Stauart. She was in that Itam.

bour when the fining passed, and was to sail on the follow-. in a day. She had not however, arrived when our Paper went to Press. We hear she has the English Mail on board for November.

His Majesty's Ship Lyra, Captain Basil Hall, anchored in the Roads from Calcutta on Thursday last. She has brought no news. The Lyra, we hear, will sait for England direction the 17th instant. No Packet has yet been, opened for her, but we trust the Fublic will not be deprived the advantage of sending home by her duplicates of correspondence forwarded by the Packet Binson

[Corrier, May 13.

# BOMBAY.

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We have daily received in the course of the last week the most gratifying suggests of the successful gradients of the gallant Troops in the Derken agran white Tustie. gents who have lately appeared in arms in the Paishwa's territories, under our westances of a most traing nature. and at a season of the year most upfivorable to great budily exections, the Thermometer, during the day, under cover. being seldom less than 115 It appears that a iletachment consisting of two Companies, of the 1st Bat. 3d Regt. Bombay N. I. and the flank Companies of the Lit Bat. 14th Regt. Madias Native Infantsy, under the personal command of Major H. Smith, of the latter Corps, were detached from the reserve on the evening of the 12th instant against a body of House rated at 3 or 4000 strong. and that after a severe march of four days and tive nights over a distance of 150 Mites, the detachment came upon the Enemy early on the morning of the 17th, killed and wounded upwards of 70, besides taking coveral Prisoners of consequence, a quantity of arms and many Horses.

Calonel Lionel Smith observes in his general orders on the occusion that he never troubles the troops with idle praise, and hopes, therefore that the sincerity with which he applands the steady perseverance, the cool judgement and military skill of Major Smith upon this occasion, and the conspicuous exertions of the Officers and Soldiers under him may prove the more acceptable.

With equal sincerity and in the name of his superiors he requests the Major and all the Officers and men of his detachment to receive his very grateful thanks. He further observes that the march of the six Companies at this season of the year will become memorable and useful, and that its result, both in exertion and success, has been truly honorable, and they have all zealously upheld the character of the excellent Battahous they belong to.

By further accounts we learn, that in consequence of the soreness of the men's feet, under a burning sun, only 350 of the Detachment were up when Major Smith came in sight of the enemy. That in consequence of the guide having led him six miles out of the direct line, the day had broke before he arrived at the village near which the enemy were posted. In passing thro' the village previous to the attack by open column of sections, the detachments encountered the enemy's picquet which they mistook at first for the main body, and fired the front rank of the first section on them; the detachment then proceeded in double quick time through the village, and found one of the and the a bush hedges, so frequent in India, between them and the memy, which, Major Smith had, to clear away in thice places to allow his Detachment, divided into three divisions, to attack them. The enemy, it appeared, was on the move crossing the Perah, to move off with part of their body, who were encamped on the other side. Major Smith directed the front rank men of his left and right Detachments to fire a volley, when the centre one pushed on to the middle of their camp at the point of the bayonet, the whole persuing them for about two miles. ifter the parsuitabout 500 hundred of the enemy returned and hed into the camp gatloping off, instantly they had discharged their matchlocks. It appears from this account, that the detachment got but little plunder, as the villagers stripped the ground of every thing, when the Detachment were in pursuit, a circumstance which we believe too often happens to the gallant Troops when engaged in their aiduous duties.

Letters from Aurungabad give also most gratifying accounts of an attack made on a Body of Insurgents about 70 miles N. W. of that place, by a party of the Nizam's reformed Cavalry in Berar, under the command of Captain Evan Davies of the Bombay Establishment, accompanied by Captain Pediar and Lieutenant Rind also of this Establishment. It appears, that Captain Davies marched from

Authogabad in pursuit of the Insurgents, on the 17th instant, and came up with them on the morning of the 30th, thawn up in good order, to the number of 2.000 in a strong position with their front defended by a strong. Captum Davies had only 600 Silledar Ho. with him, and after addressing to them a few words of encourage of a sand a recting them to throw away to invastchlocks, and draw their swords, he gave the order or no charge. The order was man proved himself worthy of the counterney as did or are man proved himself worthy of the counterney passed in me by their gallant leader. The counterney much to restrict shock, though so greatly superior in number, are no tokery gave way, and were followed to a society may appear to a younged.

The loss in Capt. Davies's party was 7 killed and about 20 or 40 wounded. Smoog the latter; we are sorry, to say, were Captain Davies and Captain Pedin, noth wounded in several places, the latter severely, but noth were doing well when the last accounts came away.

We cannot here resist the pleasure of mentioning a trait of humanity which we believe is very tarrely to he want among the Native Troops of the Country, not nethaps, of any of the more civilized Country in Europe.

tanian Pedlai having tunted from to, so follow, toned himself on recovering on the First, with only one Native Trooper near him. This man had bound no his wor is and was supporting him. He appeared to him to be a stranger, and, on inquiry Captain Pedlar found him to be one of the enemy. Captain Pedlar has since taken him into his service, and we have be well full him at faithful as he has proved himsine.

Mazette, Aprel 30.

## MARRIAGES, BIRTHS AND DEATHS,

ANNOUNCED SINCE QUR LAST PUBLICATION.

## MARRIAGES,

MARCH.

17. At Meerut, Thos. Dunn, Esq. to Miss Gascoigns.

APRIL.

7 At Muttra, by the Revd. Samuel Evans, 1 tegt. William Turner, of the 29th Regiment of Native Infantry, to Frances eldist Dughter of Major Thomas Browne.

20. At Bombay, Capt. John Bett Dunsterville, Paymaster, S. D. G. to Sarah Lauriston, daughter of the late Captain Braid Charles Bruce.

21. AT Mattrn, by the Revd. H. Shepherd, Mr. Wm. Henry Flenning, to Miss Sarah Char-

lotte Purser.

25. At the same place, by, the Revd. J. Parson, Mr. Thos. McDormond, of the Pilot Service, to Miss Margaret Councr.

26. At Ghaz-epore, by the Revd. William Palmer, A. B. Lieut. W. W. Crawley, of H. M. 17th Fact, etc Mrs. C. B. Clarke, widow of Li - Col. R. Clarke, of the Bengal Artiflery.

29. At the Cathedral, by the Revd. H. Shepherd, Lieut. Richard Budgen, of the Royal Navy, to Miss Marshall.

At St. John's Cathedral, by the Revd. Mr. Shepherd, Mr. R. Roseboom, to Miss B. O'Brien.

MAY.

5. At St John's Cathedral, Lieutenaut James Robins, of the Madras Retablishment, to Miss Bliza Maclachlan.

At the Cathedral, by the Revd. Mr. Shepherd, Lieut. Alexander Horsburgh, of the 23d Regiment Native Infantry, to Miss Emily Hodgktuson.

6. At St. John's Cathedral, William Hunter Smoult, Esq. Attorney to the Honorabile Company, to Miss Jane Charlotte Robertson, daughter of Licut.-Col. Thos. Robertson, of the Bengal Engineers.

7. At the Cathedral, by the Revd. Mr. J. Parson, Mr. Henry Fowles, to Miss Ang

Maria Daniel.

10 At St. John's Cathedral, by the Revd. H. Shenherd, Captain Wm. Phillips. of the Country Service, to Miss Emilia Cox.

At John's Cathedral, by the Revd. J. Parson, Major R. J. Latter, of the 30th Me. giment Nat. Infantry, to Mrs. Sealy.

13. At St. John's Cathedral, by the Hevd. Joseph Parson, Mr. John Carvallo, (Assistant Apothecary to Dr. Nosky,) to Miss Margaret D'Santos.

At Chittagong, Henry Walters, Bag. of the Honourable Company's Civil Service, to Miss Jemins Anne Littlejohn, third daughter of Lieutenant-Colonel Peter Littlejohn.

#### BIRTHS.

MARCE.

14. The Lady of Captain Broderick, of His Majesty's 34th Regiment of Foot, of a Daughter.

APRIL.

13. At Futtyghur, the Lady of Major William Lamb, 18t Batt. 26th Regument Nat. Inf. of a Son.

At Agra, the Lady of Lieutenant Pater Young, 12th Regiment N. I. of a Son

to At Seroor, the Lady of Lieutenant and Adjutant Ward of His Majesty's 65th Regiment, of a Daughter.

21 The Lady of James Rwing, Req. of the Civil service,

of a Daughter.

24. At Chuprah, the Lady of Junes Wemysa, Esq. of the Civil service, of a Daughter, 20 At Bhagn pore, the Lady

of Lieut, Isse Campbell, Adplant to the Hal Ringers, of a Son . 27. At Sylhet, the Lady James Curtis, Esq. of the Hdnourable Company's Civil Service, of a Danghter.

23 Mrs George A. Shep-

pard, of a Sou.

Mrs. John de Silva, of a Daughter.

MAY.

5. At Chittagong, the Ludy of Charles Mackenzie, Esq. of the Honorab e Company's Civil Ser ice, of a Son

6. Mrs. Caroline DeSouza,

of a Daughter.

7 The Lady of Jos. Watts, Evq of Choramonentty Factory, Jessore, of all Daughter.

12 At Silbet, the Lady of John French, Esq of the Ci. vil Service, of a Daughter.

16. At Berhampore it Lasedy of Fowers Smith, Esq. of a son.

20 The Lady of James Dun-

bar, Ken. of a Son.

#### DEATHS.

MARCH

23 At Rangoon, after a short but paintur illuess burne with the most exemplary Christian fortitude, the Rev. Fre Antonio D. S. Maria, Vicar of Takeli thuich and not long Vicar of Serampore and Consumbazar .- la amouneme the death of this worth; Pastar, we feel not merely the common interest which exeris commisseration to deputed worth, but we are awful and for aby called to a deep and thinking sease of the human happiness. As a Member of the Churches he held under him the only required to be know, to be beloved, and from his short residence on this

quarters, we apprehend few had an opportunity of apprectating his inestimable qualities, unsailted honour and the tonder affect on of his heart: ha-memory will be long and most succeedy remembered and regretted by a curcle of friends and acquaintances, his public character upright, correct and mindful of the aid ious duties attached to his muportant ministerial situation. and the death of such a worthy Pastor, may be justly considered as a public toss.

APRIL.

3. At Chittoor, Lieutenant
J H. Logan, of the 5th Regiment N. I. attached to the
Rifle Corps.

In Camp, next Ellichpore, Lientenant McKilligan, of His Majesty's 2d Buttulion ist ( r Royal Scots) Regiment of Poot, uncerety regretted by bis Bruther Officers.

12. At Sertugapatain, the Lady of Colonel Scott, Commandant of that Station .

15. At Surat, George William, Son of G. W. Anderson, Esq. aged one year and nine

At Keitah in Bundlerand, Platen D'Auvergne, the infant Son of Lieu enant H. C. Barnard, of the 1st Battation 26th Regiment Native Infantrv.

20. On board the Ruby, on from Midras, Bus breed bil Quarier Master William Moorhead, of His Mig sty's 59th

Regiment.

24. Tie Wife of Mr G. Gill. aged 28 years, having a disconsciate Husband and four young Children to depoore the natumers fate of a tender mother and an affectionate wite.

24. At the House of Mos. Diego Perena, after a long and continued illness, Mrs. Mair Watter, the wife of Mr. Thomas Watley, sen. aged 36 vears.

Mrs. A Olfen, aged 26 jears. 30. At Garden Reach, Harriot, the infant Daughter of Lieut.-General Stafford.

MIL. 1. At Futtyghur, Mr. Wm

Sincy, superintendent of the Furtuck thad Mint.

4. At Biriackpure, James Campbell, Bog M. D Surgeon and Apothecary General, aged 61 years.

Mr. George Kermer, a Mister in the Pilot Service.

5. At Benares, Claud Russel, Esq Second Judge of the Court of Appeal and Circuit.

8 Mary Aun, your Daughter of the late James Smart, Bay, of Berhampore .--She died lamented as the lav'd beloved !

At Serampore, Mrs. Regia Luzar, an Armenian Lidy, highly respected by every one who had the pleasure of her arquamtance, sged 51 years.

11. At the same place, John Hyde, Ben formerly Prothonotary in the Supreme Court of Calcutta : aged 65 years,

12. At the house of Mr. Herald Fitzgerald, after a short but hugering illuese, Mr. Charles Dolby, second Son of the late Mr. William Dolby : aged 20 years.

John Thomas Hall, aged 9 months and 5 days, the intant Sou of Capt. John Hall, of the Honorable Company's Bom-

bay Marine.

At Serampore, Mr. John L'Aimon.

14 ()f the meazles, after a long suffering, Aimé. Son of P Garjenco, Esq aged six years and nine months,-a lovely and promising boy.

11. Mrs. J. Wood, Seu. aged 41 years and 8 months; after a long and severe illness which she hore with patient resignation to the Divine Will.

19 At Chusurah, Mr. J. G Kramer, First Assistant in the Hon. Company's Dispensa-

ry-aged 33 years.

20. At Cawnpore, in the 65th year of his age. Major-General Sir John Moisford, K. C. B. Commanding First Dis vision; Field Army, and Col onel of the Third Battalion of Artillery.

21. Blezabeth Flora Irvine. aged 35 years, 6 months and 7

Mrs Jane Kingscall, aged 43 years.

22. George Howio, coneta-

Lately on his passage from China to Bengal, in the Straits of Malacca, Captain A. Lvell, Commander of the Ship Diana. True in death as he had been in life to the principles of honer or recutude. This amiable and exceilent man refused to quit his sinking Ship as long as a soul remained on board, or the slightest hope excited of saving any part of the property committed to his clarge. Previous to the return of the last boat from the shore, the vessel was engusph. ed in the mere less abias with a d bis serthe commande vant, and a lase r, who had refined to quit h n. So long as anavity of man ers, intigrity of heart, generopity of disposition, and a temper unruffled

even by the occurrences of a Seafaring life shall claim public respect and regret, as long shall be live in the sorrowing remembrance of those to whom he was best h nown .--This triding tribute t affectionale regard is monrefully offered to his memory by one who was in daily habits of ontercourse with him during a period of a year, both at sea and in a Foreign Country -He has left a Widow and six Children to bewail his irreparable loss.

Lataly on board the Hon-Company's Ship Larking, Capt. Dumbleton, two days after passing the Cape of Good Hope, Lieutepant Colonel De Morgan, of the Madras Estabitshiment.

## CALCUTTA CURRENT VALUE OF GQ VERNMENT SECURITIES.

Byr.		Saturday, May 3, 1817.	SELL.
0	8	New 6 per Cents. Discount.	1 4
1	. 8	Seturday, May 10, 1817. New G per Cents. Discount. Saturday, May 17, 1817.	2 8
1	G	New 6 per Cents. Discount	2 14
1	2	Saturday, May 24, 1817.  New 6 per Cents. Discount.	1 10

# MAY, 1817.—Thirty-one Days.

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-	53			4 Sun. after East -Serin-		32			19		-		33
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14	20		Th	Duches of Tork born, 1770.		30				9	56 43		20
-	2.		Fri.		5	30				_	27	10	51
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			Mo	Sunday.	5	281	6	32	27	18	3	12	27
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	ול	15	Th	Ascension Day Holy Thur.	5	26	f	31	1	-	21		48
i			trı,	1768.		26		- 1	3		33		57
i	- 1			Princess of Wales born,	5	25		35	3	3	- 1	3	
ا				Sun after Asc. Day—Queen				35	5	4 5	11		35
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7			Wed			51		36	7	6	51	7	15
17.				Princess Elizab ' born, 1770				36	8	7	11	8	8
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				General Feath signed, 1914.	ă	21	R	100	17		19	3	10 13
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## CALCUTTA

# MONTHLY JOURNAL,

FOR JUNE, 1817.

VOIL. XXX.] CALCUTTA; June 2, 1817. [No. 272.

From the Gove. Gazette,-May 29.

# MILITARY.

SUNERAL ORDERS, BY HIS PECCHANCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GUNDRAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; MAY 18, 1817.

The Governo General in Council in directing the promulgation of the following Extract from the London Gazette, joy fully anticipates the gratification which the Army will feel at the flattering acknowledgement met by the exertions of the gallant Officer to whom it refers; and His Lordship in Council sincerals congratulates the Officers of the Honorable Company's Forces, that the door to the highest Military distinction is thus graciously opened as an encouragement in the career of Indian service.

Extract from the London Gazotte, dated December 10, 1816.

WHITCHALL, DECEMBER 10, 1816.

His Royal Highness the Prince Regent hath been pleased, in the name and on the behalf of His Majesty, to nominate and appoint Major General Sir David Ochterlony, Bart. and Knight Commander of the Most Honorable Military Order of the Bath, to be a Knight Grand Cross of the said Most Honorable Military Order.

J. YOUNG,

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

At a meeting of the Subscribers to the Town Hall Conversation and the Saturday last, the following Gentlement of the elected Managers.

-----

Mr. WA. C. TROWER,

Captain Montague, of Mr. J. Trotter, — Dashwoon, Captain Craigie,

Mr. Alsog.

\*\*\*\*\*

It was resolved, that the rooms shall be open to subscribers only, and that after the opening of the rooms, no person shall become a subscriber, without the previous sanction of the Committee of Management. The first meeting is to take place on the second Wednesday in June, and every successive. Wednesday, until the last in October.

The rooms are to be opened at half past 7.

Upwards of one hundred of the most respectable members of the Community are on the list of subscribers

According to the Raolpundy Ukhbars, Prince Kambun has demanded several lacs of Rupees from the mother of the Vizier Futteh Khawn, which has given great offence. Several of the Chiefs of Kohistan, in consequence of domestic disputes, have fled to Rungeer Singh. A famine prevails in Kohistan, and thousands have perished from the want of food. Rungeet Singh has applied to the Kelaudar of Bhulwa, to assist in arresting the fugitive Ramloge, who has taken refuge at Kunkeranah. Rungeet has obtained a Hoondee for the balance of the Moltan tribute. The family of the unfortunate Shoojah up Molyck has been suffered to proceed to Ludheanna.

During the last week, we have not received any accounts from Cuttack; but the following articles which we have taken from the Hurkaru and Times, contain the latest information of which we are aware:—

The three columns, described in our last as moving on Khoorda, arrived there on the morning of the 20th, at the hour and in the manner appointed. The cour of each column on its last march, through the jungle which encocles Khoorda, was obstructed by stockules, some of them places of consider-

able strength, but many formed merely of Bamboos, in chisters, cut, and thrown across the road—the insurgents occupying all the passes. They waited the advance of the columns, however, only at the strongest of the stockades, at which, they made a stand; but on the assault being given, were sure to retreat immediately, -so the quicker such fellows are dealt with the better. The light infantry inovements disconcert them exceedingly and were always of the utmost service. Colonel Green with 5 companies of the 30th joined the force at Khoorda on the afternoon of the 20th. He left Cuttack on the 18th and proceeded by Underooa and Gongpara and in the course of his march to the former place had to force several stockades. Twenty-three or four Seapoys were wounded in all the operations of the 20th and one Golundaz killed. The enemy had erected some strong stockades round what is called Koorda Ghur, which were shandoned on the morn-ing of the 20th, and taken possession by our troops. It was understood that Colonel Green with his division of the 30th and probably 5 companies of the 18th would take post at Khoorda during the The General would remain there till about the 1st proximo, in expectation of the people coming in to submit and then return to Cuttack by Poorie. Various detachments were employed in destroying the stockades and clearing the passes. The approaching rainy season would probably prevent any thing faither being attempted for the present.

"The 6th Regiment Native Cavalry in place of returning to Bundlecuud, no. forms part of the Nagpore division-Three troops would be st tioned at Subagnore and the remaining three under Colonel Gahan would join Colonel Adams. In consequence the 4th Cavalry will, remain at Keilah in place of returning to Pertaub Ghur."

"We hasten to lay before our readers the following gratifying intelligence of the probably final defeat of the Insurgents. We are indebted for it to the same Correspondent whose communication we inserted in our Postscript of Tuesday last.

" 19th May .- The detachments acccompanying General Martindell, and consisting of the 1st Buttahon 18th Regiment Aative Infantry, 40 men of the Right Honorable the Governor General's Body Guard, and a brigade of 6-pounders, entered the Khoorda district this morning. In passing a belt of jungles, the escort with the haggage was fired on by a party of the rebels, but they ran off as soon as some of the Scapoys entered the jungle after them. A hunk tru of the General's and a bunea, were wounded. Halted for the day at the village of Utres, about I miles from the town of Khaarda.

" 20th -Marched again at day light, and a mile from Utree, entered the jungle, which is here very thin, and interspersed with considerable cultivation. Parties of villagers were observed following the detachment, but they kept at a respectable distance. Passed several villages apparently deserted. About an hour after day break, heard the cannon of the detachment under Major Carter, foreing the Gongpara pass; and fired a signal gun to let them know we were also advancing. At 9 o'clock A: M. arrived at the banks of a tank, from which the enemy's stockade, commanding the pass, is distant about 159 yards. Preparations were here made for the attack. The guns were advanced, and three detachments formed to storm. After 20 or 30 round, were fired from the guns, orders were given by the General for the Infantry to push on, which they did in the most gallant style: a cheer was given, and in au instant they were on the walls. The rebels immediately fled into the thickest part of the jungles, where it was impossible to follow them. Our loss consisted in one Golundauze killed, and 7 Scapoys wounded; one of the latter since dead. It is impossible to ascertain that of the enemy, as they were coucealed from us in an instant by the jungle, and always carry off their killed and wounded in doolies, made of wicker work, and constructed for the purpose. It has since been reported by a rebel who has delivered himself up, that one of their leaders was wounded by a grape shot 'The stockade or rather gurhee, as the walls were constructed of a hard sed clay, is well built, and might have held out, if well defended, for a long time. The jungle is so thick, that it would have been next to impossible to turn the flanks, which were besides secured by bastions and abattes. The walls are about 6 feet high, pierced with loop holes, and jungal embrasures; and a strong bamboo hedge runs along its front, to prevent a sudden escalade. A wall-or a similar description also crosses the road, leading out of the jungle on the south side. We arrived at Khoorda about noon, where we found Major Carter's and Captain Armstrong's detachment aleady encamped.

"Major Carter's column arrived at the Gongpara pass a little after day light. After firing 10 or 12 rounds, parties were sent to turn the flanks of the stockade, whilst a strong one also pushed on in front. The enemy soon fled in all directions.—1 Seapoy was killed, and S wounded.

after day light in front of the Nousing Pass, which he found strengthened by similar defences as the others. After a few rounds of musquetry, he ordered his men to charge, and drore the enemy from the walls at the point of the bayonet, killing and "unding numbers of them. A few of his own men were wounded.

"Col. Greene, with 5 companies of the 30th N. I. left Cuitack on the morning of the 18th, by the Underora road; but found it so strongly stockaded, that he conceived it necessary to send in for two 6-pounders. When these joined him, he advanced again, and drove the rebels from two of their stockades; a few of his men were wounded; but the enemy suffered very severely. After frequent shirmishes with parties of them following him thro' the jungles, he also arrived at Khoorda on the

20th, altho' not till evening, having made a march of upward, of 20 miles, and kept up a running fire with the rebels kimost

the whole of the way.

" 22d .- This morning a little before day-light, the General; accompanied by a respectable force, went in the direction of . old Khoorda, situated near the bottom of the hills which lies to the north of the new town, at about a coss distance. He found several strong stockades which it was afterwards learned, the enciny dreading another meeting, had evacuated during the night, and fled by a narrow pass in the hills, in the direction of . Banpoor. The palace of the former Rajahs of Khoorda, was situated in the old town, and the ruins are still pretty entire. The remains of gateways, arches, pucka tanks, baths, terraces, and other buildings, indicate that it must have been of no common magnificence. It was breached by Colonel Harcourt, when he was sent many years ago to bring the province under the dominious of the Company. An 18-pound shot, used on that occasion, was found on our entering it. There are many Hindoo temples of considerable extent, scattered up and down near the place.

" 23,-This morning, Major Carter's detachment of the 30th marched in the direction of Gongpara, accompained by a number of bildars, wood-cutters, &c. for the purpose of entting a road thro' that pass, of 100 feet wide. Accounts were also received of the dawk that was dispatched on the 20th, having beer intercepted by a few of the rebels straggling in the jungles, and of all the letters it contained having, public as well as private, been carried off. About 40 villagers have come m. and they report that many hundreds more are ready to follow their example. Jugbundoc, with the renniants of his force, has fled, it is said, to Goomsur? the Rajah of which is his fatherm-law. The other parties of the rebels are scattered in different directions, pressed by hunger, and undetermined where to fly for shelter; no doubt deeply regretting the rash acts, into the commission of which they were anthukingly harried by a few desperate and discontended adventurers. Orders have been issued for Colonel Greene's Battalion of the 30th, Captain Arms strong's 5 Companies of the 2d Battalion 18th, and Lientenant . Rotton's brigade of Artillery, to canton during the rains at Khooida, Major Hamilton, with the remaining 5 Companies of the 2d Battalion 18th, continues at Poorce; and Colonel O Halloran's Battahon of the 18th, returns to Cuttack. said the General means, below returning to the latter place, to pay a visit to Juggernaut.

"Thus has this apparently formidable insurrection been totally crushed, in the space of a few days, by the decisive and well-digested measures of the Major-General: a striking lesson to the natives of India, how unavailable in the end will be any combination, or partial success, against the irresistable superiority of the British Power, ever exercised with justice, attended by elemency, allied to success, and accompanied, wherever

it extends its arms, by valour unrivalled.

The following is the order issued by Sir Ga. briel to the

Troops, fifter the action of the 20th.

Major General Sir G. Martindell, K. C. B. having received the reports of the Officers, employed in a series of continued movements against the stockaded passes, which lead thro' the belt of jungle surrounding Khoorda, hastens to record the high sense he entertains of the judgement and ability, evinced by Lieutenant Colonels Greens and O'Halloran, Major Carter and Captain Armstrong, in the conduct of the Detachments confided to their direction.

"The Major General request those Officers will accept his warmest acknowledgements for exertions which have crowned

his plans with complete success.

"In witnessing the dificulties encountered by the Detachments, which the Major General accompanied, he is the better able to appreciate the exertions, which were demanded from the Officers and men engaged; and he will perform a pleasing part c' his duty, in bringing to the notice of His Excellency the Commander in Chief their patient endurance of fatigue and privation, qualities, only surpassed by the gallantry displayed on every occasion, on which the enemy gave them an opportunity of calling into action this more shaning virtue of the inditary profession.

Head Quarters, Camp Khaorda, 25th May, 1817."

## SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

On the 15th March, in lat. 26 37 S Long. 34 O. W. the Mary Anne fell in with the True Briton, from Liverpool, for Calcutta, out 40 days—all well.

On the 21st May sue fell in with the Brig Victory, Captain

Gousaltes, tiom Vizagapatam, for Madras.

By the Laura we learn that the Dutch flag was hoisted at Ani-

boyna on the 25th of March.

The Laura spoke the Marquis de Anjenga in Lat. 16,66 N. long. 87 16-and on the 29th ultimo the Brig Cecelia, from Rangoon.

ARRIVALS. May 26. Shaw Allum. (Arab) Nacoda, from Rangoon 1st May—Brig Dutherell, Duregne, from Coringa 16th May. Passengers: Lieutenant Lawson, H. M. 12th Reginent, Mr. H. Generca, Mariner, Mr. J. Canes, and Son, French Merchants, and Mr. D. Owen, Supercargo.

Do. 27. Euphrales, Mearing, from Bussorah 5th April, and

last from Cochin 10th May.

Do. 29. Lord Melville, Allen, from England 20th December and Madras 21st May — Ann and Amelia. Oakes, from Bombay the 21th May — Edmonstone. Laird, from England — William. (American) Batchelder, from Gibraltar 7th February — Minstrel, ——, from England the 28th January.

senger: Mr. Robert Taylor, Cadet.

June. 1. Mary Ann, McCline, from London 26th January, and Madras 10th Feb. Passenger: Captain J. Douglas. Laurel, Green, from Amboyna Atla April. Passengers: Major Start Thomas Ramsay, Bart. Captain Thomas Rierchoffer, Lioutenant P. Vansanden, Lieutenant J. Orchard, Bengal European Regiment, Lieutenant James Roy, Lieutenant Richard Williams, Lieutenant John Satchwell. Madras European Regiment, and Mr. A. Ogilvey, Superintending Surgeon — Friends: Ship, Wise, from the Isle of France 20th April.

DEPARTURES. May 27. Ceres, Brown, for Liverpool.

Do. 28. Liverpool, Green, for Liverpool — Midas, Brigham, for ditto.— Juhana, Ogilvie, for London.— Caledonian, Gillie, for Greenock.— Columbus, (American) Blanchard, for Boston.

Do. 30. General Graham, Weatherhead, for London.

Do. 31. Royne, Fergusson, for London.— H. C. Ship Ernaud.

Lieut. D. Jones, for Bombay.

MADRAS. ARRIVALS. May 10. Brig Frances Anne, Captain George Thomson, from Trincomallie 8th May .-- 11. Ship Mary Anne, Captain J. T. Anderson, from Coringa 21st April.-12. American Ship Pallas of Baltimore, Captain G. Paddock, from Calcutta and Sand Heads 21st April. Passenger: John Watts, Esq. Master Pilot of the Bengal Marine .- 13. Ship Perseverance, Captain Alexander Brown, from Mauritius 28th March and Trincomalie 10th May; Ship Friendship, Captain William Black. from Bombay 27th April .- 14. Brig Helen, Captain John Kemp, from Paiding 2d April, Nattal and Pondicherry 13th May .- 15. Brig Hope, Captein A. Black, from Penang 26th March and Trincomallie 12th May .- 16. Ship Madras Packet, Captain William Mahon, from Port. Louis 2d April and Point de Galle: 9th May .- 18. Ship Samdany, Captain Nacoda, from Tellicherry, Ship Good Success, Captain J. Crockett, from Canton 20th March and Malacca 17th April. Passengers: Mr. Adams, for Bengal, 25 Natives, Merchants and Servants, belonging to Madras, 12 Native Seamen, returned from H. C. Ship Elphinstone, and 15 Lascars, from the Ship Aurora.—19. H. M. Store Ship Reliance, Captain Davis, from Trincomalie, left 17th May. Passengers: J. Puget, Esq. R. N. and Mr. Richard Harloy; Ship Euphrates, Captain Mearing, from Bussorah 5th March, passed the Roads tor Bengal -20. Ship General Stewart, Captain R. Granger, from the Cape of Good Hope, 24th February, and Trincomallie. Passenger: Mrs. Granger.

DEPARTURES. May 9. Brig Helen, Captain Teixeira, to Chittagong—11. American Ship Frances, Captain Charles Taubner, to New York; Brig Fairy, G Syring Ramodoo, to Nellore; Ship Eliza, Captain John Pringle, to Calcutta.—13. American Ship Cordilia, Captain C. E. Magee, to Calcutta; Ship Friendship, Captain William Black, to Calcutta.—14. Ship Welton, Captain John Gritton, to Calcutta; Ship Heywood, Captain William Harmsworth, to Calcutta; Brig Frances Anne, Captain

George Thomson, to Calculus 16: 12 C. Sing Zion, Captail Beiham for Vizagapatani. 18 Ship Pallas of Baltimore, American, Laptain G. Paddock, for Baltimore, 19. Ship Eaphinted Mearing, for Bengali

ROMBAY. ARRIVANS. April 26. Portuguese Ship A' S. De Penha de Franca, Commander Michael Luis Gouzazo Lobo, from tion, 28. Grab Snow Dawlut Pursand, Nacqueah Gullam Mahomed, from Tellicherry .- 29. Ship Gleneig, Captain David -Seton, from Cochin .- 30. American Brig Alexander, Com-

mander David A. Neal, from Salem.

May 1. Ship Cornwallis, Captain Robert Graham, from Calentta. Passengers: The Venerable Arch-Deacon Barnes, Captain Beytes, Surgeon Lumb, Mr. Peter Aide, and 18 Native .- 3. . H. C. Cruiser Thetis, Lieutenant C. J. Maillaid, from the Persian Gulph .- 4. Ship Ahanoody, Captain S. Gowing, from sea .-Brig Fanny, Captain J. B Smith, from the Isle of France. 5. Departures April 26. Ship Friendship, Captain William Black, to Calcutta.

May 3. American Ship Packet, Commander Daniel S. Cooke to Providence - Erab Ship Mowler, Naiquda Canjee Packey, to Tellicherry - 4 Ship Oxford, Free Trader, Captain John Lamb, to London .- 6. Ship Ruparell, Captain F. D. Briggs to Muscal .-8. Ship .Inn and .Imelia, Captain Edward Oakes, to Calcutta. Passengers per Oxford: J. Kaye, Esq. C. S. C. O. Avelino, Cornet. Madras Light Cavalry, Lieutenant Kennedy, 7th Regiment, Lieutenant Hodgson, 22d Regiment Light Dragoons.

CRYLON ARRIVALS AT POINT DE GALLE. Mafch 15. Arrived Ship General Stuart, Robt. Granger, Master, from England. Passengers, J. Deane, Esq. and a Servant, Mr. and Mrs. Fox, Mr. and Mrs. Osborn, and Mr. Newstead, Missionaries.

SALLED. April 25. Ship General Stuart, Robt. Granger, Mas-

ter, for Trincomalic.

PRINCONALIE April 25. Arrived Ship Ajax, Joseph Somes. Master, from England left 19th Der bound to Calcutta. Passengers, Miss H. Lane, Mr. Nicholas Cradack, and thirty Lascars

### ARRIVALS IN ENGLAND.

Dec. 11 Ship Emmu, Capt. Foster, from New South Wales .-12. Ship : . ean, Capt. Johnson, from Balavia -13. Ship Bulmer, Captum Hanson from Bengal; Ship Mila ood, Captam Bailey, Cotton -- 18. Ship Albinia, Captain Weatherall, from Java. Thomas cheere, Capt an Paterson, from China .- 21. Ship Surry, Capt. Braule, trois Batavia; Ship Union, Captain Johnson, from Bengal .-- 24. Stap Ind in Oak, Captain Penberty, from Hengal -25. H .M. S. Tyre, - from India -- 30. Ship City of Linburgh, Captain Locke, from Bengal .- 31. Ship Regret, Captem Barrick, from Calcutta,

Jan 2. Ship Harriet, Captain Moore, from Batavia; Ship Egfred, Captain Kirby, from Beigal .- 4. Ship British Mrmy. Captain Meriton, from ditto ; Ship Woodford, Captain Brady, from Batavia.

#### ARRIVALS IN FOREIGN PORTS.

Oct. 25 1916. Ship Christopher, Captain Elderton, from the Isla

of France -29. Turnbull, Captain Aborn, from Calcutta

Nov 1) Ship Amelia Captain Barry, fro a the Isle of France.-16. Ship Alexander Manefield, Capt. Church, from Batavia. -18. Ship Saunders, Captain Arkbridge, from Madras -19. Ship Elide, Captain Tucker, from Calculta -- 29. Lengal, Captain Rush, frém ditto.

Dec. 6 Ship Ocean, Capt in Machado, from Bengal -9. Ship La Vestall, - from the Isle of France. -14. Ship L'Ernest,

· from Bourbon.

## MADRAS.

The Ship Good Success, Captain Crockett, from Canton, arrived in the rouds on Sunday last; and we understand brings a supply of China articles for this market.

General Sit F. Maitland had returned to Malta; having landed their on the 18th of October. His Excellency is stated to have held a Levee shortly afterwards, and to have communicated to the British, Maltese, and other M ichants, the intelligence, that His Majesty's Governmost had come to the determination of opening a direct Tride between the East Indies and that Island; as had already been done in regard to the West Indies. The Bill, he is stated to have said, would be brought before Parmanuat, early in the next Session.

The expected Ship General Stewart, Captain Granger, anchored in the Roads on Tuesday, from England, last from Trincomatic .- The Ship, we understand, has brought neither Packet, por additional Intelligence from Europe.

The Ship Euphrates, Captain Mearing, passed through the Rands on Tuesday from Bussorah and the Malanar Coast, having left the former place, towards the beginning of March; several weeks before the Thetis; the arrival of which at Bombay was announced in our Supplement of Saturday. The Eunhrates after communicating with the shore, proceeded on for Bengal.

We understand the Benson will sail for Europe in the course of the day.

It is updarate all H. M. Sloop Lyra, Captain Hall, will not sail for England before Saturday evening.

That part of the Town of Perf Louis which was destroyed by the late dreadful fire, is about to be rebuilt upon an improved plan: having in view the salubrity and cleanliness of the place, and to guard as much as possible against a recurrence of a calamity so destructive: the streets were before narrow, are now to be of a proper breadth—passages formerly closed between houses are to be macn; while the houses are to be placed at suitable distances. Precautions extremely necessary, particularly where the dwelling are built of such combustible materials as those of Port Louis.

#### BOMBAY.

The Timandia, which arrived on Filday evening list, is the only Sup which has reached this port, from Europe, since our last. Having left Landon on the 7th of November, she, in consequence, brought no intelligence but what we were, previously; in possession of,

[Gazette, April 30.]

We are happy to state that the Archdeacon of Bombay has returned to this Presidency from Calcutta

The Oxford, free trader, sails we believe tomorrow for England. [Course. May 3.

The Hou'ble Company's Cruiser Theris, Lieut, Maillaid, Commander, arrived here yesterday afternoon, from Buss ran the 25th April, bringing despatches from England of a late date in December

The Partiage Care. Anderson, from this port reached England the 8th December.

The Comprise for this port left the channel the 29th cosember. [Courier, May 4.

## CALCUTTA MONTHLY JOURNAL.

Vor. XXX.] CALCUTTA; Junz 9, 1817. [No. 272.

From the Govt. GAZ. June 5, 1817.

#### CIVIL APPOINTMENTS.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.
FORT WILLIAM: 30 May, 1817.

Mr John Monckton, Resident at Lucknow
Mr Thomas Fortuscue, Agent of the Governor General, at
Moorshedabad.

### PUBLIC DEPARTMENT,

MAY 24TH, 1817.

Mr. Holt Mackenzia, Secretary to the Government in the Tecritorial Department.

#### MILITARY.

SENERAL OUDERS, BY RIS EXCLISENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

#### FORT WILLIAM: MAY 16, 1817.

1. His Excellency the Most Noble the Governor General in Council, considering expedient that the European Pensioned Soldiers, who in consequence of wounds or long Service are permitted to reside at Chunar, shall be kept distinct from the men belonging to the European Invalid Companies, is pleased to direct that the Psisoners above described shall no longer be borne on the Beturns of the Invalid Companies, but shall be placed under the charge of the Adjutant of European Invalids at Chunar, by whom their Pension and Clothing are to be drawn, and in whose Governor and Muster Rolls they are to be included

2 European Soldiers transferred to the Invalid Pensi n Establishment and permitted to reside at Chinar, are to receive the Pay and half Batte of the rank in which they are invalided, should they have held it number uptedly for three years prior to their transfer, but when that shall not be the case, the Pensioners are to receive the Pay and half Batta of the next inferior rank

Should any of the Chunar Invalid Pensione's desire at any time to reliaquish the indulgence of residing at that station and to return to Enrope on Lord Clive's Pension, the usual permission to that effect will be given, and Rolls of the men applying for it, are to be transmitted to the Adjutant General of the Army on the 1st of Angust of each year.

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4. No Seriemt transferred to the Invalid Pension Establishment will subsequently be considered eligible to the Pension Established by Winutes of Council dated the 11th of January 1797, since, from the date of their transfer to the Invalid Pension Establishment they will cease to perform those Military duties, in reward of which the Pension of 1797, was granted.

5. The Governor General in Council, desirous of granting every proper indulgence to men of the above description, is pleased to permit European Invalid Pensioners, whose good conduct and character for steadiness and sobriety shall give them a claim to consideration, to reside and draw their Pensions at other Stations than Chunar, on their assigning satisfactory reasons for applying for the indulgence.

6. Applications for this permission are to be transmitted to the Commander in Chief through the Adjutant General, for the purpose of being submitted to the Governor General in Council, should His Excellency be satisfied that the character

and motives of the applicant are unobjectionable.

7. The Governor General in Council is further pleased to direct that in future European Non-Commissioned Officers and Gunners who shall have served for an uninterru, ted period of three years in the Rank they hold at the time of being Invalided, be transferred to that Establishment with such rank, instead of being Invalided as Privates; and that Non-Commissioned Officers who shall not have served as such for three numberrupted years, shall be invalided with the next inferior Rank.

8. The indulgence granted by this order to Non-Commissioned Officers and Gunners of three years standing, whether of the Pension, or Invalid Establishments, is not to have remospective effect, but only to comprehend Europeans who shall be

nansferred to either from this date.

J. YOUNG.

' Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE IN:

## FORT WILLIAM; MAY 93, 1817

The leave of absence granted to thentenant Hact of the 22d Regiment of Native Infantry, by General Caders of Government under date the 18th of July last to proceed to the Cape of Good Hope for the benefit of his health, is extended to two mouths beyond the expiration of the period therein specified

2. Serjeant Thomas Decan of the Artil cry Invalids, having produced satisfactory testimonials of his claim to the Pension established by Minutes of C uncil of the 11th January, 1797, is admitted to the benefit of that Institut on accordingly, and

permitted to reside and draw his stipend at Chunar.

J. YOUNG,

DENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST MODILE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

#### FORT WILLIAM; MAY 23, 1817.

The Most Noble the Governor General 1. Council is pleased to direct the publication of the following L and Sub-Conductors, with the dates of the require appointments expressed opposite to their uan rants are to be granted.

#### APOTHECARIES.

John Rawlins,	161'ı De	1709,
Charles Leatham,	1st M cc	, ر
Thomas Forth,	12la Jena	1516,
David Michael,	70's begiten	1519,
Valentine William Hurley,	7cc Dilco	dtw,
John Abraham,	7th Duty	disto,
John Ryper,	7th Ditto	ditto,
John Bowton,	7th Wito	due,
James Dick	7th 15 / .	1ა 6,
Charles Smith Templeton,	7th D tto	dute,
Janies Walker,	31st Oct.	1516,

#### SUB-CONDUCTORS.

Since pro- (William Chapman, moted to full Conductors. George McDowell, Richard Homith, William Hunt, John Barchy, George Organ, John Foster, William MacKenzie, John Logan, Conrad Beck, Richard Humphreys, Andrew Foy, Abrah im Logue, Georg Harding, 14th Mar. 51

#### MEMORANDUM.

Erratum, in General Orders of the 11th February, 1817.
For "George Maddle, Serjeant of Horse Artiflery," read George McDowell.

Erratum, in General Orders of the 25th April, 1817.

The date of Serjeant Major Foy's appointing it is Sub-Conductor of Ordnance is the 11th Sebruary 1817, instead of the "10th February 1817," as therein stated erroneously.

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

CENERAL OLD, ES. BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST MOBILE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL. FORT WILLIAM: May 23, 1817.

The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to make at Passign Rutchusson of the Corps of Engineers, to be Garrison Sugmeers and Executive Officer at Dehly, from the Bounder, 1816, being the date from which Major Amourey's appointment to the satuation of Privapal Field Engineery's appointment to the satuation of Privapal Field Engineery.

gurer, street to the Field Command, took Best.

2. Brevit Captain Salmon of the 18th Regiment of Native Infantia, who was appointed by General Orders of Covernment under date the 22d of October last, to command Lieutenant Colonel Bradshaw's Escort, is directed to join the 2d Battalion of that Corps at Cuttack, with all practicable expedition

J YOUNG.

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCILIENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL FORT WILLIAM: May 23, 1817.

The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to establish the rate of 50 Sonat Rupees per mensem as the Bort allowance of a Sub-Conductor.

J YOUNG, Offg. Sec to Go"t. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOSEF THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL FORT WILLIAM, MAY 27, 1817

The Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the Hoisemen entertained from those formerly in the Service of Thakour Dia Ram and Bugwant Sing be formed into a separate Corps of the same constitution and establishment as the Corps of Robilla Horse

2. His Lordship in Council is further pleased to authorize an augmentation of 20 Sowars to each Russelah of the Corps of Irregular Cavalry, commanded by Captain Kunningham, Lieute-

nant Roberts, and Colonel Gardiner.

5. The Governor General in Council adverting to the absence from Colonel Gardner's Coips, or the Russelah employed under Mijor Roughsedge, and to the probable necessity of its continuance for an indefinite period, within the limits of that Other's Command, is pleased to direct that a supplementary Russelah of the present strength and formation, (including the augmentation authorized by the foregoing Orders) he attached to Colonel Gardiner's Corps, until the Russelah now detashed shall have rejoined.

4. His Excellency the Commander in Chief is requested to adopt the necessary authoids are arrangements for carrying the

above orders into effect

J YOUNG, Offg. Sec. to Govt Mil. DeptIt is now officially announced that the Governor General is about to proceed on a tour to the Upper Provinces: and it is believed that his Lordship will leave Calcutta early in the ensuing month. The following order has been issued by the Commander in Chief:—

GENERAL ORDERS BY THE COMMANDER 19 GRIEF, MEAD-QUARTERS: CALCUTA, 30TH MAY, 1817.

The undermentioned Officers of the General Staff, and composing the suite of his Exc dency the Most Noble the General General and Commander in Chief, are to attend His Lordship in his Tour to the Upper Provinces, and are accordingly directed to hold themselves in readiness to proceed by water to Furty Chur.

GENERAL STAFF.
Colonel McMahon, (King's Troops) Adjutant General.

Colonel Nicolls. (Krog's Teorps) Quarter Master General Lieut. Colonel Nicol, Adustant General,

Captain Vaughan, Assistant Adjutant General.

Lieutenant Colonel Patoa, Quarter Master General

Lieut Colonel Cisement, Deputy Quarter Master General Captain Bryant, Judge Advocate General

Suite of his Excellency the Most Noble the Governor General and Commander in Chief.

Lieut. Colonel Dovle, Military Secretary.

Capt, Macri,
- P Strabope,

---- Cil lwell, . Aides-de-Camp,

- Fitzelerence,

--- Dwyer,

Captain H. Huthwaite, Persian Interpreter to the Commander in Chief.

Cuptom W. H. Rainey, in charge of the Governor General's Bods Guard.

J Sewers, Esq. Surgeon.

Doctor Butler, Assistant Surgeon.

Capt in Henry Fitzclarence, Aid-de-Camp to the Commander of Chief of the Madras Army, will attend the Governor General to the Upper Provinces as the readiest mode of rejoining His Excellency Sir Thomas Hislop. Capt. Henry Fitzclarence is in the mean time to act as extra Aid-de-Camp to the Governor General and Commander in Chief of all the Forces in India, and all orders delivered by him, are to be obeyed as coming from a 1 Aid-de-Camp

" Ensign Schoof, His Majesty's 67th Foot, attached to the

Office of His Excellency's Military Secretary "

His Majesty's Birth-day was celebrated with the usual honors. The Governor General held a Leves

at the Government house at 10 o'clock in the annual standard and in the evening the principal Gentical of the Sattlement were entertained at a sumptuous dinner.

We understand that the first Conversazione will be on Wednesday the 11th instant at the Town Hall:—and that it is not expected, that it shall be attented in rull dress. The doors will be open at haif past seven o'clock.

The following has been sent to us for publication as an Abstract of the Resolutions passed by the Meeting of Subscribers, and Committee of Stewards of the Town Frad Conversazioné Assemblies.

I. That the Rooms shall be open to Subscribera

only.

2. That after the opening of the Rooms, no person be admitted a Sub-criber without the previous spection of the Committee or management, who may object to the admission without resigning an interest.

is bubscribe, are admirted without a ckers.

- 4. The san in the a of a Gentle can entitles, to admission every alse over of his family res an g with him.
- 5. Subscribers wishing to introduce a friend (soing a stranger, or intresident of Coleum) are only require to some a previous commentation to Mr. Hasting at the Town Hall to the address of the Stevaries.
- of. San explient will be collected one month in advance, the excepts for which will be signed by one of the Managers.

The following Gen'icmen have consented to form

the Committee of Mauac ment.

Mr. Wation.
Mr. T Plowden
Mr. Hogg.
Capt. Fitzclarence.
Capt. Monragu.
Mr. Trower.
Mr. Chinnery.
M. Alsop.
Mt. Morley.

Two Stewards will be on duty every Assembly night; but all those who may be present will equally contribute their aid.

The first Conversazioné Assembly will take place on Wednesday next, the 11th instant. Rooms open

at | past 7.

N. B. The Subscribers are requested to direct their carriages to enter at the Eastern, and to go out by the Western gate.

A most respectable Amateur has kindly furnished us with the following particulars of the Boat Race on Saturday last:—

"Owing to the state of the wind and weather, the boats did not start at the period proposed, but as such circumstance had occurred on former occasions, a great majority of the parties interested remained on the ground until \$ r. x when the signal was made from the (ecilia Pilot vessel, and the Race commenced, ten boats out of thirteen (entered) starting for the prizes.

"The *Phomas* and *Dusher* did not join, and the *Enorensis* was considered off the course owing to the mismanagement of the parties on board, to the great disappointment of her sailing owner, who had confidently calculated upon her superiority over

the whole.

"It is unpleasant to observe, that altho' there were five line boats stationed with flags to mark the limits of the course westward, only four vessels lan over it, agreeably to the regulations, viz. Susan, Lively, Happy-Go-Lucky and Gunga Saugur,—but as they were evidently the best saling boats that started, it became a matter of little importance, as the prizes fell to three of them, viz the Lively, Gunga Saugur and Susan.

"It is but common justice to state, that the Susan lost the second prize, by losing her top-mast coming in the last round, as there is little doubt that she would well have contested the first prize, under better management, had the Enorensis even

been upon the course.

"Should any of the parties originally concerned whose boats did not join, or were not upon the course, be inclined to enter the lists again, a similar subscription will be opened at Greenway and Co.'s for such purpose.

"The Happy-Go-Lucky was well managed, is a prime sailing vessel, and may fairly be considered one of the best boats in

use upen the river.

"The Gunga Saugur was started under great disadvantages, and nothing but the particular exertion and skill of Mr. W. Sinclair, could have enabled her to make, the show she did; at the same time we are led to state that she may yet be found the fastest vessel upon the river.

"In concluding this sketch, we are anxiously led to hope that in future, the many other owners of boats of great promise, will come forward and encourage, such a rational and beneficial amusement.

IST ROUND.

Lively passed the Cecilia 2 minutes before 4 r.m. Gunga Saugur ditto 5 ditto past ditto. Happy-Go-Lucky, close. Bussa, "ditto.

The loss of the Aliceste has added to the mary causes which previously existed, for lamenting that a Mission to China was ever contemplated: and although it is not fair to reason of the expediency of that measure from the result; we think, that the little benefit produced by the Embassy of Lord Macanther, should have prevented Ministers from subjecting the representative of the Nation, to mortification and disappointment.

The Madras Gazette has published a detailed account of the ceremony of delivering the Emperor's letter to Lord Amherst at Canton ;and of a conversation between His Lordship and the Vice Roy, which appears to have been remarkably devoid of interest. The outline of the ceremony intended to have been observed, if Lord AMHERST had consented to become a Puppet, is also published in the same paper; but as we have no reason to know that this document is authentic: or that any such ceremony was in truth contemplated, we shall not offer a copy of the document to our readers. It is replete with idle and absurd observances, calculated to extol and exalt the Chinese Emperor, clothed in Dragon robes, and seated on his Throne, in the palace of light and splendour: and to degrade and morely the representative of the British Government.

Lieut. Colonels Burnett and O'Halloran havebeen appointed, by the Prince Regent, Companions, of the Bath. It is reported that two Officers in the Honorable Company's service, have been appointed Aides-de-Camp to his Royal Highness, with the rank of Colonel.—Capt. J. Salmon, has been appointed Major and Lieutenant Colonel in the East Indies only.

We have not received any particular accounts from Cuttack since our last publication. The troops employed in quelling the insurrection have been directed to canton at Khoordah and Poorie. Rewards have been offered for the apprehension of the Dewan's son and Jughundoo; and the inhabitants were returning very slowly to-the town of Koordah.

The latest intelligence from Holkan's Head Quarters, dated the 23d of April, mentions, that the troops under Guffon Khan continued, still in a mutinous state; and were plundering the Country, in

the neighbourhood of Pertaub Churrale

The Camp of RUNJEET SINGH on the 10th ultimo, was at Adreah Nugur. A report had reached Attock, that Prince Kameun had placed the mother of the Vizier Futteh Khawn in confinement. Runjeet is represented to have received a letter from the British Authorities, respecting the Asylum afforded by him to British Singh; and to have replied "that his sole reason for keeping the Singh," was the fear of offending the British Government by permitting him to cross the Sulledge."

The Seik Army had not quitted the vicinity of Moltan, notwithstanding all the tribute had been adjusted. Hafiz Ahmed Khan had strengthened the forts of Mobarue Gurrah, Hyderabad and Bahadar Gurrah. All other posts of importance, belonging to this Chieftain, have been abandoned to the Seiks, who have increased, their demands, and require Five Lacs of Rupees. Twenty Horses and a valuable Iranee Sword which belonged to the Prince of Hematoon, and which is now possessed by Hafiz. The inhabitants of the Moltan Countries, had

renewed their Petitions to Mahomed Shan, who had promised but not afforded any relief against the ". Infidels."

AMUER KHAWN, at the time of the latest accounts of his proceedings was encamped at Toong—waiting a supply of heavy artillery from the army under Rajah BEHAUDER.

#### SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS. June 2. Princess Charlotte, McKean, from Batavia 1st April.—Britannia, Hugan, from Rangoon 11th May.—Brig Cicelia, Cunningham, from Rangoon 5th May.

Do. 5. Brig. Jossina, Robertson, from Bencoolen 11th May, Passengers: Licutenant Jones, and Mr. B. McCallen.

DEPARTURES. June 1. Galatea, (American,) Toune, for America,—Brig Synx, Read, for Port Jackson.

Do. 3. Brig Jane, Dyer, for Bombay. Do. 4. Laura, Dennis, for the Mauritius.

Do. 5. Lady Burlow, Roy, for Bombay.—Brig Nelly, Grier,

for the Isle of France,

The last report left the Sir J. H. Craig, Robarts, Britannia, Mysore, Juliana, Liverpool, Boyne, Ceres. Ernand, and Phænix, at Diamond Harbour, and the Lord Melville, Lady Flora, and Devaynes, at the New Anchorage.

Passengers per Juliana: Captain Ogilvie; Ringsted Plantagenet Field, Esq. late Captain in the 2d Battalion 4th Regi-

ment Native Infautry on the Bengal Establishment.

BOMBAY. Arrivals. May 13. H. M. Government Brig Kandyan, Lieut. J. A. Kitwick, in command, from Columbo.— 16. Ship Lady Nugent, Captain Swanston, from Calcutta. Passengers: Two Natives.

Sillen. May 13. Ship Ahmaody, Captain Samuel Gowing,

to Bussorah.

## BOMBAY.

The weather for several days past has exhibited the usual indications of the approaching monsoon, and on Thursday evening there was a heavy shower of rain, attended with thunder, which lasted some hours; two water spouts were observed, one to the North east and the other off to the South west at sea. Considerable rain fell we are informed on Salsette on Wednesday. A dreadful storm took



place at Ahmednagger in the Deccan on the evening of the 9th of May and continued until near 10 o'clock, accompanied with most violent thunder and lightning, 18in and hail, such as in the opinion of many of the oldest inhabitants of the city, had never been witnessed by them before.- The whole of the country for 20 miles around was inundated and a quantity of cattle belonging to Brinjarries swept away, the people being obliged to ascend the hills for safety .- In Colonel Milnes's camp, the wind made. dreadful havock among the tents, many being torn to rags, and but few left standing; the officers and men were obliged to leave them for their own safety, as as an accident was very near occuring, one gentleman, who was in his tent at the time of its falling, was so entangled in it on the ground, that it was with considerable difficulty he was extricated from his dangerous situation.

The storm appears to have been general throughout the Deccan. At Poona, the same night the not so violent, yet it was very severe, and a melancholy accident occurred in the camp, a servant an orderly boy, sleeping in the routee of a cavalry officer, were struck by lightning, and together with a pointer dog killed on the spot.—The cause of this was attributed to a hog spear found in the

tent which attracted the lightning.

The Honorable Company's cruiser Sylph, with treasure from the Coast, was standing into the habour at sun-set last night; also a ship from the northward, supposed to be from the Gulph.

On Tuesday the 29th ultimo, a beautiful ship of ahout 600 tons burthen, was launched at Cochin, belonging to the house of Mr. J. W. Tasker — She is called the Upton Castle, and will be commanded by Captain W. Howel, late of the Mary, built at the same place by Mr. Crookenden, in 1815. The Upton Castle is the eighth ship since the Mary, that Mr. Crookenden has built for the merchant service of this port, and verifies the opinion, we formerly expressed of the great professional abilities of this gentleman.

On Wednesday last, in the Instance Side of the Vice Admiralty Court of Bombay, the learned Judge pronounced judgment in the case of the ship Sulfamany. This is a cause of considerable importance, and we regret that we have no accurate reports of the arguments the learned dvocates on each side or of his Lordship's speech in giving

judgment. The ship sailed from this port in March 1816. bound for Muscat, Bushire and, Bussorah, with a cargo of various merchandize taken in on freight for those ports; she arrived at Muscat, delivered the part of the cargo destined for that port, and took in other cargo for Bushire and Bussorah, together, with several Arab passengers, and fourteen natives, of Africa. She sailed from Muscat on the 24th May and on the 17th June was fallen in with by H. M. ship Favorite, Captain the Hon. J. A. Maude, who seized her and sent her to Bombay, for having staves on board. She was libelled in the Vice Admiralty Court for having on hoard, when she was fallen in with by the Favorite, divers men, women and children subjects and inmabitants of Africa, which had been carried from Africa to Muscat for the purpose of being dealt with as slaves, and which were detained on board the said ship Sullamany for the purpose of being carried away and imported into some other place as slaves and to be sold, dealt with and transfered as slaves, the ship Sullamany at that time sailing under a British flog, being commanded by a Francis Ringrose, a British subject, having on board a pass from the Governor of Bombay as a British ship, owned by British Subjects, and having also a port clearance from Bombay and other papers and documents, purporting to show that she was a British ship owned by British owners and commanded by a British' Subject, navigated according to the laws of the United Kingdom.

It appeared in evidence that Muscat is a notorious mark for slaves, that a large fleet of dows with slaves on board. arrived from Africa a few days before the Sullamany left Muscat and that Captain Ringrose, when the Negroeswere brought on board, refused to take them, alledging they were slaves and that the ship would be liable toseizure if met with by any of His Majesty's ships; that he remonstrated with the Nacoda and threw down on Deck the order for receiving them. The Nacoda stated they, were passengers not slaves, on which Mr. Ringrose said. that they might go in the ship, if he chose to stand to the consequences. In 1813 a Bombay pass was granted to Hadgee Secroor bin Yacoob and Ebraim bin Husson Sumt, on their application to this government, accompanied with their affidavit that they were settled inhabitants of Bombay and had lived there with their families for upwards of 5 years, being the sole owners of the said ship; that they had not taken the oath of allegiance to any foreign state

and that no foreigner had any share in the ship. This pass was renewed in 1816, on application made by some person acting for and in the name of Hadgee Secreor, but no affidavit was made when the pass was renewed.

On the part of the impugnant, it was admitted that in 1813 he was what he then described himself to be in the affidavit. but it was contended that, having subsequently sold all his property in Bombay and having gone to live with his family in Muscat, he had abondoned the character acquired by his demicile in Bombay, and resumed his original Arabone. Evidence was given in support of this fact and that the ship has sailed under the Arab colors subsequently to 1813. It was further contended that, as he had come to Bombay in December 1815 for the sola purpose of releasing his ship fr m an arrest and had returned to Muscat as soon as that purpose was effected, he could not be considered as a person residing in the Company's dominions and that the grapting the pass to the ship could not fix that character upon him, as there was no proof before the Court nat he had applied for it under any such representation as he had made in 1813. Evidence was also given, to poor that the slaves were all emancipated previously to their having been embarked in the Sullamany and that they were all the freed and voluntary servants of the Arab passengers on board the ship.

The learned Judge in giving judgment commented with considerable sever to on the mean sistency of the testimony of several of the wirnesses called to support the allegation of the emancipation of the children, and the gross and palpable tampering that had been committed with the slaves, who had now been led to state in court that the depositious they had formerly made, of their being slaves, and their relations of the different modes in which they had been carried off from their native country and sold as slaves, were all lies, which they had been induced to tell from the influence of the prize master; but, that now they were all determined to speak the tru's and that none of them were of ever had been slaves. The Judge, after pojuting out also manifest contradiction in the testimony of the owner of four of the slaves, who swore distinctly that he had bought two of them in the slave Bazar at Muscat and afterwards emancipated them for charity, whilst one of the children swore he never had been bought, proceeded to pronounce sentence of condemnation on the ship, on the ground that the impuguant Hajee Seroor bin Yacoob had on the 24th day of May 1816, assisted in carrying and experting from Muscat, but indirectly from Africa, 14 staves, inhabitants of Africa, in the said ship Sullamany, owned by him and then sailing under the character of a British ship under a British pass and flag, for the purpose of carrying the said several slaves to Bushire and Bussora to be used and dealt with as slaves, he being a person resident in Bombay a place belonging to and in the possession of His Majesty,—the 14 slaves were pronounced to be forfeited to His Majesty.

[ Courier, May 17.

#### BOMBAY COURIER EXTRA.

#### MAX 17, 1817.

We haster to announce the arrival of the Honorable Company's snips Bombay, Capt. A. Hamilton, and Charles Grant, Capt. Hugh Scott.

They sailed in company with the Inglis from the Downs on the 7th January and parted with the Inglis off Madeira on the 19th January. They have touched no where on the passage.

The other four ships sailed from the Downs in pairs at the same time, but have not been seen since.

The ship signaled last night has proved to be the Cumbrian, Capt. Cooper, from England the 30th November and Caps of Good Hope the 20th February. The Alexander from this port arrived at the Cape on one 18th February, having parted with the Ann two days before: when the Cumbrian left the Cape, the Ann was hourly looked for.

The General Stuart, we learn has proceeded to Bengal; the Cumbian having brought on her packets and some of the Cargo destined for this port.

Many box packets of Letters have been landed from these ships. We have not yet heard any news which they have brought.

PASSENGERS PER BOMBAY.

Mrs. Hawkes, Mrss Wade, Mrss Jane Wade, Mrss E. Bond, Miss Williams,
Miss A. Williams,
Mrs. Snow,
Mrs. Snow, an infant,
Major T. Thatcher,
Ms. Morgan,
Captain Morgan,
Mr. John Forbes,
Mr. J. H. Little,
Mr. H. H. Lewis.
Per Charles Grant.

Mrs. Buchanan,
Captain Buchanan,
Mrs. Pope,
Captain Pope,
Mr. Stukeley,
Captain Campbell.
Pen Cumbrian.

Miss Evans, Mr. W. Sutherland, · Mr. W. Johnson,

## CALCUTTA MONTHLY JOURNAL

for. XXX.] CALCUTTA; Jun 1 . 1817. [No. 272.

From the Govr. Gaz. June 12, 1817.

## CIVIL APPOINTMENTS.

#### JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Tue 6th June, 1817

Mr. P. M WYNER Deputy Register of the Sadder Dewanny Adambut and Nizamint Adambut, and Franslator of the Regulations

Mr. W. H. Machaghter's First Assistant to the Register of the Sudder Dewanny Adirelating Nizamout Adamsut, and Preparer of Reports.

Mr. H. Wilkigson. Second Assistant to the Register of the

Sudder Dewanny Adawlut and Nizamut Adawlut

M. T. CLERK, Third Assistant to the Register of ditto ditto.

#### MILITARY.

COVIEND GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

### FOR P WILLIAM: Max 30, 1817.

 Mr Surgeon Sawers is appointed personal Surgeon to the Most Noble the Governor General, in the room of Doctor McWhitter, resigned

2 Lieute and Thomas Noton of the 28d Regiment Native Infantry, has been permitted by the Honoruble Court of Directors to return to his duty, without pregndice to his tank; Lieutenant Noton's relacu to his duty, is to be considered as taking date from the 12th January 1917

3. The Most Noble the Governor General in Council considers it expedient, with a view to the establishment of an equitable precedent in future cases, like that of Lieutenant Noten, to publish, for the information of the Army, the teasons which have induced General to consider Lieutenant Noten's return to his duty, as having taken place from the 12th January.

4. It appears that that Officer took his passage to Bengal via Bombay, and arrived at that Presidency on the 4th November 1816; whence he proceeded by land to join his Corps, forming a part of the Nagpore Subsidiary Force.—Under other circumstances, the Governor General in Council could not have permitted bentenant Noton to be considered as having returned to his duly, until he should actually have reported his

exrival at Fort William; but on this occasion, His Lordship in a Council has directed, that Lieutenant Noton's service and Indian allowances, shall be considered as having recommenced ten; weeks after he reached Pombay, being the usual duration of a voyage from Bombay to Calcutta, in the North East Monsoon.

J. YOUNG,

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS. BY WIS INCELLIBED THE MOST NORTH THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM: MAY 30 1817.

The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. Assist at Surgeon Crichton Ramsay of the 5th Regment of Native Infantry, to the Civil station of Allahabad, and to the charge of the Office of Subordinate Sugarintendent of Vaccare Inoculation at that place.

J. YOUNG,

Offg. Sec. to Gov! Mil' Dept.

We have had little rain at Calcutta during the last week; and the weather has been very hot and oppressive. From the Madras Journals, we collect, the very anseasonable weather has been experienced at that Presidency.

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We have great pleasure in inserting the following fist of students who have been found qualified to leave the College of Fort William.

-46

Messes, Duada: Miglett, McFablan, Robertson, Reade, Scott, Cockerble, Dent, Tenguard, Frank, F. Machaghter, Tenguard, Tunndire, Mandale, and Stieling.

-week Chair

The Third Law Term of the present year commenced yesterday, and the Session of Oyer and Terminer and General Gael Delivery will be opened this forenoon to the usual manner. We are happy to state that the Calendar, with reference to the length of the last vacation, is not heavy. The charge to the Grand Jury will be delivered by the Honorable Sir Anthony Buller, knt.

A considerable number of Letters from Europe, were distributed at this Presidency on Friday and Scatterday. They have been brought by the Richmond, but many of them bear date in October and November last. The receipt of these packets at this period of time, illustrate the great inconvenience to which we are subject from the Post Office regulation, when it is known that letters and newspapers to the thirdwook in January have reached the presidency, long before the regular packet of October!

We understand that an arrangement has been made between the Post Master General and the Court of Officerors, whereby the Hon'ble Company's Ships are to carry only Pucket Mals, at 3s. 6d the single letter. In the same manner as His Majesty's Ships; but that Ship Letter Mails at 1s. 2d. the letter, will be conveyed as heretofore in all private

ships, not expressly taken up as Packets.

We feel a peculic pleasure in publishing the following Correspondence, which while it affords an interesting proof of the rising prosperity of the Trade of Calcutta, illustrates the liberal views of Commercial Policy that naturally flow from those eatightened principles by which the present administration of British Government in India is so highly distinguished.

To JOHN ADAM, Esq.

Chief Secretory to Government, &c. &c. &...

Sin.

We the undersigned Merchants and Agents belonging to Calcutts, being desirons of creeting, it one own expense, a Public Building for the purposes of an Exchange, such as other Commercial Cities are provided with, and which the progressive entragenesis of the 'cade of this Port seems to render daily more requisite, have the honor to soft it the sanction of the Most Noble the Governor General in Council to this design, and we would furth a big kive to request that Government might be plets at to permit the intended Stabling to be errested upon the vacant spot of ground between the Honoble Company's present Bankshal and the River, as that situation would afford a combination of a lyvilages not to be to all elsewhere and which might conduce to the eliminates access of the plan.

We have the honor to be,

You most obedient humble Servants, Signed by the Merchants. [PUBLIC DEPARTMENT.]

To Messrs. PILMER & CO.

and other Merchants of Calcutta.

GINTII MEN.

I have the honor, by direction of His Excellency the Most Noble the Governor General in Council to acknowledge the receipt of your Letter dated the 19th instant, addressed to the Acting Chief Secretary, in which you intimate your desire to erect a Building, at your own expense, for the purpose of an Exchange, and express a request, that you may be permitted to construct it on the Ground between the Binkshal and the River; as that situation, you observe, would afford a combination of advantages not to be found elsewhere, and which appear

to be essential to the ultimate success of the plan

2 It will at all times afford the high st gratification to the Governor General in Council, to comply with the wishes of so respectable a body as the Merchants of Calcutti, when it can be done with a proper regard to the Interests immediately committed to the charge of Government. In the present case, His Excellency in Council is given to understand that no convenience is likely to arise from the arrangement, of sufficient importance to oppose an obstacle to the transfer of the Ground in question, for the purpose of enabling you to circy listo effect the very public spirited measure suggested in your Letter. His Lordship in Council has consequently great, pleasure in according to your application, and I am desired to state, that the Exeentive Officer will be directed, in communication with you and the Master Attendent, to make over to you, such portion of the ground alfuded to as may be necessary for the propose required, and can be spreed from the Marine Department, without embarrassment to the Public Service

I have the honor to be,"

GINTLEWIN.

Your most obedient Servant.

A TROTTER.

deling Sec to the Govts

For William, The 24th May, 1817

Letters from Meerut state that on the 26th ultimo, about 10 in the evening, a shock of an earthquake was experienced at diat tation. It was preceded by the usual noise, and tasted nearly a minute. The atmosphere was close and the sky unclouded. We are happy to find that no rightly was occasioned to any of the buildings in the neighbourhood.

One of the Pombay Journals has noticed the oucurrence referred to in the following extract from the Log-book of the ship William Prince, Copt. Ste-

phens.

" On the 1st May 1817, at 11 p.m. weighed from Bushire outer roads, under cone oy of the Hen'ble Company's Cruizer Field, Capt. Faithful, in company with the Ship Slexander, Captain Scubb. Nothing occurred till the 6th at 3 20 p. m. the Great Quoin in sight off the deck, being E. b. S. and 15 large boats bearing E. N. E. and the Alexender E. b. N. at 5 p. m. Signal made by the Commodore to, put ourselves in the best possible state of defence, apprehending the vessels in sight were enemies, and to make an possible sail to join the Alexander. At 6 30, the Gree Quan N. W. b. W. W. the Little W. b. N. & N. at 10 30, surrounded as 15 large boats, other 10 keeping aloof, with an intention to, cut us off. The Commodore commenced a smart five of great guns and small arms on them at 11 p. m -the Alexander surrounded by a number of boats. Get all our guns on the larkward side to bear on the boats close to hel, and commenced firmg on them, with round, and grape. At 12, a favourable, breeze bore up and made all possible sail, at 7 a. m. Cape Musseldom, N. W. b. N. 4 N. Commodore and Alexander in Company. At 10 a.m. 2) boats in sight bearing No E.-Every prais is due i Captain PAIRTIEL for his masterly conduct white in charge of us; and Capt. Stupp, for the management of his ship, and keeping a most incessant fice on the britis; there is no doubt that some of the boats, were sunk, and numbers killed, and they certainly got a most confounded licking, as they were so close, that every shot went right into them. We have since learnt, that they were Joasomy's, from Rashoma."

Shalk Dulloo, the Pindarce Chief, whose party a short time ago was severely chastised by Capt. Caulfield, is reported to have crossed the Norbuddah on the 21st altimo, with about eight hundred Pindaries. It appears that he eluded the vigilance of Major Clarke's detachment; and that the di-

rection which the Shaik had taken was not accurately ascertained. Two Battalions of the Madras Army under the command of Lieutenant-Colonel Scott were escamped on the Banks of the Nerbuddah.

For the following account of the first Assembly at the Coun IIII, on Wednesday Evening last, we are indebted to the Bengal Hurkarn:—

"The first Conversatione was held at the Town Hall on Wednesday The whole of the most floor was lighted up in the most brilliant retener. We Hastie was in attendance to furnish all manner of refushmatis, and a number of clud tables, classe bonds, bucker in non-boxes, and books of prints and caricatures were provided for the entertainment of the Company. An excellent country-dance band completed the plan, which we are disposed to think the best social project that ever talcutta witnessed. The band did not play by varie and for the first time that magnificant hall become a ball about In short we cannot say more in from of the meeting, thus that it appeared to have its tone from—one so eminently qualified to communicate enjoyment to every social circle where he presides."

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#### CIMP, KHOORDA, Just. 2, 1817.

Since my last, several parties of the Reliels have again shown themselves. I believe how very they are entirely confined to the Pakes. Almost all the office classes of the inhabitants have recorned to their villages, and resumed their usual occupations. This appears to have been done, very contrary to the wishes of the Pakes, who have set fire to several of the villages, with the view of avenging the desertion from their cause, and intime a ing others from following the example. A village, about a mile from Camp, called Chut; Pila, was set on fire one night; and the next morning, a party of Sepoys, in passing by it, discovered a head fixed to a Bamboo clump, with the body lying withou a few yards of it, which the vultures were devouring. It was recognized by a Pyke of Bhajepoor, in our service, to have been that of one of the Rehels themselves; and it is supposed, that suspicious of treachers to their cause, had brought on him his uniquely fale

On the 26th and 27th, Captain Armstrong, who is in the direction of Bhajepoor, with 5 case of the 2d, 18th, and light Company of the 1st, 18th had a good deal of skirmishing with parties of the Rebels, that had taken refuge in the jungles about that place, after their expulsion from Khoorda. On the morning of the 25th, Captain A. having sent out a party to a village about a mile off to bring off grains which he had information was conceated thers, they were attacked whilst in the performance of this service; but drove the enemy off, and car-

ried back to Camp with them many bullock loads of vice in the husk. Next morning, Captain A determined to pay a second visit to the village; and, as on the preceding day, found the linear gents driven up along the skirts of the jungle. He advanced towards them, when they opened a well directed free from their junjals, which was returned by us, when we got within musquet shot. They retired as usual, but not until many of them had been seen to fall. Captain A, before returning to Camp, destroyed the Village, which was pretty large, and in which was situated the residence of the Dewan's Son, who was in the action. An elephant was seen with the enemy, supposed to have been one of those taken from the Collector, and which the young Dewan is end to have received, as his shar of the boots, captured in the first business that took place at Khoonda. On the 20th also, some hundreds of Inforgents opened a fire

On the 29th also, some immercus of inturgents opened a fire from the jungles on a party of the 18th, posted in the pass in the hits about 1 inde South of Khoorda. They killed 2 Sepoys, and counted 1; and lost on their side one man killed, and several sound d. They were pusued by the Troops, but were soon lost sight of in their ofmost impenetrable fastnesses.

The business of the Reads is going on briskly. Major Carter has been that the foregraphs. All the deferres rused by the enems in the Nosing pass, base also been lessed to the ground. And a space for the new Cantonneut at this place, has nearly been cleared of all the juigles and other incumbrances. Numbers of workmen of all descriptions have arrived from Cattack, to be employed on the buildings.

I im sarry to say accounts have been received in Camp, of insurrections having broken out in the Kojung district, lying has and South of Cuttack, between that place and the sea. The Mag strate hot ordered the Rajah to proceed to Cuttack, to give associates of his being well disposed, and it is said he was or his way, when the Pykes of that district tose in a body, curred him back to his residence, and immediately set about destroying the public buildings, &c and turning out the Officers. Lieutement Pearson marched from Pipley, with 3 Companies to a place called Gope, or Kojung, were it was said the Pykes were committing their depredations. It is reported that that Officers found they had killed and wounded Lieut P having restored order religious to Pipley, and completed a march of upwards of 50 miles, in the short space of 30 hours.

Juvi 3, 1817,

Verious reports have reached Camp of movements of some bodies of the Insurgents, who still remain unbroken. They are send to be between Poorce and Banpore. It will be a fortunate the post has should think of triking the direction of the former place, as Major Humilton has got with him part of the body Guard; and three troops of Madras Cavalry are by their way to join him. The country about Poorce being open, and interspersed

with little or no jungle, it will be scarcely possible for the Rebels to make good their retreat; and the Cavalry will no doubt

give a good account of them.

44 Major Carter has succeeded in surprising and taking a Sirdarand 12 of the Insurgents, on the other side of the Gongparas, pass. We understand the Sudar has paid the forfeit of his. disoledience on the gallows; and the most guilty among a the others will also no doubt meet with the same punish a at 1 (20tain Armstrong, in one of his encounters time upon a total in which were buried several heads; but, whether it and the of some of the Rebels themselves, amongst whom there are said to exist divisions, or of some indofinate victures, from our side, who have tallen into their hands, is not assectanced in year port is in Camp, that one of their Sudars having expressed as intention of joining us, was reprieducitely benealed. A party of Pykes, in the jungles to the southway: force is a ustraction to no allowed to come in.

Thus the work of tranquility is proceeding rapidly. The greatest praise is due to the conciliatory, yet first and decisive measures, adopted by the Major General The troops continge healthy, not withstanding the talign is they have undergone, at this scoreling season of the year. The Thermometer has been frequently at 114 in the shade. Several showers of run have fallen, which have for a time moderated the temperature, and

proved extremely refreshing.

## SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS. June 11. Brig Memria, Russell, from Penang (4th) May Passengers - Captain P. L. Smith, and Mr. Worth, late of the Ship Hyster Illy -- Perseverance, Brown, from the Isle of France.

Do. 12. Bre, Haldane, Kidd, from the 1sle of France 6th May. and Madris 5th June

Do. 14. Hayston, Presweck, from the Isle of France 11th March, Malabar, and Coast of Coromandel.

Do. 15. Cambrian, Cooper, from Bombay 25th May. Passengers Captain D. Selon, Country Scivice, and Mr. J. H. Johnston.

Ship Jehn Tobin, Captain Komon, put back from Sea

DEPARTURES. June 6 Lord Mipto, Cheine, for Penang and Java .- Marchioness of Wellesley, Maxwell, for Rangoon.

Do. S. Brig Mary Ann, McCarthy, for Penang. Do. 9. Indian, (Freuch) Busch, for France.

PENANG. Annivars. March 21. Ketch Mayden Bur, Shaik Madar, from Malacca 16th March. Passengers: 5 Native Las-cars.—29. Ship Racchorse, Thomas Howard; from Bengal 3d. March. Passengers K. Murchison, Esq. of the Civil Service. Captain Brown, Mr. and Mrs. Prendergast and Child,-26. Brig Janet, J. Antonio, from Rangoon 1st March.

April 6. Bing Minerva, John Russell, from Calculia 17th Marcie Passingers: 8 Natives —7. Simp Isabella, P. C. Foster, from ditto 20th ditto. Passengers: Mrs. Stackhov e and Family, James Carnegy, Jun. Esq and A. Wilton, Esq.—10. Ship Argo, R. timpphreys, from West Const. 8th March. 13. Brig. Ann. J. Percina, from Acheen. 3d, April—15. Simp. o. 2. or. day, A. V. Costelia, from Calculia 18t obito. 2. hav. Certifanca, J. d. Barce. from Calculia 18t obito. 2. hav. Certifanca, J. d. Barce. from Calculia 18t obito. 2. hav. certifanca, J. d. Scott. c. a. Cuddidore. 20th direb. from S. d. diet. 20th. April.—15. Sing Viena, J. alontoco. 1. e. T. cea. 20th. April. Passengers. 10. moss.—28. Ship Invaria, i. Laten. from Calculia 10th do to. Passengers. F. Peri o. [a. Laten. and Family, Mr. V. Scott. C. A. dos Campos, and Cipria o. J. Baplisti.—29. 20th. Phanadom. P. L. Smith, from N. 10th. 12th. ditto: Bing. Sagma Pulluh. Nog. Hessen, from Sesson. 9th. ditto:—30. Bing. Carrier, Che. Min., trom. Acheen. 21st. ditto: Bing. Catharina, Che. Salch., from dotto citio; Bing Culter Java, Che. Salch. Toah. from ditto ditto.

May 1 Bing Condense Americate, C. J. Cibral, from Columbo 25th February -6 Bing Minerea, John Russ II, from Malacca 27th April Bing Ligitante, D. L. Guardo, 110m. Manila 28th

December, and Malieca 30th April

Department. Match 15 Ship Concester, W. Rankin, for West Coast -- 16. Brig Esther, Ldward John, for Tellphong, Ship Pingante, R. N. Vieira, for Cilent -- 20 Ship Racehorse, Thomas Howard, for Malacca Fastward and Java -- 24. Brig

Hope, A. Black, Ion Madtas.

April 1. Bug Narama, Noq. Taess, for Outagong 2 Ketch Vanden But, Shall, Madar, for Pading - 6 long John B. R. voc., for Bonday - 11 Brig Hinerva, John Bussell, 6 Miliera - 16 Shin Isabelia, P. C. Foster for Malaca, Eastwee and Java, Passenger Isan) Saweiby to Milacan Brig Elem or Pinladelphia - 17 Brig Cuttymer, Man and Meyden shim for Padang - 26. Brig Covianca, J. J. Briges for Macia - 28 Ship Andromeda, A. V. Cortella, for difference, R. Humphreys, for the Isle of Unite.

May & Ship Hyder Ally, Robert Scott, for Malacra Passen-

gere J. J. Frshine, Bag.

# MADRAS:

The weather at Madras during the whole of the last mouth has been unseasonable, inasmuch as the land winds usually prevalent at this time of the year have yet scarcely been perceptible. A very small quantity of rain has hitherto fallen in the neighbourhood of Madras, but from the oppressive state of the atmosphere and lowering appearance to the Westward, a heavy fall, we think, must soon take place—a circumstance greatly to be desired, for the country is literally hand.

The Freuch Ship Caesar, whose arrival at Pondigherry. we have already announced, anchored in the Rolls on Sunday. She sailed from St. Malo, on the 8th of Janua- !. TV. She has brought no news, and not a single French Journal.

The following Passengers arrived on her.
Mr. Percoe, Mr. John Blackburn, and Mr. Douzen? On Saturday, the " Packet Mails," for Ilis Majesty's ship Lyra, Capt. B. Hall, were finally closed, and dispatch. ed on hoard. The Lera got under weigh at miduight, and proceeded on her voyage to England.

Captain Herrey, of the Commissariat Department, and Wm. Pitt. E-q R. N. have proceeded to Eugland by this

'opportunity

The Nancy. Capt. Frushard, has arrived since our last. from the Murifius, from whence she sailed on the 13th of April, and could consequently bring no news from thence, as we already pessessed Mauritius Journals to the 15th of that month. Many of our readers will be glad to hear, that the fell in with the Transport Lucy Maria on the 1-t ult, in Lat. 8 .- 13 South. Several letters from the Cheers of His Majesty's 80th Regiment have been receive ed, which states that all we're well on board. The Lucy Muria had then been five weeks on her voyage from this Port, and the Captain, in consequence of this tedious passage, intended to proceed to Port Louis for water and fresh provisions.

The Ennore Transit, Capt. Greig, sailed on Sunday, for

the Northern Ports.

The ship Perseverance, conveyed the Packets to Bengal. which were brought out by the Richmond Packet. latter Vessel is landing part of her Cargo at this Port.

[Courier, June 3.

Yesterday being the Anniversary of the Rith Day of our Venerable Sovereign, was distinguished in the usual manner—the Royal Standard was hoisted in the Fort during the day; at Sun-tise, a Salute consisting of the number of Guns corresponding with the age of His Majesaty was fired from the Fort Battery; at Noon. Royal Salutes were fired from the Fort and Chepauk Palace: and in the Evening a Grand Dinner was given at the Banqueting Room, by the Right Honorable the Governor, in honor of the occasion.

Towards See and of December, two Vessels of 500 Tors. were advertised for, the Government to convey Troops of New South Wales: to relieve others, who were to embark from theure for this Presidency.

Some Notices of the HINMALAYA range of Moun-

gRY; -from a recent fourney.

It appears without doubt, that the Sutluj River, has its source at the Riuwun Riud Lake, situate between the Himmalaya and Kylas renges; that it has forced its way through these snowy mountains—having its bed at a very considerable depth: with precipices on either side of many thousand feet in height. The tops of these mountains are covered with eternal snow, and are supposed to be about 19,000 feet above the level of the sca: Villages are found at a height of 6 000 feet above the bed of the river, which are half the year covered with snow; and in the summer enjoy a climate like that of our spring in England. In some parts of these elevated regions of frost, the lower strum of snow appears to melt in the winter; while in other parts, the cold is so great, as to split and detach, huge masses of the rock, which fall with a tremendous crash, from the height of several thousand feet.

I'his formidable harrier was crossed last year, in the middle of June--" the perpendicular height of the snow then was above the lower line of congelation upwards of 5,000 feer; vast and deep beds of snow were passed over, the surface of which was hard and the ascent very steep, the ridge crossed was between 2 peaks and the pass apheared to be formed by the ruins of a peak which had crambled by the frosts; it was snowing there very hard at I past 11 in the forenoon, but running below the snow, the descent on the South side into Swarra of Bussahrie was exceedingly steep and over snow, ice and rocks-during 4 days no villages were found; and the traveller was chiefly "shoulded in cloud; when they cleared away, the scenery was grand and wonderful beyond description.- " if the snowy peaks have such an imposing aspect from the plajus. how must they appear when viewed at an angle of 35 of el ation as seen from the upper village on the north side; those villages are under snow half the year; but in June have the climate of spring in England, they stand 6,000 feet above the bed of the river, where the winds were found

<sup>.</sup> The Indian Caucasus of the antients.

in hor in June 1 me plaines. The momenter told. in a Tent, and yet 3 days climbing being one to the regions of never-ceasing frost and snow.

mover-reading frost and snow,

"The height of the rock of the mawy range is evident. Wily decreasing, as every year huge masses are split by the effects of cold and fall down, fragments of an enormous size were seen, which from the freshness of the fracture must have fallen but few months before, the fragments tovered a large space and had fallen from the height of 4,000 feet to the bed of the torrent (the Panevei), which rises . in the pass and joins the Sutlaj -one sale of the pass was of the steepest granite rock; the layers appeared mostly to be little juclined from the horizontal position; in some places the strata had different and contrary degrees of declination, and were not regular.

.. In the Himmalaya as well as the other mountains higher than 4,500 feet, ibis mostly grante of various hues with a great mixture of white quartz both in veins and nodules; in the snowy peaks themselves the rock is chiefly that sort of quartz granite which resembles coarse marble of various hues, white, reddish and even green, and the same is seen at their bases, steep precipices of 5 and 6000 feet high, thro' which the Sutley tears its way .- The Sutley appears to be the largest of the Himmalaya rivers, being at Rampour in Bussahir (in June) at the narrowest part 210 - feet wide and very deep; neither the Alunknundra nor the Bagretu are so large previous to their junction at Deogpag : indeed the Tourse must be equal to enther of them; and the Jumma before its junction with the Tourse in the Doon is but a small stream, only one-third of the size of the Tourse. -On the north side of the Himmalaya range (which we see from the plains) a great and steep mass of rock rises on both sides above the Sutley, to the height of about 5,000 feet, above this is, a belt of cultivable land, but very rocky and poor, on it are situated the villages of Kunaur; Apples, Pears, Red Raspberries, and course Giain, grow there: also Apricots and other wild fruns: above this is a deep belt of forest of gigantic Pines called Kailon; and Deodar; many of these are 24 feet in circumference and more than 180 feet high; the timber is excellent and most durable; the trees partake of the nature of the Pine and Cedar; the cone are small about 4 mches long and 24 in diameter, and the leaves 1; inch long, and in small tufts at right angles to the branch ; some of the trees have spreading branches decreeding in length from 10 feet above the soil to the top, others are without branches to nearly the

top and very straight. this noble tree and led the be the the snow lays most part of the year; the bd is of a fine and short gram, of the colour of Deal and has a most pleasant smell. Above the Forest Belt Which has also Oake and other large timber) are steep graits knolles bare of timber, but where Laurel and other bushes growe the so I is linck and a on y, but in June and Mariate, in the rams when the new cas melted, it is covered with Wery To bet, of wee European spring flower, Crocusers, Cowsline Corte to ps and numerous other; on this haked and dern a region, high wands and fegs are troublesome and more in its flighty of rescription, and a powerful way and te had, more owing probably to there's demonster the Course and other should could to to prove the contracts of the air, for it is care'r higher up in the s were in the me inconvenience was not felt. Immediately from their grassy heights arise the steen in a f the summits, on which the snow lays nio, and a person place, but in June much of the rook is a feel sed where it is very steep. The crest of in a was narrow and the descent on the S. W. side steeper to a demain distance than the ascent. Between the r cas at the foot of the pass (among snow and verdure naxed) you travel for two hours and a half over rocks and broken patches of snow to the foot of the great state snowy hed; a very heavy and fatigueing climb of 2: Sours and a quarter more, brings you to the crest; a still steeper and more difficult descent over snow and ice of I hour and It minutes prought us to hard snow beds, not steepdown there we can by 71g ag tacks from side to side for 15 numbers, and then a seemded by grassy knotis, gradually to a place we re we found wood and water, a Journey which commen about 9 hours and a half. The next day marched to a . " ge in 3h. 28m two hours of which were very ste p decem thro' a forest: he rest flat and small ascent-raised on was called Roul, in the district of Sworth and one of the geeders of the Pabur river is below it, rising in the pass we came down. The Mased Dewish has a shipper there as he and Narrian have in many places nt the for of ne Himmalaya. There is also a range of snowy mentions on the north state of the Sutledge, which as well as proceen the South side rise very abruptly from it . . his to mustion of the Kylas range, so that we die ve e a lacle Land (Platean) or broken plains -ma Va cano has been heard of, nor were any Shor wand. '--[ Govi. Gaz. June 5.

BOMBAY.

We understand that the Argo, free trader, will sail for-London carly next week, and that the Swallow and Timindra will be ready for Sea about the 1st of June.

On Saturday at an adjourned general meeting of the School Society, William Erskine, Esq in the Chair, the second annual Report of this very in a resting Institution was read, and ordered to be printed ;- The Report states, that at the close of 1816 no answer had been received." from the Court of Directors, and that in consequence no proceedings have taken place respecting a permanent master, or the building a house; in the mean time the Society has reserved its expence within its own resources and continues to encrease in popularity and success. . The highest encomiums are paid to the Lames, Managers of the guis' school, where there are heavy 50 girls ecucated and entirely supported; in the boys' school there are nearly 80 altogether, of whom 28 are children of natives -and we rejuice exceedingly to observe the natives sending their children to this school were they will necessarily learn to read and write in a better manner and at, a cheaper' rate than they can at their own school; -some very excellent remarks are made in the Report on the state of children of Europeans in this country, and on the present proposed. mode of educating them, -the whole concludes with some observations from Dr. Taylor's Liliwatt on the native bystem of teaching, which has been improved by Dr. Belland Mr. Laucuster, and is now generally known by the name of the national system. This Report is printing in the Councer Press and will soon be in the hands of the soba ribers; we most earnestly recommend a persual of it and s cordial support of such a truly benevaler and important Institution to every inhabitant of the settlement .- It is at present the only society in India of a similar extent, and is highly creditable to this Presidency.

His Excellency the Admiral sailed from this Post on Tuesday in the Orlando frigate for Transpositie. His Majesty's ship Melville, in company.

We are happy to understand that Dr. Toylor, the translator of the Lilawati, is still control to the same field of science, and is now employed in hearing the translation from the original Sanscrit of the Bija Genita, the cele-

brated treatism on Algebrat The la ably executed by Mr. Edwin Strate Though highly creditablito that gentleman's genturng and tarross disapnointed the expectation of many men of science at home, threfly from he being unly a translation of the tra and the wish expressed by several Mithernician , of emigence to possess. The undistrated translation of the ters translation of that curious work from the original. his values will be followed by another contamine w Ministrion, of the Surya biddhanta, the mest antient and esteemed work extent on Hindu Astronomy, which the learned thuslated will illustrate by a commentary and notes consisting the Most remarkable massiges of the Stollbeata The and of other treatises with astr nome of the punds. These three works, which may be expected to throw a broad little over the antical state of knowledge and mathematical knience in, the Bust, will together compose in his resting series of treatises which will enable the phithere of the West to form a correct estimate of the price of knowledge passessed by them nations in Arithme-Geometry Algebra and Astronomy; and will not city to the solution of many questions which have agitated the Mathematicians and Astronomers of Lurope regarding the progress made in these sciences by the Hindos it very remote periods, but will illustrate in some striking particuthere course taken by the homen hind in its advances in

# PENANG

On Thursday morning at 8 o'stack . . Engine, Lea. Member of Schneil, embarked under fat Salute due to his rank, on bhard the littler Ally for Malacoline ve regret to add; the indesposition is the cause.

His reinfiels the Residence has be expected in about

TE APPOINTMENTS Esq. to be City and My

#### CBYLON.

# CEYLON, 7TH MAY, 1817.

It is with much concern we communicate to the public a very shocking event which happened on the evening of the lith near Colombo.

A party of seven young Gentlemen had been walking smong the tires near the Sea, about 2 miles south of the Fort; between 5 and 6 o'clock they sat down on the shore, without any previous intention of bathing, when Mr. May, of the Ordnance Civil Department, went into the water, and was soon followed by several others. Mr. May was an excellent swimmer and plunging into the nearest Suif, he did not rice till he was some way beyond After playing about a short time, he struck out into deeper water, when Lieut. Gray who was within the Surf and aware of the danger from Sharks, called out to him mit to go any further, at that moment the swell of the Suif hid him from Mr. Gray, but some of the party who were standing higher, on the shore, saw him on a sudden s ruggle and sink .- He rose again directly, and cried out, "a Shark, a Shark, no joke, no joke, upon my honour I am bit," but he did not seem to be much hart. for he swam with great strength towards the shore. Lieut. Gray rushed forward to his assistance, and just as they were near meeting, the Shark seized him again, but he was not pulled under water and only cred out, " I am bit, Lam bu"-Mr. Gray then got hole, of him and at that moment he saw the Shark made a thind attack. They were now very near the shore and Mr Gray with the assistance of another young man, successed in getting him on dry land. He had sunk up a his knees as they were supporting him, and was redeavouring to speak, but could only utter consulsive, inarticulate sounds. They thought he was fainting and got him some water which they pressed him to drink he raised his head, opened his lips and attempted to swallow, but instantly sunk down again, and expired, without a groan. The whole of the flesh with all the brood vessels, was torn away from the back of his left thigh, for considerable space above the knees. The laceration was so dreadful, that Mr. Martin the Surgeon who hastened to see him on hearing of the accident, declared it would have been impossible to save him, had he been

upon the spot. The great efficient of blood must have produced immediate death. He did not in fact survive above 2 minutes. It is probable the fatal wound was given in the second or third attack, when Lieut. Gray saw the ravenous monster in the act of sejzing his unhappy victim. The Shark appeared to be rather small, with a large head, but the water was so discoloured with blood, that it could not be distinctly seen.

William Turville May was only 22 years of age. he came to Trincomalie in the Chapman on the 7th of October 1815, and arrived at Colombo on the 29th of November following—He was an emiable young man, much tiked by his companions, who observed that he had been that evening remarkably cheerful and in higher spirits than usual, just before the accident happened. The sad and sudden change of their poor friend in the flower and gaiety of youth, tord with such a horrid wound, attempting in vain to speak, and expiring with convulsive sobs in their arms, must have made a deep impression on their minds, and will be the subject of most affecting intelligence to his relations and friends in England.

# CALCUPTA MONTHLY JOURNAL

# Vol. XXX.] CALCUTTA; June 23, 1817. [No. 372.

# FROM THE GOVT. GAZ. JUNE 19, 1817.

# CIVIL APPOINTMENT.

June 13, 1817.

Mr. HENRY ALIAN WILLIAMS, Commercial, Resident at Daces.

## MILITARY.

COVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; MAY 30, 1817.

The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following Promotions.

2d Regiment of Native Infantry.

Captain Lieutenant John Duncan to be Captain of a Company from the 5th of October 1816, vice Forest, retired in Europe.

Senior Lieutenant and Brevet Captain William Gordon Mackenzie to be Captain Lieutenant Lyan the sante date, vice Duncan, promoted.

Senior Easign Ferris Charles Robb to be Lieutenant from the

same date, vice Mackenzie, promoted.

Authoric intelligence having been received of the death in England of Licutenant Prichard of the 7th Regiment Native Infantry, in the month of June 1815, upon which vacancy Lieutenant Marriot (who, as Senior Engin in the Army, was appointed to a Licutenancy in the 20th Regiment of Native Infantry by General Orders of the 9th May 1817;) is entitled to promotion, His Lordship in Council is pleased to cancel the appoinment of Lieutenant Marriott, in the 20th Regiment of Native Infantry, and to make the following Promotions.

# 7th Regiment of Native Infantry.

Senior Lieutenant and Brevet Captain Russell Martin to be Captain Lieutenant from the 25th May, 1817, vice Rawlins, deceased.

Rusign Charles Marriott to be Lieutenant from the 30th

June 1815, vice Prichard, deceased.

Ensign Richard Blechynden Brittridge to be Lieutenant from the 25th of May 1817, vice Martin, promoted. 20th Regiment of Native Infantry.

e 28th Regie Senior Ensign in the Army dames Alston, from the 27th of ment of Native Infantry, to be Lieutenaut from

o direct that March 1817, vice Short, deceased. The Governor General is Council is pleased that toned Mes the appointments and promotions of the underman lieuwinst dical Officers shall have effect from the dates specified against

Sheir Names, as fellows.

Namos.	Rank.	promotion.	In wkose 100%
Mr Alex ? Ogdvie, 5	Sugeon, S	10th Feb }	Vice Wilson, embarked for Europe.
- Roger }	Ditto,	22d ditto,	Vice Russell,
- F ifah }	Surgeon.	18th Aug. 3	Vice Buchan- an, retired in Europe,
- Walker) Askell Venour	Ditto,	Ist ditto,	Vice Deshi- rough, deceased.
- George ) d Gunning } Campbell }	Ditte,	29th Nov. } 1816, }	Vice Robertson, appointed Su- perintending Surgeon to the Vagpore Sub- sidiary Force.
-Samuel }	Ditto,	30th Jan. }	Vice Hamilton, promoted.
- John Bauce, }	Ditto,	1 'd Feb. ) 1917, 5	Vice Ogilvie, promoted.
— Phomas ? Iweedie ?	Ditte,	22d ditto.	Vice Keys pro- moted.
Plny- fair.	Ditto ,	32d ditto,	Vice Ludlow, promoted, to remain at Ochly.

Mrs. Francis Nicholas Price, having produced a Certificate of his appointment as a Cadet of Artillery on this Establishment, bea fing date the 18th of September 1816, is admitted to the ser gice accordingly.

Lichtenent-I. Harriot of the 5th Regiment of Native Carality, having produced the prescribed Certificates from the Mellical and Pay Department, is permitted to make a voyage to aca, for the recovery of his health, and to be absent on that actount for six months.

J. YOUNG.

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Den

GÖVERNÖR GÖNERAL IN ÖGUNGLU.

FORT WILLIAM, JUNE 6, 1817.

1. The Governor General in Council authorizes the discharge of one Hand Bheasty and two Sweepers from the Barrack Master's Establishment of Fort William, from the 1st Instant.

2. The Rooms attached to the Establishment of the Barrack Master of Fort William, are considered as having been reduced to two Workmen at Sonat Rupees 4 each per mension, from the 1st instant, being the date when the reduction was notified to the Barrack Master.

J. YOUNG,

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

TENERAL ORDERS, BY 'HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE

#### FORT WILLIAM; JONE 6, 1817.

Lieutenant Sidney Swiney of the 2d Battalion 18th Regiment of Vative Infantry, baving produced a Medical. Certificate of his inability to perform the active duties of his profession, is transferred at his own request to the invalid Establishment from the 1st instant.

The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following promotion and appointments.

# 18th Regiment of Native Infantry.

Senior Ensign John Anderson Burstow to be blettlenant from the 1st June 1817, vice Swiney, transferred to the Invalid Establishment.

Ensign Garstin of the Corps of Engineers, to take thatge of and carry on the public works at Loodeanah, in the room of Lieutenant Blane of Engineers, who is to be employed in repairing Ali Murdan Khan's Canal.

Captain Hyde of Engineers, to superintent the construction of the Public Works carrying on at Almorah, on the allowances usually granted to Officers when employed on straight duties; in the room of Lieutenant Stephen of Engineers; who has been directed to resume the survey of the Northern part of the Beaures District.

Captain Hyde's appointment is to tike effect from the date on which he shall records charge of the works at Almorat from

The Governor Georgial in Council has been pleased to make the following appointments in the Medical Department, in consequences of the nomination of Dr. McWhirter to be Apothecary to the Honograble Company.

Surgeon James Williamson, M. D. to the Marine Department Surgeon John Swiney, M. 1) to be a Presidency Surgeon Seriount Major J. Cochrane, who was admitted to the benefits of the Pension Establishment by General Orders bearing date the 28th February last, is permitted to reside and draw his stipend at the Presidency, instead of Cawapore, as therein directed

J. YOUNG. Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil Depti

GERERAL ORDERS, MY HIS FECELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GETERAL IN COLVER.

FORF WILLIAM; JUNE 6, 1817.

As it is frequently found necessary to direct Assistant Surigeons to do duty under Superintending Surgeons of Divisions, in order that they may be disposable for contingent services and as Medical Officers so situated are constantly liable to move at the shortest notice, the Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to declare that Assistant Surgeons whom the Commander in Chief, may thus order to do duty under Superintending Surgeous, shall be entitled to the lent allowance of their Rank.

J YOUNG. Oifg. Sec. to Govt. Mil Dept.

SERERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLRACY THE MOSI NUBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL FORT WILLIAM; JONE 6, 1917

The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Lieutenant John Elhot of the 13th Regiment of Vative Infantry, to be Barrack Mister at Dinapore, in the room of Captain Harriott, who has proceeded to Europe on the private Ship Lord Wellington.

J. YOUNG. Offg. Sec. to Govt Mil. Dept.

CEYPRAL ORDERS, BY HIS FECTULENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE MISPURD PE AARAFAD ROPRSYOD FORT WILLIAM; Jone 6, 1817.

His Excellency the Most Noble the Covernor General in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. John Beal to be an Apothecarj on this Establishment; from the with of May last.

J. YOUNG, Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

EDIT WORLS THE

ON TURBUEL

BETRELL ORDERS, BY BIS PRORLEYOF GOVERNOR REVEREL IN COMMONL.

FORT WILLIAM, JUNE 6, 1817.

Some doubts having been entertained as to the extent of author, rity to be exercised by Officers Commanding Stations over Provincial Corps, that may occasionally be stationed within the limits of Military Cantonments: His Excellency the Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to declare, that whenever a Provincial Battalion shall be stationed within the limits of a Camonment, such Battalion shall be subject to the Orders and general authority of the Officer Commanding the Custon-ment, in every thing that regard the discipline and Military efficiency of the Corps, or the routine of ordinary duty in the cantonments; but that requisitions for Detrechments, Guards, &c for du ties beyond the limits of Cantonments shall be made as heretotore by the Civil Power, and duly complied with by the Provincial Commanding Officer, who will at the same time, report such requisition and his compliance with the same to the Commanding Officer of the Cantonment. In conformity with the present arrangement, Officers Commanding Provincial Corps when stationed within the limits of any Can-tonment, will furnish present state, reports, &c. to the Officer Commanding the same, at lording to established practice, and to the Orders which they may receive on those points.

J. YOUNG, Offy Sec to Covt Mil. Dept-

BEVERAL ORDERS, BY H IS EXCELIENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOTERNOR GLVERAL INTOUNCIL.

#### FORT WILLIAM , JUNE 6, 1817.

The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following promotions and adjustment of rank.

#### EVGINEBES.

Ensign John Cheap to be Lieutenant from the 28th September 1816, vice Mickenzie, deceased.

#### BO REGIMENT OF NATIVE CAVALRY.

Senior Cornet John Mackenzie to be Lieutenant, vice Birlow. struck off, with rank from the 25th May 1816, vice Dunbar, promoted.

STH REGIMENT OF NATIVE INFANTRY.

Ensign George Aklom Smith to be Lieutenant, vice Wavell, struck off, with rank from the 31st October 1816, vice O'shea. promoted.

20TH REGISTRAT OF MATINE INFAMENT,

Senior Engine in the Army Thomas Robert Fell, from the 10th Regiment of Native Infantry, to be Lieutenant, vice Lloyd, struck off, with rank from the 27th March 1817, vice Short, dec.

The undermonth and flicers are to taken from the dates affixed a most to their residential names lusteen of these heretofores a signed to, them?

120	Manus.	Date of Rank	In whose room
Artly.	Cartain John		Vice Hay
4.	Capt. Lt. Jns.	E Ist. Oct. 1816.	her pro- moved
. 44	Stieut. John	Ditto,	vice Ten- annt pro-
\$d N. C.	Slieps Veed.	8th May 1816	struck of
\$\ddot N. I.	Captain John ( Duncan,	SOUR MEN'S TORE	rice For- rest, setta red in Ru- rope.
w i (	Vant. Lieut W. Gardon MacKenzie	Ditto, S	vice Dun-, can, pro-
4,	Li. T. Chas	Did <sub>rik</sub>	vice Macq keizie, promoted .
	Lt. R. Burney	27th April 1814	vice Wa- veli, struck off.
" {	Lieut. James	2d June, 1814 \$	vice Simpa non, pro- noted.
" {	Lieut. James Chiadeay,	16th Dec. 1814	rfce Brown-, nge, pro- nuted.
· · · {	frent, Charles	Ist Peb. 1885 7	rice Binck, Fonoted.
،	Lt. Wm, Phy }	30th 2mbt 11816 70	romoted.
20th R. &	Alston,	21st Nov.1816 2 (	ice Joyd, irusk off.
E P D	Tay, Command	ing the Chamr	erran Limb

Captain C. P. Hay. Commanding the Champarun Light Innon the Pay Department, an engagement on the part of Messre. that may appear against him, is permitted to proceed to Fort St. Cearge, on urgent private affairs, and to be absent on that account for three Months.

count for three monutes.

Licutenant G. N. C. Campbell of the Horse Artillery, have in increased a Medical Gertificate from Fort. St. George, the leave of absence granted to him in General Orders of Government under date the 16th December last, is extended for six Months beyond the period therein specified.

Compensation in lieu of Caps for the year 1815, is authorized by His Lordship in Council to be granted to the underthen tioned Non-Commissioned Staff, &c.

				. 1		
	Serfeant Major	Quarter Muster	Very ant.	Corporals and Privales.	L' LEBNIEFE.	
7th Grenadier Battalion Seharunpore Provincial Bat- talion	l l	1 . σ				
Kemaoon ditto ditto Sirmoor Battalion 2d Nussearce Battalion	1	1 1 1				
Corps of Pioneers,	1		10 1			
Bazar Serjeant, Kernaul Barrack Serjeant Meerut, Provost Serjeant, Meerut,	1					
1st Divison of Army Cloth- ing,	1					
Buildings in the Field, Magazine Serjeant, Allaha-			. •			,
bad,			3	2	,	
T STOURING OFF. de.	- 0	1	44	1 70		

J. YOUNG. Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept-

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST MOBILE TREE.

# FORT WILLIAM; JUNE 6, 1817.

As the extent of the occasional works, and repairs in the Governor General's Park, at Barrackpore, no longer requires the continued employment of an Engineer Officer specially appointed for that purpose; His Excellency the Most Noble the Governor General in Council is plessed, from the less proximate to assign the performance of that duty to the Cantannan Linear Master at Barrackpore, who shall hereaften, excent with the Master at Barrackpore, who shall hereaften, excent with the Orders of the Military Board, op the state of the Military Board, op the state of the Military Board, op the state of the Cantanan as if the Bulliance of Track composed a part of the Ordinary Cantonnal of the Track Canton of the Ordinary Cantonnal of the Caston ment Quarter Master by this arrangement. His Lorden in

Council is pleased to permit that Officer to draw a Monthly Allowance of 100 Sonai Rupees per Month, which is to cover every expence of Establishment, Stationery, &c. &c. J. YOUNG,

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

#### FORT WILLIAM; June 13, 1617.

The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased. to make the following Adjustment of Rank

#### MEDICAL DEPARTMENT,

Surgeon Robert Limond to rank from the 18th of October 1811, vice C. J. Nesbitt, deceased.

Surgeon Samuel Grant to rank from the 17th of December

1811, vice Gillman, promoted.

Surgeon Henry Moscrope to rank from the 11th of February 1814, vice Davidson, deceased.

Surgeon John Swincy to rank from the 12th of April 1814,

vice Patch, deceased.

2. Mr. Paul Gore, Deputy Commissary of Ordnance, is appointed by His Lordship in Council Deputy Commissary of Orduance and Military Store Keeper at Prince of Wales's Island, in the room of Mr. Jeffs, deceased

3. Mr. Robert Taylor, having produced a Certificate of his appointment as a Cadet of Infantry on this Establishment, dated the 9th of January last, is admitted to the service accordingly, and promoted to the rank of Ensign, date of his rank to be ad-

justed hereafter.

4. Serjeaut George Rowe of the Regiment of Artillery, and Serjeant John Leviston of the Artillery Invalids stationed at Chunar, having respectively produced satisfactory testimonials of their Claims to the Pensions established by Minutes of Council of the 11th January 1797, are admitted to the benefits of that institution accordingly and permitted to reside and draw their stipends, the former at the Presidency and the latter at Chunar. J. YOUNG,

Offg Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

CREERAL ORDERS, BY HT EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE BOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; June 16, 1817.

The Most Nable the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointments in the Department of the Adjutant General of the Army.

Captain J. Vanghan, Assistant Adjutant General, to be Deventy Adjutant General, with the Official rank of Major, vice Gordon, deceased.

Captain Henley of the 24th Regiment of Native Infantry, to

be Assistant Adjutint General, vice Vaughan.

His Lordship in Council is pleased to appoint Captain Patrickson of the 5th Regiment of Native Infantry, to be Assistant Adjutant General to the Nagpore Subsidiary Force, in the room of Captain Healey, appointed to the Department of the Adjutant General of the Army.

J. YOUNG,

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

At the Session of Oyer and Terminer on Monday last, the following Gentlemen, who were chosen of the Grand Jury, received their charge from the Honorable Sir Anthony Buller, kt.

---

GEORGE CRITTENDLY, E.Q. FOREMAN.

ROBERT SUNDERS,
JOHN GLINGRES.
ALLY V. RICHIF,
GLORGI MERCER.
HENRY CHASTENAY,
PLITER RIERSON,
MATHEW SMITH.
WILLIAM HULL,
W. H. MACNAL GHTEN,
BENJAMIN TAYLOR,
C. CHICHILITY HYDE,

ROPPRI SANGSIER,
WM. HENRY OAKES,
ED SWAIE POSIBURY,
HENRY "OBY PRINSEP,
S. LAPRIMALDAYI,
ALEX ROBERTSON,
E. RICHARD BARWELL,
JAMES MACNEIGHT,
J WILLIAMSON FLUTON,
JOHN FULLARION, and
&R. ROBERTSON, ESQIS.

Among the trials that have taken place during the last week, we are not aware of any, that excited

particular interest, except the following.

On Friday last Nundha Loll, a Sepoy of the 9th Regiment of Native Infantry, was tried in the Supreme Court—and convicted of the crime of murder. The circumstances of the dicadful outrage committed by this unhappy man, have been already published in several of the Calcutta papers, but we abstained from noticing them, until the prisoner had undergone his trial. It appeared from the evidence, that on the first of May last, the prisoner and another Sepoy had quarrelled with a Peon stationed over the Convicts employed in Tank-square; and that blows having ensued, the prisoner was conveyed to the

Convict Guard. On his arrival he sat down for a few minutes, while another Peon into whose custody he had been delivered, sat, smoking in front of him, but with his back to the prisoner. The prisoner suddenly arose and took down a Tulwar or Sword, which was suspended in the hut of the Gnard, and aimed a blow at the unfortunate person in front ofhim, which fell on the shoulder, and probably would have been fatal, if the prisoner in raising his arm, had ' not driven the sword against the root of the hutwhich less could the force of the stroke The wounded man looked round and it the instance received another cut on the forch d: and the prisoner in arming a third blow fortunately broke the sword. White he sto yed to take up the piece of the blade which 'ad fallen, the wound'ed man got up and ran by his life, but was overtaken by the prisoner, and ream wounded in the beel and back. a Hayddar C' the Calcoua Militia, called out to the ner-oner ' desist from his outrage, upon which, the prisoner terned towards the Havidar, for the purproclatiacking him. He, however, got away from the prisoner without injury: and the prisoner then proceed a with the sword to test hand, running, towares the guard of the Coverno. General, to which be beconged. In his way thither, he met a set of Palanquin Bearers, three of whom ran off, but the lougth, Bhoughut Doss, unfortunately continued on the spot; -when, the prisoner cut him on the head so servers, that although he juggered with the 20th plamo, in the Native Hospital, he was died of the When the prisoner ' Ainflet of this wound. he ran towards the Guard hou. 'rere the Subiday of the Guard, planned by the flight of the people in the street, and by the crowd that sough, refuge in the Gand-room was proceeding to the door of the Guard-room, and metthe prisoner. The Subidaraddressed the prisoner by his name, and asked him " what was the matter?" upon which, the prisoner raund his erm, for the purpose of attacking his Officer, who immediately closed with him, and forced him against the wall: but during the struggle, the Subidar was severely wounded in the arm.

wretched prisoner was then secured, but continued in a violent rage during a period of two hours, and until he had been conveyed to Fort William .- These, were the principal circumstances of the case, as proved to the Court and Jury. The prisoner in his defence said, that he had no recollection of the acts ascribed to him, for that on the morning, when it was stated they had occurred, although he was in his senses when he went to the river to bathe, -he lost his reason there, and did not recover it, until about 11 o'clock, when he found himself in the Guard, confined and manacled. He, however, entered into some details, which showed that he had some recollection of the quarrel with the Peon in Tank-square; and that he had been taken, against his will to the Convict Guard; where, he said, he had been treated in a manner, unfit for a servant of the Company. He added, that while he was in the hut, an attempt had been made to strangle him, and that he then lost his senses, and knew not what had happened afterwards. The evidence was recapitulated to the Jury by the Chief Justice, with appropriate observations on the nature of the case; and the Jury without retiring -found the prisoner Guilty. The awful sentence of the law, was then passed on the Prisoner, in an affecting and impressive manner, by the Chief Justice.

It is stated in the Bombay Gazette that the French Tovernment has succeeded in negotiating a Loan in England for Twelve Millions Sterling. We sincerely hope that this is an unfounded report; and that while our own Government is at a loss for ways and means, our countrymen will not assist a nation, with which we have scarcely renewed the tie of amity; and whose difficulties should not be relieved by Great Britain.

We are indebted to the Government Gazette for the following article, respecting the military proceedings in Khoordah:—

<sup>&</sup>quot;Accounts from Khoordah state, that the rainy season had set in with great severity in that quarter. There has been no intermission however of military operations. Information had

bem arrived by St. G. Martindell that Jugbundoo and Krishna the less and and a long ther with their followers at a village and it evenaded a major sequence of which a detachment under Cost in Lemstrong was dericted to march against them, and on the 51 meters about 3 c. w. they arrived within sight of the enemy, to the on a plain surrounded by a thick jungle. But no time was d'or d'tern strady attack. The insurgents after fine a one voice from their match-locks retreated precipitately, but not be a considerable number of them had fillen by a prompt mer case of our misketer. Captain Armstrong followed with alacuty but have the difficulties that opposed him at almost every sup, trees having been felled and thrown across the narrow path to obstruct his progress, he could not overtake them For thele fore mide phisoners, and hanged near the will go or suspended, which was afterwards burnt to the ground. 5. Ch. A best who were a sort of local milder, in the purguinali of bloodah, are it is said, disheartened, and begin to shew syngious of returning afleguance. We understand that a great numbers of videous have abandoned them, and have thrown ther has been elemency of government. Their forlorn company the aspects aces of resistance, and the public orableress. of the second, were to have made a due invoression on their 30 P 15.

• Add thement of Madris Caveley from the force under the compart of the real Rumley in Ganjum, was daily expected at bipoid de. The Body Gund is, we understand, under orders

in coper to Calcullia:

# SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

- 145 4 2 Ber -

13. Giv Mr. Drive Is. Auffatt, Lee, from England 9th January and "A tom Mar". Passing is Mrs. Lee and Daughter, Mr. Stavy, Mrs. Cristian P. Mantlend, Esq.; Capture Dunst and R. H. C. Sevice, Mr. G. Bathurst, and Mr. Thomas Having and Mr. Petrie. Ross from Bombuy 29th May—Good ang Kandyan Kite etc. from Bombuy 25th May—Good and Bellium from Madris and Ganjam

Po in Big Bengerenter, Jones from the Cape of Good

Hope Stir Space, and Bourbon 5th May

De lechnard. Ouk, from Lendon 7th January and trees the June Passer jers: Mrs. Hogg: Win. Hogg; to a Madras. Thos. Clark, Esq. Pen Service: and Lent. O. D. Holst, H. M. 53d. Regt. of Leit - and some Penen. Thomas, from France 8th January, and last in on Madras. 15th June.

Bollyn Plates June 16. Brig Mauritius Packet, Cunat, for the Manages - Friench aig. Black for China.

Do '1 "merly, (American Lovett, for Boston.—Brig Syren, McDonald, for Batavia and China,

Do. 19. Para, Brown, for China.

BOMBAY. ARRIVAL, May 27. Ship Malabar, Free Trader. Captain William Ascough, from London; H. C. Ship Marques Camden, Captain Thomas Larkins, from London; H. C. Ship Inglis, Captain Win. Hay, from London.—20. French Ship Sophia, Commander G. Callin De Boishamon, from St. Malo.—30. Ship Lowther Castle, Captain Charles Mortlock, from London; Ship General Harris, Captain George Welshead, from London.

## Passengers per Lowther Castle.

#### FROM THE CAPE.

Miss Wrangham, and Robert Stenart, Esq. President of the Medical Boald.

#### FROM ENGLAND

Miss Brognwell,—Colonel Urquhart.—Rev. G. Mr to.,—'lc. R. Mills,—Mr E. Mills,—Captun W a. Hutchison, —Lipt R Templeton,—Licut. Mason,—Licut. W Robinson, and Mr. G Price.

Passenger per H C Ship Marque Camden

Mr. Farewell, free Mariner.

#### PISSENGERS per General Harris

Mrs. Fildes,—Miss Fildes, — Miss Symson,—Miss Pane,—Mr. Torin,—Mr. R. Reid, and Mr Goo, in a convention, for Bombay,—Miss Jesse Duff.—Mos May bad,—Miss Caunter, and Mr. R. Caunter, for Prince of Wales Island

Departures. May 25. His Majesty's Government Birg Kandyan, Lient. J. A. Kitewick, in command to Calcutta; Ship Cumbrian, Captain E. Cooper, to Calcutta—25. Saip And, Captain Thomas Riddoch, to China.—27. Ship Show Kaikusruo, Captain W. W. Valgar, to Madras; Ship Ana. Askusruo, Captain W. W. Valgar, to Madras; Ship Ango, Free Frader, Captain Edward Studd, to Caicutta.—28. Ship Ango, Free Frader, Captain Samuel Cole Lyon, to Liverpool; Ship Am. Petric, Captain Thomas Ross, to Calcutta.—29. Ship Mifford, Captain Thomas Brydin, to China.

# Passengers per Argo

Mrs. Stewart,—Master Wm. Stewart,—Miss Charlotte Stewart,—Lieut.Richard,—Captain Whish,—Lieut Buin,—Lieut. Meldrum,—Mr. Charles Gore,—Mr. Edward Campbell, and Mr R. Orton

# BOMBAY.

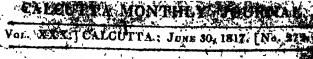
The Honorable Company's ships Marquis Camden, Capt. Thomas Larkins, and Inglis, Capt. Wm. Hay, and the free trader Malabar, Capt. Wm. Ascough, from Landout, arrived here on Tuesday last, the two former having left the Downs the 7th Jan. and the latter the Channel on the 18th Dec.

Yesterday morning the H. C. Ship Lowther Castle, Capt'. Charles Mortlock, from London also anchored in this harmour, she arrived at the Cape of Good Hope 22d Mar. and salled again 7th April, (the General Harris and Vansittart in company.)

The Gen. Harris, Capt. George Welstead, has also arrived yesterday evening, and another large ship was following her, supposed to be the Vansittart, but no report from the latter vessel had reached the shore when our paper was sent to the press.

We understand that the packets for the Temandra and Swallow will be closed today, that for the Mulgiave Castle to-morrow. The Many for Liverpool will sail on Wednesday next.

The Literary Society held their monthly meeting at their rooms on Tuesday last. A letter was read from Mr. Noton containing an annalysis of the Acrolite presented to the Society by Mr. Newnham. Several specimens of stones used in building ar Porebunder with specimens of the Barder Range Rocks were presented by Capt. Elwood, with some account of their situation and qualities. Two antient inscriptions found in Bengal, a drawing of Bhyramath, and drawings of the temple of Mahadeo and of Kali at Putterghotes, were forwarded from Col. Franklin through Mr. Torin. An account was received of the present state of oriental literature in Germany by Mr. Belino. One new member was elected and two nominated.



# FROM THE GOYT. GAZ. JUNE 26, 1817:

#### MILITARY.

SENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE

## FORT WILLIAM: Jene 13, 1817.

- The Most Noble the Commander in Chief being about to proceed to the Upper Stations of the Army on the Public service, Resolved, that the Military details be carried on during flis Lordship's absonce from the Presidency as follows.
- 2. Reports and applications in cases of emergency whom delay may be productive of injury or inconvenience to the terrorice or to individuals, are to be forwarded to Major Stuart, Deputy Adjutant General at the Regidency, for the purpose of being submitted to Government through the prescribed channel, of the Military Department, reports thereof being at the same time transmitted to Head Quarters for the information of the Commander in Chief.
- 3 Applications on Medical Certificate, from Officers to proceed to Europe or to Sea for the recovery of their healths are in cases of urgency, to be forwarded to the Deputy Adjutant General at the Presidency, who thro' the Military Secretary to Government will lay them before the Honorable, the Vice President in Council; and Commanding Officers of Stations being satisfied of such urgency, are authorized to permit the Sick Officers to repair to the Presidency, reporting on the same day the circumstance to Head Quarters, that the Officer's absence may be regularly sanctioned in General Orders

4. Applications from Officers belonging to other Presidencies, who may be temporarily resident in Bengal, are, if the nature of them requires it, to be submitted to Government through the Deputy Adjutant Coneral, to whom therefore the Officers will address themselves.

5. Reports and applications on all other occasions, are to be transmitted as usual to the Adjutant General of the Army at Head-Quarters.

6. Resolutions of Government which require immediate execution, and the communication of which in the usual manner thro the Commander in Chief may be productive of delay, will be transmitted through the Military Department to the Deputy Adjutant General at the Presidency, by whom they will be forwarded to the Officers whom they may concern, and are to be carried into immediate execution.

7. Duplicates of them will at the same time he forwarded to the Adjutant General of the Army at Head-Quarters, for the

information of the Commander in Chief.

8. One Copy of General Orders by the Vice President in Council will be forwarded direct to the Adjutant General of the Army at Head-Quarters, and one copy furnished to the Deputy Adjutant General at the Presidency, by him to be circulated to the Army, under such arrangements as the Commander in Chief may consider expedient to make for this purpose.

The Most Noble the Commander in Chief is also requested to make such arrangements as His Excellency may deem most convenient, for the circulation to the Army of the General

Orders issued under His Lordship's authority.

J. YOUNG, Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept-

GLINGRAL GROERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLL THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

#### FORT WILLIAM; JPER 19, 1817.

1. His Excellency the Most Noble the Governor General in Council, with reference to the encreased strength of the Homorable Company's European Regiment, considers it necessary for the perfect discipline and efficiency of that Corps, to authorize an addition to the Establishment of one Serjeant to each

Company of the Regiment.

2. The Governor General in Council, with the view of affording every proper reward and opening ement to ment among the Non-Combissioned Officers of the Hongrible Company's European Regiment, is pleased further to extend the Regimenton regarding Colour Serjeants, which prevails in Its Majesty's Army, to this Corps, and to authorize the appointment of one Serjeant in each Company as "Celour Serjeant" for the purpose of Leing attached to the Colours when the Regiment is in the Field.—These Serjeants, who are to be selected by the Officer Commanding the Regional with the strictest regard to ment and undoubted qualification, they are to be distinguished by the same badge as has been prescribed for the Colour terponts in the Royal Army, and are to receive an additional Staff Pay of St. Rs. 5-12 per mension.

3. The Governor General in Council is pleased to direct, that when the 1st Licutenant Colonel or 1st Major of the Honorable Company's European Regiment shall be non-effective with the Regiment, from being pliced in situations which received them, according to the practice of the service, from it wing the established Allowance for Stationery and the reprint of Arms of their Companies, the 2d Licutenant Colonel, or 2d Major, as the case may be, shall be entitled to receive charge of the 1st Licutenant Cononcl's and 1st Major's Companies, and

to draw the established Allowances annexed thereto.

J. YOUNG, Offg. Sec to Govt. Mil. Dept GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE WOST NOBLE THE

FORT WILLIAM: JUNE 13, 1817.

The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to extend to the Station of Barrackpore, the operation of the General Order by Government, under date the 17th of September, 1811, regarding the establishment of Sudder Barars.

J. YOUNG.

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

The following letter has been sent to us for insertion by an unknown correspondent, in the Camp of Khoordah the 21st of June. From its date, we believe, that its information is as recent as any that has been laid before the public:—

"CAMP KHOORDA, 21st JUNE, 1817.

"We are still here; contrary to our expectations, and still more to our wishes. It can only be attributed to the General's being flestrous of settling, as much as possible, every thing before his departure; and leaving nothing undone, which may in the smallest degree contribute to the disconfiture and dispersion of the already dispirited from ant of the insurgents

Parties have been constantly paying nocturnal visits to those places in the neighbourhood, which have been understood to be the haunts of Paiks. They have not been very successful in laying hold of them, although on several occasions one or two have been brought in. This good effect has however been the consequence, namely, the spreading alarm amongst them, and obliging them to move from their usual habitations into the more jungly and unhospitable parts of the district. Considerable quantities of provisions have also been taken on these occasions, and what could not be brought into Camp; destroyeds whilst these villages, found to belong to Paiks solely, have been burate to the ground

On the 18th, a re-inforcement of three companies, with a brigade of 6 pounders, was sent to Capt Armsrrona; and on the morning of the day following that Officer moved towards Jarpung, a village about 1 miles from Bajepoor, where the rebels had some stockades. On getting to it, the guns were opened, and, after a few rounds, the men were ordered to the charge. The rebels were driven from three successive stockades, and then field as usual to their fastnesses. We had two incur wounded. One of the enemy only was found lying dead in one of the stockades. Their loss must, however, have been much greater, as they make a point on all occasions of carrying off their killed and wounded. They left, behind them about 20 manuals of gunpowder, which was blown up. Tarpung is said

to have been a place, where they manufactured that article. After having levelled the stockades, the party returned to their 'Camp near Bajepoor, about 10 o'clock, A. m.

Jucin thoo and the young Dewan are said to be still at Ramansur. The defences of the Tetawool and Tungiaparah passes have been partly destroyed. A good deal of grain was found in villages near them. Major Carten, a few nights ago, caught a Delai and a Paik, on one of his excursions. The latter has been hanged, and the former will most likely soon meet the same fate. M. jor C. sometime since caught a man, who represented himself to be a village barber, and there being no one to recognize him, the pretended strap was let go. It has been learned since that he was a Dulbeara. The fellow almost deserved his liberty, for such ingenuity and presence of maind.

All is perfectly quiet at Poorce. Capt. Kennett, who commands the detachment in Kaging, has found very few symptoms of disturbance or insurrection in that district. The villagers are well effected, and appear ready and willing to assist him in the seizure of any mutinous Paiks. He has hanged four, who were taken in arms.

I cannot help remarking the gloomy nature of several accounts which have been sent from this place, and which have appeared in the different newspapers. The writers seem to have imbibed no small portion of that gloom, which all the surrounding objects are certainly well calculated to inspire. Conceive a range of wooded hills close to us, half smoothered amongst the dark and lowering clouds attracted by them; thick forests of the most melancholy green tinge, on all sides, and extending as far as the eye can reach; the small tract of low ground between us and the jungle completely in undated the high spot, on which our Camp is situated, looking out like Noah's Ark from the midst of the waters: and it will not be difficult to account for this depression of English spirits. Never was a November day in our island more dismal, than have been some of our June days at Khoorda. In looking at the Gibbets near Camp, on which are suspended the bodies of some of the rebellious Paiks, had it not been for the difference of the colour, I should not have been surprized, had I been told they were those of some of my countrymen, who had taken this method of cure for that distemper, with which it is well known a sombre, deuse, and humid atmosphere is so apt to afflict them.

For my part. I think every thing has been done, which could possibly have been expected or hoped for, at this advanced period of the season. The principal point of concentration of the rebels has been taken from them; and all the passes leading to it opened, the defences which must have cost them so much time and fromble having been levelled to the ground—The spirit and confidence, with which their first unfortunate successe

inspired them, have been completely broken-Many of them have fallen victims to the sword, and a considerable number have forfeited their lives on the gibbet.—The strength, which they vamily reposed in their stockades, has vanished like a spell, fer they now quit them the instant our troops approach them .-Harrassed and disturbed almost every night in their haunts, they have been obliged to fly to their dreary and inaccessible fastnesses, as the only places in which they can hope to seek repose, or find security.-Deprived of a great portion of the provisions, which they had laid up in store to meet the future cravings of nature, they have now before them the dismal prospects of hunger and starvation-Lastly, the dastardly conduct of the chiefs must have had the effect of dissipating every remaining spark of courage in their followers, and of sowing wide-Iy amongst them distrust and dissatisfaction .- In this envirable 'situation, they have the delightful certainty before them of being driven about, next cold season, and followed from haunt to haunt, like the wild beasts of their forests, whom, for their own security, they have deprived of their places of refuge-From contemplating the fate of the Khoorda rebels, we may confidently expect, that the other districts will show but tew instances of disorder or disquiet; and it is to be hoped, that the Civil Power will in future keep such a watchful eye over its inferior agents, as to deprive the discontented of all handle or excuse, for being found engaged in the execution of any interested and mutinous designs."

The Ukhbars from Raolpundy to the middle of May, state, that thousands of people had perished of famine at Peshour; and that every night the hungry proceeded in gangs to plunder for their subsistence, from the houses of the defenceless.

Holkan's head-quarters on the 5th of this month, were at Bhoja Gurree. The mutineers had promised submission if one month's pay should be advanced to them: but this, the Bhace had refused.

RUNDEET SINGH on the 25th ultimo was encamped at Adneah Najur, where he had reviewed his Telinga Regiments. The Seik army was plundering near Mahmood Kote.

AMEER KHAWN was still occupied with the siege of Modhnag-Gurrah, in the walls of which Fortress, he had made a small breach. Montaub Khan was encamped on the plain of Hindoon.

We re-publish from the Asiatic Journal of January the fellowing Memoir of Runjest Singh; but we are to: Ity uninformed how far the description or statement is correct.

"Revalue Single at an early age, found himself at the head or the religion and government of the Sikhs, a Hindu people situate in the Purjob, or country of Five Rivers. To a fineand propossessing figure he unites a countenance remarkably animated; his eyes are large and of jet black, his forchead high, nose what is commonly called Roman, and a mouth small, with an expressive smile. He possesses a righty endowed mind; is well v well in the Fastern dialects, and speaks, with fluency, one or ver l'aropenn la guages. His ministers he selects with discriment on--never permitting interest to gain the ascendant of ability. I army the whole of his reign, war has been his delight. He has however, little confidence in his own subjects, and seems or 1 to place his chief reliance on that hardy race, the mountaineers of Afghamstan. His recent attempt and failure in the invasion of the valley of Kashmir have attached a celebrity to his character it could not have otherwise obtained. In this instance he was actuated more by avarice than are through lust of spoil. than anxiety to conquer therto deemed impregnable. His reason calculated l aslanir, his imagination heightened the probabilities of the dig The last he was deceived. He relied on the fidelity rs and was misled by their treachery. Rarely has any , ower undertaken a war with such prospects of success one or which such flattering hopes were so justly disaped. In the fe mination, as on the outset of this disgraceexpaction, Ruspect Sough evinced himself careless of facgues installed of a islectine, generally and, but at intervals lanc intermat Disgrace was new to him, and he revenged r flose who serrounced him. His impetuosity broke forth use ess in the tations of the severity of the season, and on he shows b contains, those in final barriers of Kashmir, the obstages to success. At Likere, his capital, Raja Runject Singh is beauted to adv. obuge. Whose devoid of tyranny which chait eterizes mate analyse princes, he to polly unites in himself the indy secured or times of ane and attachment, the love and the offices dijects. His laws are mid and equally adthe reserving Genius finds in him a liberal pation; and poverty, when ansalized by crime, a generous benefactor.

" At Lake respice in it is without astentation-power devoid of or mes non--nanametree and er conragement spring from the Barrie : eticade and admiration from the people. The Punrable are a mess of its Prince's humanity in villages rebuilt, can ils cleared and wells sunk in the sady plains which border

on the ladas and its branches.

" Kungeet wigh is amiable in private life; in politics deceitful. Generally speaking, the father of his subjects-terrible to his enemies. In his demember courteons, though in conversation somewhat reserved. His reply to a General Officer, who had lately signalized himself in india, shews native intrepidity of soul:— Should the British Government attack Lahore, said Runject Singh, 'its King can die fighting under its walls, but can never survive the fall of his capital."

The following letter has bee received in town from Captain Hornblow, of the Windsor Castle; and kindly handed to us for publication.

Windsor Castle, April, 14th, 1917.

Lat. 27 deg. S. Long. 53. deg. E.

My Dran Sin,

A ship this moment has hove in sight, which only gives me time to state, how unfavourable as yet, every thing has terminated, since our departure from Sangor. We crossed the Equator on the 10th March, and were toll the 24th getting to 17 deg. S. and 83 deg. E. when we were overtaken with a heavy gale of wind from the N. E. This unexpected circumstance in this latitude, induced me to believe that something more serious was in store for us, and to prepare the ship for what succeeded. By 6 p. m. on the 28th, we were reduced to a close reefed main-top-sail and reefed fore sail; and altho' the sea was running almost higher than I ever beheld it, we continued to scud with great safety, till the wird shifted to > E and blowing with increased violence, soon confus of the sea, which before ran very regular, and obliged us to bring the ship to, under the main-top-sail and mizen top-sail, at 8 p. m. in which state the ship by to, with more safety than we expected, till 7 p. m. when the gale increased with undescribable violence. The main-topsail was handed, and a little previous to this, the strength of the wind was such, as to bring the lee gunnel, and lower yardarms in the water-the sea making now a breach over all parts of the ship. Two tremondous heavy seas broke about the main, chains, rolling on the quarter deck and poop, deluging the decks above and below, althol the natches were battened down, at the commencement of the gale. The water in the well was now increased to 7 feet, and having about 1 feet also between decks and the ship laying a log upon the water, consulted on the propriety of cutting away the mast, when she was considerably relieved by the fall of three top masts, in a violent gust of wind, the main top-mast giving way first, then the mizen, and about 10 minutes after, the tore, taking with it the jib-hoom, bowsprit-cap, fore-top and trusseltrees. As many hands as could now be spared, were employed bailing the water from the between decks; but finding it without the smallest avail, conceived it prudent instantly to scuttle the lower deck, which joon relieved the ship, and enabled her to righten, and by

It the water in the well was concer to a few the wind now builted till middight; when it spring up brone the staw with, if possible, a doublest violence; accompanied with vived lightining, and hard rain .- Our every exertion was now directed to the pumps, and we were enabled to keep the water below from gaining upon us. Phis awful scene continued till 5 a, m. when the gale suddenly died away, leaving behind it, a towering sea and heavy rain, At 10 a. m., the sky cleared up, with a light breeze from N.W. and by noon the water in the well was : reduced to two feet. We had now to view with regret, the distressed situation of the ship-the upper deck cleared of almost every thing-nearly the whole of our livestock either killed, or washed over board-the greater part of our baggage, with the provisions and stores, destroyed by the immense quantity of water between decks-the bowsprit, badly, sprung-the sails, aitho' furl'd with every precantion, blown out of the gasket, and destroyed below thereefs.

The Passengers, at an early hour the preceeding evening retired to the cabins above, to pass a night of gloom and appre-hen ion. I regret to state that two of the Ladies received con siderable injury, by falling, thro' the violent motions of the ship. They have however since recovered - (Mrs. Hawkins; and Mrs. Gall.) I have only now time to say, that we have got our masts, &c all as much as to right as we can do here, and that we are all (both passengers and ships company) well. As many persons in Calcutta may be interested in our welfare, perhaps you may think it expedient to put this account in the papers—if you do. recollect, I wrote it in a great hurry. You shall hear from me from the Cape, more fully. Our cargo has already settled down about & feet bodily-Of course all the sugar and salt petre is-

daily decreasing.-I am my dear Sir, in hasto.

Your's most truly,

W. HORNBLOW,

27. S. 53. E. } April 14, 1817.

[Mirror.

### SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS June 23. Alexander, Studd, from Bussorah 21st April and Masulipatam 18th June -Henry, Berkley, from Port Louis 1 Rh May. Passongers Mr. Charles J. Coles. Mr. A. Pagessa, and Mr. Claudine - Glory, Pounder, from London 5th January.

Do 2). Edward Strettell, Baiston, from Madras 18th June. " Passengers: Mrs. Darling, and infant Son, Lientenant Nagel, Davancse Corps, Mr., Savage, Mariner, and the Reverend Mr. · De Silva, Portuguese Priest.

Do. 27. Mandarine, Richetts, from Amboyna 18th May. Passengers: Mrs. Babington, and 2 Children, W. B. Martin, Esq. Resident, H. Sargeant, Esq. 1st Assistant, Lieutenant J. White, H C. Marine, Captain Walker, Lieutenant Carlton, Lientenant Crossby, Lieutenant Harrison, H. C. European Regi-ment, Mr. J. Eckford, Assistant Surgeon, Mr. W. Hodges, Conductor, Mr Burnett, and Mr. Conway, Clerks to the Resident .- Sour abaya, Buchanan, from Imboyna 1st May, and Balavia 16th ditto. Passengers. Lientenant J. Marshall, and a Detachment of the H. C. European Regiment.

DEPARTURE. June 25. Cordeha, (American) Magee, for Boston

The Charles Mills, Charittie, and Atlas, Moncur, both for England via Madias, are expected to sail in a day or two, as also the Brigs Hibernia, Atkinson, for Bencoolen and Java; and Dragon, Brady, for Madras.

Yesterday's report left the Sir J. H. Craig, and Robarts, at Diamond Harbour, and Moffat, Lord Melville, and Fame, at the

New Anchorage.

The Lady Flora, John Bull, and American Ship Columbus, put to Sea on the 27th instant.

BOMBAY. ARRIVALS. May 29. French Iship Sophia, Commander G. Collen De Soeshamon, from St. Milo. -- 30. H. C. Ship Lowther Castle, Captain Charles Mortlock, from London, H C. Ship General Harris, Captain George Welsted, from England. -31. American Ship Cicero, Commander Robert Edes, from Boston; Ship Endymion, Captain William Frost, from the Isle of France: Armed Boat Figilant, Syrang Doss Mahomud, from Surat; H. C. Ship Vansittare, Captain Robert Steir Dalrymple, from London; Ship Apollo, Free-trader, Captain C. B Tarbutt, from London.

June 2. Ship Lord Cathcart, Free-trader, Captain A. Ross, from London: His Portuguese Majesty's Frigate St. Jono Magnanimo, Commander Manuel Gonsalves, from Rio Janeiro .- 3. Ship Lord Wellington, Free-trader, Captain H. H. Harris, from England; H. C. Cruizer Benures, Captain William Eatwell, from Calcutta; Ship Wyton, Free-trader, Captain M. Ardler, from London; Ship Edward, Free-trader, Captain Robert Johnson, from Newcastle .- 4. Ship Hyperion, Free-trader, Captain H. Horn, from London.

Passengers per Vansittart: Mrs. Elrington; Miss C. Elrington; Mrs. Donisthore; Mrs. King; Lieutenant Colonel Elrington, H. M. 47th Regiment; Captain Kirk; Licutenant French; Lieutenant Cochrane; Ensign Miller; Qr. Mr. King; Ensign Donisthore, 65th Regiment; Wr. R. Catheart, writer to Bengal; Mr. A. Black, and Mr. W Amiel, Free-Marmers.

Per Apollo: Mrs. Jackson; Mrs. Eckford? Reverend Mr. Jackson; Mr. Eckford; Mr. Nason; Lieutenant Laurie; Mr.

William Boyce; Mr. Morley, and Mr. Fletcher.

Per American Ship Cicero, from Boston: Doctor James, and Mr. Pdw (cf C Morgan.

P. End menn. Assistant Surgeon Price, 17th Light Dra-

"or Gord Catheart: Mr. T. Harris, and Mr. K. Harris.

Per 11 C. (mizer Benares: J. Briggs, Esq. Madras Medical Establishment.

Per Opperion: Mr. C. W. Martin.

Departures. May 28 ship Argo, Free-trader, Captain Samuel Cole Lyon, to Liverpoot: Ship William Petrie, Contain Thomas Ross, to Calcutta -29 Ship Milford, Captain Thomas Brydin, to China .-- 30. Ship Khabarras, Nacqudah Hajee Natha, to Madras.

June 1 Ship Timandea, Free-trader, Captain John Cattanick, to Cook in Ireland: Ship Saullow, Free-trader, Captum John Frith, to England Ship Passon, Captain James Sicoll, to Ching - 2 Ship Walgrave Castle, Free-trader, Captain James Rulph to London - 3 His Mojesty's Ship Iphigenia, John Tancock, Est Cantain, to Trincomathe .- 4. Ship Da. able, Captain Thomas Couthere to the Gulph of Persis .- 6, ship Hermonshine, Captain A 'S Buckingham, to the Gulph of Persia.

Passangers por wallow: James Byers, Esq R. P. Pelly, Esq. and C. Waller, Esq. Per Mulgrave Castle: J. R. Annesly, John Homson, and John Evan Hemson, Conductors.

## MADRAS. "

The Shipping arrivals at this Port during the week have been unusually few and unimportant. We are quire at a loss to account for the non-arrival of the Si stephen Lushington. We think, however, she must have gone into the Care and been detained thore. We learn by letters from Port Louis of the 6th ulumo, that she had not touched at that Port.

The Hiter in. Fice Trader, may be hourly looked for.

She sail dir m the Channel on the 28th of January,

The Brig Ilu'done, arrived on Thursday last, from the Mauritius, whence she sailed on the 6th ultimo. She hrings no news. No further particulars of the loss of the Alcoste had been received at Port Louis.

I e French Ship Casar, will sail in a day or two for

Pengal.

the Richmond Packet, and the Moffa, will also proceed for the same destination in the cautal of the week. ou rier, June 10.

We have the pleasure to state that the whole of the Honorable Company's ships, which left England, on the 7th of January, for this part, have arrived in safety. More free traders, also, have come in. The Apollo, Captain Tarbutt, in particular, reached the Harbour, on Saturday last, having left the Downs on the 28th of January. The everland news, nevertheless, still continues to be the latest we have.

In addition to the other free Traders which arrived during the last week, the Lord Wellington, Captain Harris, anchored in the Harbour yesterday at noon. She quite ted England, the 29th of January, and snoke the Hyperion, Capt. Horn, for Bombay, the 19th February, also the Edward for Bombay, 6th March, and the Whyton for the same port on the 17th of May. The Lord Wellington, neither brought Passengers nor cargo.

[Guaette, June 4.]

## BOMBAY.

Avery beautiful monument has just been erected in St. Thomas's Church at this place, to the memory of the late Go. vernor Duncan. It is the took of Mr. Bacon, and from the chasteness of its design and the heauty of its execution we think it fully equal to the most admired produc of the celebrated artist. It is placed in the corner of the Church corresponding with that in which Captain Harding to me in the creek. It's height is 14 feet, exclusive of the analysisting the breadth of the base 6 feet 8 inches. The whole is come and of the most heautiful while marble, with the exceptions of the Doric border.

The principal design of the menument represents an urn on a pedestal under the shade of a Banyan tree. On the right of the pedestal is seated a beautiful figure of Justice with her arm mis-

ed, inscribing on the urn the following words-

"He was a good Man and a just"—At her feet are two volumes inscribed "Malabar" and "Benares" and three scrolls marked "Judicial and Revenue" "Gwicowar Treaty" and "Tr ve score Treaty." On the left of the pedestal is an erect figure of a Bhramin, 4 feet high, contemplating with prous rey cone the arn of one who was so truly the Hindoo's friend.

Beneath this group and in front of the principal pedestal is the

following inscription.

THE HON'BLE JONATHAN DUNCING.

Governor of Rombay, from 1785 to the state of that high office by his talents, and integrity, in the discharge of various important duties.

In Bengal and Benerss?

Bis purity and zeal for the public good, were equally conspicuous

During his long and upright administration at this Presidency.
With a generous disregard of personal interest, His private life was adorace.

Hy the most manificent acts of charity and friendship, To all classes of the community.

To the Natives, in particular, he was a friend and protector, To whom they looked with unbounded confidence, And never appealed in vain.

He was born at Wardhouse, in the county of Forfar, in Scotland, on the 15th May 1756.

Came to India at the age of 16; and after 39 years of uninterrupted service,

Died at this place on the 11th August 1811.

Heneath the inscription are two infants, supporting a scroll-inscribed with the following words—

Infanticide abolished in Benares and Kattywar.

And at the base of the monmuent the following— Several of the British Inhabitants of Bombay, Justly appreciating his distinguished merifs.

In public and private life,
Have raised this monument,.
As a tribute of respect and esteem,
1817.

The monument we understand will not be open for inspection for a few days, until the masonry is dry and the scaffolding removed.

# MARRIAGES, BIRTHS, AND DEATHS, ANNOUNCED SANCE OUR LAST NUMBER.

#### MARRIAGES.

APRIL.

15. At Penang, by the Rev. J. R. Henderson, A. M.; J. L. Phipps, Esq. Accountant and Auditor General, to Miss Marianne Bailley.

30. At Madras, John Linares, Esq. of Ingeram, to Miss Verginie Anna Mary Lecanne.

May.

1. At Tinnevelly, A. J. Drummond, Esq. of the Civil Service, to Cathanue, sixth daughter of the late Major-General Wahab,

7. At Madras, at the Black Town Chapel, Mr John Buckland, to Miss Charlotte Shivers, youngest daughter of Captain

John Shivers.

12. At Chittagong, by the Rev. Mr. Taylor, Edward Lee Warner, Esq. of the Civil Service, to Miss Helen Reid MacRae, eldest daughter of John MacRae, Esq. Civil Surgeon of that Station.

30. At St. John's Cathedral, by the Rev. Heary Shepherd, Mr. Nathanel George Leighton, 2d other of the H. Co.'s ship Ernand, to Miss Eliza

Jarrett.

JUNE.

2. At the House of Captain W. D. Playfair, by the Rev. Dr. Bryce, Lieutenant Andrew Christie, of the 6th N. I. to Jane, second daughter of Catheart Dempster, Esq. of St. Audrews, North Britain.

4. By the Rev. Dr. Bryce, Simon Nicolson, Esq. Assistant Surgeon, Bengal Establishment, to Miss Isabella Nicolson. 5. Mr. James Thompson, of the H. Co.'s Bengal Marine, to Miss Mary Stevens.

7. At St. John's Cathedral, by the Rev. Mr. Shepherd, Cornet Kennedy, of the 6th

Regt. Cavalry, to Miss Emma Gardiner.

10. At St. John's Cathedral, by the Revd. Mr. Parson, Lieut. A. McMahou, 1st Batt. 24th Regt. N. J. to Miss Mansels, daughter of W. Mansels. Esq. Paymaster of H. M. 66th Regt.

16. At the house of J. W. Paxton, Esq. Bankipore, by the Rev. Mr. Williams, W. A. Pringle, Esq. of the Civil Service, to Miss Anna Eliza-

beth Dawney!

At St. John's Church, by the Rev. H Shepherd, Lieutenant J. P. Pennefather, of H. M. 59th Regiment, to Miss Ellen Dickson.

19. At the Cathedral, by the Rev. H. Shepherd, Wat. Ainshe, Esq. Assistant Surgeon in the H. Co.'s Service, to Miss Margaret Colvin.

23. Mr. Adam Nicholson, of the H. Co.'s Marine, to Mrs.

Michala Mendes.

25. At the Cathedral, Mr. Edward Kinsella, to Miss Mary Fry. \*

28. Atthe Cathedral, Charles Cutler; Esq. to Miss Maria Jane Marechaux.

Lately at Benares, Mr. V. W. Hurley, Apothecary, attached to the European Hospital at Chunar, to Miss Ann Taylor.

#### BIRTHS.

MARCH.

14. The Lady of A. Rayneau, Esq. of a Daughter.

APRIL.

24. At Nillapilly, the Lady of Captain C. F. Davis, Cammanding H. M.'s Store Ship the Reliance, of a Daughter.

28. At Shedashgar, the Lidy of Lieut. H. Samuel Mathew, 1st Bat. 19th Regt. N. J. of a

Daughter.

MAY.

3, At Malda, Mrs. E. Bird, Daughter.

6. At Pollemacy, the Lady of the Reverend II. Harper, of Chittoor, of a Son.

At Banga bre. the Lady of Mackechnic, Esq. Surgeon of H. M.'s 59th Regiment, of a

9. Mrs. J. Collins, of a. Son. 1? 11 Allahabad the Lady of Incutenant James Reade, of the 1st Buttdion 19th Regine i Native Infantry, ef a Son.

13. At Quilon, the Lady of t'act Elphinstone, Quarter M ister of Brigade, of a Daught

17. At Meerut, the Lady of Mam G. R. Dearc, of the 8th Light Drigoous, of a Longh-

At Benjalore, the Lidy of Capt. Will in, Burack Master of that Station, of a Daughter.

20. The Lady of Licut. and Adjutant Arthur Warde, of the 3d Regt. Bengal Cavalry, ol a con.

28. At Madras, Mrs, Wm.

Crant, of a Daughter

29 At Moorshedabad, the Lady of W. L. Grant, Esq. Surgeon to that Station, of a Dau 🖦 ter.

At Prospect Lodge, (Bombay,) the Lady of A. Jukes, Esq. of a Son.

JUNE.

1. At Barrelly, at the house of W. Leycester, Esq. the Lady of W. T. Whish, Esq. of the Civil Service, of a Sou.

2. At Husseinabad, the Lady of Captain J. McDowell, of

the Artillery, of a Son.

The Lady of the Honorable C. R. Lindsay, Esq. of the Civil Service, of a Daughter.

Mrs. Daniel Kenderdine, of

a Son.

The Lady of Captain Poole, of a Daughter.

Mrs. Samuel D'Anselme, of

a Son.

2. At Werut the Lady of R. L. Davis, Esq. of a Daughter. At Chowringhee, the Lady of G. Richardson, Esq. of the Civil Service, of a fon.

6 At Allahabad the Lady of Henry Shakespear, Esq. of a Daughte .

8. The Lady of Captain A. T. Meredyth, of a Danghter

The Lady of Lieute lant F. R. Dickson, of His Majesty's 67th Regiment, of a Son.
Mrs. H. J. Verboon, of a

Daughte ;

10. At Rungpere, the Lady of Nathamel Smith, Esq. of the Civil Service, of a Daughter

11. On Wednesday Mis. R

Gomes, of a Sen.

14. At fullyghur, the Lady of Laur and J. W. Petton, Commanding the Dromedary Corps, of a Son and Heir.

17. On Tuesday, Mrs. L Gre-

gory, of a Daughter

18. At Caunpore, the Lady of Captain E. B. Craig, of a

Daughter

19. At Dinapore the wife of Pay Serjeant Lowe, of the Dinapore Division of Artillery, of a Daughter.

20. Mrs. Williams, of a Son Mrs. T. Baker, of a Daughter. os. Mrs A. Mendes, of a Son.

28. The Lady of M. Z. Chircore, Esq. of a Son.

29. Mrs. Marquis D'Cruz, of a Son.

#### DEATHS

#### April.

20. At Ellichpoor, Lieutenant G. Brumfield, of the 2d Batt. 13th Native Infantry.

25, At Ramnaud, aged 48 years, Lieut Henry Miller, of the 4th Native Veteran Bitt.

3 .. At Cochin. Mijor A. Jones, of the 2d Native Veteran Battalion.

#### MAY.

1 At Quilon, Capt. Thomas Arthur, of the Corps of Engi-11 -063

3. At Wisulipatam, the Lady of Major Marston, of His Ma-

jesty's 86th Regt

1. At Dacca, Mr Francis De Barros, late Book-keeper to the Dacca Factory, and a Pensioner on the Civil list.

At Negspatsm, Lieut Thos O'Connec, of the Pension Es-

Lablashment

7 At Muglatore, near Masulipit m, the Lidy of John Long, Liq J. 2 and Magistrate of Rydimindry, sincerely regotted

10. At Bringalore, Liculenoat John of dison, of the gd

Batt 5th Nati@e Infantry

11. VI Pulicat, Mr Simon John DiBruyn: aged 77 years.

12 At St Thome, at the Gardens of C. Wyrox, Fsq. Licut. Slade, of the 9th Regt. Native Infinity.

13 At Roy pettih, Mr D. Quantual, aged 59 years

14. At Ma-shpatam, Col. R. Munro, of the 20th Native Regiment, and lately in command of the Masuliput in and Ellore Distric's.

22. At Malli, deeply regretted by her disconsolate parents, Miss Harnet Bird, aged 3 years and 4 mo the.

At Dacca. John Pattenson. Erg. Commercial Resident.

25. At Jubblepoor, Emma Isabella, the Infant Daughter of Lieut. Tulloch.—And on the following day, Margaret Gesina, her Twin Sister.

Drowned in the river Hoogly, Mr. Wm Brnie, Surgeon of the Ship Marchioness of Wellesley.

23. At Delhi, Lieut J. Wishart, 1t Batt. 5th Regt. N. I. sincerely regretted by his brother Officers

Mr. F Richard Ned, aged 21: - He was unfortunately drowned in the river Hoogly.

30 At Madras, Mr. Assistant Surgeon Jorden, of the Madras Establishment.

ILNE. Meriyman, alow J. Wiof the late Mr. John Morry-

8 At Dinapore, Mr. W. Wilham, Police Officer.

12 Major Jame Gordon, of the 15th Bengal N : and Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army.

14. Mr. Peter Shirty, late Head Assistant at the Companwa Dispensary, aged 65 years.

16 Captain Thos. Garaock : azed 31 years.

17 Mr. Bernard D'Monte. Master Robert, son of R. B. Lloyd, Esq. aged 2 years and 11 months.

13. At Nellapilly, after a short and severe illness, the Lady of Captain C. F. Davis. Commander of H. M. Store Ship Heliance, sincircly respected by her Family and kriends.

Maria, the eldest Daughter of Mr. Robert Hetzler, after a painful and Lingering illuess of 2 years.

20. In her 30th year, Mrs. Ann Woollaston, the wife of Mr. Wm. Woollaston.—leaving ten Children to lament her irreparable loss.

24. Mrs. Mary Ross, the Wife of Mr. Robert Ross, aged 21 years and 11 months. 25. Mr. Alexander McKay, Surveyor in the Calcutta Collector's Office, in the 67th year of his age.

29. Andrew Kelso, Esq. aged 40 years.

Lately at Delhi, in a fit of Apoplexy, James Lemaistre, Esq. many years an Up-comptry Shopkeeper:—leaving a wife and five Children to lament their loss.

On board the Lady Nugent, in the passage from Calcutta to Bombay, Licut. Pipe, of the Bomba, Luropean Regiment.

## CALCUTTA CURRENT VALUE OF GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Bur.	Saturday, May 31, 1817.	`	SELL.
1 10	New 6 per Cents. Discount.	•	2 2
	Saturday, June 7, 1817.		
2 0	New 6 per Cents. Discount.		2 8
	Saturday, June 14, 1817.		
2 10	New 6 per Cents. Discount.		3 2
	Salurday, June 21, 1817.		1
2 11	New 6 per Cents. Discount.		3 3
	Saturday, June 28, 1817.		1
2 12	New 6 per Cents. Discount.	•	3 4

# JUNE, 1817 .- Thirty Days ..

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	1:	10	Mon	St. Alban.	Ŀ	19	1	11	1	1	43	5	7
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## CALCUTTA MONTHLY JOURNAL,

FOR

JULY. 1817.

Vet. XXXI.] CALCUTTA; July 7, 1817. [No. 273.

FROM THE GOVERNMENT GAZETTE.

July 3, 1817.

#### CIVIL APPOINTMENTS.

#### JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

THE 13TH JUNE, 1817.

Mr. W. A. Parwarz, Register of the Zillah Court at Midnapere.

THE 27TH JUNE, 1817.

Mr. W. T. SMITH, Senior Judge of the Provincial Court of Appeal and Court of Circuit, for the Division of Moorshedabad. Mr. J. Ammury, Second Judge of Ditto Ditto. Mr. Courter Smith, Third Judge of Ditto Ditto.

#### MILITARY.

PERSON ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOSLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; June 20, 1817.

The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following promotions.

5th Regiment of Native Infantry.

Busngn James Croudace, to be Lieutenant from the 29th of May, 1817, vice Wishart, deceased. .

#### 15th Regiment of Native Infantry.

Captain Lieutenant William Pickersgill, to be Captain of a Company,
Lieutenant David Crichton, to be Captain
Lieutenant.

Senior Ensign in the Army, John Samuel
Henry Weston, from the 2d Native Infantry, to
he Lieutenant.

2 His Lordship in Council, in the Commercial Department is pleased to appoint Captain Nicholetts, of the 22d Regiment of N. I. to superintend the construction of the Buildings proposed to be erected under the Commercialy Residency.

Captain Lieutenant T. Kirchoffer of the Honorable Company's Bengal European Regiment, having furnished the prescribed Certificate from the Pay Department, is permitted to proceed to Fort St. George, on urgent private affairs, and to be absent on that account from Bengal for six months.

\* 4. Licutenant Chesney of the Artillery Regiment, having forwarded a Medical Certificate from the Mauritus, the Teave of absence granted to him in Government General Orders of the 16th of August, 1816, on account of his health, is extended to three months beyond the period thereon mentioned.

5. Quarter-Master Sericant Jonathan Brass of the 2d Batta; hon 15th Regiment of Native Infantry, having furnished satisfactory testimonials of his Claim to the Pension established by Minutes of Council of the 14th of January, 1797, is admitted to the benefits of that institution accordingly, and permitted to reside and draw his pension at Dinapore.

J. YOUNG

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENTRAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

#### FORT WILLIAM: JONE 20, 1817.

1. The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointments in the Corps of Irregular Horse, ordered to be raised by Captain Baddely, by General Orders of the 27th ultimo.

To be Cornets with local and temporary Rank.

R Cussons, Gentleman, late of Skinner's horse.

R. C Greene, Gentleman.

R. Andrew Johnston, Gentleman.

2. The allowances for Regular and Provincial Officers attached to Baddely's Horse, are in all respects to correspond with those fixed for Officers of Robilla Horse, in General Orders of the 29th July 1815. The Commandant's Staff allowance of 1000 Sonaut Rupees, is in like manner to cover all expense of the establishments.

 The General Orders of the 19th January 1916, respecting ammunition for Irregular Horse, is extended to Baddely's Horse

1. His Excellency the Governor General in Council, in consideration of the recent meritorious services of the Corps of Irregular Horse commanded by Lieutenant Colonel G. W. Gardner, in various parts of these Provinces, and on many recent occasions, is pleased to direct that from and after the 1st Proximo, Gardner's Horse shall be placed in all respects on the footing and establishment of the Corps of Robilla Irregular Horse.

5. His Lordship in Council notifies at the same time, that the above indulgence in point of allowances to the Officers and Men of Gardner's Horse, shall continue only until such time as that Corps may be restored to the Civil Establishment, and shall return to the discharge of those Police duties for which they were originally raised.

6. His Excellency the Commander in Chief will be pleased to give effect to this Resolution of Government, by such further orders regarding the discipline and equipment of Gardani's Horse, as may appear necessary on the occasion of its pro-

visional transfer to the Military Establishment.

J. YOUNG.

Offg. Sec. to Gavt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE BYM.

#### FORT WILLIAM; JUNE 20, 1817

- 1 Captain Fielding of the 8th Regiment, of Native Cavolry on this Establishment who proceeded to Europe, on Furlough on the 12th of February 1812, not having reported his return to Fort William till the 28th of March 1817, or more than five years, from the date of his Furlough, The Most Noble the Governor General in Council notifies that Captain Fielding has thereby become incapacitated from resuming his place in the regular army until permission to that effect shill be received from the Honorable the Court of Directors and the Board of Commissioners for the affairs of India.
- o. His Lordship in Council in the mean time, and pending the reference to the proper authorities, authorizes Captain Fielding to draw the full Allowance of his Regimental rank, and in order that the services of a valuable Officer may not be wholly lost to the Public, permits him to do duty in Robert's Robilla Horse, it being well understood at the same time that Captain Fielding's rights under his regular commission are to be considered as domant, nor is he to exercise any privileges or commanded beyond such as devolve on a Provincial and Local Officer

J. YOUNG.

Offg. Sec. to Gost. Mil Dept

ORNERAL ORDERS BY HIS EXCHIPTION THE MOST VODER THE

FORT WILLIAM; h vs 27, 4817.

1. Lieutenant Pemberton of the 28th Regiment of Native Infantry, who obtained leave in General Orders of the 3d January last; to proceed to Rombay, on his prevate affairs, having for

warded an application to proceed on Furlaugh to Europe, The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to grant that Officer's request.

2. The date of Lieutenant Pemberton's Furlough is to have

effect from the lat of August next.

J. YOUNG,

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

The Martha, Captain Driver, from England, the 10th of March, arrived in the river on Saturday.

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The following free traders for India, sailed from

England, in company with the Martha:

Calcdonia, Regret, Experiment, Elizabeth, Cerberus, Bombay Merchant, Brothers, Lord Wellington, Ellergill. Speke.

Oswin,
Mary Ann,
Baring,
ditto at Bombay.

Lieutenant-General RICHARD JONES has been nominated Knight Commander of the Bath, vice Major-General Sir GRONGE HOLMS, deceased;—and the following Officers have been created Companions of the Order.

Colonel John Arnold, of the 19th Native In-

funtry.

Lieutenant-Colonels WILLIAM HENRY COOPER, of the 1st Native Infantry; ALEXANDER CALDWELL, Artillery; ROBERT HOUSTOUN, of the 6th Native Cavalry, and JOHN SHAPLAND, of the 1st Native Infantry.

Majors-George Mason and ALEXANDER MAC-

LEOD, Artillery.

Holdan's Camp on the 13th of June was at Bhooja Guree. The Ukhbars contain no news of importance.

The Amrutsir Ukhbar dated the 28th May, mentions that Runjeer Singh was encamped at Adneahnagur.

It is stated in the Peshour Ukhbars, dated the 18th May, that a Vakeel from RUNJEET'S Court had been received by FUTTEH KHAWN Vizier, with great

honor and ceremony. From Cabul we understand, that Prince Molue Mahaned Hupen, the Son of Hongee Feenozuldeen, had fied to Cabul for succour.

The Jaypoor Ukhbars state that Ameer Khawn having effected a breach in the Fort of Madheraj-poorah, attempted an assault; but that when his troops approached the ditch, the garrison threw burning faggots upon them, which obliged them to retreat with the loss of 100 men. Narain Rao was encamped 20 coss distant from Jaypoor, and had plundered 3000 bullocks, loaded with merchandize, belonging to different merchants. Colonel Mohtab Khawn was encamped at Hindoon.

#### Extract of a I.citer from Husselnabah

The rains set in here on the 5th (June) Till the 11th we had gales of wind and torrents of rain night and day. We were obliged to abandon our attempts to get under shelter, and happy he whose tent was not blown about his ears. Such weather I never before experienced, but the natives say we shall probably have six weeks of it. If so we had better attempt building an ark than bungalows, for the half of 40 days of this will set us all affoat. On the 11th the Nerbudda rose 12 feet. The Pindarees are now all snug on the other side till October. In consequence, the detachments are recalled, who for some months have undergone such laborious duty in watching every fordable point, in a line of 70 miles on the Nerbudda, to prevent the Pindarees from crossing, and which service they have effectually performed.

"All the troops from Jubbulpore and Gurrawarra have been ordered up to Schappore, 4 marches from this They are composed of the 1st Robilla Cavalry, 1 troop 6th Native Cavalry and 2d Buttalion 23d Native Infantry from Jubbulpore; and of the 1st Battalion 10th Native Infantry with a squadron of the 6th Native Cavalry from Gurrawarsa, which is 6 or 8 marches in the rear of Schappore. You may exercise your ingenuity in conjecturing for what purpose the troops are to be thus assembled."

Extract of a letter from Huneinabad under date 14th June.

"We are all as busy as pismires or white ants, getting under cover; but the expectation of being grilled to a cinder, which was entertained by same a study aback, when the thermometer stood rather too high, is now turned to the apposite size of

swimming!—The rains commenced here on the 4th, with a violence which would induce one to believe that Macbeth's witches had certainly taken up their abode in the hills to the northward of us. Such a hurly-burly from East, West, North and South, might be gratifying enough to read of under cover and good pucka roof, with justics and wall shades around; but not so desirable to experience in half rotten tents, on ploughed fields of soft clay, as those who were blown away can testify.

"After a fall of rain, the soil is such, as not to admit of walking or inding—the very Fowls have enough to do to tramp with clods to pick their corn, and holes and cracks innumerable render riding a break-neck amusement—yet, a day or two's sun and wind, dries all again. If ever the luxuries of the Fast were

here, they must have departed some centuries ago!

"Major Clarke's detachment is expected in a few days, and by the middle of July, it is hoped most of us will be housed. The detachments at Jubbulpore and flurrawarra are prefered to concentrate at Sahagpore, 35 miles from hence, under Lieuter

nant-Colonel Macmorine.

"This town of Husseinabad covers ground enough for one far less wretched. From the size one would be led to expect plenty of Bunceas, provisions, and work people;—but no—you might as well enquire for the prophet hinself, as for a Grammee to thatch a Bungalow. Sices, grasscutters, and bearers have their hands full in consequence, and the motto "Festine lonte," is applicable enough.

"Poor Captain Ashurst, our paymaster, was buried in front of the line this morning —He had been for some time ill. This place however is healthy so far, and now cool, and pleasant."

#### 

#### SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

- ARRIVALS. June 29. H. C. Ship Ternate, Davidson, from Batavia and Bencoolen.—Mary Anne, Webster, from England 15th March.
- July 1. Oswen, Kay, from London 5th March.—Marshall Wellington, Gordon, from Portsmouth 15th March, and St. Jago 4th April.
- Do. 4. Brig Guide, Higgins, from Cape of Good Hope 7th April, and Trincomatee 27th June.—Bayard, (American.) Rich, from Boston 7th January.
- Do. 6. Martha, Driver, from London 10th March.

DEPARTURES. July 1. Brig Dragon, Brady, for Madrae. Do. 2. Susan, Collingwood, to complete her Cargo for China. Do. 5. Hercules, Henderson, for China,—Brig Miles Standish, (American,) Scott, for Boston.—Atlas, Moncar, for England., Passengers per Ternate: Major Colebrook, Royal Artillery, Captain Hanson, 1st Regiment, and Lieutenant P. Hughes Bengal Artillery.

Per Mary Anne: Mrs. Harris, Mrs. Barlow, Lieutenant Neville, and Lieutenant Barlow.

BOMBAY. ARRIVALS. June 4. 6hip Hyperion, Free-trader, Captain H. Horn, from London.-12. Brig Zephyr, Captain W. L. Aiford, from the Isle of France.

DEPARTURES. June 4. Ship Durable, Captain Thomas Guthrie. to the Gulph of Persia—6. Ship Hammonshaw, Captain J. S. Buckingham, to the Gulph of Persia—11. Ship Mary, Freetrader, Captain William Kneate, to Cock in Ireland.—12. Ship John Bennerman, Capt. George Ross, to Cauton.

### - de-MADRAS.

The Honorable the Chlef Justice is expected to leave Bangalore for the Presidency about the end of the week, in order to preside at the approaching Sessious,

This day being the Festival of St. Joun, will be observed in the usual way by the Members of the ancient Fraternity of Free Masons.

His Majesty's 45th Regiment of Foot may shortly be expected at this Presidency, since we find it stated in the English Papers that Transports have been engaged to convey the 48th Regiment to New South Wales, in order to relieve the former Regiment for the purpose of coming on to India.

The 14th Regiment of Dragoons, it is also said, is to relieve the 25th, now on this establishment.

The Portuguese Brig Triumfo da Invaja, arrived also the ame evening. She sailed from Lisbon so recently as the 3d of arch, and from the quickness of her passage might be expected bring some news. We have procured some Lisbon Papers. it they are extremely uninterest ig, and we have been unable w glean any thing from them.

His Majesty's Ship Conway, will shortly sail for Trincomatec. The Lushington, will proceed immediately on her voyage to Courier, June 2 %.

Bengal.

## Madras Courier Extraordinary, June 26, 1817.

Courses Office, 2 o'Czeck.

We have the satisfaction to announce the arrival of the H. C. Ships Bridgewaver, Cantain Hughes, and the Herefordshire, Caut. Money, from Portsmouth the 14th Marchhaving left the Downs on the 3d of February.

The following is a list of the Passengers:-

Per Bridgewater .- Mrs Baber: Mrs. Clifford : Mrs. Hill : Mrs Taylor ; Miss Dougiass; Miss Princhard; Miss D'Grenier: Messrs. J. C. Munro, G. S Hooper, and C. M. Bushby, writers; Messrs. W Carue, A. G. Hyslop, and F. H. Eley, Cadets; Mr J. M. Young; Mr R. Priest, and a Detachment of H M. 69th and 89th Regiments, of about 210 Officers and Soldiers.

Per Herefordshire: - Mrs. Babington; Mrs. M. Williams; Miss Jane Proud; Major General Dyce; Cantain Barnard; Captain Pater-hall; Mr. W. Huddleston; Mr. G A. Babington; Mr. A Robertson; Mr F. Clemenson; Mr H. Bourbul; Mr. A. B Dyce; Mr. W. Prescott: Mr. A. Clarke, and Mr. H. Grant.

The Hibernia, Captain John Lenon, from England, left the 31st January, arrived verserday afternoon.

#### BOMBAY.

The Court of Directors have unanimously voted a piece of plate to Lieutenant-General Sir A. Campbell, of H. M. S. in consideration of his meritorious conduct while in India. [Gazette, June 11.

#### COLLEGE OF FORT WILLIAM, -June 30, 1817.

#### PUBLIC DISPUTATIONS.

On Monday the 30th ultimo, being the day appointed by His Excellency the most Noble the MARQRIS of HAS. TINGS, Visitor of the Coilege of Fort William, for the Public Disputations in the Oriental Languages, the President of the College Council, the Officers, Professors, and Sindents of the College, met at 19 o'chick in the forenoon at the Government House, where the Honorable the Chief Justice, the Lord Bibbor of Calcutta, the Honorable N. B. Bononstone, the Honorable A. Seton, and the Honorable G. Donders all, Members of the Supreme Council, the Honorable Sir Francis Mannagers, and the Honorable Sir Arthony Ruller, Judges of the Supreme Council, with the Honorable M. Dayoti, Governor of Chandernagore, Major General Wood, and many of the Civil and Military Officers of the Piesulency, as well as several respectable Natives were assembled.

Mrs. Mindleron, Lady Machaghten, Mis Unny, and many other ladies of the Seitlement, likewise honored the Col-

legs with their presence on the occasion.

Soon after 10 o'clock THE Most Nosie THE VISITOR, allended by the Officers of His Excertance's built, entered the room, where the Dispu'allous were to be held.

When the Visiton had taken his Seat the Disputations commenced in the following order.

#### PBHSTAN.

"The science of general or philosophical Grammar, is more, successfully cultivated, and better understood, by the Bascern, than by the Western Grammarians."

Respondent,	 Mr. W. Dundas.
1st Opponent	 M., F MILLEIT.
2d Ditto	Lient J. Macnorald.
Moderator,	 Di M. LUMIDEN.

#### HINDOOSUANEE.

Sitis easier to diffuse the literature and science of the Western Nations among the Valives of India, by translating Suropean Books into their own tongh, than hy instructing them in the Enropean languages?

Respondent		Mi F Millert.
1st Opponent		M: W Dunuas.
22 Ditto		Mr. R. H brown
		Capt, J. W. TAYLOR.

#### BENGALLER.

"The advantage of the Oriental method of conveying law struction by means of parables or takes, is peculiarly conspice us in the Bengalee language.

Respendent	Mrs T. CLARKE.
1st Opponent	
2d Dille	
Moderator	Revd D. W. LARRY.

When the Disputations were concluded, the President of the College out ich described to H's Existency The Vestora in several Students of the College who were en itled to receive D gives of Honor, Meda's of Merit, or other honorary rewards, adjudged to them at the Public Examinations of the past year to well as the Students, who, not the Examination held in June, had been found quantified to enter upon the Public Service, by their knowledge of two ringuages, and had consequently obtained permission to quit the College. The President read the Certificates greated by the Council of the College to each Student, in pursuance of the Statutes, specifying the priferious, which he had made in the prescribed a udies of the college, and the general tenor of his conduct.

When the Certificates had been read TER VISITOR presented to each Student, entitled to reclive a Dogres of Honor the usual Diptoral inscribed on Vellum, and at the same time expressed the satisfaction which he felt in conferring it.

The Prizes and Medals, which had been awarded to the several Students, were also distributed to them respectively, after which His Excallency THE Visitor read the following discourse:

#### Gentlemen of the College of Fort William :

If any just account of the late examinations at 'he College have gone abread, all whom have the hono to meet on this occasion must have come impressed with the same sentiment which animates me. - This is a day in which we may we lexult. -Our satisfaction, however, ought to be indulg d with descri-We have but to ask ourselves to what we owe it. and our minds will immediately point to the quarter whence the obligation has flowed. Upon great public on shore all men come to think a carry alike at last; that is, when the fleeting prejudices or interests of the day have passed away, their indements act, and they discern uniformly what is beneficial. -But there is a main difference between him who perceives and recommends what is useful while it is yet time to secure the advantage, and those who come to a tardy, sluggish conviction when the opportunity has gone by, or when at least much indisputable good has been lost in the delay of recognizing it -To the wise and extensive forecast of the Marquis WEL-LESUEY let us, therefore pay a grateful tribute on a day like this. Let us recollect what objections assailed the noble institution

which his genius planned; and let us feel with triumph how experience has overthrown the cavil. The present exhibition, and the circumstances which I am about to denail, are uncommonly gratifying.— In contemplating the realization of these generous and comprehensive views which dictated the establishment of the codings, one has to rejoice in the full success of so elevated a purpose. The acknowledged practical benefits already experienced from this institution, attest at once the wisdom of the plan and the merit of the College Officers and Institutions. Those Gentlemen have a proud reward in the appliance which, they must be accounted and approach offers to them.

in my last address to you from this chair, I to k consion to songratulate the lestitution on the happy diff som among the students of a greater momentum to study toam I had been along to trace in the returns of any preceding examination.—You will recollect that I looked upon the more general prevalence of this disposition, not us the casual variety of the year, but as a radical and, I trusted, a lasting improvement affected in the character of the great body of the Students.—I hand the occasion on which this had first shown itself as an epoch nic ce to date a new sera in the history of the College; one in which it would be the boast of its Members to be studieus, and in which an increasing of contrary properties would be avoided by his fedows as an uncongenial spirit.

When 'd ew maniscipation this picture of what the College was necessary ward to exhibit, I told you that I was taking a sanguore vi w, but that my hopes were by no means indulged without due calculation. The result of the examination of this year has verified my precision to an extent even beyond what I had ventured to imaging after reports laid before moderally show, not only that the application of the Students has, been greater this year than it wis in the last, but further, that there has not been a single individual whose conduct is an exception to this general character. It is truly pleasing to me to say, that some who had before shown a blancable indifference, have in the course of this year manifested a generous saff correction.

The relative proportion of Students who may he could qualified at an examination to the whole number that have entered the lists, affords an interring indication of the degree in which habits of difference or of martention have prevaited during the term.—Applying this criterion to the reports of last year, I found that out of 38 Students examined 25 had been reported qualified, whereas in no former year had half the number examined been declared competent —This was such an indisputable proof of the wider adoption of studious babits, that I dwelt upon it with peculiar stress.

The returns of the present examination afford us a similarly favorable result. Out of 29 Students, who had attended the lectures of the Term, and who formed the whole number examined, exclusive of three Gentlemen

who had been re-admitted a fews months before the examinution, 17 have this year been declared qualified to enter the public Service. The ratio is thus very nearly the same in this year as it was in the last; -It preserves the same coinmanding superiority over earlier years; and the most eager expeciation could promise itself no more. - I do not look upon this coi cidence as the effect of chance. - The same effect ninst have been produced in each of the two last sears by the working of the same causes and I assume this continuance of the favarable rate as a confirmation of what I advanced with so much confidence on first abserving it last year, that there has been such a radical improvement obtained in the efficiency of the College; as to unduce those attached to it to avail themselves adequately of its signal advantages. I delight to see my predie ion so cample tely verified it seems that, of the present cace of . Inden severy one harbeen impressed with a sincere desire to come torth from the College with nonor, and that there has been n. one who did not make it his earnest object to acquire the reup a te proficiency at as early a date as possible.

the els acousties feature in the results of this examination which I regard as yet more encouraging than what I have recommended though we want no further explaned to the existence of a yet extraction to study what I make up to meet on, will prove that it has been with-

out even a single exception.

congrate are to- insulation most particularly on these ircumsiance, that sire east I had the house to address you, the Saints for the pionishm out of those whose conduct, exhibited a nethevertie babitude in negligence, has slept as a dead tetter ever undisturbed be its shoulder! Of those now attached to the Lastitute u, there is an observation has faired to acquire the region arte proficiency to two languages within the him ted it not, in deed, after the gendemen who have now been reported qualified shall have left be odinge, its toil will not exhibit the name of a single Stadent who witnessed the annual expormation of fast year. There will be yever, for the present remnor the names of iwa Gentlemen who arrived in the connect of 38 6-16. but hope not hering in the number of those who are now about to enter the Public Service, may be confidently ascribed to their have g been prevented by exterme ill health from att. oding the Public examination. The declaration of their minerales is thereto e contemplated by me as only suspended, antil their strength shall be so much irstored as to enable them to claim the privilege t a seperate trial.

When I say that there is no Student who has brought homself within the penalty of the 32d Statute. I purposely exemde the case of one Sentleman, whose removal was lor a communacious discipated of an inhibition from the Governor General totally in connected with the literary discipline of the college or with any failure in the acquirement of what he ought to learn; the proposition therefore was stand good that no one has in the last year subjected himself by sieth to the penalties

of the Statute.

It may be it ought singular that I expatiate on what must appear at the best, but a negative advantage; but it is not without good cause that I have brought this circumstance to prominently firward. It has given me greater satisfaction than any other of the bri hant trainmontes of this year; because I regard it as ad-cided proof of the entire success of a measure which the solicitude of Government had fash-oned with much auxiety

towards the improvement of the College.

Before the adoption of that means of the long disuse of any gid procedure directed to the e forcement of the discipline fithe College, had touded to encourage the includence of allo . . f die Sindenta of expensive habits, and there we tor successive years their
y. You, all of you, know
chick this south these who calculated on the ability to , int enreer of mattents the penals derived is t a seen check this spirit. The airsuch an authorion as should be jus 'y t at & just was to f in prospect by those attached to the Institution, and proved a vere practical disides tige to these who might have the harnihand to me ur its

R moved from the Presidency with al a concernence than whit their quid-bot interaper ites would o jor, added to the certaints or chitain n i primotion ar lavotable change until the prescribed qui attor with two languages was acquired; such was the party decounted, gainst proved distitution of qualification life, a certain party of proper district to the Conege. The degric the inversional the and revenue to the content of a Sumfent moder such a que, was not sun ong the least important of the officiale which we reckone kin establish g this punishmen. ome time was main. Its require ed for this provision to display its full effect. There was to be experience before it could be considered known who her this rule was intended to be strigted conted, a period must clapse before all hope of averting its severity by private interest could be desiroyed. On the first area of my privile of at could be destroyed. On the Just your exercises. I gave pulsar trining of 10 (បៀប ) execute the Statute without from aven, but it is not in human nature to be wained by words, howsnever solemnly Accordingly, no twithstand. explicit declaration I had made of my ritentions fien Stude .. subjected themselves in the penactics of this enactment, in the year which tailowed its promnigation. One would have thought that this everty must have been sufficient; yet, the spirit of idleness grealy reduced, was not yet quite subdued, for in the next year also two Gentlemen fell iffider its provisions,

It was a received for the present exampleation to show, that the spirit we have all so much deprecated, has been entirely eraditaled t dor this lestitution. Rvery one that enters it, be bis disposit on what it may, seems now to comprehend that his farest prospect in life and, what is in 're, his credit for sense and taient, depend upon his performing what seexpected of him; that is his acquiring within the term allowed a tolerable acquaintance with two of the languages taught. I can readily henere, that there may be some, who would have difficulty in

acquiring the prescribed competency before the next aunual examination after their arrival in the country Many undoubted-It as quarted, but it is by a recognized exertion, the success of weich deserves marked and honorable mention. I will not, lings, ver, believe, that there has arrived in this country, un individual, who had he regularly attended the lectures of the Professors and otherwise not been wantonly mattentive, would have been found a qualified at the second annual examination. Though the muchas been drawn at the second annual examination, the rule is never rig div enforced against those, who he regular and prepared attendance at the lectures of the second year, may soon hat they have become duly impressed with a desire to derive from the College at the instruction it affords. ugh this deare st. u d not have been fett i their eartier prog ass. To such the liberty of remaining and her year is never refused. In preceding years several have usually availed themse vis of the a datgeore, and generally with effect

The boast of the person year is, not collegent there are no instances of Sudents filling to prove qualified after having obtained the grace of the 2d broand term, but there are none now in the 1 strution to a k to for the ensuing year—1 is hence evident that all have been regularly studious at least, during the pattern, if not from the time of their joining the Institution 2 and on, even they who were naturally so disposed have been restances from a iding into those courses of idiness and matteriors, which have herestefore been afterded with such serious

e i n quei cis.

can't wrong, Gentlemen, in attributing to the effects of the Six alle, a fact so peculially graining as, that one of success a universal content is no baye fallen rate matterials but to the fact an independent resemble to the degrading light to to which an indefeace, otherwise factuating might betray them?—Let not any our suppose that it is bringing discredit either upon individuals ar upon the fostitution to trace the more extensive disposition to apply, which the Conege at present exhibits, to the restraint on idleness imposed by a pinal statute. It must redoined to the grows of the los ituit in that its discipline is so well armed and so efficient. It must redoined no loss to the credit of the individuals, that their minds have been so well prepared for it to work up in

The celitest shis institution is as much supported by the university increase of those who come within its influence, even should that success extend only to the first stages of competences as it is by the bir handachievements of its more distinguished.

Members

But authough the deterring influence of a dreaded penalty may constrain to incertain degree of study, so as to produce the conser off ct, it is not this principle that excites to those linguage exercious, or produces those instances of spleaded and ex randomy attainment, of which our Gollege has at all times been so function

No, Gentlemen, you who have horne away the honors of this examination, and have received, from me the rewards of this

day, you need be under no alarm. The merit of your exertions will not be tarmished by any support on, that your's were consistent studies; your p<sup>a</sup>ngress must have placed you far begreat the can, we fire which discipling exerts its influence.

It has been incumient on me to violicate by profithe expedience of absterity to a case, where the proficiency of the Student is a this own concern, but where the interest of ambitudes is to bo affected by the quality of his sequinements. But, Geoderman Sinden's however requisite it may be a some instances to work upon the thoughtlesness of you have been entered; for beneving that the vast majority of you have been acreaed by in on honorable in mises—I would assert, that a glowing anticipation of the part he has to fuffil, has swelled the hierarch avery one of you whom I have now the a more to address—I know you have a consciousness correspondent to my feeling that the credit of Britain's name is involved in your ondeavours; and if the enception be in any of you indistinct, I will aid you to

devel pe to yourselves so dignifical a sentiment,

Disposed as one must be to reverence departed gening and to treat its abstrations with indu gence, one must not abstract from repeling an unfounded impulation on our country, because is anthor no longer lives to maintain his charge. A mile of transce duit ta eats, in the vehencace of communition, one ass r ed that, were the British domination after such a le gib of years to be with fraw from ladia, no more traces of its role would remain then had this vist Empire been subjected during that term to a rice of rigers. It strue, we have not built a late mor in the wilderness, to impress the world with the incongruity of introducing the retinements of splendar smid uncul ivited sucrety. We have not constructed peramods, to excite the ridig nation of marke of at the especious despotent which could enjoid such a misapp'ication of thimag excitor. By we have reased the bulwark of security round the humble hovels of the helpless. But we have rais dithe proud temple of importial Justice on the runs of lawless violenc. But we have established the sacred altars of Mercy, where Opp envion a d Insult and Ravage used to print their paths with blood. A d do acts like thise leave no in mount? Marble decays, and the houses of the hern perish with it . Time obliterate the rescription : the sequenced cornice mingles with the dust; and speculation exhausts i softing devising a founder or an excuse to, those masses which encougher the plains of Egypt. Not so fades the memory of the beneficions of their kind. Final obliviou is desired for all on this ear t : But, as long as examples may profit and grateful honors may atiminiate to mitta inc, we see the cherished fame of those who have bestowed important boous on their followings, sprying centuries, and moonments, and even nations. Such would be the rememberance of British sway in this Country, were any revolution, calamitons indeed for ludia, to remgive our dominion. Would not too thought unreasingly recur to those who had been our subjects, that out of these regions the demon of Tyranny had fled before British energy; that the principles

which had meliorated society throughout these extensive realins, were of British inculoation; that the comprehension of Civil 112' is a cran hereloom bequeathed to them by British hounts?

You who are coming forward to take your share in the conceins of the State, rouse you selves to feel the extent of your obligation. - Your lot is not ordinary participation in the common place course of business. You must bring sonis to the The summer of this Government is altogether task assigned you unprecedented. In other Countries the dubes of a young man just langeled into political employment, would be simple and restricted. Here each of you, even in the subordinate line in which he more at first move, is a party to all the views and siehentades of Government. The curin is with us so unbrok a that in the rome test had the fractionary is essentially connected. with the general administration of aftern, and is a sharer in all, the exections to which this singendons edifice is maintained. Well may a terrard step end one yet it in a mark for the admirution of other courties, not from its magnitude, but trom the undertable fact. hat ther ma dominion over willing minds that the Natives feel their appraisa to be promoted by our predominance and that they regard on ' stalecty as their blessing. Juste do thes so estimate it, for, where has the British standard been advanced without overtuining some in doch of Barbait v, and placing in its pedastal the hallowed image of that Equity, if which, if ever a notion before floated in these regions it was but as the vagitaconcention of the naknown God.

And ought the weal of a people once taken under our festering care, to be left to say extraneous contingency? Our spirit of be revolence should be disinterested and we should sund above the pride of considering their freedom from appression as dependent solely on the strength of our aim. How it will be asked is any other security to be given to them By communicating to them that which is the source of such security in its. By imparting to them that knowledge which formshes at once the considering is shown and the disposition and the

means to maintain them.

I admit that the attempt of justi ling such instruction into the pullation of ladix, is at first view ardness in that almost iniversal absence of mental cultivation, which exists among the Natives.—The incending in most begin from the lowest sich = 11 is only by facilitating and encouraging the education of a rising generation that any thing solid can be done; a process to which I am satisfied the parents will every where he found eagerly disposed, from that if ey have seen of the advantages of our science. You young then, may be connectly science the promoting this object.—You will not think it to seeme or homeath your dignity, if you represent to yourselves from what it is you do.—Whit there not be a pride in considering yours live as not merely instruments for the dry discharge of duties; but as the engines employed for the most bengmant of purposes? It shumane, it is generous, to protect the feeble; to is mentarred.

to redress the injured. But it is a god-like bounty to bestow expansion of intellect, to infuse the Promethan spark into the statute and waken it into man

This Government never will be influenced by the erroneous, shall I not rather call it the designing, position, that to spread information among mensis to reader them has tactable and less submissive to authority If an abuse of authority he planned, men will be less tractable and submissive in proportion as they have the capacity of comprehending the meditated injustice, But it would be treason against B itish seet ment to imagine, tout it ever could be the principle of this Government to perpetuate ignorance, in order to ensure pality and dishintest advantages over the blind ess of the multitude. As to general tranquility all experience assures us that it is only where the mass of society is unmatructed, that extens ve convulsions have arisen from insignificant causes Where a man is incompetent to judge, he will always be ready to ad out the passions of his neighbour, as a sufficient motive for the gratification which the brown find in any turbulence. Where men can measure, and weigh, and compare, their reason with always pause, and bid the momentary impulse go bye, if they do not find ground to justify it.

Gentlemen of the College, I have rather windered from that comparison between the product of this and meetiding years which forms the regimes topic of discussion on these united oc-I do not, however, apologies for the digres on. It is not either expression or useless, that the Sindenes should ha apprized for what been ends there arguir, ments are to mulify them. I do noteed persuate myself, that a benevolent hope of rendering inconselves compenent to act its useful and protecting guardians, to the inhabit into the will be realter be mider their management, has encouraged application in the Students in no less degree than their sense of what their compact with their employers claimed Whatever be the miguise the display of the present year need shrink from no comparison; on the controly it takes its place amongst the most brimant periods in the a hale of the College. If so large a number as 25 qualified per. sons, has not been added to the Public Service, it is only referable to the want of an equal stock from which to fu mish them. The relative proportion of the qualified has never he ess been nearly man tioned as I have before mentioned, -so even in the number yielded this year, there is far from being any failure in the productive powers of the L stitution Bu io admina tar the 17 Students furmished by the College, in the regular contract there are two other Centimuen of those temporarily lost to the pervice, who have now been recovered to it. These Gentlemen. are Mr. Plowden and Mr. Monsili; and I name them with honne for the creditable proficiency they both have manifested in two, and one of them in more than two languages, proves that they never wanted equal pawers of acquisition with their con-empiraries, had bey only passessed the disposition to exert them. The attainments of at least one of these Coutlemen must be placed to the account of the College, in all events the last Tonn he regularly attended the lectures. At an umber the gain to the Public Service in this year is nineteen; if the last year, has dever been surpassed premient

The degree of proficiency and rapidity of acquirement avenced by the examination of this year, is far beyond wear was exhibited by the Students of the praceding. I last year distributed but five Degrees of Honor, and the Gentlemen, who received them, had all but one, been more than a year attached to the institution; one of them more than two years. On the present occasion i have distributed no less than twelve Degrees of Honor, and there is only one among those who received them who winessed the preceding annual examination.

them who witheseed the preceding annual examination.

With respect also to the scale of proficiency reached this

with respect asso to the state of proficiency reached this year, I have been informed that the attainments of Mr. Dundas and of Mr. Millett in Persian and Birdivertance, and of the two Morea v students. Lieutenant M edopald and Moodie in the former language, are fully equal to what has been reached by those who usually stand at the head of the College went and if they do not quite come up to the literary entinence of some that you have occasionally hid among you, it is only because the prized of their attachment to the lastitution has not been of sufficient length to admit of their making such extensive acquisition.

The Gentlemen of the Civil service to whom I have given

Degrace of Honor, are

MESSES. DUNDAS,
NILLETT,
MCFARLANS,
ROBERTSON,

or high proficiency in the Persona Isuguage : and

Messes. Millett,
Dundas,
Scoft,
Robertion,
Reade, and
McFarlane,

for the same in the Hindoostance language,

The 18 Gentlemen who have been reported qualified for the Public Service, are

1. WILLIAM DUNDAS,
2. FREDRICK MILLETT,
DAVID MCPARLANE,
WILLIAM TULLOH ROBERTSON,
JOHN TRURLOW READS,
RICHARD HASTING SCOTT,
EDWARD WILLIAM COCKERELD,
WILLIAM DENT,
9. WILLIAM JAMES TURQUARD,

19. Buon Paises.

BE PRANCIS MACNAGUZEK.

12. HANRY TATLOR,

13. GEIRGE POWNEY TROUSOR,

14. TH MAS ANBROIR SHAW,

15 JANES WYATT.

16. JOHN DUNSMURE,

17. THOMAS MUNICIPAL

18 EDWARD STIRLING.

and to these I am to add the name of Mr. Plowden, who, thought not regularly resoluted, has as already observed, passed an examination and had been declared qualified to two languages.

Rvents have not permit ed that we should, have more than two Military Students in the past year, Lieu, enant Macdonald and Moodie; the former of the Madras service; but though the period of the attachment of both to the Institution has been very short and the studies of the latter in particular, were inturrupted by ail nelooked for, summons, to the field, both have obtained the distinction of a Degree of Honor for high proficiency in Persian, a. d. of Midals for rapid progress in the Arabic. It is recknied Gentlemen of the College, a creditable exertion to attain the required proficiency in, two languages within the year; no less, however, than ten of him who now leave the College have thus distinguished themselves. When mone of the two languages so high a scale of profitesency is reached as to entitle the Students to a Degree of . Honor mit, his ment is greatly enhanced; hut when this high rate of proficiency is acquired within the year, in hoth languages, the circumstance afterds a happy, redication, that the individuals who achieve so much, are endowed with powers of acquisition which fall to the low of few. Such rapid and extensive progress can only be made by those who possess a quick perception, a retentive memory, unwearied perseverence. and what is yet more valuable, the power of concentrating their energies to a given object. The events of this examination show a greater number, in whom all these quarties inust be united, then the College has ever before exhibited, on any one

Rour gentlemen, Messer: Dandas, Millett, McFarlane and Robertson, have earned the high distriction of leaving acquired Degrees of Henor in two languages within the year. Mr. Dundas, who stands first on the languages within the year. Mr. Dundas, who stands first on the languages within the year for, he has added to the extraordinary proficient y, which has entitled him to Degrees of Honor in Persian and Hindoorstanes, a very competent knowledge of the Bengalese; and he has besides obtained a Medalfur the rapidity of his progress in the Arabic. Such efforts can only be classed with the most distinguished achievements of the most renowned periods of the Distriction; and Mr. Dundas must rank in the annals of the College only below our Mac eightens and Stirlings.

M sers. MacFarlane and Robertson layer also obtained a creditable rank in the Bongatese Class; particularly the former who holds the second' place; and if Mr. Millett has refearers the an indest distinct of his powers to enre, medical competition in more than two languages, we
miviest satisfied, that a more perfect acquantance with the
two of his selection has resulted from this concentration of
his powers. There been assured that in well-founded pretension thall those qualities which mark rising genus, Mr.
Millett will yield to none of his contemporaries.

It is peculiarly grateful to me to dwell upon names which have before been the subject of my en ogy. I is but lately that a former Mr. Millett, brother of this gentleman, ran the same honorable career. The Mr. Millett of this year need not blish to meet his brother, for he has becomingly upheld the

has ors that had been acquired to this name.

Mr. Scatt and Mr. Reade, the other two gentlemen to whom I have given Degrees of Hone u for their high proficielly in Hinducestance, have both evinced a degree of odeni which, if it had been directed with perseverance equal to that exhibited by their more distinguished competitors, would have ranked them with the highest on the roll. Mr. Reade's proficiency has been ubtained with wonderful rapidity, and, I have been as-

sured, enchely since he jamed the Lasti ution.

It is tather a singular circumstance that I have had to distribute no Degrees of Honor for proficency in the Bengaleso language. Messis Tudway Clarke and McKirlane have however more of hereward of Meda's for their proficiency in it, and the essence essent or hivation or this origings in the year is merets a consequence of the short time that it is in the Statistics which have directed their emilions exertions to the originage tright. Such fluctuations in the studies and proximity of the members of the College is no matter of surprofice, when it is readle ed that it is felt to the option of the Studies of States of two languages to which they will direct their efforts.

The further honors acquired at this examination, which remin to be noticed are a Medid of Morit awarded to Mi. Franess stacing liter and Mr. Wyaci, if respire progress in the Hindocosance language, and a Midat to Mr. Miliett, for Porsian Williams.

I encent close the enumeration of the rewards that have been gracted this year, without noticing that the prize in money which used to the empacy the distinction of a Degree of Honor, has been discoutted ed, since the list examination. This change, it may be seen has not had any influence on exertions; nor can it be believed they degree is in that noble emulation, and that write, its rove of discourant, which looks for shore the fashion of the actual prize and cares hitle facilis nominal value. The Mondy, the Parchiments, these are not your real rewards. The internal satisfaction you must feel at having done well, the joyful congra ulations of your families and friends, the respect of

your equals and the favourable opinion of your superiors, every thing that can delight the heart, every worthy object of ambition, every thing your sounder judgment, would pronounce desireable, is procured to you by distinction in this College.

The advantage with which you will onter out the active career before you, is a more substantial reward. I true I have intherto carefully redeemed the pledge I gave the College Jurishe first occasion of my addressing you from this chan, that I should look to this testitution and it's examinations as the criterion by which the relative claims of the riging branch of the service should be adjusted. Examples are not wanting to prove, that this has been my ruling principle. Many must at once suggest themselves to your minds, particularly that of one very distinguished individual wholeft your Institution only at he examination before last, and who has ever since he left it been searching out some new path to distinctions similar to those awarded at your public exercises -I had last year, and I have again this year, necession to mention with high applause McNaghien's Continued literary exections .- here is nut a language taught in the College, in which he las not earned the highest distinction which the Government or the College can bestow - The difficu ies of the Sa scrit and of the Hindoo Law sielded to his efforts to the preceding The Arabic he had stready mastered; and having carried away from this fostitution the rewards of it a highest profictiones, there only remained for him to add to his knowledge of this language a particular study of the books of Mahomedan Liws .- This he has now d -I have on the present occasto to deliver to him another Degree of Bonor for the enimence of his attainments in the department of hierature.

Gentlemen, has not the advance of Mr. Machaghten in the care of his Public Service gon, his dented with accumulation of honor? Is he not in the enjoyment of an action of trust and entoloment far above his concemporates; Let me indeed ask you further, if there is any one of the civile branch of the service whom you have seen maked by my particular confidence in public matters, and whose promotion has consequently been accelerated, that has not left his name one led among the most ilimitions of members of your fire ituiton.

Gentlemen, there take in a leave of you turn time. The course of political events requires my presence in the Westein Provinces, and I sha I quit the Presidence in a very few days. Those of you who have distinguised vongrelies on this occasion, may however rest assured, that my eye will be still upon you. Those also who are to fill therefie of the examination that will follow this, may rest equally satisfied that, though I may perhaps still be absent from the scene of their activements, I shall read the pages in which their success win he reported to me, with as much interest as of I present discrimination, the telative ment of the several Candidates for distinction.

To you, Gentlemen of the College Council, I beg to return my sincere thanks, not only for the efficiency with which you have maintained the 'discipline of the College during the year, but also for the aid you have afforded me in the ascertainment of the real character of the Institution, and of its individual Members. The Professors, Assistant Professors and Ministerial Officers of the Institution are also entitled to my thanks. The Institution has by the return of Captain Lockett, the learned and ingenious Secretary to the College Council, and Examiner, received an accession to the number of eminent men who are to be found upon its establishment. Captain Lockett has through the inhemity of the Honorable the Court of Direct is, brought with him from Europe a valuable addition to the Library, congsting of an exiensive collection of Books, purchased with the utmost care and fencily of selection in London and in Paris

A list of the Literary Works which have been published since my last address, or which may have been prepared for the Press,

will be subjoined to this add esson its publication.

Gentlemen, the interest fear in the concerns of your lastifution, is not confined to the Public of this Country. It is an or ject of attention to a large portion of the Public of England, and of Europe. In tracing the causes of the si gular success with which this great and distant empire is governed with so much apparent ease, and preserved in such tranquility, the attention of every observer must be arrested by those institutione which are destined to form the future legislators and statesmen of India, and which have already contributed so largely to the general improvement in the admit istration of its affairs. The matitutions of Beriford and of Port William, will necessarily become objects of the deepest interest. - The institution of Heriford has but very lately been subjected to the minutest scritting of the Public at home, and it has passed the ordeal with an increase of honor and reputation which, to those who from its effects in this Country see its value, cannot but he a source of high gratificatio . - I have sought to give in this address a fathful exposition at the present state of cur coil grate Ratabushment. I feel myself perfectly satisfied with its condition in all its branches, and I have told you whence my satisfiction arose - To diagnose or colour any cocumutance that might elucidate the character of this I stitution, would be a find on the Public, to which E would never lend myself - The College must stand upon the nateserved exposure of its management and product - i need not fest to invite the judgment of the World as it is, and as it ever will be, so long as it is conducted on its present principles.

#### APPENDIX.

The Publication of the f llowing Wo k has been ancouraged by Government at the recommendation of the Council of the College of Four MILLIAM, since the period of the Disputations held in 18 6.

A DI TIONARY, ENGLISH and BENGAIL, by RAM COMULE See Plus work will contain the words found in the latest E-

dition of Dr. Johnson's English Dictionary, with a Traclation of them into the Benga i Lateguage

For words relative to Arts and Sciences, of which no adequate interpretation can be given in the Trainfator's own language, he will a opt explanatory Terms taken from the Persian, Arabic, and Sauscrii.

The Translator also proposes to give a complete Tab e of the Systems of Orthoppy for the Bengali Language, adopted by Sie William Jones, Dr. Grichrist, and Mr. Forster, together with a

short History of the Bengan La guage.

In order to reader the work more useful, the Translator has included most of the names of Plants and Herns of this part of the world, together with the terms of the Materia Medica of Bindoostau, used by Des Carey, Buchanane Kexburgh &c

The work will be printed on Rurope Printing and Paina Paper,

in one volume quarro, comprising about 1960 pages.

The following W 11 K5 formerly mentioned in the Discourse of His Excellency the Most Noble the Vistor of the College o Fart William. have since been completed.

The QAMOOS, or the OC. AN. an Arabic Dictionary, by Mujdood-Deen Machammad-nobne Yakanb, of Feerozabad, collated with many manuscript copies of the work and corrected for the press by Shikh Ahmud gobno Mochummudin il nusarayoul Vomunee Youth Shir wanes; a Mative of Arabia, non employed in the Arabic Department of the College of Fort William; in two volumes Calcutta, 1817

" In preparing this edition for the Press, the utmost attention has been paid to accuracy, and the high qualifications of the editor, (an Arab by birth ) combined with his industry, and the excellence and abundance of the materials in his possession, leave no reason whatever to question that accuracy has been generally attained. His materials consisted of cieven manuscript copies of the work. (come of them highly variable ) beorder many other lexicons, &c of great though not of equal celebrity; such as the Shumool Oell in; the Pehayar Juzuree; the Subabi Jewhuree; the Walquit out Longhat; the hezamool Ghuceeb; the Misbaht Mooncer; the Merzhur; &c the type, which was prepared by bimself, is remarkably nest and legible; and the accuracy with which the vowel points are suscribil throughout, will not full to convey to every man who has any knowledge of the Arabic Language, the most favorable impressions, not merely of his industry, but of mit the other higher qualifications necessary to the success of this great undeitaking. Its accomplishment constitutes, in my opinion, an importanters in Oriental Literature prequally favorable to the. progress of that literature in Europe, and to its revival in every Country of the Bast."

Extrac: from the Preface by Dr. Lumiden The DUTTUK MERMAN-SA and the DUTTUK CHUND, two estremed Treatises in the original Sauscrit on the Hindoo Law of Edoption.

A Grammar of the Kurnata Language, by Wm. Carey, D. D.

# COLLEGE OF FORT WILLIAM,

June 16, 1817.

### SEVENTEENTH ANNUAL EXAMINATION, HOLDEN IN JUNE, 1817.

PERSIAN.  PIRST CLASS.  1. Dundas, a degree of Honor P 122 of Books and Medal  2 Millet, ditto,  3 McFarlan, ditto,  4. Robertson, ditto,  5 Sept.  5 Sept.  5 Sept.  7 3 3 2  SRCOVD CLASS  8 Reads a Medal of Merit,  6 Cockerell,  7 Dent,  7 Dent,  8 Scott,  9 Turquand,  9 Turquand,  10 Praser,  10 Dec.  1814  20 23  11 Dunsmure,  12 Macneghten,  13 Macneghten,  14 Thompson,  15 Sept.  1815  16 Monsell,  17 Stirling,  18 Taylor,  19 Blackburg,  17 Sept.  1816  18 1 3 3  18 Taylor,  19 Blackburg,  17 Sept.  1816  18 1 3 3  18 Taylor,  19 Blackburg,  10 March  1817  18 1 3 3  21 Manning,  19 Blackburg,  10 March  1817  18 1 32  19 Blackburg,  10 March  1817  18 1 32  19 Blackburg,  10 March  1817  18 1 32  19 Blackburg,  10 March  1817  18 1 32  19 Blackburg,  10 March  1817  18 1 32  18 1 32  19 Blackburg,  10 March  1817  18 1 32  19 Blackburg,  10 March  1817  18 1 32  18 1 32  19 Blackburg,  10 March  1817  18 1 32  18 1 32  19 Blackburg,  10 March  1817  18 1 32  18 1 32  18 1 31  18 1 32  28 Law,  26 8						
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By Order of the Gauncil of the College:
A. LOCKETT,
Secretary, C. C.

## CALCUTTA MONTHLY JOURNAL

## Vet, XXXI. CALOUTTA; July 14, 1817.[No. 273.

## FROM THE GOVT. GAZETTE-JULY 10.

#### FORT WILLIAM.

THE 5TH OF JULY, 1817.

Discussions having occurred between the British Government and the Government of Poonah, which threatened to shake the Amity, subsisting between the two States, the Governor General in Council has the satisfaction to abnounce the exetution of a New Tracty, between the Honorable Company and His Highness the Peishwa, Explaining and amending the Articles of the Treaty of Bassein, with the addition of certain Provisions calculated to improve the Alliance, and to promote and render permanent, the harmony, which both Governments are solicitous to maintain.

By Command of His Excellency the Most Nosie THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL:

J. ADAM.

Act. Chief. Sec. to Govt.

### FORT WILLIAM.

Poblic Départment ; July 8, 1817.

.His Excellency the Most Noble the Marquis or Hast-14GS, GOVERNOR GENERAL having nominated the HONORABLE N. B. EDNONFIONE to be Vize-President and Deputy Governor of Fort William, during His Lordship's absence from the Presidency; THE HONORABLE N. B. EDMONSTONE has this day taken his Seat accordingly, under the usual Salute from the Ramparts of Fort William. >

By Order of the Vice-President in Council.

W. B. BAYLEY.

Act. Chief Sec. to the Govt

## CIVIL APPOINTMENTS.

## FORT WILLIAM.

JULY 7, 1817.

Mr John Adam, Secretary to the Governor General.
Mr Henry T. Prinsep, Assistant to the Secretary to the Governor General.

Captain J. Young, Secretary to the Governor General in the Military Department.

James Gardner, Gentleman, to be Lieutenant in the Corps of Irregular House, commanded by Lieutenant Colonel Gardner, with local and temporary Rank.

J. YCUN

Ofig: Sec. to Govt Mil. Dept.

THE GOVERNOR ORNIGAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; June 27, 1817.

The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following Production and Appointment.

### 21st Regiment of Native Infantry.

Senior Ensign Henry Chambers Clarkson to be Lieutenant from the 29th of June 1817, vice McLeod, deceased

Mr. Assistant Surgeon John Smith is transferred, at his own requer', from the Civil Station of Zillah Tipperah to that of Sylhet, in the room of Mr. Assistant Surgeon Tweedie, promoted to a full Surgeon.

The following Military and Medical Officers on this Establishment have been pointited by the Honorable the Court of Directors to return to their duty, without prejudice to their Rank.

Captain Elias, civian Dunsterville.
. Assistant Surgeon William Hoggs

Lieutenant J. L. Earle of the 5th, and T. W. Incell of the 14th Regiments of Native Intantity, having respectively for warded Medical Certificates from the Cape of Good Hope, whither they proceeded on leave of absence, on account of those health, are perintled; to proceed from that Colony to Europe, on luriough, for the benefit of their health.

Lieutemant bank's furlough is to commence from the date of

his departure from the Cape of Good Hope, for Europe

Liceltenant Kennedy of the Regiment of Artillery, having forwarded a Medical Certificate from Mysore, the leave of absence granted to him in Government General Orders of the 16th of December list, is extended to Six Months beyond the period therein specified.

J. YOUNG.

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST HOBLE

## FORT WILLIAM; June 27, 1817.

1. In continuation of the Regulations issued in General Orders of Government of the 11th of April last, for the payment in Calcutta of Officers of His Majesty's or of the Hanarable Company's Army, absent from their Corps from sickness, on their

private affairs, or any other sufficient cause; His Excellency the Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to establish the following supplementary rules, applicable to the cases there unprovided for, of Officers coming round to Bengal from other Presidencies on duty, or in charge of Troops.

2. When an officer is ordered round from another Presidency in charge of Troops to Stores, he is entitled to the allowances authorized by the Regulations of the Presidency, under the orders of which he may have embarked until his arrival, and reporting himself at Fort William, when his allowances are to

be regulated by the circumstance of his case.

3 If on the arrival of the Officer in the river, he delivere over the charge of Troops or stores, forthwith, and returns without landing to the place whence he came, he will continue to draw the allowances of that Presidency and may receive the customary advances on that scale; but if he be directed by the proper authority to land at Fort William, or do duty with any Corps or Detachment on this Establishment, he is to be entitled to the Bengal allowances authorized for such Corps or Detachments.

4. In the case however of an Officer who may arrive at this Presidency, and whose Regiment may have embarked for England, his connection with India shall be considered to have allowed the ceased, and in that case he will be entitled until his embarkation on his return to Europe only, to the modified allowances pointed out by General Orders of Government of the

Juth December last,

J. YOUNG. Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil Dept.

SENERAL ORDERS, BY MIS EXCULCING THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GUYERAL IN COUNCIL

### PORT WILLIAM; Jone 4, 1817.

His Excellency the Most Noble the Governor General is pleased to appear Captain and Brevet Major W. M. Colebrooke, of the Royal Artillery, to be a Supernumerary And-de-Camp to the Governor General

2. Major Coleb. coke will proceed by water in attendance on H. Lordship on his approaching Tour, to the upper Provinces, and will draw the Boat Allowance of Landank to futty Ghar.

J YÖUNG

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

DETERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLERCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IS COUNCIL

FORT WILLIAM: July 4, 1817.

Resolved, that the following Paragrophs of a General Letter from the Honorable the Court of Directors, in the Military Department, under date the 27th of November 1816, he published in General Orders.

Par. 4. We have already apprized you of the permission which has been granted to Captain Fielding, to return to his-

duty upon your Establishment

15. It appears that immediately upon his obtaining that permission, Captain Fielding, engaged a passage on the Licensed-Ship Charles Mills; and that on the faith of an assurance he had received from the House to which she belongs, he had reason at the time to believe she would positively sail about the middle of September; but, owing to various circumstances this ship didnot leave the Downs till the 12th of October, and contrary winds afterwards compelled her to put into Poitsmouth, from whence she did not finally sail till the 27th of that month.

. 6. Adverting to the uncertainty of the arrival of the Charles Mills at Madras before the period when Captain Fielding wilk have completed his 5 years absence from India, we have taken the cucumstances of his case into consideration, and it is proved to our satisfaction that if Captain Fielding shall not arrive in Bengal before the expiration of the lifth year from his departure from India, unless delay which he may have been able to avoid, shall have arisen in the course of his voyage, that his absence will have been occasioned by an inevitable accident within the meaning of the 70th Section of the Act of the 33d of His Present Majesty, Cap. 52, and under these circumstances, and with the promise above-mentioned, we direct that he be considered upon his arrival in India as still in the Company's Service.

7. We have permitted Captain E. V. Dinsterville, an Offices belonging to your Military Establishment, to return to his duty

8. We have permitted Mr. David Hastie to proceed to your Presidency to practise as a Surgeon, and we direct that he do succeed as an Assistant Surgeon. The rank of Mr. D. Hastie will be settled at a future period.

9. We have permitted Lieutenant Colonel Henry Worsley, C. B. and Captam George Swiney, to remain in England till the

departure of the last Ships of this Season.

His Lordship in Council, under the feregoing instructions from the Honorable Court, is pleased with reference to the General Orders of Government of the 20th ultimo, to declare Captain G. Fielding of the 8th Regiment Native Cavalry, restored to the Service from the 28th of March last, the date of his return to Fort William from emissingh.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Major General B. Marley to be Commandant of the fortress of Allahabad, on the established allowances attached to that situation, vacated by the momination to the General Staff of the Army, of Major General Sir D. Ochterlony, Bt. and G. C. B. This ap-

pointment to have effect from the present date

Lieut R. Burnoy of the 8th Regiment N. I. having satisfied the Governor General in Council, that domestic affairs of a most argent nature require his presence in England, and baving solicited to be admitted to the same inhiligence as heretofore granted to Officers in the like predicament, who had nearly completed the established term of service until the expiration of which as

Officer is not entitled to Furlough; His Excellency in Council is pleased to grant Lieutenant Burney, on his producing the prescribed pay certificate, a provisional Furlough to Europe of three years, subject to the confirmation of the Honorable Court of Directors, and on the express condition of his relinquishing all claim to pay during the whole period that he may be absent from Bengal.

J. YOUNG,

· Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBIC THE LOVERNOR SENERAL IN COUNCIL.

#### JULY 4, 1817.

1. THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL is pleased to make the following appointments in the Cuttack Legion.

To be Sub-Lieutenants, with Local and Temporary rank.
— Wadditone, Gentleman, late of Skinner's Horse.

G. D. Aird, Gentleman.

R. A. Aird, Gentleman.

John MacGregor, Gentleman.

B Valle, Gentleman.

2. The Allowances for Provincial Officers, attached to the Cuttack Legion are in all respects to correspond with those fixed for Officers of the Robilla Horse, in General Orders of 29th July 1815, and Sub-Lieutenants will rank with Cornets of Irregular Horse according to the dates of Commissions.

4. The General Orders of 19th January 1816, respecting ammunition for Irregular Horse, is extended to the Cuttack L grou.

(Signed) J. YOUNG,

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

The following Military appointments have been made by the Honorable the Vice-President in Council:—

9/20

Lieutenant S. Coulthard of Artillery, to be Military Secretary to the Vice-President:—and Lieutenant H. Carter, of the 7th, and F. Jenkins, of the 2th Regiment Native Infancy, Aides-de-Camp.

We have great satisfaction in giving publicity to the following correspondence, on the subject of the

subscriptions at this Presidency, for the relief of the sufferers by the Battle of Waterloo:

ADDRESS FROM THE ASSOCIATE COMMITTEE IN LONDON, TO THE BENGAL COMMITTEE FOR THE WATERLOO FUND.

## Gentlemen;

We have now the honour to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 17th April, with the Bills and other enclosures which you requested us to transmit to His Grace the Duke of Wellington. These were duly forwarded, with the original Address of the Inhabitants of Bengal, as you will observe by copy of our Letter to His Grace, and his reply, both of which are enclosed.

Your further remittance of 23931, has also come to hand, and the Bills, after being endorsed by His Graca, have been delivered to the Waterloo Fund.

When a list of the Subscribers is received, we shall take care to have it published in Sir Newspapers—and with sentiments of much regard, we now remain.

## GENTLEHEN!

Vour most obedient Servants,

F. Liedunder.

T. Fleming.

J. Lumsden. Henry Trail.

L. Davis.

J. Salmond.

W. Fairlie:

LONDON, 1st February, 1817.

To His Grace the Duke of Willington, E. G.

My Lond,

Impressed as we are with sentiments of the deepest respect for the character and talents of your Grace, and leeping in common with the world at large, that to your splendid atchievements the general pacification of Europe is chiefly to be ascribed, been selected by our fellow countrymen in Bengal, to convey to your Grace, the testimonial of their admiration of your Military Atchievements, and of their estimation of the unrivalled services which you

have rendered to your Country...

Under the flattering commission vested in us by the Committee of the British Inhabitants of Calcutta, appointed to manage the Subscription raised in Bengal, for the relief of the Ramilies of the British Soldiers killed or disabled at the Battle of Waterloo, and during the late Campaign under your Grace's command, we have the honor to transmit to your. Grace the undernessioned documents:

No. 1.-Address to your Grace from the British Inhabitants of

Bengat dated 28th Becember, 1815.

No. 2.—Address to your Grace from the Committee above named of the British Inhabitants of Calcutta, dated 11th April, 1818.

No. 3.—Copy of Resolutions of the British Inhabitants of Calcutta, convened by Public Notice, for the purpose of taking into consideration the propriety of a Subscription, for the relief of the Families of the British Soldiers, who fell at Waterloo, dated 28th December, 1815.

No. 4.—Copy of a Letter addressed to us by the Committee of

No. 4.—Copy of a Letter addressed to us by the Committee of the British Inhabitants of Calcutta, dated 11th April, 1816.

No. 5—Copy of a Letter addressed by the same Committee, to the General Committee of the Fund, established in London for the relief of the families of the British Soldiers, killed or disabled at Waterloo, dated 11th April, 1846.

From these Papers your Grace will observe that the amount which has been remitted to us on account of the Fund is & Sterling 21,112 I 111, and that

further remittances will be made hereafter.

The Bills drawn for this sum having been made payable to the order of your Grace, it becomes necessary to give you the trouble of endorsing them to the order of the General Committee in London, agreeably to the annexed form, and they are now transmitted to you for that purpose:—A list of the Bills is enclosed for your Grace's further information:

We propose to with-hold the delivery of the Address to the General Committee in London by the Committee in Calcutta, until we shall be honored with your Grace's commands in answer to this letter, and we have only to add that we shall with great

pleasure convey to the Committee in this City any rangestions with which your Grace may favor us respecting the disposal of the amount of the present remittance, or to be otherwise instrumental in the promotion of the benevolent object of our Countrymen in India.

The absence from London of several of the Gentlemen named in the Address, from the Committee of the British Inhabitants from Calcutta, will explain the reason why the present Address to your Grace is only signed by a small proportion of that number.

We have the honor to be, with the highest respect,

## My Lord,

#### Your Grace's most devoted

faithful Servants,

(Signed) W. Fairlie.

T. Fleming.

J. Alexander.

H. Trail.

L. Davis.

J. Lumsden.

J. Salmond.

Loxpon, the 6th December, 1816.

\* Cundray, Dec. 24, 1816.

GINTLIMEN,

I received only last night your letter of the 6th instant; and I now inclose a letter under flying scal, for the Chairman of the Committee, for the management of the Waterloo Fund, in which I have closed the bills which you transmitted to me, which I have endorsed. I beg that you will be so kind as to deliver this letter.

I am highly flattered by the attention and confidence of the gentlemen of the settlement of Bengal, in making me the channel of conveying this mark of their kindness to the tamilies of the Officers and Soldiers, who have served under my command, for which I will take an early opportunity of returning them my thanks by letter. It is likewise very gratifying to me to be placed on this occasion in com-

munication with gentlemen, with all of whom I have long been 'acquainted, and for whom I entertain the highest respect and regard.

I have the honor to be.

GENTLEMEN,

Your most obedient Servant.

(Signed) WELLINGTON,

To IV. Fairlie, Esq.

T. Fleming, Esq.

J. Alexander, Esq. II. Trail, Esq.

L. Davis, Esq.

J. Lumsden, Esq.

J. Salmond, Esq.

Paris, January 10, 1817.

SIR.

I have had the honor of receiving your letter of the 3d instant—and I now return the Bills for £3951 5, endorsed by me; and I beg you will pay the amount to the Committee for the management of the Waterloo Fund.

Linctose a letter to the. Chairman upon the

subject.

I have the honor to be, Sin,

Your most obedient humble Servant, WELLINGTON. (Signed)

Wm. Fairlie, Esq. London.

It will be seen in an extract from the last Bombay Courier, that the European inhabitants of Bombay, convened by the Sheriff, have resolved to address a letter to the Post-Master General in London, complaining of the mode in which the Ship Letter Act has been carried into execution. We are apprehensive that nothing short of the repeal of the act isself, can remove the grievances to which the British inhabitants of India have been subjected: and we

believe, that even the establishment of regular packets, for the monthly transmittal of letters, would not provide the facilities and convenience for correspondence, which were enjoyed under the old system.

The intended movements of the Nagpore Subsidiary force have been prevented by the amicable arrangements with the Peishwa. We hear that the Madras Army was shortly expected to be put in motion, and that the Commander in Chief was about to leave Madras, to place himself at the head of the Army.

The Ukhbars of the week, afford, as usual, a scanty supply of local intelligence. A considerable degree of alarm was excited at Holkan's Head-Quarters on the 19th of June. Intelligence was brought to the Bhase, that Guffon Khan, at the head of the mutinous army, was at Arnoot, and that a thousand chosen horseman were near the Head-Quarters; prepared to make a desperate night-attack. The intelligence however, proved false, and it was ascertained that Guffon and his mutineers were at Mohabpore, levving contributions on the emporetected country.

Remiser Singh on the 30th of June had returned from his Camp at Adnesh Nagur to Lahore. The Not innews writers state, that the Seik army encamped on the banks of the Sunda, had been surprised in the night by a large body of robbers, who killed; wounded and plundered a great number of the Seiks; and withdrew with their booty to the Fort of Jam-Gurrah. Amattack on this Fort was threatened, and about to be commenced.

AMEER KHAN was yet occupied, at the date of the latest Ukhbars from Jaypoor, with the sege of Madorajpoorals.

We copy the following account of the departure of the Governor General, from the Government Gazette.

The Most Noble the Governor General having, fixed Tuesday 1-st for the period of his departure from Calcutta to the Western Provinces, a considerable number of His Majesty's and the Hono. rable Company's Civil, Naval, and Military servants, and the principal inhabitants of the Presidency, assembled at the Government house at gun-fire, to attend his Lordship to Chandpaul Ghant. In consequence of the rain his Lordship proceeded in the state-carriage, and was accompanied by the Homorable the Chief Justice, the Right Reverend the Lord Bishop, the Honorable Mr. Edmonstone, and the Honorable Mr. Seton. A great number of carriages followed in procession to the Ghaut, where the gentlemen alighted to take, leave of his Lordship, who immediately embarked on board the Feel-shihry, under the usual salute from the Ramparts of Fort William. The company then returned to the Government House, where an elegant Breakfast was prepared; after which the Honorable N. B. Edmonstone took his seat as Vice Prebings intended to remain at Barracknore.

The Marquis of Hastings intended to remain at Barrackpore till this morning, and would then proceed to Chandernagore, where his Lordship and Staff were to Breakfast with the Honour-

able Mons. Dayot, the Governor of that settlement.

We have not, since our last publication, received any account of the proceedings against the insurgents under Juggunnoo,—we therefore insert the following letter, which we have taken from the Bengal Hurkaru:—

Extract of a Letter, dated Cuttack, 6th July.

On the night of the 29th Captain Armstrong marched from Bojepore with 8 Companies and a Brigade of Gun to go to Moneswa, where Jugbundpo and the principal insurgents had assembled and erected stockades - the distance of 18 or 14 miles, but owing to the badness of the road it w s found impracticable to make it in one march. Captain Armstrong therefore defered his approach until the morning of the 1st. The surrounding jungle is described so exceedingly thick, that nothing of the stockades could be made out, even when close upon them. The guides pointed out the spot, upon which a heavy fire was opened from the guns, and as the troops advanced the insurgents abandoned all their stockades without any attempt to defend them and with scarce any to interrupt the progress of the detachment. Jugbundoo is supposed to have quitted the place the day before, and all seem to have looked to their own safety on the commence-ment of the firing.—Their loss however is believed to have been very considerable-fortunately we had not a single casualty, The stockades were very extensive and strong as well as situated it the very heart of the thickest jungle. Captain Armstrong would pursue wherever he should hear of the insurgents re-assembling, but they continue dispersed, and he had already destroyed all their defences at Moneywa, and fallen back a mile or two for better ground. It is believed that he will canton in that neighbourhood with 5 Companies and a brigade of guus.

We have received the Madras Courier of the 1st instant. The H. C. Ships Minerva and Marques of Wellington anchored in Madras roads on Sunday, the 30th ultime. The fellowing are lists of their Passengers:

#### Per Minerod.

For Madras: —Mrs. Cazalet, Mrs. Mac Lean, Miss A. Wahao, Miss S. Hickey, Miss H. Chinnery, Mr. A. Willcock. Writer, Mr. H. S. Ford, Cadet, Mr. B. G. Elliot, proceeding to his Father at Java via Madras.

For Bengal: -Mrs. Swiney, Capt. Swiney, Mr. James Mathes. Mr. Joseph Allaway, and Mr. John Coulson,

Free Mariners.

## Per Marquis of Wellington.

FOR MADRAS: -Mrs. Harris, Miss Kinchant, Messrs. Budd and Owen. Cadets.

HOW BENGAL: - Mrs. Parker. Mrs. Tyler, Miss Parker, Miss Loug. Miss Hutchins, W. Parker. Esq. Messis. Wroughton and Clegg, Cadets, Mr. Bambridge Youn, and 150 Receipts for the H. C. Service.

It is stated on the authority of late letters from England that hir George Cooper, was on the 28th of February appointed to the Madras Beach; and that wit is currently reported? at Madras, that Colouel Bannerman has been appointed Governor of Penang.

The H C. Ships Rose, Streithum, and Princess Chirlotte of Wales were seen off the Cane by the Minervy.

The Honorable Company's ships General Kyd and Atlers, have arrived at Saugor. —They left Madras on the 31 mstant,

## Passengers jer General Kyd.

Mis. Johnstone,
Mr. Stewart,
Mis. Burrowes,
Mrs. Cassidy,
Mis. Waiter,
Miss M. Leod,
Miss Douglas,
Miss Waiter,
Miss Watson,
Miss Cassidy.
Mijor Johnstone, H. M. 14th Foot.
Captain Stewart, Bengal European Regt.

Lieutenant Burrowes, H. M. 8th Light Dragcons. Hon. Mr. Westman. Volunteer ditto ditto, Capt. Cassidy, II. M. 67th Foot, Lieut. Frazer, ditto. Lieut. Adair, ditto, Capt Cavanagh, H. M. 87th Foot, Surgeon Leslie, do. do. Lieut. Higgin-, do. do. Lieut. Walter, de. do. Lieut. Nicholson, H. M. 7th Foot, Ensign Bınzham, do. do. Ensign Hendley, do. do. John Campbell, Esq. Writer, Mr. Thomas Grey, Cadet, Mt. Q. H. Mav, do. Mr. Joseph Willams, Free Mariner. Mr. Stephen Watson, do. Masters R. Walter, and Kilner Walter, Children. Charles Robertson, European Servaut, Mary Robertson, ditto. Mr. II. A. Bourbels from Madras.

Detachments of the following Regiments, viz. 8th L. D. 14th, 67th, 87th and 17th Regiments of Foot; in all amounting to 258 Non-Commissioned Officers and Privates, 31 Women and 18 Children

The General Kyd spoke the H. C. ships Waterloo and Winchelsen in Company, all well, on the 14th of June, in latitude 8 12' S. longitude 80 20' E. bound for Penang and China.

## Jets 17, 1817.

The dramatic year having terminated in June with the play of John Bull, and the old Managers re-elected, it was understood that the new campaign at the Chouringhee Theatre, would commence on Friday the 25th, with the farces of Love-to-la Mode and Taste; but we are informed that no performance is likely to take place before the following week. The amateurs of the drama will consequently have to regret the total suspension of Theatrical amusement during the whole month of July.

The Conversaziones at the Town Hall continue to be attractive. Major-General J. S. Wood, and a deputation of the Committee of Managers waited on Mrs. Edmonstone yesterday to solicit her to become the patroness of these assemblies. Last night the party was numerous and fashionable. Mrs. Edmonstone and the Homorable the Vice-President were present.

Military operations in the Deccan, have been happily rendered unnecessary, in consequence of the new Treaty with the Peshwa, at Poonah, and the whole of that part of India, is now in a tranquil state. It is said, that the Commander in Chief at Madros, is about to place himself at the head of the Coast Army, and proceed to the northward.

Report states that Sir George Cooper, at present Recorder of Penang, has been raised to the vacant seat on the Madras Bench, and that Colonel Bannerman has been appointed Governor of Prince of Wales' Island. This appointment will create another vacancy in the Court of Directors. The successor of Sir George Cooper, has not yet been mentioned.

We observe that the passengers on board the Honorable Company's ship General Kyd, have presented a gold souff box, with a suitable inscription, to Captain A. Nairne, as a just testimony of the sense they entertain of the uniform and polite attention they experienced during the voyage from England.

Distressing accounts of the Indigo crops have been received from the lower districts of Bengal. In Jessore and Backergunge they are peculiarly unfavorable; the heavy rains having almost totally destroyed a great part of the plant.

## SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS. July 8. Hibernia, Lennon, from London Stat January, and Madras 29th June .- Triumpho, (Portuguese,) France, from Lisbon 3d March, and Mudras 2d July,

Do. 10. H. C. Ship Atlas, Mayne, from England 14th March.

Do. 11. Po, Knox, from Madras 3d July. 

Do 13. Lord Wellington, Harris, from England 29th January. and Bombay 15th June -Grab Ship Mustapha, Georgeson, from the Mauritius 27th March, and Zenzibar 5th June.

DEPARTURES July 7. Palladum, (American,) White, for America -Pekin, (Ditto,) Dexter, for Boston. Do. 8. Brig Hibernia, Atkinson, for Bencoolen and Java.

Passengers per Po: Mrs. Tyler, Miss Long, Mr. D. Batoom. Mr. Priest, and Mr. Hogg, FreeMarmers.

Per Hibernia: Mr. Robert Law, and Joseph Measures, Prec-Marinets

Per Atlus, from England. Mrs. Anna Sophia Sisson, Mrs. McLachlan, Mrs Barton, Misses Sarah Young, Maria MacNaughten, McCan, Dorah Taylor, Charlotte Blunden; Thomas Strson, Esq. Civil Service, Major Henry Bellingham, H. C. Service, Joseph Langstaff, Esq. Mr P. M Catheart, H. C. Medical Doctors, Mr. G. E. Britton, Mr J. S. Savery, Cadels, Mr. R. Richards, Mr. R. Freeman, Free-Mariners, Master Edward Wright, & Miss Jane McLachlan. From Madias. Mis. Swincy Captain Swiney, H. C. Artillery, Miss Hickey. Per Minerva, from England to Madras, Lientenant McQuarrie, H. M. 99th Foot, Lieutenant-Colonel McLeod, Lieutenants Cowper, Cabdwick, Carmichael, McLachlan, Hartford, Pilmin, Engin H K. Bloomfield, Pay-master John Wright, H. M 59th Foot, Lieu tenants Malling, and Barton, H. M. 24th Foot.

Per General Kyd: Mrs. Johnstone, Mrs. Cussidy, Mrs. Burrowes, Mrs. Stuart, Mrs. Waller, Miss Mcleud, Miss Walson, Two Misses Douglas, Miss Cassidy, Major P. Johnstone, H. M. 14th Poot, Captain James Cassidy, 67th, Captain Stuart, H. C. European Regiment, Captain Cavanagh, H.M. 87th Regiment, Captain Burrowes, 8th Light Drageous, Hon. C. Westerra, 24th Light Draguons, Lieutenant Higginson, 87th, Lieutenant Brazer, 67th, Lieutenaut Adair, 67th, Lieutenant Nicholson, 17th, Ensign Bingham, 17th, Ensign Hendley, ditto, Lientenant Waller, 87th, Surgeon Leslie, 87th, Mr Campbell, Writer, Mr. Gray, and Mr. May, Cadets, Messrs. Williams, Elliot, and Watson, Free-Mariners.

## MADRAS.

#### JULY 1, 1817.

The Honorable the Chief Justice is expected to reach the Presidency on Saturday next. The third Quarterly Sessions of Oyer and Terminer and General Gaol Delivery will commence at the Court House in the Fort, on the Monday following. We hear there is considerable business to occupy the attention of the Court, but that few offences of a capital nature at present stain the Calendar.

This afternoon anchored in the Roads the Honorable Company's Ships Bridgewater, Captain P. Hughes, and Herefordshire, Captain John Money, from England the 14th of March.

#### PASSENGERS.

Per Uridgewater.—For Mulras: Mrs. Baber, Mrs. Clifford, Mrs. Hill, Mrs. Taylor, Miss Douglas, Miss Pritchard, Mrs. D. Gremer,—Messrs. J.C. Munro, G. S. Hooper, and C. M. Bushby, Writers,—Messrs. W. Carew, A. G. Hyslop, and F. H. Eley, Cadets,—Mr. J. M. Young, Mr. R. Priest, and a Detachment of H. M. 69th and 89th Regiments.

Per Herefordshire.—Mrs. G. A. Babington, Miss Jane Proud.—Major General Dyce, Capt. Barnard, Capt. Pittishall,—Mr. W. Huddleston, Mr. J. Huddleston, Mr. A. Rebertson, Mr. F. Clementson, Mr. M. Williams, Mr. H. Bourbel, Mr. A. B. Dyce, Mr. M. Piescott, Mr. W. Babington, Mr. A. Clarke, and Mr. W. Grant,

# BOMBAY.

## June 12, 1817,

On Wednesday, in pursuance to a requisition to the Sheriff of Bombay, a meeting was held at the Court house for the purpose of considering the best mode of representing the serious inconveniences to which the British inhabitants are subjected by the last India ship letter act. The Sheriff, \*\*. Woodhouse, having been unanimously tailed to the air, Mr. Crawford read the draft of a letter, which

he proposed should be addressed to the Post Master General in London, setting forth the various excessive grievances to which the India ship letter act, as it was carried into execution, subjected the British inhabitants of this presidency and its out stations. A committee of the gentlemen present was then appointed to prepare a letter to the above effect to the Post Master General, which when ready will be left for signatures at the Court house.

We are informed that the Hannah free trader from this port arrived at the Cape of Good Hope the latter end of February, all well; and, after stopping there about a week, had sailed again in the prosecution of her voyage in company with the H. C.'s extra ships Ann and Alexander.

BOMBAY. ARRIVAL June 15. Grab Ship Sallamaty Sayoy, Naqudah Serage Walley, from Mauritius.

DIFFREE June 13. Ship Friendship, Captain Thomas Howell, to China —15. Ship Lord Wellington, Free-trader, Captain W. H. Harriss, to Madras and Bengal —16 Ship Cande to Rev Pardo, Captain H. Beyts, to Madras and Calcutta.

## CALCUTTA MONTHLY, JOURNAL

## Vol. XXXI.] CALCUTTA; July 21, 1817. [No. 273

#### CIVIL APPOINTMENT.

JULY 4, 1817,

Mr. W. T. Ropentson, Assistant in the Office of the Persian Secretary to the Government.

#### MILITARY.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS STCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE

FORT WILLIAM, June 27, 1817.

Lieutenant Pelly of the 3d Regiment of Native Infantry, hav-

the sailing of the ship Commodore Hayes, on which he took his passage from this Presidency.

J. YOUNG.

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS DECELLERCY THE MOST NORVE THE GOVERNOR GLYERAL IN COUNCIL

#### FORT WILLIAM: July 4, 1817

His Excellency the Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct, that 2 Troops of Irregular Cavalry shall be raised and attached to the Ramghur Battahon, according to the following Detail.

Detail of the Establishment of 2 Russlahs, or Troops of Irregular Cavalry, to be raised by Major Roughsedge, with the Pay proposed for each Rank annexed.

'n	Russaldar.	70	per month	70
ï	Naib Russuldar	40	ditto	40
9	Jemadars	35	ditto	70
	Havildarsor Duffadars	28	ditto	55 \$
8	Naiks or Naib Duffa-	25	ditto	200
2	Drummers or Naggar-}	25	ditto	50
	Troopers or Suwars,		ditto	
*	F '/s,	7	ditto	1 5

FOR FULY. 1817.

Pay Havildars (non-ef-) . . ditto ...

Total, per Mensem, 3918

His Excellency the Commander in Chief is requested to issue
the necessary subsidiary orders, for carrying the foregoing afrrangement into effect.

J. YOUNG, Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

#### FORT WILETAM: JULY 7, 1817.

The Most Noble the Governor General in Council derives great satisfaction in publishing to the Army the following resolutions of Government.

Resolved, as a reward for the long, faithful and meritorious services of Hoolas Pundit, Soobadar, 2d Battalion 14th Native Infantry, and in particular for his distinguished conduct at Cuddalore, Delhi, and Shauslee,—on which latter occasion he greatly contributed by his exertion and gallantry, to save as important Detachment of 2 Battalions with Artillery under the Command of Lieutenant Colonel Burn,—that a Jaghire 150 Beegahs of Land in the District of Casspore, to be held free of assessment by him self, and on a moderate assessment by his descendants, together with a Gold Medal bearing a suitable inscription, be conferred on Soobadar Hoolas Pundit.

His Excellency the Commander in Chief is requested to have the foregoing resolution of Government published, and explained to the Aimy, and to confer on Soubadar Hoolas Pundit the medal which has been awarded to him by Government, in whatever manner his Excellency may deem most proper.

> J. YOUNG, Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept

GENERAL ORDERS, BY THE HONORABLE THE VICE-PRESIDENT IN COUNCIL.

#### FORT WILLIAM; JULY 8, 1917.

The Honorable the Vice-President is pleased to appoint Lieut. S. Coulthard of the Regiment of Artillery, to be His Military Secretary, and Lieut H. Carter of the 7th, and F. Jenkins of the 24th Regiments Native Infantry, to be his Aides-de-Camp.

\*JOHN CRAIGIE, Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept. SO CATHERA MONTRA JOSEPHAD,

STREET ORIGINAL DE THE COURCE.

14-COURCE.

### EORT WALLAM: July in, 1817.

Lieutenant P. P. Morgan of the 26th Regiment Native Infantry, having produced the prescribed Certificates from the Medical and Pay Departments, is permitted to proceed to sea for the recovery of his health, and to be absent on that account for its Months.

JOHN CRAIGIE.

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept

#### COURT MARTIAL.

The following is an Extract of General Orders by the Com-\*mander in Chief.

Head Quarters, River Hoogly, 12th July, 1817.

Extract from the proceedings of an European. General Court Martial Exembled at Fort William, in obedience to General Orders of the 20th instant, and held by virtue of a warrant from His Excellency the Most Noble the Marquis of Hastings, K G. Commander in Chief of all the Forces in India, &c. &c. &c. under date the 21st June, 1817.

#### FORT WILLIAM, JUNE 21, 1817.

· President .- Colomel Shuldam, 20th Native Regiment

Judge Advocate — Capt J. Bryant, Judge Advocate General. On staces.—Assistant Surgeon Charles Pears, M. D. of the Bengal establishment, placed in arrest by order of His Excellency the Most Noble the Commander in Chief on the following Charges.

1st.—Repeated and improper interruptions to the attendants of the Honorable Company's Dispensary in Calcutta in the month

of April last.

١,

2d—Grossly insulting Mr. Assistint Surgeon Luxmore, Denity Appthecary, in charge of the Dispensity on or about the 29th April list, on account of a Message sent by Mr. Luxmore in the execution of his duty, requiring the said Doctor Charles Pears, to abstain from such integraphions at the Dispensity.

Such conduct being subversive of good offer and injurious to the service and disgraceful to the character of a gentleman

By Order of His Excellency the Most Noble the Commander in Chief.

(Signed) JAMES NICOL,

Adj. Gen. of the Army.

Adderant General's Office,

Presidency of Fort Is illiam,
June 21, 1817.

Schlence.—The Court having maturely weighted the evidences on the first charge, are of opinion that " this oner Assistant Surgeon Charles Pears, M. D. is not Grant, and do acquit him.

(Signed) T. SHULDAM,

Colonel & President.

(Signed) J. BRYANT,

Indge Advocate Gen.

The Court proceed to consider the Second Charge, but there being an equality of votes on the whole or partial gold of the Prisoner and the same equality in the quantum of proximinent to be assigned; and the Judge Advocate having declared his opinion, that a majority of votes must concur to pronounce judgment. The Court arees then Proceedings and adjourn until the further ple, sure of the Most Noble the commander in Chief be obtained.

(Signed) T SHULDAM, Col. and President.

(Signed) J. BRYANT,

Judge Advocate Gen.

Under the circumstances of the parity of votes the Commandel in Chief is to consider the opinion of the Court as an acquittar and confirm it as such.

(Signed) " HASTINGS.

Assistant Surgeon Fears to be released from arrest.

The Court Martial of which Colonel Shuldam is President is dissolved.

### July 21, 1517.

We understand, that on the 14th instant, the Governor General had reached Augerdeen. Arrangements had been made for the regular sating and anchoring of the fleet of boats, by signals from guns. The fleet moved in the following order:—

The Boats belonging to Licut. Col. Doyle, and the Governor General's personal Staff.

The State Boats of the Governor General.

The Boats of the principal Private Secretary and his department

of the Person Secretary to Government, ditto,

of the Military Secretary, ditto.

of the Adjutant General, ditto,

of the Printing Press Dept.

A has Baggage and Cooking Boats had been sunk; but we have not heard of any other resualty.—No life was loct.

We understand that the remaining volume of the work on the History. Laterature and Mythology of the Hindoos, printing at the Serampore press, usual length nearly finished. The delay attending the publication of this work has acrose from a cause which, we are persuaded, will give satisfaction to the subscribers: more than 250 pages have been devoted to very difficult translations from the Hindoo Philosophical Works, and the Lave of their Sages. The introductory chapter also will cost tain a Review of their Philosophical Opinions, compacted with those of other antient hattons, and an excount of the present State of Learning among the translations.

The Ukhbars to the state, that Holkan's Camp was at Bhas They contain no news of any importance.

The Ameetsir Ukubars to the 15th June mention. that RUNJLET SINGH was at Labore, R. 5 St 14 Koan had written to Russiers to sa that the British Government had cemanded nom Rajah KURUM SINGHO Putcalah, and from other Raidles. the possession of certain Countries and Forts, but Run Junt declared, that he did not believe this information. BROWANNEL Does reported that he had encamped near Mahmood Lote and Muzmer Nagore, to \*compel the payment of the balance of tribute due by Moltan, and that he had destroyed the wall of the Fort of Muzuter Nagore. This information is confirmed by the Molian Ukhbars.

Accounts from Jaypour state, that Rejah Dyaram of Hatrass had pend a visit to Colonel Meneaus Kuawn, and preverted to him a letter from American Kuawn directing the delivery to Dyaran of the Forts of Guree Khurporah and Mahloo. Ameer Khawn was still before Madhorapporah.

A punning Correspondent has suggested to us that the alarm about an invasion from the Mugy, is a mere Ale-house Report.

We have frequently had occasion to notice the movements of the troops on the bank of the Norbide da, in watching the Pindarces and opposing their incursions; and are happy in being enabled to submit to our renders, the sentiments of Coonel Adams as with able manner in which that ardnous and harrassing duty has been performed.

Hussing abad, Thursday, 26th June.

2 AROLE KHANDLISH

The troops detached under the command of Mayor Clarke, to whom was consided the important trust of delending tear part of the frontier of the India Robert is, the Commanding Object performs aduly notessy itedactery to houself that justly Claimed by the merits of the troops can assay, in Polding up, the condition of the subsidiary force and only the zed and priseverance which have been injuries of a control discharge of this trivialing service by all concerned, and the judgment and enterprise of Major Clarke, and the roley of the 100 cm and enterprise of Major Clarke, and the roley of the property by that was afforded of that themselves of the last expressive ty that was afforded of that themselves of the roley of the zeronal, where from the obstacles to the advance of our text per a cit inductor remained in roops fideral security.

The more addent and the confider share of memorary defensive service that was almored to be 1st if that on Pich Naturalists.

Lety, and which has more and by her is so long product a more hard commercial with that ze it and accuracy and attaggard a prayer gas and language which we come expected from a wen founded confidence in the character of that he, hardscapined and distinguished corps, and factorization to the property from 12 stands to day happes that the temporary illumination of the effective strongth, which the balladion at present selfer, owner to zero as kness, attributable to the locassing date at hos recently and a rigorie, may shoully give prove to its workshe had.

#### Jen, 22, 1917

A person at Copenhagen has made a proposal, in order to relieve the distress of the labouring class, to establish a colony in the Nicobar Islands, and to conduct it thither himself.

On Monday, in last week, the Catholic Church at Bonaconnah which is not provided with conductors, was struck by the lightning.

#### July 23, 1817.

Our readers will recollect that in September last, when the Town of Port Louis was burned, Governor Farquhar very judiciously took upon himself the responsibility, of opening the Pour to ships of all nations, as the most likely means of enabling the colony to recover the losses occasioned by the conflagration. We are happy to find that His Majesty's Ministers have confirmed this 'could d measure of the Governor, and made Port Long a / Port. The policy of excluding foreign nations from the Isle of France, as was done by the late treaty with America, appeared to us, at the time, very questionable; and the readiness with which Ministers seem to have acceded to the change, would imply a diseliction of their former views in regard to this Island.

## JULY 21, 1817

Letters from Head Quarters mention the arrival of the Most Noble the Governor General at Plassey on the 16th, and at Moorshedabad on the 16th. No accident of importance had occurred during the pass sage from Calcutta to that station.

The perpetrator or accomplice in the murder of the unfortunate woman, who was sewed up in a sack and cast into a tank near Kidderpore, has at length been discovered, and securely lodged in the Allipore part. Suspicion having fallen on the husband, the police officers of the suburbs of Calcutta under the direction of Mr. Effot, pursued him to Moorshedabad, where he had taken up a temporary abode, under a feigned name. The facts that have been communicated to us respecting this atrocious crime, appear to involve the family of the unhappy victim in its dreadful consequences; but we forbear to state the particulars till the

conclusion of the trial, of which we hope to be able to give an account in our next number.

To the Indian world the ascent of an air balloon on the scale projected in the proposals that have been published for general patronage, will present an object of striking interest and gratification. It is intended to be 32 feet in diameter, and consequently sufficiently large for the purposes of experiment in contemplation. It would perhaps have been more satisfactory, and afforded a greate chance of successif more information on the subject of subscriptions, and the manner of conducting the erection of the balloon, had been given in the advertisement.

A few days ago, chance made us witnesses to a ludicrous scene in Durnitollah road. A Coffree Scaman, who had taken too beavy a load at some Tayern in the neighbourhood, was, by the continual shifting of his centre of gravity, compelled to discribe diagonal lines from one side of the street to the other, and thus afforded a considerable amusement to an imn ense crowd of natives who followed him with great Their attendance and applause were not at all gratifying to him; and turning back upon thein with his fists clenched, he several times dispersed their ranks; but he had no sooner resumed his oblique track onward, than to his ever increasing annoyance they were again at his heels. In a last effort to drive away his pursuers, he fell down and could not rise again: upon which the rabble returning triumphant formed a ring about him. In his fallen state, the brave Coffice, though unable to regain an erect posture, contrived to turn upon his back, and to face the eneny, whem the warlike motions of his hands and feet, and the rolling, whiteness of his eyes, and clattering ivory of his teeth, cantrasted with the jetty black of his hair and skin, filled with awe, and kept at a respectable distance. But the conardly and treacherous wretches had recourse to a mode of attack with brick bats, which would soon have proved fatal to the unprotected hero, when a copious shower of rain came opportunely to his as-istance, and put them

all to flight. The Coffree remained master of the field of battle and its attirther token of victory, would have the ron it, had not, after the rain was ever, a brother sailor happened to pas by and taken him to a more comfortable though have glorious place.

## SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS, July 14. Hero, Price, from England 21st January and Madris 5th July

Do. 16. East India, Baker, from Rangoon 22d June.

The 17 Certerns Owen, from London 11th Marsh. Do. 18. Regret, Wellbank, from London 15th Starch

Do. 18. Regret, Wellbank, from London 15th Starch Do. 19. Wylon. 11 flie, from Rombay 28th June, d. Wadras 12th,

July.— Emmer Frankit Greig, from Coringa 41th July. DEVARTURES July 11 Friumpho. (Portuguese,) S. L., Do. Cano, for Micro. - Oscar, (American,) Hart, for Roston.

Do to Washel Briston for London.

The Lo. Senday Merchant, Lowe, for Rangoon,

Im 18 Inch easternach, Derraut, and Cum-brian, Cooper,

Po. 24 Hashery Cown, for Moser and Bussorah. Good Hope West v. A. Clina

Proceedings of Proceed Processes, from Coringon J. Long Esq. Civil Server 18, 100g and Mr. Hudson.

Per Programs Webbink, Miss Webbink and Miss Mitchell.
Per Hiro Mes Bogsariv, and 2 Sors Mr. John Bagshaw,
Free-merchant Mr. West Mithews, Captain Kent and Lidy,
for Sciampere and Miss Sophia Kent, ditto.

The H C Step I have ind the reveal Kind, and Maffatt, Lord Meteritie and Lame, remained the Kinds Con Architecter The Robarts, Neptune, Itlas and East Indian, tensions at Diamond

Harhour
The Brig Mineria, Russel for January, and Sesan, for Chica, go down in a day or two

BUILBAY.

Arrival June 25 Ship Hachay Merchant, Froet ider Captain John Cherkson, from Landon Passengers, Mr. Robert Vatterson, Mr. William Hewitt, and Mr. Charles Catheart, Cadels.

## BOMBAY.

His Majo to's ship Tay has been totally lost in the West Indies, crew all saved.

The Gazette of the 24th Fell, authornees the appointment of Sir George Cooper, the Recorder of Penang, to be pue of the Puisno Judges at Madius.

## CALCUTTA MONTHLY JOURNAL

## Val. XXXI.] CALCUITA; July 28. 1817, [No. 273,

## FROM THE GOVT. GAZ. JULY 24.

## MILITARY.

SENERAL ORDERS, BY UIS INCILLNCY CUT MOST NOTICE OF GOVERNOR PENIAL IN COUNCIL

#### FORT WILL'151 - Jest 21, 1817

His Excellence II. Med Loble the Governor 6 or 1 or Council is pleased to decl. Matthe Provision continued a General Orders of the Arce President is founded by the 19th of September, 1509, for admining Medical II. I was according to the September of Archael Section of the countries and declaration of hermal

JOHN OP MIGE.

Assl Section but and Dept.

#FNRRAL GRUPES BY HTS PROFITED OF THE TOST NORTH ARE

CONTRACTOR OF DESIGNATION OF THE

## FORT WILLIAM . Day 1 1517., "

Her Excellence the Worst Noble 1! To you are the first beyong hear pleased to now note the Percent of Noble 1. See the restrict of the please of the first beyond the first beyond the first bear the formula of the first bear the first bear place to construct which is the first bear to the first bear to the first bear to the first bear to be not bear to be not bear to be not bear the first bear to be not bear to be not bear to be not bear to be not bear to be not bear to be not bear to be not bear to be not bear to be not bear to be not bear to be not bear to be not be not bear to be no

JOHN CRAIGH.

Asst. Sc., to Got 1 Mil. Dect.

STATEME ORDERS, BY THE PERSONABLE THE UNITED OF THE AND A STATE OF THE

#### FORT WOLLTHY MIN S. 1817

Red Executed and the first of the flower of the flowing momental the flower and one of the most pass. Let be not your executed the flower flower and the flower of the Wole majority of English of the flower of the

JOHN CRAIGING.

GRNBRAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

### FORT WILLIAM, July 4, 1817:

The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following Promotions.

#### 11th Regiment Native Infantry

Compt. Lieut. Henry Nicolson to be Captain of 3 2 3 & Company.

Lieutenant Edwin Sandys Lechmere to be Capt.

Lieutenant.

Ensign Adam Davidson, from the 7th Native

#### Engineers.

Cadet Bently Buxton to be Ensign, from the 2d June 1817,

vice Chean, promoted.

Cornet factier of the 4th Regiment of Native Cavalry, having furnished the prescribed Certific from the Medical and Pay Departments, is permitted to make Younge to Sea, for the recovery of his health, and to be about no that account for six rouths.

Lieutenant Pew of the Regiment of Artillery, having reported the re-establishment of his bealth so as to render it unnecessary, that he should an it himself of the leave granted to him in General Orders, dated the 11th of March last, the permission granted to him to proce d to Uniope on Medical Certificate, is asset

cordingly cancelled at that Officer's request.

Sergeont Isaac White egof the Honorthle Company's Eustropean Riment, lately returned with the division of that Regisment from Amboyna, and who was by General Orders dated the 8th March 1816, admitted to the benefit of the Pension established by Minutes of Council of the 11th Jonatry, 1797, is permitted to reside and receive his stipend at Diamore.

JOHN Charles.

Asst. Sec. to flovt. Mil. Dept.

TRERAL ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE VICE-PASSIDENT IN COURCIL.

## CORT WILLIAM, 11th July, 1817.

1. The Honoran the Vice-President in Council is pleased notify, that the Regul tions of Government of the 10th of 1802, relative to the care and custody of Barracks, Bar-June, niture; &c. shall, as far as applicable, he considered as rack Fun recewith Native as with European Corps.

equally in to ack Master, Commissariat Officer, or Agent, or 2. The Bar. Seer, in charge of Public Buildings, shall in other Public On the Quarter Master of a Corps, coming person, deliver over. whole of the Public Buildings of every

into a Cantonment, the

description about to be occupied by the Coins with all their apportunations of Doors, Windows Botts are at Language Props, Racks, logs ac. &c action was a Mash, mist at

tend before they march in, to receive the in

3. The second state, or O. T. reachase will deliver an Inventory of the Bundings, with their apparture resease above, so at d with this came and with a social rich to which the least reduced with compare the whole with the least reaches to the On the Victor will compare the whole with the least reaches to the Oh diest and the history as on the history and or later of the builders and approximately as and such the course received as no compared to the Corps.

4. All Natio Coips in quitting there I ones di libere the Public Builda georea pull by ito is in a state of all infiness, and every diffuse they have received in pull or one in and when a Coipe quite a Canfo ment of on it change his Lanes, the Quarter Mister shall deliver personally to the Barrick Master, or of, coemiclings the rapide faults is with their appartenances agreeably to his lare to be a green quit a diffuse Barrich Mister or others in change, so if grout a receipt in diplicite for the

**a** (12

5. In vious to Corps (Paing posses on of or ome edictely of a time quadric there have a Survey be a Commutation of Cheer of edition below with a surface taken of the Ruttlings and their viceus appreciances, and if he is sold on be time for a Survey the recent short specify as acred, as preside the second condition of the Buildings and approximate contracts.

ed and discours

e. It have examination it shall appear that the Bialdings base received has no proported surger, or that any of there appears received by the host of its first by an November change of the example that are different beautiful to the example of the contract of the contract of the contract to the example of

7 It will be the dats of the Quarter Mester, frequency and carefully to examine the state of the Public Buildings occupied by the Corps to whole he hology, and to report thro' his Commanding officer to the Officer Commanding the Station, are repairs that from time to time may appear accessary, who will take such measures as the Regulations prescribe, for

having the work executed.

8 If, during the time a Corporation in Cantonments the Quarter Master should quit les l'est, and Smother should be appeared to the Quarter Master contour into Office shall examine the state and condition of every thing committed to the charge of the former Quarter Master, and shall take antimentary of the who eat the time of taking charge, on failure, the inventory and receipt of his predecessor shall stand good.

9 But if the Quarter Vaster Presents a new Inventors, differing from the fornier one the Barrack Med. of Others in the pershall demand connected payment of the namages which may have been done

10. He shall then deliver up the former Quarter Master's

It ventors, and receive the new one in exchange

11. He may received the amount of the dam ges done in the mode above directed, he out is Master or Office an charge, shall replace the articles which may have been done. If shall lenden and a new mycology conference from the Quarta Mister of the Corps, which did be covered red the receipt of the Commanding Officer of the Coops and by it. The accounts of damages after wards committed, shall be a justed

19 The foregoing Regulations shall be carefully and period cally exchanged to all Native Corps, in order that the men

may not plead igno, ance

JOHN CRAIGHA Offg. Seg. to Gove Mil Dept

SPYER & OROLAS, BY THE MONORIME THE VICE-PRESIDENT IN GUINGLE

#### FORT WILLIAM; Jery 11, 1917

The Hon ble the Vice President in Council is played to radify in General Orlers, the appointment by the Most Vable to Governo. General, of Captim 17 1. Strart of the Hondy's Company's European Regiment to be an vole de Campon His foodship's sect. This appointment to have effect from the date of Captain Straits according to William.

JOHN LANGUE.

Offig Sec. to Good Mil Dept

GENERAL ORDERS, BY THE B VIRTUE OF VICE SUFSEDING

#### TORA WIGHTNESS JULY 14, 1817

Major H. Bellingham of the 1st Value Infects, not Captus Studies of the Houthle Compacts standpear Regiment, have been parameted by the Houthle the Court of Officials to return to their duty on this Establishment, without prejudice to their ranks.

The following Gentlemen, hovers produced Continuous of their appointments as Cadets of Intimer, on this istablishment are admitted into the Service accordingly, and promuted to Ensigns; they late of mick to be adjusted beneafter

Mr. John Pinzia Savary, diets of certificate 5th Janua y 1817.

Mr. George Ernst Britten, d tto 20th ditto.

Mr John Frederick May, ditto 30th ditto.

Offg Sec. to Govt. shl. Dept.

## HOR JULY, 1814.

FFRIBAL ORDERS, BY THE HOTORIBLE THE VICE PRESIDENT

#### FORT WILLIAM; Jony 15, 1817.

The Honorable the Vice Freshent in Conneil has the satisaction to publish to the Vims, the following Extract of a Letter, in the Political Department, from the Honorable the Court of Directors, dited the 4th March 1817, containing the Resolutions of the Romorable Court and of the General Court of Frenchess, on the subject of the conduct and conclusion of the Nepaul War.

Bria 2 -- In addition to our Political Dispatch of the 13th addition, conveying to voq our general and cordial approbation of the explicit and cord-sion of the Nepaul War, we have great satisfaction in a try-southing to vian Copies of the resolutions, or that subject which have negligible minimum by voted by the Cook of Intectors.

Resolved incumments what the three ke of this Court he given to the Eart of Money, k. G. Governor General and Community of Great for the parameter energy and all day combined with a judicious application of the resources of the Company, disidexed by the Lordshop in planning, and a certain the operations of the late was gained the Nephalese, and existing the operations of the late was gained the Nephalese, and existing the operations of the late was gained the Nephalese, and existing them the operation in the widom and a notice that are always the species of all uniquely the Army for concluding a peace with use Ghorks papers, on terms both among lade, and advartageous.

Resolved manneresty, that the titanks of this Court be given to Major Crimera, in Davin O necessory. But and K to be for the court of norm, and effect which he presently conducted to open house the Force stater has Commonly on all occurred and particularly in the feature particularly in the feature proculous we will great to twich and, if the subsequent representations we will great proculous to the conduction of the true of the conduction.

Resolved rememorsly, that this thanks of this Court he given to all the Collect's both Europe in end Notice belonging to the Army Schiebsery 3 of Jepoph for their gallont, and incertor conserved datas, the last War also,

That do Court Moth Angly opprove and somowledge the services of the North maissioned Officers, and Private Soldiers, 6 of Europe of and Nation, however any loved in the long wire are that the thanks of the Court be against to them by the Officers of their respective Corps, as well for their patience in dirinness of Citigues, and their chapture of providing, axion their valuer and intropidity in presence of the Europe.

It appears from the Madras Consider that RALPH R. Esq. of Lincoln's Inn. has been appointed Reseaser of Penang in lieu of Sir Grouge Cooper, Linght.

Mr. RAFFLES, late Governor of Java, has been nominated by the Court of Directors, to the Government of Bencoolen.

Houkan's Camp on the 4th instant, was at Bhagee. Gurioon Khawn and the mulinous army had moved towards Kotah. Americ Khawn continued to write consolatory letters to the Bhaee, respecting Gurroon Khawn and the disaffected

Troops

The Amerisis Ukhbars to the 21st June, state, that RUNGELL SINGLE was then at Lehole. If your reported that Delow vall. Doss had windenwe has army from Muzulfel Nagore, after having settled the tribute of that place. RUNGLET was much displeased at the conduct of Buowanny Doss, and the attended sunshment; has Kulled Single the som of Russian is displaced him from using severity against such a freely steer.

Accounts to meabling to 11th June, state that the Soil Army connected by Brownell Do shad refer an unsuccessful attack of the Fort of Mizulfi 1 Bigores and that the Commandant had de fared to the Soik army, that every rem in the forcess was reserved to perish rather than surrender. They however demanded an armounce for a few days to write to the Nahob Schraz Kulows, and it was greated. The commandant had written in urgent tribute.

Accounts from Bokharah state, that the merchants of Bokharah and of other places had assembled at Macketgea —for the purpose of devising the bet means of obtaining protection against the Chief of larguage. Ayoun Hypen had ordered Ryana Rua to proceed to Afterguage with 1000 horsemen to protect the merchanes.

The state of Jaypoor is as before, except that Anfin Known has now expressed an inclination

to meet the wishes of the Jaypoor Court.

POR SPREN 1817.

Maters Coff Gazette Econordinary, July 9, 1817.

Late vesterity Rivernoon the Monorable Company's Ships Process Charlette of Maks, Captain C. B. Gubbert Sir, atham, Captain John Dale, and Rose, Captain F. M'Taggart, anchored in the Roads from England: baying suited the 15th of March.

PASSENGERS

Per Princess Charlotte of Wales - For Matrias, 2 Officers 30th Regiment, 60 Privates, 40 Women, 2 Children, 5 Officers 34th Regiment 62 Privates, 5 Women, 4 Child 2 Cadets for Midras: 1 Odicer 87th Regiment, 35 Privates, 7 Women, 4 hill-dren - For Remail 2 Culets and 1 Feet Matrix:

dren — For Rengal 2 Cidets and 1 Feet Matrice Per Mirocham — For Madrage Mrs. Travers, Miss Teavers, Miss Curuthers, Miss Ferryman — J. B. Travers, Esq. Lember and Thomas Carugelre! Assistant Surgeon MacCosh — For Lengal Miss Bulledge, Miss B. Ruthedge; Revd. J. Hawlayie, Assist Surgeon He dersen; Rob at Liley, 189 Mr. H. S. Gale, and 50 Recrusts.

Per Rose -- For Modeles M. S. Micheine, M. S. Macheine, Mess. Cithearl, Miss. Grint. 2 M. set. Brown. Colouel. M. Bean, Soth Regime it. Caption Gore, ditto. Licutemant. Taylor, ditto. Lossign. Su. th. mitto. Lost. M. in., 87th. Regt. Lisistant Surgeon Go. del. n. i., 87th. Regt. Energy. L. Letho., ditto. Messis. Grint, Davidson, and Patislo, Mitter. Messis. Gordon, Lamb., and Campbell, Surgeons; Mr. John Wythe, Eadet: and Mr. Strang, Free Marine.

Arrived at the same time, the Honorable Compane - Brig. John Shiring Contain J. Campbell from Bitasia 4th June.

PASSENGED.

P. r. John Shore - Par Madees - Mrs. Jourdan, Captain Forhes, and Lacel mand Jourdan, Madeas Used his mend

To Pengal. - Mrs. Burges, Lieut. Cotes, Mr. Burges, Mr. J. Martin, Mr. R. Brietzeke, Mr. N. garille, Mr. T. A. Vickers, Mr. J. Smith. Mr. J. gadeliffe, and Mr. W. Medes.

# SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS July 23 Glide, Am recan. Tucker, from Salem 2d April — Fame, Dale from Port Jackson 1st May and Batayna 22d June.

Do 25. Local Melville, Weatherall, from Port Jackson, 1st May and Batavia volh June—Palmo laws, drom the Cape of Good Hope 26th May.—1 and Heitington, Keene, from England 16th March.—H. C. Laik Sophia, Maxheld, from Madras. Dr. 26. Marquis of Wellington, Johnson, from England, and last from Madras 17th July.—Magnes, Vene, from Mauritini 23d June.—Ipodo, Tathuit, from Engla 1 25th January and Bombay 3d July.—Laura, De la Croix, from Bourbon 17th June.

Do. 27 Indian Oak, Penherthey, from Liverpool 22d March DPPARTURES July 20. General Brown, Kilpatock, for Madras.—Success, Patrick for China.

Do. 21 Stentor, Har is, for I were only

Do. 22. William, (American) Barch doer for America - Gund Success, Crockett, for thina - Pieza Pringle, for the Gulph Do. 23. Charlotte, Cowcher, for the 1st of truce and New South Wales - Berg Aurara, Edizion in Estimate War as of Wellington Nichol, for St. O. Charlotte, Pand - 2 work, Greene for China

Do. v. Birg Salamanca, Smith for Adaces.

The stage of the Craig, Norman Electrodian Oct. Good stam such and the new were at Diamond Harmon, the core letter were on the may outwards. The Charles, large enemy and Mellicm, (American charles bed carried The Cumuran with Chief 100.

The H C. Su to Surrous of Wellington, General Kyd, and Ailes, with the Ships Moffat, Lord Metrole, Lord eastle-graph, Fance, and Susan, were at the New Auctioning.

Extracts from the econot of the step Palace. apicin I messon the 8th line is let so. Somes- and less is 50 cast; spoke the Evench Ship Ocean, 85 days to a ocure and in the 1ste of France.

On the 20th Jidy, in Lat 19. North, Long 8 / East, spoke the Freich Ship Edirent, from bounderes and on Isie of France, for Cate tta.

On the 17th July, in Lit 10 30 North Jon. 85 Eist, spoke the Birg June, from Calcutta, for Bombiy

Extract from the report of the Magnet, Captant l'ine.

Three transports arrived at Mauritus, to Convey the 12th, and port of the 22d and 56th Regiment to Lagland. The Phaton, trigate, had also arrived.

Passengers per Apollo: Mr Robert Catheart, Writer.

Per Palmer, from the Cape: Mrs. Rattray, R. H. Rattray, Esq. Civil Service, Lieutenant R. R. Bruce, 1st Bat. 1st Regt. N. I. Cornet R. A. Stedman, 7th Regt. N. C. Cornet J. R. Rosberdeau, 4th Regt. ditto.

Per Lord Willington, from England: Mr. Claude Queiros, Mr. Smuel Gillett, Mariner, and Mr. Edward Barnfield.

Per Marquis of Wellington, from England. Mrs C. Parker, Miss L. Parker, Miss C. M. Hutchins, William Parker, Esq. Civil Service, Mr. W. J. B. B inbridge, Mi. H. V. Glegg, Cadet, and Miss Douglass, from Madses.



extion to the ! undoubtedly; it is to five or of the Planting. has for my him part. I depost formed the minimal good which stems to be dispected from the measure at last I cannot conject that the pected from the measure at last I cannot conject that the hencit is to be a folid or a lasting one in a mercantile point of view. It will entrease the Revende of the Custom-hoppe to a small degree, so far as it can be missed into operation; if will likewise perhaps entief a few lastingiates of expital, and people who are able to speculate and lake advantage of the cumstance, and necessities—it, will as those who may become Commercial Agents—but, situated at this Island is, it is and it under the present permission dan be, love followed with side to sentence is specifically sentenced the sentenced to the sentenced it under the present permission dan bo, long followed with advantage to all parties—as a Debot (Entrepot) it is ridigations to suppose that it can maintain any extensive Commerce it the key to no Continent the inlet to no market of extensi demand, and both the European and American Strangers who may, ander the permission, touch at our Ports, will soon flitt out that our Emiled, I may say level consumption will not be sufficient to exhaust their disproportionate imports, and the their goods will become an unsuleable Dong .- They will likewis find out that your indix Produce for Export Cargoes of returns, cannot be shipped but at an advance of 50, and sometimes 30. per Cant, an the Calcutta prices. It is not therefore readifiable to suppose that they will continue a Trade which must prove the

to suppose that they will continue a Trade which must prove to remove to them.

Neither is it likely that the articles which may be imported under this law will endiver as remittances to India—at least those hitherto brodent from France and America have not all swered, although sold here frequently under prime cost. The Free Tradets are likely to make the individual to the ready with your es they are self-such edited their case of the India direct life's will of Leasts profile citering their case of law where they are sure of scopuring his best returns. This is beyond, doubt, true with reminer to the importance of Terminer Bills of Erchange, whether public or private, are not pointed. Rills of Erchange, whether public or private, are not solded while pouring in missa has for soid in return for the Ghode while pouring in missa has for all points in the new in soid to the importance of the pouring in the making in them is found to the control of making any kandior remissions in India, owing to the first will realize in India, owing to the india goods met greatly contributed to the ready sale spirit light goods met

with here for Exportation. This circumstance appears to have been unknown in Calcutts—and likely regarded here; but it now however ceases to operate. This Island was deeply indebted to France for sums which could not be remitted during the war and which had been accumulating both before and after the Island was captured-and as soon as a peace took place, Individuals took an opportunity of remitting them; Bills could not be procured; and East India Produce was sup-posed to answer the purpose; Vessels were sent from France to receive produce in payment of these debts-and in many instances Ships were purchased on the spot for the same purpose A demand for Bengal Goods, such as Indigo, Cotton, Suga. Ginger, Salt-Petre, &c. &c. immediately took place.—The were similar instances respecting America, and very excellent Sales were affected of the suitable articles,—we then Turnish of you with A count Sales-you immediately sent us more goods. and still continue to send ; we have been equally diliger t in gransmitting our flattering accounts; but we could neither send you Bills of Exchange nor Money !!!- Your funds may be safe. but no one, not even the most sanguine amongst us, can say when you car; touch a Rupce.—The amount now to be remitted to your Presidency is dreadful to think of, when we contemplate the means we have of accomplishing it.

"The unfortunate fire did us great mischief, and ye generous and liberal esgeness to alleviate our miscries, father, as it tuned out, to share them with us, encreased our miscritunes—you forced us to endrease the Debt which we already owed you—and which was their than enough for us to hear. Your benevolence had an effect contrary to what you intended, yet we ought to feel grateful, for we are convinced—your intentions were good—you poured down your fleets fraught both with necessaries and in uiries in unsparing abundance—you even sent us ship loads of Furniture, though or houses were no longer in existence—and we acted for the best in disposing of your goods for what we could get.—We handely you the customay account sales, and you may expect a re-

mittance when the times mend.

in like manner we have seen and still expect to see, many vessels from Europe and America, loaded with all they can i usgine she late confingation deprived us of, without reflect sing that we are destinate of the means of purchasing them, at least milk oper vera funds: The goods must however be sold to the highest biddens. The Shop-keepers will be the principal purchasers for Bills at 6 and 9 months date, (for you must be aware these men's credit in place of being diminished is extended since any late misfortunes;) the owners will be losers, but they cannot help themselves, and to take the proceeds away and help to load the Ships, they will purchase Bengal goods at an extravagous, rate for the same Bills alluded to—They will then depart,—do, Jon think they will come back on another voyage? I think not.—But if you refrain from farther shipmasts of produce from Calcutta, we may by these means be

shie to get rid of the large stack now on hand, before this forced frade will murder itself .- und once more to furnish you with the usual flattering account sales—though you must wait

for your money.

"During the war, our Trade with India was confined to the supply of our own consumption-and that Trade though small, was proportioned to our means-sufficient for our happinessa d consequently flourished we could place assets in the hands. of our agents to pay in advance for the goods, we requiredbut since it has been attempted to establish a Commerce that is necompatible with our situation on the globe—dispropertioned to our resources—and inconsistent with true mercantile principles—we have seen nothing but difficulties—and what we may expect is ruin to many of those that are engaged in it."

" June 15, 1917.

" By the Elisa from England, we learn that the British Government have adopted Regulations, (being so enabled by Act of Parliament) for this Port being continued open for three years: That it will continue so far beyond that period, I entertain little doubt; aware however that far from vielding any immediate benefit, much mischief would attend large adventures,-I conceived, it my duty to caution my friends against a prevalent idea, that all that can be brought will sell. Whereas we are by no means capable at present of purchasing or remitting to any considerable extent, and the large speculations on their way from Europe will find a had result " Extensive Investments must involve the Proprietors in serious inconvenience, while our means of remittance is so desperate, admitting them ultimately to escape loss.—The premium for Bills on England and India being 20 to 22 per cent. If Immediate sales could be followed by immediate reinifftances, even at that extravagant rate, our friends in India might calculate accordingly, but when the truth is considered that Bills cannot be obtained for a twentieth part of the amount required, sengus inconsenionees may be suffered.

" Cotton in small quantities, has latterly commanded a tolerable price, but if imported, as is likely to be the case, by cargoes, we shall be madequate to the extent at such a rate as will pay the adventurer.

Fine Benarek Sugar has been very saleable, at 9 to 10 per cent. for the French market, and I consider it likely to be steady

if not overdon<del>e.</del>..

" Indigo is very dull, but Rice has risen to 4 dollars per bag, wholesale, in consequence of several cargoes having been shipped to Europe—the latter article invariably fails to 33, when

two or three ships appear: together.

"I must beg leave to advise that this year may be permitted to pass, "ere any extensive shipments are made from India, we may, then hope for a favorable change to reap some advantage from our open Port, and some regular scale may be

formed, and certain articles specified and recommended.—Under present circumstances any advice on the subject must be vague and uncertain.

PORT LOUIS, MAURITIUS, June 15, 1817."

# MAURITIUS GAZETTE EXTRA,

June 10, 1817. "

# GOVERNMENT NOTICE.

It is with a deep sense of the incalculable benefit which must result from the liberal measures of the British l'ailiament, and the gracious orders of His Royal Highwess the Prince Regent in Council relative to the Commerce of Mauritius, that His Excellency the Governor announces to the Inhabitants, that a Bill was passed in Parliament. in February last, authorizing His Majesty in Council to give such directions, and make such regulations touching the Trade and Commerce of all Islands and places in Africa and Asia to the eastward of the Cape of Good Hope (excepting only the possessions of the East India Company) as to His Majesty in Council should appear most expedient and salutary; and that His Royal Highness the Prince Regent has in consequence been graciously pleased, by an Order in Council, dated at the Court at Cariton House, 1st March 1817, to open the Ports of Mauritius to the vessels of all Nations in amity with Great Britain, with certain exceptions in favour of British Manufactures, and with an extension of farther privileges to British Ships. The Act of Parliament is in effect until July 1820, and

the present Order in Council is for twelve months.

Port Louis, 9th June, 1817.

By Order: G. A. BARRY.

Chief Sec. to Goot.

WHEREAS the Law beteinafter mentioned is near, expiring and fit to be continued for a limited period: Best therefore Enacted &c. &c. That an 3ct ande in the 49th year (1) of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled an Act to authorize His Majesty during the present War to make Regulations respecting the Trade and Commerce to and from the Cape of Good Hope" which was revived and continued from the expiration thereof until the 5th day of July 1817, by two acts of the 54th and 56th years (2) of His present Majesty shall be, and the same is hereby further continued for the term hereinafter mentioned.

AND WHEREAS it is expedient under the present circumstances that the Trade and Commerce to and from all Islands, Colonies or Places, and the Territories and Dependencies thereof, to His Majesty belonging, or in His Majesty's possession in Africa or Asia, to the Eastward of the Cape of Good Hope, excepting only the Territorial Peninsular Possessions of the East India Company should also be regulated for a certain time in such manner as shall seem proper to His Majesty by and with the advice of His Privy Council, notwithstanding the special Provisions of any Act or Acts of Parliament that may he construed to affect the same. BE II ENACTED. That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for His Mojesty by and with the advice of His Privy Council by any Order or Orders to be issued from time to time, to give such directions and make such regulations touching the Trade and Commerce to and from the said Islands, Colonies or Places, and the Terristories and Dependencies thereof, as to His Majesty in Council shall appear most expedient and salutary, any thing contained in an Act passed in the 12th year of the Reign of His Majesty King Charles the 2d, intituled- an Act for the encouraging and increasing of Shipping and Navigation." or in an Act passed in the 7th and 8th years of the Reign of His Majesty King William the 3d. intituled " an Act for preventing frauds and regulating abuses in the Plantation Trade," or any other Act or Acts of Parliament now in force relating to His Majesty's Colonies and Plantations, or any other Act or Acts of Parliament. Law, Usage, or Custom to the contrary lu any wise notwithstanding.

<sup>(1) 49.</sup> G. 3 cap. 17. and wide 46 G. 3 Cap 30. (2) 45. G. 3 Cap. 182 56. G. 3 Cap 8.

AND BE IT PURTHER ENACTED. That if any Goods, Wares of Merchandise whatever shall be upperted into gr exported from any of the said Islands, Colonies or Places or the l'erritories and Dependencies thereof, or shall be exported from any part of His Majesty's Dominions to any of the said bland. Colonies or Places or the Territorics aid Dependencies thereof, og if any Goods, Wates or Merchandize shall be so imported or exported in any manper whatever contrary to any such Order or Orders of His. Majesty in Council, the same shall be forfered together with the ship or vessel in which such Goods, Wares, or Merchandize shall respectively be imported or exported with all her Guns, Ammunition, Furniture. Tackle and Apparel, and every such forfeiture shall and may be sued for, prosecuted and recovered by such, and the like mays, means and methods as any forferure incurred by any Law respecting the Revenue of Customs may be sued prosecuted. and recovered in places where respectively the off-nees shall be committed, and the produce thereof shall be disposed of, paid and applied in like manner in the and places respectively; any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding

PROVIDED ALWAYS, that nothing herein contained shall in any manner be construed to infringe the rights, privileges and advantages belonging to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East ludies as now by Law Established.

At the Court of Carlton House, the 1st of March, 1817.

His Royal Highness the Prince Regent in Council.

WHERE is by an Act, passed in the present Session of Parliament, intituled 6. An Act to continue and extend the 6 provisions of an Act, of the forty-ninth year of His 6 present Mijesty, for regulating the Trade and Commerce 6 to and from the Cape of Good Hope, until the fifth 66 day of July, one thousand, eight hundred and twenty; 66 and also for regulating the Trade of the Island of 67 Mauritius; 79 His Majesty is authorized by and with the advice of this Erroy Council, by any Order or Orders to be 188 und from time to time, to give such directions and make 8 such regulations touching the Trade and Commerce to and from all Islands, Colonies, or Places, and the Territories

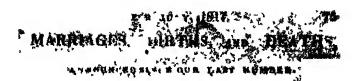
and Dependencies thereof, to His Majesty belonging; or in his possession, in Africa or Asia to the Eastward of the Cane of Good Hope (excepting only the possessions of the East India Company.) as to His Mejesty in Council shall appear most expedient and saltiary, any thing cone , tained in an Act passed in the twelfth year of the Reigh of His Majesty King Charles the Second, intituled " An Act for the Phenuraging and encreasing of Shinning and Navigation" or in an Act passed in the 7th and 8th years of the Reign of His Majesty William the Third, invitated ct for preventing frauds and regulating abuses to "the plantation Trade", or any other Act or Acts of Parliament now in force relating to His Majeary's Colonie. and Plantations, or any other Act or Acts of Parliament Liw, Usage or Custom to the contrary in any wise not. withstanding: And whereas on the night of the twentyfifth of septemberslast, a dreadful Fire broke out in the Town of Port Louis, in the Island of Mauritius which totally destroyed the chiefpart of that town, together with a great mass of Provisions and Merchandize, intended for the consumption and trade of its Inhabitants. whereby a great number of Families were reduced to extreme indigence, and left without a home; in course. quence of which dreadful calamity the Governor of the said Island found himself compelled to open the ports of the Island to Foreign vessels, in order to afford the speediest refue of which the case would admit, and thereby to save His Majesty's Subjects residing in that Colony from the greatest extremity of distress; and whereas it is expedient that facilities should in consequence be granted to the Trade of the Island of Mauritius, for a lumited time, with the view of giving still further rehef to its suffering inhabitants; His Royal Highness the Prince Regent, in the name and on the behalf of His Malesty, and by and with the advice of His M jesty's Privy Council, is pleased to Order and it is hereby Ordered, that all vessels, whether British or Foreign vessels, belonging to Countries in amity with His Mejesty, arriving at any port of the Island of Mauritius, or its Dependencies, within twelve months from the date of this present order, from any Country in amity with His Mojesty, laden with any articles, the growth, produce, or manufacture of any such Country, excepting all articles composed of cotton, iron, steel, or wool of foreign manufacture, shall be permitted to enter and land their cargoes, and dispose of

the same in the said parts; Provided Always, that such articles, when imported in a Foreign ship, shall pay a duty of two per cent advalorem, over and above what may be payable upon similar goods when imported in a British ship.

And it is further ordered, that every such vessel, arriving as aforesaid shall be permitted to export a cargo, consisting of any articles of the growth, produce of manufacture of the Island of Mauritius, or its Dependencies or of any articles which shall have been legally imported there; and that all such articles so exported in foreign vessels shall in like manufacture be surject to a duty of two per cent ad valorem, over and above the duties (if any) which shall be payable on similar articles when exported from the Mauritius, or its Dependencies, in British vessels.

It is, however, hereby further ordered and declared, that no Fore gn vessel, allowed by the terms of this Order to export a cargo from the Island of Mauritius, or its Dependencies, shall be permitted to export such cargo to any of His Majesty's possessions. But that every British vessel which shall during the continuance of this present Order, have imported a cargo into any port of the said Island of Mauritius; or its Dependencies, either from the · United Kingdom or from any other place shall be permitted to carry back a return cargo, consisting of the articles, aforesaid, to day, place whatever, either belonging to His Majesty, or to any State in amity with His Ma-Jesty. And the Right Honourable the Lords Commis-"lioners of His Majesty's Treasury, and the Lords Commistioners of the Admiralty, are to give the necessary directions herein as to them may respectively appertain.

CHETWYND.



# Marriages.

Josu.

• At Shamler, by the Re-verend M. Fisher, Lieutenant Robert Cauty, Interpreter and Quarter Master, 2d Battalian 19th Regiment, to Mrs. banda ford, Widow of the late Lieutenant Saudford.

7. At Bombay, Lieutenant Charles Payne, of the 2d Battalion 8th Regiment Nativo Infantry, to Miss & Shipson.

At Nizamabad, near Azinghur, by the Reverend. Mr. E. Brodie, John Sturmer, Esq to Charlotte, Daughter of the late Captain R. Davies. of the Bengal Establishment.

30. At Ghazenore, Mr. G. Birmingnam, to Miss Diana Marrant.

> JULY. W. Oxborough, Esq. to

Miss E. Burney. Mr. John Abraham, to Miss Ellen Jolty.

2. At St. John's Cathedral, by the Reverend Mr. Parson, Captain Thomas Gasper Atkinson, eldest som of H. W. Atkinson, Esq. of His M. Royal Mint, London, to Miss Ann Erskine, eldest daughter of David Frikme, Esq. of Soorool.

Mr. James Hart, Missis onary, to Miss Mary Donald-

s. At the Cathedral, by the Reverend J. Parson, Mr. John Bellia, of the Band of the H. Co's European Regiment, to Miss Klizabeth Dady.

11. At Berhampore, at house of J. W. Grant, Bad. of the Civil Service, Lieutenant, James Eckford, 8d Regiment Nat. Luf. to Miss Wroughton.

12. At the Cathedrah by the Reverend B. Shepherd. Lieutepant D. Macpherson, His Majesty's 53d Regiment, to Mrs. Cooper, Widow of the late Lieutenant Francis Cooper. of His Mujesty's 67th Foot

19. At the Cathedrul, by Thomas Hewett, Ban. Attors. ncy at Layr, to Miss Elisabeth. Berkelev D. Alet Keene, oldest daughter of J. H. Keene, Kay,

22. At Chandernagore, by the Reverend Mr. Shopherd Captuin G. P. Baker, of the 19th Regiment Native Infin try, to Miss Maria Lydia Day bois de Saran.

At St. John's Cathodrel, by the Reverend Mr. Hutchings, Mr Wilham Botelho, Junior, to Miss Anne Magdalene.

23 At St. John's Cathedral, by the Reverend Mr. Thomason, A M. John O'Brien Tandy, Esq. to Sarab, third daughte , ter of Thomas Young, Esq. of Carlinle.

26. Mr. Leonard Sellers, to. Bridget, second Daughter of the late Captain Joseph Hannah, of the Country Service.

Mr. Avetic Nasar, to

·Miss Mary, Minos.

At Colabah, the Lady the Captain Strover, of a Son. 18. At Bombay, the Lady of John Stewart, Esq. of a Sou. 14. At the same place, the Lady of John Best, Esq Bombay Civil Service, of a Son

At Byculla, the Lady of . T. Goodwan, Esq Civil Service, of a Son.

17. At Hope Hall (Bomhay,) the Lady of Charles Grant, Esq. of a Son. 20. At Allahabad, the Lady

of Lieutenant-Colonel Fether-

stan, of a Daughter. 21. At Kassgunge, the Lady of Captain George Cunningham, of the Robillah Cavalry, of a Son

23. At Campore, at the house of T. Jackson, Esq the Lady of the late' A Shannon, Esq. of a Son

At the Court House, 24. (Bombay,) the Luly of the Honorable Sir Alexa der Anstruther, of a Daughter

At Ghya, the Lady of J W? Templer, Eva of the Civil

Service, of a son

### Jtiv.

At Agra, the Lady of N. I. Halbed, Esq of a Daughter Mrs. I. S. Bowler, of a Daughter

At Agra, the Lady of E W. Biunt, Esq of a Daughter & Mrs. M. Rees, of a Son.

At Midapore, the Wife of Serjeant Major Middleditch; of the 1st Battahon 11th Regiment Native Infantry, of a Son.

5. The Lady of J M. Jones,

Esq. of a Son. Mrs. Patrick Moran, of

a Daughter. 8. Mrs. N. L. Brant, of a

Son.

9. Mrs. M. Benjamin; of a Son.

The Lady of Alexander Campbell, Esq. of a Daughter.

At Barrackpore, the Lady of Lieutenant McMullin, of a Son.

The Lady of Captain 15. George Becher, of a Son.

The Lady of Herbert Compton, Esq. Standing Counsel to the Honorable Company, of a Daughter.

At Howrah, Mrs. Daniel

Ross, of a Daughter.

16 The Lady of Captain Buriows, of the Royal Irish, or 8th Light Dragoons, was safely delivered of

(Boys)
17 The Lady of Major-fleneral J S. Wood, (ommanding at the Presidency, of a Daughter.

19. The Lady of John Angus, Esq. of a Daughter.

In Comac Street, Chowtinghee, of a Daughter, the Lady of T. E. Monsell, Esq. of the H C. Civil Service

The Lady of George D'Cos-ta, Esq of a Son.

Mrs. J. Warn, of a Daughter.

## DEATHS.

JUNE. 3. At Bimlipatim, Major Moore, of the 4th Madras Na tive Infuntry.

At Surat, James Rivell, the infant son, of Captain James Rivett Cornac, aged 10 months and 2 days.

At Han The effect son, of Corner and Adjutant Henry Forster, of Skinner's Horses—aged I year adjaged the best

13. At Husingabad, in the 37th year of his age, Captain J H Ashburst, of the 11th Regiment Native Infantry, and Deputy Paymatter, to the Nagpore Subudiaty Force.

At Lucknow, John, the infant son, of Lieutenast John Paterson, 1st Battalion 1st Regrment Native Infantry -- aged It months and 22 days.

At Campore, A Shanpon, M D. Assistant Surgeon, His

Majesty's 14th Regiment of ₽oōt

At Kussgunge, the infant son of Captain George Cunningham, of the Robila

Cavalry

On board of his Budgerow. near Mirzapore, Lieut. James Greenbill, of His Majesty's 17th Regunent,-A Young Officer, whose most honorable character and truly exalted virtues remitered him at once an ornament to his profession and to society; his permature loss is deeply deplored by his brother Officers and Friends, who will fondly therish his memory with the last glowing sentiments of their hearts

## Juix

Mr Joseph Seaward, a Mate in the Hon C & Marine Service

The Lady of F Meged.

Mr S. R. Bredshaw Mrs Charlette Pa

aged 42 years Charles Child, Esq. a a very old and respectable

10. Mrs. Elizabeth Sople Mr. John Johnhon, Jak Proprietor of the Oriental Stat

Press. Renry Christopher, Esq late Commander of the Ship Charles

Multe.

Mrs Frances Hodgkinson,

wife of Dr. Hodgkinsou. 13. At the House of John Palmer, Esq. at Allypore, Wile. ham Drusy Keit, Esq of the H. C Civil Service; aged 25 years.

18. The Lady of G. Riche ardson, Esq

Mrs. Arabella Roberta son,—sincerely and descryedly lamented by all who had the pleasure of her acquaintance being a Lidy endowed with; superior intellectual acquire ments, and possessed of every virtue which could adora the temale character

Mrs H (halk 23

Vir J Purves, a man 26 of the most enlightened understanding, and gentlemen of disposition, which endersed him high in the respect of those who had the pleasure of his sequaintance.

# CALCUTTA CURRENT VELLE OF GO-

By	¥.	Şoturday, July 5, 1817.	,	SRI	L
1 2	0	New 6 per Conts. Discount.		2	8
3	0	Solurday, July 12, 1817.  New 6 per Cents. Discount.  Squarday, July 19, 1817.		3	8
2	8	New 6 per Cents. Discount.  Saturday, July 26, 1817.	•	3	0
2	10	New 6 per Cants. Discount.	• ;	3	0

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	Last	Quarra, Mook		19 A	eige.	
(	Fort	MOON,	28	5 50 A: 2 16 A: 1 16 A:	FTERNOO FTERNOO! FTERNOO!	
D. NOW.	D. W.R.	IOLIDAYS, REM &c.	IARKS,	E .	MORN	EVG
20 2 3 4 5 6 7 7 8 9 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Thu T. Fr Sat. Sun. 5' Mon Tue. Wed Thu Fri. Sat. Sun. 7' Mon Tue. Sun. Fri. Sat. Sun. 8' Wed Fri. St. Sun. 8' Won Frue. Wed Fri. St. St. Sun. 8' Won Ved	•	5 11 5 11 5 11 5 11 5 11 5 11 5 11 5 1	6 41 2 6	18 5 19 6 82 11 7 34 12 8 14 12 13 8 6 11 2 11 2 11 2 11 12 13 14 15 5 8 15 16 17 34 15 16 17 34 15 16 17 34 15 16 17 34 15 16 17 34 15 16 17 34 15 16 17 34 15 16 17 34 17 34 16 17 34 16 17 34 16 17 34 16 17 34 16 17 34 16 17 34 16 17 34 16 17 34 16 17 34 16 17 34 16 17 34 16 17 34 16 17 34 17	9 49 1 36 2 48 2 55 3 50 4 43 5 22 7 58 7 58 7 58 7 58 7 58 7 58 7 58 7 58

# THE CALCUTTA MONTHLY JOURNAL

or XXXI.] .... AUGUST.....

# Calcutta.

# CIVIL APPOINTMENTS.

# JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

THE 4TH JULY, 1817.

Mr. C. R. BARWELL, Judge and Magistrate of the 24 Purgunnahs.

Mr. A. J. Colver, Register and joint Magistrate of the Su-

burbs of Calcutte.

THE 29TH JULY, 1817.

The Hon'ble W. H. L. MELVILLE, Assistant to the Superintendent of Police in the Lower Provinces.

Mr. D. Dale, Register of the Zillah Court at Nuddeah.

# MILITARY.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY TEE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; JULY 7, 1817.

The Most Noble the Governor General in Council directs, that the following Statement of Surplus off-reckonings, due to the Officers late in Command of the 1st and 2nd Battahon of Volunteers, be promulgated in General Orders.

Statement of the Surplus off-reckonings due to Officers late in Command of the 1st and 2nd Battalions Bengal Volunteers.

1st Baltalion Folunteers. Rs.

Gross Amount of Off-reckonings from the 1st August 1810, to the 30th . . 15788 12 0 

Total Charges against the Battahon, including the Advances made to Major Burton. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 11561 10 10

Balance payable to the Commanding . . St. Rs. 4227 1 2 Officer, M. or Burton, . . . . . .

## 28 Baltalion Volunteers.

Gross Amount of Off-reckonings from 1st August 1810, to the 30th June 1812, . . . . . . . . . . . . .

15525 12 0

Total Charges against the Battalion, including the Advance made to Capt.

J. R. Lumley, .... 11761 6

Balance payable to the Commanding Officer, Capt. Lumley, . . . . . .

. St. Rs. 3764 5 4

Total, St. Rs. 7991 6 6

The Clothing Board are directed to adjust the Balancer due to the Commanding Officers of the above-mentioned Corps.

JOHN CRAIGIE,

Asst. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

MENERAL ORDERS BY 188 HOWBLE THE VICE PRESIDENT IN COUNCIL.

# FORT WILLIAM, 11th July, 1817.

Resolved, that the General List received from the Honorable the Court of Directors, of all the Cadets, and the General List of all the Assistant Surgeons, whose Rank was sent to Bengal by the Ships of the season 1815, also the Rank of the 1st Clar; of Cadets for Bengal, appointed and proceeding by the Fleet of Ships of the season 1816, be published in General Orders.

General List of all the Cadets whose Rank was sent to Line by the Ships of the season 1815.

# For the Engineers.

William Cabell Jones, Allowed to remain without pr. 1 to their Rank, to learn the tot Edmund Swetenham, | Sapping and Mining.

# For the Artillery.

Fdward Raphael Watts, Albion, C	buntry h p.
Birnie Browne, War	
Henry Timings,	ditto.
James Paton,	ditto.

# For the Infantry.

James Douglas,	rryoes
William Conway, H. M. Frigate Magic	ienne
John Townsend Somerville Aurora, Licenced shi	J.
William Bignell,	r

General List of all the Assistant Surgeons, whose Rank was
sent to Bengal by the Ships of the season 1815.
John Alexander Barid Watson Lucy and Maria, Licensed Shin.

Charles Evereux Everest ...... Kent, Private Ship. Barid Woodburn,..................Good Hope, Country Ship. : Bannatyne William Macleod, ... Resource, Private Ship. Richard Bagallay Pennington, ... Orient, Licensed Ship. Wilham Gerrard, ...... Swallow, Country Ship. James Bain, ... Gauges, Private Ship. John Henderson,..... Neptune, Country Ship. George Angus, ...... Neptune, Country Ship. Thomas Charles, M. D ...... Aurora, Licensed Ship. John Row,..... Varchioness of Ely Henry Cooper,.....ditto. Thomas Thompson, .... Asia. Andrew Wood, ......ditto, John Burnet, ..... d- 'o Charles Simon Curling ...... Mangles. Charles Bransly Francis,......ditto. John Grant,... Lady Carrington,

Rank of the 1st Class of Cadets for Bengal, appointed and proceeding by the first Fleet of Ships of the season 1816.

# For the Artillery.

Thomas Gray,.. ..... General Kyd.

JOHN CRAIGIE,

ORg. Sec. to Govt Wil. Dept.

REVERAL ORDERS, BY THE HONORABLE THE VICE-PRESIDENT IN COUNCIL.

# FORT WILLIAM; JULY 11, 1817.

The Honorable the Vice-President in Council is pleased to, make the following Promotion.

# 6th Regiment of Native Infantry.

Senior Ensign James Glencairn Burns to be Licutenant from the 28th June 1817, vice Lodge, deceased

Lieutenant D. Harriott, of the 5th Regiment of Native Cavalry, having been unable to avail himself of the indulgence extended to him in Government General Orders dated the 30th of May last, the leave therein granted to him is accordingly cancelled.

Major Dolton, of the 28th Regiment of Native Infantry, having produced the prescribed Certificates from the Pay and Medical Departments, is permitted to proceed to Europe on furlough, for the benefit of his health.

Captain Licutenant Denty, of the 27th Regiment of Native Infantry, and Licutenant Neutville, of the 21st Regiment of Native Infantry, are permitted by the Honorable the Court of Directors to return to their duty, without prejudice to their Ranks.

The Vice-President in Council is pleased to authorize Barrack Masters at Stations, where there are Cavalry Stables, to ontertain one Carpenter at each Station, and such proportion of Grammies not exceeding one Grammy to every 100 Jaumps, as may be necessary for keeping them in complete repair; the same to be charged for in Monthly Contingent Bills, together with such expenditure of Matts, Twine, Bamboos, Rope, &c. as may be actually necessary for the above-mentioned purpose.

Such Bills are to be brought forward in the manner prescribed for Contingent Charges, and paid by Pay Masters on presenta-

tion as they become due.

Serjeant George Pardy of the European Invalid Pension Establishment, is, at the recommendation of His Excellency the Commander in Chief, permitted to reside, and draw his pay, at Dinapore, subject to the Regulations published on that head in Government General Orders of the 16th May, 1817.

JOHN CRAIGIE, Sec to Govt. Mil Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY THE HONORABLE THE VICE-PRESIDENT IN COUNCIL.

# FORT WILLIAM; July 22, 1817

The Agency for the Manufacture of Gun Carriages, in the Field, being reported to be in a state to commence on the duties of the Department, the Hon'blo the Vice-President is Council is pleased to direct the Establishment and Office of the Agent to revert to the scale laid down in General Orders of the 8th of July, 1814.

JOHN CRAIGIE,

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY THE HONORABLE THE VICE-PRESIDENT IN COUNCIL.

# FORT WILLIAM; JULY 22, 1817.

The Honorable the Vice-President in Council is pleased to

make the following Promotion.

Assistant Apothecary William Jones, attached to the Subordinate Medical Deportment of the 1st Division Field Army, to be Apothecary, with Rank, from the 1st instant.

JOHN CRAIGIE, Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept ANDERAL ORDERS, BY THE MONORABLE THE VICE-PRESIDENT IN COUNCIL.

# FORT WILLIAM; JULY 22, 1817.

The Honorable the Vice-President in Council, having had under his consideration that part in the Medical Regulations, which prescribes the quantity of meat allowed to the several Classes of Patients in European Hospitals, and considering that the Rations at present authorized, might in some cases be increased with advantage to the Sick; is pleased to direct the following modifications of those Regulations.

1. That each Patient on middle-diet shall in future, he allowed three quarters of a pound, or twelve ounces of meat, for

all purposes, including the preparation of broth.

2. For each Patient on low-diet, the regulations specify an allowance of a pint of broth, without having stated the quantity of meat to be employed in its preparation—it is now to be understood, that half a pound of meat is the quantity to be used in preparing a pint of broth, when that article is given to Patients on low-diet

3 In specifying the quantity of meat for the several kinds of diet, it is to be distinctly understood, that meat in a rew state is intended, and not meat which has already been boiled

The Vice-President in Council expects a strict adherence to the Medical Regulations from every part of the Medical Department; and prohibits any deviation therefrom, without the previous sanction of Government

• Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

QUNERAL ORDERS, BY THE MONORABLE THE VICE-PRESTRENT IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; JULY 22, 1817.

The Honorable the Vice-President in Council, adverting to the laborious nature of the duties which are performed by Barrack Master Serpeants, considers it expedient, that they should be placed on a footing of equality, in regard to allowances, with other Staff Serpeants of a similar description; and is accordingly pleased to authorize Barrack Master Serpeants to draw a Staff Salary of Sonat Rupees 20 per mensem

JOHN CRAIGIE,

Offer Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

SEVERAL ORDERS, BY IMP HOVORABLE THE VICE-PRESIDENT IN COUNCIL

FORT WILLIAM: JULY 29, 1817.
In consequence of the abolition of the Regulations of the 22d April 1892, the Honorable the Vice-President in Council 48

pleased to authorize the Fort Adjutant and Barrack Master at Delhi, to entertain the following Establishment for the charge of Public Buildings at that place; viz.

1 Mustsuddie, at 10 Sonat Rupees per month.

1 Mate Grammie,

1 ditto Tiler,

upon the usual rates of Postfor these descriptions of postple in the Barrack Dept.

2 Lascars.

2. As the Barrack Master's duties at Dehli are confined to theifew Buildings within the Walls of the Fort, the Vice-President n Council conceives, that, with the above Establishment the assistance of a Barrack Serjeant is no longer required; the Barrack Serjeant at present stationed at Dehh, is therefore transferred to Muttra, to which station he is to be directed to proceed with-out delay.

JOHN CRAIGIE, Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Depts

PRESIDENCY DIVISION ORDERS, BY MAJOR GENERAL J. S. WOOD-FORT WILLIAM; 30th July, 1817.

Major General Wood calls the attention of all Officers on Igave of absence at the Presidency, to the following General Orders, by His Excellency the Most Noblo the Commander in. Chief.

J. DUNDAS, Major of Brigade.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY THE COMMANDER IN SHIES.

Head Quarters, on the River, 23d July, 1817.

With the exception of Officers and Medical Staff returning to Europe on Sick Certificate, or absent from their Corps on account of ill health, duly certified, all Officers, under the rank of Colonel of a Regiment and Medical Staff, now absent by leave, are directed to join their respective Corps, on or before the 30th September next.

Where the leave has been granted on urgent private affairs, an exposition of the continuance of that pressure may be made to the Commander in Chlef, but an extension cannot be granted, unless a real plea, for dispensation from Field duty, be exhibited

Leave of absence, until further orders, is to be restricted to.

(Signed) JAMES NICOL,

Adj. Gen. of the Army.

Tave Cory.

J. DUNDAS, Major of Brigade

# AUGUST 1.

We are sorry to learn from different parts of the country, that there is every appearance of another bad season for the Indigo planters. From the continued rains which have prevailed for some time past, the river has risen considerably and the plants are represented to be all under water; in some place it is said, that whole vats and factories have fallen into the river. We have been already put in possession of complaints of a similar nature from the district of Jessore and Bakergunge. If it should turn out a season similar to the last, the prices of Indigo must considerably increase, particularly as there is now a more favourable sale for it at home.

# AUGUST 2.

Our letters from Nagpore mention that the Subsidiary force was comprehended in the command of His Excellency Sir T. Hislop. It was expected that a fortress within half a mile of Hussingabad would be placed in possession of the troops at that station. It would require not more than half & battalion to defend it, and it would prove useful as a depot on the troops marching in October. It seems to be the opinion in that quarter, that the Pindarees will now find no Chieftain desperate enough to attempt affording them shelter or assistance, and that they will quickly be rode down by Cavalry of the two Presidenries. Recruiting parties from the Madras army were in the Camps of the Bengal division, and some inconvenience was occasioned to individuals by their Clushees and Sweepers enlisting. The pay of a Madras Seapoy in the field is 9 Rupees.

All Europe articles in that quarter fetch very high prices—Port Wine 71 Rupees per dozen, Beer 37, Brandy 80, a square of Pickles 35, two Pine Cheeses 85. Such were the outcry prices at a late sale at

Hussingabad.

Coroner's Inquests.—On Sunday, the 13th July last, an inquest was held at Mirzapore, situate on the Circular Boad, over the body of a Mussulman boy, who, pertinaciously persisting in leaping upon the

limber of a rolling stone whilstdrawn along the road; slipt at length upon the ground, when the machine went over and crushed his leg, after lingering eighteen days, the boy died of a mortification. The ver-

dict was consequently, Accidental Death.

On Wednesday, the 30th ultimo, an inquest was held at Coolootolah over the body of a Christian Wdman, by the name of Louisa Peris, who after a period. of many years derangement, finally hung herself-Verdict returned, Lunacy.

# AUGUST 4.

From the Sydney Gazettes, recently arrived, we publish a paragraph containing an American account of four Europeans, who had been abandoned some years ago, by the Captain of a British vessel, on a small Island off New Zealand. It appears surprising that the survivors who made the American Captain acquainted with their condition, did not avail themselves of the opportunity to quit the spot, on which they had been so miraculouly preserved! Another article describing a small community of thirteen Europeans, who preferred independence, to the Society of New South Wales, seems more entitled to credit than the statement of the American Captain.

- " From Capt. Hammond we learn, that thirteen Europeans, most or all of whom have gone from these Settlements, are living on Kangaroo Island in a curious state of independence, having nothing to depend on for subsistence but the wild birds that inhabit it. A well known character of the name of Fifer is among them; and though he might have obtained a passage hither, yet from a dread of embarrassments which his libidinous courses had here heaped upon him, he chuses rather to endure a condition of the most rigid privation than run the hazard of an 'interview with his old Sydney friends.
- " Capt. Cottin, of the American ship Enterprize, gives information of his having met with three men on one of the small Islands called the Snares off New Zealand; who were some years since left there by the Adventure schooner, Captain Krith, of London, under the following circumstances, as represented by them to Capt in Coffin: viz. that the Adventure had been sealing among the Islands, and falling short of provisions, the Captain submitted to their choice whether they would go on shore, or starve affoat, stating it to be impossible for the provisions to hold out for the whole of the crew; that they went on shore much against their will, taking a few potatoes, which they planted.

and had since lived upon the produce of, together with bird and seal which occasionally fell in their way; that their numbers was originally four, but one had died, and all had the same dreary prospect before them, but Providence had been kinder than their expectation, and miraculously preserved them.—These men had written discharges from the Captain of the Adventure; as Captain Coffin assures us, and when it is considered that that vessel night, by calling at either of the settlements on Van Diemen's Land, have avoided the necessity of leaving four unhappy men in a condition so truly deplorable, we neither must discredit report, or bestow upon them a portion of that sympathy to which unmerited misfortune prefers an undoubted claim!

We present our Commercial readers with the following view of the state of Shipping now being in the river, which from the great numerical increase it exhibits in the tonnage employed in the trade of Bengal, compared with former periods, might be supposed to indicate a corresponding enlargement in the prosperity of that important branch of our nautical resources;—but, the satisfaction which such a reflection is calculated to yield, is reduced by the consideration, that the supply of tonnage greatly exceeds the demand for the actual state of our commerce:—and consequently the principal portion is employed at such rates of freight as must speedily prove ruinous to those concerned—being in general not higher than one third of the rates of freight obtained in former times.

ABSTRACT OF SHIPPING IN THE RIVER HOUGHLY, AUGUST 1, 1817.

Description of Vessels.	Number of Tons		
Hon'ble Company's Cruizers	2		
Ships	5	515 <b>6</b>	
Free Traders	39	119435	
For Malta &c	1	550	
For China, exclusive of two In-		9366	
diames	16		
For China, exclusive of two Indiamen			
6'2 try Trade	70	20595	
French Vessels	8 .	1175	
Portuguese Vessels	3 ·	1304	
American Vessels	7	2406	
Arab Vessels	2	646	
Tota	1 148	60633	

HOLKAR's Camp on the 11th of July was at Bhager. A letter had been received from the Vakeel, Stationed at the Camp of RANAH ZALIM SING of Kotah, stating, that the RANAH had prevailed on GUFFOOR KHAWN, to return to his allegiance and Lejoin Holkar's Camp. 50,000 Rupees is to be paid on account of the arrears due to Gurroon's Soldiers.

Raolpundy Ukhbars of the 11th of June state, that Nabob Kuaws had assembled 4,000 men, with

an intention of attacking MAHOMED KHAWN.

The Auretsir Ukhbars to the 30th of June state. that R INJEST was then at Lahore.

The Moltan Ukhbar of 15th June, announce that the Seik army had at length left the boundaries of

Moltan, and encamped at Kote Calia.

The Peshour Ukhbars to 3d June mention that Vizier FUTTER KHAWN had left Peshour for Cabul. but not until he had received repeated orders for that purpose from the King MAHMOOD SHAH. Vakeel of RUNJEET had accompanied the Vizier to It is said that the King intends to more the Royal Camp towards Herraut, with a design of attacking Cachar.

The accounts from Jaypoor state, that Moraus KHAWN is encamped between Secundera and Bherman, and that Rajah LOLL SING was distant about 3 coss from Madhogurrah. The Rajah of Jaypoor was unwell :- AMEER KHAWN was still before Mad-

horajpoorah.

# AUGUST 5.

His Excellency the Most Noble the Governor General and suite were at Bhaugulpoor on the 29th ultimo; the fleet was sailing up the Great River with rapidity, having made 120 miles in 4 days. The violence of the current and winds often times put the boats in a dangerous predicament. On the 28th and 29th four baggage boats and a cook boat were wreckad, when a taylor, an old woman and a child met with a watery grave.

# AUGUST 7.

We regret to state that a dreadful fire broke out on Tuesday morning about 2 o'clock, on the premises of Mr. Stephen Laprimaudaye in Clive-street, occupied as a Cotton-Screw house, which continued to rage with great violence till yesterday forenoon. mage sustained by this calamity is very considerable. To the proprietor of the Screws the loss is unwards of a lack of rupees, and the Honorable Company, and several individuals have also suffered extensively. by the complete destruction of large quantities of Sunn and Cotton. It had been customary to carry on the operation of screwing during the night, and when the fire was first discovered, Mr. Laprimaudaye is said to have observed the flames, at one moment, in three several places, remote from each other, which has given rise to the suspicion that combustibles had been wilfully applied to the bales. 'I he alarm was immediately spread, the Cooper's Yard to leeward was in the most imminent danger. The Magistrates soon assembled, and with the aid of the police officers; and a detachment of the 59th Regt. from Fort William, part of the property was removed into the street, and every exertion made to arrest the progress of the conflagration. The fire-engines, however, were not found to be in that state of repair which could render them of the use they were expected to afford. the unceasing activity of the crew of the Marshall Wellington, free trader, seemed to make up in some degree for this deficiency, and they may be said to have saved the property of Mr. Christic, the Cooper, whose premises were every moment threatened with destruction.

As the occurrence of this awful event shews that the property of our merchants is not entirely secure from the ravages of fire on shore, it is equally evident that the means of checking the progress of that destructive element should be always in readiness and at hand. When we consider the prodigious commercial wealth of this magnificent city, and the number of ware-houses filled with goods that are rapidly coin-

bustible, it is a singular circumstance that no regular establishment of fire-engines should have yet

been projected.

We understand that the Merchants of Calcutta with a munificence and a spirit of liberality for which they are so eminently distinguished, have resolved to repair the loss of a deserving individual, by presenting to Mr. Laprimaudaye the same number of Cotton Screws that he has lost by the fire, valued at about 120,000 rupees.

His Excellency the Governor General passed Colgon; on the 28th ultimo, and reached Bhaugulpore on the 20th. The fleet had experienced squally and unpleasant weather. Two or three small boats, with stores, had been upset, and it is apprehended that some of the dandies were drowned.

# SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS. July 30. H: C. Yatcht Phoenix, Jackson, from Batavia 29th June.—George Canning, Dunlop, from Greenock 5th March.—Nalus, (American,) Harrod, from Sumatra 8th July.—Devaynes, Brookes, put back from Sea leaky.

Do. 31. Corde de Reo Pardo, Beyts, from Bombay 17th June.

and Madras 22d July.

Aug. 2. Caledonia, Wales, from London 16th March, and Cape of Good Hope 6th June.—Folunteer, Waterman, from the Persian Gulph 18th June, Madras 19th, and Masulipatam 24th July.—H. C. Ship Minerva, Richardson, from Madras 18th July.—Do. Streatham, Dale, from England 14th March.

Do. 3. Titus, (French,) Beck, from Bordeaux 12th March, Coronna 8th April, and Johannah 3d July.

DEPARTURES. Aug. 1. Eugenia, Tyrer, for China.—Asia, Finey, for ditto.—Forbes, Basdon, to complete her loading for Penang and China.—Phænix, Donald, for England.
Do. 2. Trident, (American,) Roe, for New York.—Brilliant,

"Fenn, for London .- Brig Lion, Betham, for Madras.

Do. 3 Brig Syren, McDonnell, for China.

PASSENGE AS per Corde de Rio Pardo, from Bomhay: Mrs. Carter. From Madras: Mr. Barrett, Mr. W. Whitehead, Mr. Chasteen. From Munsurcotta: Reverend Mr. Lee, and Family. Per H. C. Yatcht Phenix, from Batavia: Thomas Abraham, Esq. Coionel Yule, Major Campbell, Dr. J. Fallowfield, Mr. Begie, Mr. C. Harvey, and Mr. Robertson.

Per George Canning, from Greenock: Mrs. Learmouth. Miss Mary Scott, and Mr. Thomas Mercer.

Per H. C. Ship Streatham: Miss Rutledge, Miss Dorinda Anna Rutledge, Mr. Thomas Herderson, Assistant Surgeon, Mr. Robert Elly, and Mr. William Senhouse Gale, Free-mariner. Per H. C, Ship Minerva, from England: Miss Chinuery, Mr. Robert Wroughton. Mr. J. Mathew, Mr. Joseph Alloway, Mr. John Coulson. From Madras: Charles Woodcock. Esq. and

Lieutenant R. H. Taunton, 22d Light Dragoons.

Per John Shore, from Jaga: Mrs. Burgess and Ch

Per John Shore, from Java: Mrs. Burgess and Child, Mr. Burgess, Mr. J. Martin, Mr. R. Brietzeke, Mr. N. Baille, Mr. T. A. Vickers, Mr. J. Smith, Mr. Radcliffe, & Mr. W. Mendes.

## JULY 15.

The Criminal Session is still open, but it is expected that the investigation of the offences of the remaining Prisoners will not occupy the Court beyond Wednesday.

On Tuesday, seven or eight Native thristians were indicted for an Assault and Riot in one of the Cainchin Churches in the Black Town. The trial occupied the Court during two days, in the course of which considerable evidence (which appeared irrelevant to the question) was offered, as to the title of the Church in question, as to Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction, and to other points of the discipline of the Romish Church; but the Prisoners were found and ty of the Riotour Assault.

The Third Law Term for the present year will commence on Friday next. We understand, two new Barristers from England may shortly be expected to arrive at the Presidency, who, with the number at present on the Rolls, will form a far more numerous Bar, than have ever practised in the Supreme Court of this Presidency, since its established ment.

On Thursday the Victory, Free Trader, came in from England, whence she sailed on the 1st of February, and she continued her voyage from Madeira on the 2d of April. She is one of those vessels called Packets, and brought as usual some old letters. We received several Packets dated January, and endorsed per Herefordshive

for which we have paid a heavy postage, and which are rendered useless to us by this inattention of the Post Office at home, in not sending them by the Ship mentioned.

All the Indiamen bound to Bengal are expected to sail about the end of the week, and those for China about the

. 26th of the current month.

His Majesty's Ship Conway, has arrived and sailed again for Trincomallee since our last. We understand, the small Squadron in these seas is even to be still further reduced immediately, in compliance with the general system of retrenchment.

Letters from Pondicherry mention, that the La Sybelle. French F gate, had arrived at that settlement on the 4th instant. She left France on the 16th of March and brings no news of importance. Disturbance continued to break out in different parts of France in consequence of the scarcity of Provisions and Specie, which, as we have before mentioned, had greatly distressed all classes of society.

The French Frigate is immediately to proceed to Manilla from thence to China, and will afterwards return to Pondicherry on her homeward voyago. We have not heard

what is the object of this circuitous voyage.

The Valunteer, Captain Waterman, arrived on Wednesday, from Bushire the 5th ultime. No overland dispatch had been received by the Resident at that date, but one was hourly expected. The Joassime Pirates continue to infest the Gulph, and are truly formidable. Many of their Vessels are said to exceed 400 tons, and to be well man'd and armed; and they are moreover said to sail so extremely fast, that no Vessel can overtake them. They attack every thing that passes without Convoy.

The John Shore, which has arrived from Java, has brought us no further particulars of the loss of the Alceste, but we have been informed by her Commander, Capt. Campbell, that Lord America and the Suite, composing the late unfortunate Embassy, had sailed from the Island

for England three weeks before he left Batavia.

The Port of Batavia swarms with American Ships, Their principle object was Coffee, which had risen in consequence to 32 dollars per pecul. The Americans had imported an immense quantity of dollars, of which their Cargoes were principally composed.

We are extremely kappy to state, that favorable ac-

Indiamen, Marchioness of Ely, Asia and Batavia. The two former had experienced a most expeditious and pleasant run to St. Helena, where they arrived on the 10th of April. Letters have been received from Passengers on board both these Ships, and they state "all were well and happy." The Passengers had been greatly disappointed by the determination of the Imperial Evile not to admit of any interviews with Passengers, casually touching at the Island, and all the applications in the present instance had been peremptorily refused.

The two Indiamen would probably reach England the

second week in June.

The Batavia had not been so fortunate as her Consort the Lord Keith, but letters have been received from her dated in Algoa Bay, which state that all were well on board.

On Tuesday, the following arrivals took place. The Ship Po, Captain Knox, from Port Louis the 9th ultimo, last from Pondicherry. The Alexander. Captain E. Studd, from Bussorah and Bombay, having left the harbour of the latter place on the 29th ultimo. The Experiment from Calcutta, also on the 29th ultimo, and Trincomalie the 8th instant. The Sloop Kandyan, from Bombay the 25th May, and Point de Galle the 4th instant.

Passenger per Kandyan.—Mr. Sutherland.
It does not appear that the late arrival from the Mauris, have brought any news; nor additional particulars of

tius, have brought any news; nor additional particulars of the loss of the Alceste: neither had the vessels missing, been heard of at Fort Louis, as late as the 9th ultimo.

Yesterday His Majesty's ship Conway, Captain Dent, anchored in the roads.

# Bombay.

JULY 5.

An insurrection of some extent appears to have taken place in Valencia about the middle of January. But few particulars of it are however known. It is said to have cost the lives of a considerable number of persons and to have

created great alarm at the court of Madrid, some of the troops having joined in favor of the people; in cousea quence of which the King had ordered all the regiments to be changed from their respective quarters, and number-less arrests have again commenced in Madrid, Bilboa, Pampluna, Valladolid and many other parts of Spain.

The attention of the Recorder's Court has been occupied from Monday to Thursday last in a cause of which, from is involving points respecting the power of Commanders of Merchant-ship over the conduct and persons of their passengers, excited more than usual interest. It was an action brought by Lieur. Farewell. R. N. a passenger on board the Hon. Company's Ship Marquis Camden against the Commander Captain Larkins, for damages for false imprisonment.

The verdict was for the plaintiff, damages 5000 Rupees.

# JULY 9.

There has been no arrival. of any sort, from Europe. during the last week. The Duncan arrived, on Friday evening last from the Gulph, but without bringing, as we believe, one single article of interesting intelligence.

There seems to have been a serious disturbance, in Valencia, on the 17th of January. We have, amongst our English extracts, given a partial account of it, together with the proclamation of the Captain General of Valencia and Murcia. The report of an insurrection at Madrid, on the same day, turns out to be unfounded.

The expensive alterations making at the Pavilion, at Brighton, are, it is said, for the accommodation of Her Mujesty, who is expected to reside there during a consi-

derable part of the ensuing autumn.

The new quadrangle opposite Carlton House is to be

called Waterloo Place.

We glean from one of the English papers, that a superborgan had just been built, at an expendent four thousand gainess, as a present, from the munificent Consort of the Marquis of Hastings, to the Church at Calcutts, and that it was to be shipped by the then next outward bound aret.

# MILITARY.

GENERAL GROCKS, BY THE MONORABLE THE VICE PRESIDENT IN COUNSIL.

# FORT WILLIAM; JULY 22, 1817.

The Honorable the Vice-President in Council is pleased to direct, that the new Road, which has lately been constructed. from Gyah to Patria, as well as that from Gyah to Sherghattie, shall be placed under charge of the Superintendent of the Military Road from Fort William to Benares, who for keeping; them in a state of constant repair, is authorized to draw an add, ditional Allowance of Sicca Rupees 5,000 per annum.

The Roads now placed under charge of Capt. Playfair, are to be considered in all respects subject to the same Regulations as are prescribed for the repair of the Road bitherto under that

Officers charge.

JOHN CR AIGIE.

Offr. Sec. to G ovt. Mil. Dept.

ORDERS, BY THE MONORABLE THE VICE-PREMIDENT IN COUNCIL.

# FORT WILLIAM; JULY 22, 1817,

The Honorable the Vice President in Council is pleased to make the following appointments in the Ordnance and Commissariat Departments, to have effect from the 2d of May 1817.

Serjeant Charles Housden, Bäzar Serjeant at Kurnaul, to be a Sub-Conductor of Ordannee, vice Humphreys, transferred to

the Commissariat.

Serjeant Thomas L'Arcey of the Commissariat, to, be a SubConductor in that Department.

Captain Goorge Swiney of Artillery on this Establishment, bi been permitted by the Honorable the Court of Directors to be

turn to his dirty, without prejudice to his rank.
Mr. Thomas Gray, having broduced a certificate
Honorabletic Court of Directors of his appointments
of Artillery on this Establishment, is admitted to accordingly.

The following Officers having furnished the preserined Certifies fight the Pay Bereit initial, are entirely by permitted to proceed to kakepe do faife? on secount

Major Sir Thomas Ramssy, Bartrof the Honorshie Company European Regiment.

Capt. O'Shoe of the 8th Regiment of Mative Jufantry.

JOHN CRAIGIE,

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

ARREAL ORDERS, BY THE MONORAGE THE VICE-PRESIDENT

# FORT WILLIAM; JULY 22, 1817

The Honorable the Vice-President in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. Assistant Surgeon Turner, to perform the Medical duties of the Civil Station of Burdwan

" JOHN CRAIGIE, Offg Ser to Govt Mil Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY THE WORDSLE THE VICE-PRESIDENT IN COUNCIL.

# FORT WILLIAM & JULY 29, 1817

Colonel Colm Mackenzie of the Corps of Engineers, on the Betablishment of Fort'st George, who stands uppointed Survey or General of India, having arrived at this Presidency, is ditected, to assume charge of the Surveyor General's Department, and to enter on the duties of his Office.

JOHN CRAIGIE

Offg See to Govt. Mil. Dept.

SHREEL CADERS, BY THE MONORABLE THE TICE-PRESIDENT

# FORT WILLIAM; JULY 22, 1817.

To enable the Military Board to give due effect to the orders of Government of the 6th of April 1790, the Honorable the Vice-President in Council is pleased to direct, that the month reports of the progress of Public Works, required to be transmitted to the Military Board by the General Orders of Govern ment of 2d January 1810, and of the Commander in Chief of 18th February 1817, shall, for the future, be transmitted as follows, viz.

All reports of work performed in the Engineer department the bugh the Union Engineer, and all reports of the progress of Public works in the Eurrack, and Civil Departments, thro' the Superintendants of Civil and Military Buildings in the Upper and Lower Provinces respectively.

It will be the duty of these Officers to lay the reports above referred to, monthly, before the Military Board, accompanied with their remarks upon each; not only with regard to the extent of work performed, but of the workmen employed and materials provided, so as to enable the Board to form an acc

ratejudement of the exertions and industry of executive Comfrom the progress made.

In all cases where Officers employed in the execution Public Works are permitted to draw a Monthly Salary, on sertis-ficates furnished by the Chief Engineer, or either of the Superina tendants, it is to be clearly understood that those Certificates; are only to vouch for the time actually, and in the judgment of those Officers, necessarily occupied, in performing the work, without taking into consideration any interruptions, the circumstances attending which are to be separately stated for the consideration of the Military Board.

JOHN CRAIGIE. Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

Paras, 38 and 39. " In oith

Military Letter to Bombay dated

15th March 1815, (Paras. 118

a 15) Copy of which was trans mitted to you in the usual man ner, we observed that the ap-

pointment of Assistant Surgeon

in India was obviously impro

per, as it was an encourage

ment to men, of whose educa-

BENERAL DEDERS, SY THE HONORABLE THE VICE-PRESIDENT IN COUNCIL.

# FORT WILLIAM; JULY 29, 1817.

Ordered, that the following Paragraphs of a General Letter from the Honorable the Court of Directors, in the Military De partment, under date the 18th of December 1816, be published in General Orders.

General Letter dated 28th April. 1415.

Paras. 100 a 2 Mosses. Scott, Barker, Mendes, and McCowan, appointed Assistant Surgeons provisionally. under the exigency of the service; and at the recommendation of the Commander in Chief. tion and that atter we had no means of judging to resort to India, in the impos of obtaining, through the interest of friend

there, an introduction into the Company's Service, and on these grounds we differed that all appointments of Assistant Surgeons made at Bombay should be cancelled. 39. "The same reasons apply with equal force to your Presidency; it is true that the persons we see use we are non considering, went out as Surgeons of Ships in the Company's Ser

vice, but an atherence to the general rule we have laid down is the only sufeguard against improper appointments, and we therefore direct, that the appointments noticed in these results and all others of a similar nature, which that the same which the same states are supposed to the same supposed to th made, be cancelled.

mane, or expenses.

In obsidence to the orders of the Respirable Court, conveyed in the foregoing Extract, the Nonormal fire Vice-President in Council is pleased to direct, that the hadre of Assistant Surgeon Scott, Barker, Mendesc and McCounty, by discontinued on the hat of the Arply from theist Proxime.

JOHN CRAIGIE. Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept BENERAL CAPERS, BY THE MONORABLE THE VIOR-PRESIDENT

# BORT WILLIAM; sein July, 1817.

The Honorable the Vice-President in Council is pleased to direct the following augmentations to be immediately made to the Army.

1. The undermentioned Corps to be augmented to so men per Company, viz.

1st Battalion 9th Regiment Native Infantry,

14 Ditto .. 92d ..... ditto,

· 1st Ditto .: 80th ...... ditto,

2d Pitto .. 4th ..... ditto,

let Ditto .. 21st .... ditto,

1st Ditto .. 16th ...... ditto,

. 1st Ditto .. 11th ..... ditto,

2d Ditto .. 14th ..... ditto,

2. One Company of the present strength to be added to each of the Provincial Battalions at Dacca and Chiltagong.

3: The Sylhet Corps to be adgmented and formed into Six Companies, each Company to consist of the following Detail

Subadara .

l Jemadar,

5 Naicks,

90 Privates.

# 2' Va.

With 8 Drummers, for the whole.

An Adjutant and a Quarter Master Serieant to be appointed, as a temporary measure, to the Sylhet Corps.

4. The Chumparun Light Infantry and Runggore local Battalions to be augmented, by 10 men a Company.

Rie Excellency the Most Noble the Commander in Chief is rechested to issue the necessary subsidiary orders, for carrying the shove arrangements into effect

The Vice-President in Council is pleased, at the recommendation of his Excellency the Commander in Chief, to appoint the contenant Colonel Thomas Shuldham of the 20th Regiment of Native Talantry, to command the Troops in the District of Danca, with the usual, allowances attached to the situation of a Baggadier nominated to a frontier command.

JOHN CRAIGIE

# AUGUST P.

We have letters from the Head Quarters of the Nagpore Subsidiary force to the 19th. Nothing new had occurred there except the publication of orders from His Excellency Sir T. Histop. Sir John Matcolm was expected to reach Hydrabad by the 20th July, and Sir T. Hislop by the end of the month. Sir John Malcolm would accompany the Madras Commander in Chief, as Agent for the Governor General. Our letters from the Upper provinces announce high expectations from the measures in progress for next cold season. Under the probability of the army moving, quarters in the Fortress of Agra are stated to be in great request for the families of officers. Major General Donkin had engaged a house there for the season. It is conjectured that Scindia will probably soon move towards the South. Camp has been so many years stationary in the vicinity of Gualior as to have gradually assumed the form of a town.

Captain Cobbe, we understand, succeeds the late Captain Ashurst, as Deputy Pay Master to the Sub-

sidiary Force at Nagpore.

Our letter dated 1st August, received from "On the Ganges Zunjeera near Moonghyr," states with re errence to the progress of the fleet, that it could not reach the latter place on that day as was expected, owing to contrary winds; and that 13 boats, containing articles of consumption belonging to the Most Noble the Governor General, from the boisterousness of the weather, had been carried adrift, and totally lost. Some portion of the articles however, is stated to have been recovered,—but we have not been able to learn the fullest extent of the injury, or whether any lives had been lost on this occasion.

# AUGUST 11.

We have copied from the Bengal Hurkaru the following letter, which gives a circumstantial account of the capture of the Ship Triton, a vessel which sailed from this port, last year, under Spanish colours, bound to Old Spain. It appears from the

statement alluded to, that this vessel has been captured by the Brig Tapac Amaro, carrying the colours of the South American Independents, but built in the United States, commanded by a Captain Monson, and manned by Officers and Crew, entirely North Americans and only 23 days from Baltimore, where, it is stated, she was manned and armed. In addition to these particulars, we understand that she has been since condemned as Prize to an American subject, who recently acted as Consul of the United States at Buenos Ayres. As the Triton has been largely insured in the Calcutta Offices, the legality of her capture becomes a question of great interest to the Commercial body of this Community; for, although the vessel and cargo were Spanish property, and have been captured by persons, who it seems, had a formal commission from the persons exercising the power of government at Buenos Ayres; it should there a to involve a question, whether subjects of the United States, while their country is at amity with Great Britain and with Spain, can engage in legitenate warfare, against the commerce of Spain, and virtually against the Capital of British subjects?

We are not aware that either America or Great Britain has yet acknowledged the independence of the Spanish Americans: but admitting that they are morally justified in retaliating against their mother country, the grievances of which they complain—at the hazard of being treated as Rebels in case of capture—will the effort which they have made to establish an independent government, warrant the subjects of other States, in amity with their parent country, in engaging in hostile projects, under a banner not yet retognized by the international common wealth! If the capture of the Triton be not actual Piracy, it seems difficult to give it any de-

finite designation

Since writing the foregoing observations, we have been favored with a perusal of the original of the letter published in the Markora and of several other letters and documents relating to the capture and condemnation of the Triton. We collect that the

Captor and Prize arrived in the river Plate on the lst of April, and that the Triton was condemned on the 18th of that month to Mesers. D. Fornest and Co. as owners of the Brig Tapac Amaro. pears that although the Triton arrived off Encauda on the 1st of April, the Captain, Officers and Crew were kept on board the Brig until the 14th, and the Crew confined in Irons, without being permitted to have any communication whatever with the shore.-A Petition presented by the Supra Cargo and Navigator of the Triton to the Supreme Director at Buenos Ayres, described the Tapac Amaro, as a vessel belonging to the United States, formerly called the Regent, and alledged that she was purchased, manued and armed in a Port of the United States, by subjects of that country, and that she sailed from that Port on the Cruise, during which the Triton was captured. This Petition produced no beneficial effect. The Boastwain, Gunner's mate and two Seamen of the Triton, died of their wounds after the capture.

It is stated in one of the letters, now before us, that Chili was conquered about the month of February by the Republicans under Gen. St. MARTIN: and that this Chieftain, had entered into arrangements with persons in North America, to fit out a powerful expedition to attack Lima in the beginning of next year. It is added that upwards of twenty Cruisers of different classes, well armed and manned, had left the Port of Buenos Ayres, under the Ke-

publican Flag.

# To J. B. HUDSON, Esq. -

Dran Sin,

I am extremely sorry to inform you that the Ship Triton has been captured after an action of four hours and 30 minutes in Latitude 36. 59. North and 14. 98. West Longitude. Cape St. Vincent bearing East 150 miles on the 25th; day, of James, 1817, by the Brig Tupes amero, Mercan Moboon, of New York, Commander, mounting 10 long of positions and two short carronades, with a crew of 100 men 1920, 12 Officers; entirely Americans, out 23 days from Balkarder, North America, where she manued and armed. The full wing is the minutes of our proceedings during the action.

At hoon on the 24th saws strange sail at N. W. apparentie in chase at 8 P. M. the Stranger hailed us in English, we answered the Triten, from Bengel-She answered His, Majesty's Brig Engineer, from a cruize, after which they made sail ahead. At day light, on the 25th, saw the Stranger, on the weather. quarter under English Colours and pendant, we hoisted Spanish Colours at 8 30, A. M. the Stranger hore down on us, we shortened sail and hailed them, they answered as before, we answered the Trilon, then they requested us to and our boat with Ship's papers and Log book—we replied "We do not understand you,"-we remained with our courses up and otherwise ready to receive them either as a friend or an enemy, they having stood some distance from us astern, we made sail on our courses, they tacked, stood after and neared us-at 9 30 he fired a blank cartridge, after which we hauled up our courses, &c. he then fired a musket ball, at the same time shifted his colou. with a blue white and blue flag horizontally, and hailed us to strike our colours to the Republican Brigof Buenos Ayres, at the same time steering in a postition to rake us, which we managured to prevent, when we received a broadside and heavy five of musketry, some of our men run from their quarters, the other lay down as per orders, until their first Volley was over-we then rallied our crew with promises and threats, returned the fire, and exchanged several Broadsides, then the Brig hauled off (we had one man killed and two wounded) and remained about 15 minutes, then she hore down to rake us on the bow. We manouvred to prevent being raked and to rake her, in which wer both succeeded, and after exchanging several broadsides the Brig hauled off again with the loss of her Fore Royal Mast, (we wore and stood afterher) she remained off nearly half an hour, then bore fown again, we manageuvred as before, but such was the advantage the Brig had from her superior sailing then, when she presented an opportunity for us to rake them, the wind being so very light before we could come too, to the wind the Brig run under our stern from under our guns at 2 30 P. M. 'bey boarded us on the berboardquarter and after such resistance as the Officers and some of the crew could tonke against 60 or 70 of the enemy, the greatest part of our crew run from their quarters the moment the Brig boarded us, we most reluctantly became their prize,

Myself and Officers were taken on board the Brig, were

now remain.

Our state previous to the action was, three died on a passage, eighteen men sick of different diseases, five of wich may could give us any assistance, and the rest of the crew much fatigued by a heavy gale we had amongst the western Islands from the 18th to the 20th instant. The following is a list of killed and wounded.

Mr. B. Bellings, 2d Officer, Arrapao, Carpenter, Peter Williams, Seaman. SEVERELY WOUNDED.

William Beaty, Boatswain, Peter Mangerno, Manuel Romaro, Seaman, John Beachoo, ditto, Frederick Harcart, ditto, Thomas Sagovia, ditto.

SLIGHTLY WOUNDED.

Mr. M. Crisp, 1st Officer,
John Williams, Seaman,
John Vangetesta, ditto,
John Lewis, ditto.

The Brig only reported to have had their 2d Lieutemant

killed and four Seamen wounded.

I am glad to think we have had no more killed or wounded, when I consider the heavy fire of the enemy, when they had in every gun 300 musket balls, but our greatest loss was at the time of being boarded.

Your Obedient Servant,

DAVID PROODFOOT.

Dated at Sea, on board the Brig Tupac Amaro; January 26, 1817.

The Bombay Courier contains a long report of a trial in the Recorder's Court. The action was brought by Lieutenant Farewell, of the Royal Navy, to recover damages from Captain Larkins of the Marquis of Camden Indiaman, for imprisonment during twenty-one days. We cannot publish the details of the evidence, but the following is stated to be the Judgement of the Court.

"The Cause having been thus concluded, the Honorable the Recorder, as we have before observed, summed up the evidence with much perspicuity, force and minuteness. He stated, that the point upon which English juries were always found to be most jealously alive to redress wrongs was on the continued violation of personal liberty. That the Court had to discharge the duty of a jury. That the authority of Captains of Indiamen is one very important to be preserved by the Court, and its only danger in the present feelings of the King's Courts must arise from its being found to be habitually abused. That the principle danger to the descipline of these ships would arise from the Seamen discovering that the King's Courts were habitually obliged to interfere to punish oppression. That no such habit hitherto existed, and it was the business of the Court to prevent such scenes from becoming habitual. That the conduct of the plaintid was by no means free from censure. That he had written to defendant a letter evidently calculated to provoke him to

fight a duel. That if the defendant was conscious that his ethduct had not led to such provocation, it was perhaps his bounden duty, and he would certainly have been at least warranted in taking means, to relieve himself from a repetition of such silegel insult, even by confinement of the party if necessary, in order to bring him to the King's Court to answer for that But that was not the defendant's conduct. That even in that case he ought not to have confined plaintiff more that the necessity justified, the ground of his authority being on!, the necessity of some exercise of power to prevent outrage, or to 1 mos may real and serious obstruction to the management of the ship, and being therefore limited by the necessity which created it. That in this respect the authority of the Captuin of an Indimman, especially over his passengers, differs event. I'v tone military authority. That in the latter, one principes of the 'a renstom the minds of the soldiers or sailors in the die . . . habits of obedience, and orders may properly be given and enforced for that sole purpose. But no such ground of authority had existed between these parties. That the detendant had in effect doomed the plaintiff to solitary inprisonment by scheiling his officers to refuse to hold communication with him, even before he had found a pretext for giving the order for that, or the subsequent order for his confinement to his cabin. That he had done so after making enquiries and having ascertained that the plaintiff had not been in the habit of holdin, improper language converning the government of the ship. That the only addition which could be made to the real solitors imprisonment which before existed, was the taking away the possibility of air and exercise until the actual destruction of health should have forced some relaxation of this severity. That the only pretence for this was the scene on the peop immediately preceding the actual imprisonment. That the institutation for 26 days imprisonment was the plaintiff have ing hummed a tune while the band was playing. That the cus tom of not allowing singing on the quarter deck was rational and proper in general, as that is the place from which the officers' give their orders, and there must be silence of others that their orders may be heard; but this cannot apply to humming a tune while the band was playing. That it was accordingly proved that this was not even any breach of decorum; but it never could be more than a. breach of good manners and could never wacrant such a confinement. That of the humming a tune while the hand was playing was an indifferent act in itself, it did not change its nature by the order of the defendant forbidding the . nlaintiff to do what was otherwise not improper. That the ordel war and as against a passenger and that the plaintiff did right to refuse to obey it. That the plaintiff was also right in returning to obey the order to go to his cabin. But these acts did follow some conduct of the plaintiff, in his looks and manner of approaching the Defendant, which had been considered by some of the by-standers, and might possibly have been considered by the Defendant, as repetitions of insulting provocation,

and if the ground of this action had been acts only done in the heat of irritation, even if under a mistaken cause, and not continued after the evening, it would only have been a case for moderate damages; but the continuation of 46 days of solitary confinement was an enormous abuse of authority. That the previous application of the defendant to his officers not to speak to the plaintiff, the only passenger on board, and the withdrawing from him the indulgence of the servant who was accustomed to attend him, were strong indications of the feelings and disposition in which this abuse of authority originated, and made it such a case as seemed to call for exemplary damages to deter others from similar conduct.

"The court then retired to consider of their verdict, a d restaurned in about half on hour with a verdict for the plaintiff,—adamages 5,000 Rupees.

"In delivering the sentence of the Court, the Recorder added-that he thought it his duty to state the mode in which the ver, diet had been given. That he had, around, left the sur extion of the amount to his associates, and had not himsel? expressed an opinion on the subject, a majority of their voices having found it at the amount stated. That he perfectly acquiesced in their decision, considering that more perpliarly within their province; but, that he would not he state to state, that he would not he state that he would have acquiesced with more perfect satisfaction in a verdict for perhaps ten times the amount of the damages, given. That his principal reason for status; this opinion was, that he was the only permanent Judge of the Court, and that it might perhaps operate as a check to the recurrence of future cases of this nature, if it were publicly known that, under similar circumstances, much heavier damages might possibly be given.

Letters from the Cape of Good Hope mention the safe arrival of the Wellington, Capt. Anstron, at Cape Town on the 4th of June. The passage was tedious—the vessel having experienced contrary winds and calms; but all the passengers were in perfect health. She was to proceed on the voyage on the 5th of June.

A vessel had arrived at the Cape on her governor to New South Wales, with artificers of every description for the purpose of constructing Docks, and carrying on Ship-building on an extensive scale. The Partridge, a tree trader from England, bound to this country, had also arrived at Cape Town.

Commercial letters up to the 29th of March, continue to give a favorable view of the state of the Markets in England for India Produce :- Cottons still kept up, owing chiefly to the non-arrival of expected American importations. At a Sale announced for the 18th of April, Bengal were expected to fetch; 12d and Surats from 15d to 18d per lb .- Indigo had also risen. The great Sale would commence on the 16th April, at which, that article was expected to fetch higher prices than for some time before.-Rice (about the middle of March) had been relieved from the home-consumption duty-that on American Rice having been suspended till the 5th of April 1819, and on Indian sice to 31st December 1818,-An application had been made by the Agency Houses for a bounty on Indian Rice, which however, was not likely to be granted. The price of the latter had risen to 40 and 42s. per cut, and not above 1000 er 2000 bags remained in the market .- Java Rice was worth 46s. and upwards.—Dollars had risen to the high price of 5s. 1d. per oz., probably occasioned by a continuance of the large exportations from Europe in general, as well as America, for the East India and China trade.

The plan of opening a direct trade from India to Malta and Gibraltar, was still under consideration before the House of Commons the cud of March.

The Dutch Government was on the eve of establishing a free trade between Holland and China.

# CURRENT EXCHANGE WITH INGLAND.

BUYING RATES	date, or 6 m's.	RELLING RATES.
2s. 7d. per R.	sight	2s. 6d. per R.
	sight	2s. 5d. per R.

#### AUGUST 13.

We have perused Letters from the Camp at the Gongparrah Pass, dated the 3d instant. The rebels occupied the Underrah Stockade, against which Captain Kennett was to advance at day-light on the 4th instant, at the head of six Companies. A Detach-

ment of 80 men under Lieutenant McKenly, was to advance on the afternoon of the 3d, to endeavour to get into the rear of the Pikes, who were not expected to stand Captain Kennett's attack. The rains have been most incessant, and the roads are very bad, and in some places scarcely passable. Several unsuccessful a tempts have lately been made, to surprize parties of Pikes, and some Detachments of Sepoys on this duty, have been exposed to the rain for nine hours continuance without any covering.

This day being the Anaiversary of His Royal Highness the Prince Regent's birth, the Troops in Fort William were us fected at the usual hour in the morning, by Major General Wood, commanding at the Presidency. The General was received with the usual Salute. At 12 o'clock, a Royal Salute was fired from the Ramparts of Fort William, and the Honorable the Vice President gave a Dinner to a select Party in the evening.

We have not received our usual Ukhbars this week, and those of last week contained no information worthy of being laid before our readers. The only news from the Western Provinces is, that General Malcolm was expected to reach Hyderabad on the 20th, and Sir T. Histop about the 50th ultimo. It seems a general opinion at the Military Station, that very extensive operations will be undertaken next cold season. Although the Peishwa has been brought into the measures of the Governor General. It does not appear that much progress has been made with Scindian, whose camp is now at Gualior. It was however, expected that he would soon move to the Southward.

A new Private Theatre has been set up in Bondfield's Lane, where the Farces of 'Bon 'Con' and 'TheReview', are said to have been got up on the 28th ultime, by a party of young Gentlemen, with great spirit, before a numerous and respectable Audience, and the Performance to have afforded much amusement. In the former Piece, Colonel Tiny, Sir J. Trotley, and Miss Fittup, were well supported, and attracted universal applause. In the latter Deputy Bull, John Lump, and Loony Muctoulter, are said

to have produced a fund of entertainment.

This little Theatre is said to be fitted up with an uncommon degree of elegance, and to reflect no little credit on the taste of the Amateurs, whose intent on it is, we understand, to carry it on by Subscription.

His Excellency the Most Noble the Governor General and Suite, were at Patna, on the 4th instant. At Bauglepore, several hoats, containing wine and other articles sunk during a gale of wind, and some valuable horses were also lost.

#### AUGUST 14.

The Lord Bishop of Calcutta has been pleased to appoint the Revd. John Howtayne, M. A. of Excter College, Oxford, to be his Lordship's domestic Chaplain.

ASTATIC SOCIETY.—A meeting of the Astatic Society was held at Chouringhee on the evening of, the 6th instant. Mr. Harington presided on the occasion. Several curious articles of Hindoo Sculpture, Painting, &c. had been received during the preceding two Months, and were deposited in the Museum.

An interesting paper was read, written by Mr. Ellis' communicating a curious instance of literary forgery or rather religious imposition. In 1778 a book, was printed at Paris entitled L'Ezour Vedam, containing the exposition of the opinions of the Indian priests and philosophers, and said to be translated, from the Sanscrit by a Bramin. It was said in the pretace that the work was originally among the papers of M. Barthelemy, a member of Council at Pondicherry, that M. Moldave brought a copy of it from India, and presented it to Voltaire, who sent it in 1761, to the Library of the King of France. Voltaire had been informed that the chief-priest of Cherengham, distinguished for his knowledge of the French language, and the services he had performed

for the India Company, was the translator of the Ezour Vedam, and appears to have believed it an authentic work. M. Anguetel du Perron was of the same oni-M. Sonnerat, however, seems to have detected the error, and describes the Ezour Vedam as not genume, but the composition of a missionary at Masulspatam, sous le manteau Brame. Mr. Ellis has since ascertained that the original of this work still exists among the manuscripts in the possession of the Catholic Missionaries at Pondicherry, which are understood to have belonged originally to the Society of Besides the Ezour Vedam, there are also among these Manuscripts imitations of the other three Vedas, each of them in Sanscrit, in the roman character, and in French. Mr. Ellis enters into a philological investigation of the Manuscripts to show that whether the author were a native or a European, the work must either have originated in the provinces of Bengal and Orissa, or have been composed by some one who had there learned the rudiments of the Sanscrit. He then gives a list of the mahuscripts in the possession of the Catholic Missionaries and their contents:—they are eight in number. One of them concludes by denying the divinity of Brahma, and asserting him to have been a man in all respects resembling They are all intended to retute other human beings. the doctrines, and show the absordity of the ceremomes, inculcated by the Brahmins. The native Christims at Pondicherry are of opinion that they were w itten by Robertus de Nobilibus, a near relation of h. holings Marcelius the II. and the nephew of Cardinal Bellarmin, and who founded the Madura raission, about the year 1620. This personage appears to be well known to h to Hindoos and Christians, ander the Sanscriptitle of Tatwa-bod'ha-swami, whose writings on polemical theology are said to resemble greatly the controversial parts of the Rseudo-Yedas, discovered by Mr. Ellis. That learned centleman thinks it not improbable that the substance of them, as they now exist, is from his pen, and that they consisted originally, like his works in Tamil, of detached treatises on various controversial points, and that some other hand has since arranged them in their present form, imposed on them a talse title, transcribed

them into the Roman character, and translated them into French. It is said however that the manner, style, form, and substance, of the Pseudo-vedas do not bear the most distant resemblance to the writings, whose titles they assume. Mr. Ellis gives an elaborate analysis of the real Vedas, and compares them particularly with the forge ries. The whole scope of the Pseudo-vedas is evidently the destruction of the existing belief of the Hindoos, without regarding consequences, or caring whether a blank be substituted for it or not. The writings of Ram Mohun Roy seem to be precisely of the same tendency as the discussions of Robertus de Nobilibus. The mission of Madura appears to have been founded on the principle of concealing from the natives the country of the missionaries, and imposing them on the people as belonging to the sacred tribe of the Brahmins (Romaca Brahmana was the title they assumed), and this deception. probably, led to many more.

The paper of Mr. Ellis, of which we have given this imperfect report, displays a profound knowledge of Sanscrit literature, and will be read with peculiar

interest by the orienfal scholar.

The same intelligent writer has transmitted to the Society, his able Dissertation on the Malayalma language, which is spoken in the southern provinces of Travancore.

# SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS. Aug. 5. Brig l'endorp, (American) Catchet, from Baltimore 22d April.

Do. 7. Orient, Gook, from London 1st April.—Cornwall, Oxley, from Liverpool 22d March.

Do. 8. Isabella, Scarvell, from the Cape of Good Hope 18th June.

DEPARTURES. Aug. 2: Earl Kellie, Hamilton, for Madras and isle of France.

Do. 4. John 'Tobin, Kernan, for Liverpool .- Mary Anne,

McClune, for Loudon.

Do. 5. Bing Haldane, Allan, for Padang - Brig Minerva, Russel, for Penang - Barrose, Garrick, to complete her loading for London.

Do. 6. Bramin. (American) McGregor, for Boston .- India, ! (Ditto' Tomkin, for New York .- Menarch, Gascoygne, for England.

PASSENGERS per Orient, from London Mrs. S. Hill, Miss A. Crump, Miss L. Crump, Mr. W. Prinsep, Free-merchant, Mr. G. Parkyns. Free-mariner, Mr. D. Brown, and Mr. D. Nichol, Merchants from Scotland.

Per (aladonia: Robert Fletcher, Esq. Cadet.

Per Volunteer-John Ross, Esq. M. D. from Petersburgh. The following persons, late of the ship "Idmiral Gambier, wrecked on the Island of Juan-de-Novo, in the Mosambique Channel, on the 20th June:

Captain Robert Bush.

Officers: -Mr. Rind; Mr. John Northwood, and Mt. James Richardson,

Carpenter -Me. John Salton,

Boatswain :- Mr. Robert Sanders,

Seamen, &c .: -Twenty four,

Passengers:—Mr. Frigonce: Mr. and Mrs Bishop: Masters John and Edmund Bishop; Misses Margaret, Jane and Eleanor Bishop, and Master Robert Hubbard.

BOMBAY. Anniver July 9. Brig Bridget, Captain Vincent

May, from Liverpool.

Departments, July 12 H. C. Ship Rombay, Captain A. Hamilton, to China. Passengers. T. M. Wing, Usq. Thomas Dead, Esq. George Pelly, Esq. 3. Stewart. Esq. Mis. J. C. Stewart. Misses Jane Still, and Anne Forbes. Stew it. Master Charles Stewart.—H. C. Ship Charles Grant, Captain High Scott, to China.—H. C. Ship Ingles, Captain William Hay, to China.—Ship Commonlies, Captain Robe's Graham, to China.—Ship Ludy, Viggent, Captain Robert. Syanston, to China.—13. H. C. Ship. Marquis. Camden, Captain. Thomas Larkins. to China.

):

#### JULY 16.

Not a single ship has arrived from Purope or the Guli h, during the last week. Considering the late arrivals which have taken place, both here and or Madras, it seems unreasonable to be wishing for more intelligence, but such was the state of our native country at the date of the last advices, that we cannot be otherwise than peculially and arous for later accounts.

The Asia. Captain Greig, having reached England, early in January, may be expected, shortly to arrive agoin, in this port, the Captain having expressed his intention of

returning hisher as quickly as possible.

The Carmartheo, Captain Ross, (whose original destination for Madeira and Bengol has been changed, as we are informed, to that of Madeira and Bombay) was to be in the Downs on the 10th of March.

# CALCUTTA MONTHLY JOURNAL:

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# Calcutta.

# MILITARY.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY THE HONORABLE THE VICE-PRESIDENT

## FORT WILLIAM; July 29, 1817.

Mr. H. V. Glegg, and Mr. R. M. Cathcart, having respectively produced a Certificate and a Counterpart Covenant of their appointments as a Cadet and an Assistant Surgeon on this Establishment, are admitted into the service accordingly, and the former is promoted to the rank of Eusign, the date of his rank to be adjusted hereafter.

Mr. Surgeon J. Langstaff has been permitted by the Honorable the Court of Directors to return to his duty on this Esta-

blishment, without prejudice to his rank.

Major General Sir G. Wood, K. C. B. who stands appointed to the Benares division of the Army, having furnished the prescribed Certificate from the Medical Department, is permitted to proceed to the Cape of Good Hope, and eventually to Europe, for the benefit of his health, on his producing the usual Certificate from the Pay Department.

cate from the Pay Department.

Captzen G. H. Gall, Commanding the Governor General's Body Gnard, having forwarded a Medical Certificate from the Cape of Good Hope, the permission granted to him in Government General Orders, dated the 4th of February last on account of his health, is extended six months beyond the period therein

mentioned.

Ensign Robert Bell of the 17th Regiment of Native Infantry, who now Commands His Highness the Nizam's Artillery in Berar, is permitted, at his own request, to resign the Honorable Company's Service, and to return to Europe, on furnishing the

prescribed Certificate from the Pay Department.

The two undermentioned Non-Commissioned Officers, having furnished satisfactory testimonials of their claim to the Pension established by Minutes of Council of the 18th January 1797, are admitted to the benefits of that institution accordingly; and permitted to reside and draw their stepends, the first at Mongheer, and the second at the Presidency, viz.

Sericant Tajor James Spinks, of the Benares Provincial

Battalion.

Serjeant Ephraim Bradbury, of the Artillery Regiment, Serjeant Mears, who in Government General Orders under det the 7th of October 1815, was transferred to the Pension Establishment, having been permitted by His Excellency the Commander in Chief to return to the effective branch of the estrvice, in consequence of the re-establishment of his health, the Pension hitherto drawn by Serjeant Mears is to be suspended from the Ist proximo, during such time as he may continue to perform the duty and draw the Pay of an effective Serjeant.

JOHN CRAIGIE.

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

CENERAL ORDERS, BY THE HONORABLE THE VICE-PRESIDENT IV COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; JULY 29, 1817.

The Honorable the Vice-President in Council is pleased to direct all Officers in Command of Posts, Garrisons, and Posts were depôts of Profisions, Grain, Liquor, &c. may be established, to furnish the Military Board with regular quarterly returns of all Stores in the Depôts under their Command, commencing with the 1st of August next.

JOHN CRAIGIE.

Offg, Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

CENERAL ORDERS, BY THE HOTORSBLE THE VICE-PRESIDENT

## FORT WILLIAM; JULY 29, 1817.

Ordered, that the List of Rank, received from the Honorable the Court of Directors, of Agastant Surgeons for Bengal appointed and proceeding by certain ships of the season 1816, be published in General Orders.

Hank of Assistant Surgeons for Bengal, appointed and proceed.

ing by the following ships of the season 1816.
Thomas Henderson, M. D. Streatham.

James Gordon, ..... M. D. Rose.

JOHN CRAIGIE,

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY THE HONORADEL THE WICE-RESIDEN IN COUNCIL.

## FORT WILLIAM; August 4, 1817.

The Honorable the Vice-President in Council is pleased to authorize an Establishment of 15 Trumpeters to be entertained for the Corps of Irregular Ikorse commanded by Lieutenant Colonel Skinner. on a monthly Pay of 28 Rupees each, and a Staff Allowance of 5 Rupees for a Trumpeter Major.

The Establishment of Naggarchies attached to the above-men-

tioned Corps, is :educed to fifteen.

JOHN CRAIGIE, . Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY THE HONORABLE THE VICE-PRESIDENT IN COUNCIL.

## FORT WILLIAM , August 5, 1817.

The Honorable the Vice-President in Council is pleased to apa point-Mr. Assist int Surgeon Savage, at present attached to the Civil Station of Midnapore, to perform the Medical duties of the Civil Station of Tumlook

JOHN CRAIGIE.

Offg. See to Govt, Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY THE HONORAGED THE VICE-PRESIDENT COUNCIDA

#### FORT WILLIAM, Aggrst 5, 1817.

Ordered that the following Copy of a Paragraph which will be invited in the next General Letter to Bengal, be published in General Orders

" We have permitted Lieutenant-Colonel James Garner of O your Establishment, to or, cam in England, until the departure " of the first Company's ships of next season, (1817-18)"

JOHN CRAIGIE,

Offic Sec to Govt, Mil. Dept.

#### AUGUST 16.

The Most Noble the Governor General remained on the 3d and 4th instant a little above Mougher, with a view of enabling the Baggage and other Boats to overtake the fleet. The hazardous attempt of passing the Fort was fatal to several of the boats in the suite.

We have great pleasure in adding from letters recerved vesterday, that his Excellency and suite were in perfect health, and had on the 5th instant reached Bhar, a little below Patna, where his Excellency in. tended to remain one day.

It was stated that Gooro Gujraj Misser, Minister to the Rais of Nepaul, would solicit the honor of waiting on His Excellency with a view of presenting a Nurr. and of having a Khelat bestowed upon him.

Since the preceding paragraph went to press, we were obligingly favored with the perusal of letters rereived at a late hour yesterday, from which it appears, that His Lordship and suite were at Point on the 9th, inst. 6 all well—and that the Fleet was expected to come up to Bankipore on that day.—We are sorry to find that some injury had again happened to some of the boats, belonging to the suite. It is however stated, that no bad consequences had arisen from it.

The project announced in a farmer number of constructing an Air Balloon, is for the present relinquished; the Gentleman who proposed to ascend, being, in obedience to the orders of Government, on the point of proceeding to his corps.

It is with sincere regret that we announce the death of the Honorable Mr. Dayot, Intendant of Chandernagore, at the house of E. Watson, Esq. Chouringee, on Wednesday last. On Thursday evening, the Remains, with all the melanchely pomp attached to such an occasion, were accompained by a procession of Roman Cattohe Priests, and followed by a number of French and English gentlemen, to Mr. Tiretta's Buytal Ground, where they were deposited. Conformable to the annexed orders of Government, three handeed of H. M.,59th Regiment attended the funeral, and, on its reaching the Burial ground, discharged three vollies, while minute runs, co.:22pond, ent to the age of the deceased, were fired at the Fort

GLERAL OROFPS, BY THE HONORABLE THE VICE PRESIDENT IN COLNCIL FORT WILLIAM; Armest 14, 1817.

The Honor dile the Vice President in Counce Has received, with the deepest to rect and concern, intimation to the lamented decrease of the Honorable Mr. Davor, Litendaria of Chamlernegore and its dependencies, which melincheds event took place at this Presidency in the afternoon of vesterday, the 13th instant.

As a tribute of respect for the high situation held by the late Mi. Dayor, and as a mark of esteem for his personal character, the Vice-President in Conneil is pleased to direct that a Funeral Party, consisting of 300 Men of H. M. 59th Regiment Be appoined to attend the interment at 6 o'Clock this-evening, and to Fifty two Minute Guns, corresponding with the age of the Deceased, by at the same time fired from the Ramparts of Fort Williams

JOHN CRAIGIT

We understand that one of the Boats laden with Sugar, from Benares, on account of the Company, on reaching the Ghaut on the evening of the 14th instant, struck an Anchor nearly apposite Mr. Smith's dock-yard, in Clive Street, started one of her planks, and sunk immediately. The boat contained 150 bags of Sugar, but by timely assistance, 146 bags were eaved.

We understand that the H. C. ships Minerva and Marques of Wellington laden with dead weight in Sugar, will be dispatched from this Presidency early in the month of December next, to Fort St. George, where they will complete their lading; but the Minerva will probably he sent on for that purpose to Ceylon, as may be the determination of the Government of Fort St. George.

For the following intelligence, we are greatly indebted to an intelligent correspondent:--

Extract of Division Orders by Major Clarke, commanding West of the Gurjal River—Camp 13th June, 1817.

The detachment under the command of Major Logie, having joined the Head Quarters of the division, the detachment from the Light Infantry and

Cavalry, will join their respective corps.

The Commanding Officer begs to offer his most cordial congratulations to Major Logie, and the officers and men of the 1st Battalion 19th Regiment, the detachment of Light Infantry and Cavalry, on the successful termination of the arduous and important service on which the detachment has been employed for so long a period, during the hot weather. The skill and ability evinced by Major Logie in the defence of a chain of posts extending sixty miles, by which a numerous, watchful and enterprising enemy has been defeated in every project, to, cross the Nerbuddah, has been no less conspicuous than the zeal and vigilance with which this judiciously arranged system has been maintained by every officer in command of posts, and the Commanding Officer has performed a most

gratifying part of his duty, in bringing the merits of the officers and men of the whole division, to the notice of the Commanding Officer of the Subsidiary Force.

Extract Division Orders by Lt. Col. Adams, commanding Nagpore Subsidiary Force, Head-Quarters, Hussingubad, 20th June, 1817.

The troops detached under the command of Major Clarke, to whom was confided the important trust of defending that part of the Frontier, Dukkeen, most exposed to hostile excursions, having rejoined Head Quarters, the Commanding Officer performs a duty no less satisfactory to himself, than justly claimed by the merits of the troops employed, in holding up to the emmlation of the Subsidiary Force, not only the zeal and perseverance which has been manife-ted in the discharge of the satiguing service by all concerned, but the judgment and enterprize of Major Clarke, and the energy of the officers and troops under his immediate command, in so promptly and gallantly availing themselves of the first opportunity that was afforded of chastising the enemy, on his own ground, where. from the obstacles opposed to the advance of our troops, he had hitherto remained in confident security

The more arduous and, immediate share of important defensive service, that was allotted to the 1st Battalion, 19th Regiment, and what has una roidably been so long protracted, has been conducted with that zeal and accuracy, and disregard of privations and fatigues, which were to be expected from a well-founded confidence in the character of that highly disciplined and distinguished corps; and Lt. Col. Adams most anxiously hopes, that the temporary diminution of its effective strength, which the Battalion at present suffers, owing to severe sickness, attributable to the harassing duty it has recently undergone, may shortly

give place to its wonted efficiency.

Coroner's Inquests.—On More'ay last the 11th instant, an Inquest washeld at the old Hurring-baurree, situate in the Loll Bazar, over the body of one John D'Cruz, who, it apppeared upon evidence, had

swallowed Poison in a fit of despair, owing to the death of a favorite Dulcinea,—a verdict was returned

m consequence of Suicide.

On Thursday, the 14th, another Inquest was held at Soortee-baugun, situate in Coolootolah, over the body of Gungaram, on Ooreah Bearer. In this case, an attempt was made to implicate the Wife of the Deceased with his Death—but after a long and tedions investigation, there was not the most distant causs for such a conjecture, and a verdict was returned of—Natural Death.

## AUGUST IS

In an article published in the last Government Grzette, containing an account of a communication from Mr. Eddis, (we believe of Madras.) to the Asiatic Society, a literary forgery or religious imposition is mentioned to have been detected by Mr. ELLIS. The forgery or imposition is imputed to one Robertus De Nobilibus, who is stated to have founded a mission to Maliura about the year 1020. and the object of the alledged fabrication is thus described :- The whole scope of the Pseudo-Vedas " is evidently the destruction of the existing belief of the Hindoos, without regarding consequences, " or caring whether a blank be-substituted for it or " not." It is then added, "the writing of RAM " Month Roy, seem to be precisely of the same tenof dency as the discussions of Robertes m. Nobi-" LIBUS" Whether this remark on the writings of RAM MOHUY ROY is to be ascribed to Mr. ELLIS, or to the writer of the article in the Government Gazette. we are not enabled to decide, - neither can we discover to which of the writings of RAM Moury Roy, the observation is attended to be applied; but, we cannot help observing, that the author of this attack on the wiftings of the extraordinary and highlygifted individual alluded to, should in justice to that individual, have pointed out the particular writings and passages, against which he levelled his cenruic. According to our own humble opinion, HAM

Monus has not been labouring to destroy the belief or religion of the Hindoos-but to convince them, that their sacred authorities have been interpolated and misinterpreted -- that a system of ceremonial and worship has been introduced and practiced, inconsistent with—and repugnant to, the precepts inculcated in the Vedanta and other holy authorities; and with a view to enable his countrymen to detect the errors which they have hitherto adopted, he has furnished them with genuine translations of parts of the scriptures " which inculcate not only the enlightened " worship of One God, but the purest principles of " morality." The Pseudo-Vedas alluded to by Mr. Ellis, were written it seems, to refute the doctrines as well as to show the absurdity of the ceremonies inculcated by the Bramins. Now, if we understand the writings of RAM MOHUN, they are not intended to refute the doctrines which are to be found in the Hindoo Scriptures-but to exhibit these doctrines in their genuine language; -- and thereby to show, that many of the ceremonies of the present day, are neither-enjoined by these doctrines, nor consistent with the pure system of Hindoo worship, which acknowledges only One God. To this belief, and to a rational system of worship, consistent with this belief, RAM MOHUN is desirous of directing his countrymen: and unless the recommendation to worship the Supreme Being instead of 330,000,000 Idols be a Blank,—or the adoption of that recommendation, be a mischievous consequence, we are wholly at a loss to comprehend how the writings of RAM MOHUN ROY, can deserve the censure which they have received.

#### AUGUST 19.

On the 7th instant, the fleet was at Dehar, and reached Bankipore on the 12th. A Pinnace Cook Boat belonging to Mr. Swinton, was lost on the 5th. These accidents were getting so frequent that the reports of their occurrence were received by the Parties composing the fleet, with the greatest in difference.

The order of sailing has undergone some alteration—'The Civil Dept. Boats are in future to form the van of the fleet, and the Military the rear—The Marquis's station is the centre.

During the long cessation of representations at the Chowringhee Theatre, which we regret to find as little thriving here as Drury lane in England, the lovers of the Drama are happy to meet with an entertainment if not so splendid at least more uniform and continuous at the Private Theatre in Rada Bazar. " The Hole in the Wall," one of the two pieces acted there on Saturday evening, is, we think, a noveltv on the Calcutta beards. The plot is founded on a hole in the intermediate Wall of two houses contiguous to each other, by means of which some persons within are enabled to make their appearance in each almost at the same time; so as to occasion a double marriage contrary to the wishes, although with the consent, of a guardian who for some reasons stands out unacquainted with the peculiar lacality we have mentioned. An appropriate scenery made this mysterious circumstance perfectly intelligible to the spec-Stubborn's acting was what it ever is—casy, natural and clear. Martin is a known favorite and deservedly so; which makes us reget the more that the volubility of this gentleman's utterance should at times he the cause of the audience losing the witty sentences which most often constitute his part. my could not have been in better hands. The unfortunate result of his zeal for his master shows that the best advice is but thrown away when given to an obstinate pre-unptuous foods. This reminds us of the excellent repartee of James the first. The character of his predecessor Elizabeth was once the subject of the conversation. The King was doing justice to her great talents and qualities, when his wise Courtiers observed that she had clever advisers. That is true. said the king, but none but sensible men listen and yield to sensible advice.—Emily displayed new powers in personating Flirtilla.

In the old popular musical farce of "The Bevil to Pay," we should have liked to see the tunes of the Songs a little more varied. Those of the Doctor and of Sir John Loverule were sung in an excellent style. We never saw Lady Loverule so much at home as when handling the whip, pulling the ears and twist-Favourite Johson himself did not ing the noses. use his strap more cleverly. We are sorry to hear that this gentleman's fall on the stage was, not designed but, natural, and that he has been much hurt. The purport of this drama is pretty similar to that of the French Opera of La belle Arsene, where a fine prudish young lady is modmentarily conveyed alone, by the power of a well-wishing Fairy, to the cottage of a rough Collier who soon cures her of all her airs The morality of both these dramas is and cruelties. rather discouraging to those who find themselves entrapped by the iron Institution under the influence of malignant Stars. For it would show that there is no remedy to their situation——but sorcery in which no man of sense has faith-or the whip which no genteel folks should like to display but over their dogs and horses. But of course people are bound to possibilities only; and of two evils the least must be chosen. Let not however our female readers hastily accuse us of ungallantry. For, at the risk of passing for traitors to the cause of the lords of the creation, we consistent with ourselves, in this as in Politics, are friends to the system of reciprocity, and have no objection to either party undergoing the same mode of cure if labouring under the same want of it. These means are hard, we confess; but so is the act of governing, where governing is the question, as is pretty clearly proved by the history of present times.

The following languaged Catastrophe, has been communicated to us, by those who witnessed it from two ships lying close to the situation where it occurred.

It appears that, in the afternoom of the 13th instant, a native Boat was crossing the River from the Sulkea side to Calcutta, with about thirty natives on board. It had nearly reached the Burra Bazar Ghaut, when it was carried by the rapidity of the ebb tide, athwart the hawser of one of the Free Traders, and melanches

ly to relate, coming in contact with the ship's iron cable, it was immediately upset, and swept with many of those on board under the ship's bottom. Eight or ten lives were lost. It was luckly that many kept fast hold of the cable, and by that means saved themselves.

#### AUGUST 20.

On Monday evening, the Honorable ARCHIBALD SETON, embarked at Chaundpaul Ghaut, on board the Pilot schooner Sophia, under a salute of seventeen guns, from the ramparts of Fort William. We are extremely sorry to state, that the health of this Honorable Member of the Supreme Council, has rendered his departure to Europe, advisable at an earlier period of the season, than he had himself proposed, or his numerous and extensive circle of friends had an-

ticipated.

The public and private virtues, that endeared Mr. Seron to all, who had the honour of his acquaintance. were such, as must render any enlogium on his character, very inadequate to his merits; and so universally known and acknowledged, that our humble tribute of approbation may appear to many, to be uncalled for, where there are few, indeed, who feel not the recollection of their worth and excellence, engraven on their memories, in characters, that time itself will not be able to efface. The Indian Service has lost in him, a man, to whom it is indebted to an extent, that can only be appretiated, by a review of his active and useful life, during the long period of nearly forty years—a period, in which he occupied the highest situations, that this service holds out to honorable ambition - situations, that were never more illustrated by virtue, integrity and zeal, than while filled by him. During the term of his public life in India, it was the fortune of Mr. Seron, to be entrusted with many of the higher distinies of the British Empire in the East, in offices, that required his services at each extremety of its ample limits; and the plains of Dehli, and the Islands of the Eastern Archipelago can alike bear tes-

timony, that these important trusts were confided to hands, not less pure, than diligent, and to zeal, not less dicriminating and judicious. than active and disinterested. To the talents, that digmited his public life, were added the most amiable, and engaging virtues of the heart, that can endear a man, to the social circle, in which moves. The amenity and cheerful hospitality of his manners have been long the theme of every one's praise, who enjoyed the pleasure of his acquaintance; while the elegant accomplishments, and classical attainments of his understanding, gave a zest to the pleasures of his society, which will be long remembered. To the munificent his rality of Mr. Sk-TON, many of the Charitable institutions of his native country are deeply indebted. We will not speak of the truly Christian benevolence that distinguished him, as shown in acts of beneficence to many in India. on whom lay the hand of poverty and distress; his charities were innumerable—but they sought a secrecy, which they were so honorable to himself, always to find. The reward of such virtues is to meet the warmest wishes of every one, capable of estimating their worth, for the health and happiness of their possessor: and we may venture to say, that no man ever enjoyed his reward, to a more enviable extent, than Mr. Seron.

The Reverend Dr. John Allan of Madras, and John Shoolbren, Esq. Surgeon, late of Calcutta, have been chosen to represent the Church of Scotland in India, at the next General Assembly to meet at Edinburgh in May, 1818.

NEW SOUTH WALES.—We have been kindly favored with a file of Hobart, Town Gazettes, and from one of them we have extracted the following Letter written by the outlaws in the woods of Van Dieman's Land, to the late Governor Col. Davey.

The following letter (we have thought it proper to leave the orthography, punctuation, &c. in their original state:) is 'From the Bushrangers to the Hon'ble. T. Davey, Lieutenant Governor of Van Diemen's Land.'

Sin-we have thought proper to write these lines to you-as we have Been kept in the Dark so long. And we find it is only to

keep us Quiet untill By some Means of or other-you think you Can Get us Betrayed. But We will stand it No Longer-We Are liow Determined to have it full And satisfactory Either for or Against us, As We are determined to Be Kept No longer In Ignorance for We think ourselves Greatly Ingured By the Country At large In Laving To Hour Charge, that Hored an detestable Crime which We have fully satisfied the Eyes of the Publick In All our Actions To the Contray During our Absence from the settlement. -I have not the least doubt But you Are Glad that those New Hands goin: ig us We Are Glad also though you think I Dare say they Will prave to our Disadvantage And We think to the contra-79 And He who Preserved us from your plotts in Public will Likewise Preserve us from them In secret as we Are Not unacquainted with Your having A party In secret And Likewise where they are And where we As Much Inclined to take dife As you Are in Your Hearts We Could Destroy All The Partyes you can send out And Without We Have A Little Quietness More than What We have Had you shall soon Be convinced of what I say-Therefore if you Wish to prevent it send word out By the Bearer Richard Westlick which we Expect To Return on the 9th of the ensuing Month With An Answer To Us-Do not think to Defraud Us By sending out A party on this head for if you do you Take Away the Mans Life if they Are Either with him Or Watching him for we will Be watching Lik wise. You must Not think to Catch Hold Birds with Chaff Therefore To Affirm the Auswer Either for or Against us that We will Receive Clap on it the Kings Seal And your Signature we have weighed well within our own Brests the consequence which will Attend to these Sircumstances Therefore I would Have you Do the same for the Good of the Peaceable And Well Desposed Inhabitants of the Territorys of this Land So No More at Present.

MICHAL HOWE, JAN. GARRY, PETER SYPTON, GEORGE JONLS, BICHD. COLLIER, JOHN CHAPMAN, Nov. 30, 1816, THOMAS COVNE,
JAMES PARKER,
MATHEW KEGGAN,
JOHN BROWN,
DENNIS CURBY.

Hob. Town. Gav. Jan. 11.

# EXTRACT OF A LETTER.

'The Island of Van Dieman's Land is kept in continual dread from these out-laws (eleven in number) who commit upon the farmers every species of depredation, robbing and plundering them in open day, and even setting fire to their stacks of wheat. Several of the most respectable Farmers and Merchants have suffered much from these Vagabonds—effectual means have not been adopted yet to apprehend these misgreants, who bid defiance to all common measures of

taking them. A new Governor having arrived from England, J. W. Sorell, Esq. for the Derwent, to which place he went the beginning of April, it is hoped their career is nearly finished.

#### AUGUST 21.

Last week we met the Ambassadors of the King of Johanna at the house of a common friend, who has been acquainted with them in their own country. They are both civil and easy in their manners, their politeness having no tincture of servility, and their freedom never bordering on indecent familiarity. Both talk broken English and French, but do not mix the one with the other, and make themselves perfectly intelligible in the two languages; which, considering the few and short opportunities they have had to converse with occasional visitors of the two nations, gives no bad idea of their intellectual powers. Admiral Siboo is about forty years of age, of a middle stature, and of a very dark complexion, with a great deal of fire and animation in his eyes. Duke Abdoollah looks ten years younger, is taller and less dark, possesses more gravity, and from a circumstance which occurred, appears to be the learned man of the two. They had been very inquisitive in the course of a long conversation, and having politely asked for pen, ink and paper, Duke Abdoollah took notes of the information they had acquired in a language, which a . young orientalist in our company ascertained to be a corrupt Arabic. Their attachment to the little island, which gave them birth, agrees with the patriotic feelings of all natives of poor countries, from King Vlysses of old times to a modern Swiss peasant. had seen and admired this great city; but on being questioned whether they would be glad to remain in it, they both answered immediately in the negative. and expressed a lively desire to return to their own country, and for this a great anxiety for the quick dispatch of the business they have been sent upon, which is, as we have formerly informed our readers, to solicit the protection and assistance of the British Government against their cruel enemies, the Barbarians of Madagascar. Besides the attractions of habits and family connexions pleaded by both, one of them, Admiral Siboo, most emphatically professed a longing to rejoin his beloved King; and perceiving that the peculiar to your of his sentiments excited some surprise, added with an archness, implying that he well knew the practice of the Kings of Europe: "what can we do otherwise than cherish a King who requires no taxes from his subjects, and maintains himself by the proper management of his own estate?"

# SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS. Aug. 11. Brig Novo Destino, (Portuguese,)
Branco, from Rio d. Jineiro 11th May.—Sir William Bensley,
Williams, from Nam South Wiles 19th May.

Williams, from Now South Wales 18th May.

.Do. 12. H. C. S. Princess Charlotte of Wales, Gribble, from London, and list from Medras 7th Aug.—Ditto Rose, MacTaggart, dirto.—Athens, (American,) Brumley, from New York 27th Mirch and Milkas 4th August.

Do. 14. Mercury, Gruham, from the Isle of France 14th July. Do. 17. Hadlow, Lunb, from London 14th March, and Cape of Good Hope 27th June. -- Fraion, Tweedy, from the Mauritius 15th July and Madras 9th August.

DEPARTURES. Aug. 10 Wellan, Wallis, for London.—Brig Tweed. Birckley, for the life of France.

Do. 11. Brig Alice, (Portuguese,) De Gracia, for Madras.

Passengers per Princes Charlotte of Wales: Mr. W. J.

Thompson, Codet. Mr. Frederick Warner, Cadet, Mr. W. C.

Caruthers, Cadet for Madras, Mr. Edmund Thomas, ditto, Mr.

Gothiel, Free-mariner, and Lieutonant Coates, from Madras.

Per Rose. Miss Wheen, Two Misses Brown, Miss Jeffries, (to Madras, on the Kent.) Mr. Gordon, Assistant Surgeon, Lieutenant Moore, H. M. 87th Regiment, Mr. Coulthard, Assistant Surgeon, datto, and Mr. Puget, from Madras.

Per Nir William Bensley : J. H. Bent, Esq. Mrs. E. Bent, and 5 Children, and Mr. Thomas Mortimer, Surgeon, Royal Navy.

BOMBAY. ARRIVAL. July 15. Ship Princess Charlotte, Freetrader, Captun John Leishman, from London. Passenger: David Cuningham.

# Bombay.

## JULY 19.

The only arrival during the last week, the Princess Chartotte, having left England on the 5th March, has communirated no intelligence of a recent date: we have therefore
continued our selections from the papers and pamphlets
previously in our possession. Amongst them will be found
a curious account of the state of the fur trade in our Canadian provinces, and of the late proceedings between Lord
Selkirk and the north west company: of the general accuracy of the facts stated, we are afraid there can be little
doubt, and we can only record our indignant regret that
any men bearing the name of our countrymen, should have
been found participating in such disgraceful and abominable transactions.

The Malabar having been prevented by the violence of the weather from attempting to put to sea during the last spring tides, will probably not be able to proceed on the prosecution of her voyage to England for some days. We understand that the private traders Hyperion, Edward, Lord Cathcart and Bombay Castle, will be ready to sail about the 26th instant. The two former carry ship letters, the two latter are King's packets.

A few weeks since there appeared in our paper the particulars of a melaucholy accident, which happened at Colombo to a Mr. May, who was stracked and killed by a shark as he was bathing. About the time we received that account, a distressing occurrence of a similar nature took place in this harbour; peculiar circumstances induced us to postpone the public notice of this unhappy catastrophe: but as these circumstances no longer exist, we feel it our duty to comply with the request of our correspondent, fully agreeing with him, that, as an arroneous idea has been prevalent amongst seafaring people that sharks are never seen in muddy water and particularly not in Bombay Harbour during the S. W. monsoon, it is incumbent on us now to publish the particulars of this shocking event and thus be instrumental in preventing the recurrence of similar disasters.

On the evening of the 15th June, Mr. Anderson, the fourth officer of the H. C. ship Charles Grant, was swimining a short distance from the ship, accompanied by a Quar-

ter master and forecastle man. Mr. Anderson struck out and swam towards a Portuguese frigate then lying at about half a cable's length from him, and he was followed by the two men. As they approached the frigate. Mr. Anderson was heard to say, " dont drown me;" on this exclamation. the Quarter master turned round, and to his inspeakable horror and alarm saw an immense shark darting at Mr. Auderson. He immediately exerted his whole strength for his own safety and fortunately succeeded in getting on board the Portuguese, frighte. The alarm was given and the boats of the frigate and Charles Grant were instantly lowered into the water, but unfortunately without preventing the fatal catastrophe. The Shark passed Mr. Anderson, then turned round and took him under the water, which was instantly discolored with his blood. He rose again, but was then attacked by five or six more of these voracious animals and he was gone in an instant. One shark was observed to be making after the forecastleman, on which a sentry on board the frigate, with great presence of mind and coolness, levelled his musket and shot the fish, thereby preserving the life of the sailor. The next day a large shark was caught by the people on board the H.C. ship Vansittart, measuring upwards of 12 feet.

On Monday night about ten o'clock a fire broke out at Mazagon in a large range of warehouses not fir from the Dock-yard. The warehouses were chiefly filled with cordage. sail-cloth dammer & other naval stores, the property of Arabs. and of some native inhabitants of Bombiy. Soon after the fire broke out, the explosion of a small quantity of gunpowder, which had been deposited in one of the lower apaitments, put to night the greater part of those who had come from curiosity, but luckily did no farther harm. Captain Lawrence of the Marine, Captain of the Mazagon Dockvard, with a party of his men from the Dock-yard exerted themselves with great spirit and success, assisted by the Magistrates of the Police with parties of the Police Rounds. The fire engines from the Mazagon Dock-yard and from the Powder works were instantly procured and worked with great success; and the progress of the flames was put an effectual stop to before sun-use, though not before about a third part of the range was burnt down. The fire engines from Bombay also came at an early hour under the direction of Captain Barr. Some parties were left to complete the exarticles as could still be saved. About nine o'clock in the morning, on removing a sail which was partly consumed and on which the engines had been playing, two small barrels of gun powders blew up and burned, rather severely, four of the native luscais employed near the spot. None of the renters of these buildings came to the ground, or could be discovered, while the fire was riging which occasioned the unfortunate accident. None of the men are in any danger.

#### JULY 23.

No intelligence from Europe, of a later date than that which we have, already, published, having reached us since our last; the assumption of the immediate und personal commands of all the troops in the Decean, by Lieutenaut General Sir Thomas Histop, is, therefore, the most important fact we have to communicate to our readers. May success and glory wait upon his efforts!

Lieutenant-General Sir Thomas Hislop, Bart, having assumed the immediate and personal Community of all the Troops in the Decean, is pleased to direct that Returns of all Detachments, Field Forces, Corps, and Departments, serving under His Excellency's Command beyond the Frontiers, be immediately transmitted to the Adjutant General of the Midras Army at Hyderabad.

His Excellency Sir Thomas Histop, Bart, is pleased to publish the following List of the Officers of the General and Personal Staff who will accompany the Head-Quarters of the Army, and from His Excellency's Suite, and the Commander in Chief directs, that these Officers be recognized and obe fed in their several stations by all troops serving under his Command whether within or beyond the Frontiers.

GENERAL STAFF.-Licutenant-Colonel T. H S. Conway, Adjutant-General of the Army.

Lieutenant G. Jones, and Cornet Win. Barlow, Assistant Adju-

Lacutenant-Colonel V. Blacker, Quarter-Master General of the

Captain C. C. Johnston, Assistant Offarter Master General of the Army.

Jaeut. donel Macgregor Murray, (King's Troops) Deputy

Licutement-Colonel The Houble L. Stanhope, (King's Troops,) Deputy Quarter-Master General.

Lieutenant Colonel Morison. Commissary General.

Lieutenant French, Bost Master.

# 132 CALCUTTA MONTHLY JOURNAL, FOR AUGUST ...

Suite of His Excellency the Commander in Chief-Capt. II Scott, Military Secretary.

Capt. J. T. Wood, Private Secretary. Capt. J. T. Wood, 1st Aid-de-Camp.

Lieut, T. Van Buerle, 2d Aid-de-Camp.

Lieut. H. E. Fitzclarence, Additional Aid-de-Camp.

Lieut. J. Edan, 2d Additional Aid-de-Camp.

James Annesley, Esq. Surgeon.

His Excellency the Most Noble the Governor General in Council having been pleased to appoint Colonels John Doveton, Sir John Malcolm, K. C. B. and K. L. S. and Sir Augustus Floyer, K. C B. of the Madray Army--and Colonel Lionel Smith of His Majesty's 65th Foot, to be Brigadier Generals, pending the duration of a Special Service beyond the Territories of the Honorable Company, Lieut. Gen. Sir Thomas Hislop, Baronet, in notifying the same to the Army, directs that these Officers be recognized and obeyed as Brigadier Generals accordingly, rom the date of this order.

Under the authority of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council, the Commander in Chief is pleased to make the follow-

ing Appointments.

Colonel Hewitt, C. B. to Command the 1st Brigade, and Licutenant Colonel II. Fraser, the 2d Brigade of Infantry with the Field Force, under the Command of Colonel Pritzler.

Colonel and Lieutenant Colonel Hewett, C. B. from the 18th Regiment N. I. to the 3d Regiment N. I. and 1st Battalion.

Colonel and Lieutenant Colonel J Sunons, from the 2d to the 1st Battalion; and Lieutenant Colonel A. Grant, C. B. from the 1st to the 2d Battalion 4th Regiment N. I.

Lieutenant Colonel Blackburne, from the 3d to the 11th Regi-

ment N. I. and 1st Battalion.

Lieutenaut Colonel Hugh Fraser, from the 25th to the 12th

Regiment and 2d Battalion.

Colonel and Lieutenant Colonel A. M'Cally, from the 2d to the 1st Battalion 18th Regt. N. I.

Lieutenant Colonel Muat, from the 20th to the 18th Regiment

and 2d Battalion.

Licut. Colonel. B. Dod, from the 11th to the 20th Regiment and 1st Battalion.

Colonel and Licutenant Colonel H. Hall, from the 12th to the 25th Regiment and 2d Battalion.

Madras Gazette. July 5.

# CALCUTTA MONTHLY JOURNAL.

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# Calcutta.

# CIVIL APPOINTMENTS.

# TERRITORIAL DEPARTMENT.

THE STH AUGUST, 1817.

Mr. B. H. Bondau, Assistant to the Collector of Barcilly.

# MILITARY.

SENERAL ORDERS, BY THE HONORABLE THE VICE-PRESIDENT IN COUNCIL,

FORT WILLIAM; JULY 29, 1817.

Ordered, that the following Paragraph of a General Letter received from the Honorable the Court of Directors, in the Military Department, under date the 2th January 1817, be published in General Orders.

European Soldiers who may have accompanied their Husbands from Europe.

138. Although the arrangement (223) The allowance of 8 here adverted to, would, if strictly confined to its intended object, not lawed to European Women, the Wives of Soldiers serving as we conceive it to be very hable in India extended to Free to abuse, and as it might probably Black Women hara in the give rise to other and more exten-West Indies and married to give rise to other and more extensive claims which it would be difficult either to comply with or reject, we must decline sanctioning

l it. The Court of Directors, having declined sanctioning the allowance of 8 Rupees per mensem, granted to Free Blacks married to European Soldiers, the General Orders of Government hearing date the 23d December 1814, which authorized the payment of that allowance, is accordingly cuncelled.

JOHN CRAIGIE,

Offg. Sec. to Gowt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY THE HONORABLE THE VICE-PRESIDENT IN COUNCIL.

# FORT WILLIAM: August 4, 1817

The Hon'ble the Vice-President in Council is pleased to notify in General Orders that the Corps of Irregular Cavalry. commanded by Colonel Gardner, has been temporarily transferred from the Judicial to the Military Department, and, that the expenses of that Corps will be charged to the latter Department from the commencement of the official year 1817-18.

JOHN CHAIGIE,

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY THE HONORABLE THE VICE-PRESIDENT IN COUNCIL.

#### FORT WILLIAM; Auguer 5, 1817.

Mr. Assistant Surgeon Thomas Henderson, having produced a Counterpart Covenant of his appointment, as an Assistant Surgeon on this Establishment; that Gentleman is admitted into the Service accordingly.

JOHN CRAIGIE,

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept

GENERAL ORDERS, BY THE HONORABLE THE VICE-PRESIDENT

#### FORT WILLIAM; AUGUST 12, 1817.

Mr. T. Rutherford, Assistant Surgeon at the Civil station of Moradabad, having reported his wish to decline Promotion on the prescribed condition of relinquishing all claim on the Military branch of the service. The Houorable the Vice-President in Council is pleased to cancel the promotion of Mr. Rutherford to the Rink of full Surgeon, vice Campbell, deceased, as notified in Government General Order of the 16th of May last, and to make the following promotion to supply they are vice.

#### MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Senior Assistant Surgeon William Amsley, to be full Surgeon from the 5th of May 1817, vice James Campbell, deceased.

JOHN CRAIGIE,

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY THE HONORABLE THE VICE-PREADENT IN COUNCIL.

## FORT WILLIAM; August 12, 1817.

The Honorable the Vice-President in Council is pleased to make the following appointments.

Licutement R. R. Hull, Post Master at Nagpore, to be Cantonment Staff and Quarter Master, vice Patrickson, appointed Assistant Adjutant General to the Nagpore Subsidiary Force.

Captain T A. Cobbe of the 6th Regiment of Native Infantry, to be Deputy Paymaster to the Nagpore Submidiary Force, in the room of Captain Ashhurst, deceased.

Lieutenant Currie of the Pioneer Corps, who was directed by Incutenant Colonel Adams on the death of Captain Ashburst to take charge of the sination of Deputy Paymaster, is to continue to act in that capacity until relieved by Captain Cobbo, or, until further orders.

JOHN CRAIGIÉ.

Offg. Sec. to Gov. Mil Dep.

GENERAL ORDERS BY HIS EXCLUDENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE COVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

#### IORT WILLIAM; July 7, 1817.

The Compansation in here of Clothing for the year 1811, ordered to be paid to the men of the 1st and 2d Battalions Bengal Volunteers, by the General Orders of Government of the 26th of June, 1812, daving by metake been charged to the dibit of the General Off-reckoning Fund for that year; The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct the tollowing sums, being the amount of Compensation paid on that occasion to be debited to the 1st and 2d Battihon Bengal volunteers, and a corresponding credit to be given to the General Off-reckoning Fund for 1811; viz.

1st Batt Bengal Volunteers, St. Rs 2,277 1 10 Amount of 2d Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto, 2,763 11 1 Compensation in lice of Coth.

Total St. Rs. 5,010 13 1 ing for 1811.

The Governor General in Council is, pleased to direct the publication in General Orders of the following Supplementary Statements, Nos. 1 to 5, exhibiting the additional dividends

due to the Sharers in the General Fund for that year, no consequence for the correction of the mistake abovementioned.

No. 1.

SUPPLEMENTARY Statement of Surplus Off-reckonings of the Presidency of Fort William, for the year 1811, being the amount of Compensation in lieu of Clothing for 1-11, paid to the 1st and 2d Radiations Bengal Volunteers, and error only charged against the General Off-reckoning Lind for that year, exhibiting the amount payable to Colone's of the three Presidencies, being in continuation of the amount published in General Orders of the 18th April 1817.

Amount chargeable against the 1st Battalion Bengal Volunteers, .... St Rs. 2277 1 0 Ditto ditto, against 2d Battalion Bengal Volunteers, 2708 11 1

Net Amount constituting the Additional Surplus, 5040-12-1

# ABSTRACT OF SHARERS.

General Officers and Colonels of the Presidency of
Fort Wittiam, including the Agents, ... 37 0 0
Ditto ditto of Fort St. George, ... 30 0 0

Ditto ditto of Bombay,		•	•	• •	1	• 0	. 0
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Amont of each Share,		Se	mat ]	Rupee	16	1 16	
Lost by Fractions,					. (	0 (	) 1
	Ŋo.	2.					
STATEMENT shewing	the nan	es of	the Q	ficers	of t	he ti	tree
Presidencies, who are e. Off-reckanings for the	ntitled to year 18	share	in the	additi	onal int r	Sur esul	plue line
to each Individual.	RT WII						
Major-General Thomas	•	_	(the				
Malor-General Inomas	.for the			. 64	10	_	
Tiout Congret Coorge H	negat		Ditto		10	0	
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Sir John		A	Ditt		10	0	
William P					10	0	
Major-General Eward Cla	rke ithe	late)	Dit		10	0	
LicutGeneral James Du			Ditt	_	10	0	
James Die		•••	Ditt		10	0	
Samuel W	ntenn (t	he late	) Ditt	0 64	10	0	
Major-General Richard N	Seesn ()	he late	Ditt	D 64	10	0	
LieutGeneral George H			Ditt		10	0	
High Stal	Roed	٠,	Ditte		10	0	
James Mor			Ditte		10		
Peregrine		•••	Ditt		10	0	
Robert Pl	hiling	••	Ditte			0	
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Major-General Robert Br H. C. Palm		Id.C.	בריים ה	, 01	10	0	
late) fro	in the		- 1				
1st Jan.	to the		- 1				
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Sir Gabrie			ح `	64	10	0	
tindell,	from		- 1				
the 25th	Aug.		- 1				
to the 31	at Dec. 2	2 9 1	0.2				
Sir Rob. Bl	air, for ti	ie whol	e véai	, 64	10	0	
Wm.Kirkt	patrick,	the late	Do.	64	10	0	
John McJ		• • •	Ditto		10	0	
John Gard	inier, (th	e late)	Ditto	64	10	0	
Henry De			Ditto		10	0	
Bennet Ma	arley		Ditto	64	10	0	
Wm. Burn	e, (the la	te)	Ditto	64	10	0	
Thomas H	awkshaw	,	Ditto	64	10	0	
Dysor Mar	rshall,		Ditto	64	10	0	
Dant. Cony	ngham, (	the late	e) Do.	64	10	0	
Saml. Brad	shaw,		Ditto		10	0	
Sir George		••	Ditto	64	10	0	
John Hayn	es,		Ditto	64	10	0	
Nichs. Care	iegie,		Ditto		10	0	
Sir Jn. Hor	stord, (t	he late	) Do.	64	10	0	

# FOR AUGUST, 1817. . 187

	John Gorden,		Ditto	64	10	0		
	r. S. Bateman.	••••	Ditto	64	10	ō		
		****	Ditto	64	10	ŏ		٠
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•	i homas Dallas		Ditto	64	10	0		
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	Robert Bell,	,	Ditto	64	10	0		
						-		
Major-General	Damer Mc.ven,		Ditto	64	10	•		
	Robert Croker,		Ditto	64	10	0		
	Wm. Kenzie,		Ditto	6 1	10	0		
· ·	Thomas Bowsen	,	Ditto	64	10	0		
Colonel	Alex Cuppage,		Ditto	64	10	0		
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	John Jas. Dura	nd,	Ditto	64	10	0		
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	Urban Vigars,		Ditto	64	10	Ü		
	Arch.bald Brow		Ditto		10	Õ		
	David Campbel		Ditto		io	ŭ		
	Aldwell Taylor		Ditto	64	10	ŏ		
	John Chalmers		Ditto	64		0		
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Major-General F	rancis Forrens	, ,	Ditto	61	10	0		
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	Burry Close,	••••	Ditto	4 F	10.			
	P. A. Agnew,		Ditto	64	. 10	0		
	Robert McKay		Ditto	64	10	0		
f	Gabriel Doveto	Π,	Ditto	64	10	0		
	lector McLear	1,	Ditto	64	to	0		
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30 ·			. 1					
Major-General H						đ		
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0 Daniel Conyuham, (the late) Ditto 8 F 10 Samuel Bradshaw, Ditto 64 10 ð Ditto John Haynes, 64 10 Ditto Nicholas Carnegie, 61 10 .... T. S. Bateman, Ditto n į ta 0 Ditte Heary White, .... 64 10 Additional Off-reckonings to beadjusted in Europe, on account of Bengal Officers, .... St. Rs. 1421

No. 4.

STATEMENT of Sharps in the additional surplus Off-reckonings of the year 1811, payable to Officers of the Prosidency of fort St. George, who are in Europe or who have died in Europe.

Colonel Keith Macalister, .. for the tull year, 64 10

22.3. A 1	Thomas Dallas	- دا		Ditto	64	10	0
Major-General	J. Orr.	•		Ditto	64	10	Ŏ-
LtCol. Comd.	T. Clarke,	••••	***	Ditto	64	10	•
Colonel	D. McNeil,			Ditto	64	10	ō
-	William Kenzi	ic.		Ditto	64	10	0.
	T. Bowser,			Ditto	64	10	ō
	A. Cuppage.		1	Ditto	64	10	ò
	A. Dyce,			Dillo	64	10	ō
	J. Cuppage, fro	om the	30th N	v. to			-
	the 31st Dec	ember	,		. 5	9	*
	C. Comer,	fe	or the fu	ll year,	64	10	ō
	J. Richardson,			Ditto	G Ł	10	O.
Major-General	r. Gowde,	***		Dieto	64	10	0
	G. Roberts			Delto	64	10	0
	U. Vigars,	••	****	Ditto	64	10	0
	A. Browne.			Ditto	.64	10	ō
_/.	D. Camobell.			Ditto	64	10	0
Colonel	B. Close,	- •		Ditto	6+	10	ō
	r. A. Agnew.			Ditto	61	10	ŏ
	R. Makay,		••	Ditto		10	Ü
	G. Doveton,		••	Ditto	64	10	ō
1	H. Maclean		••	Ditto	6.4	Ci	Ö
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## JOHN CRAIGIE,

Assist. Sec. to Govt. Mil. I apt,

SIMERAL ORDERS BY THE HONORABLE THE VICE-PRESIDENT IN COUNCIL.

## FORT WILLIAM, Accust 19, 1817.

The Honorable the Vice-President in Council is pleased to make the following appointment.

Mr. Assistant Surgeon William Watson, of the 1st Battalion 18th Regiment of Native Infantry, to be Surgeon to the Board of Commissioners for the settlement of the Ceded and Conquered Provinces.

Messes Robert Wroughton, and Robert Page Fulcher, having respectively produced Certificates of their appointments as Cadets of Infantry on this Establishment, are admitted into the service accordingly, and promoted to Ensigns; their dates of rank to be adjusted bereafter.

The following Officers having respectively produced the prescribed Certificates from the Medical and Pay Departments, are permitted to proceed to Europe on furlaugh for the re-

covery of their health:

Major William Elliott, of the 4th Regiment of Native Cavalry-Lieutenant John Fletcher, of the 23d Regiment of Native

Infantry.

Captain and Brigade Major Dawes, of the 19th Regiment of Native Infantry, having forwarded a Medical Certificate from the Cape of Good Hope, the permission granted to that Officer in Government General Orders dated the 20th of September 1816, on account of his health, is extended to six months beyond the time therein mentioned.

The permission granted in Government General Orders under date the 11th ultimo, to Lieutenant P. P. Morgan, of the 26th Regiment of Native Infantry, to proceed to Sea for the secovery of his health, is cancelled at that Officer's request.

The following correction of General Order by the Governor General in Council under date the 20th June 1817, is directed to

be pablished

"For Robert Andrew Johnston" read "Thomas Andrew Johnston, to be Cornet in Captain Buddely's Corps of Irregular Cavalry."

John Craigie,

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept

GENERAL ORDERS, BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE "MOST NOBLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL" IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; JULY 4, 1817.

The Most Noble the Governor General in Council adverting to the equipment and clothing of the Cuttack Legion, which differ in description and cost from those of other Troops in the service, is pleased to suspend that part of the General Orders 16th ultimo, which relates to the Off-reckonings of this Corps, until experience of the actual expence of the clothing shall enable His Lordship in Council more satisfactorily to ascertain the proper amount that should be established for this purpose.

The rules which prevail in the Regular Native. Infantry, regarding the amount of annual half mounting stoppages, and the periods of deducting the same, shall be extended to the Cuttack Legion, commencing from June 1818 for new Leve,

but from June 1817 for Drafts from other Corpse. The stoppages are to be specified on the face of the abstracts, and the amount withheld by the Paymaster, and a corresponding credit given to the Clothing Board. The regular deduction of six Rupees, at the rate of three Rupees per mouth from each new Levy, is to be made, agreeably to the rules in force, from the 2d mouth of the Recruit's drawing full pay; but this sum, instead of being stopped by his Commanding Officer for half mounting to be supplied by him, is to be deducted in abstract at above directed, and the amount regularly credited to the Clothing Board.

His Excellency the Commander in Chief is requested to give directions to the Clothing Board, as to the nature and description of half mounting proper for the Cuttack Legion in His Excellency's opinion, and that Board will without delay cause the Agent for the 2d Division of Army Clothing, to prepare a complete sat of half mounting for the whole Corps, which will be transmit, ted to Cuttack as soon as possible. The Clothing Board will make an accurate Report to Government of the precise cost and charges of this muster set of half mounting, and an advance on account will be issued to the Clothing Board for this service, on their requisition, to be adjusted after the completion of the half mounting, and the receipt of the regular stoppages for Angust, of the Drafts, and of the six Rupees per man, for all Recruits enlisted between June 1817, and June 1818, when the regulated stoppages for the whole commence.

The Officer commanding the Cuttack Leg on, the 2d in command, and the Adjutant, are all to draw the respective pay and allowances of their Regimental ranks, as if they were Officers

of regular Cavalry,

The following additional allowances are to be drawn by the commanding Officer, in lieu of those specified in the General Orders 16th ultimo, and not including a sum for compensation in lieu of Off-reckonings which will be fixed by the Clothing Board, as soon as the amount of off-reckonings shall be asceratived and desired in General Orders.

Total, Squant Hupees 370

From the above allowance of 250 Rupecs, it is to be understood, that the Commanding Officer is to provide iron, steel, charcoal and artificers, not only for his accountements and Arms, but likewise for all trifing repairs, as well as tar, grease, &c. for the two guns and Tumbrills attached to the Corps; all repairs of importance, and all necessary supplies of ammunition and stores, will be furnished from the hearest Magazine optrequisition, in the usual form.

As the Gun Horses attached to the Cuttack I gon will

As the Gun Horses attached to the Cuttack I. g on with he provided from the Public Stores with suitable caddlery

and Harness, the established allowance of two Rupees a Morse is authorized to be drawn for the repair of those articles of equipment, which are to be considered subject to , the provisions of the General Orders of 10th January last, on the subject of the duration of Cavalry, Saddlery and Har-

The Saddles and Horse Equipments of the rest of the Corps being intended to be of an suferior description, the Governor General in Council restricts the allowances to be granted for the repair of these articles to eight Annas for each Horse, which is to include the supply and repair of all artacles required for the Drill.

An Allowance of two Rupees for each Gun Horse, and of one Rupee for each Troop Horse, is authorized to be drawn on . account of shoeing, head and heel ropes, curry-combs, Mus-

salih, &c. &c.

The following provisional establishment of Syses and Grasscutters is authorized for the Cuttack Legion, viz:

For each Gun-Horse, 1 Syse and 1 Grasscutter, on the usual

For each Troop Horse 1 Grasscutter only, on Syse's monthly pay of 4 Rupres in cantonments, and 5 Rupres when marching the additional pay authorized for the Grasscutters of Troop Horses, is intended as remuneration for the additional duty that will be required from them in assisting the Troopers in taking care of the Horses, as it is not considered necessary to attach any Syses to Troop Horses of the description alloted to the Cuttack Legion.

JOHN CRAIGIE,

Assist. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept

GENERAL ORDERS, BY THE HONORABLE THE VICE-PRESIDENT IN COUNCIL.

# FORT WILLIAM; JULY 29, 1817.

Ordered, that the following Paragraphs of General Letters from the Honorable the Court of Directors in the Military Department, under dates the 20th November, 6th, 11th and 1sth December, 1810; 3d and 7th January, 18th February, and 5th March, 1817, be published in General Orders.

### General Letter, dated 20th November, 1816.

PARA. 2. We have lately received a communication from the War Office, respecting the issue of an Allowance for Hautboys to the Coloneis of His Majesty's Dragoon Regiment, serving in India, by which it appears that this allowance as forming a part of the Colonel's Pay, is drawn for here by the agents of the respective Regiments on account of the Colonels, while we perceive that the same allowance is included in your disbursements for the same Regiments in India; hence it should seem that a double assue has been made on this account for several years past,

3. We therefore direct that immediately upon the receipt of this Dispatch, you will give instructions for this allowange below discontinued; and since, the drawing it in India is wholly unauthorized, we further direct that you will call upon the Commanding Officers of His Majesty's Dragoon Regiments, now serving at your Presidency, to refund the sum they may have each respectively drawn upon this account; and that you will by the earliest possible opportunity convey to us such information upon the subject, as may enable us to take the necessary steps forthe recovery of the balance unaccounted for in India.

### General Letter, dated 6th December, 1816.

Pana. 3. The undermentioned Officers have been absent from India beyond the period prescribed by Act of Parliament; we direct that they be struck off the strength of the Army from the expiration of two years and a half, from the period of their quitting India, viz.

3d Native Cavatry, 5th Native Infantry, 20th Ditto ditto. Lieut. Andrew S. Barlow,
Arthur G. Wavell,
Christe. A. Lloyd.

4. We also direct that you strike off

Ensigns James Burn of the 20th Native Infantry, and Henry J. Collius of the 30th dutto, the former of whom we appointed a Cadet of the season 1811, but who does not appear to have taken up his appointment, and the latter, who was sent home in anc, from Madras, under a stick certificate from that Government.

5. Having granted a Pension to Assistant Eurgeon Robert Blair, you will also discontinue his name on your Army List.

# General Letter, dated 11th December, 1816.

2. We have permitted Major Henry Bellingham of your Esta blishment, to remain in England until the sailing of the spring Fleet.

3. Captain Lieutenant Henry F. Denty has our permission

to return to his rank on your Establishment.

4. We desire to call your attention to a subject serious'y affecting the relatives in this country of the Non-Commissioned Officers and Private Soldiers of His Majesty's and the Company's

Army serving at the different Presidencies in India.

5. By the Post Office Regulations established by Act of Parliament, all Single Letters to and from Non-Commissioned Officers and Private Soldiers serving in the Rast Indies are delivered five of postage, upon payment of one penny for each letter, at the Post Office, whence they are dispatched, but owing to this Regulation being either imperfectly understood, or not sufficiently attended to in India, Letters have been transmitted from Non-commissioned and Private Europeans to their relations at home, without this payment having been made, and in consequence a heavy expense for Postage has been incurred by the individuals to whom the letters have been addressed.

CALCUTA MOTREE SQUENATE

Reverships tensers of the kind ware accured lately, and such application being suffered that Date Office for relief, the lower has posterior being suffered that prote could be afforded, where he provisions of the ket had not post complied with. It is great therefore that this class of individuals may in all the relieved from an expansit, from which the Legislature, produced in the protection of the forest that your will intended they mailed to the dispatch, notice that your will intended they would be the dispatch, notice orders for strict attention being will be the Road Office Regulations in this particular, and reson to the Post Office Regulations in this particular, and reunse all Post Masters under your Premouncy to pate on the lack of each letter, that the payment of one policy has been made, in conformity to the terms of the Art. All Soldiers tters to be endorsed as heretofore by the Commending Officers

General Leiter, dated 18th Dec. 1816.

Regiments, and of Detachments from them

Separate Letter, 21st April, 1815.

Fara. 5. Referring to to letter from the Deputy Adjutant General, reinfor to the case of Mr. pingis to have been ab that Bon his duty, since March 1808, and requesting Lours's orders there-

444 4

BARY. S. You will be pleased to strike Mr. Surgeon Thomas's willin out of the Army List, from two years and bail after his dutting India.

General Letter, dated 32 Jan. 1817.

General Letter, dated 3d Jan. 1817.

That 3 Adverting to the Jectucus majorisations made to by Minitary Officers, for an extension of furtious, and being of opinion that all, such applications preferred on the ground of sickness, should be excompanied by the most extractory testimonists, to prove that the parties, are necessary, in that it be required of all officers, which the fast shall and in necessary, in the out of sickness, to rolling the fast shall and in necessary, in the out of sickness, to rolling that the property of the out two decisions to rolling the fast of applicant right of the province with the rest of fact applicant right and station it to be their opinion, that the circumstance of the applicant right and stations it to be their opinion. This is circumstance of the convertion as the recovery to an extension of further than the parties of the significant of the parties of the significant of the parties of the significant of the parties of the significant, shall be adduced by present stations, the by significant, shall be adduced by present stations. ind what doesn latinfediaty

. We have firther resolved, that all Officers abroad in any part of Europe, applying for permission to semain a further time absent from their duty, on account of sickness, be required to furnish a certificate signed by at least two eminent Physicians; also, the attestation of a Magistrate, in support of the fact, that the proons who have signed the certificate, are Physicians.

- 5. Whenever any O'ffic r on your Establishment shall receive per mission to come to Europe, whether it be on account of ill halth, or of private affairs, we desire you to turnish him with a copy of these Orders.
- 7. We have permitted the undermentioned Officers belonging to your Establishment to remain in Eugland, until the departure of the first Company's Ships of next season, 1817-18, viz.

Lient Col Mexic for Caldwell, and Lient. Andrew H. Wood,

8. We have proutted the following Officers belonging to your Edddishment, to reture from the Service from the undermentioned datas viz.

Luent Robert Noveis, 21st Pebrusev 1816, Brevet Council Times Planner, 24th April, Luent Col. Hogh Rose, 15th May, Capp W. (Portest, Aduto Lient Col. Sana I. Wood, C. R. 5th August, Surgeon Frances Backman, M. D. 14th ditto

- We have taken into consideration the memorials addressed to us by the Colorindets of our several torps of Artillers and Engagers at the three Presidencies, requesting a revision of the orders contained in Part. 198/a/98 of our Military Letter to Bengal, dated 16th February 1811, which prohibited the employment of General Officers of those Corps on the general Staff of the Army, but inthorized these continuance at the head of their respective Corps after promotion to the rank of Major General.
- 10. We perceive that our Orders have been in some instances understood to vacate the authority of General Officers of Artislers or Fugineers employed in the command of their own Corps, whence it a General Officer selected for the Staff, shall be on duty at the same Station; and that this idea has occasioned much uneasiness in the minds of the Officers of Artiflery and Engineers at our eyeral Presidences.
- 11. To obviate these apprehensions hereafter, we desire that it may be understood that in all cases in which a General Officer selected for the command of the Corpe of Artillery or Engineers, seld used a General Officer selected to the Staff from the Cavalist or Infantry in any Garrison, Cantonment, Camp, or Yenry, that such General Officers of Artillery or Engineers shall take rink and command according to the dates of their respective Commissions.
- 19 But as it is not our intention that General Officers of Artillery or Engineers should interfere with the Officers of the Linoun general Commands (except from easily) causes, as above stated) or be appointed to the command of Stations, we direct, that the

General Officers of Artillery shall be appointed to the Garrisons of Fort William, Port St. George, or Bombay, or to the Head Quarters of the Artillery at each Presidency, and that the General Officers of Engineers shall be stationed at those Garrisons respectively.

- 13. Having also taken into consideration the pecuniary situation in which our General Officers of Artillery and Engineers are placed by our Orders of the 16th February 1814, and the recommendations of our several Governments that we would put those Officers on the same footing with respect to allowances as the General Officers selected for the Staff, we authorize you to grunt to the General Officers of Artillery and Engineers selected for the Command of their respective Corps, the same allowances as are now granted to the Officers selected for the Staff at our several Presidency Stations, namely, five thousand pounds sterling per annum each, together with the pay of their Regimental Rank according to the Orders conveyed to you in our Wilitary Letter. dated 5th May 1815, but it is to be understood, that whenever these situations are filled by Officers holding an inferior rank to that of General Officers, their allowances be regulated by the Orders now in force.
- 14. Such General Officers of Engineers and Artillery will of course, be relieved every four years, as directed in Para. 134 of our Military Letter of the 16th Pebruary 1814, according to the practice which provids among the General Officers of Cavalyy and Infantry selected for the Staff, unless some special reasonshall occasionally exist for deviating from this rule, of which, of course, you will duly advise us.
- 15. These Orders to have effects from the date of their receipt at our several Presidencies.

General Letter, 23d June.

1814 Paras. 16 and 17, state (in reply to Court's mark, that care ought to betaken that the Pension granted to Mrs. Mockler should only be continued during her Widowhood) that Mrs. Mockier has been long since married again, and the Military Auditor General and Pay Master General have been directed to attend to Court's Orders respecting her Pension.

General Letter, dated 7th January, 1817.

Para. 4. In addition to the notification made to the proper Officers respecting the iscontinuance of Pensions to Wistows who may marry again, we desire that a General Order may be issued, notifying to the Army, that ail Pensions granted by the Company to Widows, are to continue only during Widowhood,

14

Separate Letter, 5th No-7 vember, 1814.

Paras. 11 and 12. Papers relative to a representation from Captain Lieutenaut Edward Simsons, 1st Native Infantry of the long absence of Captain Palmer of that Forps, and the consequent loss of rank to himself and other Junior Officers sent, and Court's attention requested to the circumstances.

110. Captain Palmer had our leave in usus 1811, to remain till the last Ships of the following season, since which period we have received no intelligence of him.

- 111. We therefore direct that he be struck off the List of the Army, from the 14th July 1812, the date of sailing of the last Ships of the season to which his leave of absence had been extended.
- 292. We have appointed Mr. Robert Taylor, a Cadet for the Infantry, on your Establishment, and he; will proceed accordingly to his destination by the earliest conveyance.

### General Letter, dated 13th February, 1817.

- Para. 3 Mr. Alexander Harley, Assistant Surgeon of your Establishme et, has our permission to remain in England until the departure for Bengal of the first Company's Ships of next season 1817-18.
- 1. We have permitted Mr Robert Moore Catheart to proceed to your Presidency to mactise is a Surg on, and we direct that he succeed as an Assistant Surgeon—his rank will be settled at a future time.
- 5 We have permitted Cornet John Samuel Williams of your Establishment, to remain twelve Months in England.
- 6 Major Heary Bellingham has our permission to return to his rank on your Establishment.
- 8. Lieutenant Charles Chapaset of your Pension Establishment, has terently presented to us a memorial respecting the circumstances under which you trunsferred him to the Pension Last and subsequently suspended him from the Company's Service, and praying to be restored to his former situation.
- 9 We have taken the same into our serious consideration, and having adverted to all the cucumstances of this case, we are unable, to discover any grounds for complying with Lieutenant Chapuset's request, and we hereby direct that he be no longer considered in our Service, and that his name be strick off the list of your Establishment accordingly.
- 10 We have permitted the undermentiqued persons severally to tetuen to their rank on your Establishment, viz.

Surgeon Joseph Langstaff. Lieutenant John Bryan Neufville.

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- 11. We have permitted Captain Lieutenant Richard Powney of your Establishment, to remain in England till the departure of the last Company's Ships of this season 1816-17.
- 12. We have permitted Lieutenant Fireworker Henry Ralfe of your Establishment, to return to his rank.
- 13. We have permitted Mr. John Adam to proceed to your Presidency to practise as a Surgeon, and we direct that he succeed as an Assistant Surgeon—his rank will be settled at a future time.
- 14. Brevet Captain Ralph II. Sneyd of your Establishment, has our permission to remain in England until the departure of the first Company's Ships of next season 1817-18.

### General Letter, 5th March, 1817.

Para. 2. We have permitted the undermentioned persons severally to proceed to your Presidency to practice as Surgeons, and we direct that they succeed as Assistant Surgeons upon your Establishment—their rank will be settled at a future time; Viz.

Thomas Monro Monro, M. D. James Gordon, William Over, Thomas Henderson.

3. We have permitted the undermentioned Officers severally to return to their rank upon your Establishment, viz.

Captain John Lowis Stuart,

George Swiney,
Surgeon John Patterson.

JOHN CRAIGIE, Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY THE HOVORABLE THE VICE-PRESIDENT IN COUNCIL.

# FORT WILLIAM; August 12, 1817.

In consideration of the number of Native Troops stationed at Dum Dum, the Honorable the Vice-President in Council is pleased to authorize a Native Doctor to be entertained and permanently attached to the Native Hospital at that Cantonment. The rate of pay to be the same as that of Native Doctors attached to Battalions of Native Infantry.

JOHN CRAIGIE.

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

# ÅUGUST 23. 1

Our latest accounts from Head-Quarters, extend to the 16th instant, from which it appears, that His Excellency the Most Noble the Governor General and suite, had passed Chapprah on that date.—It is stated that their next place of rendezvous will be Buxar; after which, Gazcepore and Benase. His Excellency and suite, we are happy to find, were in excellent health and spirits.

The Wellon, Capt. Wallace, was going down the River on the 11th, when she noset on the Ryapore Sand. The officers and crew were saved; but all the private baggage, and the Post Office Packets were lost.—The wreck was sold at publicauction on Wednesday, by Messes. Taylor, McNeight and Co. Mr. J. Breen purchased the hull for 5,300 rupees, and Mr. W. Patrick, the Cotton and 1,500 bags of rice which were on board: paying 4,500 rupees for the former, and 50 for the latter article.

In the Belsah Ukhbar of the 25th ultimo, it is mentioned that Scindia had directed all the Pindaree Chiefs to assemble after the Day mah with their adherents at a Fort in his country not far from Narwar. Buskah Khan one of the Chiefs had sent a rich present to the Maha Raj-a splendid saddle set with gems, together with five lacks of Rupees and an Elephant. Our letters from the Dukhin mention that the Pindaree Chiefs are sending off their families for the Seekh country, and making great preparations to enable them to take the Fieldearly; that they are buying up every matchlock all over the country. His Excellency Lieutenant General Sir T. Hislop with the general Staff of the Madras army had arrived at Jaulnah. Letters from Officers in that quarter mentions it was expected they would take the field by the 1st September. In the Madras army it was understood that a division of their force would proceed to Nagpore to relieve the Bengal division. Throughout Berar the temperature is said to be very moderate during the rainy season :- the Thermometer ranging from 76 to 82. · But he When the

We have received the following letter and agreenbly to the wishes of the writer, have inserted it for general information.

Extract of a Letter, dated Batavia Roads, June 25, 1817.

"For the information of those concerned and employed in the Eastern or Malay Trade, I have to state that the Coriozo, a new brig from Manilla, of 240 tons but the copy and, &c. has been cut off through the macro attons of the Sultan of Sambas at an island called by them Sacrasson, the St. Naturas. The Commander Captain Mitchell, Mr. Matthias, Supercargo, and about 25 of the crew killed.

"The Sultan has since armed the Vessel with 10. Gurs, and manned her; and will 'tis expected cruize off Sambas, and Slacco rivers, to take and plunder whatever he can master. The Coriozo did belong to a Mr. Augustine Scarella, and was only a few days

from Mandla.

"Thinking it of some utility to make this known at Calcutta, I have chosen your paper as the channel."

### Al'GUST 26.

A few days ago towards the dusk of the evening, we witnessed the following occurrence in the street wherein our office is situated. A cow was led on with her calf by a native, when one of the dogs, of which there is rather an unusual number in our neighbourhood, broke his chain, sallied out and attacked her with angovernable fury. Any one, acquainted both with the religious prejudices of these people and of their castomary mode of going to work on these occasions, may form an idea of the mob that was immediately assembled and of the clamor that arose. popular meetings in England for Annual Parliaments and Universal Suffrage have been no doubt more numerous, but could not be more noisy or less effective. "For the assailor was not, any more than some other personages, to be overawed by mere recha et vores. Nay we think that the shouts, growns and hisses of the mob, as well as the pitiful bellowing of his horned prey, had rather a stimulating effect upon bim.

Not for a second did he let the living limb in his mouth The purple - pots on his white coat and his long square muzzle showed him to belong to the pointers; but by his fierceness he approved himself to be a worthy relative of the bull-dog. Before we had the - t me to go down and afford our assistance, an Furopean gentleman had jumped out of his palanqueen and was pulling the assailor by the hind legs. times did be thus succeed in releasing the victim, and three times did her infuriated enemy make her again bleed under his grasp; before the blind appetite, of ferociousness was at last overcome by the galantry of humanity. We record this circumstance; because, trilling as it may appear, it sets the characters of the natives and that of Europeans in a strikingly contra ted light. When it is considered that on this occasion each of the two sets of people alluded to, with the apparently same purpose, acted in some kind in contradiction with his education and habits; a fair opportunity offers itself of ascertaining the comparative value of the flimsy products of artificial Anstitutions, and of the sterling operations of genuine feel-Here are fifty Hindus who could not even in the superiority of numbers muster up spirit sufficient for overcoming a vile cur, and for saving from destruction the precious object of their daily adorations; while a European, who perhaps receives a pound or two of beef every day in his stomach, in hed into immediate fatigue and donger merely to quell in his own bosom the monentary but painful emotion raised by the sight of a Reling being in distress.

# AUGUST 27.

ENTRACT OF A LETTER FROM CHITTAGONG, DATED ALGUST 13, 1817.

"It has been stated, that I Companies at Dacca, helonging to the 1st Battaliou 16th Regiment, have been ordered to Chittagong, in consequence of some movements made by the Muss, who in their present disjointed state are absolutely incapable of making any. The fact is, the augmentation to the Force in this district has been caused by the threats of the Burmah Government, to cross the Nauf, and sieze some

Mugs, who took refuge in the British Territory, when driven from Aracan by the Burmese, and who have since been in the hal it of recrossing into their Native country, and plundering its oppressive conquerors.

. A beautiful vessel was launched to day at this port, and named the Hikmut. She was built by a Gentleman, skilled in Naval Architecture, of which she is a perfect model, and I am happy to say, that she took the water, free from any accident."

On Friday the 22d instant, the Honorable Mr. I. A. Van Braam, Commissioner from the Netherlands Government to take passession of the Netherlands Posts ions on the Continent of India, was introduced to the Honorable the Vice-President in Council, at the Covernment Hosse, and after the delivery of his credentials, the usual salute was fired from the Ramparts of Foct William.

Mr. Overbeck, we understand, is to be the new

Resident of Chin surah.

The Drawing of the Seventeenth Calcutta Lottery, closed on Saturday fast. On this occasion, the prize of a Lac of Rupee, came up to No. 3415. This fortunate Ticket, we are informed, was sent to Bombay, and there sold.

### AUGUST 28.

The pell which had bound the Theatrical Amateurs so long, having ceased to operate, they have resumed the amusement of the drama at the Chouringhee Theatre with no diminution of the zeal and tolent which, during the last two years, have characterized their evertions. The Tragedy of Douglas, is one of the most attractive productions on the stage. The story is simple and powerfully interesting and the characters drawn with great force and spirit. Last Friday evening the part of Lady Randolph was undertaken by a gentleman, who gave to it a high degree of pathos and tenderness. The scene between the mother of Douglas and Old Norval, was deeply affecting, and calculated to excite the softest feelings of the heart. The modulation and varied tones of

voice, together with the incomest and the matter which were successful displayed. The hair left bursts of passing limit complaint, or the hair left pressed agony of facility Randolph, were listened and received, with merical applicase. The manifest in which the character was performed takens that the representative had deeply and appropriately studied the imagined condition, sepreous and misfortunes, of the heroing, and avery passes and hirried movement was marked with greek each, and attention to dramps the effect.

The sure of the Steep wither is anusing, and some time it is the priority parallel the priority parallel the priority parallel the priority accusion, to reveral lively scenes. We provide a prophing of the plot.

We understant at the pieces fixed upon for their next representation are the Citizen and the Wegs, thereook.

The friends of the Honorable Ms. Spron will help happy to hear that before the South, left the roads on her voyage to Madras, the charge of air had been productive of the most beneficial effects on his state, of health. The latest letters represent him in high spirits.

July, 1813.— I arrived here on the 4th ultimo, at ter a plantification against passage of 23 days from Tranquebar. The marked of one sorry to say are completely global ted with early kind of merchandize, and it will not be until the arrive of several ships from different ports of Europe, especial in all next month, that I shall be able to do anything in the way of side. Night was scarce, and since he let destructive fire, the product want of confidence has practiled; highly distinguished to speculation. The branched; highly distinguished to speculation. The branched practice of the first created confidence has been produced by the of the product of public terms destroyed. Gape Wine of a superior public is a light of the product of the state of a superior public is a light of the product of the state of a superior public is a light of the state of the

ling at 5 dollars. Brandy (the took toget (ains its price, being at 4 dollars the ped." AUGUST 30.

Our letters from the Dakhin mention that Colonel Sir John Malcolm left Hydrabad on the 1st for Poonah—that he was expected to return to Hydrabad by the 15th; after which he would start for Nagpore, which it was calculated he would reach by the end of the month. It is understood in that quarter that every thing is arranged with Holkar and Meer Khan. The Landed interest in Beraf is stated to be in a very thriving way, from the protection afforded by the subsidiary force and the rise in prices, in consequence of the encreased expenditure. The Renter of the Hussingabad district is said to have encreased the revenue from two and a half to seven lacks—at which sum he had farmed out the district.

By the kindness of a correspondent, we are enabled to submit to our readers, the following interesting document as to the Pindarees—a tribe which we trust will soon be known only from the history of their depredations: and thus another wreath be added to the honors, humanity which England lately acquired in giving law to the Barbary powers—the Pindarees of the Mediterraneau.

Examination of Kundoo Pindaree taken prisoner by the Mysore Horse, under Beem Row Buckshee.

- Q. What is your name?
- Ar Kundoo.
- Q. Who is the chief of the party to which you were immediate.

  ly attached:
  - A. Berkah Syed.
  - Q. What was the strength of the party?
  - A. Upwards of \$00.
    - Q. What was the amount of the whole Lubbur?
    - A. Ten thousand Horse of various descriptions.
    - Q. Of whose Dhurra: was it composed?
- A. Seven thousand of Sectoo's; 1890 of the Udbur Shahees, 1000 of Hurriam Khan's, and 500 of Dost Mahommed's.

# MARATIVE.

We were all collected at Nimewor to the amount of 10,000, and crossed the Norbudda at the Buglatui Ghaut, we proceeded by the Muchres Ghaut, Mani, Maisdee. Ashtee, Amnair, and crossed the river Wurdu below Chandu, proceeded by Eidlabad, passed the

Gedavery leaving Dhurwunperse about To rose to the left, contro ed the Kistnah wear Umrawulter, plundered the outskirts of the town, moved on towards Guntoor, plundered some places whom n mes I do not recollect a Guntoor was plundered by the adviseced party, who might be 100 horse, who obtained some booty but not much, perhaps the whole did not exceed 9 or 3000 subjets, of being fixed upon by some Sepoys we quitted Gantoor with procise pitation for Munguigurry, which we were prevented from plus-dering by having armed men in it. Thence we moved to himmum, forty or lifty pushed on to the place, but got entaugled in the paddy fields, where one of their borses stuck fast, and the remainder being fired on by some troops galloped back and joined the main body—We halted a village about half a coss from Kummum, but having understood from a Brinjairy whom we met with at a small village on our way, that the principle fords of the Kisinah were occupied by Troops, and who promised to conduct us across the river by an unfrequented Ghant, we followed the road pointed out by him, and had acarcely crossed the Kistnah and were dressing our Victuals, when a Regiment of Cavalry made its appearance; in consequence we moved off immediately from thence in the direction of Hydrabad, and when we had arrived within twelve coss of the City, we separated into two bodies, the one to which I belonged under Beekah Syed proceeded, leaving Hydrabad 4 coss on the right, plundered Chundapett and taking only byepaths, and plundering all the small Villages in our route, recrossed the Godavery in the neighbourhood of Beer, advanced leaving Jaulnah 12 coss to our left, ascended a small Ghaut near Sondkhair, from whence we made two marches and halted near Godree, about a coss from Chicklee and three coss from the British Camp, in among the hills; at this period, some of our people who were looking about for forage and fire-wood, found a Camel and brought it to Beekah Syed, who said, "there must be a Camp some where in the vicinity," and accordingly we were all on the alert; seeing a light at a distance, Beckul Syed with 10 Horsemen went towards it and about an hour afterwards returned with the intelligence that the force had marched in an opposito direction, we then moved 2 coss further and again halted for the remainder of the night. At day break we mounted, and had gone about a coss when we were overtaken by the Mysore Sillehdar Horse, -of the movement of the larger body after our separation I am perfectly ignorant.

Q. After you separated from the large Body, was no place fixed on for rejoining?

A. Yes. In the vicinity of Punderpore, but however it did not take place. '

Q. Who was the principal Chief of the Lahbur?

A. Hussein Buksh, commonly called Bukrob.

Q. For what purpose did you commende your expedition?

A. To cross the Kithah addition into Tippoo Sultaun's Country.

Q. Did you know at the thing there was no such Country.

A. No. It was reported in Camp, that we were going to Tippoo Sultaun's, but after we had crossed the Kistnah, we learned the Country belonged to the English.

Q. What here the arrangements made previous to the collect most be Lubbur?

A. We all executived at the compagne of Setoo and departed on

the Latine according to his instructions, . Q. What is your mode of life during the Rains.

A. On our seture from an expedition we all repair to Setoo and gave hum an account of pur operations, then we disperse to our different bonies, which are situated near the Nerbuddah, and in · the Ropel Country at the distance of ten or twenty coss.

Q. Do you remain together in captonments during the mon-

soon or in the different villages t

A. We remain in custonmentaduring the rains,-Those belong-, ing to Sector a Dhurrah at Nimawar, Those of Kurreem's at Raiscen, Dost Mahomed's Dhurrah, in the neighbourhood of Bhilse at Gurramour. The Holker Shahee Dhurahs are stationad as follows, Gardeekhun at Kurmode, Kadir Bukshat Katapoor. " Sahib Khan and Bahadur Khan at Eklorah.

Q. What preparations do you make before you proceed on a

Luhbar.

A. As long as we continue in Scindenh's country we purchase every thing, afterwards no depend satirely on plunder.

Q. Since you carry no provisions along with you, how did so

large body as the late Lubbur contrive to subsist

A. We mutually assist each other, depending entirely on what we can procure in the villages on our route, or any convoys we may meet, but are often exposed to temporary privations

Q. Under whose authority do you consider yourselves;

A. Under Scindish and Holker, but the majority under the for-

Q To what length is it considered the authority of Scindiah and

Holker extends.

A. Our proceedings are considered to be regulated by the orders of their chiefs, and we plunder and spare the country according to their instructions; whenever they require our services we always join them.

Q. For what reason do you submit to their authority?

A. Because our families find refuge in their dominions, and in the event of our being attacked, we should fly there for shelter.

Q. Then do you never plunder under any circumstances the

territories of Scindials and Holkar?

A. Never except by steath. We have been in the habit for the last 19 years of plandering the Nagpore Territo & but of late the Dhurralis of Section and Kurreem have not done so, in consiquence sem servencest.

Q. In the event of a pursuit after the Pindarries, what is the

best mode of overtaking them!

A. On their return from an expedition when laden with plunder, because then they are incapable of making such input marches as at first, their horizontal latigued by the journey and encumbered with lossis. Should be pursued scross the Nerbuddh we could dispuss in the latigue of antenments and take refuge in Scandcab's invitations.

Q. In what manner are the marcher of the Pindarese winds

A. When we set out and have no apprehension we march traderally 7 or 9 coss, but if we have reason to fear a jarrinit, we said move 20 or 85 coss, and can continue at this rate for 20 days of necessary. We proceed at first at easy stages, as we wish to the serve ourselves for occasions when it may be necessary to make any exertion.

Q On your return from an expedition when laden with plum-

der, what is your usual rate of marching?

A About 20 coss a day We start at day light, and continued marching till 13 o'clock, when we halt in the jungle, till about 3 or 4 o'clock in the evening, and we respine our march till midnight?

I all our marches both ingoing and coming, we avoid the high

roads and proceed by the most unfrequented paths.

Q. How are you generally armed.

A. With Spears and Swords, and but few matchlocks, at an average about five to every hundred men, some of the principal Sirdars may have pistols

Q What may be the strength of the Pindarees

A About 10,000 good Horse and of various other descriptions 5 or 6,000

Q In what manner do you feed your Horses that they can stand

such extraordinary fatigue?

A We generally feed them on Chenna Joacee, Tooree, it short whatever we canget besides we have a preparation of Opium, Alsonic, blue stone, and other ingredients which I cannot particularize, which we sometimes administer to them, and we accustom them when young to bear fatiglie, out of fifty Horses we obtained at Chaud spett, only 5 were able to keep up

Q When you conceive you are liable to be overtaken by a body of Horse in pursuit of your party. What do you do on such

an occasion?

A We march off in a body and continue so, as long as we can, these who fall in the rear, are left to their fate, we never stop to defend them.

Q. When you proceed on an expedition are you under the orders of any particular chief, or is every party only subject to its own Commander.

A We are nominally under the orders of a particular chief termed Lubbureu, but if any person chooses to separate from the main body, no notree is taken of it.

Q How do you procure intelligence

A We never send out persons for that purpose, but straggling parties bring all the information they may obtain on, that fouter and in case of our own people missing the main hody, we set fire to a village or a stock of brage, as points for them to proceed ou.

Q In what mainer do you dispose of your bount?

A Every man retains what he gats, with the exception of Elephants, which are giving tunning to Schoo, who his seturn makes prosents. "Conower's Inquest.—On Wednesday last, an Inquest was hold at Manwar Khan's Buggeeche, si-Tuate in the Tannah division, No. 11, off the Circular Road, over the body of Chooneah, a Moor Woman. In the course of evidence, it appeared, that the deceased had been on terms of intimary with one Meer Peer Alli, a Burkundass, belonging to the Tannah Division aforesaid. The Burkundass arriving at a late hour upon guard was reprimanded by the Jemidar and he then accounted for his tardines to a 'dispute that he had that morning at home? he now was ordered to his post, from which he was relieved at ten oclock, and about this time he was perceived by two of the witnesses to be in the act of untying a cord, with which the deceased had been suspended round her neck to a Beam of the Hut. No other person was with him and all was done in silence within. · The two witnesses immediately proceeded to report the circumstance at the Tannah; while the Burkundoes took the opportunity and fled, nor has he sin c been her rl of, although every precaution was adopted, on the instant, to have him stopt at the different . Chokies. The Jemidar and others, on receiving the information, went to the spot the former steping into the Hut, placed his hand upon the body of the deceased and found her quite dead and cold! was about half an hour only subsequent to the relief to the Burkundoss. Strong suspicion being attached to the Burkundoss, and more particularly from his flight and his not standing an investigation. The Jury after being sent into an inner room returned into Court at about midnight, with a Verdict of " Wil-Jul Murder against Meer Peer Alli Burkundoss." ----

# SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS Aug. 19. Serres, Raine, from Batavia 23d July.— Wellington, Tourishes, Rosso Ma, Mauritime 2d July.—Jesse, Williams, from the Manifella 23d, July.—Princesa de Brazil, (Portuguese,) IVSII 2a, from Liebon 14th April.

Do. 22. Brig Dupky, Gellon, from Bombay 29th July .- Gover-

nor Petrie, Greenway, from Rangoon ad Aug. - Cormeall, Wilson, from England 6th May, and Madres 13th August.

Do. 23. Martha, Cogile, from England 29th April -Brig-Heps, Fromstead, from Columbo 2d July and Madrae 13th August.

DEFARTURES. Aug. 18. Scaffower, Leigh, for China.—Phosnix, Hogan, for Madras.—Alpion, (American,) Conway, for Boston.—Pondicherry, (French,) Cambernon, for France.

Dv. 21. Creric, (American,) Humphreys, for New York.—Glory, Pounder, for London.—Shaw Allum, Chivers, for Range good.

Passengensiper Ganger, from Liverpool: Mr. W. H. Pearce, Mr. John Fountain, Mrs. M. H. Pearce, and Mrs. Mary Ward and Daughter.

Per Governor Petrie: Mr. Gregory Johannes, Armenian, and Mr. G. Mouat.

Per Cornwall: Mrs. Nicholson, Mr. James Nicholson, free merchant, and Mr. Robert Cruttenden.

Per Surry, from Batavia: J. A. Van Bram Esq. Commissioner, T. B. Weggerman, Seq. Secretary, T. W. F. Van Atters, Seq. Civil Servant, B. C. Veuphcogh, Esq. ditto, and Mrs. Ruth Lone.

Per H'ellington, from Madras: Lieut. Paul, Bengal Army. From Mauritius: Monsieur H. Fouch.

BOMBAY. Annivals. July 25 II. M. Ship Towey, Wm Hill, Esq. Captain, from Muscat.—Ship Acteon, Captain John Mackay, from the lale of France.—27. Ship Lonach, free index, Captain Driscoll, from London.—28. the II. C. Cruizer Jurora, Captain James Watkins, from Batavia. Passances: General Sil Wim. Grant Keir, Lady Keir and Child; Lieutenant McMalone, A. D. C. Lieutenant George Robson, H. C. Marine.

Departure. July 26. Ship Malabar, free trader. Captain Win Ascough, to London—Ship Indignation, Captain Win. Frost, to the isle of France.—29. H. C. Ship Lawsillart, Captain Robert Stair Dalrymple, to Chinh.—Ship Lowether Castle, Captain Charles Mortlock, to Do.—Ship Bonday. Capt. Ring lose, to Madrasand-Bongal—American Ship Cic ero. Communder Robert Edes, to Boston.

# Madras.

### APPOINTMENIS.

JULY 17.

Mr. C. H. Clay, Sheriff of Madraspainam.

Mr. J. Thomas, Second Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Finnevelly.

Mr. W. French, Second Assistant to the Collector and

Magistrate of Madura.

Mr. B. Horne, Second Ashistant to the Collector and

Ma htrate of I richimppoly.

Mr. A Crawley, Second Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Chingleput.

A displation of Parliament is expected,

## JULY 31.

Mr. Tierney, we lament to say, is considered in a dan gerous state of health.

The Barbary Pirates are again the terror of the Mediter-

rancan.

I ord Byron was daily expected to return to England George Raikes, Esq. was elected a Director of the Honorable Company on the 26th of March, in the 100m of Colonel Bannerman, appointed Governor of Prince of Wales' Islano.

Admiral Plampin appointed to the Cage Squadron had

been seen off Teneriffe.

# JULY 99.

The Hoderable Company's Ships Bridgewater, Captain Hu hes, and Herefordshire, Captain Mone, sailed from the Roads in presecution of their veyage to Penang and China, on Sunday evening.—The following are their Passengers:

PER BRIDGEWATER. - Mr. J. D. Gleig, and Lieutenant E. Woodhoore, of the Sin Regiment N. I. for England. -

Mr. Smon Marcar and Aviet Gregory, for Penang.

PER HERFTORDSHIRE.—Lieutenant Cotton, 22d Dragoons and Lieutenant Kennedy, of the Bengai Establishment, for China.

His Majesty's Ship Minden, Captain Patferson, arrived on Sunday, from Trincomallie. She will return again in about a week. We hear, His Excellency the Admiral, is shortly expected to visit the Presidency.

### JULY 22.

A French Transport, with Stores on heard for the French possessions in India has arrived at Pondicherry. She sailed from Brest in February, and we learn, that the Transport D'Elephant, sailed a short time before for Bourbon, evial to board a new Governor for that Island,—the present Governor M. Bouvet de Lozier, having been recalled. We also learn that the new Governor arrived at Bourbon on the 19th ultimo.

# Bombay.

JULY 30.

It is with considerable pleasure, we unnounce the safe arrival, at this Presidency, of General Sir William Kerr with his Lady and suite.

#### DEATHS, MARRIAGES, BIRTHS, AND

ANNOUNCED SINCE OUR LAST NUMBER.

### MARRIAGES.

JULY.

10. At Surat, by the Reveread Thomas Carr, Lieuten int W Pouces, of the 2d Bittalion 9th Regiment, Bonibay Native Infantry, to Miss Anne Regin i Sissingh, daughter of the late Dr. Sissingh, of Smat.

26. At St. Mary's Church, (Madras,) by the Reverend W. A. Keating, James Cruick. shank, Esq. Paymaster of His Majesty's 30th Regiment of Foot, to Miss Charlotte Baillie, second daughter at George Baillie, Esq. Superintending Surgeon of the Centre Division.

Lieutenant Washington Carden, of His Mijesty's 30th a Regiment of Foot, to Miss Baillie, eldest daughter of George Badue, Esq. Superintending Surgeon of the

Centre Division.

At the house of Mr. C. Wilhams, Mr. G. Rose, to Miss Maga, D'Gosta

30. At the Cithedral, by the Reverena 4. Histings, Mc Charles Francis, an Assistant

in the Territorial Department, to Miss Grace R Ro bertson

By the Reverend Mr. Hastings, Captain Balston, to Miss Ro-

bertson.

Aucust.

At the Cathedral, by the Reverend Mr. Joseph Parson, Thomas Bruce Ewinhoe, Esq. Attorney at Law, to Miss Jace Chilcott.

9 By the Reverend Dr. Bryce, Mr G Matchell, of the from of Mitchell Chritic and Co. to Miss Elizabeth Mitchell.

At Barrackpore, by the Reser end Mr. Butchings, Limite nint Vek is Jacob 3d Sas tive falactry, to vies Anno Watson

13. By the Rev Dr Bryce, Mr. Wairon Scaly, to Mess Hannah Pethersten

At the Camodo L. by the Reverend Mr. Person, Licute. nant William Johnson Cirley, of the 23d Regiment Virigin latantity, to Catherine, classidaughter of Charles Visuals son, Esq late an lung. Planter, Jessore.

### BIRTHS.

At Bombay, the Lady of Michie Forbes, Esq. of a Son and heir.

22. At Cawnpore, the Lady of Assistant Commissary Ge-neral Spiller, of a Daughter,

Same place, the Lady of Captun Gray, of the 30th Foot, of a Son.

25. At Vellore, the Lady of

F. W. Ponman, of a D. Lighter. The Lany of Capt Times Neish, of the Ship . In pictous, of a Son.

28. The Lady of J Rees, Log of the Civil Service, of a

Daughter.

3c. At Jubbulpore, the Lady of Lieutenant Ward, of the 2d Battalion 23d Regiment Native Infantry, of 2 Dauguter.

31. At Madras, the Lady of Captam Cadell, of a Son August.

2. Mrs. R. Pauling, of a. Daughter

7. Mrs. T. W. Sumners, of a

9. At Sectapore, the Lady of Licentenant Acha Hoggan, 27th Regional Native Islantry, of a Baughter

1' At Casuplie, the Lady of Captau James Dividale, 25th Regiment Mative Difantry, of a Danghter

At Barrackpore, the Lety of the identity Thomas Burlow, Mallar, of the additional Nation infinity of (Daugheter)

In Changen how, the Lady of Caption B. Bazidson, Commenting the Syllict Carps, of a Son Mrs J R Douglass, of a Son.
Mrs Alexander Macdonald
Rutchie, of a Daughter
At the Resolution of the Rev.

At the Resolvaic of the Rev. Me from four the Luly of Captain to whom, of the 20th Native Infludige, La Daughter

to Mrs. Cornelius U Smith, of a Diughter

A) At Choseinghee, the Lady of Captino A. Gallowis, Agent for Grupowder, Ail shaof a Daughter,

15 At Barrickpore, the Lady or Laentenaut John Hall, inter jetter and Quarth Mister 1st Bettahon 9th Reginual of a Daughter.

Mrs. J. Harris, of a Suanest The Endy of caption Summer Lee. of the Ship Meffatt of a Daughter

# DEATHS.

At Bombis Captim Rebenac, of the Bombis Togsneers.

D. At Ellore, Lieutenas Undu-Green Pestino of the 14th R. gineat. Native Islantis Raying a widow and 2 ctal diec to deplose his loss.

5 In Camp, Landemont R. Swame, of the 8th Vitive Infactor

20 Mrs. Louiza de Conto a gad 68, arter a long or 1 paul 1 it illusses, leaving none con relations and fronds to 1, most har less.

22 At Rynchoutie, 1 fulder, Usq. Assistant Surgeon 23d Native Infantiv.

At Bolahali, Charles, the mefont Son of Captain Nathaniel Tucker, of the Honorable Company's Bombay Marine, 32ed i year, 7 months and 22 divs.

c) At All mabad. Mary anne, the only Danghtor of W. L. Sauds S. St. the Civil Ser

to the dis Lamber, of 5 terms

to the of 5 terms

to the of Mign

Ceneral Bits of the mass

Manon Wile a cont. Esq.

to Midnastical service.

The Midnastical service.

The official skipton, Esq.

to official Miror Purcy,

if he Migesty's 52d Foot.

# Athres

t. At Compore, Peter James, the Son of Serjeant Major De Lasle, 1st Battalion 2 4th Native Regiment

Master Wellington Bagshaw, the youngest Son of Mi. John Bagshaw, of the firm of John Bagshaw and Co. a ged 4 years. 4. At Dinagenote, (ceilin Olivia, third Danghter of William Adamson, Fsq. Assistant Service on on the Rengal List blishive at Saged 5 years and 6 morths.

6 Mr. Thomas Jones, late a pensioner to the Honorable Company's Verrue, aged 55 years, wost soccrety regretted by his friends and ac-

quantance.

 At Scetapore Onde, of a putrid Pever caused by expourre to the Son, George Neville Wratt Esq an 1s sistant Sungeon on this Establishment deeply regretted by his afflicted family and friends.

 At Chandernagore, whither be had resorted for the recovery of his health, Isseph Gay, Esq. Litely from France, (ged 37 year)

13. At the house of Edward Watson, Esq Chowringhee, the Honorable D Dayot, Covernor of Chandeenagore.

15. Thorres Casey. Esq an Assistant sargeon on the Establishment, and late Supernetendant of the Butano Gardens—agentle mandistinguished by protonoid classical and see utilic knowledge, by the most indexible integrity, and by a thorough a quantance's theyery branch of his protession.

Dr. Cases entered the College of Dublin at the early age of 14, witain 2 years succeeded (by dispensation on account of his youth,) to a Scholarship of the House received successively the degrees of A B B D. and M. D. and subsequently discharged, with the highest credit, the actuons duties of Corrector of the Greek Press, establishat that barned University. The vizorous mind of this accomplished character, soon

vanguished the difficulties and disadvantages of a feelde constitution and confined circumstanees. Durme the period he heldhis Scholarship, he studied with success not only the whole range of science, but deeply versed in the Greek and Latin Languages, he obtained intimate acquaintance with the German, Italian, Spanish and French Dialects. all of which he spoke with case and fluency

Mr. John Dickson

18 At Barrackpore, the intant Daughter of Leutenaut Thomas Barlow Malden, of the 9th Regiment of Native Infantry.

18 At Barrackpore, Mr. George B Crowther, of the Honorable Company's Pilot Service, aged 27 years,

group illness and at a very ydvanced age. Sr. Edward Fenwick, Bart Semo, Merchant in the Honorable Company's Service, and formerly Military Pay master General of Bengal, leaving a numerous fundy to be wall his loss.

29 At Serampore, Miss Juha Jadah, third Daughter of Mr. A Judah, of the Milita-

ry Department.

Lately Mr. Gerage Denham, of the Tilot Service, aged 29 years. He was piloting down the river the American Ship Trident, and in the execution of his duty, tell overboard. It is supposed he was immediately carried under water by the strength of the eddies—as, although an excellent swimmer, he was not seen or heard of afterwards

At Saharunpore, C. Ramsay, Esq. Assistant Surgeon on the Honorable Company's Eengal

Establishment.

# CALCUTTA CURRENT VALUE OF GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Buy.		Saturday, August 2, 1817.		LL.
12	10	New. 6 per Cents. Discount.		0
*		Saturddy, August 9, 1817.		
2	10	New. 6 per Cents. Discount.	3	0
	1	Saturday, August 16, 1817.		
1	14	New. 6 per Cents: discouns.	2	4
		Saturday, August 21, 1817.		
1	10	New. 6 per Cents. Discount.	1	14

# AUGUST, 1817 .- Thirty-one Days.

LAST QUARTER,.... 5 8 45 FORETOON,

New Moon, 13 12 54 AETERNON: D First Quarter 19 10 44 AFTERNOON.													
	O Foll Moon												
HI	Try blower												
H.	×	N.O.	×	HOLIDAYS, REMARKS,		R 18E		SAT	5				٠٠٠)
HONTH.	MON.	34	*	&c.	ŀ	F.A		St. 3	. S.	МО	RN	E	(G. ~
	<u>-</u>	_		1	L		_		_	_		_	
	18	١,	1P:	Tanana Dan Winter O	11	. м.			D.		Ma	H.	M.
	19	2	Fri. Sat.	Lammas Day.—Victory off [the Nile, 1798.				32	20	6	48	-	32
100	50			9" Sunday after Trinity.	5	29		31		) -	29	7	55
SRAUBONE,	21	4	Mon		5	29		3)			11	8	35
A	25		Tuc.		5	30		30		8	55	9	19
BC	23 21	6	Wed	Transfiguration of our Lord.	5	30		30	1	9	42		6
Z	21	7	Fri.	Princess Amelia born.—		81		29 29				10	56
, F2	26		Sat.	[Name of Jesus. St. Lawrence.		31		28		11	25 20		49
ž	27				5	33		27			52		16
20	28	11	Mon	Duch. of Bruns. boru, 1740.		34		26		1	47	_	11
_ 1	59	12	Tue.	Prince of Wales born. 1762:	5	134	6	86	1	2	24	8	48
			Wed		5	31		26	8	3	4	3	58
_	31	14	Thu		5	35		25	3	3	55	1	19
		15	Fri. Sat.	Assumption.  Duke of York born 1763.	5	35 36	6	25	5	1 4 5	33	5	57
				11 h Sunday after Trinity	5	36	6	21	6	6	36	6	46
			Mon		5	37	6	23	7	7	14	7	34
			Tue.	_	5		6	5%	8	8	8	8	92
B	6		Wed		5	38	6	22	9	9	4	9	28
BHADER, 1224	- 1			Duke of Clarence born, 1765	5	89	6	21	10	10	4	10	28
Ŋ			Fri.	Cut Beetheleman	15		6	21	11 12	11	3	11	28 27
Ŧ			Sat.	[St. Bartholomew. 12th Sunday after Trinity.—	5	40	6	20	13	18	o	I	24
٠			Mon	12" Sunday after Finity.	5		6	19	14	i	52	2	16
22		-	Tue		5	42		18	15	8	40	3	4
*-			Wed		5	43	6	17			25	3	49
	11			St. Augustine.	5	4.1		16		4	8		38
			Fri.	St. John Baptist beheaded.	5	15			18		49	5	13
	16	31 31	Sal. Sun	13'h Sunday after Trinity.	5	45 46			20 20		30 21	6	54 45

# THE CALCUTTA MONTHLY JOURNAL

Vol. XXXI.]...SEPTEMBER....[Numb. 275.

# Calcutta.

# MILITARY.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY THE HOVORABLE THE VICE-PRESIDENT

### FORT WILLIAM; AUGUST 12, 1817.

It having been ascertained that Lieutenant Alexander Spiers, of the 23d Regiment of Native Infantry, is not entitled to take Rank with the Marlow Cadets of the Season 1802, but with those of the Season 1803; The Honorable the Vice-President in Council is pleased to cancel that part of the General Orders by Government, dated the 14th of March last, which promoted Lieutenant Spiers to be a Captain by Brevet.

JOHN CRAIGIE, Ong Sec. to Govt. Mil Dept.

EFFLERAL SERERS, PV THE HOLOGARDE THE VICE-ARESIDENT

### FORT WILLIAM; Acres 19, 1817.

The Regulations established by the Medical Code for the recovery of the prescribed stoppages from Patients in Military Hespitals, having been found in some respects defective; the Honorabie the Vice-President in Council is pleased to direct, in addition to the rules contained in Section 4, Article 6, that Rolls smaller to those furnished to the Military Auditor General by Superintending Surgeons, shall it out transmitted to the Deputy Par Master of Stations, according to which documents the latter Officer (will levy the amount of Stoppages from the abstracts of Troops, Companies, &c and for the realization of the tull account of which they will be held responsible.

JOHN CRAIGIE,

Offg Sec. to Sort Mil. Dept.

CENERAL ORDERS, BY THE HONOHABLE LUF VICE-PRESIDENT

FORT WILLIAM: July 29, 1817.

As circumstances connected with operations in the Field, frequently render it necessary, that provisions should be issued to Troops or Service from the Public Stores; the Honorable the Voce-Precident in Conneil considers it expedient, that a fixed rate at which articles of supply shall be druged to Nouve Troops and Followers, when issued from the Public Stores, should be determined on a nind, is accordingly pleased to direct, that the scale of rations and provisions, with the rates to be charged for such supplies, as exhibited in the following. Table, shall be adhered to, in every situation where the Troops are furnished from the Public Stores.

Table of Daily Rations of Provisions, authorized to be serwed out to Native Troops and Followers when on Service, or by situations requiring to be supplied from the Public Stores; with the cate at which each article is to be paid for by the men.

To Vative Troops and Public De- parlment.	Daily Ra- tion.	Rute be	nch to	
Wheat, Hour, or Rice			***	
Dholl.	2 Chillacks.	16	do.	do.
Ghee,	1 ditto.	2	do.	do.
Tabacca	1 ditto.	5	do.	do.
Tarmeric	Editto,	į q	đo.	do
Tarmeric Salt	ditto,	8	do	dec
To Private Ser- yants and Camp Follow-; ecs Wheat y		at 20		Rup.
Pour or Rice. ) Dholl	gehittacks.	16	do.	ďσ

The Secrit the above Table to be the Company's Cartay weight or 80 Suca. Rupers, or two pounds, for cough calculation, and to conder the receipt and stopping equal and sibirations, the laters to be charged in Sonaut Rupers.

It is to be clearly understood, that rations are mover to be is such, from the Public Stores except in situations where the use if some es of supply may fail, and that whenever any of the prescribed-articles shall be procumble in the country adjacret to where the Troops are serving at the rates specific for the foregoing Table, such articles are not to be furnished from the Public Depots it being the duty of Commanding Officers or such cases, to take incasures for providing their Bazars with sufficient supplies.

No articles except those mentioned in the Table shall be

implied from the Public Stores, and it shall be optional with the Commissariat to serve out Rice instead of Flour, when the state of the Public Supplies may render such a measure necessary.

Ong See to Gove Mil Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY THE HONORARY, THE VICE-PRESIDENT

TORT WILLIAM, Apprel 12, 1817.

By direction of the Most Noble the Governor General, the Honorable the Vice-President in Conneil is pleased to appoint the following Officers to be a Committee for the Establishment of a Telegraphic Communication between Fort William and Nagpore.

Parsibry.

Lientenant Colonel C. McKenzie, Surveyor General of Judia. Mi marus.

Lieutenant Colonel J Paton, Quarter Master General of the Army.

6 Lacutemant Colonel J. Nicol. Adjutant General of the Army-Major C. Stuart, Deputy Adjutant General, Presidency.

Captain G. Swiney, Artillery. Captain W. D. Playfor, Superintendant Military Road. Captain R. C. Faithfull, Major of Brigade, Cuttack

Major H. Fatthful of the Re, ment of Artifley, is appointed Secretary and Accountant to the Computate, on a Salary of Sicca

Rupe es 600 per measem.

The Vice-President in Conficil is pleased to direct that all letters addressed to, or by this serietary and Accounting on historiess connected with the establishment of the T legraph,

shall be transmitted free of products.

Such letters shall be to in the Ed Tope the words "Telegraphic Common relation and have decided Oficial Qualities and description of the writer.

JOHN CRAIGHE

Offg. Sec. to Good Mil. Dept.

CENTRAL ORDINS, BY THE HONOLOGIC IN CHESPRISIDENT

### PORT WILLIAM Arec r 19, 1817

Licutement T. H. Coles of the Donorable Company's European Regiment, arving turnished the presented Certificates from the Medical and Pay. Departments, is permitted to proceed to Europe on furlough, for the eccovery of his health.

JOHN CRAIGH,

Offe, Sec. to Gove Mil. D. pte

GENTEST ARDERS, BY THE HONORABLE THE VICE-PRESIDENT IN COUNCIL.

# FORT WILLIAM; August 19, 1817.

Serjeant John Allen of the European Artillery Invalids, having produced satisfactory Testimonials of his Claim to the Peasion established by Minutes of Council under date the 11th of January 1797, the Honorable the Vice-President Council is pleased to admit him to the benefits of that Establishment, and to permit him to reside and draw his stipend at Chunar.

JOHN CRAIGIE,

Sec. Off. to Govt. Mil. Bept.

#### SEPTEMBER 1.

### TO THE EDITOR.

SIR,—I was glad to observe in a late India Gazetti, that a correspondent under the signature of "An Inhabitant of Calcutta," had commented on a very disjusting and indecent practice prevailing wherever the new Aqueduct ranges.

The outrage to decency of a number of naked men (sometimes women also) bathing at all homs of the day in the open streets, is such as ought not to be allowed in any city, and whatever may be the measure of our intelligence to the Natives. I do conceive Sir, that evels 4. Also of the town inhabited wholly be the measure sin A a practice would be instolerable. The clareces are sometimes frequented by European passengers—and the practice in the public streets adding the viewers altogether as unnecessary, considering the viewers of the River, as it is indecent.

The streets infested with the muisance complained of, are not only those in which the houses of several of the principal. European inhabitant are situated, but they are the principal or leading streets of the City: and they are frequently passed thro' by Europeans of the first distinction, and of both sexes,

There is another public grievance to which I would all the attention of those in whose hands the remedy may be and that is the very bad state of the Calcutta roads.

When I say that during a residence here of many years, I have never seen such pains taken with the public roads, nor so large an expenditure of good materials on them, as of late: von will readily believe that I do not intend to charge negligible in any quarter. Yet the roads never were made in orse state than they are just now! Complaint would be useless, unless a remedy were prescribed; and with all due deterence to the superior judgment of those who direct the repairs. I think the cause of the last state of the roads may be ascribed to three errors of practice, viz.

1st -The high ridge in the center of the roads with the abrupt descent on each side towards the ditche.

2dly.—The profuse expenditure of Kodh; and 3dly. The hard burnt quality of the Koah used.

On the first head we have only to look to any of the old, flat, or unimproved roads about Calcutta, (the sorties for instance of Fort William, the Garden Reach roads, and, I believe, the Circular and Barrackpore roads) to observe their superior state. Wherever these flats prevail, the roads are comparatively good; but all the roads highly raised in the center become very soon broken up and bad. The reason is very obvious—the supetnon-stopents which fall in the rain, season being applicated its, living course from the center of the foods to the fatches not only carry of all re-dauding material, but on deep ravine in the ades of the road. The is often done in a single nicht of heavy rain, and just offer the road has been therough'y repaired. Look to the state of the Dum Dom road, reprired recently again and acting and recollect what it was "some vear? ago, when in a fiat state it admitted of the frequent passage of Jeavy guns and other stores to and from Post V. Car, now not necessary since the Heads quarter- of the Artillery have been fixed at Dum The fact is that a very weathe fall for the water is quite suffer ail to carry it off, and the more slowly it moves, the less it takes with it? The centor of the road being torsed 2, For Amelies, according

to the breadth, will furnish a sufficient fall with the least possible injury to the road. I insist the more on this point, hot only from the facts and reasoning I have addiced in favor of my opinion, but from having learn-confiring a recent visit to my native County, that the practice of raising the center of the roads had for a time prevailed there, but was abandoned in consequence of the anjury which the rayid passage of the rain even in England occasioned.

I shall say nothing of the danger to carriages, nor of the uncomfortable sensations occasioned to those who use them, as well as to horseman and foot passengers by being obliged to drive, ride, or walk always across the slope of a steep hill—for I imagine that if the descent from the center to the sides of the road were considered with relation to a more extended space, it would be found to be steep indeed.

My second and third reasons may appear at first view paradoxical, but hear my explanation: Who that has seen the weighty roller slowly traverse over .18 inches deep of koah, such as was some time since faid down opposite the Race stand, and has observed its effect,-s-but will admit that a much smaller quantity would be likely to answer a much better pm. pose. A sort of crest is formed with much labour on the tok of he road, and all appears smooth and well folled -but Withowh below remains in its origint llooso state. The first heavy carriage that passess breaks the upper Tust, pushes it forward, and sinks in the unconnected koah below. Observe further the rats which are exhibited all along this road, almost as soon as the operation of the roller is over. But it is not to roads only that this observation will apply: its principle will be confirmed on breaking up the terrace of any old house. The native Mistry to gain a fall for the water raises some parts of the terrace, near the center where the beams sink, with 12 inches of koah, while in other parts there are but five or six inches.—It always appears, that where the koah has been thus injudiciously heaped up, the lower pieces are just as loose, and unconnected as

they were when first laid; and that it is for the depth of 3 or 4 inches only that the effect of the beater has reached by uniting the koah and lime in some mass—all below is not only useless but injurious to the roof by rendering leaks more difficult of etappage and causing the timbers to sink under a disproportioned load.

In support of my third and last objection to the present mode of making the Calcutta roads, I have not only to quote the practice of Madras, celebrated for superior roads, where they mix a certain quantity of clay with their koah, But also the reasoning to which this successful practice leads. That hard burnt koah requiressome finer and softer particles to unite it, is reasonable to admit: and my partiality for the usage of old times leads me here also, to prefer the connivance, if it was not policy, which allowed the road repairer to lay below a quantity of very mdifferent burnt koah and on the top only his best specimen of the hardest stuff. I had lately occasion to break up some walks in agarden, and found that those which had been laid on bricks were easily removed. but I came to some where koah and soorbers affone had been laid on a clayey sub-tauce, and they resisted the kodalee and crow, until the labourers declared their inability to go on except at intervals with such hand-blistering labour.

If clay, such as is used at Wadras, cannot be had close to Calcutta. I imagine that a substract black and tough which is to be found at the sides of the river at low water, might answer the same purpose. Clay however can certainly be found though at a distance from town, and I doubt not at a saving of expense considering the charge for that part of the kosh which the use of the clay would render annucessary.

Lam, Sin, 1

Your obedient Servant,

A CITIZEN.

On Saterday evening last JAMES STUART, Esq. and CHARLES MILNER RICKETTS, Esq. arrived at Calcutta.

The Conversaliane Assemblies, which have recently afforded so much gratification to the yoring and gay of this society, are likely to be terrainated in October; when, the cold season will combence; but, we understand, that with the permission of the Committee, and under the auspices of those who so kindby patronise Mr. Harte, his Subscription Assemblic will be holden at the Town Hall. mated trials plach this building has lately undergone, has a convinced the most timid, that the upper room to as safe as it is well calculated for dancing; and in point of comfort and convenience, this spacior a edifice, cannot be exceeded in Calcutta, except L. he Government House. We sincerely hope that idan will erve the countenance, which it seems to me "- ad that the Calcutta Assemblies under management similar to that which gave so much satisfaction last year, will afford equal gratification during the ensuing season .- Arrangements will of course be made by the Subscribers respecting the admission of Non-Subscribers, and persons who do not permanent theside in Calcutta.

Mary San Aller

We have that at no great distance from Calcutta, the weather has assumed an appearance, indicative of the speedy approach of the Cold Season. At Calcutti, no such symptoms have been yet observed; but the crost extraordinary changes that have taken place, in the beasons in Europe, have led many to expect, that, some variation may be experienced in the part of the world.—How far the alterations in the chinate of England and of the neighboring continent, are traty imputable to the spots which were observed to the Sun, we must leave to the determination of those who have gravely considered the subject!

A correspondent who professes unqualified ad-Laration of the general splendour and beauty of the buildings in and about Calcutta, and whe declares, that after visiting the principal cities of Borope, his principal object in visiting India, was 16 hamine flic styla of architecture adopted in European build. ings in the Country, has sent as a long and interesting letter on this subject, containing many suggestions, which we consider well worthy of being laid before the public. Many of his observations, however, have requently been made and discussed; and we apprehend, that his plant for ornamenting and improving the "City of Palaces," however desireable, are not likely to be carried into effect, while the ground belongs to natives of the country. His suggestion for opening squares, similar to Tanksquare, with large tanks, in different parts of Calcutta, and connected by regular and wide streets, has, we believe, been considered many years ago; and we have heard that plans for such a measure were actually prepared; and no European can have looked at the huts between the Cossytollah, and the splend id mansions which front the Esplanade mean to the Chowringhee road, without desiring the substitution of more appropriate buildings. Yet, this desideratum is likely to continue. We beg leave to recommend to our Corresponder we have to the his letter into parts better all settly for public on in a newspaper, or to publish what he has and it is in the form of a pamphlet. The spirit which has tely been evinced by the Mercantile body in projecting an Exchange, for the use and ornament of the Oriental Emporium, may perhaps extend its faultable influence: and if our Correspondent can satisfy the matives possessed of landed property, in the spots where improvements are intended,-that their interests will be promoted; we should not despair of some of his plans being carried into effect; and we are persuaded that Government will lend its aid to every measure, that may contribute to the ornament and salubrity of Calcutta, and which will not interfere with the just rights of individuals.

# SEPTEMBER 3,

His Excellency the Most Noble the Governor General and Soite, were at Ghazepore on the 23d ultimo. It is said that His Excellency intends; occeding no further than Gawnpore in his boats: the rost of the journey is the prosecuted by lander in consequence of the strength of the stream, His Excellency relinquished his intention of reviewing the 8th Native Cavalry stationed at Sultanpore.

SEPTEMBER 4-4 (

The Uk bars, as usual, contain but little worth translating.—In one of them we observe that Runjeet Sing had received dispatches from Doulut Rao Scindeah, and in reply informed him that he had something of great importance to communicate to him. For this purpose he requested that Scindeah's confidential Vakeel, Bloom Lao Pundit, might be immediately sent to Lahore!

News had reached Caubul of the army of the King of Persia having faid siege to Heraut. Shahzadu Feeroz-co-deen, the Governor of that place, had requested assistance from his father, Shah Mahmood. It conserved to the Charles Futth Khan had have ordered too, coed towards Heraut with a strong have, vi Candaha, and to take with him the disposable. Sops under had heraut Kamran. The Vizier had been attacked on his route by a powerful bold of robbers from the Kheiber mountains, which he succeeded in dipersing.

'LAt 'cek, information was received of the death of Good o Gujraj Missir, the Envoy from the Rajah of Nep 'u', who was recently introduced to the Governo's General at Patha. He was suddenly attacked with a fever which carried him off in a few days.

We regret to state that a violent epidemic has been committing great ravages amongst the native inhabi-

tants of Jessore and the adjacent villages. The disorder began to prevail about the 20th of lest month. Twenty persons died in the course of one day, and a considerable part of the inhabitants, becoming seriously alarmed for their safety, immediately left the town. Several persons in the full enjoyment of health, and been suddenly attacked while walking in the streets arroads. Some are described to have the worst symptoms of Cholera blorbus, and others a burning fevel and excessive thirst; the pulse not much quickened, but full and oppressed; and the eyes suffused with yellow. A free use of Calomel and Opium appears thave relieved the symptoms.

We are happy to learn that town his the end of last month, the casualties had considerably decreased. Among the prisoners in the jail, only two cases had proved tatal. In consequence of the alarm that was spread from the virulence and activity of the disease, among the Officers and Vakeels of the Zillah Count, the Judge and Magistrate had been under the necessity of suspending the transaction of public business for seven days

We understand that the Honorable Mi Joseph Dayot, joint administrator General at Poncherry, is soon expected to visits Bengal, wo see take clarge of the private affair of his broth tine late. The vernor of Chandernagore

#### SEPTEMBER 6.

By letters from the Dukhin we learn Mady is troops are in march towards the Nerbudda, from which it is inferred that in the cosuing operations there troops will take the duty of se using the chaits in that quarter, so as to leave the Nagpore subsidiary force disposeable. Sin T. Histop, it is stated, would proceed direct for Ellichpore. Colonel Walker had been appointed to the command of all the Cavalry in the Dukhin. The 3d and 6th Regiments of Madras Cavalry had been ordered to the Nerbudda. It is stated

that two battalions of the Nagnors subsidiary force, under Littenant Colonel Magnoria and Major Richards, with 3 troops of the 6th Native Cavalry and the whole of the Robilla horse under Captain Roberts, which is in the centre of the Pindaree country.

Extract of a letter/dated Meerut, 18th August. 1817 :- "The expected Military movements remain yet a matter of conjecture. All the troops are held in readiness to march and could move at a few hours notice, and do not expect to received more than a day or two's previous intimation. The Bazar reports say that Scinden has at present in his service 70,000 Pi-danies whombe has recently entertained. Meet Khan is said to have not above seven or eight hundred followers that he can depend upon, the rest of his force being composed of a rabble that would quit him on the slightest reverse of fortune or go over to whoever wou'd give them higher pay. The Raja of Burtpoor has been burily employed, for some time past, strengthening his Fort by widening and deepening the the sh and improving the works, and building bomb proof megazines, which the fate of Hatras taught the necessit of. He has been discharging such of his traps at he sanct depend upon, and entertaining time of have lately had very pleasant weather, have here in a great dea of pun. The nights have been pagicularly cool. A few days ago, a house-breaker here met with punishment for his crune in rather a curious way. In the act of committing a buiglary by breaker through the mud wall of a house he came upon a g...ake's hole and was bit by its inmate, which occasioned has almost immediate death."

COFONER'S INQUEST.—On the 29th ultime, an Inquest was held in Chunam Gully, over the body of a Coffree, late a Sailor belonging to the Honorable Company's Cruizer Nautilus. The deceased had been discovered lying on the road the night before, stabbed in his side and weltering in his blood. On in-

spection it was found, that some instrument had penetrated the heart and also a portion of the lungs. It was not discurred who had committed this atracious act, although it was stated three Portiguese had been seen running in great haste from the head body, and in the hand of one of them something retembling a daggor. A verdict was conjequently returned of "Wilfum Murder against Person or Person Un-"known."

Letters received at the Fresidency, during the week, state the Most Noble the Governor General and suite to his preached Bonarck on the evening of the 26th ult. from which place the Flast was to proceed the next morning.

On the 28th, His Excellency and suite were a little below Mirzapore, where they expected to arrive on the following day; the progress of the Fleet was ra pid and uninterrupted.

The Allahabad River is, however, described as being so very shallow, that the rest of the journey from Mirzapore was likely to be by land.

It is with extreme regret we state, the it Thom: Balfour (a very fine voung can, age 14/ssioy and on the Boral Veto in the ship overboard, on Tuesday, from the ship overboard, and was drowned.

A seaman of that vessel experienced the kall ble me lancholy fate on Sunday falling into the rivers old from the ship's dingy, as he returned from the II. C.'s pur cruize Nautilus.

# SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE

ARRIVALS Aug. 25 Brig St Barbara, C. V. Bis of irom Tutocoreen 8th August Do 29 Amable Creals, (French.) Esnouf, from the Isle plof France. 24th July —H C. Ship William Pitt. Graham, from ht England 15th April, and Madras 20th August.—Ditto Carnel citc, Blanchard, from ditto.

Do 2º Quarte Pachece, (Portuguese,) Garcia, from Rio de Janeiro Ath June Do 30. Laly Warrington, \_\_\_\_, from the Cape of Good Hope - Mcodbride, Mannings, from the Isle of France 27th July and ago. Miller from ditto the 27th July.

DEPARTURE Aug 30. Ruby, Demnison, for the Lauritius.

PASSENGRAS PER Carnalica Mrs A Mackenzie; Mas Plachaira Money; Mrs E Corrie, and Daughter; Miss & E Brow, Miss E. Fraser; Miss A Fraser; Miss C Floming: Mise E Phippy; Miss E Birnet; Miss Harriot Bedel, G Money I was Barrister; Reverend D. Corrie, Chaplain; Ir J C. Brown, Writer, Mr C. Fraser, ditto; Mr W. Fri er, ditto; Mr W. Hastie, Assistant Surgeon; Mr P. W R. Sto e; Mr A Mail of Each; Mr J Adjugton Missionary; Mr. H. Skrifer, Fre 11; mer; M. P Yorkler Mr. T Hicks; Mr George Andrew, at department of the Captain Lieutenant Heacker, from Madras

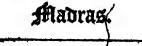
Pro William Put. Mrs Janet Hutton; Miss Jane Hutton;

Miss Mary Heathcote, Miss Louisa C Hunter; Miss Afiers Fr ter; Miss Russell; Miss Georgiana Russell, Miss Eliz Halhead; Miss Frances 4 Halhead; Colonel Lewis The C Service; Captain Collier, ditto, Mr R T Glyn, dien . H Bell, ditto, Mr Frederick Tonsend, Writer. Mr 11, Jacob Turner, ditto, Mi Thomas M Munro, Assistant & real Mr Alexander Murray, Vi C F Robinson, Free metals of the Thomas Ridding, Cadet, Vi Randale Jackson distriction Mr. R. McDonald, date From Vadras, Mr. and Vis Phys. Lieutenant Can apman, H M 89th Regiment, and Mi Sto 1.

WAIRAS. A. 1 A18 St. 1 24 Ship Cabaruse, Nice da Ver vite from the bomb of 16th June —25 Schooner William (19-tain Stoffee voerg, from Colomby and Truncom the 12d July —27 St. 1 1 2 See, Captain Trop sted, from Colombo 2d, and Jaffin Die July — His Majeste's ship Window (19tim Patterson, C Bla 22 Ship Wellington (19tim Edward Toussaint, from Port 16th Jours 2d July

Diffil Articular dulv 23 Ship Elica, Captain Robert Oliver, for Engretty Brig Dolphin, (aptain J Rogers, for Calcutti upop a griff Bridrewath, Captun P Hughes, and Hereoccasior stam John Woney for Penang and China.

Corfo Annivars July of thip Fattysalamut Nacque h quest Wom Micha - 11 Ship Sunburg, Ciptain John Losh, Coffral Compenses. July 29 Brig Zephyr, Captain J Gillon, to disco 30 Ship Lord Cathe et Free trader, Captain & Rie, in, French Ship Sophia, Commander G. Collin de Boishabed St. Maloes in France.



JULY 31.

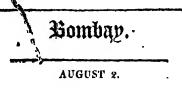
It appears from a late Commercial Report, that since the 14th of April, when the Frade to Fudia was thrown open, Licenses for 140 Private Ships had been procured.

The Ship Frances Anns in her last voyage to and from the Mauritine, is stated, in the Bengal Papers, to have found a Maiay From at the Island of Rodriguez. 25 feet long and 19 beam, with 6 men and a boy,—which had, been driven from the Coast near Acheen Head, and without any kind of from on board: The miscrable state of these unfortunate persons after traversing so great an extent of ocean, may be readily imagined—indeed if the fact be true, of incir hering wholly improvided with tool, it is surprising that any of them should have survived, and it will furnish a suring instance, among many less extraordinary, of the faculty which the Natives possess, of being able to undergo a very protracted abstinence, derived in part, no doubte from habit, as well as from their general temperates out of living.

Among the Prisoners tried here at the last Sissions was a vative thought to possess, april generate ithe chita ters of this stamp, more gut - Tunning than togodas-we noticed this mark in a former Number Le is a Byrragee, professing also to www. Alchymist, and, if understand the valuable and generally supposed impenetrable secret of the transmutation of the inferior metals into Sold and Silver-having discovered a Person suited to his purpose, one whom he seems to have considered the reverse of himself-as having more Pagodas than cunfit -he (according to the Prosecutor's Stitement) asks a ms at the door of his House, and obtained what he asked he wasts the house again, and being treated kindly he tells the owner. if he will furnish a small piece of silver, he will put it through a process by which it shall be doubled-the silver is furnished, put into a crucible with some lead or copper. and covered with leaves ind a Powder, it is then placed over a fire in a room and locked up during the night, in the morning the door is opened, and behold a piece of

ailver, double the weight of that furnished, is found in the bottom of the crucible & the Alchymist asks something as a reward for his trouble, and receives the value of the metal he had promed; his employer however naturally asking Fim how it has pened, as he could make silver, that he sh uld dintinur a Byragee asking alms-to this he readily replied, he could perform the operation for outer people. but was not permitted to)do so for himself : No then went away, and at the end of about three weeks returned, asking alms as usual, and paying if he were Arnished with a larger piece of silver then before, be would make it more productive-the experiment was repeated and with the success predicted; he did not make his appearance again till about three weeks afterwards; when he said he could perform the same operations with Gold as he had done with the silver he was furnished with a small piece of gold, which in the morning was found doubled in quantity, as the silver had been, he repeated the operation more than once at different intervals; and with the like success. Having by these means got complete possession of the mind of his employer, he brought with him at his last visit, a great quantity of the Powder and leaves used in the process, which he produced, desiring a large sum might be Time " and for him tocoperate with; the master and all. the housepaccording to their account were spell boun Pad by the Alchymist and they could deny him nothing . a bout 900 Page das were kirnished him, the melting pot wa. pice dont the and the usual preparatory steps taken; the middle of the night, however, the operator wished to In the process her going on, and desired the servant to give him the key-the latter like his master felt hims If as he said obliged to comply with every demand of this transmuter of metals; he therefore gave the key-the operator, entered the room, and being satisfied that matters Thre going on exactly as he wished; he locked the doof gave the key to the servant-and again retired to his v ual resting place, under the Verandah of the House -He rose very early in the morning, it appears, and walked quietly away Before the usual hour his employer, whose sumbers had doubtless been disturbed by dreams of coming riches, rose also, and repaired with his servant to the room; the crucible was uncovered --- whea lo linstead of the expected golden Harvest, a hole was discovered in the bottom of the got, the gold conveyed

away and a quantity of Copper lost. After a search of two years, his credulous employer discovered the Aschymist at some distance from Madras; and brought him down to answer at the Sessions for having thus reversed the process of transmutation. Such was the Statement of the Procecutor and his Servant—the Alchymist was however act quitted in consequence of the Procecutor having communicated with the Prisoner through the medium of au Interpreter, who was not to be found.



We understand that the Bombay Merchant, Edward, and Hyperion, will certainly go to sea on the 10th inst. for London, and also that it is probable that the Brulget for Liverpool will be ready to sail about the same time.

On Wednesday night, about ten o'Clock, a i're broke out in the Chumarwads, not far from the Mus id Bunder street, in the house of a shogmakers. It was occasioned by some negligence of a poor of blind myste legaly segenty years of age. The wind being rather the it of ended in shout twenty minutes to cleven buts and a range containing thirteen small houses, which were all burneling no when the futher progres of the flames was effectually stopped by the active exertions of Capt, Barr, the Fort Adjutant, who astended with the fire engines, and of Capt. Lawrence of the marine, whobrought up an engine from Mazagon dockyard. Lieut. Black Ans present With a party of the marine battalion, who were usefulin demolishing the houses which had caught fire, in which they dere assisted by the Police. Most of the houses that well burnt down were inhabited by oil makers, and contained oil presses, and a quantity of copia and other combustiale materials which continued to blaze up for several hours ter the progress of the fire had been effectually stopped, The farther spreading of the fire would have brought it into the vicinity of some valuable ware bouse.

# Jort Mailbro.

We learn that soon after the English had embarked from the Molnecas, the Native inhabitants of some of the Space Islands rose, en masse, upon the Dutch futhorities, committing horrible mustlers attended with the most savage barbarities, from which even females were not/exempted. It is understood, that the Dutch Government had sen a large force to that quarter, headed by the Admiral, who is one of the Commissioners.

It is said that the necessity of engologing a considerable body of Troops in this manger, would interfere with the measures which were in progress for taking possession of Malacca. Lieutenant Colonel you Schelle had been spoken of as the intended. Governor of that Settlement. This Officer is the son-inlaw of his Excellency Lientenant General Baron Anthing, Commander in Chief of His Netherlandic

Majesty's Forces on Java.

The Governor General, and the Chief Comsmissioner, proposed to set out on a tour of quainess

through-lava, on me 15th Jul.

A veseal of War had arrived at Java from Holland, shortly before the Surry saried with Troops; but had lost in fore oast and how-sport in the gale offy nd. Mive grove ships with Trooks were daily es pected

Bear is but little gajety or amnesment going on at Ba Wia, Sad complaints that the English had raised the price of all commodities for beyond, reason. Governor General lives in a very retire I manner.

We here that the slop Claudine, Welsh, has been put under surrellance for some infraction of colonial regulations at Samarang; but that she will be permitted to prosecute her voyage to England, on payment of a hervy mulet by her Commander.

The Frederick. Williams, from Calcutta and Bencoolen, arrived at Batavia, the day the Surry sailed.

A daring robbery was committed at the house of the Revd. Mr. Winter, in this Settlement, a few weeks ago. After the family had retired for the night , some peasons Broke into Mr. Winter's dressing room and pantif, and carried off the whole of that gentle. man's woollen clothes, a large quantity of linen, many pieces of a dinner service, and various other articles. The dressing room is next to the hearoom, but the pilferers made no nine. Some of the studyn property was found concealed amongst glass in the compound next morning, and a part of the clothes have been traced.

A few days ago, a very fine young man, named Bluck, of the Artillery, was seized by a Shark, while bathing under the walls of the Fort. His body was recovered, but speckingly mutilated: one arm, one

leg, and the bowsls were gone.

The Malay who was wounded in the late attack made upon the guard at the barrier gateof this Settlement having recovered, was recently brought to trial. The Court of Native Chiefs wished to make it appear, that the man had not been engaged in the affray, but had been wounded in a private quarrel. A Surgeon deposed, however, that some of the wounds had been inflicted by a bayonet; and, as the Natives use no weapon of that form, the prisoner was sentenced to five years labour in irons.

Considerable quantities of specie have lately been

imported in Fort Marlbro' from Batavia.

SHIP NEWS .- Sailed, 19th May, brig Fre Percerciant, Berteaux, fer Padang.

Ditto, 20th ditto, snow Hope, Nacoda, for Nattal. Passenger, C. Halhead, Esq. Benenover, Crvil Service.

22d May, arrived the ship Race Horse, Howeld, from Batavia 17th May Passengers, Captain Hall, Country Service, and M. A. Frazir

26th May, arrived the schooner Duckling, Stout,

Padang Passengers as above

29th May, arrived Honorable Company's cruizer Ternate, Captain Davidson, from Butavia 25th May. 5th June, arrived ship Fredereick, Williams, from Calcutta 17th April. Passengers, Laentenant Stoart, 17th Regiment Bengal Native Infantis and Mr. Assistant Surgeon Compton, has Jestoard cons

racts for Botany Bay, and some late Non-commissioned Officers and Privates of Bengal Native Troops, returning to settle on Java: sailed 13th June, for Batavia and New South Wales.

. 17th June, prived brig Pagarbance, Nacoda Sheik Ahmed, from Fenang and Padang. It is understood that this vessel is detained at the request of the Government of Prince of Wales Island, to the sent back to that port.

11th July, arrived schooner Duckling, Stout, from Padang Passenger, Captain Hall, sided 17th July

for Padang.

15th July, arrived ship Surry, Laine, from New South Wales, last from Batavia Sih July. Passenger, for this Port Mr. Wright.

# Mauritius.

His Excellency the Covernor has great pleasure in publishing the subjoined extracts of letters from Gilbert Mathison, Esq to His Excellence the Governor dated London, 17th November and 30th December 1816.—It remains now with the Inhabitants to ensure success an that branch of industry by perseverance in following those instructions.

Extract of a letter from Gelbert Mathison, Eng to Robert Townsend Fungahier, E.g. under dates London 17th November and 80th December 1816.

I have faken great pains to ascertain the value and quality of the specimens of silk produced at the I-le of France, which has been delivered to me by Captain Bossi, and as the report of my Broken seems to comprise every thing that need be earlied in the subject to sainly the entirestry and guide the ingenitry of the enterprizing Colonests. I now enclose you a copy of their letter and congratulate the Inhibitians of the Life of France very sincerely on the valuable addition this under to the list of their productions—I send you hask sketos of your silk that you may compare them with the specimens of Bengul silk I have sent you, the florest of which sold at the laterales at the Lufin House for 28s per lh.—there are no faults in your alle that may not easily be corrected—the principal is, it is knobby,—that is, full of little knobby particles which obstruct the warking and of course make it less marketable in a raw state—when this fault is corrected and a proper attention paid to the reging, musuable of your Island will stand upon in thomy with that of Bengul of equal degree of fineness, and may become a successful rayal of that favorate production of the East—The

specimen I now have of your silk is worth 16s per pointd - I whderstand from Capitain Russ) that it was valued at Lyons at twenty four France.

— I propose to submit a specimen of it to the society for encouraging aris, manufactures and commerce, and the remainder of the small diagnetty in my possession shall be pot into the lands of four cureful manufacturers, that the Ladies of the Isle of France after twee the same faction of seeing and weiting the produce of their rainveloul in 10 most advanced and perfect state—1 also sent your regular in a most advanced and perfect state—1 also sent your regular may take so deep no interest in silk.

Copy of a letter from Mesers. Bunbury and Read, to Gilbert Wathison, Esg., dated Lowign 9th November 1816

We have carefully examined the samples of silk von sent us, and have shown them to several manufactures - the quality of the silk, is, 6 certainly, very good the vellow much superior, in proportion to 64 the white the colors of this latter having to up pearance, been paid 4 very little attention .a-both, however, we have no doubt might be 4 made to ex cel, in that particular, the silk produced in Inlin - but the attention to the recting, seems to be very deficient—the silk is knobby and meven in the thread, and the reclificity, rather too long, we should recommend its being shortened full three or four meheb. and the quarters of the reel to be made round, of the thickness of a is finger, and not us from the looks of the skeins sent, upon a reel, the 44 wings, of which appear to be brought quite to an edge, which from the hardness of the gum, when it becomes dry, causes much runinge to the silk, in the carriage, from frection, and in many instances cut the skeins, completely through. We herewith send you three samples of Bengal raw sik, which will be a guide to go by-the friest is what the Company call A and is recled from S to 4 Caroons, and lious 14 to baccurding to the judgment of the recter, and the nature of his 44 ( acoust.-The second is B. and is generally recled from 5 to 7 aux 8 Cacous -the cuarser skein is C -- these satter are recled from 8 to " 10 my to 20 & 30 Caconus - there being a neumand for silk of all sixes, great care must be taken in the riching to keep the thread even, which can only be dune, by a minute attention to the Catagos, at the "time of recling-the clearness of the skein is, all a most essential " thing-the difference of labour generally that might cost 6d per " pound, would make a difference here in the sale of 3 and 15 per 16. "so much do the busers lank to the clearn as of the silk from knots, " &c as far as regards this point, in the sick sent year the white ap-" pears to have had the most care taken. - The consumption of this " lountry, we think may be fairly estimated at about 2 000 bales per "annum —A belie weight according to the Computer's pino one hundred and fifty prounds —we think if the article can be preduced as as to yield a fair profit calculating the interior from 0 to 11 per 6 lb and, in proportion for the quality and perfection up to 20 and 21 for the friest, there will be great utility in going to a counterfact of extentin the cultivation." 30th December, 1816

I wrote you some time ugo giving you a good report of four silk concern. I have since sent a specimen of it to the society of tris, months three and commerce, informing them of this costly production being added to our other. "Bearces Coloniales" and you may expect to due time to hear honorable mention made of your I-land in the ercords of that society, and whenever their proceedings may be published Extract of a Letter from Captain F. Rosa, to this Excellency Governor

Furguhar, dated London, 10th November, 1816

By the Ganges I had the honor of transmitting to your to Excellency an extract of a letter from Mr. Bauthae, duted Paris, 7th October, respecting the sample of Mauritius 7th, and from presum-

tion, I here again transcribe the paragraph.—"L'echantillon de soie grise dit ectue que vous m'avez laisse, pour le fair estimer a cié que a Ly ins, et res, de très-home qualité, pour soie du Bengal — Soi priz actuel est de 20 trines le deui kilograme".—To this favorable lepart, I have any the pleasure of adding copy of that drawn hystic persons employed by Mr. Mathieson, for the purpose of a certainale the quality, value &c. of the article, and I may now a sairly venture congratulating your Excellency on the important beautiful, you have bestowed on the Colonists by the introduction of a culture, which primises to realize the mist sanguine expectations—provided that a little cure and some trifling expense, such as procuing a few men from the best silk districts in Bengal, who are properly acquainted with all the process, from the rearing of the woma, to the winding &c., of the silk—Mr. Mathiey in his tuken great paras to fulfit satisfactorily your wishes, and is entitled to the thacks of the Iohalutants of Mainting, for the, as well as for the thacks of the Iohalutants of Mainting, for the, as well as for the thacks of the Iohalutants of Mainting, for the, as well as for the mission to His stoyal Highness the Prince Regent."

Extracts of Letters from Oilbert Mathison Esq to Robert Townsend I sugarnsen, Esq dated London, 30th December 1816 -- and 12th February and 1th March 1817.

In respect to your entiepot question I confess I think the nighments best much on vour side, and so far as I can do any thing I readry volunter my services in favour of the cause which you and the Tababaans of Mountains naturally have very much at least.

Inhabitants of Mauritius naturally have very much at heart.

I mentioued to you in a foruser letter, that I should probably at some future day take up the subject of your Entrepot question, said I mean now to foight that pledge, by giving you as accumut in a few words of the state of that busines. I advised your Brother to put it immediately in the hands of a professional man, promising to co-operate, as I will certainly da, hind and heart, in carrying an object which I think has right for its house. I hive alrendy put my view of the subject to the form of a letter to Lord Bathuist which is now in the Printer's hands.—It is bittle better than a corroboration of the alguments used by yourself, in your letter to Lord Bathuist, but the subject is illustrated more at lengtheand puttin some additional punits of view at any rate it will show that the husiness will not be allowed to go to sleep

In consequence of the fire at Port Linus which we have just feater, and the perantonary measures vailed taken, Ministers have been induced to bring a bit into Parliament, a capy of which I send for your satisfaction, authorizing the Privy Council to make regulations under the said circumstances—It is an air of only short direction, and is your time-pures seem to be generally approved of, will confirm them; and give time to the Inhabitants and those who advocate their cause to refer as their application for a free Portunder the authority of an Act of Parliam in

The temporary measure, therefore, will be of use and will afford opportunity to have the subject carefully sitted and brought before the public.

I can and no more at present to the foregoing details.

#### 4th March.

I wrote to you on the 12th of hot month and refer you to that letter for the third of my story - I should have since sent you a few copies of the tract I published with a view to recommend your Manithus measures which I presume you will have increased soon after my letter - I think you will perceive that I have not the subject in a clear point of view so as to enable Minisers to try your measures by the test of reation - I have also endeasoured to driving equitable ane, between the Fighish merchants and your Colonots.

My opinion is that by among at too much, you run the risk of losing what you aught to have, overstepping the bound trees of feeson, you might provoke contempt forwards you just representations, on the strength of this approach; I thought it best to concede whit appeared to me an unremable position, by which I think I have say givened your cases, and perhaps mented the eispeasure or your treeds so much for my pamphlet, and now let me give you a shart account of further preceedings.

I took care to get the pamphlet distributed among the leading Members of Government of the Colonial office of this Found of time. Mr. Mac and, when I recommended to to your booth oas a professional solition, bushing a meeting and a long convention with Mr. Roldinson, the efficient of an at the Bound of trade) on the subject of the ad-

dress

It appears however that no measures, will, no present, be taken, to consequence of the hiddress, and that the Brochmation now about to be issued, is the consequence of some epissan tations after the fitos however will give you time, as I observed in a farmer letter, to renew the application and to enacte it by your strong recommendations—as I have observed wolunteered my services. I will continue to give a helping hand.

The principal Gaillemen of this Colony composing the Committee assembled by His Free length after the Configuration of Port Louis, to the in diminishing the great mass of calmith both public and private, which was the safe of that disastrous event, being reassembled on the 19th ultimo at the Government House, His Licellency prenounced the following Discourse.

#### GINTLEMEN,

You are now assembled and I now meet varieties other there for lings, then we could include any when I has selected you to and me wind more wisdom which suffering and in the catagoraphe which had no allow everwhelmed as for the event on which we forgratulate me another this day is the natural sum of our courage and our conduct in that anomaly of desolution and despairs are low may reply the prospect of serving one rity in against beautiful and noise splenged to on its ushes and the course of our propertyly dailed up and abstracted for the moment remaining it rapid current with transferred to the promise of the profit in as event when a measurement to reduce this hearith I sland in its primarise will ensure the first existence of the receipt and exerting mong in ensuring the history of limits that will predict place it, under the adoptive of an integrated Government, on a just footing of equality in point of Commercial greatness with the most flourishing possessions of the Bottomick Majerston.

The good and the great of all countries have honored us with sympathy for any mistortines and have joined in our ways for the boom or have otherwise and have joined in our ways for the boom or have the gracious favour of our Sovereign—The tenundary soil the gracious favour of our Sovereign—The tenundary soil interest which we have received creament distinctory and the completion of our wishes in the seventh of suredomnes are Part will not be less so to those with have material themselves no as he the ties to common feelingland intercourse—This great henche is not control to ourselves. There is no our our whose shores are warled by the oce of which is not a gather and partialists in not suress.

Our grittal eard decount to the north-towned Sovereign of our constry is not nonnecled at govere-pectful a knowledgements to those who have been the means of brogging toward the great question with those enlightened views and testorible objects which justice required and which ensured its decision. His Majorit's Covernment is therefore enrilled to our warrasts intachment from the candour with which they entertined our Perition and the promptitude with which they excelled to the Royal will and the voice's' the legis'sture.

The gentus of our Government is aver-e to unavation—we regard our functionions as the collective and permanent wisdom of the Centuries that are passed and no rash hand ever attempts to correct what is apparently faulty or defective—in this respect therefore we are on a footing with all other of this Micjesty's possessions where ameliorations are proposed and put in practice—The nation has put the regulations over trade into the hands of the executive until 1820 and the executive das lost not a day in opening our Port, agreeably to the actual custom—that time and experience may point out still farther improvements, before any uttempt is made to enact permanent regulations for the trade of this bland.

I will be our business therefore to watch excellily over the progressive effects of the liberty we have obtained and to ensure finally its adortion with such modifications and amelioration as time and the liberty with which many of you rie emiliently gifted, can point out.

We must always keep in mind that our Laws of Navigation are in their spirit intended to add vigour to the nerves of our maritime power, apon the prepointerance of which all Colonia and Commercial prosperity depend, and we must recollect that we form a portion of that nation that alone has known how to value Colonies at their rule estimation and to render them respected and invaluerable.

Whatever therefore can enourbule to our individual prosperity as a Colony without individual quantum that principle, we have every right granomably to hope for, and to trust that it will receive a liberal consideration—the great fundamental problem being already decided in our trade were have nothing to fear for those accessary demands which are conformable to it, and to the principle on which it was founded, for, in readily we who pertitioned against the restrictions on our trade were true to the spirit of the Navigation Act whilst our opponents in their nairow views would have defeated its purposes and at the same time left is in happeless makedness and misery animist our runs.

Yet this opposition move from no hostile spirit to us, but from a misconception and delugion as to our relative rights and interests these can in no ways that with those of our West Lidia Colonista as the enlightened and liberal Members of that great body with perceive, when a more extensive knowledge of the subject will shew that our position is so novel and pecuage that it has no paralel, but may be causidered as an anomaly in the great mass of British foreignpossessions.

Thank God we have triumfiled, is in reason and justice we should have done, we have not been energificed to the mistaken views or interested clamours of the few who would have measured our exports by our produce and our imports by our consumptions—who would have made of this beautiful Island a desert, of this magnificent Port a stogoant pond—of this active, enterprizing, intelligent population and its growing progens, an indoloni race, unfit for the duties underplusments of life.

Thank God the country that has adopted us, as permanent Members of the great family, is not less willing than able to move us to the bighest internal prosperity and to defend us from every external attack—it polystage that like talpolicy where views individual assuminged in the aggregate as forming the great sum of national power and bigginess and the counters in portion of the biappre, however remote, however minutes it comparison as unworthy of that attention which to other countries is exclusively reserved for the Metropolic

We have all of as already heard with afflication and regret of the prevalent distress which pervades every country in Europe and which appears to be the natural, and perhaps mevitable consequence of this state of repose which necessarily succeeds to the highlet of warfare—lee fore peace has had time to turn the industry of the world into its new a dimore profitable channels—this suspension of every movement in the political world has extended through every class offence of the diminution of this sum of laborious industry has been accumulated misery in

all ranks and to this we must attribute our failure hitherto, in receiving any perumary aid, or even the named the hopes of any, but this of of less consequence muce we have got the more essential object-the means and the liberty of employing our and industry, - ye. I have reason to hope that at a hoppier moment, when the crisis affecting so noiversally the European world shall have passed -- we may or linhtorn that pecubingy aid from British monstrence for the sixteres here, which would be so useful in accelerating their re-establishment.

It is ununcessary for me to enter into the detail of all the measures taken by my awa personal friends in Lingland to abtain the success which has clowned our efforts-that it would be a deep figure ce on my part were I to allow may fall e feeling of delicacy to come al from you the indefiningable efforts which have been made by my Brathe Mr. Thomas Farqular, and my Brother-in-law Mr. Mathison who with a Fare distincerestedness united to a most acute sugarity, has given a luminone statement or our Colonial clames in a publication which I only lay before you, which could not tail to tanke a strong supersion and only on His Wagesty's Munistees but on the Mendiers of the legislature whose indgement required all the lights that could be flire in on the question to enable them to decide it

These gentlemen deserve the expression of our neknowledgements for the zeal and ability with which they have advanted the cause of postice—this will be to thenca sufficient reward for the past and an

iscriment to continue their rollneme in our favons.

But toutlemen it dos becomes an indispensible duty that I myself profess to the foot of the throne to indvarate the cause of my the als here. -The advantages we have gained are not to be seenied without exettern, and without that kind of exection that a majorn decome oblasting white-most dear to him -whom can Lexics to plead to you like msself—who have devoted seven years of my life to x ar service and who am proud of the station I hold which attaches you to me by so many (109

From the confidence which I felt in the instice of the Nation and the generousity of my Prince. I have not he stated some time since to apply to His Ray if Highness the Prince Rigent for fcave of infisting for one year to proceed to Lugland for the purpose, and I have a well grounded hope that before the close of for very I shall be able to proceed thither, and a constitue that some a will continue to it own my efforts on this and other collateral points of importance.

There is estill many other algects of our inheitude; for we must not restrainive and order with what we have obtained with our securing its perminence and without making every effort for what is still wanting to em reasonn lasting prosperity—there are money objects and those of n no timperriat name, yet to be di cussed cand arrange i, and brought before the Minister, the Nation, and the Prince.

This Island which is elds to no Colony under the British donomian for the activity citelligence and is pectibility of its I belitants and in jume except district for estation is required such a permanent and settled sestem of laws and administration in general as may be hist suited to its localities and to the circinost in ses of its bappy, whichever, and neist consumant to the spirit of Briti h Rule

Thosis agreat and prominent tenture at my intended, portent of the desidenata of this Colour and I entreat those who bear no to favour me with all the lights experience that given them on this important

enhiert.

There are several other norms which altho' of apparently minor importance after one of such magnitude are essentially necessary to a prosperous trate among those a back upon an extensive scale, including martgages upon property, and a corremy struck and after d exclusively to these volumes may be considered as at no slight nature as well as a loan which my own efforts may effect among the counsed interest of England, should it be declined by His Maje to Deasing

I shall not now define you longer - I am not you perfectione with me is the joy which I teel in meeting you on so hape; an occasion - I

consider the point we have gained as one of the most important in my political life. In establishing it I have had much to contend with -- few gared to hope that the effort wonld have been so successful--and they feared that it might recoil upon myself personally. I felt it my duty to cisk all -- I should not have Immented the societie for myself had I failed, but my joy is proportionally greater at success. a success which can only affect me as it contributes to the happiness and prose perity of those whom I have the satisfaction to preside over.

The following Address was immediately prepared by four of the Membeis chosen by the rest, for the purpose, and being carried unanimously was presented by the Deputation to His Excellency the Governor.

To HIS LECELLENCY

ROBERT TOWNSEND FARQUIIAR, Esq.

Governor of Mauritius and its Depondencies, &c &c. &c. SIR.

It is with the most lively interest we have received the communication, your Excellency has designed to make to "s, and are anxious to declare our gratitude to you for it.

After that fatal night which would have deprived us of all, had not your presence kept a live out hopes, we saw that your heart, protoundly afflicted with the excess of our columnties, alone rejected those bearnring measures, which would have trusted to futurity wheal a wound so d'ep.

Your Excellency felt that an instant relief was indispensably reoured, and your generous devotion did not hebitate between the hazaids of personal responsibility, and the sufety of the Colony.

The event has justified your noble confidence, and the gracious approbation of His Koyal Highness the Prince Regent was the prelude of that of the nation, and of the applauses of every people to whom the news of our disasters has arrived, accompanied with that of your bene-Rience.

If all that your Excellency ask for us has not been granted. If the calamities which desolate Europe, force us to look to a more distant period for other favours, which we dared to hope for, set the most ma-

portnot - the most precious, is already obtained.

Our humble Address to His Raval Highness the Prince Regent no longer appeared dictated by the individual wants of an unhappy Colomy when they were supported by the testimony at it wise administrator. ever devoted to the true interests of his containy, and time has shown that the apparent deviation from those fundamental laws on which the prosperity of the unition reposes is essentially united to the timest interest of its Comu erce and Navigation,

These recontestible truths have been eloqueofly proclaimed, and whilst we high same voices which have been inied in our taxour, . . heart, tell us that it is still to you that we one such generous de-

fendere.

Way must the expression of those centiments of affection and gratifude he now alloyed with regrets, which every individual under your Lx. cel ency's refinitistration feels, at the apprehension of your quitting us

even fora tin

They appreciate this newact of your henevolence—they know how heneficial to them your presence in England may still be-yet their hopes on these heads but slightly alleviate the soliow of a perting so pandul to them .- May this additional sacrifice in restoring you to a Constry and a Sovereign too just not to appland your victues, lead to their noblest recompense-Our yows and our gratitude will accompany

you to the foot of the Throne and strong in the upromining suffrage of the Colonists of these Islands you may proudly say the day of my departure was a day of mouraing for the Isla or Finnee. If I am restored to them—the Inhalitants will receive me as a father.

Port Louis, Mauritius, 19 June 1817.

PORT LOUIS, MAURITIUS, SATURDAY, 5TH JULY 1817.

#### FIRE.

Between I and 2 a'clack of the morning of Thesday last the 1st In stant, the Town we do ninced by the ringing of the great Bell on the Tower at the Roman ratholic Church, to announce a fire that had burst out (it is suc) in a large imagizine belonging to M. Dellace situated in the street leading from the Champ de Mars to the Champ de Lort, - Prompt assistance immediately can et at the spot, but such which the violence at an Essle My wind which had blown all night, that the flames issuantly spread from the magizine to the out offices adjoining it, belonging to M. Lemane, and implify communicating to his dwelling house, which found the angle of the buildings on that line of the street, the whole in a short space of time became one arrisinhold blaze; and it required the utmost efforts to prevent its extending its cancer.

The alactity of the Civil Magistrates and Military Authorities, with the Traops in gairtian in support of the Company of bitemen under the rible direction of Messis, Piston, Lacombe, Ponjana &c. &c. and then streamus exercious to arrest the progress of the distinctive element, most to fungitely for remainder of the Town, was, beyond all hopes, crowned with success; for the nigh wind continued until the buildings in the immediate reach of the fire entirely became its preys and all minds were an constant ularia, that theelt may particles which the wind continually wafted in its square would augment the araster.

No lives were lost on this occasion, but we regret that a Seijenut of His Majesty's 12th Regiment (Markedzie by nume) had his leg broke by the fals of past of a ratige see Pie graftinde of the inhabitantants has his secred itself towards this victim at a zentso laudable, and a subscription has been opened to mark their sense of his conduct

We prepersuaded that we speak the seatiments of all the fulnistants of Port Laurs who were witness of the cardiacroft the Carrism on this medancholy atcaston, when we express our administon a their z all and activity particularly in saving the surrounding buildings to me the miniment perith it attended them. So conspictions and general way self devotion that any omnission in an attempt to particularly transitionals, might be ascribed to an individuous motive. Their own approving made and the conviction that they have individually excited the administion and gratitude of their fellow solvers will be to them the most grateful recomproces.

However insided the destruction in this instance, we sincerely regret to add that this instortanate accident has involved in distress a worthy member of society, and in almost entirely anomalizing the fruits of twenty-five years of industry in a foreign clime, has blighted the exceptances of a family of the Children, six girls and four boys, of the former of whom two are just entering the expanding stage of life.

May providence in its mercy and goudness brighten their prospects, and avert from this ill rated town their ecurrence of such greadful cala-

matter !

# CALCUTTA MONTHLY JOURNAL

Vol. XXXI.]...SEPTEMBER.... NUMB. 275.

# Calcutta.

# CIVIL APPOINTMENTS.

July 15, 1817.

VATURATURE WALLICH, Esq. M. D. Superintendent of the Botanical Garden.

# MILITARY.

GUNERAL ORDERS, BY HIS PYCELLENGY THE MOST NOBLE THE GOVERSOR GLAIRAL IN COUNCIL.

# FORT WILLIAM; 7rn Jeny, 1817.

The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct, that the Rocket Troop shall hereafter consist of the following establishment, viz.

2 1 1 5 6 6 1	
Commissioned Officers	4
Assista d Surgeon 1	1
Deputy Commissary,	1
Conductor 2 1	ľ
•	-
	1
•	
Non-Commissioned Officers,	10
Trumpeters,	
Farner, effective,	1
Troopers,	6.1
Bitto for Cars,	16
Ditto Spare,	9
	-
	98

#### WATER ATTACHED TO CAMPLS.

Pay per Batta when march-	
i. ing in the field.	
4	
8	
3	
1 9	
1 9	

FOR SFFTEMBER, 1817.	193
GUN LASCARS' DISTAILS	
Serong,  1st Tundal,  2d Tundal,  Gun Lascate,	1 1 24 
NON-CONVISSIONED, STATE.	
Pay Serjeant, Non-effective, European Saddler, ditto ditto Native Doctor, Native Farmer,	1 1 1
TRIFFICER4	
Mistry Smith 7	3 1 5 - 8
Herrs,	
For Non-Commussioned Officers,  - Trumpelers,  - Furopean Farrier  - Cars,  - Ditto Spare,	10 9 15 15 8
Sycos, Gass-chiter,	",
Reserve for Ammunition, For Native Doctor,  Spare,	10 1 1 9

The Quarter Master's Establishment to be the same as authorized for a Troop of House Artillers, with one Store Cart, the Eullocks of which are to be furnished by the Commissariat

The following Allowances are authorized to be drawn by the Object Commanding the Rocket Troop, for the purposes set to the vize

2

30

- 2 For Shoring Horses, Head and Heel Ropes, Horse Clothing Coury Combs, Brushes, Mausalah and Medicine, for each Horse,
- 3. For repurs of Saddles, Bribles and their appurtmances, per Horse or set,
- t. For top in of Honess and its appurtenances, per set, for one flors:
  - 5. For Genn Pots, and bags for Horses and Camels, 20
- 6. For Tay Greise, Iron, Chincoal, and all Contingencus of the Carts, Bonches, a few Tripods, &c. Annually for Taig 4s.

Hanges, with the Rocket Troop, to be the same as those fixed on tor the similar description of Triteles with the Horse Arthrog and Vative Covility.

An illowance tor the repair of the double Camel Saddles,

Jhoo's, and tiear, will hereafter be notified in General Orders, anti-which period the Officer Commanding the Rocket T.oop will in matain brose articles in repair, and charge the actual expense in anoathly contingent bills

The Governor General in Council authorizes an allowance of Paulius, heart supplied to the Reckel Troop, for the protection of the Horse, suddlery and Harness, in the proportion fixed for the Horse Araflery; also two additional Paulius with the requisit Carriage, for the Camel appurtenanes.

The European Officers and men, and the details of Gun Liseus, attriched to the Rocket Troop are authorized to draw the spine Pay and Allowane 2s, as are grained to the corresponding Ranks and Classes in the Horse Artiflery.

The services of the Deputy Commissary and Comfuctor, attached to the Rocket Troop, being constantly required for the purpose of Dedf and Execuse in Cantonnents, the Governor General a Congerfamiliorizes those persons to draw the established V lowance for one Horse in all situations, instead of that reinfluence here restricted to their employment in the Field.

The booking of the Horses and Camels actiched to the Rocket

Troop and cted to be supplied by the Commissariat

The tro to General in Council is pleased to direct, that the folding and Equipments, for the Non-Commissioned Officers and Privates of the Rocket Troop, shall in nomber and description correspond with those of the Horse Artiflery, with some tributed arterations in the Helmet; which will hereafter be made known to the Clothing Board by His Excellency the Commander in Chief-

The following rates of Off-reckonings are established for the Non-Commissioned Officers and Privales of the Rocket Traop, subject to the approbation of the Honorable the Court of Directors.

Serjeant, - - St. Rs. 5 1 5 Per - mensem Corporal, - - - 4 10 6½° dato. Gunner Matross, - - - - 3 10 1 data. Trumpeter, - - - - 3 13 24 dato. Farrier, - - - - 3 10 64 dato.

As the Non-Commissioned Officers and men of the Rocket Troop have been effective during the whole of the vea 1816, and consequently are entitled to a pair of Woollen Pantalbours from the Off-reckoning Fund for that year, and as the Coats now in wear with the men are considered applife of losting till the 1st of January 1818, when the Troop in regular course will be furnished with new Clothing; the Governor General in Council does not consider it necessary that Bonnty Coats and Pantaloons should be authorized to the Non-Commissioned Officers and Privates of the Rocket Troop.

The undermentioned articles of Bounty Equipment, being considered immediately, and indispensibly necessary for the Non-Commissioned and Privates of the Troop are averdingly authorized to be furnished; viz Helmets, Leather Pantaloons, Glove, Boots, spurs and Cloaks

Bounty Clothing is also authorized to be granted to the Native details of the Troop, which in regard to the Gun. Lascais, and Quarter Master's Istablishment, is to be the same as supplied to corresponding descriptions of persons in the Horse Artiflety; and the rates of Off-recknings for whom, are also fixed on the same scale.

The Off-reckum is stoppages fixed on for the Jennadar, Duffadar, Shitersowars of the Diomedary Corps, are to be considered applicable to the similar classes in the Bocket Troop, and the Clothing to be of the same description, with the exception of white, instead of yellow lace. The Jackets and Pantalions to be issued benually in intermediate years.

The Governor General in Connect directs, that a pair of Woollen Particlogs, instead of a Coat, be issued as Pointly Unthing to the Jemadar, Duffadars and Shintersowars of the Rocket Troops

JOHN CRAIGIT.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY THE MONORARIE THE AND PRESIDENT

FORT WILLIAM, Ac + 19 1817.

The Honorable the Vice-President — Council is pleased make the following appointments.

Captain James Young of the Regiment of Artillery, to be Secretary to Government in the Military Department, in the youn of Mr. C. W. Gardiner.

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Major W. Mitchell of the Regiment of Artillery, to be Agent for the Manufacture of Gun Carriages at Cossipore, in the roam of Captain Young.

The above appointments to have effect from the 27th ultimo.

The Vice-President in Council is pleased to resolve, that the Official Bank of Lieutenant Colonel, shall be conferred on Captun Young, and on any Military Officer who may hereafter he appointed to the situation of Secretary to Government in the Mintary Department.

JOHN CRAIGIE.

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY THE MOSORABLE THE VICE PRESIDENT IS COUNCIL.

# FORT WILLIAM: August 19, 1817.

The Honorable the Vice-President in Council is pleased to make the following Promotion.

## 20th Regiment of Native Infantry.

Senior Ensign of the Army, John O Driscol MacGrath, from the 10th Regiment of Native Infantry, to be Licatement from the 28th July 1517.

The undermensioned Gentlemen, having produced Certificates of their appointments, as Cadets of Artillery, and Infentry, and Assistant Surgeon on this Establishment, are admitted into the service accordingly.

Mr. F. Warren, Cadet of Artillery; date of Certificate 22d

February 1817

Mr. W. J. Thompson, Caget of Infantry; dute, ditto, 7th March 1817

Mr. J. Gordon, Assistant Surgeon; Counterpart Covenant

dated 25th February

Mr. W J Thompson is promoted to the rank of Ensign; his date of rank to be adjusted hereafter.

Captain W. H. Frith of Artillery, Commanding the Corps of Golundauze, having furnished the prescribed Certificates from the Medical and Pay Departments, is permitted to proceed to the Cope of Good Hope for the recovery of his health; and to be absent for that purpose for 10 months, from the date of the sailing of the Veisel on which he may take his passage

Mr. Assistant Snog-on Gray, having forwarded a Medical Certificate from the Isle of France, the permission granted to him in Government General Orders under date the 19th of December last, is extended to six months beyond the time therein mentioned.

JOHN CRAIGIE.

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil Dept.

SENSEAD ORDERS, BY THE HOYORABLE THE FIGE-PRESIDENT IS

TORT WILLIAM ; August 29, 1817.

Captain John Johnson of the 30th Regiment of Native Infantry, having furnished the prescribed Certificates from the Medical and Pay Departments, is permitted to proceed to Europe on furlough? for the recovery of his health.

JOHN CRAIGIE, OffgeSec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

#### SEPTEMBER 8.

We understand that notwithstanding the crouded condition of the Graville and Castlereagh, from the Cape to this Country; each vessel carrying upward of 350 men, women and children of the 21st Light Dragoons, only two casualties occured during the voyage,—a circumstance, which we consider, as reflecting the highest degree of credit, on the persons, by whom the arrangements were made for the health and comfort of the Troops. Colonel Bates, the Commanding Officer, has passed nearly the whole of his professional life in the same Regiment.

From an advertisement which appeared in the Hurkaru of Saturday, we find that a Clergyman is about to establish a Seminary at this Presidency for the education of young Gentlemen, in the usual branches of literature, including Greek and Latin. Not intending in the slightest degree to disparage the respectable schools already established at Calcutta, and at the other Presidencies of India, - and di cl iming all knowledge of the reverend personage, to whose advertisement we have alluded, we canexpressing our gratificarefrain froni tion that another occasion will be that afforded, for the liberal education of children in this country. The privitous which Europeans are compalled to endure, during a protracted residence in India. would be comparatively triffing, if such as are parents, could avoid the miseries, mediate and immediate, which are produced by a separation from th ir children; and we sincerely believe, that the deprecated effects of climate, on the infant generation, would seem less formidable, if we were, assured, that they could be educated here, with as much advantage

as in l'ngland. Even if they could remain in India. under the eye of their parents, until about the usual period of transfer from School to College, the moral and social benefit would be incalculable: and there would be infinitely less danger of weakening the links of affection, which unite parent and child, then under the present practice, which often occasions a personal severence, of fourteen or sixteen years, and commenced at a period, when the child is almost inconscious of its present loss-or future destinv. These observations, to some may appear uninteresting -but, we belive, that none who have been compelled to part with their infant progeny, and who have experienced the miseries and apprehensions of even one fearful voyage, and the anxieties of a protracted seperation, will fail to concur in a hearty wish, that the facilities and advantages of education in India. would render it unnecessary to send children to Europe: and we are firmly persuaded, that if Clergymen of high respectability, would establish seminaries in India, and adopt the same system of education which obtains in the principal public schools in Great Britain, they would receive a pecuniary remy peration commensurate with the Indian scale of income, and would contribute to the moral and intellectual happiness of society, in a degree, which parental affection can appreciate; but which we want language to describe.—Happy shall we be, if the many laudable efforts that have recently been made to introduce the benefit of education among the natives. should be extended towards the objects, at which we have faintly endeavoured to point; and we think it is not improbable, that if the children of Europeans shall be educated in India, and rendered competent to fulfil the duties of life, the most intelligent of the natives, will witness the effect with admiration, and become anxious to follow the example in all respects that may not interfere with their religious tenets and habitual prejudices.

The accounts brought from Java, by the recent arrivals, afford reason to believe that the Dutch and English Commissioners did not terminate their arrangements with much cordiality.

Two Dutch Ships arrived in June with troops from Holland; and it would appear, that a much greater reinforcement was likely to become necessary. The natives on Java, and at each of its dependencies, seem to have manifested strong symptoms of discontent, in consequence of the change of Master. This, however, the Dutch Government will probably deny, and impute the statement to English vanity and jealousy; but we apprehend that the account which we shall subjoin of what has actually occurred at Ternate and Amboyna, will shew that disaffection to the Dutch Government does in truth prevail.

In the beginning of August the Dutch Commissioners were to the Eastward of Batavia, making a tour through the Island. Great improvements were said to be in contemplation, and it was announced that an efficient force of 40,000 men would be kept up for

the defence of Java and its dependencies"

The affair at Saparoa, which has already been toticed in the Calcutta journals, is thus noticed by me

Batavian Correspondent.

"We have had very late intelligence from Amboyna, -- that " . people of Saparoa, one of the neighbouring Islands crose to Air. boyna, rose and murdered the Resident and family with the prople there at the time. - A party of Troops, 130 Europeans and 50 Natives, with 7.Officers, 6 of whem it is said, were of the best fimilies in Holland, were sent to quiet the husiness- they were attacked immediately on landing, and all fell, except ig about 15, who escaped with difficulty."

To the same quarter, we are indebted for the fol lowing account of the Paper Currency, which seems to have produced most mischievous effects among the natives of the dependant islands. - The note aduded to in the following paragraph, is a clumsy ill-executed instrument, printed on coarse paper, with Persian characters; some of which, might be mistaken for Egyptian hieroglyphies.

"You will have heard some time ago, that the Dutch issued a Paper Currency, which still keeps up its value, in consequence of there being offices constantly open for its cachang tuto silver at the option of the holder .- I enclose you one of the notes as a curiosity; they were printed in Holland, and sent out ready made, perhaps to prevent an excessive issue, except with the permission of the Mother Country -The Dutch Commission oners brought out with them 2,000,000 of Guilders in specie, which has been set apart for the express purpose of thecting the Paper Money, as brought in for payment. - By Proclamation

thest. Guilders intrinsically worth 20! Pence, pass here as Bombay and Arcot Rupees, or 20 of them to the 100 Dollars, we find the consequence as might be expected, all the Foreign Coin is leaving the Colony, and we shall have nothing but Guilders to bless ourselves with. It is obvious how injurious this will be to the Island, unless some steps are taken to remedy the evil.

To the Island, unless some steps are taken to remedy the evil. For the following account of the proceedings at Ternate, and the apprehensions entertained at Ambo na, we are indebted to a most respectable person, on whose statements our readers may confidently rely.

"Previously to the sailing of the Hon'ble Company's Cruizer
Antilope from the Fort of Kema on Celebes, a Prow had arrived,
bringing intelligence that an insurrection had broken out at the

Island of Ternate.

"The attempt on the part of the local Government at that settlement to circulate Dutch paper-money, is said to be the immediate cause of the insurrection, but it is alledged that the Natives on Halmaheira, and on Ternate and Tidore, have evinced a most decided aversion to their new (or rather to their old) masters.

"Matters wear a most alarming aspect at Amboyna, where every Negrocis in a state of open rebellion. Allang Lilliboy and even the Villages in the vicinity of Fort Victoria are in arms against the Dutch Government.

"The Amboynese have expressed their determination to emancipate themselves from foreign thraldom and servitade.

or to perish in the attempt.

" It is reported, that a Mr. Burgiaff, the Resident at Hela. was so incautious as to beat the Prang Tua of the Negree for some trifling offence,-an act for which he is likely to atone with his life, having been mortally wounded by the enraged inhabitants. At Loricke, the gentlemen in charge of the Resis dency, is shut up in his little Fort, out of which he dare not shew his nose. It would appear that the Natives of Ceram have supplied the people of Saparoa, with fire arms, gun-powder and ammunition, in return for which they receive spices -- It is understood that the Alfoors on Ceram, (those whom a more savace and blood-thirsty even, does not exist.) are collecting in great force for the purpose of making an allack in con-junction with the people of Amboyna, Saparoa, and Harooka upon Fort Victoria, the Dutch Commissioners are consequently in a state of the greatest alarm, and they entertain apprehensions that the whole of the European Inhabitants of Amboyna, Civil and Military, will ultimately be obliged to seek refuge on board the Ships of war in the harbour. Admiral Boyskes left Java, on the 28th of July, in the Prince Frederick, (74) accompanied by two sloops of war of 20 guns each, several gunboats and small brigs, likewise two merchantmen as transports. the whole fleet taking 500 European and the same number of Native troops, but the Admiraldid not expect to reach Amboyna untill the end of September.

"The Commissioners of His Netherland's Majesty at Amboyna, had deemed it prudent to ship all the public iteasure an board the ships of war."

The representation of the tavorite Farces of the Lying Palet and High Life below Stairs, the by no mean novetties to the Calcutta public, attracted a numerous and almost crowded addience, at the Lutte Theatre in Bondfield's Lane, on Saturday last the 50th ultimo.

These pieces having been judiciously selected in regard to the histrionic powers of the little corps, were very creditably sustained; and the frequent plaudits elicited by the representatives of Sharp, Guttle, Kitty Pry and the Mock Nobleman, testified the approbation of the audience.—The performance, altogether, was in a style of excellence for beyond what could have been reasonably anticipated; and the following Prologue, delivered with great animation, prefaced the entertainment of the evening:—

Dire was the hazard of our first essay,
And ev'ry moment big with wild Asemay,
When, boldly venturous, we sought to claim
The glorious honors of theatric frame!
But the untaught to paint with mimic art
The various passions of the human heart;
To pour at will the well-dissembled tear,
To thrill with pleasure—or to suck with fear;
No critic yet with pestilential breath,
Hath doom'd us, frowing, to untimely deatht

Hence but these boards again our hand appears. A new-raised corps of youthful volunteers;-Of slight experience in the scenic field, To vel'ran actors we perforce inust vield Can aught then prompt us rashly to engage The far-fam'd heroes of Chowringhee's stage? Or can we, e'en with proud disdain accost The train'd militia of a neighbouring host? No! widely different is our peaceful aim, And all such rivalry we here disclaim. Their stronger star now reign, th' ascendant Lord, And, pleas'd, we pay them our devout regard Then let no willing, puff'd with pedant pride, Our efforts censure and our aim deride; We're young enthusiast in the Drama's cause, And claim no recompense but your applause

## SEPTEMBER 10.

The Maitland, Kinsey, from Canton, arrived at Kedgeree on Sunday. She left Macao on the 15th of May, and spoke the Hope, Kyd, for China, off Sapatra on the 9th of June. There had been no arrivals previous to her departure. The market for imports was low, and for exports high:—Opium from 1200 to 1250 dollars per chest; and that from Malva at 700 dollars; Tutenague not easily exported, and giving 14 dollars-Jalone and Banda Cotton 13 tale, Cutchoorah 12. 5; Elephant's Teeth, from 50 to 75 dollars; Europe Tin 20 and Banca 22 dollars; Cloves 150; Nutmegs 125; Mace 275; and Sumatra Camphire from 4 to 25 dollars per catty. Exports as follow: Cassia 30; Cassia Buds 60; Camphor 38; Aniseeds 11, Alum 3; and Tortoise Shell 320 dollars.

### SEPTEMBER 11.

Letters from Head Quarters of the 1st instant mention that the Marquis Hastings had arrived at Allahabad. At the confluence of the Jumna and the Ganges, the current, as usual, was found to be very strong, which would considerably impede the progress of the fleet. His Lordship however may be expected to reach Cawapore about the 15th, making the voyage in about two months. To give some notion of the rapidity of the stream at this season of the year, we may observe that a gentleman has recently arrived in Calcutta, who was only nine days and a half on his passage from Cawapore!

The farces of the Citizen and the Weathercock were performed at the Chouringhee Theatre on Friday last, and the several parts of old Philpot, young Philpot, and Maria were sustained with excellent spirit and effect. The representative of Tristram Fickle, in the Weathercock, gave a fair specimen of his rapid improvement.

It is said that Young's Tragedy of The Revenge has been selected for representation on Friday the

19th instant.

We understand that the Honorable Mr. Seron, with his usual liberality, presented, on his departure from Calcutta, the proprietary share which he held in the Chouringhee Theatre, to the managers, for the benefit of that institution. In communicating this intention to them he observed, that he meant it as a grateful token of the delight he had felt in witnessing the talents which had been so frequently displayed by the amateurs, and a trifling proof of his cordial esteem, for the gentlemen who conduct the management of the Chouringhee Theatre.

## SEPTEMBER 13.

Nothing further has transpired during the week as to the movements of the troops, than what appeared in our last. We learn from Loodianah that the troops of the 3d Division of the Field Army have received orders from their gallant commander Sir David Ochterlony, to hold themselves completely equipped for moving by the 15th instant. All is stated to be quiet in that quarter, and that Runjeet Sing is anxious to prove his disposition to remain a friend of the British Government. The Ex-King of Cabul continued at Loodianah, where a splendid mansion had been built for his residence. He recives an allowance of 4000 Rs. a month, of which he makes the most in keeping up the pomp and parado of royalty.

While for the last six months we have had rain in this quarter with little intermission, in the Upper Provinces they have lately been suffering much from The following is from Agra, under date the 26th ultimo, " Nothing remarkable here except the weather, and we so often suffer from the same cause in this arid part of the world, that the present season can scarce be called remarkable. However it is not bad as Bonaparte describes St. Helena to be—at once the most arid and the most bumid climate in the world. From the commencement of the month nearly we have not had a drop of rain. Every thing on the ground has been parched up, and for the last week we have all had our tatties up. The Indigo plant which promised very favourably has been much stunted for want of rain. What there is of it produces well, but it takes many bigals to fill the Vats."

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We are happy to find the Coorkas and inhabitants of the hills on the north-eastern frontier show no less. alterity in adopting modern discoveries which tend to the preservation of mankind, than they were proved to have snewn in the late campaigns in adopting the latest improvements in the science of Artillery. one accustomed to the apathy of those who reside on the plains of Hindostan it must be quite delightful to come in contact with these Highlanders, who seem to possess all the qualities characteristic of the inhabitants of the mountainous regions of Europe. From a communication we have lately received, it appears that the practice of vaccination has been very favourably received by them. Our correspondent remarks." you will learn with much pleasure that Inoculation on a very extended scale wes kept up in the Devrah Daoon during the whole of the hot or rather dry season. The natives of the Dhoon as well as the Goorkas have been long acquainted with the practice of inoculation for small pox. They were in the habit of noting with uncommon precision the force, crisis, &c. of this scourge of mankind. Their mode of inoculating is by making a puncture in the skin at the wrist."

We subjoin a Statement of the exportation of Indigo since 1st October last, from which it will be perceived that 15,681 Chests or 62,689 Maunds have been exported to London, which somewhat exceeds the quantity stated by us in our paper of the 30th Augusta

Indigo exported from 1st October 1816 to 31st August 1817.

, 10111	
To London,	15,681
America,	752
Lasbon,	
Gulph,	2010
Bombay,	1005
Isle of Frane,	860
France and Holland,	1348

Total Chests, 22,192

Extract from a letter dated 3d September:—" I wrote to you yesterday from Allababad. 'The Marquis of Hastings with the fleet passed the Fort towards evening, and proceeded on in high style. This morning we left our ground very early and are now-near Phapamow, a place situated about 6 or 8 miles from the Fort of Allahabad."

# SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

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- ARRIVALS. Sept. 1. H. C. Ship William Pitt, Graham, from London, 14th April, and Madras, 21st lug—Carnatic, Blanshard, from London 15th April, and Madras 21st August.—Paragon, Miller, from London 19th March, and Isle of France 27th July.—Marte, (Danish) Molfer, from Copenhagen 15th Dec.—H. C. Ship Thomas Grenville, Alsager, from England 23d April, and Cape of Good Hope 20th July.—Lord Castlereagh, Younghusband, from London 23d April, and Cape of Good Hope 20th July.
- Do. 2. Lady Borringdon, Lethbridge, from England 9th March, Cape of Good Hope, and Mauritus, 3d Aug.— Woodbridge, Munnings, from Cape of Good Hope, 1st May—and Manritus 24th July.—Egfrid, Kirby, from Lo. don 27th April, and Madeila 17th May—Bombay, Rengrose, from Bombay 27th July, and Madias 24th Aug.—If C Ship Nearthus, Wilkinson, from Batavia 29th June, Malacea 14th July, and Penang 26th ditto.
- Do. 5. H. C. Crinzer Antelopé, Hall, from Amboyna 7th Junes Batavia 10th August and Madias 28th ditto.
- Do. 6. Cudmus, (American,) Davis, from Boson 23d May.
- DEPARTURES, Sept. 1. Jane, Mughan, for Greenock.— Birg Dragon, Brady, for Madies — Birg Jane, Court, for Penang and Java.
- Do. 2. True Briton, Head, for Liverpool.
- Do. 3. Oswin, Kay, for London.
- Do. 4. Carron, Scion, for China.—Canderbux, Johnstone, for Rangoon,

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Do 's Glide, (American,) Tucker, for Salem .- Po, Higgins, for

Do. 7. Wyton, Airdlie, for London.

Passengers by the Land Castlerough - Mrs.M. Ricketts: Miss Punely Ricketts; Miss Sophia Ricketts; Miss Dunthorne; Miss Jane Tod; Miss Francs Tode; Miss Murray; Miss Eliza; Dyer; Miss Emely Dyer; Miss Armstrong; Miss Gilkion; Mr. Bell; Dr. John Adam, M. D. Assistant Surgeon; Mr. W. Dyer, ditto; Mia Williams; Miss T Williams, Mise M. Williams; Miss C. Williams; Mr. II. Loyd, Cadet; Mr. H. Mackenzie, ditto; Mr. E. Hull, ditto; Mr. N. Jones, ditto; Mr. W. Jones, ditto; Mr. F. H. Tutner, ditto; Mr. Stacy; Mr. Jones; Mr. W Burt, Free-marmer: Mr. J. Scott, duto; Mr. C. Stuart, ditto; Licutenant Newton, 21st; Light Drogbour; Lieutenant Williams ditto Fuon the cien or Good nois: Mrs. Hake; Mr. William Hake; Miss C. Hake; Miss Bush; Miss M. Bush; Mrs. Whittaker; Mr R Thomson; Colonel Bates, H M 21st Light Diagnons: Cantain Jones, ditto; Captain Bush, ditto; Lieutenant Hake, ditto; Lieutenent Hermand, ditto; Lieutenant Tomkinson, ditto; Licut. Hughes, ditto; Cornel Lindsay, ditto; Cornet Lloyd, ditto; Cornet Ahmuts, ditto; Paymaster Whittaker, ditto; Quarter-master Fortesque, ditto; 329 Privates, ditto; 26 Women, ditto; and 31 Children, ditto.

By the Thomas Grenville: - Mis. Barbara J. Buller; Miss Sephie Taylor; Lieutenant Colonel R. Honston, 6th Regiment N tive Infantive Lieutemant J. W. Taylor, 7th Regiment Mad-ios Native infantive Coinct A. Taylor, His Majesty's Sed Light Diagoons, George F. Timeis, Log Writer; Mr. John Alsoger: Mr. John Cullen, Cadet; Mr. J. C. Taithful; Mr. John Cox, Free-mariner. From the expr of coon nore: Mrs. Ann O'Rolly; Mrs. S. Cowderay; Mr. C. Menzies, Miss Ann O'Reilly, Miss Catherine O'Reilly, Master John O Reilly; Major W. W. Higgins, H. M. elst Light Diagoons; Caplain A. Lecky, ditto; Captain A. G'Re lly, ditto; Licutemant G. Aitken, ditto, Lientenant A. Bond, ditto: Lieutenant F De Visme, ditto; Lieuterant A. A. McCouchy, ditto. Lieutenant James Wood, ditto; Lieutenant Meisin Stewarf, ditto; Cornet G. F. Boulton, ditto: Cornet F. Cowe-ray, duto. Cornet S. 'Porvard, ditto; Assistint Singron A Menzies, ditto; Vetermary ditto J. Schroeder, ditto. 92 Non Commissioned Officers, 315 Privates: 26 Woemen and 91 Children of ditto,

By the Pafrid Nrs. L. A. Stewart, and Dr. Clarkson,

Assist of Surgion.

By the H. C. Cruizer Acdrehus, From Batavia. The Honorable J. Fendall, Log Lieuten oit Governor of Java: Mrs. Fencall; Mass Mary Femilall; Miss Louisa Fendall; Mrs Wilkinson, and Child; Miss Thompson; Captain Dalgarris; Captain Reddell; Captain Methven; C. Assey, Esq.; R. Stnart, Esq. and Mr. Manly. Per Lady Wargington. From the Cape of Good Hope, C.

M Ricketts, Esq and Jame, Stewart, Esq Per Paragon: Mrs Miller, and Son List of Passengers of the William Pitt, Captain Charles

Graham. For Beogal: Mrs. Janet Hutton; Miss Jane Hutton; Miss Mary Heathcote; Miss Louisa C Hunter; Miss Alicia G. Hunter; Miss Rossell; Miss Georgina Rossell; Miss Elizabeth Halbed; Miss Francis A. Halbed; Colonel Lewis Thomas; Captain Collyer; Mr R T. Glynn; Mr. W H Belli: Mr Fraderick Townsend, Writer; Mr. Thomas Jacob Tunger, ditto; Mr. Thomas M. Munio. Assistant Sirgeon: Mr. Duncan McLichlan, Froe-merchant, proceeded to Beugal, per Enion, 7th August; Mr. Alexander Murray, ditto; Mr. C. F. Robinson, Free-mariner; Mr. Thomas Ridding, Cadet; Mr. Randal Jackson, ditto, and Mr. R. C. Macdonald, ditto.

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"Mrs. Pr.,
  Mr. Per, Attorney at Law,
Lieutenant Chapman, H. M. 89th Regiment,
Mr. Stone, Attorney at Law.
Miss Sarah Sherman,
 Miss Ann Begbee,
                              Landed at Madias, 3d August,
 Mr. T R. Wheatly, Writer,
 - Daniel Elliott, ditte,
 --- Edward Lake, Cadet,
 - W. H Agnew, ditto,
 - H. C. Cotton, ditto,
 - Alex Munbee, ditto,
                            > Ditto, 14th August.
 - J. J. Underwood, ditto,
 - R T. Wallice, ditto,
 --- T. Thomson, ditto,
 -- Alex Line, ditto,
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MADRAS. Annivers — August 17 long Patteh Carcam, Capt. J. Bacon, from the West Coast of Sumetra 20th Inter-18—th p. Boyne, Captain B. Ferguson, from Calcutta 20th June -19—ship John Bull, Capt. John Bean, from Calcutta 20th June -19—ship John Bull, Capt. John Bean, from Calcutta 20th June -19—ship John Bull, Capt. John Bean, from Calcutta 20th June -19—ship John Bull, Capt. March, and Maritins 1st August,—22 H. M. Stoop Challenger Captain Bridges.—ditto, brig Ariel, Captain Batta, from Colombo 9th and Pondicherry 21st August; Passenger, Lieutenant Miclean, H. M. 73d Regiment

Dispartinis — Lugust 17 ship Cornwalles, Capt. Thomas Brown, for Portsmonth,—18, ship Maha, of Copenhagen, Captain A Moller for Bengal,—21 II C ships Milliam Pitt, Captain Graham, and Camatic, Captain Blanchard for Bengal.

BOMBAY. Annivat. Aug 7 Ship Wdiam Patt, Free-hader,

Captain G. C. P. Living, from Figland.

DIPARTERIS. Aug. 8. Ship Initing Salum, Nacquidah Adom, to Calicut and Bengal.—10. Ship Bombay Merchant. Free-trader, Captain John Clarkson, to London. Passengers. Reverend Henry Davies, Mrs. Davies, and Family: Ship Actean. Captain John Mackey, to the lale of Frince.—11. Ship Hyperion, Free-trader, Captain H. Horn, to London. Passengers. Mrs. Prother, and Miss Allport; Ship Edward, Free-tradet, Captain Hobert Johnson, to London. Passenger: Mr. Rochfort.

CEYLON TRINCOMALIE — Spiled, July 26th, H. M. Shipa Iphegenia, John Tancock, Esq. Captain, for England. — Passengers, Colonel Kerr, of the 2d Ceylon Regiment; Brevet Major R. F. Cleaveland, of the Royal Artillery; Captain Hobbs, of the Royal Engineers; Captain Cox, of the 19th Regiment, and family.

His Majesty's Ship Melville, Pemberton, Esq. captain, Passengers, Lieut. V. Raymond, of the 19th Regt. Lieut. De Pour, of H. M. 3d Ceylon Regt. Paymaster Birch, of H. M. 73d Regt. and Family, 59 Men, Invalids, 2 Women of H. M.

19th Regt. and 1 Buropean Prisoner-

PADANG. ARRIVALS May 2. Ship Fatul Mumburuk, Lindsay, from Benecolen. Passenger, Mr. Light, and swied 10th May for Penang.—19. Brig Countess of Loudon, Johnston, from Porto Novo 6th April, and sailed 7th June, for Madrag. Passenger: Mr. A. Frazer. 28 Brig Le Preservant, Berteaux, from Benecolen, and sailed 14th, June, for Isle of France.

June 3. Schooner Bietorine Bechade, from Batavia and Bencoolen.—Ship Huce Horse, Howard, from do. and do. Passengers. Captain R. Hall, and Mr. Frazer, and sailed 17th June, for Northern Ports, without Passengers.—Jano 12. Schooner Duckling,

Stout, from Bencoolen.

Sailed, April 13. Ship Fatul Wahap, Nacoda, for Penang. Passenger. W Smith.

June 18 ditto, Brig Pagarhanee, Nacoda, Sheik Ahmed, for Batayia, (she put into Bencoolen for water, and is detained there.).

#### ISLE OF FRANCE.

Arrivers, —July 26. Portuguese Ship Don Joso Premiero, Captain Agevido, from Calcutta, 1st May —Ship Emma, Captain Taylor, from Calcutta, 1st May —Ship Emma, Captain Taylor, from Calcutta, 1sth May.—27. American Ship Acastus, Captain Burnham, from Philadelphia, 8th April—28. French Ship Chandernagore, Captain Allegre, having left this Port on the 15th instant, and put back an account of damages.—30. Ship Laura, Captain Dennis, from Calcutta, 14th July.—31. Ship Laylon, Captain Taylor, from England, 10th April—May 1. French, Ship Foung Adolphus, Captain Labory, from Bordeaux, 19th April.

Dervavers —21 Ship Woodbridge, Captain G. G. Munnings, for Calcutta.—Store ship Ocean, Captain McKirlay, for the Cape and England —London, Captain J. Nelson, for ditto ditto — French Ship Aimable (reole, Captain Ernouss, for Chandernagore.—25. Store Ship Alexander, Captain J. Thompson, for the Cape and England—26. American Brig. Hindoo, Captain M. Witney, for Batavia—27. Ship Paragon, Capt. R. Miller, for Calcutta—29. Brig. Fanny, Capt. Smith, for the Coast of Malabar—30. Brig. Fanny, Captain Boauyeard, for Pondicherry.

# Fort Marlbro.

FORT MARLERO', June 9.—(Extract of a Letter.)—
"Eight American vessels have lately been at the Achinese Ports, purchasing pepper at dollars SI per pecul. It is supposed that they took away near 50,000 peculs.

"The command of the Marlbro, Sebundy corps has been given to Capt. Manley.

" Several pirate prows have lately visited the subordinate districts of Bengcoonat and Billimbrug, in the Croee station under this residency. They landed and seized five men at one place, and a few more at another, looking into a pepper godown, where they found nothing. The landing was effected by surprize, or the visitors would have been roughly handled in all probability. An Ensign of the Bugguess corps, with a small party, marched to Bengcoonat, and the pirates, who had taken to their prows, used their best exertions to get beyond the whistling of the balls of a three-pounder gun, which were dispatched after them, to return their polite call. They captured a Croce boat close in with the shore, and one of the crew secretly let himself down into the water, and swam ashore to tell the news."

## CALGUTTA MONTHLY JOURNAL:

Vol. XXXI.]. .. SEPTEMBER. ... [Numb. 275.

## Calcutta.

## CIVIL APPOINTMENTS.

#### TERRITORIAL DEPARTMENT.

August 30, 1817.

Mr H. J. CHIPPENDALE, 2d Deputy Collector of Government Existents and Town Duties at Calcutta.

MI J. H. D'OVEY, Head Assistant to the Collector of Government Customs and Town Duties at Calcutta.

## MILITARY.

GENERAL GREERS, BY THE WONORABLE THE VICE-PRESIDENT.
IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; SEPT. 8, 1817.

The Honorable John Fendall, Esq late Lieutenant Governous of lasa, having returned to the Presidency, the Honorable the Vice-President in Council is pleased to direct, that a Salute of 17 Guns be fired from the Ramparts of Fort William, in honor of that occasion.

C. M. RICKETTS.

Chief Sec. to the Govt.

SENERAL GRAERS, BY THE HONORIBLE THE VICE-PRESIDENT

## FORT WILLIAM; August 19, 1817.

Captum Lieutenant E. Browne of the 2d Battalion 30th Regiment Native Infantiv, having furnished the prescribed (ertificates from the Pay and Medical Departments, is permitted to make a voyage to Sea for the recovery of his health, and to be absent from his Corps on that account for 6 months from the 15th Proximo.

JOHN CRAIGIE.
Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dopt.

FOR SEPTEMBER, 1817.

BERERAL ORDERS, BY THE HONORABLE THE TICE-PRESIDENT

FORT WILLIAM: Access 26, 1817.

Ordered, that the following Parigraphs of a General Letter from the Honorable the Court of Directors, in the Military Department, under date the 9th of April 1817, be published in General Orders

Para. 2. Captain Alexander Brown has our permission to

return to his Rank upon your Establishment.

4. Captun George Steel of your Establishment, has one permission to remain in L. gland until the departure of the last Company's Ships of this Season (1816-17)

4. Optain George Steele of your Establishment, his our permission to remain in England until the departure of the last

Company's Ships of this Season (1816-17.)

5. We have permitted Mr. 14 mry Newmorch to proceed to your Presidency to practise as a Su, reon, and we direct that he succeed as an Assistant Surgeon whom your Establishment;

his Rank will be settled at a future time.

At the Public Examination of (adets held at our Military Seminary at Adiscombe House, in October last, the following young Gentlemen were selected for the Corps of Engineers at your Priside cy; and are now upon the Trigonometrical survey, crying on under the superintendence of Colonel Mudge, and after brying completed their studies in this branch, they will probably be placed under the Command of Lieutenant Colonel Pasley, at Chitham, to learn the practical part of the art of sapping and mining—their names are as follows, viz.

Edward James Smith,

Hemy de Bude,

George Walter, William Robert Fitzgerald, and

George Thomson.

7 The following Gentlemen were likewise selected For the Corps of Artillery,

Donald Eneas Mackay,

Randle Jackson, Frederic Warren

8. The following Gentlemen, who were placed at our Military Institution as Cadets for general service, having signified their wish to be allowed to proceed as Infartry Cadets to preference to remaining at the Seminary with the chain of their being hereafter selected to the Corps of Engineers of Artiflery, we have accordingly complied with their request; and direct that they be permitted to take Rank of all other Cadets appointed in the same season, who may not have been at the Institution, excepting those who may have held His Majesty's Commission for one year, viz

Robert Collins Medonald, Robert Page Fulcher, William Senior, Nathaniel Jones, John Frederick May,

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19. We hat permitted Cornet John William T. A. Tres mamondo to return to his Raik upon your Establishment.

JOHN CRAIGIE, Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

Lieutenant M. Ramsay of the 8th Regiment of Native Infantry, having furnished the prescribed certificates from the Medical and Pay Departments, is permitted to proceed to Europe, on Firrough, for the recovery of his health.

Lieutenant R. S. Browning of the 10th Regiment of Native Infantry, and Deputy visistant Quarter-Master General, having furnished the presented cathicates from the Medical and Pay Departments, is permitted to make a voyage to Sea for the benefit of his health; and to be assent on that account, for 13 months, from the date of the sailing of the vessel on which he may leave this port.

Serieant Major Thomas Hyde of the Goruckpore Provincial Battilion, having produced a tidactory testimonials of his claim to the been his of the Jension established by Minutes of Council of the 11th of Januay, 1797, is admitted to the benefits of that last is on accordingly; and permitted to reside and draw his stipsad at Calcutta.

JOHN CRAIGIE,

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GEVER'S ORDERS, BY THE HONORISE THE VICE-PRESIDENT IN

### F 277 WILL'IAM: August 28, 1817.

London at R. Burney of the 8th Regiment Native Infantry, having turnes of the requisite Pay Certificate, the conditional permession granted to that Obsers in Government General Orders of the 4th ultimo, to proceed to Europe on Farlough, is confirmed.

JOHN CRAIGIE,

Offg. Sec. to Goyt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY THE HONORABLE THE VICE-PÁCSIDEST IN

## FORT WILLIAM; SEPTEMBER 2, 1817.

Captain G Warden of the 2d Battilion 27th Regiment of Native Infantry, having furnished the prescribed confineate from the Pay Department, is permitted to proceed to Europe on Purlough, on account of his private affairs.

# FOR REPTEMBER, 1817.

We have been favored with the following extract of a letter from Chittagong, communicating the loss of the Phænix, Capt. Hogan; of this Port .-

Chittagong, Sept. 3, 1814.

"The Phonix, Hogan, from Calcusts, bound to Madras, is on shore and bilged, near to a place called Mascal, to the southard of the White Chis and a leading mark for Ships coming in here "wo - Military officers, passengers, the second Ma c and a number of Lascars, landed here from her yesterday. and the 2d Mate has returned to the Shio, with boats to bring away the Captain and the remainder of the Crew. The report of the loss of the I ham. is thus:-the Ship had got down nearly as far as Ganiam, the weather favourable, when they spring their bowsprit and mizen must, and hove no fit this, to have their damages repaired; and not p. t. on the 1st instant, the ship took the prout. long after the Masts went over the side, and the bilged, and from all accounts not much of the Car is will be saved. Ship Building is going on here in a flourishing way-5 pretty large Ship and be put in the water by the 15th of next month."

Letters from Jessore state, that the entirely disease which committed such ravages in the same bourhood, has considerably obsided. It is at a considerably obsided. have originated in an immoderate use of sable . 4: and we are assured that the lower classes of nones in Calcutta and its vicinity, base suffer a from the same cause. A learne while a leave is from the Calcutta Gazette, shaled to the nslant, e's show the mischievous effect. "a this e ap but J! leterious food upon the unadutance of the ore. the same effect has been experiented by the is of the poorer residents of the suburns of Cole. Here was Bramins, it would appear, with their usual desteries, have turned this misfortune to advantage, and to following extract of a letter from an intelligent correspondent, thoroughly acquainted with the people

## EX ORTS

Cassia	30	dollars
Cassia Buds,	60	do.
Camphor	38	do.
Anti-eds,	11	do.
Alum	3	do.
Tortoise Shell	320	do.

## SEPTEMBER 17.

Letters of the 5th inst. from the Most Noble the Gov. Gen.'s Fleet, state, that several Pinnaces could not proceed to Cawnpore, owing to the shallowness of the river. Head Quarters, it was excepted would be established at Cawnpore on the 15th instant. We are a rry to state, that Captain H. E. Fitz Clarence, of his Majesty's 22d Dragoons, and Aid-de-Camp to Lieuienant General Sir Thomas Hislop, died of a fever at Allahabad, on the 3d instant.

Letters of the 8th instant, were yesterday received from the Flect of the Most Noble the Governor General, which we are happy to say entirely remove the fears which had been excited at the Presidency by a rumour of His Txcellency's indisposition. We have sincere satisfaction in stating that His Lordship was in the enjoyment of the best Health, and that the Flect expected to reach Cawnpoor on the 9th or 10th instant.

UKHBARS.—Ukhbars from Holkar's camp, at Ramha, of date the 22d of July, mention the death of Meena Bhaee, the mother of Scindiah; and state, that a letter had been received by Bapojee, containing orders from his master, not to interfere with Holkar's concerns. Holkar's principal army was incamped within ten cosses of Dukhiah; and Homah Bhaee, was before Assir, the Kiladaur of which had sustained a complete defeat, and was compelled to take refuge in his fortress. By the orders of the Bhaee (Holkar's mother) Homah Bhaee was about to withdraw her army, in order to avoid any misunderstanding with Scindiah.

The I muttir papers of the 15th f June, mention that a letter had been received b Runjeet Singh,

for september, 1017.

from The Most Noble the Governor General, intimating, that His Excellency was about to leave Cal-

cutta for the Upper Provinces of India.

The Moultan Ukhbars notice a consphacy, on the part of Khorda Yar Khan, and some Sirdars.—to seize the person of Hafiz Ahmed Khan; but Hafiz, having been apprized of their intentions, frustrated

them, by securing the conspirators.

Mahmood Shah was at Cabul, and his Vizier Rutty Khan, at Manee Lollah. The Army of Cachar, was investing Herraut, and Prince Camran, had proceeded to its relief, leaving his Son to defend Candahar. In addition to this information, the Peshawur Ukhbars, state, the Cachar Cavalry before Herraut, amounted to sixty thousand, and had a compliment of Artillery of 70 guns. Several skinnishes had taken place, and Prince Ferozuldeen, had put to death his Counsellor Aka Khan, for having attempted on negociate with the Cachar Chiefs. It is added that Nabob Asud Khan, had set out for Tunkistan, with two lacs of rupees, for the purpose of raising an Army, in that province.

#### SEPTEMBER 18-

Our cotemporaries have occasionally reported serveral accidents which have happened to some parts of the fleet, all of such a nature as required no great exertion of philosophy to make them bearable, and did not even want the assistance of the Trojon consolation:

Olim muminisse juvabit.

With one of the same sort we have been made acquainted by information originally derived from the sufferers themselves. Three gentlemen, early in the morning, had remained behind the fleet in a small boat, with an intention to shoot birds on shore. When after their diversion they returned to their boat, they found that by the neglect of the men it had sticked in the mud. At the sight of them part of the crew, apprehensive of the consequences, made their escape.

With the exprtions of the remaining part assisted by their own, it took the unlackey sportmen a whole day to get the boat affoat: and for a time they had thought that nothing but the periodical return of the rains could extricate it. The end of one labour was but the beginning of another. For four days they had to ply upon their oars, before they could rejoin the ficet: Their food in the mean time was some little coarse rice which the boatmen divided with them, and the remains of a cold ham which by good chance happened to be on board, their drink water from the river. Sleep they procured by stretching themselves at full length on the hare boards: and for the luxury of a clean shirt, the nulled off from their backs that which they had on end washed it in the stream as they went along. When they had been restored to their friends, they soon made amends for the past in the pleasures of correviality; and we have it to state on their own authority, that the return of that genuine English appetite, which had long abandoned them made them consider their misadventure as a real good fortune.

## SEPTÉMBER 20.

We some months ago mentioned that it was exrected that a fortress belonging to the Berar Raia situated close to Husseinahad would be placed in possession of the Subsidiary force. This transfer has lately taken place. It would be occupied by a small guard of our troops till the clearing away of the rubbish and jungle should render it a fit place of residence. The Raja's flag would continue to be displayed and a Kelledar with 12 Sepoys to reside in the fort, but without exercising any command. It is situated on the bank of the Nerbudda. Is surrounded by walls of masonry and encompassed by a pretty good ditch. It is well calculated to serve as a Depot for every description of Military Stores and Provisions. and would prove extremely convenient as a place of residence for the families of Officers in the event of the troops moving. '

# SHIPPING. INTELLIGENCE.

- ARRIVALS. September 8: Brig Madras Packel, Mahon, from Coringa 28th August. Passengers: Captain Brawick, 8th Regiment Native Infantity, Capt. Williams, 15th ditto ditto, and John Ormsby, Esq. Royal Navy.
- Do. 10. Speke, Quinten, from London 28th February and Cape of Good Hope 10th July.—Earl of Morley, Craigie, from London, and last from Madrus 2d September.—Contest, Langdon, from London 1st May and Madras 29th August.—Currim Bur., Richards, from Russorah 18th July.—Brig Hope, Bennet, from Rangoon 30th August.
- Do. 11. Brothers, Stamp, from England 25th February, St. Helena, and Cape of Good Hope 29th July. Passengers: P. Treves, Esq. R. Chase, Esq. Dr. James Dinny, and Lieutenant C.C. Charney.
- Do. 12. Pembroke, Rogers, from Bombay 24th August Passenger: Licutenant F. G. Farewell. Royal Navy.—Brig Helen, Mackintosh, form Sumatra 12th August.
- Do 13. Kent, Ireland, from England 6th September and Madras 21st April.—Calcutta, Strajan, from Liverpool 21st April.—Clara, Glass, from Padang 19th August.—Hammody, Nacoda, from Madras 7th September—Brig Festal, Skitter, from Penang 20th August.

MADRAS ARRIVALS. Aug. 298. H. C. Cruizer Antelope, Captain Hall. from Mulacca. Passengers: Dr. Eckford, Licut. Cursham, Couductor Goodwin, a Detachment of Artillery, and a Detachment of Madras European Regiment; Ship Currin Bus. Captain J. Richards, from Bussorah 13th and Bushire 21st July. and Muscat 9th August.—27. H. M. Ship Magicienne, Captain J. B. Purvis, from Trincomalee 26th Aug.—29. Ship Calcutta, Captain J. R. Stroyan, from Liverpool the 21st April.—30. Brig Joyce. Captain F. H. Bean, from the Isle of France the 1st July, Piont de Galle and Pondicherry the 28th Aug. Passengers: John De Urilla, Esq and Mr. Adam, from Pondicherry.—31. Ship Charles Mills, Captain J. Charetie, from Calcutta the 19th July, and Vizagapatam the 19th August.

Sept. 1, Ship Annapoorany, Nacoda Abder Cawder, from Negapatam, left 31st August

DEPARTURES. Aug. 28 Ship Contest, Caltain J. Largdon, for Calcutta; H. C. Cruizer Antelope, Captain Hall, for Bengal; H. M. Sloop Challenger, Captain Brydges, for Trincomales.

CEYLON. COLOMBO. ARRIVED. Aug. 12. Schooner Eliza, J. H. Tipke, Master, from Negapatam.

# CALCUTTA CONTRLE JOURNAL,

Saiten. Arg. 9. Brig Arte, J. C. Batta, Master, for Negapatand and Madras. Passenger: Lieutenant Macleau, H. H. 73d Regiment:

POINT DE GALLE. Sailed Aug. S. Brig Wühelmina, N. Onetto,

Master; for Bombay, TRINCOMALIE. Arrived Aug. 3. Government Brig Hebr, Commander John Morris, from Colombo., Passengers: Major Skinner and Family, and a Detachment of Royal Artillery.

SMLED. Aug. 7. Government Brig Hebe, Commander John Morris, for Batticaloa. Passengers: Dr. Thin, 3 Privates of the Royal Artillery, and a Detachment of 20 Men, H. M. 19th Regiment.

PENANG. ARRIVALS. June 30. Brig Lively, J. Baptista,

from Maiacca 18th June. July 1. H. M. Ship . "fagicierne, J. B. Purvis, Esq. Captain, from ditto 27th June .- 2. Ship Lidrd Minto, G. Chiene, from Calcutta 12th June. Passengers: Captain Van Ochsee, and Wife, Captain Norson, Wife and 2 Children, Lieutenant Venegal, and Captain Abhott .- 4. H. C. Ship Waterleo, J. Birch, Esq. Captain, from England 14th March; H. C. Ship Winchelsea, William Adamson, Esq Captain, from ditto 14th ditto. Passenger: Mrs. Scott .- 10. Ship Integrity, E. Elderkin, from West Coast of Sumatra Ist July; Brig Conde de Amorante, C. J. Cahral; from Samalangan 4th ditto .- 13. Brig Hydross, Ma-Homed, from Point de Galle 28d June.—14. Brig Eleanor, P. Thissell, from Passier 4th July.—17. Ship Kai Kussroo, W. W. Volgar, from Bombay 27th May, Madras 1st July. Passengers: 7 Natives.

Aug. 9. Brig Gameoo, Sayd Hussen, from Java 12th July, Malacca 2d August; Ship Fatlahndbarick, G. C. Lindsay, from Burong 4th ditto .- 10. Ship Isabella, P. C. Foster, from Malacca 4th ditto. Passenger: J. Baxter; Brig Cande de Amorante, C. J. Cabral, from Samalangan 1st ditto .- 12. Ship Hyder Ally, Francis Hutton, from Acheen 7th ditto.—13. H. C. Ship Low-ther Castle, C. Mortlock, Esq. Captain, from London 8th Januarv, Bombay 27th July. Passenger: L. Perceval, Esq.; Ship Vansittart, R. S. Dalrymple, Esq. Captain, from ditto 27th ditto. Passengers: Lieutenant Colonel Cheyne, H. M 47th Regiment, Lieutenant Sharpe, H. M. 56th ditto, G. C. Campbell, Beq. and George Auderson, Esq.; Ship Triumpho, S. L. do Cabe, from Liston 23d December, 1816, Calcutta 15th July. Passenger: J. Mustimano; Brig Thainstone, C. Scott, from Passier 8th Angust.

DEPARTURES. June 28. Brig Thainstone, C. Scott, for Padang. -29. H. C. Ship Teignmouth, George Walker, for Bombay .- 30. H. C. Schooner Inverness, W. W. Warten, for Culcutta. Passenger : W. Sartorius, Eiq ; Brig Vestal, William Skitter, for Padang. July 2. Ship Brothers, P. Gordon, for Otchosk; Brig Esther, E. Jones, for Pungah .- S. H. M. Ship Orlando, J. Clavell, Esq. Captain, for Malacca .- 6. Ship Lord Minte, G. Chiene, fur Malacca and Java.—7. Brig Vegilante, D. Leonardy, for Soloot Brig Johnny, B. Ballard, for Bombay.—3. Brig Prime, William Lewis, for ditto.—15. Ship John Bannerman, G. Rose, for China.—16. Brig Lively, J. Baptista, for Malacca.—17. H. M. Ship Magicienne, J. B. Purvis, Esq Captain, for Trincomalie. Passengers: Mr. and Mrs. Alexander.—18. Ship Integrity, B. Riderkin, for China.

Aug. 13. Ship Race Horse, Thomas Howard, for Calcutta. Passengers: Reverend J. R. Henderson, and Mr. R. Caunter.

## Madras.

#### AUGUST 12.

The Mails for the Free Trader and Post Office Packet, General Stuart, Captain Granger, were closed on Saturday afternoon, when the Passengers also embarked. She did not however, stand out to sea until day-break yesterday morning She will probably have a long passage, as she carries Mails for the Mauritius. Cape of Good Hope, and St. Helena. The following Passengers embarked on her.

R. Fletcher. Esq. Mr. R. Fletcher junior, Captain Balmain. 7th Regt Native Infantry, Mrs. Anna Maria Robbins, Miss Maria Adalvid Robbins. Miss Harriet Robbins, Miss Anna Georgina Robbins, Miss Theodoria Robbins, Miss Mary Ann Waddel, Master George Waddel. Peter Puget. Fsq. Naval Commissioner. Mr. Harley, Clerk to P. Puget. Esq.—Licutenant Prior: H. M. 69th Regiment, Major Preston, 17th Regt. Native Infantry, Captain F. D. Saunders, 16th Regt. Native Infantry, Master James Wahab, Master W. Wahab, Master Augustus Degringe, and Master S. Gordon.

The Ship Letter Packet for the Cornwallis, Free Trader, is advertised to close on Thursday next, and she is expected to sail shortly after.—Some Invalids and time-expired

men of His Majesty's Regiment go home in her.

The Ship Union and the Schooner Defwent, have anchored in the Roads since our last. They sailed from Port Louis on the 14th ultimo. Several ressels from French Ports, laden with Wines, had arrived at the Isle of France.

His Majesty's Ship Lyra, having completed her repairs, continued her voyage for the Cape on the 8th of July.

His Majesty's Ship Minden, has returned to Trin-

The following letter has been published by Government, and as it gives some information most important to all Nautical men, we lose no time in endeavouring to give it every possible publicity.

Madras, 28th June, 1817.

To the President and Members of the Marine Brard.
Gentlemen,

Being Commander of the Private Ship Ribernia, of London, and lately arrived in the roads, I beg leave to make known to you, that on my late passage from England I touched at the Island of Tristran de Cunha to get water on the 9th of April last; and that after taking our departure from there on the 12th at ½ past 11 A. M. having run 357 miles per log on a E. b. S. course with a free wind all the time, fell in with three sunken Rocks, one of which we very narrowly escaped being on; there appeared to be about nine feet water on the one we had close alongside Latitude 37, 31 South, 4 42 West; the three Rocks form almost a triangle and all within the bounds of a Cable's length: being so much alarmed at the time and the Ship going at the rate of seven knots, had no opportunity of sounding on them. I am fully convinced to the facts before stated, as well as my First Officer, and several of the watch on deck at the time.

And am, Gentlemen,

Your most obedient Servant.

(Signed) JOHN LENNON.

By order of the Marine Board.

Madras, 'Oard of Trade Office, 4th August, 1817.

J. GWATKIN, Secretary

#### SEPTEMBER 2.

The land winds still prevail with almost unprecedented perseverance and violence, and the weather continues extremely warm for this late season of the year. Agriculturists are anxioually looking out for rain.

The strong westerly winds which have lately prevailed have caused a heavier surf than usual on this Beach, and a serious accident was occasioned on Saturday by the upsetting of a Boat in the outer surf. The Boat was landing with we Horses from the Ship Curreem Bux, one of which was drowned. We lament to add that a woman who was

FOR SEPTEMBER, 1817.

in the Boat also perished. Neither of the Bodies have been found.

The expected Ship Layton, has not yet made her appearance. She has probably been detained at Bort Louis.

On Thursday last, the Ship Calcutta from Liverpool, whence she sailed on the 21st of April, passed through the Roads on her voyage to Bengal. She only looked into this Port to land her Passengers destined for this Presidency.

Passengers-Lieutenant Spence, of the Honorable

Company's 'ervice, and Mrs. Spence.

The home ward hound Ship harles Mills, arrived in the Roads from Calcutta and Vizagapatam on Saturday evening.

Passengers: Mrs. Steele, and 2 Children,—Mr. and Mrs. Paske,—Mrs. Wilson and family,—Mrs. Charettie,—Capt. Wilson,—Mr. H. Montgomery,—Mr. James.—Mr. Dalzell, Mr. Beecher. and Mr. Linton.

She will continue her voyage to England in the course

of the week.

The Boyne, Captain Ferguson, sailed on Thursday.

Passengers:—Major General and Mrs. Taylor and family, Colonel Hamilton of the Honorable Company's Service,—Lieutenant Taylor, 25th Regt. Dragoons,—Corporal John Leger, Mrs. Leger, Master John Leger, Mrs. Goodall, Servant to Mrs. Taylor.

The (hallenger, Brig of ,War, left the Roads on Thurs-

day night to join the Admiral at Trincomalee.

His Majesty's Ship Magiciehne, arrived from the East-ward and last from Trincomalee, on Wednesday last.

We learn from the Cape of Good Hope that Loan Amnerst and suits and the Officers and Crew of His Majesty's late Ship Alceste, arrived on the 26th of May in Table Bay in the læggr, from Batavia the 13th of April.

His Majesty's Ship the Couqueror. Captain Davis, bearing the Flag of REAR ADMIRAL PLAMPIN, auchored in

Simon's Bay on the 28th of May. .

# Penang.

JULY 5.

On Saturday morning the return of J. J. ERSKINE, Esq. Member of Council, to the Presidency. was announced by the salute due to his rank from the works of Fort Cornwallis. We were gratified by remarking in the evident appearance of renovated health, that the object of his visit to Malacca had been happily attained.

# CALGUTTA MONTHLY, JOURNAL,

AUGUST 16.

The Anniversary of the Birth-day of His ROYAL HIGHNESS THE PRINCE REGENT, the Patron of our Green Island
was celebrated on Tuesday with all those public demonstrations of festivity and joy, which, whilst they are the pride
of Britons, form the strongest and dearest ties that bind
them, however distant, to their Native Land.

At sun rise the Island, and the neighbouring Mountains on the Kiddah Shore resounded with the discharge of fifty-five Guus from the works of Fort Cornwallis, corresponding with the age of His Royal Highness; the Royal Standard waving throughout the day on the fort Flag-staff, in the

happy triumph of universal peace.

A Royal Salute was fired at noon, and in the evening, the Honorable the Governor received the Members of Council, the Honorable the Recorder, the Commanding Officer of the Forces, and the Gentlemen of the Settlement, at the Government House, where they sat down to a splendid and substantial dioner. When the cloth was at length removed, the usual loval and patriotic toasts were drunk, accompanied by Military Music and a Royal Salute to the health of the Prince Rigert. Towards the conclusion of this rational meeting Mr. Ersking gave a toast, in which he was enthusiastically joined by the whole Party—"The health, of Mr. Prillip," who politely proposed in return."

The present Company, and the prosperity of Penang!

## Fort Marlbro.

JULY 15, 1817.

Sailed the skip Frederick, Williams, for Batavia and New South Wale; Passengers: M. de Dufour and Daughter; Lieutenant Squart, 17th Regiment Bengal Native Infantry; Mr. Assistant Surgeon Compton.

Yesterday the Chiefcains of the country, paid a visit of exemony to Mr. Siddons on the occasion of his appointment to be Resident. All the gentlemen of the settlement were assembled, and the Chiefs were received by an honorary gard, and under a salute from the ramparts of the Fort.

One of the principal Chiefs, in the name of the whole body addressed a congratulatory speech to Mr. Siddons, expressing satisfaction at his promotion, whose reply was to the fol-That the honor which had been conferlowing purport. red upon him by the Governor General of British India. was rendered a thousand times more valuable to him by the friendly congratulations of the Chiefs of the country : that nine years had elapsed since he first came to this settlement, and that, therefore, he was not a stranger, but rather an old acquaintance of all the Chiefs; whose children had grown up, under his own eye, from youth to manhood. That in attending to the interests of the Honorable Company, he did not feel conscious of having neglected those of the Chiefs, or the good of their native subjects; and that he proposed to pursue a similar line of conduct as long as he should remain here. That he was happy in the belief that the Chiefs were realy inspired with friendly sentements towards him, that it should be his study, to evince that he felt a reciprocal regard for them.

Presents of Dresses were then, as customary, offered to the Pangeran of Soongye Lamowe, the Pangeran of Soongye. Etam, the Pangeran of Sillebar, the Pangeran of Necore, Rajah Diong Maheelah, and others of the principal Chieftains; which were received with compliments and much apparent satisfaction.

The Chiefs, and the gentlemen of the settlement, them repaired to ranges of tables furnished, for about one hundred persons, with all such delicacies as Fort Marlbro' affords. In the course of the entertainment Mr. Siddons received a testimony of sincere good will, which was wholly a novelty. The Chiefs rose and drank his health and prosperity to his administration, in a bumper, with three times three. The Head Chieftain (the Pangeran of Soongye Lamowe) who is about 85 years of age. and who drinks only water to tea, said that, on this occasion, he must break through his fixed rule, and suffer wine to pass his lips. The compliment was, of course, returned.

Afterwards there was a display of native fencing, wrestling, and other sports, which, though evincing considerable aglity, strength of muscle, and a peculiar aptitude to throw the body into graceful positions (adverting to the fencing) soon become tiresome to European eyes from want of variety. absence of interest (for the moderators carefully step in when the combatants approach too near to each other) and the dull monotony of the native music.

The Chiels departed at about four o'clock in the aftermoon, under honors similiar to those which they received on their arrival.

This ceremony has been delayed for some time; at first because the Pangeran of Soongye Lamowe was absent on an excursion into the interior; and afterwards on account of Mr. Siddons' ill-health, for complete recovery from which he was obliged to change the air, by proceeding to reside on Rat Island, for about a month.

## CALCUTTA MONTHLY JOURNALS

Vol. XXXI.]...SEPTEMBER....[Numb. 275.

## Calcutta.

## CIVIL APPOINTMENTS.,

## JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

THE 9TH SEPT. 1817. . .

Mr. John Fendall, a Puisne Judge of the Courts of Sudder Dewanny Adamut and Mizamut Adamut.

## MILITARY.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY THE HOVORABLE THE VICE PRESIDENT IN

#### FORT WILLIAM, AUGUST 26, 1817.

The Honorable the Vice-President in Council is pleased to make the following Appointments and Promotions.

Mr. Assistant Surgeon Thomas Henderson to perform the Medical duties of the Civil Station of Tepperah, in the room of Mr. Assistant Surgeon Smith.

Mr. Assistant Surgeon James Watson, M. D. to perform the Medical duties of the Civil Station of Benares, in the room of Mr. Assistant Surgeon A. Melville.

Mr. Assistant Surgeon George James Gordon to perform the Medical duties of the Salt Agency of the 21 Pergunnahs, in the room of Mr. Assistant Surgeon N. Wallich.

## 17th Regiment of Native Infantry.

Captain Lieutenant Robert Walters Baldock to be Captain of a Company from the 10th of August 1817, vice Rowland, deceased.

Lieutenant Archibald Montgomerie to be Captain Lieutenant from the same date, vice Baldock, promoted.

Ensign George Henry Robinson to be Lieutenant from the

same date, vice Montgomerie, promoted.

Captain H. Thompsou of the 6th Regiment of Native Cavalry, having furnished the prescribed Certificates from the Medical and Pay Departments, is permitted to make a voyage to sea for the recovery of his health, and to be absent on that account for 10 months from the date of the sailing of the vessel on which he may engage his passage.

Lieutenant R. R. Bruce of the 1st Battalion 1st Regiment of Native Infantry, having furnished the prescribed Certificates from the Medical and Pay Departments, is permitted to proceed to England on furlough, for the recovery of his health. 228

Mr. Surgeon John Crawford of this Establishment, having furnished two Medical Certificates, and an engagement from Mesars. Dean Scott, and Co. to be answerable for any demands that may be made against him in the Pay Department, has been permitted by the British Commissioners at Java to proceed from thence to Eurape on furlough, for the recovery of his health.

#### JOHN CRAIGIB.

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept-

GENERAL ORDERS, BY THE HONORABLE THE VICE-PRESEDENT IN COUNCIL.

#### FORT WILLIAM & SEPS. 2, 1817.

The Honorable the Vice-President in Council is pleased to authorize Compensation in lieu of Clothing to be issued to the Honorable Company's European Regiment, for the year 1817.

#### JOHN CRAIGIE.

Offg. Sec. to Govt, Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY THE HONORABLE THE VICE-PRESIDENT IN COUNCIL.

### FORT WILLIAM; SEPT. 2, 1817.

The Honorable the Vice-President in Council is pleased to authorize the following addition to the establishment of the Cantonment Adjutant and Quarter Master at Barrackpore, from the 1st instant, viz.

2 Calassies, at 5-12 each,	11	8	0	
13 Coolies, at 3 each	39	0	0	
35 Sweepers, at 3-2-8 each.	47	0	6	
6 Bildars, at 3 each.	18	0	0	
4 Moordah Froshes, at 4 each.	16	O.		
5 Mowers, at 4 each,	20	0	0	
Total	151	8	6	

### JOHN CRAIGIE,

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS BY MES EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE GO\* VERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL,

## FORT WILLIAM JULY. 7, 1817.

The Most Noble the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct the publication in General Orders of the undermentioned

, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Statements, containing the consolidated Accounts of the off- reckoning Fund of the three Presidencies, for the year-1812.
Statement of the Surplus Off-reckenings of the Presidencies of Kork William, Fort St. George and Romboy, for the year 1812, shewing the Stipends payable to the Officers on the settred list, and the amount remaining to be divided among the Coloneis of the three Presidencies.
FORT WILLIAM.
Amount of the Surplus Off-reckonings, of the year 1812, Sicca Rupees, 318181 5 8 Add. Interest allowed by Government, 18792 3 11
Deduct amount paid to 9 Officers on the retired List, at £313 15 each, - 37469 8.0
Net Surplus appertaining to the Presidency of Fort William, - 294461 0 7
FORT ST. GEORGE,
Amount of the Surphis Off-reckonings of the year 1812, as per Statements received with Captain and Officiat- ing Secretary Young's Letter of 50th April 1817, Pagodas 48701 7 5, equal to Sonat Rupees 154573 4 1; or Sieca Rupe's,  Delact amount pad to 8 Officers on the Retared List, at £543 15 * each
Net Surplus appertuiping to the Presidency of Fort St. George, 114610 10 0 BOMBAY.
Amount of the Surplus Off-reckoning of the year 1812, as per Statement transmitted to the Military Auditor General with Mr. Secretary Gudi- ner's Letter of the 6th January 1814, Rombay Rupees 76988 3 83, or succa Rupees,
Net Surplus appertaining to Bombay, 57020 6 0
Grand Total of the consolidated disposeable surplus of the three Presidencies Sicca Rupees,

280 - CALOUTTA MONTHLY LORENAL,	ı	
ABSTRACT OF SHARERS.		,
General Officers' and Colonels of the Presidency of Fort William, including the Agents, 37 Ditto of Fort St. George, 30 Ditto of Bombay,		•
Total Numbers of Sharers 78	t	
Amount of each hare, Sicca Rupees, 5975 8 7 Lost by Fractions, 3 1		-
-		
No. 2.		
Statement shewing the names of the Officers of the thre dencies, who are ontitled to share in the remaining Off-reckonings for the year 1812, and the amount rescut, individual.	Surp	las
FORT WILLIAM		
MAJOR GENERAL.		
John MacIntyre, (full share,) 597	_	7
Nicholas Carnegie, ditto, Sir John Horsford, K. C. B. ditte, Richard Macan, from the 1st January	5 8	7 7
Wm. Dawson Fawcett, from 27th February to 31st Bec. 1812, 5046 0 1 2		•
Lieutenant General.		
George Hardyman, (full share,) 597	5 8	.4
MAJOR GENERAL.		
John Gordon, ditto ditto, 597	75 8	7
Thos. S. Bateman, ditto ditto, 597 Thomas Nicholls Broadhurst, from 1st January to 5th November 1812, 5062 9 373	_	7
Archd. Fergusson, from 6th November to 31st December 1812, 912 14 10 12	75 8	7
LIEUTENANT GENERAL.		
George Russell, full share),		7
Sir John McDonald K. C. B. ditto 59:	-	
Wm. Palmer Ditto, 59		
MAJOR GENERAL.		
Edward Clark, from 1st January to 3d May, 2041 10 36		
Sir G. S. Browne, K. C. B. from 4th May to 91st December, 3933 14 342	75 S	7

FOR SEPTEMBER,	1817.	71	` <u>\$</u>	231
Lieutenant gen	ERAL .			
James Dunn, (full share,)	۲۰		` 8°	7
James Dickson, ditto,	• •			7
Samuel Watson, ditto,	••	5075	8	7
Hugh Stafford, disto,	••••	5975	-	7
James Morris, detto,	••	<b>1</b> 5975 5975		.7
Peregrina Powell, ditto		5975	_	7
Robert Phillips, ditto,	 A T	1		7
MAJOR GENER.	an.		_	_
Robert Bruce, ditto,		5975	8	7
Sir Robert Blair, K. C. B. ditto,	, ,	5975	8	8
Wm. Kirkpatrick, from 1st Janua- ry, to 22d Aug. 1812, 335	0 14 5-4			
ry, to 22d Aug. 1812, 335 George Prole, from 23d August to	J 11 512 }	5975	8	I
glet December 1819.	4 10 1-6			
Sist December 1812, 272.  John Gardiner, (full share),		5975	8	7
Henry D'Castro, ditto,		5975	8	7
Henry D'Castro, ditto, Benuet Marley, ditto,	•••		8	-
Wm Burn, ditto,	• • • •		8	7
Thos. Hawkshaw, ditto,		5975	8	7
Dyson Marshall, ditto,	• • • •	5975	8	7
Daniel Conyngham, ditto,		· 5975 5975	8	ŕ
Samuel Bradshaw, ditto,	••		8	7
Sir George Wood, K. C. B. ditto,	•••		8	7
John Hayner, datto,		5975	8	7
Sir H. White, K. C. B. ditto, Sir Gabi Martindell, K. C. B. ditto,		5975	8	7
The Clathing Agent of the 1st Divisio	n, Lieute-		_	
mant Colonel Amsite * ****		5975	8	7
Ditto Ditto of the 2d Ditto, major Brow		5975	8	_
Proportion payable to Bengal Officers,		51091	13	<del>*</del>
FORT ST. GEO	) R.G.E.			
major gener	AL.			
Keith McCalister, for the whole year,	uli Share,)	5975	8	
Thomas Dallas, ditto,		5973		7
John Pater, ditto,	• •	5975	8	7
Taba Ore dillo.		5975	8	7
COLONEL.		5975	8	7
Hadway Clarke, ditto,	<i>,</i>	5975	8	ż
Robert Bell, ditto,	*T:	00.0	Ū	•
MAJOR-GENER				_
Rob. Croker, for the whole year (full sh	jare,)	5975	8	7
Ban, McNeil, Ditto ditto	••••	5975 5975	8	7
Wm kinsey, Ditto ditto	••••	5975	8 8	7
Thos Rowset, Ditto ditto		5975	8	7
Alex. Cuppage, Ditto ditto		3013	.,	•

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Alex. Dyce, Ditto ditto	٠	5975	8	7
John Cuppage, Ditto ditto	****	5975	8	7
harles Corner, Ditto ditto		5975	8	7
John Richardson, Ditto ditto		5075	Я	7
John James Durand, Ditto ditto		5975	8	Ť
Trancis Gowdie, Ditto ditto		5975	8	7
Corge Roberts, Ditto ditto		5975	8	7
Ur. o Vigary, Ditto ditto	****	5975	8	7
Arch. Lown, Pitto ditta		5975	8	7
David Camph 4, Ditto ditto,		5975	8	7
Aldwell 'aylor, Ditto ditto		5975	8	7
John Chalmers, Ditto ditto		5975	8	7
Francis Torreas, Ditto ditto		5975	8	7
Crev I ande, Ditto ditto		5975	8	7
Bary Close, Dato ditto		5975	8	7
Patrick Alex Agnew Ditto ditto		5975	8	7
R. M. key, Patto ditto	•••		8	7,
Gabriel Doveton, Ditto ditto		5975		7
Hector McLean, Ditto ditto -	••	5975		7
Amount payable to the Ma dras Officers,	• •	179266		6
Mundatt balunte to the me gine o'meets?		4.4.00	~	4
BOMBAY.  MAJOR-GENERAL.				
Richard Jones, from 1st January to				
the 6th Sentember 194 January 10	0-4			
the 6th September, 4083 4 Coronel John Bailie, from the 7th	OTT >	5975	8	7
Sept. to the 31st Dec 1892 4	0 1 1		4.	•
peper to the sist Deci 1892 4	0111			
MAJOR-GENERAL				
Konneth McPhorson, whole year, (full shape		E075		
James Kerr, Ditto ditto	's) · ·	5775	8	·
Richard Gore, Ditto ditto	••••	5975	8	7
John Wissman, Ditto ditto	•••	5975	8	7
Henry Oakes Ditto ditto	••••	5975	8	7
Thos. Mushal, Ditto duto		59/5.	8	7
Cuas. Reynolds, Ditto ditto	7.	5975	_	7
		5975	8	6
Anna and manife and				
COLONEL.				
COLONEL,		5795	Q	7
COLONEL.	,	5795 5975	8	7
COLONEL.  Andrew Anderson, Li Ditto ditto Chas Boye, Antro ditto		5975	8	7,
COLONEL.				
COLONEL.  Andrew Anderson, a Ditto ditto Chas Boye, Sitto ditto Malcolm Grant, Ditto ditto		5975 5975	8	7 7
COLONEL.  Andrew Anderson, a Ditto ditto Chas Boye, Aitto ditto Malcolm Grant, Ditto ditto  Amount payable to the Bombay Officers,		5975 5975 65730	8	7 7 5.
COLONEL.  Andrew Anderson, a Ditto ditto Chas Boye, Sitto ditto Malcolm Grant, Ditto ditto		5975 5975	8	7 7

F TO S . . . . No 3

Statement of the Amount to be refunded by Colone's of the Pre-
urdency of Fort le illians, who are in India; or by the Heiras
Administrator, or Assigns, of such as have died in India, being
t'e mount received by Advance in excess to the Amount of
Shares of Off-reckoning for the year 1812.

# LINUTENANT-GENERAL

Sir John McDonald, amount received gin advance, Deduct amount of his share,	6000			•	
Amount to be refunded,	·• 14. • .	****	21	7	ž

L'educt Amount of his share, 5975 8.7	000	ט פ	• 0
Amount to be refunded,	21	7	5 .
advance, 6000 0 0			
Doduc Araount of his Share,, 5975 8 7,	•		•
Amount to be refunded 37?	24	7	誠.

## MAJOR-GENERAE.

•			
Sir R. Lleir, K. C. B. amount receiv-			
ed in a vance, 6000 0 0			_
Deduct Amount of his hare, 5975 8 7			_
Amount to be refunded,	-4	~	
Bennet Merley, amount received in	29	•	3
Deduct Amount of his share, 5975 8 7.			
Amount to be retunded,	24	7	5
T 1 11			
Dyson Marshall, amount received in			
advauce, , 6000 0 0			
Deduct Amount of his share, . 5975 8,7			
Amount to be refunded,	24	7	5
Sir George Wood, K. C. B. amount			•
r cerved in advance,			
Deduct Amount of his share 5975 8 7	,		
angularity-mysterpta			
Amount to be refunded.	91	7	ĸ
Sir Gabriel Martindell, amount re-		•	•
ceived in advance, 6000 0 o			
Deduct amount of his share, 5975 8 7			
Transfer mentant at the share, " Dall to			

#### 234 CALCUTTA MONTHLY JOURNAL. Amount to be refunded 24 7 5 Sir J. Horsford, (the late) amount receiv ed in advance, 6000 0 0 Deduct the Amount of his share.... 5975 3 7 Amount to he refunded by his Heirs, Administrators or As signs, 24. 7 5 John Gordon, amount received in advance. 6000 O' O' Deduct the Amount of his share, .. 5975 8 7 Amount to be refunded William Palmer, (the late) amount received in advance, .... 6000 0 0. Deduct the Amount of his share, ... 5976 8 7. Amount to be refunded by his Heirs, Administrators or Assigns, 24 7 5 Samuel Watson, (the late) amount received in advance, 6000,00 Deduct the Amount of his share. 5975 8 7 24 7 5 Amount to be refunded as above. LIEUTENANT COLONEL. Ainslie, Agent for the 1st Dn. A. C. amount received in advance, 6000 0 O Deduct the amount of his share as 5975 8 7 Colonel 24 7 5 Amount to be refunded, MAJOK. M. W. Browne, Agent 2d Dn. A. C. 6000 O. O. amount receiv-ed in advance, Deduct the amount of his share, as Col. 5975 8 7. 24 7 K Amount to be refunded, Amount to be received from Bengal 342 7 '0 Officers in India. No. 4. Statement of the Balance of Shares of Off-reckonings for the year 1812, payable to Colonels of the Presidency of Fort William, who are in India, or to the Heirs, Administrators, or Assigns of such as have died in India. MAJOR GENERAL. Richard Macan, (the late) amount of share, from 1st January to 26th Fe-929 bruary 1812, Amount advanced to his Agents, Messrs. Alexander and Co. 238

.... 691 2 1.3

Amount due to the Estate,

#### No. 5.

Statement of the 1812, payable to	Shares in the Coisnels of the	Off-reck	oning Fund ncy of Fort k	of the year.	-
are in Lurope,	or who have d	sed in Em	r <b>es</b> e.		

## MAJOR GENERAL

•••		5975	8	7
	• •	5975	8	2 *
h February		.5044	0	9 8
GENERA	L.			
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GENERA	L.			
	•••	5975 5975	8	7
ENERAL.				_
ry to 3d May lay to 31sh	J, Dec.	2041 3933	<u>0</u> 14	3.4
GENERA	L.			
		5075		H
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ENBRAL.	,		_	
	GENERAL.  Ist Januar  Ovember to  GENERA  ENERAL.  Ty to 3d May lay to 31sh  F GENERA	GENERAL.  SENERAL.  Seneral.  General.  General.  General.  General.  General.  General.  General.  General.	5975 CENERAL.  5975 ENERAL.  5975 Softer to Sist  GENERAL.  5975 Softer to Sist  612 GENERAL.  5975 Softer to Sist  612 GENERAL.  5975 Softer to Sist  628 Softer to Sist  638 Softer to Sist  638 Softer to Sist  638 Softer to S	5975 8 th February to

Robert Bruce, Ditto, Wm Kirkpatrick from 181	Jan. to 22d A	ponet.	5975 3850	8	7
George Prole, from 23d Au John Gardiner, full share,	gust to 31st D	ccember,	9124	10	712
Henry D'Castro, Duito,	£	****	5974	8	7
Wm Burn, Ditto, Thos. Hawkshaw, Ditto,	**		5975 5975	8	7
Daniel Conyngham Ditto, Samuel Bradshaw, Ditto,	~	/	5975 5975	8	7
John Havnes, Ditto.		)	5975	8	7
Sir Henry White, K. C B	Ditto,	<b>*</b>	5975	8	7

Off-reckonings to be adjusted in Europe on secount of Bengal Officers, ,... 136507 12 1172

# 255 CALCUITA MONTHLE PROUMAL,

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Some nent of thursday • bull, physhlesto, to who arese Inl. 1, o	nie ig Sudres of Meers of At Pro 1040 ski Herrs, a	sudency of	fart at.	. 6	C- EC.
such as have died in	e India EUTENÂNΓ GI	ENRRAL.			
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J Pater, amount of h	is share, Si li-	5975 (8	7		
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R Bell, as Pater, *			231	. 2	e '
r.r g	UTENANT G	CNERAL			
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I forces,	Ditto.		211		
C Lilande,	-	,,	231		
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A 77 - 7 - 1	MAJOR GEN.	LIKAL.	0.01	_	_
Tivlor J. Chambers, R.	C D D.	** 1 %	271	_	
1 J Chambers, K	C B Ditto,	• • • •	291		
J J Barind,	Ditto3	,	234		67
Amount payable in	India to Made	on Officer	****	17-	
bicca Rupees,	tida to mad		1873	4	0
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-0 3 k	. No. 7	•			
Statement of the Sha	res in the GA.	nekables T	und of	17,0	****
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who are in L arope	a mba hane d	PAR 20 CHE	אינוטוב	53.	107 T
the sum; to he der	iveted from the	shares or	nuch	nah	ana
receivéd ádvances		, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	ditions	~3/2	
•	COLOVE				
K Macalister, .	full share	e,	5975	8	7
Tr Dallas	Ditto		D370	8	7 "
1	AND INS WHEN				
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y, orra	. 1411 4.131	<sup>2</sup> 3 ***	28.13	ą	7
LIE	LUTEVANT CO	)Loybl.		1	
J Clarks o	full share	,	5978	9	7
	COLONEL		4		
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The Accountant to the Multary Depa necessary measures for the payment of the the Off-reckoning Fund due to Officers of	e Halance of	Spares of Spares of
ment for the year 1812; as well as lor	the tecore	ry or the
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of systems under which the Off-reckoning Presidencies are condicated, to the great de	eray occasion	ned in pre-
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other serious inconveniences resulting from the union of the Funds of the three Presidencies, detriminate to the interests of Colonals of Regiments, is pleased to direct, sending the decision of the Honorable the Court of Directors on this subject, that the union of the Off-reckoning Funds of the three Establishments, shall be considered as abolished from the lat of January 1816, from which date the management of the Accounts, and the distribution of the Funds, of the several Presidencies, are to be subject or ly to the control and orders of their respective Governments.

JOHN CRAIGIE,

Assist. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY THE HONORABLE THE VICE-PRESIDENT

#### FORT WILLIAM; SEPT. 2, 1817.

Ensign Bell of the 17th Regiment of Native Infantry, having solicited permission to recall his application for leave to resign the Honorable Company's service; the Honorable the Vice-Prediction Council is pleased to comply with that Officer's request, and to chancel the General Order on that head, under date the 29th stuly, 1817.

JOHN CRAIGIE,

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept\_

GENERAL ORDERS, BY THE HONORAGE THE VICE-PRESIDENT IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; SEPTEMBER 9, 1817.

Cornet A. L. Strachan of the 6th Regiment of Native Cavalry. having furnished the prescribed Cortificates from the Medical and Pay Departments, is permitted to proceed to Europe on turningly, for the recovery of his health.

JOHN CRAIGIE, Offg. Sec. to Govt. Nil. Dept.

GERERAL ORDERS, BY THE RONOBALLE THE VICE-PRESIDENT

## FORT WILLIAM : SEPTEMBER 2, 1817.

The Honorable the Vice-President in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. Assistant Surgeon J. Morison to perform the Medical duties of the Civil Station of Tirlioot, in the room of Mr. Assistant Surgeon G. N. Wyatt, deceased.

JOHN CRAIGIR.

Offg. Sec. to Covt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL HENERS OF THE TOTORABLE THE VICE-PRESIDENT TH

## FORT WILLIAM: SEPT 9, 1817.

The Mohorable the Vice-President in Council is pleased to appoint Corporal Hales of the 3d Company 3d Battaliou of Artillers, to the bituation of Serjeant in the Department of the Superintendent of Public Buildings, in the Lower Provinces, on the same footing in reg rd to allowances is used for the serjeant on the establishment of the Superintendent of the Public Buildings in the Upper Provinces.

JOHN CRAIGIE,

Qffg. Sec. to Gov. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS BY, THE HONORASEE THE VICE-PRESIDENT IN COUNCIL.

#### FORT WILLIAM: SEPT. 16, 1817.

The Honorable the Vic -President in Council is pleased to appoint Captain John Craigio to be Diputy Scoretary to Government in the Military Department, with the Otheral rank of Major; which is to be considered as attached to all Others, who may hereafter be nominated to that situation

JOHN CRAIGIF.

Offg Sec to Govt Mil Dept.

#### SEPTEMBER 22.

ON THE DIFFUSION OF KNOWLEDGE IN INDIA.

## TO THE EDITOR OF THE INDIA GAZETTE,

Sin,—The present age is chiefly distinguished by an ardent zeal for the extension of knowledge and civilization among the barbarous and ignorant. The spirit of civilization is gone forth, and nothing will be able to extinguish it, or even to retail its progress. On us Providence his conferred the distinguished pre-eminence of taking the lead in this glorious enterprize. The vast continent of Asia lies before us, burled in darkness and ignorance. It becomes us therefore, to take an extended view of our duties, and to follow those measures which will most effectually and most rapidly meat the wants of this large population. To this end, we should lay aside all those favorite schemes in which we may

bave indulged our imagination, and consult the experience which preceding ages have bequeathed to For all those nations who now enjoy the sunshine of civilization and knowledge, were formerly enveloped in parliarism and ignorance, from which they have gradually emerged. And History has preserved a faithful record, not only of those plans which have succeeded in accomplishing this transformation, but likewise of other, which have completely failed. If, therefore, availing ourselves of the knowledge which may thus be collected, we adopt in the course of our exertions, those measures which have been crowned with success, and to which Extrope is indebted for its present elegation; and reject those schemes which experience has condemned, we shall be enabled faithfully to discharge the high duties enjoined on us. He who despising this knowledge, determines to pursue his favorite plans without estimating the ultimate 'probability of' success, is unworthy of the public esteem - because he injures those who confide in him, by directing their benevolence into a wrong channel—he injures to a much greater extent those individuals whose improvement is unhappily committed to his care, by the adoption of plans from which they can derive no benesit—and he injures the great family of man by retarding the general progress of civilization.

It must be obvious that our first step is to diffuse that knowledge by which the civilized portion of the globe is distinguished from the uncivilized. those collateral advantages which men begin to enjoy. in proportion as they emerge from a state of savage ignorance, will naturally follow the dissemination of knowledge. But the obstacles with which we are surrounded are mighty and numerous, because in addition to the natural disinclination of the untutored mind to all change however beneficial-the long habits of mental indolence, in which the ignorant have been accustomed to indulge, indisposo them for that exertion of their faculties which is so, decssary for the comprehension of ideas perfectly new. Considering then these natural impediments, it is not only wise but indispensible, if we would

hope for success, to avail ourselves in the formation: of our plans, of every natural advantage we may dis-. cover, Above all, it is of the highest importance, that all knowledge should be communicated in the vernacular tongue. Every attempt which has hitherto been made to enlighten particular bodles of men thro' the medium of a foreign language has invaliably failed. And there is not a single instance on record, of the wide diffusion of knowledge, except thro' the channel of a language familiar to the great by. dy of the people. Indeed it is matter of surprise that any one acquainted with the history of civilization. should have, cherished even for a moment the idea that much good may be done thro' the organ of a foreign tongue. Have not the ministers of darkness; viewing the circulation of books in the vernacular tongue, as the most effectual means for the diffusion of knowledge, invariably apposed it, and have they hot used every effort, to keep knowledge from the common people by locking it up in a foreign language? And can it be possible, that the same means which have succeeded so effectually in keeping man in ignorance, should be found efficatious in extricating them from that state phiguorance? Mr. Stewart in his introduction to the last edition of the Encyclopedia asserts that the reformation was amazingly assisted by the very general use of the vernatular ... ingue which the reformers invariably encoulinged. And it is scarcely possible to conceive of any thande more disastrous; than one by which knowledge should again be locked up in a foreign or if you will a learned language, would not the labour of three centinicadisappearing few jenes and would not Enione he remunged into that bar barism and ignorance in which the rest of the world is at present involved?

Even the instruction of a limited portion of the population of Bengal in a foreign tongue, must be a work of immense labor, and of comparatively the Hing utility. It could not influence the great body of the ignorant. It would not assist in their instruction., And to perpetuate it, involves so endless, so hopeless a succession of labour, that had it their bequeathed to us by our predecessors, we should have marvelled at the singular abstration of intellect, which could have sanctioned so vain a project—For those who are thus, educated, would continue to converse and to transact the domnion afform of file, in their mother tongue. They would teach it to their offspring.—To the next generation then the English would still be a foreign language. The ever-flowing tide of time—the ceaseless course of nature, is therefore our greatest enemy.—The generation on whom such labour may be bestowed, will disappear in a few years, and we or our successors shall have the work, to commence a fresh

On the other hand, by availing ourselves of those advantages which Providence has aftendy prepared for the rapid diffusion of knowledge, by providing , every nation with a lan, unger perfectly comprehended by the people, how pleasant, how easy our task! One hitseth portion of the labour requisite for the instruction of even a limited number in a foreign language, would provide for the translation of scientific and literary works in the language of this, province. sufficient not only to instruct the present age, but to illuminate each succeeding generation. Thus we should stamp, on our own labours a helle of immortality, and enable them to withstand the levo-lutions of time. So closely has Providince allied success to the legitimate means of operation. If any thing were nanting to animate us in our exeltions, we might find it in the assurance that our labours would be completely efficient. foreign language is introduced the effects of instituction must be at allicances equivocal, because it is inpossible to ascentain with precision! to what extent the new medium of communication is under stood :whereas, we are always certain that to men of eddication works in their mother tongue, are perfectly intelligible,—and a small portion of labour, bestowed on the rising generation would render these works universally intelligible.

the most natural and sasy medium for the diffusion of knowledge. To supply its deficiency in scientific and philosophical terms it may legitimately porrow

from the Shanscrit, the parent of Eastern philology. To attempt to dispossess the Shanscrit of that elevated rank it has so long sustained among the languages of Indialis impossible, because it is too closely interwoven into its filial dialects for the power of man to disengage it from them. And even if it were possis ble, it would be ridiculous, unless we could substitute in its stead, another language superior to it in every respect. And where shall we find, among the nations of the earth, another tongue with such strong and indisputable claims to take the lead among the other languages of the East, as the Shanscrit? - a language so copious, and so cultivated, that the most delicate and refined ideas of the mind may be expressed in it with almost incredible accuracy—a language, which formed in the remotest antiquity among a people whose very femembrance is lost, has survived the changes of time, and appears before us, as the only monument of the ages which are past-which had attained its highest perfection before our nation had obtained even a name in the annals of mankind, or a single individual had pronounced a syllable of the language, which we now vainly hope to su betitute in its stead—a language in which the, literati. of India have from age to age deposited as in a sanctuary, the fruits of their immortal lubours-a language consecrated from time immemorial to the loftiest strains of ngetry,-the deepest metaphysics,-the most profound philosophy-the language of Valmeeki, of Vyas, of Joyminec, of Goutumee, of Bhascaru-Shades of departed genius !-- is the language which you famed so amply sufficient to express the ideas of your mighty minds-so poor and so contemptible. that another language must be established in its stead, that knowledge may be diffused among your descendants? Shall the labour of so many ages perish, like the baseless fabric of a dream? for the Shanscrit Will cease to be cultivated, when it ceases to be the learned language of the East. Shall it give place at length to another tongue, whose original stock of words is as confined as that of the most savage tribes, and which borrows from other sources all those terms which enable it to express the ideas

of cryllized man?—It cannot be It must not be The Shansers must ever continue the tearned language of the East. To detirione is be out 'uman power. Even the attempt, if in any measure successful, would cause the whole labrue of Eastern philology to inter to its very foundation. Instead therefore of vainly endeavouring to suppliant it, should we not rather congratulate threelves on the possession of a language thro which we may at once open the stores of European science to the learned from the vale of Cashinire to the far fitted Island of Caylon.

-And nother Bengalee, possesses such manifest advantages with being, already the narmanilar tongue of the previous-nauden itsches alliance to the Shansome troops as the selection of the mountains a short space of homes if we could someonizate our efforts to entich itiudh this creace of the West. They e digide our effortsi andi waste our apartissi it attempting to imiractuans considerable sociation of the Lingle is ut a · foreign landungs - bwen man, iax perfectes, partial fuccoss, " But should any mulgressen sopularinge liqupenandthings would remand affam years of all our labinir and took discovery out a gradually, remove every veetige of any challevolence - in it as the appear office to had been consided to that departments India squid have reaped no benefit from our settlement in it. On the controversal was easil gurselves of the naturdle-the leaven also means for the diffusion of knowladge, mand labour to transfuse our strence and later raturement the language of , this, province, - 30 fer ,43 mortal energies extend, we shall have conferred difrability on our labours, Then, should any revolutismorrise, fatali to our Kappus and to the repose of India, the seeds of knowledge which we should have sown, e even when depreyed, tof our, fostowing care, wanted grow up without the kinning of faster ontoretationized in a few years over appeal that app and interesting portion of the Gicken so t ) | | 1 + 1 + 1 +

Soptomber 20th 1817:

TULLIUS.

I am the Captain of a Free-trader lately strived in this Part: I have hitherto fived on board my Shift. but within the last flow days I have been compelled to take refuge on shore from the pestilential effluvia arising from the dead bodies that are continually get ting foul of our cables and warris. Saver at ofthe met on board have been attacked with a soit of putill fever, and in a short time, if steps are not taken to put a stop to the horrid practice of throwing (I im told hundreds of dead bodies daily) into a river of which we are obliged to drink the water, I shall expect to hear of a destructive contragious fever racing on board every Ship,—and that its baneful effects will be extended to great part of the inhabitants of this populous City -I cannot help thinking Mi. Editor, with all suitable deference to those whose province it is to look to such matters, that the horrid practice of throwing the bodies in the river may be prevented. I have been told that many of the poorest part of the population of Calcutta cannot afford to burn or bury their deceased relatives - Surely in such cases means may be found, to compel the richer natives to assist their brethren in doing, what their common religion requires—whereby the dreadful scourge that to me seems to be impending over this devoted city may be averted.

I am, Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

NAUTICUS.

Calcutta, 21st Sept., 1817.

A great diversity of opinion seems to prevail, respecting the probable cause of the epidemic, which has lately committed such ravages at Jessoie, and Calcutta, and as we are sorry to learn, all over the Zillah of Raujeshy. As we have already informed our readers, some have ascribed the disorder to the

immoderate use of new rice, while others have imputed it to feeding too plentifully on sable-fish. A renpectable Contemporary is of opinion, that although these when taken in an excessive degree, may produce considerable derangement in the system; yet, that they are not sufficient to account for the rapid progress of the disease, and the suddenness of its termination in death. He adds, that the extreme heat at this season of the year—the want of free ventilation in native towns—the local situation of Jessore surrounded by jungle and luxuriant vegetation-and the sheets of water, which, from the late heavy falls of rain, cover the surface of the ground,-combined together, seem to have given a virulent character to the disorder, which has probably 'heen encreased by some peculiarities in the atmosphere. We are not competent to offer any opinion on this subject, but as the same disorder has certainly prevailed in Calcutta and its, suburbs; and in many instances has suddenly terminated in death, the combination to which our Contemporary imputes the disorder at Jessore, can scarcely account for the disease in Culcutta. This disorder, has also made its appearance near Moorshedabad, where, " in some of the villages, " from ten to fifteen of the natives are carried off daily," It is described as similar to the mortality at "Jessore: and the patient is said to die in a few hours. A fact is also stated by the writer of a letter from Moorshedabad, which appeared in the last Hurkarn, from which we may infer that the sable-fish have contributed to produce the disorder in that neighbourhood. It is said, that " at a fishing place for sable-fish, twenty-five fishermen died in one "day;"-but on the other hand, the Editor of the Star, mentions that " he has authority to say, that " there is no truth whatever in the assertion of Sa-" ble fish having given rise to the Jessore disease." Here then, we shall take our leave of the statements and opinions respecting the cause of this dreadful disorder, which has spread its baneful effects over such a wide extent of country; while we join with our contemporaries, in fervently hoping, that means will be adopted, throughout the afflicted provinces,

to disseminate a knowledge of the remedy which has proved so beneficially Jessore: and to place the remedy itself, within the reach of the sufferer. We have preat pleasure in ropublishing from the Star of Saturday, the following account of the means adopted at Jessore, to subdue the disease; and we trust, that this laudable example will be followed, in all places, where other means equally efficacious, may not have been employed.

"Directions for using the accompanying Medicines in cases of the disease, at present prevailing in the district of Jessere.

"This disorder is Chalera. Morbus of a very violent description, and if not relieved, destroys the patient in about 24 hours (frequently in much shorter time) from the communicational of the attack. Its origin seems entirely to consist in the use of the new rice or once crops as food, and unless the employment of this permeious article he restricted, it cannot be expected that the

disease will decrease.

"To diminish the ravages of this afflicting disorder, it is therefore particularly recommended to point out to the natives the eases, and by so doing put within their own power the means of putting a stop to its progress, for without this piccuntion, Medicine will, it is evident, prove of little avail. The necompanying pills have been found of very considerable use in relieving the symptoms. As soon as a patient is seezed, if above the ago of 14 years, let him or her, swallow immediately two of the white pills, No. 1—and if they have no effect, let one more be administered in the course of an hour afterwards, and a fourth in about four hours from the administration of the third dose.

"Should the vanitting be excessive, let one of the black pills, No. 2, accompanying each administration of the preceding. It however to be distinctly understood that unless these remedies be taken within the course of two or three hours from the commencement of the attack, experience has proved their exhibition to be attended with very limited success—at the same time even in that advanced period of the disorder, their use should be persisted in—examples having occurred where, in the very worst stage of the disease, the patient has been recovered by the employment of the Medicine.

"If the person affected, he under the age of 14, one white pill at a time must be administered—and half of a black one."

"N. B. Each of the white pills contains four grains of Calo," mediand the black, one grain of Opium each, the patient making use of them, must therefore be careful to abstain from the practice of bathing, and avoid dampuess of every description."

We could have wished, that some person, better calculated for the task than ourselves, would have undertaken the office of giving some account of the

progress of this disease in Calcutta,—and of the means taken for arresting it; but, as, this subject has been but slightly noticed in the other Journals, we shall attempt to lay before our readers, such information, as has reached us during the last week; information, which we are sorry to say, evinces that the mortality, which has prevailed, may in a great degree, he attributed to the wicked artifices of those, who have taken advantage of the ignorance and superstition of the lower classes of the community—to the schemes of wretches, who by the prostration of the mind, have contributed to produce the mischiefs to the person, against which, they have pretended to insura the infatuated sufferers.

In our last publication we mentioned, the device which had been employed to alarm the natives in the vicinity of Calcutta; and that a newly created deity, had opened her Temple at Kidderpore, as the Ola Bebee; where those, who wished to avert her dreadful visitation, were required to sacrifice.—The struggle between her and the well known KALI, may also be in the recollection of our readers—and that it therefore became necessary to seek for protection at the shrine of each of the contending powers, which could only be obtained, by the usual caremonies of propitiation.

It would appear that the orival deities were not satisfied with the offerings which they had respectively received and that further measures were necessary to impress their worshippers with a proper notion of their power, during this season of mortality.—KALI to support her authority, caused a circular to be promulgated; and in a mode calculated to give it publicity, which parhaps has not been equalled by the ingenvity, of any European: and the effect of it, on the native population of Calcutta, has certainly heen much greater, than that of the circular of Lond Sidnouth, which has recently been so much discussed. The following, we believe, to be a literal translation of this extraordinary document:—
"Sri, Sri the Divine, Kali Mother's Commands,

"Sri, Sri the divine Kali Mother COMMANDS.—"
"The disease of Olasot ha has seized numbers of the people. Therefore amongst women such as are head of families, or nien, will go to Kali-g'haut and worship according to their means, and bathe in the sacred Old-Gunga\*. Thus they shalt escape Old-dot'ha.' Whoever shall contomn this order, his family shall be seized with Ola-oot'ha.'

"Instantly on the receipt of this you are to write three copies of it and to distribute them in three places."

"He or she who does not distribute these three copies, shall be afflicted with Olaoot'ha."

" Dated 29th of Bhadoor, (i2th Sept.)"

This order we understand was promptly obeyed by a great majority of those who received it, of whatever cast or race, — Native Portugueze, Moosulmans, and Chinese, as well as Hindoos. Numbers of poor old women, to whom the Circular was principally addressed, were seen tottering along the road on their pilgrimage to Kali-g'haut. The death of several of these unhappy creatures efter having gone through the prescribed ceremonies and within a few yards of the temple, was not sufficient to open the eyes of the other victims of delusion, and the Registers of mortality kept by the Magistrates, bear record of the fatal effects of the wretched superstition of the people!

Encouraged by the success of this device, the Brahmins, a few days afterwards, had recourse to another, with similar effects.—A Cowrie was left at the doors of several of the inhabitants in different quarters of the town by some unknown agents of the goddess, with written directions to early it, along with other suitable donations, to the temple at Kalighaut and to distribute other three Coveries with similar instructions. The Magistrates unfortunately have not yet found any means of opposing these infamous acts; but, there is every reason to hope that the rapid progress of education amongst the

<sup>\*</sup> Tally's Nullals, on the banks of which is situated the temple of Early was formerly the channel of the Heoglily.

Natives, principally, if not entirely ascribable to the exertions of the Missionaries of Serampore, will secure the rising generation of the poor, from becoming like their fathers, an easy prey to the cupidity of a cumula, avaricious, and unfeeling priesteraft.

Such, we understand, have been the exertions of KALL to preserve her preeminence; -but OLA Bener, and her priests, have not failed to adopt the boldest measures, to maintain her influence on the minds of the terrified and distracted population. Were it not for the melancholy evidence, which our native country has afforded in the person of Johanna Southcote, we should heritate to draw on the belief of our readers, by stating the following fact; but which we shall relate, nearly in the words, in which we have the communication :- "An actual soi-disante In-" carnation or AVATAR of Ola Bebee appeared a " few days ago at the village of Sulkeen." " there for two days in all the state of a Hindoo " goddess, having a young Braminee to attend on " her as Priestess; and was reaping a rich harvest " from the terror she had sown in the minds of the a people, when unfortunately her fame reached the " cars of our indefatigable first Magistrate: " Euror gave orders to his native Officers to seize ther and bring her with her co-adjutor to his " Kuchheree which indeed they did - but not without much fear and trembling, and some artifice. They took It upon themselves to present the Magistrate's respects to her goddess ship and to 'request the honor of an interview." She had not sufficient confidence in her own power to offer resistance, and therefore affected a ready acquies-The moment she got up to depart, the crowd who had assembled to worship-or from curiosity, fled in terror in all directions, and not a little astounded were the native officers of the court to hear, the worthy Magistrateraccuse her of imposture-and after hearing what she had to say for herself, commit her to the house of correction for six months!-Not perceiving however, any marks of her vengeance for such an indignity, but

"hearing her on the contrary, she for mercy like any common criminal, the peons at length gathered courage to lay hands on her, and convey her to the place of punishment; where, she is at present employed in pounding bricks for the benefit of the publick, from whom she was so lately receiving peace-offerings."

Though the very lowest classes are those on whom such impositions principally operate: there are some of the more wealthy Hindoos, who from motives not very obvious, lend themselves to the support of the superstition on which they are founded. One specimen occured a few days ago, which deserves to be mentioned:—A wealthy Raja of Calcutta thought proper to dream that, OLA Bebbe commanded him to go to his garden, where under a certain tree he would find a hollow, into which she had resolved to retire, and to take up her future residence. The 'news of the dream was industriously circulated—and accordingly an immense concourse of people, principally females, attended at a Pooja on the spot, on which the Raja's expended one thousand and one Rupees!

But to return from this digression-we shall mention what has come to our knowledge, respecting the means - dopted in Calcutta to stop the progress of the dreadful disease in question-the miserable effects of which, we have attempted to describe. The futality of the disorder, we are assured has . been most vigorously and successfully resisted by the active and intelligent exertions of Mr. Bla-QUILIE. A number of native Physicians have been engaged and stationed at the different Thannahs for the sole purpose of affording relief to those in the neighbourhood who might be attacked with Chilera. The Physicians are supplied liberally with the proper remedies for the disorder and with short written instructions to direct them in their application. Of fifty-one cases treated by eight of these men on Friday, only one pati int died; and his death is attributable to other circumstances, rather than to the inefficacy of the means employed.—The particulars

of the success of the last two days practice are not yet known, but it is said, that the results have been equally satisfactory.

We cannot conclude these observations, without expressing an anxious hope, that when the disorder in question shall have been subdued, some means will be devised to open the eyes of the wreiched individuals who have been so cajoled and injured; so that they may see and comprehend the intamy of the miscreants to whom we have alluded—and who have encreased and fattened on the public calamity. letter, which will be found in a preceding page, most sensibly inculcates the necessity, and the means of diffusing knowledge among the natives of this country; without which, superstition can never be over-come.—The prompt and degrading punishment, which has been inflicted on the female impostor by Mr. ELIOT, will, we trust, prevent any similar attempt; and we shall be happy to find that the more intelligent classes of Hindoos, have either ceased to dream-or to relate their mischievous, visions. The praise-worthy exertions of RAM MORUN Roy, to reclaim his countrymen from their degrading and unjustifiable superstitions, have already accomplished, what some years ago, was considered almost impracticable; and we have no doubt, but that his writings, supported by his example, will in a short time induce every thinking and rational Hindoo, to look into the volumes which he venerates and considers sacred, for that instruction which should regulate his form of worship. If he shall be persuaded, that he ought to adore but One Gon, in spirit and in truth, he will soon follow the astonishing precedent that HAM MOREN has exhibited .and burst as under the chains by which the followers of Bramins are now kept in thraldom—and the absurd and sanguinary ceremonies, which are inculcated by the wicked and practiced by the ignorant. will cease to be observed. This alone will be a vast approximation to a better state of things, which, for a season we must rather desire than expect.

We shall conclude, this article which has been ex-

tended, much farther than we intended, by stating, as we have been informed, that amongst RAM Mohun's numerous converts from Idolatry, the minds of many are divided about the propriety of attending the celebration of the approaching Doorga. Pooja festival. Those who are resolved to shew no honor to the manufactured goddess, are still unwilling to sacrifice the duties of politeness to their principles, by refusing to comply, with the invitations of their friends. Most of them have however come to a compromise with their consciences, by resolving to accept of invitations to the Naches given on the occasion;—but to take their leave as soon as they have paid their respects to the master of the house

We understand that in consequence of the sultry state of the weather and the prevalence of disease, the Judges of the Sudder Dewanny Adaulut, and the Judges of the other Courts subordinate thereto, in the vicinity of Calcutta, have, with a humane attention to the health and comforts of their native Officers, curtailed the hours of attendance at their respective Kuchherries.

The following account of the proceedings of the Committee of Management of the Conversatione Assemblies, has been sent to us for insertion. From the resolutions of the Committee it would appear that the Assemblies alluded to, are to be continued during the cold season, and to be holden on alternate Wednesdays, instead of every Wednesday. This plan, was not, we believe, in the contemplation of the original subscribers; and we are glad to find, that the proposed arrangements have not been finally desermined by the Committee:—"

"Many of the Subscribers to the Conversazione's having intimated to the Committee of Management their wish that the Conversazione's should be continued through the Cold Season; a Meeting of the Managers was held on Thursday last, at the Town Hall, for the purpose of making an arrangement for meeting the wishes of the Subscribers.

"It was proposed that the Conversazione's shoull he continued on the same footing that they are now held with the addition of a regular hot supper in the Marble Hall, but as the present state of the funds or the probable encrease from additional subscribers could not meet the expence, on the same liberal footing that the Conversazione's are now conducted, without doubling the subscriptions, which would have dore away one of the principal objects of the original institution, and what is very rare in Calcutta, a cheap amusement, the Managers came to the following Resolutions.

"That the Conversazione's shall be continued throughout the cold season on the present footing—but on every alternate Wednesday, instead of every

Wednesday.

"That the subscriptions shall be reduced from 16 Rs. per month to 12 Rs. per month;—and an additional allowance made to Mr. HASTIE to meet the expence of more solid refreshments and the probable

encrease of visitors.

"On the discussion of the admission of Non-Subscribers, it was understood to be the opinion of the Managers, that with the exception of the officers and other families of the King's and Company's Corps, stationed if and near the Presidency, no invitations should be continued to casual residents beyond one

· montia.

- "These new rules and regulations are to-tabe place from the first Wednesday in November, before which time we understand the Managers wish that those Subscribers who do not approve of the proposed arrangements, should signify their dissent in a note, to their address at the Town Hall, where also, all applications for admission to the Subscription List are to be transmitted;—these it is understood, are to be subject as at present, to the sanction of the Managers.
- "We hear that Mr. J. Ellor has consented to join as an honorary Manager, those Gentlemen who have so kindly and so ably conducted these elegant entertainments."

We have been favored with the following account of the "Gaieties of Chinsurah," which we key before our readers in the language of our Correspondent:—

On Monday last, the 15th instant, a grand dianer was given by Mr. VAN BRAAM to the English, French and Danish Gentlemen, residing in the neighbourhood of Chinsurah, on the occasion of the delivering up of the Settlement to the Dutch authorities; -Several Gentlemen from Calcutta and Bar-\_rackpoor were also present.. About | past 3, the company consisting of about 60, sat down to dinner. We need searcely add that every thing was of the best quality, and the wines, particularly the champaigne were delicious. After the cloth was removed. Mr. Van Braan rose and proposed toast No. 1. The Hon'ble Gentleman alluded in elevant terms to the conduct of Mr. Forness, during the period of his charge of the settlement, and expressed his high satisfaction on perceiving the very respectable party that had honoured him with their company, on the occasion. Mr. Formes having returned thanks, for the gratifying terms in which Mr. VAN BUSAN had alluded to him. Mr. VAN BRAAM again rose, and proposed Toast No. 2, this was as is usual, drunk in silence, owing to the lamented continued indisposition of his Majesty. Mr. Fornes than gave Toast No. 3, which he said, he was sure, would be drunk with sincere pleasure by all present, acquainted as they were with the virtues of his Netherland Majest, -- this toast was followed by loud cheering. VAN BRAAM then proposed No. 4,-Mr. RAVIER, the acting Intendant, returned thanks for the honor done. Mr. VAN BRAAM then proposed No. 5, which was drank with applause. Mr. V. D. then again rose and proposed No. 6; the music immediately struck up "Lord Morna's welcome to " India," and the loud cheering that followed, indicated the pleasure with which the company drank this toast. Mr. Forms then gave No. 7. Mr. V. B. gave No. 8; which after being drank, Mr Fragresson, the Advocate General, rose and spoke- Gentlemen, with the leave of my worthy and excellent friend on my right

hand, (Mr. V. B.) I am going to propose a toast, and I request you will all fill a bumper; it is a toast which will be drunk with equal pleasure by every Dutchman, by every Englishman, ave, and by every Scotchman too. Gentlemen, the virtues of the illustrious House of Nassau, are well known to all of us; whoever looks back on our own history, must feel the greatest pleasure in viewing the valour and exploits of this illustrious Family, WILLIAM the 3d, as the preserver of our own invaluable constitution, must ever render the House of Nassau dear to Englishmen, nor will that feeling be diminished, when we view in the present times, the virtues of the hero, whose health I am going to propose. Gentlemen, I propose the health of the PRINCE OF ORANGE, that here who does honor to the family from which he is sprung, and in whose person is unitedall the virtues and qualities of the House of Nassau.' This short speech of which we have given but a faint outline, was delivered with all that energy so familiar to Mr. Fergusson, and was received with the loudest applause.

The Toasts No. 10, 11, 12 and 13, followed each other; -and each of the Gentlemen returned thanks. to the company, for the honor they had conferred on them. On the 14th being drank, Mr. Kaifting being absent from indisposition, Mr. VAN SPAKEN returned thanks in the name of Mr. KRIFTING. Mr. . VAN BRAAM then gave No. 15, in an appropriatespeech. Mr. Formes then gave No. 16. He said hehad been for many years stationed at Chinsurah, and valued many of its inhabitants; to say ne lest it without regret, would be doing an injustice to his feeling, but he left it with the less regret, when he saw so upright a man as Mr. OVERBECK placed over He said that the toast came from his heart, and he should ever pray for the happiness of the settlement and its inhabitants. The party then broke up :-- about I past 8, the Ladies began to assemble. Mr. VAN BRAAM opened the ball with Mrs. Forbes, and the dancing was continued till supper, after which it was again renewed, and continued till 3 o'clock in

the morning, when the company retired. A few choice spirits kept it up at a second supper till sunrise. All the Dutch, English, French and Danish authorities were present."

TOASTS.

- The Happy occasion on which we meet—the Restoration of the Dutch Government.—Mr. Van Braam.
- 2. His Majesty the King of Great Britain .- Mr. Yan Bream.

9. The King of the Notherlands.—Mr. Forbes. 4. The King of France.—Mr. I'an Braam.

b. The Commissioner of Java.—Mr. Van Braam.

 The Most Noble the Marquis of Hastings.—Mr. Van Braam (with great applause.)

7. Dutch Governor General .- Mr. Forbes.

8. The French Governor General .- Mr. Pan Braam.

9. The Prince of Orange .- Mr. Pergusson.

- 10. Mr. Forbis .- Mr. Fan Braam.
- 11. Mr. Van Bram .- Mr. Forbes. 12. Mr. Ravier .- Mr. Van Braam.
- 13. Mr. Overheck .- Mr. Van Braam.

14. Mr Krifting .- Mr. Fan Braum.

- 15. Everlasting Peaco between Great Britain and Holland.—
  Mr. Van Braam.
- The Happiness of the Settlement of Chiasurah. Mr. Forbes.

On Tuesday Commodore and Mrs. HAYES gave a splendid Ball and Supper to their friends, and, notwithstanding the extreme heat of the weather, the entertainment went off, with much spirit. The rooms were crowded about ten o'clock, and the pleasures of the evening were varied by the introduction of Quadrilles, and a kind of Waltz-country dance, which were highly admired for their novelty, and the elegance with which they were danced. The supper was superb, and supplied with every delicacy that the season affords.

It is said that a dispatch of the Honorable Company's Ships, will take place about the end of November. The William Pitt and Streatham, have been named as the first for departure.

A Correspondent has favoured us with the

lowing particulars.— Having just returned from the Cape of Good Hope, allow me to offer, through the medium of your paper, some information respecting the Bengallees whom we left there; in the hope that it may prove a source of gratification to those of your readers, who have an interest in the welfare of their absent friends.

"The following will, I believe, comprize the mames of all that remained, at the period of the departure of the Brothers, viz.:

Mr. Frotescue,

Colonel Grace, and his Daughter,

Mr. Warde and Lady,

Mr. Wilkinson,

Mr. Gardener,

Mr. Hutchinson,

Capt. and Mrs. Gall, and Miss Toone,

Major Weston,

Captains Baines, and Dawes.

"Of these, Mr. Wilkinson, had it in contemplation to return by the first good opportunity: and Mr. and Mrs. Wade, Captain and Mrs. Gall, Miss' Poone. Major Wetson and Mr. Gardiner, in the month of Sept. that is to say, by the conclusion of the winter in the Southern' Hemisphere. Mr. Forte-cue and Colonel Grace, had both been some time at the Cape without experiencing any visible benefit : and as a dernier resort had placed themselves, (like the other Indians) in the hands of the celebrated Doctor Barry, from whose extraordinary treatment and skill, under Providence, they had already began to be convalescent: neither of them however expected to quit for some months, and Mr. F. perhaps in not less than twelve, as he thought of staying to reap the benefit of their next winter. Captains Baines, and Dawes, and Mr. Hutchinson (who were also in the hands of this "wonder Doctor," as he is termed by both Dutch and English in South Africa,) were all amending in health, and might probably leave the Cape towards the close of the present, or begining of the ensuing year."

All our letters from above sound the note of preparation. On the 14th instant the following Officers were appointed Brigadiers.

Colonel Hardyman, H. M. 17th Foet..

— Watson ditto 14th ditte,

— W. Toone, C. B.

— D'Auvergne,

— Frith,

— Arnold, C. B.

We understand instructions have been received from Head Quarters directing that three squadrons of H. M 21st Dragoons may proceed to Ghazeepore, while the remaining squadron will continue at the Presidency for the purpose of being eventually employed in Cuttack.

II. M. 24th Foot and the 2d Battalion 4th N. I, with 4 Field pieces are directed to be held in readyness to march from Dinapore for the frontier on the 1st proximo. Colonel Kelly now commanding that station being compelled by ill health to proceed to Europe, is to be succeeded in command by Coloner Toone.

Cononen's Inquests,—On Friday, the 19th instant an Inquest was held at Short's Bazar, over the body of one Emecah; a moor-woman, who had been discovered at dawn of day to be lying drowned close to the steps of a Tank—but as no circumstant of the dence could be adduced how the deceased has come to her Death, a corresponding verdict was returned of Found Drowned."

On the same day, the same Jury proceeded to the Cooly Bazar, and held an Inquest over the body of Ushruf, a classee; which was thence adjourned to the Town Hall, where they re-assembled on the tolelowing morning. It appeared upon evidence, that the deceased had lived upon terms of intimery, for some months, with one Kurreemun, a moor-woman; and from whom he had separated the subsequent two months, owing to the violence of her disposition, and went and resided at Bebee Forster's Burgertha, situate in the Twenty-four Pergunnahs. Thather,

Kaireemun proceeded, and chioled the deceased back into her own dwelling, in the Cooly Bazar, ublier a promise of bestowing upon him all her property, since she was returning to her own Country. Under this impression, (as the deceased had declared to two witnesses,) he suffered himself to be persuaded by Kurreemun, the following morning to eat of some rice and dhie, to which, he had felt a repugnance, from having observed her put in a white powder from a paper; but she overruled him, saying, it was merely Sugar, that after cating it he was taken violently ill and shortly afterwards Kurreemun fled. On opening the body, it was evident, Poison, (supposed white Arsenic,) had caused the death of Ushruf-Verdict " Wilful Murder against Kurreemun," who, has since been apprehended by the vigilance of the Police, and has been committed to take her trial at the next Session of Over and Terminer. -----

# shipping intelligence.

ARRIVALS. September 15: Comet, Bong, from Greenock 8th May, and last from Madras.

Do. 16. Raccherse, Hooper, from Penang 14th August. Passengers: Reverend Mr. Honderson, and Mr. Caunter.

De. 17. Brig Henrietta, France, from Vizagapalam 8th September.

Do. 21. Armany, (Arab) Navoda, from Juddah 12th August. DEPARTURES. September 15. Brig Greyhound, Ritchie, for New South Wales.—Brig Fanny, Smith, for Batavia.

New South Wales.—Brig Fanny, Smith, for Ratavia.

Do. 17. Regret, Welhank, for London.—Union, Tweedy, for the life of France:—Princess Charlotte, McKean, to complete her loading for London.

Do. 18. Brig Zephyr, Gellor, for Ceylon,

Do! 20. Marthioness of Wellesley, Boon, for Rangoon.— Gangos, Falconer, to complete her loading for Penang and Malacca,

BOMBAY. ARRIVED. Aug. 16. Honorable Company's Ship Ernaud, Licutenant D. Jones, from Beigal.—17. Bug Fanny, Captain J. B. Emith, from Isle of France.—18. Ship Lady Barboo, Captain William Hoy; from Calcutta; Arab Ship Rahimany, Nacqudah Mahomed Jaffer, from Zanzıbar.—22. H. C. Cruner Teigemouth, Captain, George Walker, from Penang. Passenger; —Satorius, Esq.

SALLED. Aug: 11. Brig Bridget, Captain Vincent May, to Liver, ool. Passengers: Mr. Pamierton, and E. C. Morgan, Esq.—. 9. Pertuguese Frigate St. Jeas Magnanims, Captain

Manuel Gensalves, to Goa.

# FOR SEPTEMBER, 1817.

# Madras.

AUGUST 21.

To the Educr of the Mauras Goot, Gazette,

It having been long doubted whether such an animal as the mild Dog exists, I expect you will be glad to learn, that it is to be found in the Jupgles of Malwan, and the adjacent country; and that many of them have been seen by Officers of this station, whose acknowledged judgement

gave weight to their decision,

I can only bear testimony to having seen one, myself (and that a very young one) which was sold by a Native for one Rupee, to a Gentleman, who shortly after left the station and took the little animal with him. It was a female and appeared to be about two months old. The head resembled a common Dog's, but the nose was as much pointed as that of a Jackall,—with five dark eyes.—The ears were short and pendant like those of an Arab grey-hound. The heady was not quite so long as a grey-hound pup's of a similar age, and was covered with soft longish hair, of a light red colour—such as is seen on English Spaniel pups—the leg's were not clumsy as is usual, but were neat and well proportion of and the tail was of a moderate length with a natural bend.

In its disposition it did not seem wild, timid or mischievaous; but very inoffensive and inquisitive—smelling the hand and any thing that approached it, without attempting

no hite.

It was fed principally on milk, and a small terrier pup was kept with it for some time which after once smelling

it took no further natice of.

This animal is called by the Mahrattas Kholsoonda; also Ran-Khootra, literally Jungle or Wild Dog; and the account given by them of their attacking ligers, wild Hog, and other large animals, hip packar entirely agrees with Captain Williamson's in his 66 Wild Sports of the East."

Lam. Sir.

MAIWAN, 24th July, 1817. . Your most obdt. Servant, AsSUBSCRIBER.

The following are some vulgar errors in Zoology — The Camelson does not change its colour. as is commonly believed. It has very smooth, polished skin; and therefore, in some sort, like a looking glass, reflects the colous of

superb golden Vases which had been voted to them for their able and zealous co-operation in defence of the Commercial rights and interests of British India. On this occasion Mr. Colvin addressed them in nearly the following words:

"Mr. Fragusson; I have great pleasure on behalf of the Merchants of Calcutta in presenting foil with this Cup, as a testimol nial of their obligation to you, for your very able and successful exertions in the cause of the Despatch, which relieved, not only this city, but all India from the depression, which threatened the total extraction of its trade.

"I very sincerely hope you may long enjoy this mark of our high opinion of your professional shillty and personal merit.

"Mr. Compron; It is with equal satisfaction I present this to you, as a token of our sense of the ability with which you supported Mr. Fencusson in that most important cause, and I hope you may long enjoy this mark of our high approbation."

#### Mr. Fengusson then rose and replied,

" Gentlemen, .

"With the sanction of Government, I accept of this magnific cent Vase. It will remain in my family a proud and flattering testimonial, that my professional life did not pass undistinguished by the approbation of those, under whose eyes the best part of it had been spent. When I retire from among you, Gentlemen, my professional life will probably close; but in every situation and in every Country, I will cherish the grateful and pleasing remembrance of the days, when by, an industrous, and I hope I may add, by an independent and honorable exercise of the duties of they profession, I sought for and (slight say!) obtained the confidence of the Commercial Community of this city,—a body of men, of whose distinction one may well be proud, for they yield, I will venture to say, to none, in all the generous and noble qualities which characterise and distinguish the British Merchant, and of which now see belote me so many bright. Gentlemen, on the late occasion, so important bright examples. Commercial interests of India, I need not say that I discharged to the best of my ability the duty which was entrusted to me. I speak however without affectation, and as I really feel when I say, that I did nothing on that occasion which could entitle me to this splendid mark of your favour. But it might be the fate of merit more eminent than mine to have to lament that it could not Leep pace with your munificence." . .

MR. COMPTON immediately afterwards thus addressed the Committee,

" Gentlemen,

"I most heartily concur in the sentiments which have been

expressed by my learned friend the Advocate General; although I am unable, in language equally forcible, to convey to you my thanks on the present occasion, I can however readily and honestly state, this splendid and additional testimony of your kindness, is infinitely greater than my humble services diserved. My learned friend, has adverted to his future retirement to his native country; it will probably be my lot, if my life shall be preserved, to remain many year in Calcutta; and I consider the acceptance of the Vase, which you have now presented to me as a solemn pledge to employ my hest professional exertions in the service of the Commercial Body of Calcutta; if these exertions shall ever be required. I may thus, perhaps, be enabled to merit the distinguished honor which you have now conferred on me, an honor, which I doly appreciate, but which I cannot acknowledge in language, adapted to my feelings."

The Cups are designed after the style of the Antique Vases. They stand one Pootsix inches in height. their diameter is nine inches, and they each will contain five quarts. The body of them is wrought in fine gold, and the ornaments, in various colours. The rim is encircled by a handsome projecting wreath of leaves and fruits; viz. Grasses, Nuts, and Acorps, embossed in coloured gold, and relieved on a dead ground. Each side of the cup is decorated with two large embossed Antique shields, wichly ornamented with entwining vine, grapes, oak leaves an lacorns. On one side is engraved the inscription, on the other the Armorial Bearings, the middle is girt with a broad and massy scrollof variegated leaves, interspersed with flowers of red and green gold, the base boldly projects and is ornamented with embossed follage. two handles, composed of leaves and grasses, unite with the general character of the other decorations.

The Cup is supported by an appropriately ornamented pedestal, and the lidis made to correspond with the whole. Inscription on the base presented to Mr. Fergusson.

To
ROBERT CUTLER FERGUSSON, Rsq.
Of Craigdarroch and Orfoland,
Attwochte General of Bengal,
For his eloquent, acute, and lumiuous Defence
Of the Commercial Rights, and Interesis of
BRITISH INDIA,

In the memorable Case of the Cutter Dispatch, Libelled in the Admiralty Court of Bengal, For an alledged breach of the 18th and 19th Sections Of the Act of Navigation, And released by the unanimous Decision of the Judges,

On the 4th Day of February 1817;
This Vase is Inscribed by the
MERCHANTS, OF, CALCUTTA,
As a Testimony of their gratitude,
d a lasting Memorial of that Deliverance

And a lasting Memorial of that Deliverance, To which his talents and exertions have so emineatly contributed.

The inscription on the Vase presented to Mr. Compton, is nearly in the same terms.

#### SEPTEMBER. 27.

We are happy to find from the following extract of a letter from Cuttack, that there is so fair a prospect of tranquility being speedily restored in that quarter.

"The Pykes are now heartily tired of the business. Several have come in and taken the oath of allegiance, and scarce a day passes without three or four following the example. Four or five of the Chiefs on Dulberahs have come in to the officer commanding the post of Gongparah, which is about four miles from Khoorda and have been pardoned by the General. We trust it will be all settled by the end of October. If the Pykes continue to desart Mr. Jug's cause as they now do, he will not have a single man with him in the course of the month."

Extract of a letter from Meerut—All the troops in this part of the world will soon be in motion. Some have already moved with secret orders. The Horse Artillery and 8th Dragoons are under orders to march from hence on the 19th and to be at a certain point, nineteen marches off, on the Jumua, by 8 A. M. on the 10th proxima. The Native Horse Artillery will join a division of the Army to be formed nearer Meerut.

His Excellency the most Noble the Governor General arrived at Cawnpore on the 13th instant. It is supposed His Excellency will move from that station by the 12th proximo.

# fort Marlbro.

#### APRIL 14, 1817.

Our new Chapel is now completed, on a plan combining heatness with convenience, and without ornsment. After the laspe of many years, the inhabitants of this British Setalisment, are about to enjoy the comfort of performing their religious duties in a suitable place of Worship. As St. George's day is close at hand, it has been thought not inapplicable to the occasion, to give the name of the Patron Saint of England, to the new building, which is to be called accordingly, St. George's hapel.

On Sunday next, the 20th instant. we are taught to expect a discourse, appropriate to the event, from our worthy and amiable Chaplain. And on the succeeding bunday, it is proposed to make a collection in the Chapel, with a view to the active re-institution of the Marlborough Free School, for the instruction and support of orphan and other poor children. This Charity has languished for some time past, partly from want of adequate funds, and partly from want of sufficient attention to its interests and benefits. As we have new, however, settled amongst us a person peculiary qualified, and most ready, to take on Rimself the superintendance of the Institution; and as the numbers of our little society have been encreased of late. we may confidently hope, that the important advantages which such a Charity is calculated to promote, will be revived and cherished with a degree of energy and of success to which it has never before attained.

A very distressing circumstance has recently occurred at this Settlement, but those who apprehended that it was symptomatic of public danger, were needlessly alarmed.

On the night of the 24th March, or rather at about 2 A. M the guard at one of the barrier gate-ways was attacked by some Malays. This guard consisting of a Havildar and four Sepoys. The Havildar was severely wounded, and so were two of the Sepoys, one of whom is, since dead: the Sepoy who was sentry at the time was cut down and killed on the spot, and one man came off unburt. In the course of the search which was set on foot early the next morning, and by following traces of blood, three Malays were disco-aered most dreadfully wounded: there were some bay net

stabs, but I understand that all three were principally marked by the sword of the courageous Havildar. Two of these men, died almost immediately: the third is in the Haspital, but probably will not live.

Towards evening of the 25th March a report got abroad that fire tundred armed Malays had been seen approaching the Settlement from Fort Northward, and at dusk, had concealed themselves in the vicinity of the rulius of the Old Fort at Bencoolen.—the site of the aucidnt Settlement ab ut three miles distant from the Marlborough. It was also rumeured that the rire of burial had been denied to one of the Malays, who had died in consequence of his wounds, and that several bands of armed natives had been to-visit the body.

I don't know whether you ever read the Reverend Mr. Gandolphy's Congratulatory Letter to the Reverend Dr. Maish, now Bishop of Llandaff; but the following passage is it immediately occurred to me up on hearing the above resports.

You know how credulous Englishmen are—their frank and open character lays them more open than others. It was in the reign., I thank, of Charles the Second, that the peace of the Catholics was endangered, and all London thrown into an uproar, by a report, that five hundred Jesuits, mounted on Diomedarles, had landed at Oxford, from the Lord knows where, and were on their march to London to attack the Protestants. And prhaps it may be within your own recolleasign, that the curiosity of England was raised, to see a man in a public theatre, fulfill his promise of getting into a quart bottle?

An inquiry was made, when it was ascertained that these fine hundred armed men—' in Kendal green'—consisted of about one hundred of the dependants of the Pangeran of Soongye Etam, who had proceeded, in state, from the dwelling of that Chief, at Old Bencoulen, to the house of a fair lady, to whom his son was about to be married, with bridal offerings. It was ascertained, also, that a Chief had applied to the Magistrate, to know whether there was any reamin, why the body of the dead Malayan should not be interred; and that, on being answered in the negative, the corpse was committed to the earth in the course of the evening. Curiosity is a pretty active principle here as well as in England, and elsewhere;—and true it is that many naives have and many of the inhabitants of the sattlement too—

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had gone to look at the dead body; but I don't know the country, where the same effect would not have been producted by a similar occurrence.

Here, then, at once ended all idea of rebellious revolt,—all sporehension of an attempt to overthrow the the Company's Government!

What was the occasion of the attack on the guard, or how many Malays, were concerned in it. it may be difficult to say. The men composing the guard spoke of a large number of men-' in buckram suits,'-but exaggeration on such au. accession was of course, to be expected. That there are robbers, and men of bad character, in this part of the world as well as else where, will not be difficult of belief. It seems. to me that a garg of this description of persons was procaeding upon some neferious expedition,-for the hour was, that just after the moon had gone down; probably they had given themselves false spirits, and temporary courage, by the. use of opium, -and finding themselves, most properly, challenged and called upon, to give an account of themselves by the Sentry on duty, resented the inturruption by cutting. him down.; -not calculating upon being so instantaneously, and vigorously attacked by the remainder of the guard. upon being so gallantly brought to the check, the conflict; would unavoidably become as serious as in fact, it did.

The Chiefs pretend wholly to dishelieve that either off the three Malayans abovementioned, had been concerned in, the attack on the guard! but account for their having been found in to despect a condition by suggesting that they, had been engaged in an affray amongst themselves. They, are the administrators of the Law, and if therefore, the wounded Malayan now in the Hospital should recover, it appears to be more than probable that he will be acquitted when brought to trial,

However this may be, it is most likely that a well grounded fear of the alertness and spirit of the guards about the settlement, will operate beneficially for its future encreased, security.

# CALCUTTA MONTHLY JOURNAL.

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# Calcutta.

#### . MILITARY.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY THE HONORABLE THE VICE PRESIDENT IN COUNCIL

#### FORT WILLIAM , SEPTEMBER 2- 1817

Lieutenant Cumberlege, whose appointment to the Agra Nujeeb Battalion was notified in General Orders under date the 27th June last, is authorised to draw the same allowances is fixed for the Sub Lieutenants of the Cuttack Legion, in General Orders of the 4th July last

JOHN CRAIGIE,

Offg Sec to Govt Mil Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY THE HONORABLE THE VICE PRESIDENT IN COUNCIL,

#### FORT WILLIAM; SEPTEMBER 9, 1817.

In compliance with the orders of the Honorable the Court of Directors, as communicated in Paragraphs 3 110 and 111, of their General Letter to Bengal, dated the 6th of December, 1816, and 7th January 1817, and published in Government General Orders of the 29th of July dat; the Honorable the Vice-President in Council is pleased to direct, that the undermentioned Others be struck off the list of the Army from the dates specified opposite to their respective names to

3d Native Cavalry, Lieutenant A S Barlow, 8th November

1st Native Infantry, Captain H B Pallmer, 14th July, 1819
8th Native Infantry, Lieutenant A. G Wavell, 27 h October,
1811

20th Native Infantry, Lieutenant C. A. Lloyd, 21st May, 1811. The dates from which Captain Pallmer and Lieutenant Lloyd are, by direction of the Honorable the Court of Directors, struck off the strength of the Army, being prior to that, on which the former was promoted to the rank of Captain of Company, and the latter to a Lieutenancy; their promotion to these ranks is accordingly cancelled, and they are consequent ly struck off the List of the Army in the former ranks of Captain Lieutenant and Ensign.

The Honorable the Vice-President in Council is pleased to make the following promotions and adjustment of ranks

## FOR SEPTEMBER, 1817.

#### 1st Regiment of Native Infantry.

Captain Lieutenant George Hunter to be Captain of a Company, in consequence of Pallmer, struck off, with rank from the 5th December, 1815, vice Bellingham, promoted.

Lieu enant Charles Taylor to be Captain Lieutenant from the

same date, vice Hunter, promoted.

Easign James Oliver to be Lieutenant from the same date. vice Taylor, promoted.

#### ADJUSTMENT OF RANK.

The undermentioned Officers are to take rank from the dates affixed opposite to their respective names, instead of those heretofore assigned to them.

#### 3d Native Cavalry.

Lieutenant Frederick Perret, 8th November, 1813, vice Barlow, struck off.

#### 1st Regiment Native Infantry.

Captain Lieut. Edward Simons, 14th July, 1812, vice Pallmer, struck off.

Lieutenant C. R. W. Lane, ditto, vice Simons, promoted.

Captain Edward Simons, 7th March, 1813, vice McPherson, deceased.

Captain Lieut. H. T. Tapp, ditto, vice Simons promoted.

Lieut. H. P Calcy, ditto, vice Tapp, ditto.

Captain H. T. Tapp, 22d March, 1814, vice McFarlane, retired.

Cuptain Lieut. John Gabb, ditto, vice Tapp, promoted. Lieutenant Thomas Culley, ditto, vice Gabb, ditto.

Lieutenant Robert Bruck May, 1814, vice Carlton, transferred to Pension establishment.

Lieutenant John Hales, 1st Dec. 1814, vice Peter, invalided. Lieutenant H. W. Dyson, 10th ditto, vice McCarthy, resigned. Captain John Gabb, 16th ditto, vice Keble, promoted for the augmentation.

Captain Lieutenant J. F. More, (deceased,) ditto, vice Gabb,

promoted.

Lieutenant J. J. Tillotson, ditto, rice More, promoted.

Ciptain J. F. More, (deceased,) ditto, vice Midwinter, pro-

Captain Lieutenant G. Engleheart, ditto, vice More, promoted. Licutenant G. R. Wilton, ditto, vice Engleheart, promoted. Lieutenant E. Marshall, 28th dilto, vice Munt, killed in action. Lieutenant R. Delamain, 13th June 1815, vice Jackson, killed at Java.

Captain G. Engleheart, 19th July ditto. vice More, decease. Captain Lieutenant George Hunter, ditto, vice Englehenrt,

promoted. Lieutenant Thomas Moodic, ditto, vice Hunter promoted. s

#### 8th Regiment Native Infantry.

Lieutenant John Robeson, 27th October, 1811, vife Wavell, Struck off.

Lieutenant Hen.y James Bland, 8th July, 1813, vice Scott, promoted.

Lieutenant J. M. A. Lucas, 22d August, 1812, vice Simpson, promoted.

Lieutenant James D. Herbert, 18th March, 1813, vice Cook-

son, deceased.

Lieutenant Richard Burney, 3d August, 1812, vice Wilson, deceased.

20th Regiment Native Infantry.

Lieutenant George Chidley Coote, 16th December 1814; vice Menshall, removed to 29th Regiment:

Lieutenant John Exshaw, 1st October, 1815, vice Vincent,

promoted.

Lieutenant R. A. Durham, (deceased,) 29th February 1816, vice Tirrell, killed in action.

Lieutenant A. Faithful, 9th April, 1816, vice Alley, promoted. Lieutenant H. McFarguhar, 3d June, 1816, vice Travers.

promoted.
Lieutenant James Alston, 30th July 1816, vice Walker, drowned at Sea.

JOHN CRAIGIE.

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY THE HONORABLE THE VICE-PRESIDENT IN COUNCIL.

### FORT WILLIAM, SEPTEMBER 9, 1817.

The undermentioned Gentlemen having respectively provided Certificates of their appointments as Cadets of Engineers, Artillery, and Infantry and as Assistant Surgeons, on this Establishment, are admitted into the Service accordingly, and the Cadets of Infantry are promoted to Ensigns, their dates of rank to be adjusted hereafter, viz.

Mr. William Cabel Jones, Cadet of Engineers, date of Certifi-

cate 18th April, 1817.

Mr. Randle Jackson, do. of Artillery do. 21st March.

Mr. John Cullen, do. of do. do. 9th Aprel.

Mr. Thos. Ridding, ditto of Infantry do. 12th March.

Mr. Robt. Collins McDonald, ditto of ditto ditto 27th ditto.

Mr. Hector Mackenzie ditto of ditto ditto 10th April Mr. Henry Lloyd ditto of ditto ditto 10th April.

Mr. Edward Anthony Hull, ditto of ditto ditto 16th ditto.

Mr Nathaniel Jones, ditto of ditto 18th ditto.

Mr. James William Hickey Turner, ditto of ditto ditto 22d ditto,

Mr. John Adam, Assistant Surgeon; counterpart Covenant dated the 14th of February 1817.

Mr. Thomas Munro, ditto ditto, 26th ditto.

Mr. William Dyer, ditto ditto 28th ditto. Mr. William Fraser, ditto ditto 2d April.

Mr. David Hastie, ditto ditto 2d ditto.

Mr. Bbenezer Clarkson, ditto ditto 17th ditto.

. The three undermentioned Officers have been permitted by the Honorable the Court of Directors to return, to their duties on this Establishment, without prejudice to their ranks.

Brevet Colonel and Lieut. Col. Lewis Thomas of the 13th

Regt. N. I.

Brevet Lieut. Col. and Major Robt. Houstoun of the 6th

Regt. N. C.

Captain William Collyer of the 19th Regt. Native Infantry.

Lientenant George Wray of the Honorable Company's

European Regiment, having furnished the prescribed Certificates
from the Medical and Pay Departments, is permitted to proceed

to Surope on furlough, for the recovery of his health.

Lieutenant David Rend of the 1st Regiment of Native Cavalry, having furnished the prescribed Certificates from the Medical and Pay Departments, is permitted to proceed to the Cape of Good Hope, for the recovery of his health, and to be absent on that account for 10 months, from the date of the dispatch of the vessel on which he may take his passage.

Lieutenant G. McDonell of the 23d Regiment of Native Infantry, having forwarded a Medical Certificate from New South Wales the Jeave of absence granted to him in Government General Orders under date the 5th of July 1816, and extended in those of the 2d February Jast, is further prolonged to six

months beyond the periods therein specified.

JOHN CRAIGIE,
Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY THE HONORABLE THE VICE-PRESIDENT IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; SEPT. 16, 1817.

The Honorable the Vice President in Council is pleased to

make the following appointments.

Major H. Faithful of the Regiment of Artillery, to be Commissary of the Expence Magazine at the Presidency, in the room of Major W. Mitchell.

Mr. Assistant Surgeon Robert Tytler to perform the Medical duties of the Civil Station of Allahabad, in the room of Mr.

H. Gibson.

Mi. Surgeon William Ainsle to be a Presidency Surgeon.

In General Orders of the 2d Instant, for "Clothing" read "Coats." to be issued to the Honorable Company's European

Regiment for the year 1817.

JOHN CRAIGIE, Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept. GENERAL ORDERS, BY THE HONORABLE THE VICE PRESIDENT IN COUNCIL.

#### FORT WILLIAM : SEPTEMBER 16, 1817.

The Honorable the Vice-President in Council is pleased to authorize the following augmentation to the Artillery Establish. gient attached to Skiner's Horse. 12 Horses, heing 2 additional to each Waggon 6 Lascars, being

one additional to each Gun.

JOHN CRAIGIE.

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY THE HONORABLE THE VICE PRESIDENT IN COUNCIL.

#### FORT WILLIAM; SEPTEMBER 16, 1817.

. The Honorable the Vice-President in Council is pleased to permit Assistant Surgeons of His Majesty's Service, who may be appointed by His Excellency the Commander in Chief, during the absence of the Surgeon of the Regiment, to act as Surgeons, to draw the allowances of a Pull Surgron, during the time they may continue in Medical charge of their Corps.

JOHN CRAIGIE.

Offg. Sec. to Govta Mil. Depta

#### SEPTEMBER 29.

## To the Editor of the India Gazette, "

Sir,-As, in a season of any general calamity or distress, it becomes the duty of every honest man to contribute his utmost in alleviation of the same; so, in the disease now prevalent among the Natives, it is more especially the province of those whose professional avocations lead them to an almost hourly acquaintance with the disease, to give as much publicity as possible to such remedies as may have been found most successful; as well as to point out, as far as can be ascertained, the leading causes of this hitherto, most fatal malady. - Impelled by these sentiments, I shall take the liberty of offering the following observations, the result of many years ex-

perience, in some hundreds of cases .- First, of the Remedy-In almost all the cases that have come under my observation, such has been the nature of the complaint, as to admit of nothing like a divided attention, in regard to the remedies to be administered; by which, I mean, that no hope whatever, could be reasonably entertained from the exhibition of any other remedies than those of the particular class herein recommended, early and repeatedly administered.—The patient is attacked, the vomiting and purging take place almost at the same instant; with a degree of impetuosity peculiar to this disease; the extremities become cold and clammy, and very shortly after, the pulse at the wrist is imperceptible.—'This alarming progression is generally the operation of several hours; but, I have seen it all occur in the short space of twenty mignutes, or even less .- The remedies which I have almost constantly employed for many years past, with unabated success, are; from forty to sixty drops of Laudanum; with six or eight drops of the Essential Oil of Perpermint, in the first instance; repeating from twenty to thirty drops of Laudanuri every duarter of an hour, or twenty minutes, till the vomiting and purging cease.—'To this, in all cases where there is great prostration of strength, (and which indeed includes by far the greater number) a table spoonful of Brandy, with about as much water, is added, and repeated every quarter of an hour or twenty minutes, according to the urgency of the case, till a manifest alteration take place in the state of the pulse, and the heat return to the extremities.—In some cases it has been necessary to continue the use of the Brandy even to the third day .-In one particular instance the patient was brought into the Native Hospital at the station from whence I now write, about two months ago, in a state of extreme debility and exhaustion; the stages of vomiting and purging had long passed by,-the extremities were quite cold, and the pulse at the wrist was imperceptible; but the power of deglution was not gone, and he was just sensible, when loudly and repeatedly spoken to .- His comtades however, had, entirely given him over, and had brought him to the Meanical for form's sake only; and I have no doubt in my conmind, had the patient been a villager, or a person unconnected with the Cantonments, that in less than half an hour, his friends would leve made no hesitation in performing the last offices.

Token a was restored, by the continued and persovering use of the Brandy, sometimes alone, at others combined with a small quantity of hot sago:but it was not till the on lot the fourth day, that he was considered out of langer .- I have given tals extreme case to slow, that, although the chances of our surcess in webstal, to most assuredly depend on the promit and early administration of the remedies, there s yet, no case so had as to induce us to despair al'o ether; and, it is a source of much consolation to know, that by far the greater number of cases in this disease, if treated in any reasonable time, are within the means of recovery, wi ch if left to themselves, would inevitably prove fatal .- The causes of this disease are unfortunately by no means so obvious to us as the Remedy. That the continual, or immoderate use of the Sable-fish, (in uself of an oily and indigestick antire) may occasionally give rise to the late, but a hear como reason to denv; but, that the rable is , or new Rice, are specific, or even general, causes of the diseases, most certainly, not the case: for on the North Eastern Frontier, where for the react successively, this disease was exchelingly prevalent among the Native Troops and followers, in its most summar, and violent form. there is every reason to believe, that new Rice was nover permitted to enter the Cantonment; and, as for Sable-h-h-such a thing was not then procurable, in that part of the country, for its weight in gold!

Were I to offer an opinion on this subject, I should be disposed to consider as one (perhaps a very frequent) to Ism of the disease, a sudden, and total check to perspiration, in particular states of the body: from a practice so common among the Natives, of sleeping in the open air;—particularly towards the latter part of the night, when a very sensible and sudden change in the temperature of

the atmosphere (more especially at the present season of the year,) usually takes place—and this too perhaps, after passing the first few nours of the night, in a close hut, sweating profisely: and I am the more inclined to this opinion from having remarked, that in a great number of instances, the first attacks of this complaint have occurred about the middle of the night, or very early in the morning.

I am, Srn,
Your very obedient Servant,
A MEDICAL SUBSCRIBER.

23d September, 1817.

P. S.—A practice, similar to what is here recommended, I find has been pursued with considerable and very decided success, by Mr. Henny Young, Surgeon of the 24-Purgmana's, under all the disadvantages of delegate instructions, and a very extended field of operation.

## To the Fditor of the India Gazette,

Sin,—I observe by all the Newspapers that the disease which lately raded with such fatal effects at Jerse c. Calcutta and its environs, is ascended to have been generated by the immoderate use of two articles of Food, to which the Natives, I should say pose, have been accustomed every year of their lives.

The Epidemic has, considering the size and population of the Town, been equally described to the Incubitants of this place as to, those residing in Calcutta, for the average of deaths for some days exceeded 100 per diem; and I may venture to declare, that neither Sabiraish or Rice have been the cause of these dreadid effects, for the first is here very scarce, and considered only obtainable as a laxury beyond the means of the poor, who almost exclusively suffered; and the other from some causes I could explain, has nearly disappeared from the District, and is now equally scarce with the Fish; though of course it is grown in great abundance, and ma

reality, there is more than sufficient in store for six

years consumption.

These circumstances I mention, that the people in Calcutta may no longer be lead to so erroreous a judgment, as to admit that Rice and Fish have this year killed thousands whom they never before affected.

The remedy that has been found most efficacious, and effectual in every instance, it resorted to on the first symptoms of a Cholera Morbus, is a weak dilution of Cherutha in warm water to assist the vomiting, which, when nearly subsided, should be followed by 5 grs. of Calomel, in 40 or 50 drops of Laudanum; and to allay thirst, Mint Tea may be given.

Exposure to the wind, during the attack, has been

found extremely dangerous.

BHAUGULPORE, 20th September, 1817.

TO THE PRINTER OF THE INDIA GAZETTE,

MR. PRINTER,—A variety of paragraphs have lately appeared in the papers respecting the Cholera, which is yet raging with unusual latility in and about Calcutta. Some attribute the cause to the use of Sable-fish, new Rice, &c. and no doubt these have some share in its production. There is one grand cause however, which these writers have everlooked, namely, the filthy drains and stagnant tanks in various provided in Metropolis—I shall only mention two of these sinks of corruption, and leave the subject to the consideration of those whose duty it is, to guard the safety and lives of so numerous a population against future calamities of the kind.

One of these tanks is situated about one hundred yards due South of No. 40, Bow Bazar—It is about 150 in circumference full of rotten weeds and water as black as ink, and so filthy that the proprietor cannot even bathe in, nor make any use of it whatever.—It appears only a recentacle for dead rats, sats, snakes and other vermin, &c.—At all season,

of the year it emits a most intolerable sterich to the great annoyance of the surrounding inhabitants.—
It is to be remarked, that ex Europeans in its victnity, have suddenly died within the last six weeks,
also hundreds of the wretched natives.

The other tank, strange to say, is blerated near the Court and of the Town, and is, at all searons, more filthy if possible, than the other. It is situated between the Esplanade Row and Crooked Lane, about 100 yards, North of the house occupied by the late Thomas Thurleton. Esq. and 250 East of the Government House.—It also emits a most noisome steach, and no doubt, is the cause of much mortality amongst those within the reach of its influence.

As to the cure of Cholera Morbus, it is known to all medical men, that in this dreadful disease, the stomach very rapidly loses its vitality, and cannot act on Opium or any other Medicine in a solid form sufficiently quick to arrest the progress of the disease.—Instead of solid Opium, in pulls, the writer of this, flus found the following Mixture to have the happiest effect, even after the body has been bedew-

ed with cold clammy sweats.

Take of Tincture of Opium (Laudanum) and compound Spirits of Lavender each two drachms, Sal Volatile forty drops, and water two ounces infix.—Of this mixture, a table spoonful should be given every quarter of an hour, 'till the vomiting is checked, and a warm perspiration breaks out on the body, and when this is effected, finquent small draughts of an infusion of Cardamum Seeds in warm water, or in its stead, warm Wine and water impregnated with powdered ginger or pepper may be given, with a view of exciting perspiration.—The next day a gentle dose of Rhubarb and 5 or 6 grains of Calomel will effect the cure.

Ilumanity being the object of the writer, he will make no apology for troubling you with the above remarks, but hopes you will publish them if you deem

them worthy of insertion in your paper.

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To the Enitor of the India Gazette,

Sin,—It is natural for persons engaged in fevery business to complain of the hardships they experience, and in many cases by complaining they discharge their duty to the public as well as to themselves, in such a situation I conceive I am at present placed, and I trust that your kindness will enable me to draw the public attention to circumstances, which now bear hard upon many, and if not altered by the constituted authorities, will be felt in future more

severely.

Arriving here in command of a free trader, I soon found that my crew considered themselves entirely released from any control—after they are typical the shore, which was early from my wish to after them every proper inaulgence, their duty was mag ect de and by successive desertions I found my est l.f. w. ... the skeleton and hardly the skeleton of a crew. " r absence was duly reported to the Police, the wailance of which they have however been able to content. Obliged to procure hands to navigate the supplies I am about to take my departure homewards, I am i formed by the crimps who offer to find med; that, by giving a high bounty and three months advance of wages at an exorbitant rate, I may be farmshed with them, but that it will be impossible to have them at any reduced terms. This is cent with a serious grievance, and no man, who has due regard for the interests of his employers, can be expected to submit willingly to such imposition. All other commanders of British ships, with whom I am acquainted, I find to be in the same situation. I am anxious, therefore, on their account as well as my own, to represent the case, and to make suca observations as may lead to a disc mery of the causes of the evil.

Since desertions are general from British ships, and men are nevertheless to be found tady to enter on all with highly increased advocating, must it not be the case that the seamen disposed to embark on thips outward bound are men that have described from other vessels? And is it not to be suspected that the cause of such changes is to be found in the interested motives of persons on shore as well as in the too ge-

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nerally dissipated habits of the individuals themselves? From laying near the Howrah side of the river, curio-ity as well as recreation has induced me to take, some morning and evening walks in that There I have met numbers of European quarter. seamen sauntering along the road, and it appears that several bungaloes there are crowded with such inhabitants. It is natural for me to imagine that these establishments are supported by crimps or other interested persons, and if this supposition be correct, the fundamental cause of the complaint must be evident. I state my surmise that it may meet the eye of the Police, which I am confident will institute a scruting into affairs that may have purposely been removed beyond their notice hitherto.

It may not perhaps be improper to mention the impression that has been made on me as a stranger. by a neculiarity I have noticed in one of the largest streets in Coleutta. Ensigns of various colors float conspiction before several doors at a considerable elevation. Reasoning on British ideas, and from Bri--tish recollections, I considered these as typical of so many places of rendezvous, where seamen were to be entered for fighting ships, but, being ignorant of any enemy we had at sea, I made enquiry as to their real character. The tenements, thus distinguished, are it appears, merely punch houses, and the British eneign waves before them, for the purpose of collecting within their apartments, every straggling seaman that appears within sight. Thus if refreshment, accommodation, and reasonable enjoyment be proposed, is hospitable and praiseworthy, but from the numbers I have seen about the streets, in a state of helpless intoxication, I should fear that proceedings are actively encouraged in these places of the most destructive and demoralizing tendency. Sailors are too often disposed to excess, but if spirited into sottishness. it cannot be doubted, that they will adopt any plans, for the purpose of continuing an indulgence in the sin that so easily besets them. Here perhaps we may find the grand cause of their general bad conduct, the support of which they must in consequence draw from our pockets. I am ignorant whether these houses are

subjected to strict police regulations, but certainly ho regulations can be too strict, and no superintendence too vigilant, where the health and efficiency of seatman, and of course the prosperity of commerce, as well as the general welfare of the public, are so inti-

mately concerned:

The bye-laws of the Marine Registry Office, I have been lately informed, are judiciously adapted to the correction of the evil now stated; and in that case the only reason of their not having been enforced, must be that its existence is unknown. I therefore, in justice to the public; as well as to myself and friends, have particularized the evils that do exist, and made such observations as presented themselves respecting these cause. If these observations point correctly, I rest satisfied that they will meet with attention, and that the energy of the police will leave no trace remaining of those grievances, that have been keenly felt and lamented by

Calcutia; 25th Sept., 1817.

We are concerned to state that notwithstanding the humane exertions that have been made in Calcutta and its vicinity, to check the progress of the disease, so prevalent in this part of India, wit continues to evercise its baneful influence among the native population. The arrangements that have been made by the public authorities, and which are mentioned in an extract from the last Government Gazette, have effected every thing, that perhaps is practicable, in the existing state of the native community. Benishies have been placed within the reach of the sufferers, and hundreds of persons have been saved from the fatal consequences of the disorder; but, there is too much reason to fear; that an abhorrence of medicines administered by Europeans,—and a mistaken confidence in the efficacy of specificks obtained in the bazar and hedges, have deterred many from seeking the proffered remedies, until too late. A reliance on the purchased protection of KALI, has, we are persuaded, also, prevented numbere from proceeding to the places, where human relief could be obtained. Every day, during the proceding week, have we witnessed solemn processions
to the Temples, to implore the diamency of this his
there o implacable Goddess.! Respecting the causes
and treatment of this melancholy visitation, which
has occupied the attention of us all, for some time
pist—and which we understand, has driven a great
portion of the native population from calcutta, we
reer our readers to the able letter of A Medical
Subscriber, which will be found in preceding pages.

On Thursday afternoon we had at Calcutta one of the heaviest falls of i am which has occurred during the season. Ashouse in the vicinity of the Cathedral was struck by lightning during the Storm. It passed through a room where a Tailor sat, and burnt three holes in the cloth on which he was at work without his sustaining any injury. To the place immediately under him a lamp was attached by a chain down which the electric fluid passed and shipered the lamp to pieces.

It will be satisfactory to the public to be informed that the benevold and tention of the Government has been directed to the tatal Epidemic disease which has for some time past prevailed in the town and the suburbs of Calcutt, and that means have been adopted, which have in a very eminent degree proved effectual incounteractificate rayages

The measures from which so much benefit is derived are under the general superintendence of Mr. Ehot and Mr. Birquiere, and lave been devised and brought into operation by those zealous Magistrates

in communication with the Medical Board

Although the previous diserse, which is Cholera Morbus, it permitted to run its course, is trequently total in a few hours, and sometimes in a few intenter, yet in most instances its progress may be arrested, and the patient saved, by means which are not only simple but of easy application. Those means are supplied under the direction of the Yeldi it Board from the public stores, and a large proportion of the name

We are happy to find the Bensen was in a much better state than was at first supposed; and that after a regular survey, it was ascertained, with an expense of about five thousand Pollars, she could be repaired, and rendered quite sea-worthy; the repairs were expected to be completed before the end of this month; when she was to sail immediately in prosecution of her voyage to Errope. The Packets, we understand, were not forwarded an the Lyru: we also learn that the Mutineers, had been convicted.

H. M. S. Chull nger, Captain Bridges, arrived from

Trincomalie on Friday.

His Majesty's chip Mugicienne, Captain Purvis, suchor-ed in the Roads yesterday afternoon from lincomalie,

whence she sailed on l'uesday.

The Private Ship Contest, Captain Laguden, airived in the roads late on Saturday last, direct from England; having passed the Downs on the 30th of April Passenger. Mr. W. B. Smith.—I he Contest brought two boxes of Ship Letters for this Presidency; and one for Calcutta.

If we may judge from the arrivals at the Mauritius for the week, a most flourishing trade, is about to open at that Island. We are concerned, however, to observe, that the French & Bourbon, have not yet relinquished the traffic in Slaves, another vessel engaged in that netarious and describble practice, has been captured by His Majesty's Milp Phæton, and sent into the Mauritius for condemnation.

Transports had saited from England for Goice prior to the departure of the Cernwall for the purpose of taking on soard the Roval African Corps, which are to relieve at the Jape His Majesty's 83d Regiment, destined for Columbo.

Yesterday unchored in the Roads the Ship Land Actingtor, Captum L Wisse, from Paglend, the 7th of May having touched at Madena, whence she sailed the 29th of the same month

#### PASSENGERS:

Mrs. Willows, Miss Timers. Lieutenant Willows 16th Reginept, Lieutenant Holipid, R. N.

the Wellington has brought the Packet Mails for April.

## MARRIAGES, BIRTHS, AND DEATHS, ANNOUNCED STUCE OUR LAST NUMBER.

#### MARRIAGES.

AUGUST.

At Penning, by the Reverend J H. Henderson, M A. Thomas Larkins, Esq. Commander of the Honorable Company's Ship Marquis Camden, to Miss Sarah Sparke Caunter. Daughter of the late G. Launter, Esq for many years a most respected resident upon that Island, and Niece of the Reverend R S Hutchings, M. A. Chaplain of thit Presidency.

7. At Scroor, by the Reverend Mr Thomas Robinson, Serje int James Wakeman, Line Serie int to the Poona Subsidiary Force, to Mrs. McCudden, Willow of the lite Sub-Con-

ductor McCudden.

At Gazcepore, by the Reverend Mr. Pilmer, J. M. Sinelair, Esq to Miss A Stewart.

12 At St. Mary's Church, (Multras,) by the Venerable the Archdescon Tobert. Waller Poe, Esq Solution to the Supreme Court of Judicature at Bengal, to Anne, eldest Daughter of William Harington, Esq. of the Madria Civil Service

At St Thomas' Church, (Bombay,) by the Reverend N. Wade, the Venerable George Barnes, B D Archdenon of Bourbay, and Fellow of Faster Chilege, Oxford, to Harriet Penelope, fourth Darghter of the Inte James Rivett Carnaci. cil at Bombay

25. At the Cathedral, Ly the Reverend J P Hastings, En sign-Charles Fitsgerald, o"

1st Battalion 30th Regiment of Native Infinitry, to Miss. Conradine Prinzling, Daughter of C H G Prinzing, Esq. Judge and Magnitrate of Scrampore September.

by the Reverend J Parsons Rawson Hart Boddam, Esq of the Bengal Civil Service, to Ellen Krzia, eldest Dirighter of the late John Hungerford, Esq.! of Bombay

At St John's Cathedral, by the Reverend J Parson, Captain Edward Stude, of the Country Service, to Miss Har-

rict Murphy

At St. John's Cathedral. by the Reverend J. Parson, Mr. William Barrington, to Miss Mary Gill.

12 At St Andrew's kirk, by the Roverend Mr. Bryce, and at St. John's Cathedral, by the Reverend Mr Hastings, Captain John Greigh, to Miss Sarah Bhzabeth Hodges, eldest Daughter of Captain Joseph Hodge s

18 At Stolohu's Cathedral, by the Reverend Joseph Parson, Lienten int Sampel Clutterbuck, of His Majesty s 59th Regiment of Foot to Sirah, second, Daughter of the late Heverelid Hugh Dickson, of Tipperity, Reland.

19. At the Cathedral, by the Reverend Mr. Parson, Mr R Esq formerly Member of Coun. We Allan, to Mess Mary Smith. At the Cathedro! by the

Referend Mr Hastings, Cap-Alexander Landal Pargaint Dow.

#### BIRTHS.

#### Aveut.

2. At Bangalore, the Lady of General Hare, of a Sou.

3. At Bombay, the Lady of Lieutenant Peter Abereromby, af His Majeaty's 56th Regiment of Foot, of a Son.

5. At Bangalore, Mrs. Box-

ley, of a Daughter.

15. At Vepery, (Madras,)

Mrs. Sherman, of a Son,

At Keitah, the Lady of Lieutenant H. C. Baruard, Interpreter and Quarter Magter, of a Son.

16. At Mecpit, Lady Rum:

hold, of a Sun

19. At Bombay, the Lady of-Lieutenant Colonel Aitchison, Adjutant Gen. of a Daughter,

20. Mrs. John Lish, of a

Paughter.

23. At Madras, the Lady of Cornet R. H. Russell, of the 6th Light Cav. of a Daughter.

26. At Burdwan, the Lady of William Wollen, Esq. of the Civil Service, of a Son.

At Howrah, the Wife of Mr. John Henderson, of the Honorable Company's Marine, of

a Son.

27. At the Government House, in Fort William, the Lady of Colonel McMahon, Adjutant General of His Majesty's Forces, of a Son.

At Camppore, the Lady of Alexander Orr, Jun, Esq. of

a Son.

At Surat, the Lady of John Morison, Esq. of a Son.

29. The Lady of N. S. Ede monstone, Esc. of a Daughter,

SETTEMBER! "

3. Mrs. C, M. Prast, of a Son.

Mrs. Thomas Christic, of a

At Bhanpah, the Lady of John Wauchop, Esq. of a

Son.

2. The Lady of Robert Birlow, Esq. Officiating Collector of the district of Ghaz-pore, of a Son.

3. At Saukaripooker Indigo Pactory, Mrs. Francis Roberts, Junr. of a Son and heir.

The Lady of Captain J. Rose

Parish, of a Daughter.
4. The Lady of William

Scott, E.q. of a Son.

9. At Nattore, the Lady of J. F. Ellerton, Esq. H. C. Civil Service, of a Son.

The Lady of George Mera

per, Esq. of a Daughter.

At Mrs. Child's, the Lady of Licutesant and Adjutant Steele Hawthorne, of the 2d Battalion 11th Regiment Native Infantry, of a Son.

10. At Chowinghee, the Lady of R. Molo y, Esq. of the Civil Service, of a Daughter.

At Caconada, the Lady of II. Sewell, Esq. 2f a Son.

At Barcilly, the Lady of William Leypester, Bsq. Second Judge of the Provincial Court, of a Daughter.

dy of J. V. Biscoe, Big. of the Civil Service, of a Daughter.

16, At Patna, the Lady of William Lambert, Esq. of the Civil Service, of a Daughter.

At Garden Reach, the Lady of W. S. Greene, Esq. of a Daughter.

#### DEATHS.

Jeny.

8 At Ontraun Camp, in, cha Mr. Assistant Surgeon Candish, Leitenant, there, Then At the same place, D

At Arrungabad, Henry A Goldsmith, the Infint Son of Lieutenant M Goldsmith,

of the Nizam's Artillery. At Malacca, I homas Cooper, Esq of the firm of Cooper and Carnegy

At Mallya, on the Nepul F ontier, sincerely and deserv ed a regretted by his brother offerrs, Lieutenan' R A Durhe , of the 20th, or Natine Rem merty but on duty with humparun Light latantry, t wich Corps he had been arrached during the Whole of the Acpaul war.

ADGDST.

2. Near Puderpoor, Lieu, tenant Conolly Robert M'Causland, of the H. C. Horse Arfillers.—He met his death when hunting by falling with his Horse in a leap—the shock of which caused a concussion of the brain, which carried him off in about 48 hours after the accident

At Bellary, Mr Conductor Ahriham Ross, of invalids. eaving a large family to deplore his irreparable loss.

11. At Velldre, Cotton Bowbank Dent, Esq the oldest Civil Servant of the Honourshle Company on the Madias Establishment

At the Garden House of Captain Randall, (Madras), Lieutenant James E Brunton, of His Migesty's 25th Regiment of Light Dragoons, after a short but severe illness of ten

days, -aged 22 years 17 At Lucknow, the Lady of Robert Homes, Bag

At the village of Ittola. Guzerat, Brevet Colonel William Bast, C B. comman i ... ing officer of His Highwess the

Gurcowar's Subsidiary and the field force at Burods, afteris period of zealous and active services of 3. years, in which he has frequently received the approbation and thanks of this Clovernment, he wis one of the officers a lect d by His Royal Highness the Prince Regent, for the h noumble distinction of Companion of the Bath.

Frank's

At Binda, Charles, Son of Edwird Scott Waring, Esq. of the Civil Service, aged 4

years

At Ham Brzar, near Suzaal, Reerbhoom, Mr G Birch, ag d 76 Hehadbeen 52 years in Iddia, chiefly in the Upper Pro-To the period of his Yinces death he had uniformly enjoyed excellent health, which may chiefly be ascribed to his temperate and regular mode of life. -No vicinstude however severe had any effect in subdaing or ever relaxing that confidence and hope which he ever reposed in the dispensations of Provin dence, and after being gradually reduced during the last 12 years from a state of illucuce to abject poverty his mind remained sciene and cheerful as when in the enjoyment of every comfort-li he had any vices, they were only the extreme of virtue —He died as he lived, in perfect assurance of everlasting happiness

On board the Ship Ajar, at Kedgerce, Eliza, the youngest Daughter of Captum lockyer of His Majesty's loth Regiment-aged 14 months

The Infant Daughter of Mr.

A G Halfou .

SPPTEMBER 3 At the House of Captain Galleway, Miss Hunnah Maria -11 -- ed 19 years Ca

At Barrackpore, the Lady of Lieutenant John Hall, Interpicter and Quarter Master, 1st Battalion 9th Regiment.

4. Mr. K. Delany. George Thomas, the Infant Son of Mr. Hutteman, a. ged one year, 8 months and 29

days.

5. Master George Warden; second Son of Captain G. Warden, 2d Buttalion 27th Regiment, aged b years and months.

At Mirzapore, George, the youngest son of Major Henry

Manley. 12. At Dinapore, on his way to join ble Corps, Lieute nant Thomas Fraser, of H. M. 67th Regiment, leaving a Widow and Daughter to lament the loss of a most affectionate husband and tender father. He was a truly upright and honorable man-beloved by all. who knew him; and is sincerely, pegretted by his brother Offi-Carc.

At the House of Mesers' 15. D. McDonald and Co. Mr. G. Audrew, aged 20, late Passenger on board the H. C. Ship Carnatic.

At Coolbariah, near Berhampore, James Robertson, Esq. Superintending Surgeon of the Dinapore District.—A man universally esteemed through life, as he is now deeply and unfeignedly lamented; of the mildest and most conciliating manners, added to a sound and cultivated understanding; and inflexible integrity.-Mr. R. in the walk of his pro-fession, was preeminently preeminently distinguished for those humane attentions, and continued assiduities towards the object of his solicitude, which me cy .. cannot purchase, and have been seen and a work a had but too often reason been red a red I year. 10 no the and a

to his professional services, far below what was due to kis on a ment, and to the quant of an increasing tendil -In all the domestic elations of husband and father, in loss of such a man, must indeed be irreparable, and the remembrance of his mary virtues and annable qualities, will long re-main deeply impressed in the hearts of his afflicted widow and children.

17. At Berhampore, Mrs. Marianne Turner, wife, of Bar-rack Scriennt Thos. Thruer, aged 31 years, after a long and protracted, illness which she bore with truly, Christian fortitude and resignation ...

Mr. John Beaumout, of the

Mirzapore Tannery. In the vicinity of Berhamipore, Thomas Muklay, Esq. aed 24 years, deeply regietted by his friends, to whom he war endeared by his mgenutius behaviour, suavily of manners, aud zentleness of disposition.

Mate in the Pilot Service

24. Lieutenant R. White, of the Bombay Marines, sin" cerely beloved and greatly regretted.

At Chowringhee, aged 65 years, Sir Jonn Royds, Knight, many years one of His Majes. ty's Judges of the Supremer Court of Judicature at this

presidency. Unfortunately drowned in the Hoogly River, near Fort William, in his 16th year, Mri. John Bowman, Midshipman of the H. C. ship William Litt, eldest Son of John Bownin, Esq. of Gayfield, near Montrose, and Grand son of the late Sir alexander, Gordon of Les-in ce Bart.

1 20013. Mary Cecilia Crow, a-

## MONTHLY JOURNAL

Vol. XXXI.]....OCTOBER....[Numbr276.

## Calcutta.

#### MILITARY.

. GENERAL ORDERS, BY THE MONORARLE THE VICE-PRESIDLET IN COLVEIL

FORT WILIIAM, September 16, 1817.

The Honorable the Vice President in Council is pleased to resolve that in future the monthly allowances of the apprentices, attached to Facopean Hospitals, shall be paid by the Commissional into the hands of surgeons in charge of the Hospitals, who are authorised to appropriate them to such purpose, who are authorised to appropriate them to such purpose relating to the Clothing. Tuition, &c of the Boys, as under the general controll and direction of Superintending Surgeous of Divisions many be deemed most advisable and beneficial

All controll over the pay of the appropriates will of course come on their attinuing that age, which will enable them to

manye their own pecuniary concerns.

JOHN CRAIGIE,
Offig. Sec to Gost Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDISS, BY THE HONORABLE THE VICE-PRESIDENT IN COUNCIL

FORT WILLIAM, SETTEMBER 10, 1817.

The Honorable the Vice President in Council of pleased to permit Callets, on their promotion and first appointment, to a Resument, to draw the established Book allowance of their Rink, while proceedings a join their Corps

Ih foregoing Order to have retrospective effect from the

srill al of the first Cadets during the pre knigs or

שוא נוצייר ״,

Offic Sec to Govt Mil Dept.

TORT WILLIAM, SEPTEMBER 30, 1817.

The Honorable the Vice-President in Council is pleased to appoint the undermentioned Officers, to be Deputy Post Masters, at their respective stations, on the usual Salary, viz, Major of Brigade Pester,....Dinapore.

	Leys,		
	Worsley,	Keitah or B	sbae.
	Broadbent,		
	showers		۴
73	-Faithful,	Cuttack.	

Fort Adjutant Arnold,..... Agra.

The Station Staff for the time being, at Futty Ghur.

JOHN CRAIGIE, Offg. Sec. to Govt Mil. Dept.

#### OCTOBER 1.

UKHBARS.—From Umrutsir, of date the 21st of July, state, that Runjeet Singli, who was at Lahore, had held a Durbar, at which he received a report from Cazee Kamaludeen his Vakeel, on the occasion of his return from a mission to Cashmere. The Vakeel it appears. was received with great respect by Auzeem Khawn, the Governer who assured him, that he would off no account give up Cashmere, either to King Mahmood Shah, or his Vizier, should they ever attempt, to deprive him of his power. It is also stated, that the people are very much dissatisfied with their Governor, and that many of them, in paying their respects to the Sikh Vakeel, spoke with admiration of Runjeet Singh's method of governing this people. Such representations are obviously made with the view of inducing him, to attempt again the conquest of Cashmere, but at present his force cannot well be sent out of his dominions.

The Vakeel from Cashmere, was then introduced, and presented several presents—he expressed the anxiety his Sovereign felt to continue in annuable terms with the King of the Sikhs, and on being questioned, respecting the resources of the Kingdom of Iran, replied, that the King had a large Revenue, 250

Sons, and 1002 Wives.

Ameer Khawn, who is still befor Madharajpore, had received a lac and five thousand rupees from Colonel Muhtab Khawn, whom he had raised to rank of a Nuwab. 'Nuwab Muhtab Khawn, on being urged to raise more money, had moved his Army towards Hindoon. Notwithstanding the above mentioned supply of money, Ameer had not succeeded in quieting the clamors of his Troops, who were daily deserting in great numbers. With the view of taking advantage of the difficulties, in which Ameer's affairs are involved, the Rajah of Jaypoje, had ordered his Sirdars to assemble their respective tollowers.

#### OCTOBER 3.

We observe advertised for sale, in one of the Daily Advertisers, some Duken-Abert or Right-hand Shell's, which have been sent to Calcutta on account of His Majesty's Ceylon Government .- The fancied virtues, and consequent value, of these extraordinary specimens of Conchology are thus described by the respectable agents-" These Shells from their peculiar structure, being formed in the opposite way to all other Shells, and called from this circumstance, Duken-Abert or Right-hand Shells, are held in the highest degree of estimation by the Natives of India, who attach to them a supernatural virtue which insures to the fortunate possessor constant prosperity; and exemption from all calamitous occurrences. This Talismanick power, devoutly believed in by the inhabitants of the Eastern World, has given to these Shells a value almost incredible, being upwards of stxty times more than their weight in silver.

"To the more enlightened European they are also objects of interest in natural History, from their singular form, and great scarcity; for the Duken-abert holds that place among Shells; which the Diamond

does among Stones."

The following is an abstract, (taken from the returns made from the Adjutant General's Office) of the strength of the army to the 1st January 1817:

Catalry.—1,386 Officers, 1,698 Seijeants, 317 Trumpeters and Drummers, 339 Farriers, 20,477

Rank and File, 17.417 Troop Hotses.

Foot Guards.—348 Officers, 382 Seijeants, 161 Trumpeters and Drummers, 6,182 Rank and File.

## CALCUTTA MONTHLY JOURNAL,

Infantry -7,283. Officers, 7,534 Serjeants, 5,374 Trumpeters and Drummers, 116, 820 Rank and File. General total, 9,017 Officer's, 9,614 Serieants, 3,852 Trumpetors and Drummers, 339 Fairiers, 143,479 Rank and File, 17,417 Troop Horses.

Grand total 166,301.

#### OLIOBER 4.

We are informed, that the Ships which will compase the Second Fleet of this season, will be dispatched from this port to England, in the month of December next, to consist of the Hou'bie Company's regular Ships Carnatic and Thomas Grenville, and that the Honorable Company's Ship Lord Custlereagh, will form the last Ship of the season; the dispatch of which ressel, has not, we believe, been decidedly fixed upon as yet.

#### OCTOBER 6.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE INDIA GAZFTTE, The Public is certainly very much indebted to your Medical correspondents, for the liberality with which they have come forward to announce the efficacy of then respective remedies in the cure of Cholera Morbus, and as Goldsmith observes, "it is a great sign of obstinacy in men to die, when such evident means of health are held forth at the corner of every street." But there is one circumstance, which it would perhaps not be altogether amis, were these sapient Gentlemen to explain in their future communications mean how it happens, that while this hor tible distemper, instead of decreasing seems to be increasing in various parts of Bengal, (witness for example the " 100 per diem" at Bauglepore, \*) the disease should have totally disappeared in the Jul at Jesson, since the 2d of last month, the day on which the new rice was prohibited as food to the convicts. In every part of the district, where the strengous and humane exertions of the Migistrate in restraining the use of this pernicious article, have reached, the same happy

<sup>\*</sup> Had the writer alfuded to sheep dying of the ref, the scutene could scarcely have been more cooly worded.

effects have been the result; and the disorder in consequence, for nearly a month, in that part of the

country has ceased to be an object of alarm.

This fact, Sir, I humbly venture to suggest will not be found wanting, even when weighed in the balance against the brandy and hot sago of the Me-dical Subscriber, the Cherutha, of the Gentleman at Bauglepore, and the filthy tanks, which are described in such feeling terms, and poetical language by Medicus.

Your obedient Servant, OLLAPOD.

October 1, 1817.

We learn with great concern that the Epidemic has commenced its ravages in the province of Behar. A letter from Chuprah states that the most alarming mortality prevails at that place, and that Dinapore and Patna are also afflicted with the disorder. The casualties at Patna, are stated to be from 50 to 100 daily, and the disease has also manifested itself at Hadgipore.

Extract of a letter, dated Par Doorgapore, Dis-

trict Nuddea, 25th September, 1813.

" Should you think the under-mentioned distressful account worthy of insertion in your Paper, be pleased to give it publicity, as it may act as a warning to many young men of the danger to which they expose themselves by the too common and dangerous diversion of Hog-hunting: -Yesterday about 2 P. M. a party of Natives who were in pursuit of an immense large Wild Boar (which they had wounded) drove it in the direction of some Natures who were cutting their Paddy, who on seeing the infuriated animal approaching towards them, took to their heels; but one unfortunate being (quite a young lad) not being able to make his escape, was seized by the right arm a little above the elbow, and thrown on the ground. The hog then got upon him, and mangled lum most dreadfully in several places; the flesh from the right thigh is entirely taken from the bone, as also all the flesh from the right shoulder down to the hand wrist, and one side of his posterior is laid open to the bone some inches in length, -the

back shoulders and groin is pierc'd in several places two and three inches deep by the Boat's tusks.

"Every precaution was taken by me to dress the poor man's wounds as far as laid in my power, the moment he was brought to the Factory,—but am truly concerned to say, I greatly despair of the man's recovery."

We are indebted to the Bengal Hurkaru for the following information respecting the projected Military operations; and are much gratified to find that Sir Thomas Ilistor has been declared out of danger.

"The movements of the different divisions of the Bengal and Madras Armies, now assume a particullar interest, and will probably shortly develope the plan of the campaign. At present Sagur appears to be the point on which they are likely to move. regret to learn that His Excellency Sir Thomas Histor had suffered so much from indisposition, as to be unable to advance beyond Hydrabad. The force in that quarter had in consequence been placed under direction of Brigadier General Sir John Malcolm who was approaching Nagpore. It was understood the Madras divisions were marching by Hindia and Hurdah and that they would cross the Nerbudda and move, with all expedition, to the North West towards Sagur. It was expected Sir John Malcolin would proceed from Nagpone to Soance (within two marches of Hurdah,) and join the 1st and, 3d Brigades of the Army of the Dukhin; and that the force under Colonel Adams, (which forms the 5th Brigade of that Army,) would move to the same point. It is reported in the Ukhbars from Sagui. that the whole force of the Pindarees would proceed towards Gyalior before the Dussarah, and that a confidential man on the part of Scindia, was with each of the Pindaree chieftains-Cheetooo, Wassul Mahomed, Kurreem Khan. &c.

In our last, we mentioned the intended movements of the troops from 'Meerut, and other quarters. It is understood that the principal force will assemble at Secundra near to Culpee on the Jumna and not far from Cawnpore. It would be composed of the following corps. The European Horse Artillery

consisting of three troops His Majesty's 8th and 24th Light Diagoons, His Majesty's 87th Foot; the European Blank Battalion from Allahabad, the Rocket and Dromeday corps, a large proportion of Artillery, a corps of irregular Horse with two Regimentsoh Native Carality Major Generals Maishall and Brown would join this aimy, and it was supposed the latter Officer would immediately proreed up the Ghants towards Jagur with the Cavalry and a light division of Infantis. A force is assembling towards Kolingheem Bundlecund talion of the 7th Native Infantity from Delhi crossed the Jumna it Agra on the 13th ultimo for that destination and the 7th Native Casilis from Muttia had marched for the same place Both corps were directed to be there by the 10th instant

"It is understood that Major General Sn D. Ochterlony, will move in the direction of Jaypore, while a force under Brigadier General Hardyman would assemble on the Mow and Rewah frontier The battalion of the 29th Native Infantity stationed at Muttia, that of the 23th at Mynpoory, and a battalion at Moradabad were all under sider for march-

· Vijoi General Donkin was expected at Agra culy in the present month, and it was supposed he would shortly proceed with a force towards Dholpoor on the Chumbul, about three marches north of Gualion

" Since writing the above, we have the catisfaction to learn that Su T Histop had been declared out of danger after having suffered much from a most secerc illness "

We copy from the Government Gazetta, the following Memorandom, on the subject of the Epidemic disease, to which we have so frequently alluded .-We are sorry to state, that notwithst inding the laudable excitions that have been made by Government and by individuals, the disorder continues to prevail in Calcutta and its vicinity,-

#### MEMORANDOM.—CHOLERA MORBUS

. The most alarming symptom in this disease, is the sudden prost a on cistrength at the very commencement. The patient, while walking or engaged in his usual occupation, without any previous warning symptom, falls down and is immediately seized (with vomiting, at the same time that a cold clanmy sweat breaks out over his body.—His pulse can scarcely be felt, and his debility is such that he is qualle to move from the spot, without support. In some cases the patient has died within half an hour

of the first attack.

"But ingeneral, where no remedies are used it proves fatal inten or twelve hours. During, the latter part of this period especially, the patient, when sufficiently sensible to describe his own sensations, complains of a painful sense of weight and heat in his stomach and bowels, and his exerctions prove sufficiently the vitiated nature of their contents. When the irritable state of the bowels has been checked in the first instance, and the debility, in some degree, removed, a relapse is frequently produced by loading the stomach with food, and this is generally very speedily fatal. The indications of course, therefore, seem to be.

" 1st To support the Patient's strength

"2d To remove the critishility of the stomach and bowels, and thus prepare the way for med cines which are given

" 3d. To expel their morbid excretions, and

" 4th To restore the healthy action or the atomach before

calling its digestive powers into action

" To answer the first of these purposes an excellent and ready resource is found in any of the common spirituous liquors and. in urgent cases, spirits of hartshorn or ather may be had recourse to the de of these remedies must be regulatted entirely by the state of the patient. In common cases, a madeiga glass full et brandy with an equal quantity of water, will revive the patient so as to remove all immediate danger of sinking In other cases the same quantity of brandy must be given undiluted, or one drachin of ather, or two of spirits of harts-horn, in one ounce of water. The exhibition of these or similar stimulants not only restores a degree of animition to the pitient, but procures for him some respite from vomiting. This will however, except in very slight cases, soon recui, unless opiates be given to prevent Fifteen drops of laudanum may be given in two tea spoons full of water, and it this should have the effect of keeping oil the comiting for some minutes, the same quantify may be repeated when it recurs Should the vomiting come on mimediately if ter taking the first dose, the second should be increased to 20 or 25 drops and, in similar circumstances, the third dose to 30. or 40 drops, and so on, after each attack of vomiting.

Opininally likewise he applied externally to the stomach, moistened with water or spirits, from 5 to 10 grains, mixed with water and rubbed with the palm of the hand over the upper part of the belly, is often sufficient to stop the vomiting—in many cases, it will be desirable to combine the opiate with the stimulant, and is a slight cases, the opiate is alone required

"By these means the irritability of the stomach will be speedily subdued, and it will be brought to a fit state to ret in the purgative medicines that are to be given, with the view of

expelling the morbid secretions of the intestines. Calomel readily siggests itself as an appropriate remedy, were the action of the liver is more particularly disordered. Care must be taken however, not to give a large dose at once, which would infallible bring back the vomiting. One pill of 3 grains, may be given at first, and at intervals of half an hour or forty minutes each, two more; should these not produce the desired effect in five or six hours, recourse may be had to a solution of an ounce of Bosom Salts in ten or twelve ounces of Senna infusion - of this a. Madeira glass full may be given every ten minutes, while necessary. Compound Aloctic pill may be combined with the Calomel with great advantage -the quantities of each in one fill being two grains of Calemel, to three of Aloetic pill. During the exhibition and operation of these nurgatives, the patient's strength should be constartly at ended to, and when necessary, supported by small quantities of hot braidy and water, given from time to time. An ounce of infusion of Cherayta taken twice a day, for three or four days after the first attack, will restore the stomach to its natural tone, or small doses of Rhubarb of 5 or 6 grains each, may be given, evening and morning.

" Columbo root, in powder, is also an excellent medicine in this stage of the disease. For some days after an attack of this disease, the patient should avoid exposure to heat, and should abstain from all heating and greasy food, confining his regimen to the plainest and most simple diet. It will be proper to guard against a rule of practice which is not applicable to the form in which Cholera Morbus is at present most commonly seen. The rule alluded to, is that of administering diluents, such as warm water, weak gruel. &c. in order to wash out the contents of the stomach, before any medicine is given, when the progress of the disease to its termination, in death, is so rapid as, in many instances that have recently appeared, nothing can be more dangerous than any delay in supporting the patient's strength; and still more is that delay to be deprecated, when the time is lost in the use of means that, in the first instance, increase the violence of . the disease."

#### OCTOBER S.

M Ravier, we are happy to state has been confirmed in the appointment of Intendant at Chander-nagore, by the Governor of Pondicherry.

The treasure about to be sent from Calcutta to the Army, will, it is said be forwarded under charge of the 21st Light Dragoons

We have not been able to occr ain, whet'er there is any truth in the report, that the 2d Cavalry had fal-

ζ

len in with and defeated a detachment of Scindiah's liorse.

UKHBARS.—The Ukhbars of this week, contain nothing of importance. The camp of Holkar was at Lewasa, and as he had made no settlement with his army, in regard to arrears due to them, they were still in a mutinous state

Runjeet Singh, is at Lahoie He shad dispatched Dewan Moteyram, to Bheloie, alledging as the reason, that he had received intelligence, that the Governor General was soon expected at Dehli.

Moultan I khbars of the 21st August, state, that Runjheet, had ordered the country of Moultan, to be ind waste, and that Jella Kania, had reached Kamaliah, in execution of this order. He was opposed by the Nabob of Moultan

Ameer Khan, is still before Madhor spoorah, much distressed for money to pay his army. The Rajah of Jaypoor, has taken advantige of this, to harrass him.

# SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVAL October I farigi, Morre, from London tolle vilay and list from Bomber — Sundury, losh from Maline 14th cept inder — Hologern (American) Sevett, from Boston 27th March a liste of Linne 15th Tugnst — Jean Baptiste, (French) to Botton, from Hevre de Grace 17th March and isle of Linne 2 al August

Do 3 Meckho'm, Harrison from New Castle 20th April, Munitips and Midras ofth Sept - Elizabeth, Scott from Jiva, and Penan, 17th Migust - Hooghly Trill from Rangeon 11th Septemb 1 - St de Masso, (Portuguese,) D (osta, from Rio de Janeiro 2d June

Du 4 Lord Wallington, (Post Office Packet,) Wasse, from England 7th May and Madras 22d Suptember

DIPARTURES Sept 28 Laura, (French.) De La Croix, for the Isle of Irance

Do 29 Brig Ambount Preswick, for Bencoolen.

Do. 30 (uesar, (Fiench,) Henry, for Rordeaux October 1 I and Welkelle, Wetherall, for London—Ann, Dickie for Bombay—Sherburne, Bowman, to complete her f Livery) ! Do 2 Hope, Kains, for Bombay — Edward Strettell, Balston, for Madris — Mustapha, Curran, for the Isle of France.

Do. 4 Lord Wellington, Keene, for London — Riv de Pardy, (Portuguese,) Beyts, for Bombay

Passandin per Haritett Mr William Seppins Builder Pel Sunbury Mrs R Lerion, from Bombay, Mr and Mrs B. D'Rozatio, and Childr n. Lieutenant Anstice, H M, 53d Regiment, Mi Johif, Free-narmer, from Madras

Per Jean Baptiste Mr F Le Vailant, Vr H. Cook, Mr P. Peard, from Havie Mr J H Pilgrim, No chief, Mr J Lamb, I ree merchant, and Mr C C Slatter, Free-mariner, from the Isle of France

ROMBAY ARRIVED. Aug 30 Brig Good Fortune, Com-

Scpt 2 Portigu se Ship Frajino, Comminder Joze Thordoro de Audride from Rio de Janeiro — 5 Bing Johnny, Captain R Ballaid from Pensag

SALED Sept & Grah Brig Raimoney Vacquelih Amoty, to Pening -3 Arib Ship Raimoney, Nicquidih Mahemed Jules, to Bengal, Figilant, Armed Boat, Syring Doss Mahamed, to ourgt

## Madras.

#### SEPTIMBLE 16.

The Land Winds have at length nearly exhausted themselves. A heavy thunderstoim on bituiday night greatly cooled the itmosphere, and but buildly evening the fall-of rain was heavy but the complicate of drought are still very great, and grain of every description is unusually high.

We are extremely happy to learn by recent letters from Hyderibad, that His Excellency on I Hamas Histor. Burthad nearly recovered from his late severe indisposition and it gives us a liditional pleasure to state that the list recounts are so favorable as to induce us to believe that the General is now restored to his accustomed health.

We have received no other particular news from Head Quarters.

The Packets for the Free Lrader (harles Mills, are vet open—it is expected that sie will suit in the course of the

'day, but none of her Passengers had embarked last evening. She touches at the Cape of Good Hope A list of Passengers appear, d m our last.

The Wathrloo, Captain Birnie, will probably sail about Sunday next.

The homeward hound Ship Melville, has not yet arrived, but adverting to the winds which have lately prevailed, we think she may be hourly looked for.

The Metcalfe, for Prince of Wales Island and Bengal, was to sail from Portsmouth about the end of May. Mr. Bannerman, the new Governor, and Mr. Ricr, Recorder of the Island, had taken their passages on board this vessel.

The Packet Wellington, will sail for her ultimate destination in the course of a few days, and the Roads will then be left nearly destitute of Shipping.

## CALCUTTA MONTHLY JOURNAL.

Vol. XXXI.]....OCTOBER....[Nums. 276.

## Calcutta.

## CIVIL APPOINTMENTS.

SEPTEMBER 30, 1817.

Mr. James Richard Barwell, Sub-Treasurer.
Mr. Gordon Founds, Third Commissioner for investigating
the Debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatac.

### MILITARY.

ageneral orders, by the honorable the vice-president in council.

FORT WILLIAM; SEPTEMBER 23, 1817.

The Honorable the Vice-President in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. Assistant Surgeon Kennedy to the temporary charge of the Medical duties of the Civil Station of Goruckpore, during the absence of Mr. Fraser, on sick Certificate.

JOHN CRAIGIE, " Offg: Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY THE MONORABLE THE VICE-PRESIDENT IN

FORT WILLIAM; SEPTEMBER 23, 1817.

The Honorable the Vice-President in Council is pleased to appoint Captain T. Barron of the 10th Regiment of Native Infantly, to be Temporary Assistant to the superintendent of Civil and Military buildings, in the Western Provinces, with a Staff Salary of Sonat Rupees 500, including the Allowance he at present draws, on account of the Timber Depôt at Putty Chur.

JOHN GRAIGIE,
Offg. Sec. to Goyt, Mil. Dept.

CENERAL ORDERS, BY THE HONORAGE THE VICE-PRESIDENT IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; SEPTEMBER 23, 1817.

Serjeants John Quinier of the Invalid Establishment, and John Buttress, att ehed to the Clothing Agency of the 1st Division Field Array, having produced satisfactory testimon alsi

of their claims to the Pension established by Minutes of Council'of the 11th January 1797, they are accordingly admitted to the benefits of that I astitution, with paragramen to the former, -to reside and draw his Stipend at the Presidency, and to the latter at Monghier.

JOHN CRAIGIE,

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GLNERAL ORDERS, BY THE HONORABLE THE VICE PRESIDENT 14 CODNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM, SEPTEMBER 23, 1817.

The Honorable the Vice-President in Louisil is pleased to -make the following Promotions

#### 18th Regiment of Native Infantly.

Capt Lieut Lewis Shaw to be Captain of a \ 5 5 5 5 Company

Salmon to be Captain Lieutenant.

nant.

JOHN CRAIGIE, Offg. Sec to Govt, Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY THE HONORABLE THE VICE-PRESIDENT IN COUNTIL.

FFORT WILLIAM, STREEBER 30, 1917.

The Honorable the Vice-President in Council is pleased to make the following Appointments

Lieut H Carter of the 7th Regiment of Native Infanti; to

be Barrack Master at Muttra

Lieutenant J MacGregor, to be a temporary Assistant to Lieutenant Morison, in his Survey of the Sunderbunds, until in Officer of the Quarter Master & neral's Department em bo spared for that duty

JOHN CRAIGIE, Offe See to Govt Mil Dept.

SCHERAL ORDERS, BY THE HOVORABLE THE VICE-PRESIDENT IN COUNCIL

FORT WILLIAM; SCRIEUBER 30, 1817.

The Accounts off the General Off-reckening Fund for the Jear 1815, and the Off-reckoning accounts of the corps of Voheateers lately surving in Java, to the period of their dissolution, being under adjustment, the Honorable the Vice-President in Council is pleased to direct the immediate transmission of all Cismas against the General Off-reckoning Fund for the year, 1815, or on account of judividuals, while serving in the late corps of Volunteers in Java, and to declare, that such claims, for the period and individuals abovementioned, as do not treach the Clothing Board Office before the 1st January, 888, cannot be admitted.

JOHN CRAIGIE, Offg Sec to Gott Mil Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY THE HONGRABLE THE VICE-PRESIDENT IN COUNCIL,
FORT WILLIAM; SEPTEMBER 70, 1817.

The Honorable the Vice-President in Council is pleased to authorize the following Bizir Establishment, being attached to the Body-Guard of the Most Noble the Governor General during the period of its being employed in the Pield; with retrospective effect from the 15th instant, viz

9 Flog or Weighmen, each 3, ... 9
The Officer communding the Body-Guard, is permitted for draw the sunt of 5t Rs 600, as an advance on loan to the Bunniahs, &c to be recovered in the mode prescribed by Government General Orders of the 15th January 1811,

JOHN CRAIGIF,
Off Sec to Govt, Mil Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY THE HUNORABLE THE VICE PRESIDENT 14 COUNCIL FOR1 WILLIAM, SIFTEMBER 30, 1817

the Honorable the Vice President in Conneil is pleased to resolve, that the Medical Officer in Charge of the Cuttack Legion, shall draw medical allowance, at the same rate, as that established for Provincial Battahous; viz St. Rs. 225 per tensum, for every 1040 men.

JOHN CR (IGIE, Offg Sec. to Govt Mil. Dept.

#### OCIOBER 18.

To the Editor of the India Gazette,

Sin,—Your correspondent "Ollaped" from the general tenor of his very facetious epistle, would give us to understand, that he has discovered, in

of courts of the property of the same of

New Rice, the indubitable, if not the sole, cause of the prevailing Epidemic; but, in the true spuit of his prototype, cannot, it seems, advertise his own specific without baving a fling at his peighbours.-If the case be, as announced by Ollapod, with such an ser of triumph; how happens it, Mr. Editor, that this fatal malady has continued to rage with undiminished violence, long after new rice had been " d s'ai ded as an article of diet, and, among persons who have constantly avoided the use of it; and how shall we account moreover, for the incontrovertible. fact of its existing, in the very worst form, in siturtions where the procuring of new rice was not within the verge of possibility a remarkable instance of which tell under my own observation several years ago while employed with a detachment a small I-land on the north western extremity of Borneo, where every grain of rice consumed on tic Island was imported from Bengal, and, on a fan calculation, at the time I speak of, must have been considerably more than two years old, allowing even for the shipment of the grain in its recent state; a circumstance, which I should suppose, in such cases, but very rarely occurs yet Cholera Morbus, in its most formidable shape, made its appearance at this Island among the Native Troops, and was prevalent to an alarming degree, at the change of the Monsoon and I perfectly remember, was att. ibuted to the sudden suppre sion of perspiration, occisioned by an imprudent exposure of the body to the frequent and a spid changes in the temperature of the atmosphere, and this I am more than ever of opinion, from daily experience, is by far the most frequent cluse of this disease -- Here, then, is a fact conclusive of the existence and prevalence of Choler i Morbus, where it was utterly impossible for new rue to have had any shire in the production of it! That this article of diet (which time out of min ! among the Natives, has been considered as a tertile some of bonel condplaints, and for that is a son, seldom used I believe, but among the very lowest classes) may have been the exciting, or immediate cause of the malady in the Coal at Jessore, Lam quite ready

to admit; but, the circumstance of the disease baying become so much inlider, or less frequent, in that I is trict, as the have ceased to be an object of aldring may, I think, be fairly accounted for, in some many sure, by referring it to the known character of Kpider mical Diseases, viz.—that it is the nature of an Epidemic to wear itself out first, in those situations where it first makes its appearance.

Your obedient Salvant,

An Occasional Correspondent.

October 8, 1817.

The subscription for HASTIE'S Assemblies, which are to be holden at his Robins, has received the countenance of most of the principal families in the Settlement: and there is reason to expect that the list of names, will be as well filled as that of the last season. We have been assured, that the Rooms, at which the public has so long been entertained, were thoroughly repaired last year, and that the expense of remdering them perfectly fit for the projected Assemblies, will not exceed One Thousand Rupees. No apprehension respecting the stability of the dancing room need be entertained, by those who are not desireds of stopping the progress of the Subscription.

We regret to notice the loss of the Brig Joyce, Capt. R. H. Bean, which was wrecked off Masulipatam on the 19th ultime. We have not heard whether the Crew were saved or not.

We are concerned to state, that although the entire demic has considerably abouted at the presidents, it still continues to prevail among the lower clauses of the natives.—We have not received any information during the last week; tespecting the state of this disorder, in other places that have poen subject to its visitation.

## 3]F CALCUTEL MONTHLY JOURNAL,

All Surgeons and Assistant Surgeons whose services are not indispensely necessary at the Presidency have been ordered to proceed to Camppore with the ides, possible delay.

Our readers will find in the following, a correct account of the latest Military arrangements.

General Orders, by the Communior in Chief, Head-Quarters, Cannpore, 27th September, 1817.

The Troops under orders for Field Service, are formed into Divisions and Brigade, as follows:

#### GRAND ARMY.

Bis Excellency the Most Noble the Commander in Chief.

#### 1st on CENTER DIVISION

Major General Brown, Commanding.
Lieutenant W Turner, 29th Native Infantry, Aid-de-Camp.
Lieutenant Franklin, Deputy Assistant Quarter Master General.
Lieutenant Garden, ditto ditto ditto, ditto
Captain Beatson, ist Native Cavalry, Deputy Assistant Adjutant
General

#### . 18TBRIGADE OF CAVALRY.

Lieut Col. Philpot, 24th L. D. to command Brevet Major Bunce, ditto Major of Brigade, "in Nation Cayalty." Su regiment Matter Cayalty. His Majesty's 24th Light Dragoens. 7th Regiment Native Cayalty.

## ist BRIGADE OF INFANTRY.

Brigadier General' D'Auvergne, to Command. Lieut. Barnard, 26th N. I. Major of Brigade. 2d Battalion 25th Native Infantry. His Majesty's 87th Regiment of Foot. 1st Battalien 29th Native Infantry.

## 30 BBIGADE OF INFANTRY.

Col. Burrell, 18th Native Infantry to Command Captain Heighcott, 24th N. I. Major of Brigade... 2d Batisliou I th Native Infantry. 1st Batisliou 18th Native Infantry. 2d Batisliou 18th Native Infantry.

#### SO RESIDE OF THEANTHY.

Colonel Dick, 9th Matire Intentry, to Command.
Captain Montgonistic, 17th N. I. Major of Brigade.
Survey intending Surgeon, James Meils, Esq.
Baggage Master to the Most Noble, the Governor General and
Commander in Chief's Head Quarters.
Capt. Kemm, 25th Native Infantry.

Baggage master to the Division, Lieutenant Rurren European Regiment.
To Command the Artiflery, with the Army, Major Mason
Brigade Major to ditto, Capt. Battine. Commanding Engineer, Major Anbury. 2d Battahon ist Native Infantry. Flank Battahop. lat Battalion 8th Native Infantry.

#### ED OR RIGHT DIVISION.

Major General R S. Donkin, Commanding. Captain A Bowen, 91st Poot, Aid-de-Camp. Lieutenant Colonel Casement, C. B. Deputy Quarter Master Lieutenant Patterson, Deputy Assistant Quarter Master Ge-

Captain Broadbent, Deputy Assistant Adjutant General.

#### 8n BRIGADE OF CAVALRY.

Lieutenant Colonel Westenra, 8th L. D. Commanding. Brevet Major Brutton, Ditto, Major of Brigade. 1st Regiment Native Cavalry His Majesty's 8th Light Dragoons. Colonel Gardner's Irregulars

#### 478 BRIGADE OF INFANTRY.

Lieut. Col Vanrennon, 12th N I Commanding. Captun P Young, 19th N. I Major of Brigade. Superintending Surgeon, Alexander Gibb, Eq. Bagguge Master to the Dission, Ensign E. MacLeod, 21 Battalion 12th Native Infantry. His Majesty's 14th Foot. 1st Battalion 27th Native Infantry. 1st Battalion 25th Native Infantry.

#### SD OR LEFT DIVISION.

Major General D. Marshall, Commanding, Licut. C. D. Aplin, 16th Native Infantry, Aidz-de-Camp-Licut J. Pickersgall, Deputy Assistant Gentler Master Ge-

Lieut Strettell, Ditto ditto ditto ditto. Captain Wm. James, 18th Native Infantry, Deputy Assistant Adjutant General, **\** 

#### 30 BRIGADE OF CAVALRY,

Col Newberry, 24th L. D. Commandiak Captain Hawirey, 4th N. C. Major of Brigage 4th Regiment Native Caralty \* 14 2d Robillali Horse. 4 Ressallahs, 3d Rohillah Horse.

CALEGRAL MORTHLY JOHNNAL,

57M BRIGADE OF INFANTRY

. Magadita Galleral Watthat C. B to Cultimizat. Capt. Dyson, H. M. (14th Regt. Major of trigade.
The Battalion for Wally Infantry.
Let Battalion 7th Native Infantry.
Let Battalion 7th Native Infantry.

311 .

4, 42,

### OTT BRIGADE OF INFANTRY.

Lieut Col Price, 28th Nat. Inf Commanding, Espt. A. MucDonald, 7th BO C Major of Brigade Acting Superintending Surgeon, George Reddie, Bog. 7th N C Baggage Master to the Division, the Batt 14th Native Infantsy 28 Batt 28th Native Ibiantry.

#### ↓ ↑ RESERVE.

Major General Sir D. Gehterloog, Rt G C, B Commanding Major I Cartwright, 24th Native Infantry, Aide-de Camp Captan A Poppie, 69th | Boot, Butra, ditio ditto Captun E Barron, Assistant Quarter Fruster General-Lieut H. Bull, Deputy Assistant Qr Mr General, Captain Salter, Deputh Assistant Adjutant General

#### ATH BRIGADE OF GAVALBY

Licutenant Chanel A Knov, 2d N C. Commanding Captain Dashwood, 2d: N. C. Major of Brigado 2d Regiment Native Cavilry. Two Corps of Colonel Skinder's House.

### 

Cor. Huskisson, His Majestr's 6 th, to Command - Major of Bugade 2d Butt dion 5th Native Infantry His Muchty a 67th Reg! of Foot. 1st Battalion 6th Nativo Infinity.

#### em Brigade of Infantry: 1 10

Brigadier (Printed Athild Commanding, doften Please 1868 Not 1 W. Mafor of Bergade, 2d Battelion via Native Infantry 368 15 3 1st Batteliga 18th Natere Istantry Michaelsheilt, Bifincht Bullalloit 2d Battelion 19th Native infantry. Superintending Superpo, Alexander, Ogilerey, Fig 1
Baggaga Master,

Lieutenant-Cunfinghamps, Donney For Master at Mutter, is to join the Centre Division of the Grand Lawry, with the t-stablish ment of his Office, and to me as Field Foy Master, of the Litund Army 1 1

Captain Significa, at possent Acting Deputy Pay Manue. Campage, a appointed Deputy Rield Pay Master to the area which he will bloom as relieved by Captain Malang, a whomsate is diffuling.

An arrangement will horsefter be made for the charge me Pay Department with Major General Sh David Ochterfon

Division.

The Payment of the Troops which will remain at fixed Suctions within the Mistra Division of Payment, are temporally transfered to the Meernt and Camppore Divinous, as follows :-

Mynpoores, Kinnshikad Pattenghur, to the Linnipore Divi-

Allyghur, Igra, Mitter, Hansee, and the Posts to the Hills, included inclate 3d Devenion, Field Army, to the Meriut Divi-

The date of assembly and points of rendeavous for the several

Divisions, ure as followe ;-

Centar Devision, Secundra, 20th October.

Right Division, Agra, 20th Ditto, Left Division, Kallinger 10th thito. Reserve. Delhee, 20th Ditto.

The following Removals are ordered to take place Leute unt Colough Lamburns, from the 2d Butalion e8th

to the 1st Battilion 4th Native Infantis, at Barrolly.

Lu alen int-Colonel Price, from the 2d Baftalion 'Ith Native Infantiv, at Kallinger

Lieulinant-Colonel Lyons, Kopp the 1st Buttalion 4th to the

24 Battalio 1 Ath. Lieutenant-Colonel Burnett, C B. From the 2d Battahon 8th

to the 1st Bolishon 3d Nutive Lufantiy, at Bermies.

Lieutebant-Colubel A Maxwell, from the let Battalion 29th to the 2d Battalion 21st Nation Infantry, at Sultangore, Oude?

Libutenant-Coloppel Thorapson, & B. from the 2d Battalion 3d Autivo infaulty to the 1st Baltalion 25th Native Infantry, at Rivarice.

I .eutenant-Colonel Ainslie, from the 1st Battalion 3d Native

Infinity to the 24 Batfalion 3d Native Infantry.

Ticutament-Colonel Greens, Santhe 2d Battaion 30th Native Intanta to the 2d Battairen 13th Palice Infantry. Colonel and Lieutenant-Colonel Toomas, C. Ba from the 2d Bittainen 15th to 2d Battainen 30th, in Cuttack

Major Hiranit, from the 1st Battalion to the 2d Battalion

18th at Agra, vice P. L. Granf

The following enticle has been sent to us for in-It seems to premise great amusement to those who take delight in this species of entertainment,

The Nautohes which are annually given at the grand Hundoo Festival of the Doorgan Poojah, will be limited this year to two days, the 17th and 18th

Militari.—On this occasion, as on all preceding one-tion we filly Natives of Calcutta will we doubt not possibly hear in the splendons and pagnin-The extensive of Rajah Raw Chinapan Roy afford us ground to entiripate that his new residence at Jorah Lanco will mailtain a decided superiority in the nespectable number of its visitors.—It has been fitted up, we understand, with uncommon elegance, and the superb lustres which decorate the hall are men-Moned as remarkably splendid.—Attractions of a different nature, too, will not be wanting, as the Rajah with his accustomed liberality has 'at a great expense entertained some very superior musical per-formers, and female dancers.—The sweet and pleasing notes of the Pandean Pipes will considerably vary and enliven the entertainment; and the wonderful performances of the French Juggler, who has been also engaged at a high rate, will give it a finishing eclât.

The following testimony of the kindness and humanity of the inhabitants of Johanna, deserves to be rendered as public as possible. The treatment experienced by the Officers and Crew of the Admiral Gambier, reflects infinite eredit, on the hospitable Islanders; and we shall be most happy to learn, that men so deserving of protection, are likely to receive every practicable assistance, that can be afforded to them by the British Nation. We think that the Certificate of Captain Baasa, if properly used, would produce an effect at Lloyd's that would be bighly implicial to these unprotected people:

Johanna Bey, 8th August, 1817

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

There are to chalifythat the Free trader Admiral Gambier sailed from Portugiouth untitle loth March, 1817, and arrived at Madeira on the fifth at the same mouth, having put, it ters on shore, saide live same day for Ceylon, passed the Cape of Good Hope on the Atla May, bill in with the Bridget of Liverpool, bound to Hopfort, kept Company together, till near the entrince of Mosamhique channel, when dwing to bad weather we parted on the night of the 7th June 1817 I then proceeded thro' the Mosambique, and on the morning of the 20th June

1817, at 18. 24. At the flag struck on the reels of long Nova, and still devery exection was made to save the shape struck of the save the shape struck of provide heaft-chart, and we were abliged to the shape there and lake to the bosts, viz. pinsues, joby heat make the crew and preceded to this island, where we arrive on the 27th line [217] on our laiding we were received sittle open artist of the town; on hearing our cash cause defreshments of the town; on hearing our cash cause defreshments of every kind to be provided them from the weather a since which myself, others, and passengers baye, daily caten at the king with the use, the king with the save to us; the king and this winter of the island, vicing with each other, who should show us the most attention, the they could but it if afford it. I are proud to say no country in the could but iff afford it. I am proud to say no country in the world could exceed the horpitality of this island, and I am convinced, at any time, mould the like unfortunate accident occur. to any other ship, they will meet with the same treatment. The king Sullan. Allawie has a great desire for all ships passing to call here, as he is at all times very gled of intelligence, as also to see European subjects. Small arms, &c. are always an acceptable present, being much wanted for the protection of the island against the Madagassar people, who are constantly comineau, against the managasers people, who are constantly coming over, and electroying their plantations, and taking array the inhabitants; thereby reducing their to the greatest want and misery. The French ship Trus, having arrived in this Bay on her way to Chandersagers and Bengal, Captain Beck has kindly received us on board for a passage; and being now about to sail, I cannot leavy this island, without once more expressing the sincere gratitude, esteen, and friendship, I entertain for the king Sultan Allowie, his family and all the inhabitants of this hypotable tilland; and at the only remoment. inhabitants of this hopotable Island; and at the only requeneration I could give in return, Thave presented the King Sultan Allowie, with the Jolly Beat of the little ship Admiral Francier. I trust and hope any person who has design to read this, will not only see but feel the obligation of his been flader to these inhabitants, and thereby return them by any small presents or supplies they can spare. ROBERT BRASH.

Johanna Ban, July 6th, 1817.

OCTOBBE 15

Extract of a Letter from Nagroce, and there is no particular news in this quality, and there are no symptoms of a move yet a white. General Malcolm is on his march towards this with two divisions of the Coast Army. It is expected that one of these divisions will remain to guard the Chauts,

epideal (Christians and Charles) being personal function per organishe Charles (purpose and best for his per higher charles accurately and best for member of gains of mixtigation say, that it is never to the se are and that we shall seem little he hims

The Honographe Mr. Surge ratched Madrae entitle 25d September; and we are happy in custo, has entirely recovered from the indeposition, which readdered his voyage to sea necessary. He may be some expected of this Presidency, as he was to leave Madras on his return, about the 2d instant.

## INTELLIGENCE.

Applicate Oak 6. Renting Appelent, home from Rangoon and the Pameing of Captings of Hadiparies.

Do 9 feet Solers Daniel from Rangoon fith Sopt Presenter R. W. Bruce, Sen aid Caption Stories.

10 10 brig Conflow, Breit, from Rangoon fith August.

Do 11 H. C. Schooner, Spring from Rangoon from Subdryna 18th May Malarca Holandson and Francisco Conflowers British Franks of Sopt. Passenger:

Mr. Malarca Holandson and Franks of Sopt. Passenger:

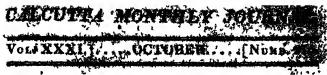
Mr. Malarca Holandson and Franks of Sopt. Passenger:

Mr. Malarca Holandson and Franks of Sopt. Passenger:

rican Larrod, for Braton. reign, for

Luz, from Was tast Edmind Dyer, Was Lewis from Penang — in 18th Foreman, from Lonper los rous Marifitale. Fortman, from Lou-forn, Sopt. Arth Shipi Cuta Fells, Sucquedia Homed, la.

to Calcutta.



## Calcutta.

### MILITARY.

SENSRAL ORDES, BY THE RONOR OLD THE VICE-PRESIDENT

FORT WILLIAM; Sert. 80, 1817.

Considerable inconvenience having been experienced, in waiting the arrival from Fort William, of the number of Doolies required to accompany Corps and detachments moving from Barrackposer the Honorable the Vice-President in Council is picture to direct, that to Honorable the Vice-President in Council is picture to direct, that to Honorable shall be kept at that Station, in addition to the number authorized by the 14th Article 4th Section of the Medical Regulations; and that, on the march of a Battalion from Barrackpore, with its proportion of Doolies, the numbes thus detached, shall be immediately replaced.

The Doolies to be placed under charge of the Cantonment

Staff.

JOHN CRAIGIR, Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

CINCRAL CADERS, BY THE MONORABLE THE VICE-PRESIDENT IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM 1. SEFTEMBER 50, 1817

The Honorable the Vice-President in Council is pleased to authorize the undermentioned Establishment to be entertained, by the Executive and Engineer Officer at Agra; for keeping in repair the works of that Forteeff's and which is to be drawn for, in the same manner as prescribed for the Establishments of Fort Wilham, Chuose, and Allahabad.

ш	DAL CREAT TRIBUTATION		
	Head Mason, at 12	per Mensem,	12
6	Bruklayers, at 5	each,	30
	Stehr Cutters 5	each,	30
12	Bildars, 4	cach, , , es hi	48
12	Coolies 8	each,	36
3	Beesties 4	cuch,	8
L	Puckalce, 8	**** *********	-
1	Carpenter 6	*****	- 6
1	NativeAccount- } o	**********	9
	Anti-		
3	Chokeydars 4	each.	18
ì	Peob,	*********	5
	. 1	-	-

Total 200

JOHN CRAIME. . Off. Sec. to Gove Mil. Dept.

COURSEL CHEEK, ST SEE SERGIAGES CHEEK MAN CAMPUTATE 14

his fort Walland Carender 26, 1914.

The Bonorable this Time Provident in Council is pleased to make the following productions.

6th Regiment of Native Infantry.

Captain Lieut. Alex. Cobbe, to be Captain of a Company.

Lieutenant. James McHare to be Captain
Lieutenant.

Basign John Bannelly to be Lieute-

The two undermentioned Assistant Surgeons, having produced Counterpart Covenants of their respective appointments on the Bengal Establishment, are admitted into the service accordingly.

Mr. Andrew Ross, Counterpart Covenant dated 12th April 1817. Mr. Alexander Wardrop, Counterpart Covenant dated 13th

April 1817

The understantaned Officers and Surgeon are permitted by the Honble, the Caurt of Directors to return to their duty on this establishment, without prejudice to their ranks.

Captain John Smill of the 3d Regiment of Native Infantry, Captain Alexr. Brown, Houble. Company's European Regisment

Cornef J. W. T. A. Tremamondo, 3d Regiment of Native

Surgeon John Prierson.

Captain Lieut. Churies Russell of the 21st Regiment of Native Infantry, Commanding the Escort of the Resident at Hyderabad, having produced the prescribed Certificates from the Medical and Pay Departments, is permitted to proceed to Europe on Furlough, for the resource of his health.

Lieutenant Colonel Paris Bradshaw of the 7th Regiment of Native Infantry, having furnished the prescribed Certificates from the Medical and Pay Departments, is permitted to proceed to Europe on Furlough, for the recovery of his health.

Major General Sir Robert Blair, K C B. is permitted to proceed to Europe on Furlough, on account of his private affairs, on his producing the prescribed Certificate from the

Pay Depart figur.

Making McChrty, of the European Invalid Pension Establishment, if permitted, at the recommendation of His Excellency the Commander in Chref, to reside and draw his Pension at the Presidency, instead of Chunar, subject to the Regulations published on that head, in Government, General Orders of the Reth of May, 1917.

JOHN CRAIGIE,

Offg. Sec.' to Cort. Mil. Dept.

onders, so rise mangraph. Bek vide As. In occuper. FORT, which am a descent t, 1817. STREET, ORDERA

Mr. William Fraser, Cadet of Infantry, whose Certifical dated the 20 of April, 1817, having by mistake, been deep Assistant Surgeon in General Orders of the 9th ultimo, notify ing the admission into the service; the Honorable the Vice endent in Council directs, that this error be accordingly rectified. JOHN CRAIGIE.

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Doge

CERETAL ORDERS BY THE HOTORABLE THE VIOL-PRESIDENT ta conkerr . 3, .

#### FORT WILLIAM; October 7, 1817.

The Honogable the Vice President in Council is pleased to spoid Captain A. Lindsay of the Regiment of Artillery, to heritakend the Tunior yard and the preparation of Materials I the Gun Carriage Agency at Cossipore, in the room of weet Major H." Faithful.

2. Lieutenaut T Marshall of the Regiment of Artillery, is directed to officiate as Superintendent of the Timber vard and of the preparation of Materials for the Gun Carnage Agency at Cossipore, until the arrival of Captain Lindsay.

JOHN CRAIGIE,

Offg. Sec. to Govt Mil. Dept.

- CETERAL OBBERS, BY THE HONORABLE THE TICE-PRESIDENT IA COUNCIL.

#### FORT WILLIAM; October 7, 1817.

The Honorable the Vice-President in Council is pleased to make the following appointments.

Mr. Assistant Surgeon W. Adamson to perform the Medical duties of the Civil Station of Midnapore.

Mr. Amstant Surgeon George Webb to perform the Medical

duties of the Civil Station of Jessore. Brevet Major C. Sealy of the Regiment of Artillery, to efficiate as Agent for Gun Carriager, until further orders.

JOHN CRAIGIE.

Offg. Sec. to Govt Mil Dept

GENERAL ORDERS, BY THE HONORABLE THE VIOR-PRESIDENT IN COUNCIL.

#### FORT WILLIAM, OCTOBER 7, 1817.

Mr Surgeon William O'Neil is permitted by the Honorable the Court of Directors to return to his duty, on this Establishment, without projudice to his rank.

SALES CONTRACTOR OF THE SALES

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Revolve of life of the state of the permitted to be percent to here ed to here of the percent and the state of the percent and the state of the percent and the state of the s

Apparent Surgeon H. P. Sounders having produced the problem Constitute level the March and Mr. Departments, is permitted to proceed by Barops va furthings, for the recovery of his health.

Seriount Bradbury of the Popaion Ettaliant in the Street of Street to reside and draw his superious at the Presidency

ong, soes to Gove, Mic Dee

MERELL ORDERS, BY THE MONORABLE THE VIOL-PRESIDERS IN COUNCIL.

#### FORT WILLIAM: COTOBER 7, 1817

The Honorable the Vice-President in Council is pleased to resolve, that the Regulations of Government, suthorizing-Conductorized Ordennes to draw an Allowance of Sonat Rupees 20 per mensem, for Stationery, &c., when proceeding in charge of Public Stores, shall be extended to Sub-Conductors of Ordnauce, when employed on similar duties.

. JOHN CRAIGIE,
Offs. See. to Gott Mil Dept.

SEVERAL GRADES, BY THE WORGRADUS THE W.CE-PRESIDENCE IN COUNCIL

### FORT WILLIAM, October 7, 1817.

The Honorable the Vice President in Council is pleased to appoint Energhaut P. W. Grant of the 17th Regiment of Native Infantry, to survey the Western Frontier of Azesinghui, and Jumpore, where it touches the Territories of the Newaub Vizier,

John Craigie,

Offg. Sec. to Gort. Mil Dept.

CENDRAL DEPE

Great inconvenience having been experiments, from want of a provision for the employer tomo of Paragidas they become differ to Won-commissioned Officers and Paragidas and transferent from one corps to another, in the littlestings cante Major dud Quarter Master Setjauete Be. while to mitte to join the cities they the which they may have been suport the Honorabia like Visial resident to flowned, with a visi provide the mune of regular subsistence to individually situated, and the desired secretary for the irregular application for alreaders, on the pict of distinct and deality to proceed, directs the following regulations of the observed.

On the promption and transfer of any New commissioned Offices or Private, to the mail and situation of Serieant Major, Quarter Muster Serieant, East Medicine, (such as Mureck Serieant, to.) at a distant Sixton, on to the similation of Sub-Conductor of Ordinance, and on the being ordered to join, his arrears are immediately to be drawn with his cotton, and paid up:-- he is then to be furnished with the Extract of the General Orders for his appointment, on the buck of which is to be noted the date of his being directed to quit his corps for the purpose of joining a certificate of last pay, and a continente of last. Clothing, or compeniation in lieu thereof.—The above 3 documents to be each on a separate paper.

In progress to join, on his arrival at a Station at which there may be a Pay Office, should a month's pay have intermediate-Iv become flug to him, which he may require, he is immediately to wait spen the Brigade Major, and obtaining from him a certificate of the date of reporting himself, he is to proceed to the Pay Office, where, our producing the above documents. should a month's ellowances have actually become due, be will on a regular bill, no which is to be annexed the Brigado Major's certificate, and hissertificate of last Pay, received bus month's Fee and Batta, and if a Sub-conductor of Ordanico.

full or half Tentage, as the case may be.

On his departure, be is to be furnished by the Pay Master with a fresh certificate of last Pary and immediately to proceed on his journey.

bach on a separate paper; and not, as heretoine has been the

practice, on the same paper.

The chare regulations are confined to the cases of transfer of Non-somming of Officers and Privates from their Corns to the states on their removal back to their configurations states on their removal back to their configuration of their configuration for personal selection and so their configuration for personal selection on any pleasure positively penalities, and will not be attended to Office See to Sever Mill. Dept.

Programme and the second

the Honorable the Vice-President in Mounch is pleased to Thingrise one pair of Homes for the draft of each of the care, in the the Rocket Troop, an addition to the detail, specified a Homes of the Fig. July last.

"All thering been brought under the notice of Government, that pams of money due by Surgeous of Selley Gorps, for Medicaines, &c. supplied to them from the Fublic Stores, have not hier regularly collected by Pay Minters of Stations, nor the Statements transmitted by those Officers to the Modical Board. as prescribed in the 17th Article of the 4th Section of the new Medical Regulations, the Honorable the Vice-President in Council calls the attention of Pay Masters to the Propisions of the Regulations on this subject and darects that they may in fature be strictly attended to.

2. With a view to realize the amount due, on account of Medien! Stores furnished to Surgeons of Nature Corps, &c. previeasis to the Establishment of the new Medical Regulations, the Apathecary to the Honorable Company's Dispensity is directed to furnish Pay-masters of Divisions with Statements of stems due by Surgeons on the account; the amount of which is to be deducted by mouthly retrenchments from the Pay and allowances of those gentlemen, and brought to account in the manner prescribed by the 17th Article 4th Section of the Regulations now

m force.

John Sraigie.

Offer Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

ABBÉRAL CROERS, BY THE HOROMABLE THE VICE-PRESIDENT IN COURCIA

#### FORT WILLIAM: October 7, 1817.

The micreased difficulty which Officers of Caralty experience in proturing Chargers of a proper description, having been represented to Government; The Honorable the rice-President in
Council, with a rick of diminishing the consequent inconvenance, is placed to lay down the following rules, extending
the linkelegacy fromity greated to Cavalry Officers, of selecting
a Charger grow the Ranks, or the remount Horses

arst instance, every Communicated Officer of the Borse Avallers, and the Regiments of European and, Native ( 1valry, will be paramited to assect from the Ranks, in from the remodul Catileastotted to Regiments, respectively, two Horses, as Charges, our the terms hereafter to be incutified. It is to be understood. That Chargers safeted from the Banks or Remount, now in his session of Officers, and to be included in the number of selections allowed to the individual, and to be subject to the provisions of this Regulation.

2. The selection in he reminist by Selecting that is, who two tofficers are designed of selecting the same flower, the parties in to be applied to the action beginned of the cer.

ference is to he grant the senior Regmentar tamer.

3. No Officer it; handrer, to have a claim to relect a sec.

Horse, while his signif, so will autoriore with the first selection.

4. When critice of the selected Chargers shalldies be killed stolen, captured, lost, shot by the recommendation of a Con mittee, or reported by a Committee unfit for further Service from age, vice, disease, or permanent uncounsess, the Office will be permitted to replace him by selecting a Horse from Ranks or the Bernount Cattle But on the principle laid down an Ark 3d, this subsequent choice is not to interfere with the first or second selection of another Officer.

5 The selected Chargers of Officers deceasing, returns from the Service, proceeding on furlough to Europe, or exchanging from a mountait to a fact (orps, are not to be sold out of the Regiments to which they belong; such Horses, if no Officer sa the Corps shall be destrous of purchasing them, are to be returned to the Ranks, subject to the Rules laid down in a subsequent part of this Regulation, with respect to Chargers which may be received back into the Ranks at the request of Ludi-

Tidus's.

4. Officers returning from furlough are permitted to select two I hargers, as allowed in Art 1st, without reference to their having enjoyed that indulgence before they protesded to Bu-

rope

Medical Officers permanently attached to Regiments of Cavalry, Courter Masters, and Riding Masters, not being Commissioned Officers, are permitted to select one Charger from the Ranks, or the Remount with the fiberty of replacing him by future selection under the circumstances stated in

8. The Officers Commanding Regiments of Vative Cavalry. sie permitted to exempt the Horses of Native Commissioned

Officers from selection.

9 Horses selected under this Regulation, are not permitted to be disposed of out of the Regiment to which the Officer belongs, unless they shall be reported by a Committee unfit for the bervice, from age, vice, disease, or permanent unresaffinuos.

10 With the sanction of the Officer Commanding the Regiment Horses selected, under this Herselation, may be exchanged for other serviceable selected Courgets of Officers in the same Corps: in such case, both Horses are to be con-

tinued subject to all the foregoing Rules.

11. Upder the same sanction, so Officer may sell his selected Charges to an Officer of the mane Corps, entitled to a chaice : such paralise to stand in the place of a relection, and the Seller to be allewed in regular succession to select another Charger.

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The Whiter an extraction of the property of the state of

15. Horses selected as Charles and Armine to be braided with the Regulaters over a me selected for the distriction Hollies the Regulater teams that he delivered was to the Selection Different and

18. In the page when an Officer wishes to when return, sell, or exchange happing the Charger, by the page and the written application to the Officer December 18 to be independent in the Calculation, which is to be independent to be independent to be independent.

ere not complete, the transport of the transport of the regular descript an expectable of the regular descript an expectable of the regular descript an expectable of the regular descript of the regular respectable of the regular respectable of the regular regular description of the regular reg

 cases of Subalterus, Assistant Surgeons, not in Medical Charge of the Corps, Quarter Masters, and Riding Masters, by four equal monthly deductions as above; where two Horses have at one time been selected by an Officer, the period for the recovery of the price is to be doubled.

19. No officer is to be allowed to exchange or sell a selected Charger, until the payment of his price shall have been con-

pleted.

20. When an Officer dies before the Price of the Charger shall have been recovered, the Horse if reported by a Commetter sound, and otherwise ht for the Service, is to be returned to the Ranks, otherwise he is to be sold under the Orders of the Officer Commanding the Regiment, and from the amount of sale, the sum remaining due to Government to be paid to the Paymasier, and by him carried to the Public Credit.

21. When an Officer has selected a Charger, he is immediately to transmit to the Officer Commanding the Regiment a Certificate in Duplicate, subscribed with his name, Rank, Troop, and Regiment, certifying his having received the Horse, from what Troop selected, whether a Pousa Horse or otherwise, and by how many monthly deductions the price is to he recovered.

22. The Commanding Officer having satisfied himself of the correctness of the Certificate, is to countersign it; to forward one copy of it to the Deputy Pay Master, within whose payment the Corps may be, and the other to the Military Auditor General, first causing a transcript of it to be entered into a Regimental Book to be kept for the purpose.

23. The Commanding Officer will then usue a Regimental order directing the Officer in whose abstract the allowances of the individual who has selected the charger are drawn, to insert at the foot of the abstract a remark to the following ef-

feet, until the ordered deductions shall be completed.

"Definet from Captain A. B. allowances St. Raheige the first monthly deduction (or as the case may be, 2d, 3d, or last) on account of a Charger selected by him from the

--Troop--- "

24 The Officer Commanding the Troop from which the Horse shall be selected is to notice the circumstance in a remark at the foot of the next Muster Roll, or should the selection be made from the remount, the Horse is to be considered as attached to the Troop to which the Officer selecting him belongs, and the remark to be inserted on its Muster Roll.

25. The receipt of the certificate specified in Art 22, 1s to be considered by the Deputy Paymaster as sufficient authority for his making theordered deductions, without waiting for any

turther information.

26 Cavelry Officers entitled to compensation for Horses killed or disabled in action, sar shot in consequence of conlagrous disease, as authorized in Government General Orders 13th March 1795 and 18th of June 1815, when they are deprived of selected Chargers by such causes, will only be allowed as drive the regulated price which they may have paid for

the samei

97 At the close of each year, the Military Auditor General will compare the certificates, with the amount received, on account of a letted (hugers, and will take immediate steps for it occurs any an as due on their account

trues in the Ardator General will also at the close of each year trues in the Board of Superintendence a Statement of the numb yed brite of the Poost Horses, which may have been see "set less Clargers, during the years, to enable the Board to

enter the sine on their records

29. As the precisions of the present Regulation afford the means to all Cavility Officers of formstong themselves with good with the number their command, are suitably and well mount diagracibly with their rink, ill former orders relative to the selection of Chargers from the Raiks, or Remount, are hereby researched and the Vice-President in Council expects the toragoing rules to be strictly attended to by all concerned

JOHN (RAIGIE,

Offg Sec to Govt. Mil Dept.

### Grychy Orners by the Consistent in Chief

" end-Quarters, Campore, 1st (vet 1817

Extracts from the posture of an European General Court Mark ambled of is fixed, on I bursely the 11th day of Son above 18th a process in the ferences, in pursuance of Concil Orders by this F. electey the Mist Noble the Commode at Chief, and of Division Orders by Maria Central in Pavil Order from Burt G. C. Bosepon and he the 3d of North West Fronter Division of all Army and by induced the William field of the said Major Central Son Decrete long to the Trial of Bievet Capture and Treat Kyang if the 3d Not a Cayley, and all such Prisoners is may be been before it

f med I est at C. Henry Westerra, His Majesty of

Alas at Grant le Carl Hilland Parcy Col Dants la Le

I prefer - L sterrit ( J A Dishwood, il Nitive Cavalry

Brevet Captum and Lactement Kyan, of the 'd P concert of Native Caralia, placed in arrest by Order of the Excellency the Most Noble the community of Ruse, on the following Charge

Most Noble the emulader at Chief, on the fellowing Chings
"Tor neglect of duty and constant of althority on the 13th
"Innelist a not stending the strong of the Troops at the microscaped by Regiment to the horse he, Cupt in the documents."

The documents of the fellowing the horse to the command-

" ing Officer of his general neglect of the Evening Inspection, and ordered to pay a structer attention in future to so necessa" ry 4 part of his diety"

By Order of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief (Signed) J48 NCOL,

Adst G. 1 of the Army.

Head Quarters on the River, near Revelgange, lotte August,

Sentence —The Court having instured, weighed is because the evidence produced on the part of the Prosecution is well in whit has been offer I in defence are of opinion that the Propose Brevet Captain and Licutenint Kvan, of the of Regional of Native Cavalry is Guilty of the whole Charge preferred against him, and do aduide him, the said Brevet Captain and Licutenant Ky in to less one step in his Beginnet, that is to six shat he shall take Rink is freutenant in the 2d Regiment of Native Cavaly, immediately below freutenant George Ar ele and above Licutenant Unbrose belonging and that his Causin Sion is Licutenant shall be reduced and his effect from one flavore the late of the Regiment of Native Cavalry.

(Sand H WASTINEA,

Lett Col, sto K To I' It.

Dogoces Pestder

(Signed) • W. P. COOK! Best Decry Judge Advocate Cancel 2d and d Decision,

Rield Army, conducting the fruit

Approved and Confirme !

(Sirned) HASTING.

(Nanca) JAS MICOL,

Adjl. Get of the deny-

## OUTOBER Jo.

## To the Editor of the India Gazi ite,

Sin,- "Thank you my good friend, I owe you one," is the usual exchanation of my name six in Coloman's excellent play of the Poor General n. In the present instance the Public is how you doubly indebted to you Occa and Congrepondent sternot contended with sagaciously explaining the causa

of the reigning calamity as depending upon the change of the Monsoon, he very ingeniously and satisfactorily transports us from Hindoostan to Borneo, in order to look in that island for the origin of a disorder raging in Bengal. He might with equal solidity of judgement have desired us to accompany the native Physicians in an excursion among the stars, where, upon the first breaking out of the Cholera, their unspeakable penetration led these intelliment persons to search for the cause of this alarming visitation. A book has recently, I understand, been published, respecting the causes and treatment of the same malady, by a Gentleman residing at Aberdeen. But will the Correspondent maintain it to be necessary to consult that, or any similar work, to obtain an explanation of the causes which have led to the introduction of the disease at this moment prevailing in the lower provinces of India? Or conversely, can it be supposed any medical Practitioner, would seriously assign new rice, as the cause of occasional cases of the disorder appearing in the North of Scotland? In this country bad wine, sour beer, &c. sometimes indeed not unfrequently, produce this complaint in Europeans, vet is it incumbent to take such accidental circumstances into the accoupt, when we are engaged in considering the reason of Cholera, having occurred this year in particular, to thousands of natives throughout all the districts of Bengal? The leading causes of the disease at Barner of course remain for investigatica with those who had an opportunity of witnessing the facts; vet if alterations of temperature occasion this disorder generally, wherefore should its ravages to this laments ble extent have been confined to this season; and why did they, commencing unmediately upon cutting the unripe harvest, and instantly succeed the employment of the pernicious grain as food, by all classes Such alternations, from the presence of excessive dampness, are necessarily greater during the rains than at any other period, but this disorder did not make its appearance in those months, and the same causes annually, nay perpetually, onerate with unmitigated-activity, and yet are unattended with the presence of this frightful calamity, upon the present occasion the truth is pregnant with consequences much too important in their nature to permit any portion to remain concealed, and, therefore, I protest against the mode of garbling my former letter, which has been adopted by the Correspondent. In that communication, the disappearance of the disorders in the District of Jessore, was distinctly ascribed to its true cause, namely, the humane and strenuous exertions of the Magistrate in restraining the use of the new rice. But the Correspondent, and not altogether with justice, deems it unnecessary to take these exertions into his consideration. nothing can be more erroneous than an idea which appears to be industriously propagated of the distemper having spontaneously disappeared in the jail and throughout the District of Jessore. For posterior to the prohibition of new rice to the convicts, (which is the only alteration that has taken place) one case occurred in the juil, and the person affected acknowledged having ate the deliterious rice, of which a portion, that six-had surreptitionsly obtained, was found concealed in her possession. Within the last week fifteen persons in one day were serzed in the village of Sultanpore, a few miles from the station of Jessore; of these patients six died before medical assistange could be rendered, and the remaining nine But all, it has been ascertained, had eaten the new rice, and those who got well assign their indisposition to this cause. Similar cases are daily occurring, and entirely amongst the lower classes, who plead, in externation for cating this permeious substance, their extreme poverty, which, by placing the wholesome rice beyond the reach, compels them to make use of a discription of food that, according to their own confession, is destructive of animal existence. This lamentable fact, Sir, unquestionably deserves\_very serious consideration from every reflecting individual; and instead of projecting schemes for squandering money upon Concernationes, Concerts, Bulls, and Theatricals,

would it not be more consistent with the high sounding humanity, for which the benevolent Public of this country is celebrated, to bestow some portion of their attention towards devising a proper mode of affording speedy relief to our suffering fellow creatures; such as promptly entering into a subscription for enabling the poor sufferers to purchase ine old and wholesome rice, and thus put into their own hands the means of abstaining from the use of an article, that is daily destroying numbers. Much has been said about the disease appearing in places where no new rice is procurable, let those who make this assertion, as applicable to the presencome forward with the proof. For my on entertain, and I think upon good grounds, as directly the reverse. So far from new rice sot being procurable, it has been conveyed during the last two months with the velocity of lightning into all parts of the country. Becau - "consequence of the previous scarcity, the successory it is known was demanded every where immediately open its being cut, and the de-order has exactly occurred in different places according to the time required for the voyage of a boat, the unloading of the poisonous cargo, and its being retailed in the different Bayars.

On this subject discussions in News apers me rather injurious than beneficial, the object of old not be to talk but to act. The means reserted to at Jesson have been found effectual in resisting the general fatality of the disorder. At that of them Depositions were taken upon oath regarding the taken of the mortality, and may I ask is the Correspondent preserted to show that he has followed a similar proceedure at regard to those persons, who, he confidently affirms, "have constantly avoided the use of new rice?" I am willing that those who doubt should strictly investigate; and let the enquiry, if properly conducted, determine the question.

But alas! the present secons in my apprehension to afford an additional testimony of a fact already sufficiently known, that with those Medical men, who love to display the profundity of their ability, by making a mystery of a very simple profession, "Truth too often cries out in the streets, 'and no man regards her."

I remain, Sir,

Your obdt. humble servt.

OLLAPOB.

October 11, 1817

Our letters from Madras state, "that Mr. Serow" was considerably improved in his health and in ex"collent spirits." It was expected that he would leave Madras about the 6th instant on the Sophic, accompanied by Mr. Henny Hongson, late Judge at Midnapore: The arrival of the Sophia may therefore be hourly expected.

Although we had reason to believe from the state of the weather during the last week, that the rains had terminated, and that the cold weather would speedily commence; the appearance of Friday disappointed this expectation. The sky was cloudy throughout the day, and in the evening it, began to run, and the rain continued with scarcely any intermission the whole of the night, and until yesterday morning. A strong North Easternly used prevailed the whole of Saturday, and the temperature, in the middle of the day fluctuated between

We understand that \$3% untryourable weather, has produced unusual desappointing to the Principal Natives of the Settlement, with the granuage rents for celebrating the Doorgal Pooled, it has a matal-brancafired.

the Calcutta Journals, on this subject so interesting to humanity, have been-and will be, productive of infinite benefit. Whether Cholera Morbus is produced by new Rice-by Sablefish-by sudden change of temperature-or by any other causes, it is particu-Lorly gratifying to know, that a disorder so dreadful can be overcome, by remedies that may be adminis-, tered by ordinary persons—and that these remedies are easily procurable: and hundreds, pay thousands of individuals who have recently been snatched from the jaws of death, exhibit a proud testimonial to the natives of Asia, of the efficacy of European skill and science. If the prejudices of the native population, are to be conquered, this must be effected by teaching them to compare their present condition with what they may become: and we are satisfied that the events of the last month in Calcutta, have induced thou-ands to withdraw their confidence from Tall; and to seek relief from medicines, which a short time ago, they would have rejected with abhorrence. We have reason to believe, that the epidemica has considerably abated in Calcutta and its vicinity: but the number of cases, which were treated by the Native Doctors, employed by Government, between the 8th and the 14th instant, amounted to 1336, of which number 66 of the patients died.

Fytract of a letter dated Ban lah, 9th October, 1817. "The 1st Battalion 1st Regiment N. 1. marched rom Lucknow on the 25th ult. via Cawupore, and will proceed to join Gen. Marshall's army now forming in Bundlecund, accompanied by a train of Artillery from the latter station."

The following extract affords hopes of a speedy termination of the disturbance at Cuttack.

" Camp Khoerdah Oct. 8, 1517,

46 On the 2d ultimo, we lost a most valuable Officer, Captain Armstrong the 2d Battalion, 18th Regiment. He commanded 5 companies at Hameesur, and was most active in driving Digitinadou, and the conteder des from their several posts in the Dingles Captain Rennett of the 18th, with 5 companies and 2 three-pounders left Cuttack by water to quell the refultion in Coloning. He sailed on the 1 th and came to Pape di Diep on the 10 grang

of the 10th, when observing a strong stocking at the bu place, he directed his hoats will against it. landed his man an guns, and after some firing, the rebelle fiel -he dashed into the village, where the fellows had gum, I and 3-pounders mediat at the head of each street; these he instantly captored and ton several of the Rajah's wives and children the Hajah him narrowly escaped.

" On the 16th the Pykes attacked him to force, but worse feated with heavy lose, the head Motunger, or Port Admirat for Captain Rennett was wounded near the grain, by an arrow, and 4 Sepoys were slightly wounded-he tooks here is guns, lets of arms, & elephants, and 10 horses, ...

The communication with Cuttock being thin up by altedy of Pykes, and no advices reaching us from Parale Deep, Sin Cabitely Manuages detached Captain Support that & Companies by water to open it. The Rajah having suffered severely on the 16th and 19th, delivered himself up on the 19th, and brought in prisoners, two of his principal additions, who are now in irons, and will, I conclude, be hanged immediately. Every thing, by the last accounts from that quarter, is settled.

" Citizen Jughundoo, who looked to a powerful diversion in that quarter must have been, hi despair, when he heard that the, insurrection was quelled in a few days, he had not above 400 with him, and the majority of these, except the prescribed Sirdars, will quit him the moment the sate of the country will white of our moving. At present the whole is a sheet of water towards. ---

## Shipping intelligence.

ARRIVALS. October 18th Experiment, Mee, fom Rangiton 25th september-Mustaphas Cust, from de to 30th, ditio. Fararuhance, Nacoda, from ditto 9th .- Fattlebury, ditto ditto 10th August - Abert Hotomun, ditto di to isi - Big Fullock, from ditto the late May - Ship Matilde, Hamilton, from ingland 5th May. Madeira Elt. Lyng, and the les of

France 7 th of September.

DEPARTITUS. Out her by Counsell, Older, for Liverpool.

Do. 13. Main Mann, Ornham, for Mainther to est and Bomboy.

Do. 14. Mainther Margine, Vice. for the isle of France — Pemiliroke, Rogers for Homolay.

Do. 16. Brig Mainthing the Councilary for Madras and Boston.

Passengers in Mainthing Mrs. A. Colven, Miss M. Binny & Miss J. Gillianthi, Liss B. Glampie, Mr. Jon Binner, Free-marchant; Mr. D. E. Markey, Mar. B. Sycemban, dicto; Mr. J. S. Hobmson; Mr. D. E. Markey, Mrs. M. Sycemban, dicto; Mr. John Gillaferth M. Markey, Whater, Free-mainer.

### CALCUTTA MONTHLY JOURNAL.

List of Passengers proceeding to Furope the Cape of Good Hope and Madras, on board the private licensed blips -Charles Mills, Sir James Henry Craig, (since put back) Minsteel, Marquis of Willington, Burrosa, Richmond a d. Mart Inn.

By the Charles Wills, Captain John Charritie

TO EUROPF.

Capt un Lieut Dalzeil, of the establishment of Fort St George, Mr. R Beccher, junior,
Mr William Linton.

Master Fredrick Wilson.
Miss Birza Stafford,
Miss Wire Stafford,
Miss Cecilia Bertrim
Miss I lizibeth Helen Dennison.

By the Su James Henry Craig, Captain B Brown.

TO EUROPE.

Mis Babington, Captain W. Flint, of the Royal Navy.

CHILDREY.

Mastr James Lirusdain,
Mister Charles Rutledge,
Master John Rich and Abbot,
Master George William Hopkins Bibington,
Master Cornelius Mete ilfe Babington,
Miss Mariana Sarah Abbott,

By the Minstrell Captain Bristow.

#### to EUROPE

Mi Henry Whitecoambe late of the Royal Nivy
Mr Thomas Parter, late Surgern of the Country Ship Case
through

Mr John Impey Reade Mr George Arthu

By the Marquis of Wellington, Captain J. Nichol.

TO FIROPF

Mr. Macpherson and her infant Child, Aliss Mariam Smith oir Thomas Runsiy

By the Barrosa, Liptum J L Garrick,

TO EUROPE

Regiment T H Coles, of the Hon'ble Company's European, Regiment

...

## . ron our offer, 1817;

CHILDREN.

Master Henry Maling, Miss Hourietta Maling,

By the Richmond, Captain W. Clark.

TO EUROPE.

Captain Johnstone.

By the Mary Ann, Captain J. Webster.

TO THE CAPE OF GOOD HOPE.

Mrs. Thomson, Captain H. Thomson.

BOMBAY. Anatven -15th Augt. Armed Boat Vigilant, Syrang Does Wilhouned, from Surat.

Ditto do. Armed Prew Tappy, Syrang Essmull Bawa, from

16 Do. Arab Ship Mucauluy, Nacquidah Shiake Hellard, from

Muscat.

Streng.-15th Aug the H. C. Cruiser Benares, Capt. Wm]

Raiwell, to the Persian Gulph.

Do. do. do. Captain C. J. Maillard, to do. do.

Do. do. do. Captain C. J. Maillard, to do. do. Do. 15 Brig Johnny, Capt. R. Ballard, to Penang

# Bombay.

#### SEPTEMBER 16.

Until yesterday, the rain has continued, during the last week, to come down almost without intermission: the quantity which has fallen in this monsoon is uncommonly great, the accounts taken by different rain gages give moved of 95 inches since the 21 June, being above a fourth more than the average fall of former years. The weather has now cleared up, with every appearance of continuing hir and hot.

# CALCUTTA MONTHLY JOURNAL

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# Calcutta.

## CIVIL APPOINTMENTS.

#### TERRITORIAL DEPARTMENT.

THE 32 OCTOBER, 1817.

Mr. Richard Hunten, Collector of Backergunge.
Mr James Prasen, Assistant to the Collector of Allyguri.

#### 17rm Ocronen.

Mr W. H. Taxar, Junior Member of the Board of Commissioners in the Ceded and Conquered Provinces.

October 21, 1817.

Mr George Money, Standing Counsel for the Honorable Company.

Mr. ROBERT WALLER Pos, Altorney for the Honorable Company.

## MILITARY.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY THE MONORABLE THE VICE-PRESIDENT IN COUNCIL.

## FORT WILLIAM; OCTOBER 14, 1817.

The Monorable the Vice-President in Council is pleased to determine, that the Gallopers, which have been withdrawn from the several Regiments of Native Cavalry, under the orders of the Commander in Chief, shall be declared no longer to appertain to Regiments.

The Gallopers are to be formed into 3 Troops, or Brigades, to be denominated the "tst, 2d, and 3d Troops," of Native Horse

The Non-Commissioned Officers and Privates, and the Horses attached to the Gallopers, are accordingly to be struck off the strength of Corps, from the 1st December next: It is at the same time to be clearly explained to the men, that they have the fullest option to return to their respective Regiments, or to attach themselves to the Native Horse Artillery. Each individual, must be called upon to make his electron without constraint, and is to be allowed a reasonable time for consideration.

Such men as shall prefer returning to their Regiments, will continue to do duty with their respective Troops of Horsé Artillery, until directed by the Commander in Chief to rejoin their Regiments. The deficienties which in the first instance may arise in the Native Ho'se Artillery Details, by men returning to Cavalry Regiments, may be filled up by Volunteers from the Native Cavalry Regiments; or by Recruits entertained for the purpose. A Subadar, and a Jemadar, will be appointed to each Brigade by promotion, in Troops, respectively.

The Vice-President in Conneil adverting to the great number of Officers which have already been withdrawn from the Foot Artillery for the European Horse Artillery, and the Rocket Troop, and to the further call which must be made upon the Regiment for Officers, to render the Native Brigades, now established efficient Horse Artillery, and to the total inadequacy of the number of Officers which will remain with the Battalions of Foot Artillery, for the numerous and important duties required of them; is pleased to determine, that the Officers actually attached to the Hocket and Horse Artillery, shall be struck off the strength of the Companies of Foot Artillery, and the vacancies supplied by promotion.

The Officers of all branches of the Artillery, will continue to

rise in one general list as heretofore.

The following is the proportion of Officers to be for the prosent attached to the Rocket Troop and to the European and Native Horse Artillery

, l	1 Captain, 2 Lieutenants, 1 Lieutenant Fireworker,
Rochet Troop.	2 Lieutenants,
	I Lieutenant Fireworker,
	1 Major,
European Horse Artillory	1 Major, ' 3 Captains,
	6 Lieutenants.
	3 Lieutenant Fireworkers.
•	<sup>™</sup> \$ Captain∢,
Native Horse Ar-	1 Captain Lieutenant,
tillery,	3 Lieutenants,
	3 Lieutenaut Fireworkers,

#### RECAPITULATION.

Major,	1
Captains,	6
Captain Lieutenant,	1
Lieutenauts.	11
Lieutenant Fireworkers,	

## Total Officers required to complete the Establishment ... 26

The Vice-President in Council is pleased to direct, that the Officers attached to the Reaket Troop and the European and Native Horse Artillery, shall be struck off the strength of the Battahions and Companies of Foot Artillery, and to make the following Promotions, which are to have effect from the 25th September 1817.

Regiment of Artillery.

Brevet Major and Captain Albert Subett Mathews to be Major, and transferred to the Invalid Establishment, at his own request.

Brevet Major and Captain William Hopper to be Major, for

the augmentation.

Captain Lieutenants Samuel Slaw and William Battine to be Captains of Companies, vice Mathewand Hopper, promoted.

Captura Licutements Alexander Fraser, William McQuhae; John Cookson, John MacDowell, Robert Micheal Ognish Gramshaw, and Nathaniel S. Webb, to be Captains of Companies, for a sengmentation.

Licutenants Jonathan Scott, Charles Graham, George Everest, John Curtes, Theodore Lyons, Charles Edward Orlando Jenkins, John Broadhurst, Robert Bell Fulton, and Thomas Chadwick,

to be Captain Lieutenants. O fill vacancies.

Licutenant Fireworkers George Henry Woodrooffe, Thomas Plan, Henry Rilfe, Wille on Bell, Henry Webb, William Oliphant, Henry John Wood Edward Parry Govan, John Cartwright Lielerick Samuel Sothelby, Rowland Cotton Dickson, Edward Hethwarte Govan Rilston Crawford, John Selby Hele, Henry Delafosse, George Robertson Scott, Luicas Laurence, Robert Wilson, Junes Johnson, and Tineas Jugustus Vanrenen, to be identenants, in room of the Lieutenants above promoted, and to complete the Establishment

The undermentioned Cadets to be Lieutenaut Fucworkers,

the dates of their Commissions to be here after adjusted.

John Gilbert Bainard, Thomas Brook Bingley Rehert Burrowes, Charles Putel, Thomas Montgamerie, Edward Raphael Wetts, Pi-me Brown, Henry Timmings, James Paton, Francis Nicholis Price, Thomas Gray, and Frederic Warren.

The Commander in Chief is requested to cause a Statement to be prepared, of such minor points of detail, requireing the sanction of Government, as may be necessary to complete the Corps of Native Horse Artillery in all its Equipments; and in the mean time. His Excellency is requested to issue such orders as any he necessary, to give effect to the intentions of Government.

JOHN CHAIGIE, Offic Sec. to Govt. Mil Hept

GIVERAL ORDINERY THE HONOROUSE THE THE THE PRESIDENT IN

FORT WILLIAM; October 17, 1817.

Mr. Randle Jockson, and Mr. John Cullen, Cadets of Artillers, epromoted to the rank of Lieutenant Fireworkers, from the 25th ultimo; in consequence of the argumentation of Officers of the Regiment' of Artillery, authorized in General Orders of the 14th inst.

JOHN CRAIGIE, Offg. Sec. to Govi. Mil. Dept. OBNERAL ORDERS, BY THE HONORARLE THE VICE-PRESIDENT IN COUNCIL.

### FORT WILLIAM; OCTO BER 14, 1817.

The Honorable the Vice-President in Council is pleased to make the following Promotions

#### 21th Regiment of Native Infantry.

Ensign James Stambank Winfield to be Lieutenant combinerank from the 12th October 1817, we Watson, deceased

Lieutenant W. Cotes of the 28th Regiment of Notes infinity, having produced the prescribed Certificate from the P. y Department, is permitted to proceed to Jarope on furlough, on account of his private affairs.

Lieutenant G. 19. Pemberton of the 28th Regiment of Native Infantry, having forwarded a Medical Cold ficate too a Bombay, the permission granted to him, in General Orders of the 27th of Juno last, to proceed to Europe on Infough, on the pression affairs, is commuted to a furlough for the recovery of his health; communing from the date of his embirsharton from Bong d

Serjeant William Thompson, Basic Serjeant at Bircackpore, having produced satisfactory testimonials of his claim to the Pensian established by Minutes of Concell of the 11th of January 1797, is admitted to the benefits of that institution accordingly; and permitted to reside and dark his stipend, at that Station.

Matross Job, Skilman of the European fuvalid Pension figtablishment, is, at the recommendation of His Excellency the Commander in Chief, permitted to reside and draw his stipend at Cawipore, instead of Chunai, subject to the Regulations published on that head, in Covernment General Orders of the 16th of May last.

JOHN CRAIGHE

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil Dept.

SENERAL ORDERS, BY THE HONORIBLE THE VIEW-PRESIDENT IN COUNTY.

### FORT WILLIAM; October 14, 1817.

The Honorable the Vice-President in Council is pleased tomake the following appointments.

Sub-Conductor Richard Humpites to be a Conductor of Ordnance, and Serjeant P. Whate of Willery, to be a Sub Conductor of Ordnance, from the 15th september, 1817

JOHN CRAIGES.

Off Sec. to Govt. Mil. Bept.

SEARRAL ORDERS, BY THE HONORABIA THE VICE-PRESIDENT EN

#### FORT WILLIAM: October 14, 1817

The Honorable the Vice-President in Council is pleased to extend to the Dromedary Corps, the operation of the 2d Article of the 4th Section of the Medical Regulations, and of all the rules, relating to the management of the sick of Native Corps in the Army

JOHN CRAIGIE.

Offg. Sec. to Goyt. Mil. Dept.

#### OCTUBER 27.

We are happy to state that Mr. Seron's health has much improved since he left Madras. Sophia reached Kedgeree on Thursday last, but afterwards proceeded to the New Anchorage, in order to afford Mr. Secon an opportunity of seeing the accommodations on board the William Pitt, on which vessel, we believe, he will proceed to England. This circumstance will account for the non-arrival of the Sophia at Calcutta. We are happy to learn that the health of Mr. HENRY HODGSON, who is also a passenger on the Sophia, has been quite re-established during his residence at Madras.

The following has been published as a report of persons afflicted with the Epidemic between the 15th and 21st instant, inclusive :--

> Total number of cases......1080. Cured or convalescent, ..... 1053 Died, ..... 27

On Wednesday last the Fourth Term and Fourth Session of Over and Terminer of the present year commenced. As soonas the Session had been opened, Gronge Monge, Esquire, who has been appointed Standing Council to the Honorable Company at this Presidency, was admitted and took the oaths, as a Bairister of the Supreme Court, and Mr. W. R Por, who has been appointed Attorney to the Honorable Company at this Presidency, was admitted and sworn, as an Attorney of the Supreme Court. The usual warrants, required by the Charter, to be filed by the Company's Attorney, were then filed and recorded.

The Grand Jury were then called, and having chosen Mr. LARKINS to be their Foreman, were duly sworn. The following is a list of the Grand

Inquest.

J. P. LARKINS, Esq. Fereman.

W. Nishet, J. mith, pargent, W. Lloyd Gibbons, C. Thornhill Glass, W. D. alas, S. Hampton, C. Baylej, C. Trower, G Even Law. A. Wilson. G. Lownew Thomson. P Stewart, M Lumsden, T. J Dashwood, W. Martin, A G Caulfield, D. Clark; J Kinlock, J. Mackillop, and A Sterling, G C. Abbot, Esqrs.

The Grand Jury received their charge from the Honorable the Chief Justice, who observed on the particular cases in the Calendar, nearly in the following terms:

" Gentlemen of the Grand Jury ;

"The greater part of the cases in the Calendar are such as you are in the doustant habit of investigating; common larcenies, steeding from the dwelling house to the amount of forty shillings and upwards, and burglaries. Few of these require from me any particular observation.

"With respect to simple larceny, any removal of the goods by a party from the place where the owner had deposited them, with the dishonest intent of depriving him of the possession and of acquiring them for himself, constitutes the offence, altho' the taker is not finally able to carry them away out of the house or chamber of the owner, but is disturbed or seized before he is able to effect his entire purpose. This observation will apply to one or two of the cases to be brought before you.

"But you must be satisfied that some property has been removed; and therefore I call your attention to

the charge against Ponchoo and Goving of stealing gold beads from a Prostitute, into whose house they were received, and by whose procurement they were seized on the spot init is not stated in the depositions that the property was found upon either of the me, party; and puless that is accounted for to your satisfiction, it would be difficult to credit the charge. It, is stated undeed that other persons entered the Hell e in the company of the Prisoners, who escaped when they were seized, and it may perhaps appear that by their intervention the property was conand any but this mode of accounting for the First calls for very certain evidence of the possession of the property by he Prosecutrix down to that period, and of the associat that time, and for a ation of the general circumstances and

invinsic robabilities of the case.

"There is another point to which I would call your attention, as applying to the Prisoner Sookoomooney, and other Pusoners. If property be stolen and the thief gets off with it at the time, the most ordigmy and probable evidence against him is the finding the property in his possession afterwards; ar lat this happen recently after the loss, a fair presmaption arises that the person on whom it is thus fourd was the thief; but if he merely received it From the thief after the fact, tho' knowing it to be stolen, not having been prevent aiding and abetting hier in the set of taking, he cannot be indicted as a principal foton but only as a receiver or statutable accessory atta the fact. It the discovery of the proports in the party's possession be recently after the to t, and nothing appears in evidence to show that it would not probably have been taken by him, it lies to a him to show to the satisfaction of the Petty Jury upon his trial, that some other person and not him-elf was the thief; which he may do, either by direct affirmative or negative evidence, or by credible circumstances of high probability. It would not be enough to raise a probability that he had an accomplice in the offence, without excluding his own contemporary participation in it by the same pro-Inable evidence.

stealing of the property, and the discovery of it in the possession of the person charged, the presumption of his being the thief is lessened, because of the greater probability of its having hone-thy, changed hands; and slighter circumstances will be admirted.

to account for his possession of it

"The case of Tencourse committed for stealing Indigo, from Messrs. Courses, stands under special circumstances. Two other Prisoners were convected at the last Sessions for the same offence: and in the course of the trial before A Brother Mack Agu-TEN, all the witnessess spoke of this man as being a. principal offender; , and in particular a witness of the name of Gungaran, swore that he saw Kuist voo, one of the Prisoners then on, trust, receive 3 bags from a man named Texcourse. The learned Junge expressed his surprize, that this apparently principal offender should not have been taken and brought to trial, when others of inferior note were brought before the Court, and therefore directed a Birl to be taken before the Grand Jury, against him, whost the Grand July then found, and after diligent starch, the Prisoner Tracourne was soured. Butwarnho was brought before the Magistrate, and the withers GUNGARAM was called to confront bum, the latter denied on his oath all knowledge of his person. -Numbers however were ready to prove his know. ledge, and the identity of the Prisoner as connected with the other Prisoners, and it was so palpable that some thing was wrong, that the Magistrate detained the Witness.

"The Prosecutaix charges one of the Witnesses, ISAAO WILLIAMSON, with having entered her house with the thief, who is committed, and with others, and she charges him with having taken an active part is baving seized her hand and held her test, while Swith was rifling her thest. Williamson indeed afterwards took part in securing Smith; but that was in his own house, and when demanded by the Police Officer; you will judge therefore of

the real merit or colour of that act.

"Several of the Prisoners stand charged with stealing property in the dwelling house to the amount of 40 Smilings and upwards in value. You are aware that this constitutes a capital offence by our Law; and the the severity of it has been seldem found recessary to be enforced to its extent, yet you will no doubt take care not to put a man upon trial for his life in such cases without full and fair evidence of the value of the property, according to the most reasonable scale of valuation, which at all times may be certainly obtained for it in the common market.

" Amongst the combittals for Burglary the case of Sheikh Azermoodern will deserve your particular attention; the charge of entering the dwelling house of the Prosecutor in the night time with the intent to commit felony, appears upon the depositions returned to the Court, but the only evidence of a breaking,-the other necessary ingredient of Burglar., seems to be the litting up of the jaump or door of the house, which as is common in Native houses, being only fastened at the top, shuts by its own weight; an lupon this occasion had been left unsecured by the fastening which was usually applied to it at night, for the express purpose of enabling a person who belonged to the house to inter, after his business at an aujoining shop was finished. The door therefore was not properly secured as it was accustomed to be, but left as it were a jar, to facilitate the entrance of the servant. If this upon investigation should turn out to be the case, the offence of burglary will not be made out: but if any of the property was removed from its place by the Prisoner, for the purpose of making off with it, the bill will properly be confined to the stealing of such property in the dwelling house In this case, however, you will attend to the circumstances of the place and of the persons present, under which the offence is charged to have been committed.

"In the case of DYAMET SUNAOLA and MOIN-DEE, the goods of the prosecutor, were taken at night out of a godown, situated under the dwelling house of another person, of whom it is stated that he rented it. If by that it is to be understood that the Prosecutor had an exclusive possession of the Godown,; as a tenant, and was not a mere payer for warehouse room;—and that neither he nor any of his servant, usually slept there, the godown thus carematanced, would be severed by the lease from the dwelling house, and no burglary could be committed there; but the parties may be indicted for the larceny.

"I now come to the consideration of a more lamentable class of cases, of which, though we have had several melancholy examples from time to time, yet every new instance is as much a subject of surprize as it is of horror. It is with the deepest regret that I exercise my duty in stating to you, charges against British Soldiers of cold-blooded cruelty, of deliberate revenge, and of intemperate rashness, whereby the lives of their fellow countrymen and fellow subjects have been endangered or destroyed.

By an act of the 9. Geo. 1. (c. 22.) the wilful and malicious shooting at any person is made a capital felony. In order to bring an offender within this law, it is necessary that the act of shooting should be done under such circumstance of wilfulness and malice, that if death had ensued, the offence would have amounted to murder. By that criterion, therefore, you will judge of the charges to be preferred against the several Prisoners upon this statuts. If a man without any provocation, but from mere wantonness or indifference to the life or bodily suffering of a fellow creature; or from pride or contempt of him, fire a leaded gun at him and death ensue, there can be no doubt that it would be murder, how shocking or surprizing, soever such a motive might be.

"So if he made the like use of such a deadly instrument, upon a trivial and inadequate provocation, which the law will not admit of, such as idle, jocular

or disrespectful words or gestures.

"These observations apply to the case of WM. BROWNE, a Private in his Majesty's 87th Regt. who is charged with maliciously shooting at INDERSTEE, a native man, on the 8th of July last, at Camponer Collect from the depositions returned, that the na-

tive had cleaned the Prisoner's bayonet, and brought it to him, and laid it down on his cot in the Barrack, and then asked the prisoner for buxies. The prisoner said "he would give him buxies," and took up his musket, on which the native who was standing near the door ran out, and the Prisoner followed. The native then endeavoured to get into the Barrack again by another door, when the Prisoner fired atchin with a ball and wounded him in the belly. If the Prisoner knew that the musket was loaded at the time he fired, it is a case that renders all comment unnecessary. The printipal object therefore of your investigation will be to ascertain that fact, on which the whole charge turns. For if he fired not knowing or believing that the gun was loaded, but intending only to frighten the other; then as the offence, if death had ensued, would only have amounted to Manslaughter,—the Prisoner cannot be guilty of maliciously shooting at the man. But whether the Prisoner knew or believed the musket to be loaded, you may collect as well from his conduct immediately after the wound had been inflicted as from his previous conduct, and the state of his ammunition. Did he shew. any surprize or concern when the man was wounded: or how otherwise did he comport himself? I cannot suggest you any more rational and probable index of a man's mind, when there it no just reason to suspect that his words and actions were premeditated and feigned for the occasion.

"Another charge upon the same statute is against another Soldier of the name of Isuac Mottrum, a Private in H. M. 24th Regiment of Foot, stationed at Dinapore, for shooting Corporal Usher, of the same Regiment, with a musket loaded with ball, on the

25th August, 1817.

"The Prisoner came into the Barrack in the evening of that day, close up to Ushen within a few foot—I velled his prece at him, fixed and wounded him. The ball entered his breast and came out at his back, and was picked up. Ushen was at the time stooping with his foot on his cot, drawing on his pantaloon over his gaiters.

"In addition to the observations which I have made on the former case, the depositions against

Mottram furnish some express evidence of the plain motive which urged the Prisoner to the commis-

sion of the offence charged.

"When the Prisoner fired, he was heard to say, as one witness states, 'you are the man who confined me the other day.' As another states, 'Now I will do for you.' A third states, 'You rascal I have done for you.'

"Heing questioned afterwards why he had done it, he said, as one witness states, 'Phat man has done me an injury, and I have done him one.' As another states—'that he had s'rved him right.' As a third says—'that Corporal Usher had confined an 'innocent man for nothing, and that was the reason- 'he had shot him.'

"To some of the witnesses, Prisoner appeared to be in liquor, to others not: but this can make no difference if the fact which he avowed as the motives of his act, was true, and he did act upon that motive of revenge; for that would be evident that he knew the musket was loaded, and intended that which had happened.

"There is a third charge against a British Soldier, by the name of John Taylon, a private of H. M. 59th Pegt. of Foot, for the wilful murder of Jau-

Noo, on the 13th May 1817, at Allahabad.

"The deceased lived with the Prisoner, and had a child by him.

that she was quarrelling with a Malay girl in the Cookroom of the Barrack, and information of this was given to the Prisoner who was washing the child in another place; he went to her and struck her several times, with his open hand at first; afterwards with his clinched fists — and the fell down. One of the Witness states that she fell upon an earthen pot, and that the Prisoner also fell down over her; but all agree that he also kicked her while she was down. This was certainly an unmanly, and if done with violence, a brutal and dangerous act. But the Witnesses do not consider from the manner of his kicking, the some say it was severe, that he meant to kill her.

"She died a short time after the Priscipe, left her; and after she had been raised, from the ground and had sat down again.—The immediate cause of her death, was the bursting of the spleen.—The spleen might have been hurst by a blow or by a kick, or by falling down, or by ralling down on the earthen pot. It Tayloa contributed by violence towards it, it is the same, and the directly br collaterally, caused by many yet; yet if he, did not strike, her in malice and with intent to kill her of to do her some great bodily harm, which was likely to be dangerous, but only with the intention of correcting and preventing her from quarteling with the other woman, and that in a manner, not dangerous to her or likely to occasion death, it would only be Manslaughter.

to the probable danger was the kicking her, and if the manner or giving this illegal correction do not appear plainly to you, to have been such as could not probably occasion death, then as the proof lies on the Prisoner of extending the fatal consequences of his own voluntary and illegal act, you would do well to find the whole charge, and leave it to him to make

his defence before the Petty Jury."

His Lordship then proceeded to notice the case of two other prisoners, Kishno and Godraujer, who stood committed for perjury at the last Sessions; and took occasion to point out to the Grand Jury, the cucumstances of the case in which the Perjury had arisen, as well as the conduct of one of the Prisoners, before the Magistrate. We regret however that we are not able to offer even an outline of what fell from his Lordship with reference to this case

On Friday Mottram and Taylor, alluded to in the charge of the Chief Justice, were severally convicted. Mottram of feloniously shooting Usher, and Taylor of Manshaughter.

We are indebted to a Wielid for the following remarks on the Exhibition, to which our Calcutta readers have had access at GREENWAY'S Rooms. It

will be readily perceived that our Correspondent is well qualified to write on the subjects which he has noticed.

" We have not seen sufficiently noticed by our cotemporaries the Exhibition of Pictures, Drawings and Engravings, (which we are glad to understand has already met with considerable patronage from The public) now open at Greenway's rooms; and \*regret indeed that we have not given an earlier or mion of an enterprize which does so much credit to Mr. Coffeen, who has at a large expence favored the inhabitants of this Metropolis with a view of so ming specimens of the ability of car Countrymen in cargland .-- While the Fine Art- are always a .. individual gratification, they are matter of national consideration, and the present endeavour to extend the taste for them in this country has our best wishes for its success. The large Picture of the Battle of Waterloo, i a most interesting work in Every point of view, and as a picture is conducted with great ability-it has the advantage of correctness as to local situation, as Mr. Sanerweide went to the Continent to make the necessary sketches, and to gain other information of consequence to the work. The likenesses of the Duke of Wellington and the other Officers engaged in the great and important event, are acknowledged to be excellent. Horses are painted with uncommon spirit, and Mr. Cooper has evinced an ability which would do honor to a Stubbs or a Culom. The celebrity of this picture was such in England, that an Engraving is now in progress from it, and a large subscription had been received, we understand, when the picture left Europe. Singleton - Pictures are in a broader style than his former works—the scene from the curiou is excellent. The Hebe of Sir William Beechey is well colored, and in most respects an interesting picture; but if we inight venture our criticism, we think the head too small for the figure-but the coloring is clear, transparent and well. In the picture of Venus and Cupid, Pocock evinces the advantage he has received from the able instruction of his master Sir William. evidently has attempted something of Clennell

Wilkie's style in his Fox hunters, and the picture is touched with remarkable spirit and character. The execution of Webster's Sea pieces are quite in the manner of the best Dutch masters. Cooper's small picture of the Goat, kild and Fox fulling from a

precipice, deserves particular inotice.

"We cannot dismiss the subject without our trisbute of commendation to the Water colour Drawings, some of which he esteem as admirable. The works of Haezler are new to us, and we were surprized to see so much real merit produced as it were atonce. His management of the Ænal Perspective is beautiful. The Drawings of Prout are well known, but never have been so well known in this Country as from the present Exhibition. It would be difficult, we imagine, for Turner himself to exceed in truth of effect, sharpness and mastery execution his Village in Devon," or his 'St. Augustine's Gate at Canterbury,"—but his smaller works also, which 'are numerous, shew his uncommon powers to the highest possible advantage.

"We very sincerely hope that the tame of this collection will be widely extended, and that it will continue to meet that patronage which it so cally

deserves.''

A severe shock of an Earthquake, which lasted about two minutes, was experienced at sucknow and Cownpore, on the morning of the 16th Instant, and just about the time when His Excellency the Governor General was leaving the latter place, on his way to take the Field.—The Natives regard this occurrence as an omen portending complete success to our rause, and compare it with that which happened in 1803, and which was followed by the discomfiture of the Mahrattas. It is said, that a part of the City of Lucknow have sustained considerable damage from the earthquake.

Extract of a letter dated Camp near Collinger, 12th October, 1817.

<sup>&</sup>quot;The Army assembled here consists of the let Battalions of the 7th, 26th, 14th, and the Ed Batta-

hon. 28th, with the 4th Cavalry and Cunningham's Robilla Horse. The 1st Battalion of the 1st N. 1. and the Artillery join us on our march in a day or two.

"We nad much rain until the 7th inst. the weather

appears now settled for the Cold Season."

For the following account of military movements, se are indebted to the Bengal Hunkaru:-

By letters from the Dukhin we learn t' at it was expected the Rengal division in Berar forming, the " a division of the army of the Dukhie, would be in motion roout the 20th instant. It sould consist of three I rigades -a 1st and 2d with a Reserve. 't was conjectured the 1st brigade under Lieutenant Colonel I conorme would remain at Husmenabad, while the 2d with the Reserve would cross the Nerbudda and advance in the direction of Bilsale and Scronge, Sir John Malceme would pass Hassicaga to annot the 20th, on his way to join the Madras logades whether transing on Hindiah. Part of this force would it is supposed cross to the North of the Norbudda and Logade witch are there . the Jagheers of the Pindarce Chieftains, Kurreens knan, and i sector , whose the troops from Bundlecond were exa sted to move upon Sague, Sn T Hislop had not by the Liest accounts, left Hydribad. The Durrahs of Wasseel Maho-Red and Muzzar Borg, consisting of 7 or 8000, were employed in burning and laying waste the Sacur district and in plundering the villages. The chief of this district had formerly paid chauf to these Maradders, but has lately entered into measures against They appeared in great force around the city of Sagur which they threatened to sack and destroy, but a few gun's being anglet against them they took to their beels. This occurred thout the 23d ultimos

Since writing the above, we have received later intelligence from Berar. The 1st division of the Madras Army under Lieute, at Colonel R. Scott would reach. Hurdah by the 20th instant, and the 2d under folonel Walker about the 25th. These divisions is accompanied by about 6000 irregular horse of the Hydrabad ad Poonah contingents. The 2d, 4th, and 5th Regiments of Tadios Native Cavality, form part of this Army. The Rengal division was in readmess to cross the Nerbudda as soon as the Madras troops should come up.

Colonel Gahan would command the Cavalry of the Bengal Avision, consisting of—the 5th Regiment Native Cavalry and 3 ucps of the 6th, together with 1200 Robilla herse under Captain obers. The remaining 3 troops of the 6th Native Cavalry,

suldshe stationed at Nagpore.

sir John Malcome intended leaving Nagpore or the 4th, and thus calculated he would reach Hasseinabad by the 16th. We be told the Pindarees, (according to Ukhbars received from

Pulsah to the 27th ultimo,) talk very big, declaring their interity uto meet the English Buhaders on the plain. Seeto gives out the visional declare the combat.

It species that Scholars holding off on pretence of paying his troops. The Ukhbars had that hir D. Ochterloow's army is kept in reserve for Runjeet, and that Bugadier General Arnold would advace towards Jappore

Extract of a. Letter from Benares, dated the 16th October, 187, which is as the das began to break I was awoke by a loud not of the ratiling of the windows and doors of the upper 100 % I which I slept, with a rushing noise as if some heavy carriage was passing by The shole room was in a violent temor, at without a cessation of the ratiling of the doors and windows, five successive shocks of an Earthquake, each increasing in violence, took place, occupying altrogether at least the period of a minute and a half—the same off cts were observed by a genuleman in a lower room of my house, who thinks the period longer than I have stated. He thought the rushing noise to have gone from the west by the north side to the east. I have not head that any damage has been done. Many others I hear, felt the shocks."

# SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS October 19. Portuguese Brig St. Antoni. Trians pho de . Ificia. Captain A. M. Correa, from Masambique 19th August.

Do. 20. Turkish Admiral's Ship Inot Rohmaun, arrived off Calcutta, and saluted Fort William.

Do. 23. Ship Survey, Captain Oldhim, from England 24th May, and Madras 3d October.

French Ship Duchess D'Angouleme, Captain Pascal, from Midris 3d October.

Schooner Courier, Captain Lautier, from Mauritius 13th . tember.

Pilot Schooner Sophia, Capt un W. Maxield, from Mide-6th October.

Ship The 'a Captain Herbert, from England 15th Jone an Powit de Galle 5th September.

Ship Santany, Nacoda, from Cannanore, (date of departuouknown)

Do. 2' Sup Kingston, Captain F. E. Barlow, from London 20: Apr. Lond Mauritius 31st August.

Ship Lliza, Captain R. W. Eastwick, from Mauritins 301 August, Cochin 1st September, and Aleppee 28th difto.

Ship Ceres. Captur J. Herd, from London, Cape of Goo-Hone, and 15th of France 12th September

Ship Friendship, Cartain W. Black, from Isle of France 17th September.

Brig Mineria, Captain J. Russel, from Penang 16th October.

American Ship Columbus, Captain R. Hobbins, from Boston 10th June.

Brig Adventure, Captain J. W. E. Taylor, from Rangoon 25th September.

Do. 25. Ship Wvilum Miles, Captum S. Beadle, from England 28th May and Madras 15th October.

# PASSENGERS. PER SOPHIA, PLOT SCHOONER.

The Honorable A. Setou, Esq.; Henry Hodgs on, I q. and Dr. Holliday.

#### PER THAILS.

'Mrs. Sophia: Wes. Sarah W. hams; Mrs. Josiah G. Williams, and Son: Lieutenant J an Graham; Lieutenant Coho, MacDonald; and Mr Richard Roseman, Free-mariner.

#### PER SCHAFY.

For Bongal, Mrs. Fagun; Mrs. Kennedy, and Miss. RHiote. For Maders, The Honorable Mrs. Erskine; Mrs. Lys; Mrs. Ross. Mrs. Jenkins; Mrs. Babington; Mrs. Smith; Miss Emily Lys; Miss Georgiana Lys; Miss Emily Lys; Miss Coorgiana Lys; Miss Emily Lys; Miss Coorgiana Lys; Mrs. Emily Lys; Mrs. Laura Lys; The Honorable Lioutenant Colonel Erskine, died 20th August 1817; Mr. Lys; Mr. Ross; Capton Mickenzie Steward, 24th Native Infantive; Capton Dinican steward, 24th Native Infantive; Lieutenant Jenkins, ditto ditto; Mr. Welliogion, Assistant Surgeon From Madris, M. Coucher, Lieutenant Crosby, 24th Light Diagonus, Mr. Robinson, Assistant Sugeon.

#### for whillian duts.

Robert Sherson, Esq. Madras Civil Service; Miss Mary Ann Sherson; William Oliver, Esq. Madra Civil Service; Monsieur Joseph Dayot, Intendant General, Pondicherry, and Mr. J. H. Savie, from England.

# DEFARITHES. (None since 17th October last)

#### THE FOLLOWING VENHES PINTO TO STA.

October 21 The Cornwall, Fime, Hino, Gange Carring, Schooner Magnet, Veniscan Sup Eilen Douglas, Feench Ship Amiable Greate, and Many Anne, Captain Wohster

Do. 22. The Conde de Rev Pardo. Shaw Allum, and the new Ship Marquis of Hastings.

VESSELS TRETOTO TO SOL, INDIA DESTINATIONS &C.

Lord Wellington, Capt. W. H. Harris,
Valedonia Contra V. V. H. S.

Wartha, Copt. T. Don r.

Wartha, Copt. O. J. 2.

Cartest, Captan J. Landon,

Heywood, Captain W. Harmsworth, ditto via Cape, ditto.

Ganges; Captain J. Chapman, for Liverpool, do. Brig Helen's Captain G. Mackintosh, to the Eastward.

## PROGRESS OF VESSELS AT THE FOLLOWING STATION ..

#### At Diamond Harbour.

Bemain,—The H. C. Ships Lord Castlereagh, Thomas Grenville, Carnatic, Morthumberland, and Union, also the Surrey, and Smadanee.

Passed up, American Ship Kalumbus, Elizu, Friendship, Kingston, and Adventure.

#### Kedgeree.

Sherburne, outward bound, remain.

Ceres, on her way up.

#### New Anchorage.

H. C. Ships Princess Charlotte of Wales, Marquis of Wellington, Streatham, Minerva, Welliam Pitt, Rose, also the Cornwall and Maffutt.

The Mercury, [Captain Graham, for Penang passed to Sea, on the 24th October.

BOMBAY. Arrived. Sept. 27. Ship Sir Fvan Wepean, Captain John Bong, from Suez., Ship Jemima, Free-trader, Captain M. Danby, from London.—28. H. C. Extra Ship Carmarthen, Captain James Ross, from London. Possengers: Captain Shouldham; Mrs. Shouldham: Miss Campbell; Miss Fancett; Miss Tyndile; Miss Moiris; Dr. Bilquia; Mr. Butchaet; Mr. Fenwick; Mr. Stephen Siedet, Mr. G. Plaisted; Mr. C. McLeod, Serjeant Major Laurence: Edward Cotton; Miss Cotton; and Catherine, the wife of Mr. Michael —29 H. C. Extra Saip Huddart, Captain Charles Weller, from England, left 16th May. Passengers. Frederick Walker, Cadet; C. Conyngham, Cadet; William Jarob, Cadet; John Warlow, Free-mainer, and A. Steel Pree-mainer.

Scient. Sept 25. Ship Lady Barlow, Captain William Roy, to Point de Galle and Calcutta —26. Ship Traveller, Free-trader, Ciptain A. Hi cheson, to Penang; Arab Ship Darria Beggy, Nocqualih Abdulla bin Woomen, to Bengal; Brig Privae, Captain William Lewis, to Pulo Penang —29. Ship Lonach, Free-trader, Captain William Diiscol, to London. Passengers: Mr. and Mrs. Brown, 3 Children, and Dr. Briggs.

# · Madras.

#### OCTOBER 41.

A salute of 15 Guns was fixed from the Fort Battery on Tuesday morning, on the landing of the Honorable, &. Seron, from the H. C. Surveying Vessel Sophia. The health of this Gentleman has been greatly systered by

this trip to sea.

We have received letters from Hyderabad of the 20th instant, by which we are most happy to learn that the health of His Excellency the Commander in Chief, continues to improve very rapidly. On the previous day he had taken an arring in his Palabquin, and we hope in a few days to announce his complete restoration to health. The first was not expected to leave the Residency before this date. In the mean time the different columns are on four much to form their respective divisions of the Army in the Field

From the Banks of the Beemalt, we have some accounts of the movements of the Troops. A vast quantity of tain had filten in that part of the Decean. The river had risen con
lerably, and a great number of Cattle had perished from

e inclemency of the weather.

Madias was visited early on Tuesday morning last by one of the most awful and tremendous thunder-storms we ever remember to have observed. The lightning was example vivid, but we are happy to state that, as far as our requires go, no material damage was occasioned by if. A tree at the St. Thome Tank was struck and shavered. An immense quantity of rain fell during the storm. The weather has since been serene, but extremely sultry.

A violent gale of wind was experienced at Masulipatam on the 19th justant, during which the Brigs Alliance and Joyce were blown out of those Roads. The Captain of the Brig Dragoon reports, that he fell in with a Ship's topmast and some pieces of wieck off Masulipatam.

The Madias Government Lattery commenced drawing on Thursday last, on which day the following large prizes were thrawn.

No. 3480. a Price of 4,000 Pags No. 2842, Prize of 1,000 Pags Nos 2730 and 3953 Prizes of 500 Pags. each. No. 1877 a Prize of 530 Pags. Premium. Nos. 8333, 5276, 476, 675 and 6291 Prizes of 100 Pags each.

Yesterday the Diawing of the First Class concluded.

No. 4285 a Prize of 8,000 Pags. No. 2473 a Prize of 2,000 Pags. No. 689 a Prize of 1,000 Pags. Nos. 2993, 1341, 2777, 293 and 7300 Prizes of 160 Star Pags. each.

We announced in our Extra Paper of Wednesday, the arrival of the Free Traders Surrey, 1 ord Melville and Bafossa. The latter thip experienced a good run from Calcutta. She will continue her homeward bound voyage on Thursday theroing.

The Lord Melville will not sail before the 12th proxime.

A great many Passengers go home in her flow this Prefix

dency.

The Marquis of Wellingt, n, Captain Nicholls, will, it is understood, sail before the and of the week.

The Waterloo is expected to sail for England direct to-

morrow or next day.

Passengers:-Leut. J. Peake 11th Regiment N. I; Lieut. C. Saelt, 15th ditto, and Mr. Conductor P. Brady.

The Ship Georgia a, Captain Emmott, which left Calcutta so far back as the 28th of June, since which she been constantly at Sea endeavouring to beat down the Bay anchored in the Roads on Wednesday evening. She experienced very bad weather, and has come with her masts sprung and otherwise considerably damaged.

The French Ship Pondickerry, Captain Camderne, looked into the Roads on Saturday evening, and after communicating with the Shore continued her voyage for Europe, with out coming to an anchor.—She sailed from Calcutta on the

11th instant.

PASSENCERS;

Mrs. Ramberd, Mr. Secrin, Captain Moir, and Mr. Davidson.

The expected Ships William Miles and Layton, are still due.

III. Majesty's Ship Towey, Captain Hill," anchored in the Roads on Saturday night—she suited from Trincomalie the 25th, instant, and will return to that Port on Sunday next.

The Su rev spoke the Free Trader Harriet on the 14th instant, bound for Bengal, from which she learned that that ship had fallen in with the Private Trader Me ciffe, off the Cape, bound to Penang, having on board the Governor and Recorder of Princes of Wales? Island.

The Honorable Company's Ship Castle Huntley, Patterson, and Cumberland, Hutton, arrived at Gravesendon the 17th of May, from China.

The Problem of Burriet Fire Traders for Bengel, and the Honorable Company's Edith Ships (as marthes and fluddart, for Bombay, sailed from Deal on the 20th, of May. The following are the list of Possengers by the latter Ships.

Passengers per Huddurt.—Messrs. Warlow and Steel.

Passengers per Carmarthen.—Messrs. Butchart and Dalgarnes.

Assistant Surgeons; Mrs. Campbell; Missess Fawcett, Smith and Morris; Mr. Fenwick, Mr. C. M. Leod.

To-morrow the seasoh commences when it is considered thusafe for Vessels to remain in the Madias Roads. Accordingly the Fort Flag Staff fill be struck conformably to annual custom to indicate the unsettled state of the weather, and foothe next two months it is probable that we shall not benefit by a single Shipping arrival. As yet, however, the weather is fine, though the wind has for the last few days blown generally from the Northward, accompanied by some threatening appearances from that quarter. The change of the Moon will, it is o be hoped, bring the much wanted supply of ratu. The only Ships now remaining in the Roads are the William Miles, Ington and Baiting. Most of the Country Craft have likewise taking their departure.

the only arrivals which have taken place during the last week, are the Burng, Captain Lamb, and the long expects oil Ship Layton, Captain Taylor, both from England. The length of the Layton's volume precludes the possibility of her being the bearer of any, news. The Layton brought a faw Ship Letters.

Passengers pek Layron - Mrs Strombom and 2 children, Miss Foules, Mr Smith, Mr. Mitchell, Mr Foules and Mr.

Ihomas Barlow,-From Mauritius, Miss Steward.

The having souched at St. Helena, which she left on the 29th of July, and from whence she has brought a detach-

ment of His Majesty's 53d Regiment.

The Baring is the bearer of little news. She reports, however, that she fell in with the Thalia, off Cevlon, hound for Calcutta, which Vessel had sailed from Figland so recently as the 15th of June. She communicated no news, but, we apprehend, she must have some of a highly interesting nature.

When the Baring left St. Helena, His Majesty's 66th Regiment were on the eve of embarkation for England.

The Packets for the Free Trader Lord Melville, Capt? Alian, for the Cape, St. Helens and England, were finally closed vesterday afternion at 2 o'clock. The Passengers, of whom a numerous list will be found below, embarked yesterday morning and the Melville stood out to Sea in the evening with a fine breeze from the North East, which will swiftly waft her across the Equator.

### PASSENGERS.

Mrs. Conway, Miss Fanny Sophia Conway, Miss Isabella Elizabeth Conway, Miss Anno Jemma Clarissa Conway, Master Thomas Barlow Auchmuty Conway, Mrs. Agnew, Miss Fanny Agnew, Miss Mary Agnew, Master Robert Agnew, Mrs. Orr, and five Children, Colonel J. G. Scott, of the Artillery, Major W. Munro, of the 15th RegN. I. Capt. T. Wren, 15th Regt. N. I. Captain Henderson, 25th Regt. N. I. Lieut. W. Binny, 7th Regt. N. I. Lieut. Torriano, 15th Regt. N. J. Captain Jones, H. M. 69th Regt. Lieutenant J. N. Abdy, of the Artillery, Masters Henry Fereira and Edward Pereira.

The IVate: loo, Free Trader, did not sail until Wednes-day Evening.

Passingers.—Mrs. Norman, Lieut. Norman, Lieut. Peake, Lieut. Suell, Lieut. Cuuntugham, and Mr. Brady.

The Exmouth, has sailed for Calcutta.

The, William Miles, and Buring, will sail for the same destination to-morrew.

The Post Office Packet Richmond Captain Clarke, is hourly expected from the Northward, on her homeward bound voyage. Accounts have been received from her at Coringa, where she had put into repair the damages she had sustained in the heavy Gale to which we have already had melancholy occasion to refer. The Richmond. lost her three top-masts, but she would not be detained many days at Coringa. The General-Brown, had also put into Coringa dismasted and otherwise damaged.

A most attrocious Murder was committed in Mootal Pettah in the Black Town on Saturday night, on two native Women, who were found weltering in their blood the next mosting with their throats cut from ear to ear. A Coroner's Inquest sat on Sunday, and was continued by adjournment yesterday, but we lament to say no clur has been obtained toward the discovery of the perpetrators of this diabolical act.

George Ross. Esq. has been duly admitted a Barrister in the Supreme Court of Judicature at this Presidency.

# Bombay.

### SEPTEMBER

The predictions in our last number respecting the continuance of fair and hot weather were unfortunate; for scarcely had the paper issued from the press, when the atmosphere began to exhibit sums of change; and at sunset on Saturday, there were several heavy showers of rain accompanied with severe squalls of mind. On Sunday afternoon the rain again descended in torrents the wind at the same time setting in gusts; at first from the north north eastward, shifting afterwards to the east and south; which kept increasing fill midnight, when it blew a complete gale, from the estward, which continued for several hours with considerable violence. The Weather moderated a little on Monday, but all that day and l'uesday, the squalls from the south eastward were severe and accompanied with heavy rain.

We regret to learn that considerable damage has been done during the gale. Nineteen Battelars and Patjamars have been totally wrecked on the rocks around the new pier and Cunom House bunders; a boat laden with cotton was lost near Bunders, an! we Tear that we shall hear of several others on the coast. The country boats wrecked in the harbour were nearly all laden; and property to the amount of about two lacs of supees has been lost in The Hou'ble Company's Cruiser Sylph in going up to Mazagon roads was driven on the rocks, but has been got off again without much injury. The shipping in the harhour rode out the gale without material injury to any of them. A passage hoat from Panwell with some native passengers is said to have upset and all hands on board to have perished. One body, of a mussleman, was cast ashore , near the saluting battery. Some houses near the Musiid Bunder, and many cocoanut, date and brab trees on various parts of the island have been blown down.

The quantity of water which has already fallen during

this season 'exceeds 100 inches.

The severe weather this week has prevented the Lonach from going to sea We. understand she will sail to-morrow. George Brown Esq. and family, for the Cape, and Mr. Assistant Surgeon Briggs, M. E. go passengers by her.,

# MARRIAGES, BIRTHS, AND DEATHS,

ANNOUNCED SIFICE OUR LAST NUMBER.

### MARRIAGES.

EEPTEMBER.

5. At Bombay, re-married at 5t. Thomas's Church, Cantain Cherles Gray, to Miss Evans

22. Mr. S. Gonsalves, to Mr. A. Mouthree.

'26 Mr. J. W. King, to Mrs. Emma Marrison.

30. Mr Henry Mansell, to Mrs. Margaret Macasty.

OCTOBER

2. At the Cantedral, by the Reverend Mr. Hastings. Lieu-

tenant W. Newton, His Majesty's 21st Light Dragoous, to Miss A. Armstrong.

10. By the Reverend P. Hastings, at "the Cathedish, Mr. Charles Greenwaller, to

Miss Amelia Horn.

21 At St. John's Cathedral, why the Reverend Mr. Hastings, Lieutenant John Wa'ker, of the lat Beltahim, lat Regiment of Native Infantry, to Miss Blizi Praser, Danghter of Lieutenant Colonei Fraser.

### BIRTHS.

SETTEMBER.

1. At Billiah, the Lady of John Raies. Leq. of a Daughter.
2. A Bombar, the fieldy of Bungo Benry Pointchoine, of the 65th Four, of a Son and Benr.

3. Mrs. Daniel Templeton, of A Sou.

7. Al Hussemabad, the Lady of Captain J. Cambeld, of the 5th Regiment of Native Cavalry, of a Soc.

15. At Aligurh, the Lady of Captain H P Davies, 2d Battation 11th Regiment Native Infantry of a Daughter.

At Quilon, the Lady of Lieut King, of the 19th Regrment Native Infanting of a Son.

11. At Bliangulpore, the Lady of Frederick Nepeau, Esq of the Civil Seavice, of a hour.

At Gazeepore, the L dy of Major Beck, or his Mijesty's 17th Regiment of Foot, of a Sou.

2). At Kerta, the Lady of Caprain Hugh Wrottesics, of the 2d Bastation 28th Regiment of Native Infantry, of a Son.

21. At Barrackpore, the Lady of Captain Cinye Watson, of a Son.

24. At Allipore, the Lady

30. At Chawringhee, the Lady of Henry Alexander, Esq. of a Son.

Mrs. N. M. A. Moralcan, of a Daughter.

At Chowringhee, the Lady of the Reverend Daniel Corrie, of a Son.

OCTOBER.

1. At Fu ty Gnür, the Lady of Lieutenant Cakes, Quarter-master and interpreter of the 1st Battafion 4th Regiment N. 1. of a Daughter.

The Lady of Ensign Birlow, of Bid Majesty's 59th Regiment, of a Daughter.

The Lady of Mellicknauz Muckertich Mellicknauz, Esq.

of a Daughter.

Af Lawnpure, the Lady of Captain William James, Deputy Assistant Adjulant General to the Third Division of the Grand Army, of a Son.

2 At Patha, the Lady of Jashus Carter, Esq. of the Civil Service, of a Son.

3. At Monghyr, the Lady of Captain J. Griffin, Super-intendent Oil Cloth Manufac-

tory, of a Son

4. At the house of Major H. Faithful, the Lady of Lieutenant J. J. Hamilton, 4th Regiment Native Jufantry of 2 Daughter

The Lady of Richard Chicheles Plowden, Esq. of the, Civil fervice, of a Son, 9. At Chowringhee, the

9. At Chowringhee, the Lady of Charles Chapman, Bsq. of the Civil Service, of a Son.

At Cuttack, the tady of Captain Shaw, of twin angleters, who, with their Mother, and as well is can be wished.

10. At Campore, the Lady of Lientenant and Adjutant Thomson, 15th N. L. of a Son.

ofa Daughter

Mrs. Campe, of a Daughtera At Dinapore, Mrs. W. P.

Watteil, of a Son.

18. At Dum-Dum the Lady of Captan Pollock of a Son. 24. Mrs. Thomas Bartiett, of a Son.

### DEATHS.

SEPTEMBER.

3. In Colonel Munro's Camp, at Darwar, Light A. Gleig, of the Rifle Corps, eldest Son of the Right Reversed Bishop Gleig, Primate of Scotland.

4 At Khoordah, Captain Alexander Armstrong, of the 2d Battalion 18th Regiment of . Native infantry. To his professional ments as an Officer, his late zealous and survessful exertions in that district, hear honorable testimony. In private life, his amiable and engaging disposition gained him the esteem of a large circle of friends on whose memory a sense of the loss they have sustained, will be long engraven.

10 At Chinsurah, of the Chotera Morbus, Mr. A. S. Brhardy, an old Inhabitant of that Settlement; aged 61 years.

11. At Dacca, in the thirty fifth year of his age. William Gordon, Esq. ludigo Planter-

a man much esteemed by the few who knew him, for his annable disposition.

Al Coulbarealt, near Berhampoor, Dr. James Robertson, lately Superintending Surgeon of Binapoor, agenticinan who drew forth the esteem and attachment of all those who had ever had the happiness as d pleasure of his acquaintance, as he lived beloved, so he died regretted, and the recollection of his many good and annable applittes will not cesse to be cherished by his disconsolate relations and friends; be nossessed a highly cultivated and energetic mind, zcalons, onthusiastic spirit, a heart pregmant with every virtue, and which best with fever for friendship, the' it has now ceased to throb, it draws from those who have felt its influence, feelings of regret the most porgnaut.

· 15. At Quilon. the flufant .Soa of Lient. King, of the 19th Regiment of Natife In-

At Bombay, William Kinnedy, Riquire Prothonotaci and Regist rol the Honorable the Cov. of the Recorder.

Tho' the frequency of and der death, this country cannot fail to remod the most unthinking of t' a uncertainly of all nordly blessings, there seldom has occured a nivro striking a stance of that any

ath to a on the present'

OCCURIOD.

Atter a co se of great reguionty and adustry in bos beot seiou m. "I was crowned with ample success, in the meridan of life, and in the full er joyment of a sound and vigerons constitution. Mr. Kennedy was seized with a low fever on Saturday Inst. which baffied all the efforts of his medical friends and put a period to existance apparently without either pair or struggle.-It was even unconscious of the imminence of his danger, till wilhin a few hours of his death. When it was announced to him, with the most perfect composure and resolution he made a few private arrangements, and resigned braself to the dispressitions of Providence with the fortitaide of a Charstian.

The general regret of the succety a which who lived so many years, and the affection. ate regard to his memicy with which he was followed to the grave by his friends, is the best tribute which can be paid to his warm, generous andby wable character.

22 At Feridpore, Mr. James Munuey, Mariner.

24. At Arrah, John Deane, Brq. of the Civil Service

27. Of the Cholera bus, Charles William Bibson, Esq. A man who had experienced the prosperity of life for a period; but uf reverses, he lasted even to the very dregs.

30 Mr P Gotting, Son of Captain J. L. Gotting, aged

23 years.

OCTOPER.

1. At Aliahab al, James, the cliest 's a of Lientenant James Figar, Adjutant of Native lovalide, - aged 4 years and 9. months

Captain Prancis Ringrove, late Cummander of the

Ship Bombas Mis. Ann Field, the Lady of

Captain R. P. Fieid.

5. Near Berhampere, of a severe and imperiog illuess, which he hore with histian fortitude, Captain Samuel Trekell of the 8th Regiment of Native Infantry. A man endewed with many emment qualities: his piers was whim hot unaffected; his retains guided be principle and justice. 'a all the relations of husband, father, friend, he could be equalled by few, but exceeded by no 1873 die virtues will long he recorded in the hearts of those who knew him best; while his unformance widow will ever have to deplote the due man. date, which has early robbed her of an affectionate, redulgent husband, and his children of the best and tenderest of fatherr.

6. At the Presidency, Major William Muchell, of the Artillerv. aged 45 years.

7. Captam William Friend, aged 43 years.

8. On the river near Porbamnere, aptam Tickele De pu v . 'ge Adrocate, Diaa-DOLC

10. At Patna, the infant Son of Joshua Carter, Esq. of

the Civil Service

At Anodernagore, Mr. Fran-cis Durupide Domial; aged 38 years, most soncerely segretted by hisrelations, friends and acquaintances.

11. At Buraclapore, the infant Son of Lieutenant and Adjutant S. Hawthorne, of the 2d Battalion 11th Regiment Native Infantry.

Liautenant Brnok Watson, of the 24th Regt B. N. I.

At a very advanced age, Mr. Simon Cardozo, an old In abitant of Calcutta .-He desoted the whole of his life to the Surgical and Physical profession both of which Lor ineutly kils ful.

19 Mr. Thomas , Watley, Pariter of the Calcutta Garatic,

aged 33 corre

20. . Cmilip Rebeiro, aged 13 years, since it and deservedly remetted by mis Jelatives sad 1 . nds.

23. Mrs. Anna de la Cassa,

#### CURRENT CALCUTTA VALUE OF GO. VERNMENT SECURITIES.

	====				
Bux.			Saturday, October 4, 1817.	Sur	<b>.1</b> .
	1	15	News 6 per Cents. Discount.	2	71
			Saturday, October 11, 1817.	,	
	5	(3	New. 6 per Cents. Discount.	ريا	19
1			Saturday, October 25, 1817.		.
1	2	6	New. 6 pas. Cents. Discount.	2	12
,	: <b>=</b>	.=:=		1	ال

# OCTOBER, 1817.—Thirty-one Days.

	C   LAST QUARTER							
	MONTH.	. A	MOLIDAYS, REMARKS,	SUV RIVE	-( A SLT	MC MC	RNL	VG.
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# THE CALCUTTA MONTHBY JOURNAL

Vol. XXXI.]....NOVEMBER...[Numb. 277.

### Calcutta.

### MILITARY:

SENERAL ORDERS, BY THE HOYORARIE THE VICE-PRESIDENT IN

FORT, WILLIAM; OCTOBER 14, 1817.

The Honorable the Vice-President in Council is pleased to authorize the Officer Commanding the 4th division of the Field Artillery, to draw an Alfawance of 30 count Rupees per Mensems on account of a Writer and Stationery.

Whe Surgeon, in Medical charge of the 1st Division of the Field Artillery, is authorized to entert in a permanent Establishment of 2 Native Doctors; on the usual Allowances, in consequence of the numerous Native details, attached to the Head-Quarters of that Division.

The Vice-Fresident in Council is pleased to didirect, that the Pay of the Bheesties' an Forized by General Orders of the 22d of July, 1816, and the 11th of April last, to be entertained at Agra, and Kurnaul, be reduced to Social Rupers 5-4 per Mensem, as fixed for Servants of this description by General Orders of the 12th July, 1816.

The period fixed by General Orlers of the 2d of October 1813, for the receipt of claims to share in the Prize Property captured from Holkar, and the Mathatta Confederates, on the part of Conmissioned, Non-Commissioned Officers, Drammers, and Privates, having express the Honorable the Vice-President in Council is pleased to direct, that all claims from that description of persons, which may not already have been preferred, shall be rejected, and the amount considered as forfeited Such claims however, as are now under investigation, will be admitted, if established to the satisfaction of Government.

JOHN CRAIGIE,

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GUNERAL ORDERS, BY THE HOTORTHUE THE VICE-PRESIDENT IN

FORT WILLIAM; OCTOBER 21, 1817.

The Honorable the Vice-President in Council is pleased to make the following Promotions, and adjustment of Rank,

Regiment of Artifary.

Captain Lieutenant William Tallemach to 3 2 5 2 3 be Captain of a Company.

Licutenant James Chichely Hyde to be Cap-Captain of a Company.
Licutement James Childely Hyde to be Capin Lieutenant.
Licutement Fireworke Richard Scrope Ber tain Lieutenant.

hard Moreland to be Lieutenant.

Infantry. Senior Major Wm. Comyn to be Lieutenant Colonel, with rank From the 15th of March 1817, vice Ainsile, deceased in Europe.

### 8th Regiment of Natire Infantry.

Captain Licut. Wm. Davidson Playfair be Captain of a Company.

Licut. Phillip Case Gilman & be Captain icutenant.

Rasign Hen'y Paul to be Licutenant. to be Captain of a Company. Lieutenant.

### 37th Regiment of Native Infantry.

Captain and Brevet Major Robert Macilie in to be Major, With rank from the 15th March 1817, vice Co . yn, promoted.

Captain Lieut. Archibald Montgomeric to be Captain of a Company, vice Macpherson, from oted, with rank from the 10th of August 1817, vice Rowland, deceased,

Lieutenant and Brevet Captain Charles Halcot Glover to be Captain Lieutenant from the fame date, vice Montgomeric. promoted,

Ensign Robert Bell to lie Lieutenant from the same date. vice Glover, promoted.

Adjustment of Rank.

The undermentioned Officers are to take Rank from the dates affixed opposite their respective names, instead of those heretofore assigned to them

17th Regiment of Native Infantri.

Captain Robert Baldock, date of rank 15th March, 1817, vice Macpherson, promoted.

Captain Lieutenant Archibald Montgomeric, date of rapt 15th March 1817, vice Baldock, promoted.

Lieutenant George Henry Robinson, date of rank 15th March 1817, vice Montgonerie, promoted.

Mr. Surgeon George Campbell, Garrison Surgeon of Fort William, is permitted to proceed to Europe on furlough, on account of his private affairs, on his furnishing the prescrib-

ed Certificate from the Pay Department.

Conductor R. Humphries, and Sub-Conductor P. White, who where promoted in General Orders of the 14th instant, are apcointed to the Commissariat, instead, of the Ordnance Depart. Ment, as notified in the General Orders of that date.

> JOHN CRAIGIE, Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS BY THE HONORIBLE THE VICE-PRESIDENT IN

FORT WILLIAM; OCTOBER 21, 1817.

The Honorable the Vice-Presiden in Council is pleased to appoint Captain Lieutenant Everest of the Regiment of Artillery, and Lieutenant Fergussap of the Hamghur Battalion, to survey and report on the line proposed for Telegraphic communication between the Presidency and Chunar, on a Salary of St. Rs. 500 each per measure.

Captain Lieutchant Everest and Lieutenant Fergusson will place themselves under the orders of the Telegraphic Committee.

JOHN CRAIGIE.

Dag. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY THE HONORABLE THE VICE-RARSIDENC IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM, OCTOBER 21, 1817.

The Houorable the Vice-President in Council is pleased to authorize the Judge Advocate General to draw the Horse Alalowance of a Field Officer, viz. St. Rs. 120 per mensem.

JOHN CRAIGIE,

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL CRUEES, BY THE ACCOUNTILE THE VICE-PRESIDENT

FORT WILLIAMS October 21, 1817.

The Honorable the Vice-Fresident in Council is pleased to authorize the undergrationed scale of Allowances to be drawn by the Brigade and Division Staff, appointed by His Excellency the Most Noble the Commander in Chief, to the Army now Terving in the Meld; vig.

Deputy Assistant Adjutant Generals of Division—A Salary of 400 St. Rs. per Meusem, with the Pay and Allowance of a Captam of Infantry, which is to be in lieu of Office charges of every

description.

The official rank of Captain is assigned to this class of Staff

Officers.

Acting Superintending Surgeons—A Salary of St. Rs. 1200 per Mensem, with the Pay and Allowances of their ordinary rank as Surgeons of Infantry.

Buggage Musters-A Salary of St. Rs. 400, with the Pay and

Allowances of their Regimental Rank.

Deputy Baggage Masters—A Salary of St Rs. 250, with the Pay and Allowances of their Regimental Rank. Field Pay Masters .- A Salary of St. Rs. 1044, with the Pay, full Batta, Tentage and Gratuity of a Captain of Infantry, if not entitled to higher Allowances from Regimental Rank.

The Vice-President in Council is pleased to assign the Offi-

cial Rank of Captain to the Officer holding this situation. .

Deputy Field Pay Muster—The usual Salary of a Deputy Pay-Waster, with the Pay and Allowances authorized for that description of Staff Officer.

JOHN CHAIGIE, Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

SEMERAL ORDERS, RYTHE BOYORABLE THE VICE PRECIDENT IN

### FORT WILLIAM; October 21, 1817.

Captain W. G. Patrikson of the 4th Regiment N. I. and Assistant Adjutant General to the Nagpore Subsidiary Force, is appointed in Assistant Adjutant General in the Department of the Adjutant General of the Army, from the 19th of June last, in the room of Captain Henley on the 24th N. I. whose appointment does not take effect.

Captain W. Henley of the 24th Regiment Native Infantry, is

sidiary Force.

The Honorable the Vice-President in Council is pleased to permit Mr. C. W. H. riot, late Cadet of Cavalry, to recall his resignation of the Honorable Company's Service, subject to the confirmation of the Monorable the Court of Directors

Mr. C. W. Herriot is promoted to the rank of Coinci-the

date of his rank to be adjusted hereafter.

The Honorable the Vive-President in Council is pleased to authorize the following additions to the establishments for the Troop of Rocket Artiflers.

i Serjeant-Major, (effective,)

1 Rough Rider, (non-effective,), -

1 Trumpeter,

1 Laboratory Man, (non-effective,) with the allowances granted to similar descriptions of persons in the Horse and Foot Arhillery.

2 Horses, to be added to the Troop, for the Serjeant Major

and additional Trumpeter, now authorized.

The Rates of Hospital stoppages from the Native Details of the Rocket Troops, are to correspond with those established for Natives in the Regular service, receiving similar pay, viz.

Jemedar as Havildar of Native Infantry.

1st Duffadars as Naick9.

2d Ditto as Sepuys,

Shootur Suwars, at 8 Pie per diem.

Lascar Details, the same as in the Artillery.

JOHN CRAIGIE, Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

### FROM THE GOVERNMENT GAZETTE EXTRA.

FORT WILLIAM, SUTH OCTOSER, 1817.

The Honourable A. Seton, Esq. beking returned to the Presidency, he was duly requested to assume the functions of Vice. President and Deputy Governor of Fort Witham, under the instructions received from the Most Noble the Governor General the Marquis of Hastings.—The state of Mr. Serra's health having however compelled him to flectine the stuation of Vice-President, the Honographs George Dougleswell, Esq. was accordingly sworn in, agreeably to the appointment of His Extended the Governor General.

The following Proclamation is accordingly issued on the oc-

casion.

· PROCLAMITION.

The Most Noble the Governor General having nominated the Honomable G. Dowdeswell, Esq. to be Vice-President and Deputy Governor of Fort William, on those offices being vacated by the Honomable N. B. Edmonstone, the Honomable George Dowdeswell, Esq. b. this day, in conformity thereto, taken his Seatas Vice-President in Council, under the usual Salute from the Ramparts of Fort William.

Published by the Authority of the Honographe the Vice-

President in Council:

C. M. RICKETTS, Chief Secretary.

MENCRAL ORDERS, BY THE HONGINGED THE VICE-PRESIDENT IN COUNCIL, DATED PAGE 30th OCTOBER, 1817.

The Honourable the Vice-President in Council is pleased to direct as a mark of publicate spect due to the character and services of Mr. Ed noistone, that all honors a d distinctions to which has latterly be a entitled as vice-President and Deputy Governor, he could died to him until the period of his embarkation for Europe.

Published by Order of the Honourable the Vice-President

in Council :

C. M. RICKETTS, Chief Secretary.

The Honourable the Court of Directors having appointed James Stuart, Esq. to a Seat in the Supreme Council of Fort William, on the same being vacated by the Honorable N. B. Edmonstone, Mr. Stuart has accordingly this day taken the usual Oaths and his Seat as a Member of the Supreme Council of Fort William, under the usual Saluto from the Ramparts of Fort William.

Publish d by the Authority of the Honorable the Vice-Presi-

dent in Council:

C. M. RICKETTS, Chief Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM, THE 30TH OCTOBER, 1817.

The Honourable the Vice-President has been pleased to appoint Mr Robert Leny to be his Private Secretary.

Published by Order of the Honourable the Vice-President in Council.

TROTTER, Actg. Sec. to the Govi.

### NOVEMBER 3.

The late changes in the Supreme Government will be seen by the Proclamation, which has been published. The Honorable the Vice-President has appointed Mr. Leny to be his Private Secretary, Major John Changes to be his Military Secretary, and Lieut. F. Jenkins of the 24th Regiment Native Infantry, to be his Aide-de-Camp.

The Supreme Court has been occupied the whole of the last week in Criminal Trials; neither of which, has appeared to us, to be of sufficient general importance, to justify a detailed report. It is expected that the business of the Session will be concluded this day, after which, the Court will commence the determination of Civil causes.

The Grand Jury has adjourned its meeting for a few days, to afford time for the arrival of Prisoners and Witnesses, Who are now on their way to the

Presidency,

We understand that the subscription to the annual Assemblies is considerably greater than that of last; and that a meeting year of the Subscribers will be holden on Wednesday next at 9 o'clock to consider of the best means of conducting the entertainments, and to arrange respecting the admission of Non-subscribers.

A pamphlet containing "A Narrative of Facts "connected with the disease which occurred in the "District of Jessore" has been published by Mr. Tyreen, Assistant Surgeon on this establishment. As this publication can be procured by every person, who is desirous of perusing an account of the alleged.

causes, and of the treatment of this distemper in Jessbre—and as the causes of this disorder, have already been so much discussed in the Calcutta Journals, we shall, for the present, abstain from any observations on the subject.—We are sorry to state, that the public report of the Casualties produced by the epedence at this Presidency, during the last treek, is more unlayorable, than that which appeared in our last paper.

It is stated on the authority of letters received from China by the Helen, that the Chinese cityonne ment has demanded Bonds from the Captains of Ships, employed in the trade of this Country, conditioned that they shall not smuggle in China. The Bonds have been refused and the Chinese have threatened a search for prohibited articles-In consequence of this measure, the Supercargoes and Captain Ci v. VILL of the Orlando Frigate, had proceeded from Macon to Canton-Should the Chinese persist in the system proposed the Opidat hade will decessarily be injured to a considerable extent—and the consesduences to the Company's interests are manifest-Neither of the Indiamen of the season had, arrived at Chine on the 1st of September, when the Hilen sailed.

Extract of a Letter dated Jaulia, September ...,

"It has rained here for the last formight and still continues;—and a great portion of the army is exposed to it, which will probably affect their furtire efficients, as they are nearly all new corps. All are ordered to be at Omrowtee on a fixed day—each march has been determined, and the day for arrival on the Nerbuddah is also fixed."

Our letters from the Dukhiff mention that Sit John Malcolm was near to Husseinabad and had intimated that he would arrive there on the morning of the 19th. The Nerbudda continued unusally fully there being on the 15th 18 feet water, where it was most shallow. Should this continue it would occasion tome difficulty in crossing the troops: There was

not a sufficient number of boats to make bridges but rafts were constructing, and it was expected, they would all be over by the 5th instant. They would then proceed by the Chowkee pass towards Bopaland leaving it on the left advance to Bhilseah and Burseah, the Jaghire of Khurreem Khan. From that to Seronge which belongs to Wasseel Mahomed. By the time these movements were executed, it was expected Major General Marshall would have advanced through Bunglecund on Sagur and Bassaudah, which last is a Jaghire of SheiDelloo. The Jaghire of Setoo is to the west of Bopal and would be occupied by the third Madras Brigade unkder Sir John Malcolm:

According to the Gualior ukhbars, 3 Durrahs of Pindarees, of 10,000 horse each, are now lying between Ratgur and Grosseah and after the Dussarah it was expected part of them would want for Smat. It is said Scindia had directed that all the heavy stores with his army should be sent into forts, from which it is interred that in the event of hostilities, he intends having recourse to the autient mode of Mahratta warfare—to plunder and burn—placing the sole reliance in cavalry. The Ukhbars bint that the Maha Raj will head the Pindaree confederacy and

act on this system.

The Western Division of the Army of the Dukhin, has been Brigaded as follows:

# LIGHT ARTILLERY 'BRIGADE,

The Troop of florse Artillery. Galloppers incorporated with it. The Rocket Troop.

CAVALRY BRIGADE,

4th Regiment Light Cavalry.

Detachment of H.s Majesty's 22d Regiment Light Dragoons, ath Regiment Light Cavalry.

LIGHT BRIGADE,

TO CONSIST OF

The Rifle Corps.

1st Battalion 16th Regiment or Trichinopoly Light Infantry.

2 i Battalion 17th or Chicacole.

1st Battalion 3d or Pal. moottah.

### tin BRIGADE,

TO CONSIST OF

Plank Companies of His Majesty's Regiment Royal Scots, 1st Battalion 7th Native Regiment. Madras European Regiment.

### 20 BRIGADE. TO CONSIST OF

1st Battalion 11th Regiment Native Infantry. 2d Bittahon 6th Regiment Native Infantry.

The Infantry Guns are to be formed in Battery, to which the Company of Foot Artillery and Gun Lascars will be attached. Major Lushington of the 4th Light Cavalry to command the Cavalry Brigade

Licatemant Lyon of the 8th Regiment Light Cavalry, to be

Major of Brigade of the Cavalry Brigade.
Lieutenant-Colonel Deacon to command the Light Brigade. Licuteurist W. Low to be Brigade Major to the Light Brigade. Licuteuant-Celouel Thompson to command the 1st Brigade of Infantry.

'Captain Hunter to be Brigade Major to the 1st Brigade of In-

Lieutenant-Colonel R. Scott to command the 2d Brigade of Infantry.

Captain Napier of the Rifle Corps to be Brigade Major to the 2d Infantry Brigade.

Major Nobly, C. B. to command the Art'Alery of the 1st Division, in conformity to his appointment, G. O. 224 ultimo.

Lientenant Bouner of the Horse Artillery, to be Major of

Brigade to the Artillery.

Lieutenant Poggunpobl to act as Adjutant of the Horse Ar-

Captain Rudyerd, Senior Officer, in charge of the Artillery and Rocket Troop, will command the Light Artillery Brigade.

Lieutenant Davies, Field Engineer with the 1st, 2d and 3d Division .- Huik. .

### -Extract of a Setter from Bundlecand, Camp at Purneah, October 16, 1817,

" On the 30th ultimo, the 4th Company 2d Bartalion 28th and 1st Battalion 26th Native Intintry, marched from Keitah towards Bandah, under command of General D'Auvergne. On the 5th current this Detachment reached Bandah after having lost many camels from the Roads naving been rendered almost impassible in consequence of the torrents of rain which fell during the march. The Keitah detachment was joined at Bandah by the 1st Battalion 14th Native Infantry, and a Battalion of the 7th Native Intantry, from Delhi, Bingadier Gen. D'Anvergne at the same tune departed from the Centre Division of the Army, and General Marshall took command of the left division on the 7th current. On the 8th current the above Camp, left Bandad and

arrived at Kallinger on the 10th, where they were joined by Captain Cunningham, with six Russalahs of Rohillah Horse— and on the 14th the Army now concentrated at the bottom of the Bisrare Gunge Ghaut by the junction of the Train of Foot and Horse Artillery, together with the 1st Battalion 1st Native Infantry.

The Cavalry Brigade, including the Horse Artillery ascended, the Ghaut and reached Yunnah yesterday, and one of the Brigades of Infantry came up to the same ground this morning—the Femaining Brigade under Brigadier General is today employed in bringing the heavy Artillery up the Ghaut. The whole causcarcely arrive at Punnah before the 19th."

In letters of the 26th it is mentioned this division would march

nextday for Hattah .- Hurk

The following has been transmitted to us for insertion.

An elegant Antique silver Vase has been presented to Capt Richard Alsager, of the Honorable Company's ship Thomas Grenville, by Major Higgins and & detachment of Officers of H. M.'s 21st Light Dragoons, who came Passengers from the Cape

of Good Hope to Calcutta.

The above Vase is large and massive, and wrought in embossed and frosted silver; the Ornaments are numerous and well adapted to the general form and design of the whole; the Basis covered with rich scrole Ornaments, beautitue by turned and entwined with grape Vues and leaves in Basso-relievo, executed in a most masterly style, and forming the finest close specimen of the Antique, ever executed in India; the lid and pedestal correspond and match with the Basso-relievo Ornaments, and the following instription is engraved on it.

Presented to Capt. Richard Alsager, of the Honorable Com-

"Presented to Capt. Richard Alsager, of the Honorable Company's ship Thomas Grenville, by Major Higgins and the Officers of the 21st Light Diagoons, who came passengers with him from the Cape of Good Hope to Calcutta, as a small mark of their estet m and regard for his hospitable and kind attention to their

while on board.

Major HIGGIVS.
Captain O'REILLY
Licut. BAND.
Licut. BAND.
Licut. STEWART.
Coshet COWDERAY.
Asset. Surg. MENZIES,
Captain LECKY.
Licut. AITKEN.
Licut. Denisme,
Licut. WOOD.
Cornet BOULTON.
Cornet FORWARD;
Vety. Surg. SCHROEDEH."

In consequence of the early departure of Major Higgins, from Calentta, Captain O'Reilly had the gratification of presenting this

Vase to Captain Alsager on the 16th Instant. .

Fort William; October 16, 1817.

My Dear Sir,

Being deputed in the absence of Major Higgins and the Officers of the Regiment who came passengers with you from the Cape of Good Hope to Bengal; permit me to congratulate myself on the opportunity it affords me, of fulfilling their wishes, by presenting the accompanying Vase as a small token of their gra eful acknowledgements for the very many attentions received, while they were your guests on board the Grenoille.

The triendly and sincere hospitality experienced during our passage to this place (I speak the voice of all) I assure you, will ever be remembered with the most lively feelings of friendship

and esteem.

To the Officers of the Ship for their unremitting attention and

cordiality, we cannot but express ourselves highly indebted.

The harmony and unanimity happily subsisting between the Soldiers and Seamen was particularly gratifying to our feelings. It is therefore with peculiar satisfaction I fulfil the pleasing duty of presenting you this memorial of our regard, and allow me at the same time in the name of my brother Officers to offer their warmest wishes for your future welfare, and with the greatest sine cerity subscribe myself,

Your's most faithfully,

A. O'REILLY. Captain 21st Light Dragoons.

To Captain R. Alsagen, &c. &c.

Calcutta, October 17, 1817.

My DEAR SIR, Lam indeed highly flattered by the magnificent manner in which Major Higgins and the Officers of H. M. 21st Regiment of Light Dragoons have been pleased to notice the trifling attentions I had the power of shewing them on the passage from the Cape of Good Hope to Bengal; helieve me, my dear Sir, that with such Messmates it was impossible to act otherwise,while the discipline and general good disposition or the troops made every thing proceed with that cordiality of action which distinguishes regularity and harmonizes all proceedings. The names engraven on the pledge of friendship, fill the mind

with the pleasing recollection of the happy days I have passed with those far distant, and at the garge time a lively hope of

: seeting again at a future period.

My Officers most cordully unite with me in wishing health. affluence and happiness to the 21st Light Dragoons.

With every centiment of the highest esteem and respect, remain,

My deaf Sir, Your, and their Most

Obliged and grateful Servant. RICHARD ALSAGER.

To Captain A. O'REILLY,

H. M. 21st Light Dragoons.

N. B. The Vase was made at HAMILTON AND COMPANY'S

### SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

### CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS. October 26. Arab Ship Fathel Currim, Nacoda, from Juddah 94th July.

Brig Fair Trial, Captain Wyatt, from Penang 27th August

and Acheen 92d September.

Do. 27., Ship Exmouth, Ceptain Aken, from Liverpool 22d March, Cape of Good Rope 9th July, Port Louis 6th September, and Madras 12th October

Do. 28. Ship Providence, Captain Green, from London 18th May

Ship Kirk Ella, Captain Diperall, from London 17th June. Bug Fattet Main, Captain Britto, from Penang 24th September.

Do. 31. Ship City of Edinburgh, Captain Loch, from Corves 17th June.

Ship Lady Barlow, Captain Roy, from Bombay 26th September, and Point de Galle 15th October

Ship Po, Captain Higgins, from Madres 10th October.

Ship Lord Suffield, Captain Brown, from London 30th May French Ship Charles, Captain Buret, from the Mauritius 22d September.

Nov. 1. Ship Helen, Captain Crawford, from China 1st September, and Melacca 9th Oct.

Brig Howley Leximy, Nacoda, from Penang 22d September.

### PASSENGERS PER BRIG FAIR TRIAL.

Mr. J. G. Frith, Free-marmer.

FOR EXMOUTH
From Port Couis.

Lieutenant J. Watkins, Beng il Infantry, Mr. Robert Kyd, and Mr. A. Dunbar.

PER 14DY BARLOW.

From Rombay.

Captain J. Rocke, H. M. 14th Regiment, 'Captain Thomas
Phillips, and Mr. W. H. Blackburn, late of the Cutter Departs

PAR FO.

William Watts, Esq.

PER FRENCH SHIP CHARLES.

Monsr. Durhone.

DEPARTURES. October 25 Ship Apollo, Captain C. B. Tarb butt, to complete her lading for Bombay and England.

Do. 28. Ship Martha, Captain Driver, to London, Ship Lord Wellington, Captain Harris, to ditto.

Do. 29. Ship Ganges, Captain Chapman, to Liverpool.

Do. 31. American Ship Athens, Captain Brumley, to Philadel-phia.

Nov., 1 Ship Martha, Captain Cogill, to London.
Ship Caledonia, Captain Wales, to ditto.
Do 2. Ship Heywood, Capt Harmsworth, to ditto.
Portuguese Brig Novo Destino, Captain P. J. Branco, to Rio de Janearo.

The Marshall Wellington, and Pembroke, passed to Sea on the 26th Instant.

PROGRESS OF VESSELS AT THE POLLOWING STATIONS.

Diamond Harbour.

French Ship Charles and Lord Suffield passed up.
Remain.—The H C. Ships Lord Castlereagh, Thomas Grens ville, Northumberland, and Union.

Kageree.

Remain, Outward yound Ship Sherbourne, and inward bound Ship Helen.

Remain, - H C Ships Princess Charlotte of Wales, Marquis of Wellington Streatham, Minerva, William Put, and Rose, as also the Cornwall, and Moffat.

BOMBAY. ARRIVED. Sept. 27. Ship Sir Evan Nepeam. Captain John Boog, for Sner; Ship Jemima, Capt. M Dauby, from London.—21. H. C. Extra Ship Carmarthen, Capt. James Hoss, from England—29 H. C. Extra Ship Huddart, Capt. Charles Wellen, from England.—2. H. C. Ship Prince of Wales, Lieut. B. Dominiceti, from Mocha.

Passenger per Nic Eval Nepean . - Briggs, Rsq.

Passenger per Jemima; Mr. Marcus Clandius Declenzenn, Cadet.

Passengers per II. C. Extra Ship Carmorthen: Capt. and Mrs. Shouldhain; Mrs. Campbell; Miss Fawcett: Miss Tyndale; Miss Morrs; Doctor Dolgairus; Mr John Butchart, Mr. Wiff. Fenwick; Mr. S Stordet, Cadet; Mr. Gilbort Plaisted, Cadet; Mr. Crawford McCleod, Free Merchant.

Passengers per H. C. Extra Ship Huddart; Mr. Fredk, Walker; "Mr. C. Conygaam; Mr. Win, Jacob, Cadets; Mr. John Warlow, and M. A. Steel, Free Mariners.

Sallin. Sept 26. Ship Traveller, Capt. A. Hutchenson, to Penang, Arab Ship Daria Beggy, Naqudah Abdulta bin Woomer, to Bengal: Brig Prime, Capt. Win. Lowis, to Pulo Penang,—29. Ship London. Passengers Geo Browne, Esq. late Member of Conneil, his Lady and 3 Children; Briggs, Esq. Ass. Surgeon, M. R.—30. Geab Ship Sallamutty Sanny, Nacqudah Serage Walley, to Bengal.

Oct. 1. Brig Fanny, Captaju J. B. Shuth, to the Isle of France,

PENANG. ARRIVED August 10. Ship Fataholcoir, Shaik Mahomed, from Batavia, 31st July, Mahaoca 12th August. Passengers: 10 Natives; Brig Salamanea, C. Smith, from Calculta, 30th July: Ship Horaules, G. Henderson, from ditto 19th ditto. Passen-

gers: Mrs. Henderson, and Child; Brig Ann, J. Pereira, from Acheen, 5th August. Passengers: 4 Natives.—17. Brig Esther, P. Jones. Irom Pungah 9th ditto: Passengers: 5 ditto.—18 Brig Aurora, C. Etty, from Pileitta, 28th July —19. Brig Cauder Mayden Bux, Abokir Lebby Nagore, 25th ditto. Passenger: 80 Natives. 21. ting Iestal, Win. Skitter, put back.—26. Brig Panchalang. Sayd Abdullah, from Java, 25th June, Malaccated Argust. Passengers, 4. Natives.—27. Brig Cauder Bux, Noq. Sangar, from Nagore; 12th ditto

September 3. Brig Minervas John Russell, from Calcutta, 13 h August; Do Meraletopnie, Hussenshaw, from Negapat 12, 19th dato Prosengers: 154 Natives.—5. Do. Fattaliae.a., Andullah Benjamayn, from Rangoon, 20th dato. Passengers: 20 dato.—6. Brig Jamee. Noq Camar, from Malacca, 27th August; H. C. Brig Penang. J. Hein, from a Cruize.—7. Sing Jalong, Sayd Hussen Mahomed. From Jambee, 1st June; Malacca 26th August Passengers. 9 Natives.—9. Brig Letchnic, Adubeker, from Caddolore, 16th dato Passengers. 10 dato—10. Sing Loides, T. Basilen, from Calcutta, 28th August Passengers. Mr. Frasci, and 3 Natives; Brig Fatta Carl, Ancem Mahomea Sultan, from Potto Novo, 25th August Passengers: 150 Natives.—13. Ship Maular, Cunice Mamoo, from Midras, 26th August.—14. Brig Mahomea Bux, Bapoo Saih, from Negore, 25th ditto. Passengers: 79 Natives.—17. Ditto Polloframan, Scamon Cassum, from Porto Novo, 25th ditto Passengers. Autito.—18. Ditto Carrymaun, Bapoo Mahim from ditto, 1st July, Jangah, 24th September; Ditto Ligely, 1 Raptist, Founds dacca 10th September: Passengers: 2 Natives, Ship Julia, Hovsen Daud from Surat, 26th August.

Stitu Aug 1. II C. Ship Bridgewater, P. Hugges Esq. Capt thir for Milater, and China; Ship Bertfordshire, J. Money Esq. Captain for ditto ditto: Ship Lowther Castle, C. Mortlock Esq. Captain for ditto ditto; Ship Vanistarl, R. S. Daliymple Esq. Captain for ditto ditto; Ship Vanistarl, W. S. Daliymple Esq. Captain for ditto ditto; Ship Khizabeth, W. J. Scott, for Calcutta; Brig Freigh, W. Skitter, for ditto.—Ship Isabella, P. C. Porster, for Malacca, and Eastward; Brig Salamanca, C. Smith, for ditto.—19 ship Hercules, G. Henderson, for China; Ship Triampho, S. L. Jo Cabo, for ditto—20. Ship Gloucester, W. Rangkin, for Malacca, and Eastward 23. Brig Aurory, C. Etts, for Malacca, and Java; disto Capter Bux, Ormanio Marieni, for Malacca.—24. Ship Isala, Win. Skilter, for Calcutta—26. Ship Fair Trial, W. M. Vivall, for ditto; Ship Cander Bux, Nog. Sangar, for Malacca.

September 1 H. C Schoquer Innerness, W W Warren, for Calcutta. — Brig Ann, J Pereira, for Padang, Do. Esther, John Symons, for Pungali. — 10 Brig Condo de Amorante, C. J. Cabral, for Padang; Ditto Elegany, P. Thissell, for Eastward. — Ditto Mayden Bux, Shaik Madar, for Padang.—13. Brig Cauder Mayden Bux, Acaku Lebby, for Malacca.—16. Do. Messahel, Lebby Moods, for Padang —17. Ship Forbes, T. Bass den, for China; Brig Minerva, John Russell, for Calcutta.

# Madras.

The Quarter Session commenced on Thursday with the cury many forms. The following Gentlemen were sworn in to serve on the Grand Jury.

Jany Hongson, Esc. Foreman,

The Hen, L. G. K. Murray, John W. Russell,
John B. Farvers,
James Teator,
George Moore
Robert Maconochie,
George John Hadow,
tohn Gwatkin,
Edward R. Sulli an,
Alex. Dimean Campbell,

The Honorable Sir Edmund Stanes a delicated a charge to the Grand Jury of very considerable length and ability in the course of which the learned Judge accepted to for cible language on the important nature of the functions of Grand Juryman, and his Lordship concluses very anteaddress with legal remarks anapted and honor in a capit of the principal coses in the Calendar, when we is the following is the Calendar:

William Dirrel and Samuel Bottomley, Private in H. M. with Regiment, charged with the Murder of Shokalamor too at

Nork Ablum; charged with burglariously and televiously hreaking and entering the dwelling house of John Harkness and steading thereout one small bible, one small common drayer block, one Nect-laze of Yellow Beads, and one pair of Bracetets of yellow beads—the property of Mos Eliza Johns.

Mountoappen, charged with burglarously and feloniously

Mounicapped, charged with burigfarously and feloniously breaking and entering the dwelling house of Mungamah, and tieding thereout sundry Gold Jewels—the property of Mun-

John Mostler, charged with folon-outly stealing a Time Piece

- the property of Cachatour Avieth.

Littchmanah Naick, charged with telonionsly stealing sundry

afticles—the property of Soobaroy Naick.

Lall Mahamed, charged with the withit murder of Thuzeeh, a

Moor Woman

Pootapah, charged with conspiring together with a view to defraud Madava Poye, of thesum of twelve thousand Star Pagudas and forty four Fanams, or theresbouts.

John Barlow, a Private in His Majest 's 84th Regiment, charged with stabbing Bachwah, a waive Sweeper at Bel. a y. Cundan, Peyda and Cavaly, charged with the winter murder of Manik, an Infant Maje Child.

Helen M Konachie, drin Crosson and Mary Cauffeld, charged with felomously receiving (knowing the same to be stolen) sandry articles of Wearing Apparel, &c. the property of John

Liversage and his Wife.

Besides the above a horrible and disgusting case of cruelty to a Child has occurred, which will be tried on Menday next. Two Europeans, we also hear, are on their way from the out-stations, one charged with murder, and the other with coining.

The Bill of Indictment against the two first Prisoners in the Calendar has been reserved for next Sessions, in consequence of the representation of the Grand Jury, that two material witnesses were wanting to connect the chain

of elidence against the Prisoners.

JOHN BARLOW, for Stabbing, was the first Prisoner put to the bar for Trial. The following witnesses proved the case.

George Foster, a Private in His Majesty's 84th Regt. said he was quartered at Bellary on the last day of July, that he saw the Prisoner in the Guard Room between 5 and 6 o'clock that morning—that Bushwah, a native sweeper, was there also—that one Franklin was there who spoke to Bushwah in the native language—that shortly after Bushwah came out from where the Prisoner was, and taking his hand from his side blood gushed out—that the Prisoner then came up and said Bushwah had no-right to strike him with a broom, and he wished he had killed him and then he should have been hanged at once. The witness paid that he saw a bloody kuife under Prisoner's cot immediate'y after.

Jun Franklin also a Private in the 84th, was next sworn—He sald that he was sentry on the last day of July, and was walking in the verandah—that he heard a heavy blow and saw the Prisoner stancing between two cots, and Bushwah lying down between them with him hand on heade—that the Prisoner dropped a knife, and Bushwah came and told the Witness that he was wounded that he went to the Prisoner who said that the sweeper had struck him with a broom, and added "D—n the black fellow I wish I had killed him that I might be hanged." This Witness also said that the Prisoner's hand was stained with blood—that he was reputed to he an Englishman. He said that the sweeper was getting better when he marched from Bellary.

Two other Witnesses deposed to nearly the same facts, whose evidence therefore it is unnecessary to detail.

CAPTAIN FRENCH Said that he believed the Prisoner was an Englishman—that he was Captain of the Guard on the

morning of the 30th of July—that Bushwah was brought to him with the information that he had been stabbed—that he interrogated the Prisoner why he had struck the boy, to which the Prisoner replied that Bushwah had struck him with a broom—that With so on enquiry found that this was not true—that he then ordered him to be put in irons, and whilst they were fastening on, the Prisoner said he was determined on his purpose, and would be either hung or shot.

The Prisoner in his defence said that Bushwah had struck him with a broom, which irritated him to such a degree that he struck him with a small knife, but with no intention to him

kill him.

The Chief Justice briefly charged the Jury, and lamented in strong terms that Lord Ellenborough's act did not extend to this Country, by which the Prisoner might have paid the forfeit of his life for the barbarous and cowardly act which he had committed. The Jury without retiring from the Box immediately returned a Verdict of Guilty.

I.ALL MAHOMED was next put to the Bar. charged with the Murder of a Native woman. The Advocate General builty opened the prosecution, and proceeded to call the following Witnesses.

Camatchee, a follower of the 1st Bat. 15th N I said she was so on the 13th of September and knew the deceased, that she saw the prisoners on the 19th September about 8 a in .- deceased was also there selling vegetables - that the prisoner was asking the deceased for a doody, which deceased refused prisonerthat the prisoner took it, and on being abused by the deceas d threw it back and went away-that about 12 at noon. the deceased went away and came again about 4 in the evening. having two loaves -that the prisoner was in her company, and the deceased offered the prisoner the loaves, who refused to take them as he was refused the doody in the morning—that the pri-omer fry down there as usual near the deceased who was selling regetables. The witness said that she saw the prisoner lying there till five S'clock, witness remained till six, while witness with moving her vegetables to go home, she heard the deceased cry. ing out he has steach me with a kinfe-that a light was brought and witness saw the body of the deceased which was bloody and there was a great crowd, the stall of the witness was within a few yards of where the decrased was lying-that prisoner and deceased lived together some years.

Fatma Saib, described herself as former witness—knows the prisoner and the deceased—saw the prisoner and deceased at 6 o clock on the 13th of September—the deceased was selling vegetables, and was eating bread and offered another piece to extensioner who refused to take it and struck her with his fiet, the witness heard no more;

Vencate Reddy, said he was a Sepay in the 15th N 1. and was so on the 13th September—he knows the prisoner, was formerly in the hattalion, but was discharged two or three mouths ago -saw prisoner on the evening of the 13th September between 6 and 7. The witness was going to the bazar he heard a cry of thief, and saw the prisoner running with a knife in his hand. The witness seized him and took it from him, but the prisoner had cat his own belly,-when the witness seized him the prisoner said leave ine or I will stab myself-a great crowd came, it was darke but a light was brought -when the witness waw the knife it was bloody. Wilness had cut himself very slightly, very little blood came, and the knife was full of blood. Witness saw the deceased that evening-she was lying down wounded and blood was flowing-she was senseless but not dead-the witness conducted the prisoner to the Jemmadar, and the knife was produced. The prisoner said to Jemmader that he had stabbad the woman. The prisoner was running towards witness and from the bazar-the prisoner was taken about 30 feet from the stall and no other person was met by witness till the crowd came

Sheik Mera, Sepoy in 15th N. I. said he was so 13th September—that he saw the prisoner in custody of another depoy. The prisoner has been discharged 6 or 7 months—saw

deceased about four that evening.

Mr. Stewart, Surgeon to the Coroner, deposed that he examined the deceased—one of the wounds was about three inches long, through which great part of the stomach appeared, the other wound was on the left breast, made by ashgrp instrument, probably the knife shewn, the wounds were sufficient to have caused her death She had been derd 12 or 14 hours when the witness saw her. The prisoner made no defence.

Sin English Stanler summed up the evidence on which he commented on some length. The Prisoner was immediately

found guilty

### Penang.

#### AUGUST 23.

## CIVIL APPOINTMENTS. Fort, Cornwallis; 21st August, 1817.

Mr. J. L. Phiers, to be Accountant and Auditor.

Mr. W. SARRORIOUS, to be Deputy Accountant and Auditor.

Mr. K. Munchison to be a Commissioner of the Court of Requests.

Mr. John Annerson, to be ditto ditto.

Mr. WM. Money Williams, to be an Assistant in the Office of the Secretary to Government.

Letters from Malacca dated the 16th instant came to hand yesterday, by which we learn, that the Bombay Ships had a tedious passage of eleven days from this port, and expected to sail for China on the evening of the shove-mentioned day. They were accompanied down the Straits by a French regate from Pondicherry, which was sent out in March last, and was to leave Malacca for Maniffa, and China on the following day.

# AUGUST 30

On Tuesday about noon, the remarkable phenomenon of a Hail storm occurred upon the Signal Hill in the centre of the Island. The morning was attended by the same hazy appearance which has lately prevailed to an unusual extent over our atmosphere, and during a severe squall with thouder and lightning, a heavy shower of hail fell for the space of two minutes. The pieces of Ice are described as being of a very irregular shape by our informant, who states, that many equalled in size an ordinary Hen's egg.

Accounts have been received that the Rajah of Sambas has cut off a Brig belonging to Mr. Scarello, of Manilla, and commanded by an Euglishman of the name of Mitchell. Captain Foster of the Isubella saw the Vessel in the possession of the Rajah in July last.

### SEPTEMBER C.

We feel great pleasure in having it in our power to resieve in some measure, the anxiety of the numerous friends of Major Farquhar, Resident and Commandent at Malacea, by giving publicity to the following extract of a letter, auted 23d ult. received from a kind Correspondent at that settlement.

"You may have heard of Mojor Farquhar's unfortunate accident, which has given so much uncorness to his friends here—He was thrown out of his Buggy on Wednesday fast;—the wheel passed over his nim and fractured it; but I rejoice to acquaint you that he is now doing extremely well, and has not the slightest symptom; of fever."

# Mauritius.

### AUGUST 30.

### Port Louis, Mauritius, July 31st, 1817.

At a meeting of the Inhabitants, held in the Committee Room, Government House, on the 24th inst. Mr. Saulines, the elder, proposed that an Address should, be presented to His Excellency the Most Noble Marquis of Hastines, Governor General of India. expressive of the gratifude they feel for the succours afforded by his Lordship to the sufferers by the fire of the 26 h September last and also in reply to His Lordship's letter on the same subject, which His Excellency the Governor had been pleased to lay he fore the meeting.—This proposition being warmly applicated and unanimously adopted, the meeting, appointed Messrs. Sauliner the elder, and Thomas Pitot, to prepase an Address to this effect, against their next meeting, which was agreed to be held on Wednesday the 30th instant.

Mr. Saulaiar the elder proposed at the same time, that an Address of thanks should also be presented to the Committee at Calcupta charged with the execution of His Lordship's benevolent intentions towards the Colony, for the zeal, activity and talent which have displayed on this occasion. Mr. Saulaier, also proposed to the meeting to avail themselves of the presence in this Colony, of Mr. Ricketts, President of the Committee, to render to him also their particular thanks; and to request that he will take charge of the above Addresses, and himself present them to His Excellency the Marquis of Hestings and the Committee, on his arrival at Calcutta.

This proposition having been unanimously adopted. Messrs. Saulaier and Pitot were also requested to prepare these Addresses—and on Wednesday the 30th instant, the Inhabitants, having been again assembled for the purpose of receiving the addresses, then submitted to their consideration, the following were unanimously agreed to and immediately sigued by all the person present.

TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE MOST NOBLE THE MARQUIS OF HASTINGS, K. G. GOVERNOR AND CAPTAIN GENERAL OF ALL THE BRITISH POSSESSIO. A) IN INDIA, &C. &C. &C.

My LORD.

When a few years since, your Lordship landed on our shores, your fellow countrymen crowded round you, and greeted with

transport the arrival of the Statesman and the Warrior so dena to England — This however was not the attraction, which drew around you another and that a large portion of our population not yet severed from France, Frenchmen could only raise their concess to rayoke blessings on virtues, less dazzling perhaps, tho

far more, precious, far more dear to humanity

Your virtues, my Lord, have long been known to us-we are not ignorant of that generous ardour, anticipating every want, presenting every wish, succouring misloritune, whenever it is to be found and in a manner stripping yourself to give aid and comfort to that sidst body of unbittiniates, whose multiplied and unceasing calls upon your generously, could neither wenty nor exhaust the goodness of your bounteens head

These were the virtues, my Lord, to which we paid the well merited tribute of our humble generation; and we presumed to believe that it found some value in your Lordship's eyes.

The expressions of our respect, and permit us to add, our attachment to yourself, flowed from feelings as deep as they were sincere—nutanted by any of those interested hopes and expectations, which too, often dictate the low and hollow flattery pointed forth at the shrine of power.

The acknowledged independence of our character has more than once given proof, that truth alone can, with us, inspine those encommunished have heretofore been thought not unworthy to be tendered to a Suffrein and a Labourdonnais.

But perhaps, my Lord, even at that tame, forcholding, of which we ourselves were insensible, pointed to you as to the hand, destined but too soon; equally by its power and its inchnation, to rescue us from the horzors of future, and to soften the severity of a fate which had mearly reduced us to despire

It, in the midst of still smoaking rums of our town, we refigated from making ourselves that appeal to your Lerdship, which the infortunate nevar flade in vain to you, at least we were not che ked by any doubt or cent beneficent disposition—but inv Lord, it is painful, even where misfortune has not here merited, to solicit those succours, the want of which, but a moment before we could not suppose likely to fall upon us; and a suffered in selecte—But a parent watched over us, and the voice of our Government drew to our assistance the ninted bounties of Europe and of India.

Deign, my Lord, to come amongst us, once again, and you return to the bosom of you own country—when and stous straw that hed cottages, and blessed by the passage of own benefactor, we may exhabit the rate and interesting speciale of unsfortune soothed and releved by gamben, and public gents tade, doing equal nomage to public gentiated, doing equal homage to public wirtue and to private worth

We have the honor to be, with the greatest respect, my Lord, your Lordship's most humble and most obedient bery ints.

To Measicings C. M. Ricketts, J. P. Larkins, J. S. Brownrigg, A. Trotter, J. Palmer, the President and Members of the Mauritius Committee, at Calcutta.

GENILLIEN,

His Excellency Governor Farquhai, has been pleased to communicate to us the measures of the Committee, of which you are the Members, and we trust you will believe that we feel the most lively gratitude for all that has been done, upon your recommendation, by the munificance of the Government, and the benevolent feelings of the inhabitants of Calcutta, for an unfortunate Colony, too recently annexed to the British Empire, to derive, from thence, as yet, any very strong claim, on the national sympathy of its new fellow subjects.

We shall not attempt, Gentlemen, to express the teelings of a whole population, towards his Excellency the Margins of Hastings and vourselves, for that succoar which has been so zentously and so promptly afforded to us. We entreat you to think only of the thousands whom you have enalched from the horrors of amine; whom you have relieved from the bitterest state of his man want, whom you have saved from despan, to think too if the numbers among these unfortunate, who have been thrown as it were in a moment, from a state of honorable case and many of their from the possession of a brilliant fortune, in the deepest abysses of misery and wretchedness, we intrest you to think of these things, and then to think what ought to be, and to believe that such are, our feeling towards you. of he well merited praise and admiration of our common country, and of all civilized nations, who will know it the same moment, our misfortunes and your generous assistance and reliet of us, constitue the reward best suited to minds like vones-and we shall esteem ourselves but too happy, if we can contribute to this just reward by loudly proclaiming our own endles, gratitude

Be assured, Gentlemen, that me remembrance of the hencits you have conferred upon us, must ever live in the hearts of the linhabitants of the Mauritius, in whose hane, we have the konor of addressing you.

of addressing you.

We with the highest consideration and the surcerest devotion—-

GENLIEWEY,

6. Your most humble and most obedient servants.

(Here follow the Signatures.)

To C. M. RICKETTS, Esq. &c &c &c.

SIR.

Your presence among us, enables us to discharge a debt of grantude which the Colony owes to you as President of the Committee formed at Calcutta, for the relief of the sufferers by the dreadful conflagration which destroyed our city last year, and

we are anxious to avail expredices of the occasion, to request of you to convey to that Committee, and through them to the Subscribers at Calcutta, the expression of those feelings, the sympathy so universally shown by all classes, and the zeal, promptitude, and ability exhibited by the Committee, under the unspaces of the Governor General, were so well calculated to

moduce.

Had this island been a part of the Indian Empire connected by common origin, fellow feeling—kindred ties—or immediate relationship which unite the various members of that magnificent and stupendons Fabric, it would not have been astonishing that Calcutta—the Queen of the East as she ever does in all that is nobly and magnammans in purpose and execution, would have stretched out her bands, to say, succeur and restore, whatever the ravages of accident might destroy, but the generosity shown, on the present occasion, has a higher motive—one independent of country, and which could only result from that refined and enlightened inmainty which is the perfection of our nature.

To the generous, energetic and disinterested efforts of your committee, and the inequalled promplitude and zeal, with which they carried into effect the intentions of the Governor Géneral, are to be ascribed the happy effects the measure immediately produced, the moment it was known here—The universal dismay which resulted from the total destruction of the me ins of subsistance, by the fire, and the unexampled draught of forty days, which succeeded it, and destroyed all hopes of the train Crop, was comediately dissipated, by learning that you, for and the Committee, under your Presidency, were occupied with the me ins of saving us from famine.

This clisis is now over, but the remembrance of it can never be efficied in this Island—and, so long must last, that Gratitude which we feel towards our Brevitten of Calcutta, and the Com-

mustee which gave effect to their wishes, mo our hebalf

We request therefore 50, that you will accept, and communicate to them, the expression of our corded thanks and acknowledgements, for the sympathy and relief, we have experienced at your hands, and which cannot fail to encrease and coment that attachment, and common techniq of regard and recipiocal ads, which should subsist between fellow subjects

We have the honor, with the highest consideration,

bir.

Your most humble 1 , 3

and most obedient Servants.

### ( Here follow the signatures )

The meeting then voted thanks to Messes Sanlnier and Pitot for their care and trouble to draw to up the addresses and that they be requested to deaver the same, on the name of the meeting, into the hands of Mr. Ricketts

### CALCUTTA MONTHLY JOURNAL.

VOL. XXXI.]....NOVEMBER...[Numb.277.

### Calcutta.

### MILITARY.

GEVERAL ORDING BY THE HANORABLE THE VICE-PRESIDENT IN COUNCIC.

### FORT WILLIAM; Ocrosen 28, 1917.

The Honocable the Vice-President in Council adverting to the General Orders by Covernment bearing date, the 27th January, 15 6, and to the General Orders by the Most Noble the Commander in Chief of the toth attimo, is pleased to abolish the designation of Provinced Assistant Adjutant General, as applied to Caul an Watson, who is to be considered as an Officer of the Department of the Adjutant General of the Army, and to tike Rank accordingly from the date of his former appointment as an Assistant Adjutant General.

When the Commander in Chief shall leave the Upper Provinces. one of the Deputy Adjutant General's on the Establishment of the Adjutant General's Department will be attached to the

General Officer Commanding in the field, as formerly

JOHN CRAIGIE.

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil Dent-

GENERAL ORDERS, BY THE HONORABLE THE VICE-PRESIDENT IN โกรียทอนน.

#### FORT WILLIAM: October 28, 1317

Captain George Becker of the 5th Regiment of Native Cavality and Assistant Commissary General, having turnshed the present ea Certificates from the Medical and Pay Departments, is preunited to proceed to See for the recovery of his health, and to he threat on that account for 10 Months, from the date of the sadiag of the Private Ship Brothers from Bengal.

Beevet Captain J Ridge of the 21st Regiment of Native Infantry, having furnished the prescribed Certificates from the Medual and Pay Departments, is permitted to proceed to Europe

on furlough, for the recovery of his health.

Licutement R. C. Faithful of the 10th Regiment of Native Infanter, having furnished the prescribed Certificates from the Medical and Pay Departments, is permitted to proceed to Sea for the recovery of his health, and to be absent on that account for 10 Months, from the date of the sailing of the Ship on which he may embark.

Major I. B. Morris of the 3d Regiment of Native Infantry, having turnshed the prescribed Certificates from the Medical and Pay Departments, esperanted to proceed to Europe on tur-lough, for the recovery of his health.

Major General Sir Robert Blair, K. C. B. having furnished the prescribed Certificate from the Pay Dapartment, the conditional permission granted to him in G. acral Orders of the 30th ultimo, to proceed to Europe on furlough, on account of his private affairs, is confirmed.

JOHN CRAIGIE,

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Depts

DESCRIAL UNDERS, BY MUE HONORABLE THE VICE-PRESIDENT IN

#### FORT WILLIAM; OLTOBER 28, 1817.

Resolved, that the following Paragraphs of General Letters from the Honorable the Court of Directors in the Military Department, under dates the 30th April, and 7th May 1817, be published in General Orders.

### General Letter dated 30th April, 1817.

Pare 2.—" Mr William O'Neil has our permission to return to any bank as a suggest upon your Est cohalment, and we have appropriated him to succeed to the situation of Superintending Sage of at Prince of Wales Island, upon the death, or coming away of the Mackinson."

Para 3 "We have permitted Mr. Alexander Wardrop to proceed to your Presidency to scaetise as a Surgeon, and we direct plat he succeed as an Assistant upon your Establishment. His Rank will be settled at a future time."

### General Letter, dated 7th May, 1817.

Paril. 2:- At the particular request of Governor Bannerinan, we have permitted Dr. Win. O'Neil, of your Medical Establishment, who is appointed to succeed Dr. Mackinnon at Prince of Wiles' Island, to accompany him to that Presidency; but Dr. O'Neil is not on that account to receive any addition to the allowances he would be entitled to as a Surgeon of a Native Regiment in Bengal, to which he stands appointed, until he succeeds as Head Surgeon at Penang."

JOHN CRAIGIE,

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Depts

GENERAL ORDERS, BY THE HONORABLE THE VICE-PRESIDENT IN COUNCIL.

FORT WILLIAM; OCTOBER 28, 1817.

The Honorable the Vice-President in Council is pleased to disrect that all Barracas of a Hospitals occupied by Troops at the different Stations of the Army, shall be white-washed annually.

JOHN CRAIGIE,

Offg Sec. of Govt Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY THE HONORAND THE SICE-PRESIDENT IN SUCKCIA.

### FURT WILLIAM; October 28, 1917

The services of the undermentioned Assistant Surgeon, who in conformity with the instructions of the Honorable the Court of Directors, published in General Orders of 20th of July last, were directed to be discontinued from the strength of the Army, being at the present period in gently required; the Honorable the Vice President in Council is pleased to direct them to do duty with the Army, until further Orders, viz.

Messes Robert Scott, James Barker, Matthew Mendes, and

George McCowan

Such of the above Assistant Surgeons as has continued to dod duty with the Apply since the publication of the General Orders of 29th July last, are to be considered as entitled to the altowances of their Rauk, during the intermediate time.

JOHN CRAIGIE,

"Ong See to Govt. Mil. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY THE HONDRIBLE RHE PICE-PRESIDENT

### FORT WILLIAM; OCCOBER 23, 1917

The Honorable the Vice-President in Council is pleased to appoint Meyor D. Faithful of the Regiment of Artillecy, so be Apout for the construction of Gun Carriagee at Cossipore, in the room of Major Mitchell, deceased, and a Member of the Felegraphic Committee, in the room of Captain G. Swiney.

Captain to Swincy of the Regiment of Artillery, is appointed Secretary and Accountant to the Telegraphic Committee, in the room of Major Faithful, and is directed to officiate as Commission of Major Faithful, and is directed to officiate as Commission.

very of the Expence Magazine, until further orders.

JOHN CRAIGIE,

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

CENERAL ORDERS, BY THE HOTORABLE THE VICE-PRESIDENT IN BOUNCIL

### FORT WILLIAM; NOVEMBER 3, 1517

The permission granted in General Orders of the 31st January, 1817, to Lieutenant Watkins, Interpreter and Quarter Mister of the 1st Buttalion 14th Regiment Native Infantry, to, proceed to the 1sle of France for six months, for the recovery of his health, is extended to the 30th ultimo.

The General Orders of the 14th ultimo, directing the rejection of all claims to share in the Property captured from Holkar and the Marhatta Confederates, which had not been already preferred, are to be considered applicable only so the Native Details

of the Army

JOHN CRAIGIE,

Offg. See to Govt Vol. in pa-

SENERAL ORDERS, BY THE HISTORILE THE VICE-PRIMINATE IN COUNCIL.

#### FORT WILLIAM: NOTEMBER 4, 1817.

Lieutenant Francis Heron of the 8th Regional of Native Infantry, having furnished the prescribed Certificates from the Medical and Pay Departments, is permitted to proceed to Europe on furlough, for the recovery of his health.

JOHN CRAUGE.

Offg. Sec. to Goal, Mil. Dept1

## NOVEMBER 10.

The first subscription Assembly of the present acason has been advertised for Wednesday next. We have been assured that HASTIC has fitted up the common an elegant manner; and that by his present arrangements, the Subscribers will have more accommodation than during the last year. A large apartment will be appropriated as a Propostude; at the end of which, an Orchester has been erected; and no expense has been spared, in rendering the suit of rooms comfortable and commodious.

On Friday last the Chief Justice passed sentence on the several prisoners who have been convicted of offences during the present Sessions: after which the Sessions was adjourned until March 19 20 5.

ISAAC MOTTRAM who was recently convicted of wilfully and maliciously shooting, with an intent to murder Corporal Ushen, suffered the awful sentence of the law on Wednesday last.

It appears that the intelligence from China, which we published in our paper of Monday last, has not been confirmed to the extent of the information which we had received on the arrival of the Helen. robbery committed of an American vessel in Macad, Roads, by a gang of Chinese depredators, had produced a serious investigation and ponchment; and it is stated on the authority of a letter published in the last Mirror, tout the Hong Merchant generally serves the American "having been squee-" zed by the Chinese Go vernment," endeavoured to compel all our Commanders to give Bonds, rendering themselves responsible for smuggling, if detected; but, that although the trade had been stopped for three weeks, matters had been adjusted by the Select Committee, without any compliance with the requisition. The price of Cotton was expected to become di minished. \*

Extract of a Letter nom Captain MacDougall of the Lady Carrington, dated St. Helens, 11th June, 1817.

"I am happy in being able to give you a pleasing account of all my little ones. They are all well, and have been so during the whole of the passage, which has been rather a long one, but fine weather the whole way We arrived here on the 29th May, and I expect to sail this evening in company with the Mangles; which Ship arrived here on the 7th from Bencoolen. The Astell and Princess Amelia, China Ship, sailed on the 8th."

Extract of a Letter from a Passenger by the same ship.

"We have hardly bad any rough weather, and most probably the calms we complained of for nearly three weeks after crossing the line were the means

of our escaping a storm which appear to have, been felt severely in various latitudes, and injured a fumber or vessels.

"The former ruler of Europe is denied any intercourse with strangers without permission. Mr. Manning, the Chinese Traveller, w'o arrived here in one of the Chinamen, had an increase with him at Longwood in his Chinese costome. Captain McD., myself, and all the Children are lodgest in the same house with the French and Russian Commussioners."

Extract of a Letter dated Gramamo, Right

Bank of the Juanua, 28th October, 1817

" The Grand Camp assembled at rekind a the 20th, on which day the Marquis joined us it is the finest force that ever has assembled in tuita moved from Sekundra on the 25 a to the Banks of the River, near which the Bridge of Boats is constructed. Head Quarters with the Cavalry; and the 2d Brigade of Infantry passed the Bridge on the 20th. and took up a position on the opposite bank of a village called Sunkerpore. The remainder of the Army with the Park crossed vesterday. - We are, I understand, to remain on 'our present' ground two or three days till the bridge is fortified; on which duty the Pioneers and Engineers are busily employed. When that is done, we will proceed, I hear, to the baliks of the river Sind, where the army is likely to remain for some days, until it be ascertained whether matters can be settled by negotiation. The Agra Farce under General Donkin I hear does not move till the 1st November, and some seem to think that it will not move at all."

For the following articles of intelligening the movements of the Armies now of the held, we are indebted to the Hurland or Saturday last week from Head Quarters, an extrest of which we have published; but the following the fails are south more copious. It has been stated withough we know on what authority, that it is probable, the politic

'cal securities, which are required by the British Goserument will be obtained without any struggle. Should this statement be verified, we shall rejoice at such a consummation; but whatever may be the netermination of the powers, whose conduct has placed the Military force of our Government in its prosent attitude, it is gratifying to know, that competent means have been provided to obtain eventually, what may possibly be denied in the first instance. We are truly concerned of find that so, much sickness has prevailed in the Madras Army, The loss of Colonels WALKER and Thompson will be unterenedly lamented by all who knew them either as soldiers or as men.

On the 20th ultimo, the Head Quarters of His Excellency the Most Noble the Governor General were at Sunkerpare, where

the following order was issued

" The Commander in Chief has lively satisfaction in expressing the sentiment excited in him this morning, on his vie a'ing the Bridge and the Road leading through the Rasine to it. What he examined was to him proof, not only of skill and evergy, but of a zealous alacrity, which he had the highest pleasure in recognizing .- His Lordship requests Captain Symton, of the Proneers, Lieutenaut Franklin, of the Quarter Master General's Department, and Mr. Conductor of Ordnance Feldyicke, to accept for themselves, and to communicate to those under them respectively, his acknowledgement of the indement and activity, by which the movements of the Army have thus been so

materially facilitated 3 On the 26th the Horse Artillery the 1st Brigade of Cavalry and the 1st Brigade of Infantry crossed the Junior over the bridge of boats by a coad midt through the receives by the Proneur corps. After the general order, we need screen add in the words of our correspondent, that the shill and Jabour with which it had been constructed one highly creditable to that sahable coops. Head Quarters were transferred toothe right of the Junua on the some day. On the 27th the Park and 2d Brighte of Intantry crossed and on the 9-th die td Beignde. The army would move on the meriang of the 29th in two columns on . Jitowa Though the sevents of the weither had prevented the co-operation of the troops from the south of the Nerhulda at the time expected, it was not supposed that this would neserfere

with the advance of the Grand Army

By the latest accounts it suppears that Semicir was in Dhurna -1 stroops being 25 months in afterrs; and jet he is foolish chough to refuse negotiation, while it is clear he connet oppose any one of our divisions

We present to our readers a sketch of the position of the coops in the Grand Camp at Secundra, which has been obligingly aominicated to us

Ramour states that the terms, to which Scindia was called on to accede, did not lead to any cession of territory, but that he was required to employ his forces in conjunction with ours, and under the same direction, to extinguish the Pindarees, and, as a pledge of his good faith in effecting this object, to place in our possession certain fortresses, which would be restored to him on this object being accomplished. The fortresses mentioned are Narwar, chandonse, Buildia and Pesur Ghur

Our letters from the Duklin communicate the melancholy intelligence of the death of that gallant veteron of the Madras Army. Col. Walker, who was advancing with his division to the Colonyl W is Stated to have used of apoplexy; he Nerbadda. had been for ten dissorthe coak of the Poor is, which he had not the means of crossing, in the anxiety thus occasioned to this gallant solder is supposed to have accelerated his death. John Wilcolm tenched. Has emabled on the 19th altineous high Thealth and spirity. As we frameds to attorred, the Madian army had soffered bareh in its advence from the heavy fills of rain which impeded its progress. The light division, we learn, lost nearly all its complequipage and baggage Con-orderable sectors had prevailed in Sicolohi Malcolni's Comp during the march from Nigpore. It was expected that ratwithit may all impolanents, the whole of the Madias time would reach the banks of the Neibudda by the 28th ultimo.

By recounts which reached as yesterday, we are conserted to have that considerable so kness continues to prevail among the temps advincing to the Voluddie. The Midias army had last agailber with this office, or Laut . Colonel Thompson who \*commanded a horged- and who due for the march soon after The micralence of fever as ittributed to the Coloact Wilker great voissitulet at Amperature, the Thermonater virying 2) degrees in the course of the 24 hours. Six John Malecha in Leaded arriveling from Hussemahan on the 24th addition, to join the first division of the Madeas Young at Hardth. The Norbudd ib halbecome tordable at the Peteral Grant, which is about 14 miles North of Subaggore and 47 ESt of Hussen dad; - at which latter place on the 22d, there was from 12,40 13 feet of water at the shallowest plus of the river. On the 14th altimo His Exterleavy Sn T - Hyslop had advanced about 120 index from Hedealed and was proceeding to join the army

By letters from Delhy we learn that Sir. D. Ochterlony, K. G. of the thirt place on the 19th for Goingonny. The following is from D. Pir under date 21st of Getober

The weather still contains a unusually hot, in so much that leading are not yet altogether had under The thereometer generally rises during the day to near 90° but falls at oight abbelow 70, and although the weather has been so oppositive during

ing the day, the nights with very fewexceptions throughout the season, have been agreeably coil, and are now become quite cold. There has not been nov rain, but a few partial showers, at the full and changes of the moon since July, while in the habit has rained incessaulty for the last six months; and in the lower provinces the season appears to have been unusually well. The consequence of this drought is an almost total failure of the crops in the Doomb and a considerable advance in the price of crain, which the movem ats of the troops tends to increase. We have no Cholera, but there has been a great deal of sickness in all the considerable towns in the upper provinces."

We learn from a Correspondent in the Upper Provinces, that the Most Noble the Marquis of Harrings has pecinited the 29th Regiment of Native Infantey, to have Light Buff-Pacings and Gold, being the same as those of his Lordship's Regiment in his Majesty's service. Our readers will recollect that the 1st Buttalion 29th Regiment is called the Morra ke Painal." which we understand, is now on as much to join the centre division of the army at Secundra.

The sum of intelligence respecting the movements of the Viny received in Calcutta since our last, is briefly es roll as On the 30th of September Gener is D Accessors, in command of the 4th Compaav. At Hetalion 98th, and Ist Battalion 26th Native lebuter, neach d from Reitsh towards Bandah, and arrived there on the 5th altimo. The Keitah Detachment was joined at Bandon, by the In Butalion 11th Native Inlantry, and a Battalion of the 7th from Delhi. Conecal Marshall took command of the left , it, ion on the 7th October. On the 8th the severals corps tanteled to Kallinger, where they arrived on the 20th, and were joined by Captain CUNNINGHAME, with six Rusalahs of Robilla borse. On the 14th the are concentrated at the bottom of the Bissam Gainge (Thaut, after the junction of the Train of Front and House Artillery, and the 1st Battalion of the 1st Na ve Julantry. This Division was to murch on the 20th mitimo to Hattab.

Sir John M. Accord was near Husseinabad about the middle of Ja at mouth. The Nerbudda continued

undsually full, the shallowest parts being on the 15th of October, 18 feet deep. Ratts were preparing for the passage of the troops. It is said that the Division under General Malcolu will occupy the Diarah of Seroo, which is situated near Ashta and Mogerdaw; is the most westerly of the Pindaree positions, and about mid-way between Husseinabad and Oujien. General MARSHALL was to advance through Bundlecund upon Saugor and Bassoudah, the jagheer of Shaikh Dulloo. We have already stated that the whole cantonment of Kunnesm Knan at Bersian had been accidentally burnt to the ground, and that the Pindaree Chief had removed to another post in the neighbourhood of that place. some of the Ukhbars state that Scindean intends to head the 'confederacy,' others positively assert his decided disposition not to take the field against the British forces.

The Governon General was at Sherghur on the 25th ultimo. A bridge of boats was in preparation for the passage of the Grand Army over the Jumna. His Lordship inspected the troops on the 22d at Secundra.

# SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

# CALCUTTA.

\*RRIVAL Nov. 2. Brig Bounty Hall, Captain William Hammil from Liverpool 17th June.

American May Agawam, Captain John Wells, from Boston 31st May and Java 12th Oct

& A China Junk, name unknown?

7. Ship Lauton, Capinia Thomas Taylor, f.om London 10th April, 1sle of France----out Madras 19th October.

Pertuguese Ship Ma ta Premerra, Captam S. L. Ramos, from Rio de Janeiro 14th August.

DEPARTURE. Nov. 5 Brig Helen, Captair G. Mackintosh, for Negapatam and Malay Coasts.

THE TOLIOWING VESTLY HAVE PASSED TO SEA.

Nov. 3. Phoenix Yacht for Cuttalk

2. Mortha. Captain Driver, Ganges. American Ship ofthers and Portuguese Brig Note Desline.

6 Martha, (Cojell)

1 Caledopie

About twenty sails of Dhonies &c. have arrived from the Maldiva Islands, within the last few days.

# PROGRESS OF VESSELS AT THE FOLLOWING STATIONS. Diamond Harbeur.

Remain,-The H. C. Ships Lord Castlercagh, Northumberland, Union, and Surry.

Keigeree.

Remain,-Outward hound Ships Sherbourne, Apollo, Lord Wellington, and Heywood.

Layton, coming to town.

Nov. 8 Brig Helen, passed to Ses. Baring, passed up.

New Anchorage.

Remain,—II. C. Ships Princess Charlotte of Wales, Marquis of Wellington. Mincrua. Rose, Streatham, Carnotic, William Pilt, and Thomas Grenvillo, as also the Coinwall, and Moffaci.

"The following is a correct list of the destination of the Honorable Company's regular and Extra Ships, which are to compose the different Fleets of the Season 1816-17, and the period of their departure

To compose the first Fleet, and to sail for England direct on the 20th November, -the H. C. Ship Streatham and William Pitt.

The Commander of the Streatham will be charged with His Majesty's Mail homeward.

To compose the second Fleet, and to sail for England, direct in all December next,—the Carnain and Thomas Greneille

To sail for England via Fort St George, in the ensuing month of December, the Minera, Marquis of Wellington, Rose and Princess Charlotte of Wales

To England direct, and to sail in February next,—the Lord Castlereagh

To Bencoolen agreeably to their destination, -the H. C Extra Ships Northumberland and Union. -

#### BOMBAY.

ARRIVALS, October 8 His Mayesty's Sloop Hacehus, John P Parkin, Esq. Caplain, from the Gulph of Persia — 7. H. M. vinizer Festal, Lientenant F. Farchfull, from the Persian Gulph; Ship Harriet, Capt. T. Guthrib, from Bussorah, Ship Ruparell, Captain F. Briggs, from Bussorah.

DEPARTURES. October 3 Ship Dadaloy, Captain Edmond Dyer, to Calcutta - H M Timber Ship Ernaad, Licutenant David Jones, to the Malabar Coast - 6 H. C. Cruizer Prince of Wales, Licutenant Dominicett, to Surat.

# Bombay.

## OCTOBER 14

We are sorry to state that the ship Durable, Captain R. Guthrie, of this port, was totally lost, a little after midnight of the 21st August, in the Persian gulph on a rees of sunken rocks on the coast of Arabia. She had sailed from Bushire on the 18th August bound to Buhrein under convoy of the H. C. cruises Ariel, which narrowly escaped sharing the same fate. At the time the accident happened, the Durable, having the pilot on board, was a short distance ahead of the cruiser, steering S. by W. with a light wind from E. S. E. and a considerable swell. The cruiser immediately put about, and, having in five minutes deepened from 3 fathoms to 6 fathoms, anchored and sout all her boats to the assistance of the Durable; but the latter struck so forcibly and rolled so heavily, that all the, exertions used, proved ineffectual to save the ship. All the people, some of the cargo and a considerable portion of her stores were conveyed on board the Ariel.

Letters from Trincomallie received during the last week mention that H. M. shin Challenger, Captain Bridges, was to sail from that port about the 11th or 12th September for the Persian Gulph.

On Thursday the H. C. cruiser Prince of Wales sailed for Surat. John Elphinston. Esq. late member of council, appointed Chief of Surat, embarked on board under the customary salutes

This day the fourth Sessions of Oyer and terminer and general goal delivery for this town and island will commence before the Hon'ble the Recorder and his assocites. We understand there are but few cases on the castendar, and none likely to excite much interest.

H. M. ship Bacchus, Capt. J. P. Parkin, will, as we ard informed, sail hence for Trincomallie on the 14th instant.

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# Calcutta.

# CIVIL APPOINTMENTS.

## TERRITORIAL DEPARTMENT.

OCTOBER 18, 1917.

Mr. T. P. Biscon, Assistant to the Board of Commissioners in the Ceded and Conquered Provinces.

November 7, 1817.

Mr. P. Y. Lindsay, Assitant to the Collector of the 24-Peverunnahs.

# MILITARY.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY THE HONORABLE THE VICE PRESIDENT IN COUNCID-

## FORT' WILLIAM : Oct. 28, 1817.

The Honorable the Vice-President in Council is pleased to notify in General Orders, that the following description of Persons and Establishments have been exampted from the payment of Toli at the Public Ferries, we.

1. Military Officers, with their Servants and Baggage, when travelling on their private affairs, and Native Soldiers going on or returning from leave of absence

2 The Servants and Baggage of a Military Officer, when the Officer himself is not with them—supplies in 'transit to such Officer, and his Cattle, when sent out for forage or fodder

3. The Carriages, Cattle, and Porters, employed in the conweyance of Public Treasure, or of Public Property of every description, including all supplies for the Commissariat and the Public Investment, and all materials for Public works, except such as may be executed by contract.

4. All Cattle provided for the Victualling Department of the

Commissiciat.

All Public Cattle, (Elephanta, Camela, or Oxen.) when sent out for todder, or in any other situation, when they may not form a part of Detackment of Troops, and the Remount Horse of the Cavalry on their progress to the Regiments to which they may be alloted.

6. The Public Grass-cutters and their Cattle, where sent out

`lor forage.

With a view to guard against abuse, it is directed that the Servants of Officers when not in attendance on their Masters, shalls invariably be furnished with Certificates, stating their names, and the number and description of Cattle, Carriages, &c. under their charge.—In the event of Servants not being furnished with such Certificates, they will be subject to the payment of the established Tolf.

. JOHN CRAIGIR.

Offg. Sec. to Govt. Mil. Dept.

#ENTRAL ORDERS, BY THE MONORABLE THE VICE-PRESIDENT IN COMMOND.

# FORT WILLIAM; Ocr. 28, 1817.

In pursuance of the liberal and gracious intention of the Monorable the Court of Directors, to extend to the meritorious class of Subadars, and through them to the whole Native Army, the strongest marks of their favor, with a view to reward past services and encourage future exertions; the Honorable the Vice-President in Council, in comm unication with the Most No ble the Governor General, has determined to create a new, and superior Hank of Native Commissioned Officers, to be styled, Eubadar Major.

This situation is to be considered as conferring owits possessor, no office, command or superiority in the Corps or Regiment to which he belongs, differing from that of Subadars, the Sentor of which hank he is alone to be deemed. But in the case of Detachments from different Corps doing duty together, the Subadar Major is to have the benefit of this Army Rank, in like manner as the usages with Legard to Brevet Commassions, direct, among European Officers, of His Majosty's and the Honogable Company's Afmy.

The selection for promotion to the Rank of Subadar Major, which will not? depend on mere length of services, unless into trated by recorded acts of distinguished conduct in the Rield, is to rest entirely with the Commander in third, at whose special recommendation of the individuals, on grounds to be tally set forth, Commissions will be granted by the Governor General in Council, in order, thereby, to mark more strongly in the eyes of the Army, the distinction between this and ordinary Regimental Commissions.

The Subadars only of Regular Cavalry, Artiflery, and Infant ry, of the Ramghur, Rungpore, Chumparum, and Cuttack Local Corps, and the Pioneers, are to be eligible to the rank of Sub-2 dar Major, unless, in such possible cases, of extraordinary conduct and bravery, as may justify the setting aside of all occurry Rules.

The total number of Subadar Majors in the Army, is not ordinarily to exceed 75, viz.

8 Cavalry. . 60 Infantry.

2 Artillery, Horse and Foot.

4 Local Corps.

1 Pioncer.

and it is to be discretionary at all times with the Commander in Chief, to fill up the whole or only a part of this Rank. But although in the first instance, que may be nominated in each Gorps, it will not be obligatory on the Commander in Chief, to fill up any vacancy, which shall occur among the Sofied in Majors of the Army, by a promotion in the same Corps, in which the casualty happens.

A Brevet Pay of 25 Rupees per mensem is to be annexed to the Commission of Subadar Major, n addition to his ordinary 21-

lowances, as Subadar of a Company.

In order to follow up those principles. laid down by the Moporable Court, for extending every protection and encouragement to the Native Officers, the Government will at all times readily take into its consideration, any acts of distinguished conduct, on the pair of the Subadar Majors, which may be laid before it by the Commander in Chief, and will devise and confer such increased honors and rewards for the same, as the nature of each case may seem to require.

His Excellency the Commander in Chief is requested to make known to the Armf, in the full-st granner, these orders; announcing the liberal arrangement of the Ronourable the Court of Directors, and of the Government; and further, to issue such subsidiary orders on the occasion, as he may think appropriate, and necessary.

JOHN CRAIGIE,
Offe. Sec. to Govt. Md. Dept.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY THE HONORABLE THE VICE PRESIDENT IN COUNCIL.

# FORT WILLIAM; Oct. 28, 1817.

Resolved, that the following Paragraphs of a General Letter from the Honorable the \*Court of Directors, in the Military Department, under date the 7th January, 1817, be published in General Orders.

19 The reasons assigned by the Madras Government for suspending the execution of our first orders on this subject, pamely, that the Commissary General cannot properly be considered as an Officer of Disburgement, and that the Mintary Board are not that ged with the duty of passing the accounts of

his Disbursements, and to which you refer as explanatory of the matives by which you have also been guided, are by no means

'satisfactory to our minds "

" It is true, that according to the present Regulations for the management of the Commissariat, (as described by now replying) the accounts of the Commissary General are submitten to Government by the Military Auditor General, without the intervention of the Military Board; but we are by no means prepared to say, that that is the only examination to which the accounty and conduct of the Commissariat ought to be subjected."

16. " We are, on the contrary, or opinion, that it would be proper that an Annual Report should be made by the Malitary ) oard upon the Commissariat to Government, and we direct, that such Report be invariably made hereafter, and transmitted

to us from all the Presidencies "

17. " I'd the unbiassed opinions of the Members of the Millitary Board, we are accustomed to took with much confidence in all cases involving rid invexpense, and it is in our onn on of great importance the no Other should have a seat at that fored, whose disburseme is and conduct me hable to be brought under their superintendance and come or "

18. " With respect to the observation of the beauty Government, that the Commissary General cannot properly ue o next dered an Officer of Disbursement, we have only to record our

decided apinion, that the observation is apcorrect"

"We have accordingly informed the Madras Government, in a Letter dated 30th September, 1814, (Paragraph 3,) copy of which has been transmitted to you, that we adhere to our original opinion, that the Commissary General lought not to be a Member of the Military Board, and have accordingly di-rected his removal from that, Board i and we now repeat om directions, that the same regulation stake effect at your Presidency also, immediately on receipt of this Letter.

The Honorable the Vice-President in Council, in publishing the foregoing Paragraphs of a Letter from the Honocable the Court of Directors, deems it an act of justice to record the high sense which Government bas uniformly entertained of the valuable services rendered by Lieutenant-Colonel Wegnelin, as a Member of the Military Board, during the tour he has held the amportant situation of Commissary Ceneral , and regrets the necessity that now exists of depriving the Board of the metal Luowledge and experience possessed by that Officer.

JOHN CRAIGIE,"
Offg. Sec. to Govt Mil. Dept.

SUMBRAL ORDERS BY THE HONORABLE THE VICE-PRESIDENT IS COLVIL

FORT WILLIAM & Nov. 4, 1917.

The Honorable the Vice-President in Council is pleased to appoint Lieutenant Stephen or Engineers, to superintend the completion of the Mansoleum at Ghazepore.

Liconsequence of the retirement in England of Lieutenant Lulohel John Ainslie of this Establishment, from the 22d of January 1817, as notified in the 3d Para, of the Honorable the Court of Directors deneral Letter, published in the Government General Orders of the 28th instant, the Honorable the Vice-President in Connact is pleased to assign Rank to the undermentioned Officers, as follows, in lieu of that heretofore assigned them.

Infantry.

Licut. Col. Wm. Comyn, flate of Rank 22d January 1817, vice Amsile, retired.

## 17th Regiment of Native Infantry.

Major Robert McPherson, date of Rank 22d January 1817, vice Comyn, promoted

Captain Robert Baldock, date of Rank 22d January 1817, vice McPherson, promoted.

. Captain Lieutenant Archibald Montgomerie, date of Rank 22d January 1817, vice Baldock, promoted.

Lieutenant Geo. Henry Robinson, date of Rank 22d January

1817, vice Montgomerie, promoted.

The undermentioned Lieutenant Fireworkers are to take Rank in the Army, and Artillery Regiment, from the 25th of September 1817, the date of the augmentation authorized in Government General Orders of the 14th October 1817, for which they were promoted.

The remaining Lieutenant Fireworkers, promoted on the same occasion, will have their Rank adjusted hereafter.

John Gilbert Hank de Blank and Brooke Blank and

John Gibers Bristo. Thomas Brooke Blanks.
Robert Burrowes
Charles Patch
Thomas Wontgomerica?
Edward Raphiel Watts.
Birmo Browne.
Henry Timings.

James Paton.
Mr. Rundle Jackson, and Mr. John Cullen, who in Government General Orders of the 17th instant, were advanced to the Rank of Lieutenaut Fireworkers, are to have the date of their Rink adjusted hereafter, instead of being promoted from the 2.1th of September 1817, as directed in the abovementioned Order.

\*\* Edward Sweetenham and Mr. Donald Eneas McRay, basing respectively produced Certificates of their appointments a. Cadets of Engineers and Artillery on this Establishment, are advited into the service accordingly, and the latter promoted to be rank of Licutemant Fireworker,—his date of rank to be adjusted he reafter.

Ligutenant J. Graham of the 9th Regiment, and Lieutenan' Calin Mac Donald of the 1sth Regiment of N. I. have been permitted by the Honorable the Court of Directors to return to they, buty on this Establishment, without prejudice to their tanks

terjount Staks of the Pension Establishment, is permitted screening and to draw his stipend of Dirapore, instead of Monghier,

as notified In General Orders of the 29th July List.

Serjeant Thomas Williams of the Invalid Establishment at Ghune hiving produced satisfactory testimonials of his claims to the Pension Establishment, is admitted to the benefits of that Institution accordingly, and permitted to reside and draw his stopend at Dinapore.

JOHN CRAIGIE.

Uffer Sec to Goot. Mil. Dept.

The University the Vice-President will receive the Visits of any Gonth man, who may be descrows of calling upon him, whether on business or otherwise, on Mondays Wadnesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, from Nins Point half past Ten o' Gock.

R LEVY,

Private Secretary.

3d Not . 1817.

#### NOVEMBER 17.

Abstract of the Bengal Civil Fund, instituted on the 1st of October 1804.

It provides at the present period of time, for 13 Widows, for 9 Boys, and for 21 Girls of deceased Civil Servants: it likewise affords pecuniary aid to 8 Civil Servants, who that o been compelled by ill health to reliaquish their situation in India and to proceed to Europe for accovery.

The Capital of the Fundis Rs. 465, 506 The Monthly Income is . . . 9.227 The Monthly demand is . . . 0.478

# Monthly simplus . . 2 719

The Bengal Civil Lund is purely a Charitable Institution, and it does not extend a pension to Subscribers who retire from the Civil Service.

The Head Quarters of His Excellency the most Noble the Governor General were on the 1st instant at Berria and on the 2d at Donour.

Major General Marshall with the left of the Army had advanced as far as Hattah on the banks of the Cane. The following is an extract of a letter from that place under date the 2d instant.

"We have got on very well thus for -- we move again on the 4th towards Sagur. We have not yet met with the Pindarces, but hear of plenty of them between Sagur and Bitsah. This is a beautiful country and grain in abundance."

The movement of the left of the Grand Army being regulated by the center, General Dordan and not match from Agra so early as was expected. The same number of marches which circue the Center division from the Jumnah to the Sund would carry the left to the Chambal; which two rivers, we believe, form the bound ares of Scindia's territories to the North and East.

The Squadron of His Majesty's 21-4 Diagoons at the Presidency has moved from Garrison to the lines of the Body Guard at Ballygunge and the Commissariat having firmished the horses required, the Squadron will soon be ready to take the field.

#### INTELLIGENCE. SHIPPING

ARRIVALS, Nov 9 Ship Jamina, Captain J. White, from Chittagong 5th November

Arab Ship Derrie Reggy, Nacods, from Bombay 29th Septiber and Aleppee 8th October.

13 Ship Northumbrian, Captain Tresca, from London 28d June

Jone 6, 15. American Ship Union Captain B. Hitchings, from Rev. de laneiro, 8th September.

PASSENGERS TER NOT THE MERIAN

Miss A. Roebuck, Mr E. Leathler, Merchant, Mr H New-narch, Assistant Surgeon, and Mr. C. D. Roebuck

DEPARTURES November 11. Portuguese Ship Princisse de Binzil, Captain J. J. de Silva, for lashon

Brig Triumfo da Inveja, Captum J. J. Tramo, tor Ludion.
14. Brig Robert Quayle, Captum R. P. Jones tor L cerpool.
Ship Hadtow, Captum F. Lamb for London.

American Ship Couttenden, Captain R. Turner, for New York, Danish Ship Frederick the South, Captain H. Jansen, to comils to her lading for Copenhagen.

Bark. Admiral Druly, Captain G Thomson, for Boushay. Vasces expected to exit, their desired by Ac. 3

Themsenately.—Contest, Captain J. Langdon, for London, Littly, Burney, Captain R. Littlyindge, ditto, via Pointe de Galle and Cape, Comet, Captain T. Boag, toi Greenock, and Palmers, Captain E. C. Kemp, toi Liverpool

In three or four days,—Ship Franaship, Captain G. Wife, for Beheoolen and Java Isabella, Captain J. L. Starvell, for Bombay, Hough'a, Captain Hereis, for Mamilia, and Bing Vestal, Captain, Skarer, for diffe

The Sherbourne, passed to Sec, on the 9th Inst.

## PROGRESS O. VESSELL AT THE FOLLOWING STATIONS.

#### Diamond Harbon.

Remain.-H C. Pup Land Castlereagh, Northumberland, and Lucan also the graing, and Surry.

Passed up. The Aborth acking

Passed down, The Treech Sup Minerva, Portuguese Ship. Trainto as Incepa, and Angers on ling Ro- et Querte.

#### f dyence.

the Land Ber unter, outward broamt, century, and the foregoing, possed to sea, on the fath last of

## Year Dichorage

Remain -- 12 C. Ships Princess CharAtte of Bones, Marquis Bellington Microsco Rosa Carrella, Involve Growille, Bolima Put Streatiuse Asso the Committe, Meffett, and Paringuese Ship Princess do Brasia.

#### · . · · nr .

Memany - The Tienat.

BOMRAY ARBIVATS Out to a net Book Cipitent, some Dess Mahon ed. Icon. Social to P. C. Com er charris, trade rank R. Revuolds, in charge from Mangelore.

DEPARTURES October 1. Ship So arong Captain John Gover, to cerdinal Ship Anni captain Max other Greek, to Ping Lind. Passengers. Licenterial Colonel, Night I, first Lady and Son 148 Ship Mallow Phy Captain to a P. L. voog, to the Ope of Good Hope and Lond in Passengers. Rockerd Toring Est Civil Service his Lady in a varieties. Captain Hawkins, bug his Lidy and there Dingle ere, the two cend James Clow, Celonel Atkins, and Line ye bounded. Fraceb Ship Sophia, Commander L. Mailliet, to Mantans of Rorleins—11. Annel Bort Pigelant, Syring Doss, Alphaniet, to Milvan.—15. Ship Marriet, Captain T. Gathur, the Bengale.

# Bombay.

### OCTOBER 27,

On Saturday evening last, about half past six o'clork, a fire was discovered in one of the large godowns, under the Court'slouse of this Presidency, filled with cois. The alarm which it excited, amongst those, who were likely to be first exposed to its ravages, may be well conceived and, at many times, such was its menacing appearance that the possible extent of its progress could in no wise becalculated upon. Thanks, however, to the stillness of the night, the unparalleled thickness of the walls of the building, and the mercy of Heaven, it was got under about two o'clock on Sunday.

# CALCUTTA MONTHLY JOURNAL.

Vol. XXXI.]...NOVEMBER.... November

# Calcutta.

# CIVIL APPOINTMENTS.

# JUDICIAL DEIMRIMINE.

## Antivers It ist.

Mr. I. C. Smirt Register of the Zillan Court of Boudlecond and count Mog. state. Thomas are talged

M. I. I. Myringht Sec. of Register of the Sudder Station of

Mr. J. V. Pon or Beginser of the Fillable for the Cornekpare. So John Scott units. Bank Region of the Provincial Court of Spieul and Court of color the Divisional Benards.

#### Navigation 14, 1817

Mr. W. L., Rara, a Put ne Judge of the Courts of Sudder Dewnsory Salawin and Nizonat Adamsut

Mr. 1. Warson, third Judge of the Provincial Court of Appeal and Court of Curuit for the Discounce Calcula

Mi H Hanasow, famith Judge or date doto

71. K. Warrage, Judge and Magneti ere of the District of Midnapore.

# MILITARY.

derral andles of the monopolatic the stor-president

### TORY WILLIAM, November 31, 1817

The Hamilton the Vice for the time to word to pleased to make the goldening Appointment and Primerians

Treverenne Gavin Yeremen the ich fleg mest of Butie Infantre, in the Deputy Jon, e Advocate Gar int ju the Trouge at Dinapore and Benares, in the room of Captan S. 1 cheft, decressed

Sen or Licutement Colonel and Bievet Coincel I do Crowe to be Colonel of a Regiment, with Bark Consider 1th Divember, 1917, vice Ratledge, december

Remor Major Mathew Maconmars to be Licuteanit-Colone, fram the same date, vice Crowe, promittely.

# 5th Regiment Astire Infantry.

Ensign John Grant to be Insteamy, with Mark, from the stirt, a ber, 1917, vice El wood, deceased

# 9th Regiment Native Infantry.

Captain auf Brevet Mojor William Joteph Mathews to be Major

Rink from Never ber Successin aptorn Lieutengut and Brevet Captum Edward R their Broughton to be Captain of a Company Lieutenant and Brevet Captain Philip Hay to be

Capt n Lieutensut

Ensign James Clarke Charnock Grey to be Lieutemant.

Mr. Spageon Charles Assey is permitted to proceed to Lurape, on failough, on accounts his private attains, on his producing the prescribeil certificate from the l'af Department,

Mr. Jaseph Parton of the Invalid Pension Establishment, and late a Riding Ma ter in the 4th Regiment of Native Cavality, is directed to place himself under the orders of the Supervisor of the Hissar Rolablishment, and authorized to draw the Moutaly Pay and Allowances of a Rading Mariet, including his Pension.

#### ERRATA.

## In General Orders of the 28th ultimo.

Lor" Lieutenant R. C. Faithful of the 10th Regiment of Agrica Infantry, read " Captain R. C. Fanhiul, Major of Brigade in C Hluck

In General Orders of the 4th Instant

'For " Lieutenant Fire-Worker Birmo Biowne," read " Birnie

For 'Mr. Donald Lucas MacRuy," read "Mackay " In the pathgraph felicing to Mr. Ranale Jackson and Mr. Joun Culten, for Ista "Instant," read "ultimo,"

JOHN CHAIGIE.

. Offg. Sec. to Govt Mil Depr.

MENERAL ORDERS BY THE WINDRABLE THE VICE-PRASSERS IN COUNSE

#### FORT WILLIAM: Non-much 11, 1917.

The Honorable the Vice President in Council is pleased to onks the following Appointments to the 3d, or Captain Standers's consor Rolallah Horte.

Lobe Sub-Lieutenants, with local Rank

Picant Gent from the Ist October 1917.

McGrath, 'Gen., ditto 2d ditto vy McGregor, teen. ditto 3d ditto. Fdgar, Gent. ditto 4 h ditto.

- Lugau, Gent. dillo dib dillo.

To be Carnets with Local Rank,

Countrigion Section, Gent. 6th October 18. 3 - Pennington, Saumt, Cant. 7th ditto-

Mr. D. McLuchian to a ci w an Arsistant Surgeon, cib lord Rauk, and to perform the field and duties of Captum Dudnets's Corps.

JOHN CRAIGIE.

Offg Sec. to Cept Mil. Dept.

# YOVEMBER SI

A Committee of Merchants appointed for the purpose of taking into consideration certain plans which have been proposed, connected with the establishment of an Exchange and a Chanber or Connece, have submitted their report to a General Meeting of the Subscribers and others interested in the proposed establishments, which was holden. on the 5th instant. The meeting came to several resolutions, which have I een published, and which we shall lay before our readers, as soon as our budget of European News has been exhausted. On this subject so momentous to the interests of the Commercial Body, we have received a letter, which we shall also publish, as soon as we are enabled to print the resolutions which have been recently adopted, present we shall only express the hope of our correspondent. " that in carrying into execution a " scheme, which is so well calculated to promote the " general advantages of the Commercial World, and of British India in particular; there may be " no collision of private interests; and that all in-" dividuals feeling will be rendered subservient to " the good of the Puntir.

The weather for some days past, has been much warmer than is usual at this season of the year at Calcutta; and yesterday, a considerable fall of rain, was experienced, attended by thunder and lightning.

At the adjourned Session of Overand Terminer on Monday last the Grand Jury tored several Billsl of Indictment against Prisoners who had reached the Presidency, and who had been committed during the adjournment. The most important case, was of a capital nature. The Prisoner Day a private of the 87th Regime It, was on Thursday convicted of the wilful murdy of a Native, who, it appeared had interfered in consequence of violence done to his daughter, by the prisoner. The Pri-

soner immediately after the verdict, received sentence of Dearm. The Court was occupied the whole of Thursday and Friday with the trial of Criminal Cases.

During the last week, we published the Treaty which has been concluded between the British Government and Scindish, and the orders issued to the Gallant Army in the Field on the occasion of promulgating that Treaty. It would appear from the document alluded to, that the principal objects of the British Government, is first to suppress the predatory power of the Pindarees-and secondly, to prevent the revival of the predatory system in every part of India. One important point has already been gained, - by depriving the Pindarees of that protecfion on which they have hitherto mainly depended, and if SCINDIAH and our other allies shall efficient-Iv and faithfully co-operate, with our powerful army, in the measures contemplated by the British Government: we may anticipate, that the objects of the recent confederation will be speedily accomplished—that the Pindarces and every other body of associated freebooters-so long the terror and pest of India! will be expelled from their haunts, and prevented from re-assembling in sufficient numbers to disturb the future tranquility of the allied governments.

Of the proceedings of the Military Forces now in the field, we have received very imperfect internation during the last week; and we therefore republish from the Hurkaru of Saturday last, the following articles, which contain more correct details, than we have received from our Camp Correspondents:

Our letters from the Dukhin communicate a melanchuly cat istrophe, which occurred in the Madras Camp at Hurdah, on the aftermion of the Woodline Major O Doniell commanding the 8th Regiment of Sacretavalry was murdered by a tomper of that corps. It appears that Major O'Doniell was walking before his truit when the trooper came up reach with two loaded justols. Cut he first pistol being discharged the Major fell without sign of life. The ball procreated between his shoulders and so near had the pistolbeen carried that his lother were set on the. The assassin connectately made for his lines, but formulately was observed returning his probe to the holsters of his

Soldle, which led to the decompy of his being the perpetrator So callons and remorsely is was this wretch, that he is said to have avowed that he went amed with the deliberate intention of problem in a commanding officer; and, as appears this spirit of revenue was inspired by the most trivial raise. It is said he had gone to March Orden il with some frivolous complaint, who, after bedring him, viewing is as such, desired him to retire. Simmary proceedings had at first here contempted d, but it had been deemed expedient that the price mer should awant the sentinge of a General Court plactial.

A loade of about 3000 Pindarces had passed along the right hank of the Nerbudda since the arrival of the Mairas troops on the left at Hindah. By the latest occounts it appears the different Durahs of Pindarces were moving on Dutteah and Gudiot. It is stated that Khutteen Khut hill been put in passession by Schuliah, of Islamnigur.

which commands a pass between Bapal and Raisseen.

Parties had been seed in advance from the Nagpore Subsidiary force with the Properts to clear the Chankah pass and it was expected the troops would commence crossing on the 8th instant. The following order had been smed-troop which we may inter that this force no longer brais the denomination of—5th division of the army of the Decean.

The Most Voblethe Governor Concratand Commander in Chief having him pleased to direct a Division of Troops from the Subsidiary force to be funced to serve e beyond the limit of the Nagpore Territores; the following Corps and Hears of Staff and Departments are to be in readiness to march at the shortest notice.

3d Troop of Gallopers

5th Regiment Native Cavalry.

## ORDNANCE.

Four 12 Pounders,
Four 52 Hownzer,
Two 0-Pour ders,
2d Company Pouncer,
Light Informy Bartafoon,
Governder Congresses, Ist Battafoon 22d Native Regiment,
2d bartafoon Pour Native Regiment,
Lie bartafoon 29th Native Regiment,
Lie bartafoon 29th Native Regiment,
Lie bartafoon 29th Native Regiment,
Lie bartafoon 29th Native Regiment,
Lie bartafoon 29th Native Regiment,
Lie bartafoon 29th Native Regiment,
Lie bartafoon 29th Native Regiment,
Lie bartafoon 29th Native Regiment,
St. Robiblia Caffelie
Distachment Gun Liseau
Ginishriver Corps, (in proportion)
Detachment Ordinatice Carle

## STAFF AND HEADS OF DEPARTMENTS.

Secretary and Person Interpreter.
Assistant Adjusant General
Deputy Ass. Gast Querter Master General,
Acting Deputy Pay Master.
Superintipiding Surgeon.

Medical Stor -keeper with such proportion of the Medical Depot as the Superintending Surgeon shall be pleased to allot.

Sub-Antstant Commissary General Lieutenant Bruce, under such instructions as will be hereafter communicated.

Mr. Conductor Parsons. The Provost Sergeant. Lieutenant Hall appointed to succeed Lieutenant Paistik sen at Cante ument Adjutant and Quarter Master at Nagpore, will proceed to Guohwarra to assume the duties, which under the direction of the Most Noble the Commander in Chief were discharged by Suptain Patrickson previous to his appointment as Assistant Adjutant General. Lieut. Hall will be pleased to make the necessary arrangements for conducting the duties of the Post Office at Hussing abad and other Stations and Posts of the Subsidiary Force within the Nagpore Territories with exception only of Nagpore.

Endgn Hall, Field Engineer, will remain at Hussingabad for the purpose of completing the works constructing by him.

Lieutenant Walcot, Commissary of Stores will resame charge of the details of Artillery remaining at Hussingabad.

The General Orders by His Excellency the most Moble the Governor General addressed to the army, have announced the conclusion of a treaty with Scindia. The terms lave not yet transpired, nor dues report state any thing further than what we mentioned some weeks ngo of what we had heard would form the basis of the treaty-yiz to operation against the Pindatees and the delivery of certain fortieses to be retained till the accomplishment of that object. The only permaneut pulitical change contemplated in our relations with Scientizand the Marhattas is understood to be in the Rajapoot states being taken under British protection. This measure formed part of the policy of 1503; but was given up in 1805. Scindia having submitted himself and his dominions without a struggle, it is not probable that there will be any serious opposition into ther quarters. The House of Holkar has been long drawing to its close, and is now much too feeble to attempt resistance; and the ofta, petcy States wither court than avoid the protection of the British Government. There remains therefore nely the Pindarees to dispose of, who may be estimated, at the utinost, about 35,000 men, and these under various Chiefs who have little miny of interests, and are any, thing but formidable. The Army however must accessarily keep the held till the country shall be complet in settled agreeably to the new arrangements.

Since the above went to press the Treaty has been published in an Extra Government Gazette

When the centre devision of the grand arms matched from 'n 2d Battalian 13th Regiment, command d by Major Theoris to cover the criction of a less h-pont and other works for the tion of the Bridge of Boats—These works were completed on the instant, when the Bridgeon proceeded to join the division three lacs of Treasure and the mousand Brigaries for the many

Head-Queters of the Sound Cold uses, on the 10th at fer in the right of the acrty user Major-connected Dunkin did not from Agra till the Schington. It would reach Dholpmar in the Cold user the Sth. The manous which extermely mentioned, that the Bhurpore Raja had beer officed agoneto furnish his contingent proves correct. Twelf e knowled Bhurpore hors noted Major-toke at Donkin on the Sin. An inference way trawn from the low price it grain at Gualiur that Schidia was about to rose. In the beginning of this mind Wheat old at Gruolio at his Seers while at Agra, it was as high as 16.

Su David Ochterlony had proceeded from Goorgung to Rewarce. The force at Logdianha had been reduced to one battal or. The 2d of the 26th had been ordered from the t station to Kurnaul.

Letters from Bundlecund it appears that a body of Pindages had plundered Mone, near to Chatterpore, and had afterwards advanced near to Banda, with the intention of crossing the Jumna. They took

Extract of a letter from Banda, 7th November, 1817.

"Two days ago we were in considerable glarm in consequence of a report of the Pindarees coming in this direction; but after plundering Mow in the Jausse country they retired above the ghauts. Had it not been for the detachment under Major Cumming of the 7th Native Cavalry, it is probable the Pindarees would have visited in "And they come the Ladies would have been all safein the Nuwab's fortification, which would stand against horse as well as Fort William"

The following, which we received yesterday from the Nerbudday shews that the movements of the Pindarces are pretty well understood, at that quarter.

" Accounts from Sagne of the 29th ultime, state that Muzzar Bux had gone off for Chatterpore, with a body of 4000 Pindarces, for the purpose of plundering that place and Punnah; and that another body of about 6000, under Wassul Mahomed had gone to meet General Marshall's division about Hattah, and had on their was laid in ashes all the villages around. These two Durrehs came from Basonadee and Burseah Jagines of Pindarce Chiefs. It is said the latter Durah will try to make its way throthe Hurrappor Pass, upon Mirzapore; but I don't believe they will again attempt a distant excursion and our Provinces, having suffered so wush in the attempt last cold season; besides all their ja, hires will soon be in our possession, so that they could durn their plunder to no account."

It is stated in the last Harkarn, that amicable arrangements have been concluded with AMFER KHAN and the Chief of Kerouiy-but that no particulars have yet transpired.

# SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS. Nov. 17 Ship Upton Castle, W. Howell, from Cochin 25th October.

21. French Ship Epaminordes, J. H. Rosseau, from Marseilles 26th May and Cape of Good Hope 14th September.

PASSENGERS.

PER UPTOV LISTLE. Mrs. Savigny and Child, and Mr Vogle

> PER EPANINONDOS From Marseilles.

Cravino, Supercargo, and Mr. F. Decomehy.

# From the Ope of Good Hope.

Mr. D. Preudfoot, late Commander of the Ship Titles. DEPARTURES. Nov. 17. French Ship Minerva, L. Mahcorne 'a the Isle of France.

American Ship Cadmus, E. Davis, for Boston. 18. Ship Pals mers, E. C. Kemp, for England.

19. Ship Comet, F. Boag, for Greenock-20. Ship Hooghly, C. A. Harris, for Manilla.

VESSELS EXPECTED TO SAIL, THEIR DES INATION, &c. In a day or two, -Paragong, Captain Richard Miller, for London, Sir William Bensty, Captain L E. Williams, for ditto, Earl of Morley, Captain J Craigie, for the Cape, and Theodosia, G. Shapley, for Inverpool

In two or three days, - Perseverance, Cuptain Brown to Bombay, Governor Petrie, Capt. W B Greenway to the Persam Gulph, Friendship, Captain G Wise, for Bencoolen and Java, Friendship, Captain W. Black, for Sombay, Isabella, Captam Scarvell, for Bombay, Brig Festat, Cipt. W. Skitter, for Penang and Eastward, and the Brig Brid ewater, Captain W. T Jones, for Bombay, also the thing Madeas Packet, Captain W Mahon, for Manilla. The Ternate gone to Sea yesterday.

PROGRESS OF VESSELS AT THE FOLLOWINGSTATIONS. Diamond Harbour

Remain,-II. C. Ships Lord Castlereagh, Northumberland, alec the Baring and Serry. Passed up, - French Surp Epaminondoes.

#### Aca.

American Ship Cadmus gone down: Ditto ditto Cruttenden passed to Sea.

## New Anchorage.

Remain,-H. C. Ships Princess Charlotte of Wales, Marque-of Wellington, Minerva, Rose, Carnatic, Thomas Grenville William Pitt, Streatham and the Cornwall.

# Saugur.

Remain,-(outward bound,) Portuguese Ship Princesse do Brazil, and the Danish Ship Frederick.

BOMBAY, ARRIVALS. Cct. 22. Brig Ceylon, Captain Matheve Freyver, from Columbo.

Q1. Ship Lord Sidmouth Free Trader, Captain Wis. Cunner, from London.

25. Portuguese Ship Nossa Senhora da Paz Rozalia, Captain Maximianno Joze de Frielas, from Lisbon.

37. American Ship Fawn, Captain Win. Austin. from Boston. DEPARTURE. Oct. 23. Ship Sir Epan Acpean, Captain Hosg. ੂ to the lied ⊱a.

# Madras.

#### OUTOBER 18.

Mrs. Vans Agnew and family, Mrs. Og. late of Colomic bo, and family, Licutenant Abdy of the Artillery and Master Balmain, is added ion to the Passengers mentioned in our last Gazette, sailed on Monday evening the Lord Melville, Caotain Aban for Eugland. Mrs. Care ruthers, from indisposition, we are concerned to say, was prevented from proceeding to Europe by this opportunity.

It is a mewhat singular that the Therm electr in England on the 24th of June last, was the same as at Madras, both being quoted at 84 in the shade.

The North East Monoon has set in very favorably, and during the last week a consilerable quantity of rain has fallen in the neighbourhood of Madras. The weather continues extremely moderate, but the Shipping have almost suttrely deserted the Reads.

#### OCTOBER 21.

We regret to water that the veteran Liturenance Geometry John Paren, breathed his last on Shiurday night, at he house out hourtey Plain. His remains were interred, with all the honors due to his distinguished tank.

The Mary Ann, Captain Arbuthnot, suchored in the Reads on Sunday last, from Rangoou; whence the sailed on the 12th ultime; but has broughtno news.

The Ship Edward Strettell. Captain Balston, anchored in the Roads on I unday afternoon, from Calcutta, whence the sailed the 13 h ultimo.

Parenters: A. Cammajor, Esq. Lieutenant Tauntono H. M. 22d Light Dragoons, and Lieutenant Jago, H. M. 30th Regiment.

The few Ships remaining in the Roads at the time the Flag Staff was struck last week, have since sailed.—Tin William Miles, Captain Beadle, and the Po, Captain Higgins, on that flay.—The Boring, on Friday, and the Layton on Sunday:

[1] Al Bloom, and Sunday:

[2] Al Bloom, and the Layton of Sunday will have the sunday will

his Excellency The Commander in Chief and Suite. had massed the Gudavery at the due of the last accounts; and were proceeding forward with great expedition.

His Excellency Sin Robert Rnowning and Suite, with Last Browning, reached Timcomilie from Kandy on the 2d instants; having quitted the latter place on the 26th ultimo.

The Remains of the gallant Officer, whose Death is announced in another part of the Paper, were interred on Sanday afternoon, with all the honors due to his high rank.

#### OCTOBER 25.

A Work; under the title of the India Itinorary is about to be published in England; I ris by an Officer of the Bombay Establishment; and is stated to have met " the approximation of several distinguished Characters"—who have also given written testinionials of its merit and utility.

# Bombay.

OCTOBER 25.

## OCTOBER 29.

The Lerd Sidmouth, Captain Gunner, has arrived since our last, having left Portsmouth, the 17th of June. She brought about 200 letters.

the Albina and 'i'y of Edinburgh, both bound for t. is part, were in the Downs on the Sch of June.

The Baring, Captain Long, has arrived at Madras from England, thering, off Ceylon, falsen in which the Thalia bound for Calcut-Ja, which last wessel left London the 15th of tune.

3

to the lied sa.

# MARRIAGES, BIRTH-AND

ANNOUNCED SINCE OUR LAST NUMBER.

# MARRIAGES.

OCTOBER

4 At the Black Town Cha- 3 Torner. pel, (Magrasi Mr. John Massy,

🗱 Miss Maryollerft

14 At Bombay, J. Faresh, Esq Secret in Little Governor at Bombay, to Miss Elizabeth Fawcen, eldest Daughter of R Fawcett, Esq. of Scalebyens by the Royd, Mr. J. Porton, Castle.

23 At Berhampore, by the Rev. Dr. Ealgs, Mr Archibald Cameron, Conductor of Ordnance, to Miss Eliza Snumonds

25 At St John's Cathedral, by the Reverend Mr. Hastrage, Mr. G. Brown, to Miss &. Wain.

28 By the Rev. Dr. Bivce, Willowghby Garden, to Miss Charlotte Crominelin.

MOVEMBER .

1 At St. John's Cubehal; by the Rev. Mr. Preyon Mr. James Broder, to Mission

ම 🐧 St. John's Cathedral, by the Revd Mi Tuson, Capt. Irwa Muhag, Deinty Paymister at Chappene, to Mess II graeff August a Marray.

6 At 21 John's Cathedral, Ni. Jeeph Shirp to Miss

Sarah Barilett

II At St. John's Cahedral, by the Revd Mr. Lacsons Mr. Adm Erbert Iwisden, to Miss **Г**таркос Келт

17 Mr. John Schooy, to

Mass Matilda Boostable

21 At Chinsurah, by the Read Mr. 7 Thomason, Mr. Lewis Rets, to Miss Elizabeth Mora Herklots, third Daughter of Greg Herklots, Esq.

## BIRTHS

₽ PIEMBFR.

8. At Seemiderabad, the Lacommanding the 2d Ballahon zith Kigimout Madras Natise Indantity, of a Daughter.

9. At Cochin, the Lidy of Cand Corn. Fag. Assistant

Surgeon of a zon.

17 At Canada, the Lady of Hemy S. Jell, Esq of the Mad-132 (1) Service, of a Son. OCTOBER

4. At Madras, the Lady of 1

G. J. Hadow, Esq. of a son

-9 On bound her Budgerow, at Punkah, oa her way to Putty Ghur, the Lady of Atybert Muhe, Log. of a day hiter."

At Shawpore, near Bhog. wag of the Lady of Liendvol Major Robert McDowall. . tenant R. Stack, His. Majesty's 14th Regional, of a Daughter. ti Al Agra, the Lady of Lient W. Camaon ham, Field Prysmaster to the Grand Ar-

my, of a daughter.
12. At Campore, the Lady of Captain W. S. Whish, Cimmanding the Rocket Penop, was safely delivered of

dangter.

19 The Lady of Robert 'Mertin Bird, Esq of a Son 1 80. At Neg quitain, the Lady of Lout Coul, of a con t At Buxar, the Ludy of

of the Civil Service, of a daughter.\

27 The Lady of Capt. Ni., choletts, of the 21st Regiment

F. N. I. of a daughter

28. The Lady of N. Hindson, Esq. Attorney at Law, of

30 The Lady of Captain Edward Browne, of the 30th Regiment N. I. of a Son.

31. At Conte, in Tichoot, the Willow of the lite George Neville Wyatt, Esq. of the Medical Service, of a Sou-

#### YOU CHBER.

2 At Patna, the Lady or John Shum, F-g of the Civil Service of a daughter.

At her Mothers, Mrs T

Swinden, of a Son

4. At the mill Wood's quarters in Lord William, the Lady of C. W. Strer, Esq. of the Ctvil Service, of a Son.

6. The Ladiol Mr. J. Creen,

way, of a daughter

The Lady of John amon, Esq of a daughter

7. At Chouringhee, the Lady of J. W. Sherer, asq. of a

Son.

8 At the house of John Elliot, Esq. Clive Street, the Lidy of E. R. Barwell, Esq. of the Civil Service, of a dangh-

The wife of George Abbott,

Esq of a Soa.

The Lady of H. Young, Esq. of a Son.

9 At Kisnaghur, the Lady of H linlach, 1 sq. of a Sor,

fo. The wife of Mr. Joseph St picton, of the Pilot Service, ora Son

12. The Lady of L'e it. Coli

Young, of a daughter

The alver lient, George Gladwin tecomiss, of Artiflery, o' a dangliter.

13 The Lady of Capt. Francis Balston, of a daughter

The Lawy of Mr. M. Petruse, of a doughter

At Tumbook, the Lady or William Adamson, Esq. Bengd Medical Establishment, of h a seventu danghter

# DEATHS.

SCPTEMBER.

9 In Camput Darwar, Capt Woodkonse, of the 7th Regi ment Madras Light Cavaler, ameerely regretted by his biother officers

 Al Caddapan, f. Hervay Bruce, Esq. of the Madras Cr VII SCIVICE

12 At Midcas, Jahn Ohd im, Fig Deputy Secretary and Secretary to Government in the late Dutch East India Company's Servier

13 At Baroda, after a short illness, Mrs Richard, aged 21

21. At Secundiabad, audilera alv, Aune Isalicla, the Intact

to the fled bea.

110-+ 421 "5 F d Ma. 23. Ship Ser Ep.

23th Maders Native Infante; -aged 2 years 10 mo dhe iid

21 At Madrus, the mire 5 diagnics of M. Joseph Will shace enged I year a month and the

24 At Cambay, the Revd. J Rawlins, a Chaplant on ti 3 Borgbay Establishment

28 At Maile is, Mir Tozer, Lady of the late. We Saugeon Tozer on the Madras IF ali-Inducat

ŀ 0.1015.0 z 1 At Unttyghur, Mr Robt. all cy, leaving a wife four so is and a daughter to deplote his losk.

. I's Ar Ba da, (Bundleeurd) Y. Watson, of the 4 Est Battalion 26th Regiment of Native Officially.

220 At Milypore, Mr. Drvid Cray, leaving a mother and a daughter to deplere his 1055

25 After a languring illness of a low in onths, Kirs, Emotia Williams, cwife of Mr. Huam Williams, of the Honorable · Company's Bengal · Marine), most succeedy languaged by all who had the pleasure of her acquaintairer - aged 2 / year .

27 Master Frenchick Bas- > Ion, Son of This Sadim, Lay

aged 12 years

3.9 The daughter of D. Dar Esq Medical Department, aged to nearths and to Live

At Pattyglar Mr J Me Canty

Ja his libit on the river pea Rajmaai Jacob mant 49thony Carell of P M 8745

SOVEMBLE Build M. Hezmichag in cold asia of the this time may include by a cart a cloud, not be not according to the prosection of the husband of the life, and her astrols have been robbyl of a holy whose mer til positional tasty whose mertal positional term necessary both by age allowed to be seak of comprison with the am dulity of her temper and the virtues of her heart, called supon in the bloom of outh and ergovin at at happiness to unita world to which short of thing near isld dear ties, she indicated if the askid man-be with a margina, and co-

send acr breath subapious Patriode and calcase & Chica will make an indelible impression an those who vituessed hee last moments. .

2. Mr. Peter abbett, aged 41 years - He was, from very early age, in the Rot er.ll-le E I Company's Naval Service, ann a most realous Officer 🕶

🛂 Mrs Idenezei Thomson,

aged on years

Al Chande Dagere, Mas Vira gina chains and 12 years.

7 Mr. James Kaught, Pro-Visionic I.

Slee Ihr beth Jadith, the tefaat doughter of Mr. John Bartlett

13 Mr. William Ward, Pens sioner on The Miditary Estab-Islament good to years

Mig Thiza tiyde, wife of Capt J. P Hyde, Assistint Surveyor General, in the end viacot herage

19 Mrs. St. Mer, Laged 42 Sec. 16.

vo David Houghne, Log. one of the Marshy's Justices of · Dr. Peace topolis Fown of Caleaths in the Algerical Inc

Litch Plane Pilm Cil. and for acting Calector of the District of Adminipore. Penternal James Have of Her Majesty's 55th Regularit of Light Dragmons.

Le tentad John Edword or the 1st battalion 6th Regiment of Satise Infantry with prior dians Micarthy, of the Country Service.

Os fac Baa's of the Poorna, Colone's Walker and Thompgor of the Madius Arms 🔒

# GALGUTTA MONTHLY JOURNAL, CALGUTTA CURRENT VALUE OF GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

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